Donear House, Plot No. A-50, Road No. - 1, MIDC., Andheri (E), Mumbai - 400 093. Tel: 022 - 68348100 (Board Line) | Fax: 022 - 68348313 E: investor@donear.com / info@donear.com

Web: www.donear.com CIN: L99999MH1987PLC042076

Donear/SECD/SE/2025-26/020

September 02, 2025

To, The Manager, Corporate Relations Department, **BSE Limited** Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Tower, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001 To, The Manager, Listing Department, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051

**DONEAR** 

Scrip Code: 512519

#### Sub: Notice of Thirty-Ninth Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for financial year 2024-2025

**Symbol:** 

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 30 read with Schedule III Part A Para A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we enclose herewith the Notice along with explanatory statement of 39th AGM of the Company scheduled to be held on Saturday, 27th September, 2025 at 11.00 a.m. IST through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") in compliance with General Circular No.09/2024 dated September 19, 2024 read with the earlier circulars issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/133 dated October 3, 2024 read with the earlier circulars issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI").

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), we are submitting herewith the Annual Report of the Company along with the Notice of AGM for the financial year 2024-25 which is being sent through electronic mode to the Shareholders.

The Notice and Annual Report of the Company is also available on the Company's website viz. www.donear.com

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully,

For Donear Industries Limited

Rajendra Agarwal **Managing Director** DIN: 00227233

Encl: as above











# LEADING LIFESTYLE FASHION HOUSE

2024-25
39TH ANNUAL REPORT







#### **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director

Mr. Ajay Agarwal Whole-Time Director

Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar Executive Director

Mrs. Medha Pattanayak Independent Director

Mr. Govind Shrikhande Independent Director

Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh Independent Director

#### **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr. Ashok Agarwal

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mrs. Sejal Shah

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/S. KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP Mumbai

#### **SECRETARIAL AUDITORS**

M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co. Practicing Company Secretaries, Mumbai

#### **BANKERS**

State Bank of India Indian Bank Bank of Baroda Yes Bank Limited HDFC Bank Limited

#### **WORKS / OFFICE**

#### Balaji Fabrics

Jolwa Village, Palsana, Surat, Gujarat

#### Balaji Industries

Dockmandi, Amli Village, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli

#### Laxmi Fab

Government Industrial Estate, Masat, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli

#### **Laxmi Garment Fabrics**

Bhotika House, Peenya Industrial Area, Bangalore, Karnataka

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CIN: L99999MH1987PLC042076

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Donear House, 8th Floor, Plot No. A-50, Road No. 1,

MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093

E-mail: <a href="mailto:investor@donear.com">investor@donear.com</a>
Website: <a href="mailto:www.donear.com">www.donear.com</a>

### REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT MUFG Intime India Private Limited

(Formely known as Link Intime India Private Limited) C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West),

Mumbai, Maharashtra, 400083

E-mail: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com Website: https://in.mpms.mufg.com



#### NOTICE

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the 39th (Thirty-Ninth) Annual General Meeting of the members of **Donear Industries Limited** ("the Company") will be held on Saturday, September 27, 2025 at 11:00 A.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact, with or without modification(s) the following businesses:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

#### Item no. 1 - Adoption of financial statements

To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements including the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and the reports of the Board of Directors ("the Board") and auditors thereon.

#### Item no. 2 - Declaration of dividend

To declare a final dividend of Rs.0.20/- per equity share for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

Item no. 3 – Re-Appointment of Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar (DIN: 09692520) as an Executive Professional Director, liable to retire by rotation.

To re-appoint Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar as an Executive Professional Director for a period of three years whose term expires on August 09, 2025.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197 and 203 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the approval of members of the Company, be and is hereby accorded to reappoint Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar as an Executive Professional Director of the Company, for a period of three years with effect from August 10, 2025."

Item No. 4 – To appoint M L Bhuwania And Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Membership No. 101484W) as the Statutory Auditor of the Company for a term of five years and fix the remuneration of Audit.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 139 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or amendment(s) thereto or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time and subject to such other approvals, permissions and sanctions, as may be required and as recommended by Audit Committee and approved by the Board of the Company, the approval of Members be and is hereby accorded for appointment of M/s. M L Bhuwania And Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 101484W), as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five years to hold office from conclusion of this Annual General Meeting i.e. 39th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 44th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2030 at an annual remuneration/ fees as recommended by the Board and given in the explanatory statement, with a power to the Board/Audit Committee to alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointment, revision in the remuneration during the tenure of five years, in such manner and to such extent as may be mutually agreed with the Statutory Auditors;

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any of the Director or Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to file necessary intimation with Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs and/or other regulatory authorities, in this regard on approval of said appointment by the Members and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to this resolution."

Item No. 5 – To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Ajay Agarwal (DIN: 00227279), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

To re-appoint Mr. Ajay Agarwal, the Whole-time Director of the Company who retires by rotation and offers himself for re-appointment.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

Item No. 6 – To appoint M/s Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. F11305 and C.P. No. 12366) as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a term of five years and fix the remuneration of Audit.

To consider and if thought fit, approve the appointment of M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretary as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a first term of five years and to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed thereunder and Regulation 24A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time (including any statutory modification(s) or amendment(s) thereto or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), and in accordance with the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No: 12366 and Membership No. F11305), be appointed as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive years, to conduct the Secretarial Audit of five consecutive financial years from 2025-26 to 2029-30 on such remuneration and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses for the purpose of audit as may be approved by the Audit Committee/Board of Directors of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to the Board to avail or obtain from the Secretarial Auditor, such other services or certificates, reports, or opinions which the Secretarial Auditors may be eligible to provide or issue under the applicable laws at an annual remuneration/ fees as recommended by the Board and given in the explanatory statement, with a power to the Board/Audit Committee to alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointment, revision in the remuneration during the tenure of five years, in such manner and to such extent as may be mutually agreed with the Secretarial Auditors;

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any of the Director or Chief Financial Officer or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to file necessary intimation with Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs and/or other regulatory authorities, in this regard on approval of said appointment by the Members and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to this resolution."

Item No. 7 - To ratify the remuneration payable to Cost Auditors of the Company for the Financial Year 2025-2026.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 and read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions and rules made thereunder (including any statutory amendments or modifications or re-enactments thereof for time being in force) and pursuant to the recommendation of Audit Committee, the remuneration payable to M/s. Y. R. Doshi & Co., Cost Accountants, Mumbai (Membership No. 3286), appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company as Cost Auditors to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial year ending March 31, 2026, amounting to Rs.125,000/- be ratified;

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the approval of the Company be accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things and to take all such steps as may be required in this connection including seeking all necessary approvals to give effect to this Resolution and to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regards.

### Item No. 8 - To approve the Material Related Party Transaction with the GBTL Limited.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution with or without modification as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulations 2(1)(zc), 23(4) and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the Listing Regulations"), the applicable provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 ("the Act") read with the related rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) and other applicable laws/ statutory provisions, if any, and the Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions, each as amended from time to time, the consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board', which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/ empowered/to be constituted by the Board from time to time to exercise its powers conferred by this resolution) to continue with the existing contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) and/or enter into and/or carry out new contract(s)/arrangement(s) / transaction(s) (whether by way of an individual transaction or transactions taken together or series of transactions or otherwise), as detailed in the Explanatory Statement, with GBTL Limited ("GBTL"), a related party of Donear Industries Limited ("Company") on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Company and GBTL, for an aggregate value not exceeding Rs.200/- crores (Rupees Two Hundred Crores Only) for the Financial year 2025-2026, subject to such contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/transaction(s) being carried out at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business of the Company;

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee thereof) be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, expedient in order to give effect to this Resolution;

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all actions taken by the Board, or by any person so authorised by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in the foregoing resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

#### Notes:

 The Explanatory Statement setting out material facts, pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and as required under Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and Regulation 36 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") in respect of Special Business under Item No. 4, 6, 7 and 8 of the accompanying Notice is annexed hereto.

- 2. The Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report for the Financial year ("FY") 2024-25 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company or Depository Participants / Registrar & Transfer Agent ('RTA'), unless any Member has requested for a physical copy of the same. The Notice and Annual Report FY 2024-25 is available on the following websites a) Company's website at https://donear.com/investor b) BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com c) National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia.com and d) NSDL at https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/.
- 3. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") permitted holding of the AGM through VC/OAVM, without physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the MCA Circulars, AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM. The Registered Office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for the AGM. [General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020 and 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, in relation to "Clarification on passing of ordinary and special resolutions by companies under the Companies Act, 2013", General Circular Nos. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020 and subsequent circulars issued in this regard, the latest being 09/2024 dated 19th September, 2024 in relation to "Clarification on holding of AGM through VC/OAVM, collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"]. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), the Listing Regulations and MCA Circulars.
- 4. To support the 'Green Initiative', Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and with the Company's RTA in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
- 5. Members whose e-mail IDs are not registered with the Company or Depository Participants may register the same on or before 5.00 p.m. (IST) on 20<sup>th</sup> September, 2025, to receive Notice of this AGM and Annual Report for FY 2024-25: a) Click on the URL: https://web.in.mpms.mufg.com/EmailReg/Email\_Register.html and select ' Donear Industries Limited' from the drop down. b) Enter DP ID and Client ID (for shares held in electronic form) / Folio No. and Certificate No. (for shares held in physical form), Shareholder name, PAN, Mobile No. and e-mail ID. Then click on 'Continue' button. c) Enter the system generated One Time Password ("OTP") received on Mobile No. and e-mail ID, then click on "Submit" button. The request ID will be generated. E-mail ID registered is for limited purpose of sending the Notice and the Annual Report FY 2024-25.
- 6. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 7. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.



- The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/ OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 9. Corporate/Institutional Members are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM on their behalf and cast their votes through remote e-voting or at the AGM. Corporate/Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to csymsharma@gmail.com with a copy marked to investor@donear.com / evoting@nsdl.co.in at least 48 hours before the commencement of AGM.
- The Members can join the AGM through VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in Note No. 29 below.
- Members of the Company under the category of Institutional Shareholders are encouraged to attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM and vote.
- 12. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM are requested to write to the Company on or before September 20, 2025 through email on <u>investor@donear.com</u>. The same shall be answered by the Company suitably.
- 13. The Registers as required under the Act and all documents referred to in the Notice shall be available for inspection by the members up to the date of this Annual General Meeting ('AGM'), on all working days, during business hours, at the Registered Office of the Company. Members who are interested in obtaining the said particulars may please write to the Company at <a href="mailto:investor@donear.com">investor@donear.com</a> stating Folio no. / DP ID Client ID.
- 14. The name of the RTA changed from "Link Intime India Private Limited" to "MUFG Intime India Private Limited" (MUFG Intime/ RTA) with effect from 31st December, 2024 upon acquisition of Link group by Mitsubishi UFJ Trust & Banking Corporation.
- 15. The Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents for its Share Registry Work (Physical and Electronic) are MUFG Intime India Private Limited having their office at C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083 (hereinafter referred to as "Registrar/RTA"). Members are requested to make all correspondence in connection with shares held by them by addressing letters directly to the Company's Registrar & Transfer Agents by quoting their Folio number or their DP ID and Client ID number, as the case may be.
- 16. 'SWAYAM' Investor Self-Service Portal

During the year 2023-2024, the RTA of the Company has launched 'SWAYAM', Investor Self-Service Portal, designed exclusively for the Members serviced by the RTA of the Company.

'SWAYAM' is a secure, user-friendly web-based application, developed by "MUFG Intime India Pvt Ltd.", our Registrar and Share Transfer Agents, that empowers shareholders to effortlessly access various services. Following are the key features and benefits of 'SWAYAM' Portal:

- Effective Resolution of Service Request Generate and Track Service Requests/Complaints through SWAYAM.
- A user-friendly GUI.
- Track Corporate Actions like Dividend/Interest/Bonus/split.

- PAN-based investments Provides access to linked PAN accounts, Company wise holdings and security valuations.
- Effortlessly Raise request for Unpaid Amounts.
- Self-service portal for securities held in demat mode and physical securities, whose folios are KYC compliant.
- Statements View entire holdings and status of corporate benefits.
- Two-factor authentication (2FA) at Login Enhances security for investors.

This application can be accessed at <a href="https://swayam.in.mpms.mufg.com/">https://swayam.in.mpms.mufg.com/</a>

- 17. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per Register of Members will be entitled to vote.
- 18. With effect from April 01, 2025, dividend to security holders (holding securities in physical form) shall be paid only through electronic mode. Such payment shall be made upon folio being KYC Compliant i.e., the PAN, contact details including mobile no., bank account details and specimen signature are registered with RTA/Company. [SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/CIR/2024/37 dated 7th May, 2024, read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/CIR/2024/81 dated 10th June 2024]
- 19. Dividend: Dividend as recommended by the Board of Directors, if declared at the Annual General Meeting will be paid within 30 days from the date of declaration, to those members whose names appear on the Register of Members in respect of shares held in physical form as well as in respect of shares held in electronic form as per the details received from the depositories/ Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA") for this purpose as at the close of the business hours on Saturday, September 20, 2025 (i.e. record date). The final dividend, once approved by the members in the 39th AGM will be paid on or after Saturday, September 27, 2025 within the stipulated time, electronically, through various online modes to those members who have updated their bank account details or through any other mode.

For members who have not updated their bank account details, the demand drafts/ warrants, etc. will be sent to their registered addresses. Further, to avoid delay in receiving the dividend, members are requested to update their KYC with their depositories (where shares are held in dematerialized mode) and with the Company's RTA (where shares are held in physical mode) to receive the dividend directly into their bank account on the payout date.

20. TDS on Dividend: Pursuant to Finance Act 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of Shareholders w.e.f. April 1, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to Shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for various categories, the Shareholders are requested to refer to the Finance Act, 2020 and amendments thereof. The Shareholders are requested to update their Residential Status, Category as per IT Act, PAN with the Company/ RTA (in case of shares held in physical mode) and depositories (in case of shares held in demat mode) immediately.

Communication in respect of deduction of tax at source on Final Dividend payout: The forms for tax exemption can be downloaded from website of MUFG Intime India Private Limited. The URL for the same is <a href="https://www.in.mpms.mufg.com">www.in.mpms.mufg.com</a> - On this page select the General tab. All the forms are available in under the head "Form 15G/15H/10F".

The aforementioned documents (duly completed and signed) are required to be uploaded on the URL mentioned below:

https://web.in.mpms.mufg.com/formsreg/submission-of-form-15g-15h.html- On this page the user shall be prompted to select / share the following information to register their request.

- a) Select the company (Dropdown)
- b) Folio / DP-Client ID
- c) PAN
- d) Financial Year (Dropdown)
- e) Form selection
- f) Document attachment-1 (PAN)
- g) Document attachment- 2 (Forms)
- h) Document attachment-3 (other attachments)

Please note that the uploading of documents (duly completed and signed) on the website of MUFG Intime India Pvt. Ltd. should be done on or before Wednesday, September 17, 2025 in order to enable the Company to determine and deduct appropriate TDS / Withholding Tax. Incomplete and/or unsigned forms and declarations will not be considered by the Company. No communication on the tax determination/ deduction shall be considered if received after Wednesday, September 17, 2025, 5:00 p.m.

Alternatively, resident individual Shareholder having PAN and entitled to receive dividend amount exceeding Rs. 5,000/- and who is not liable to pay income tax, can submit a yearly declaration in Form No. 15G/15H, to avail the benefit of non-deduction of tax at source by email to <a href="mailto:rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com">rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com</a>. on or before Wednesday, September 17, 2025. Shareholders are requested to note that in case their PAN is not registered with the DP/Company, the tax will be deducted at a higher rate of 20%.

Non-resident Shareholders can avail beneficial rates under tax treaty between India and their country of residence, subject to providing necessary documents i.e. No Permanent Establishment and Beneficial Ownership Declaration, Tax Residency Certificate, Form 10F, any other document which may be required to avail the tax treaty benefits by sending an email to <a href="mailto:rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com">rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com</a>. The aforesaid declarations and documents need to be submitted by the Shareholders on or before Wednesday, September 17, 2025.

- 21. Further, in order to receive the dividend in a timely manner and to get prevented from fraudulent encashment of dividend warrants, the Members are requested to provide/update details of their bank accounts indicating the name of the bank, branch, account number and the nine-digit MICR code and IFSC code (as appearing on the cheque) along with photocopy of the cheque/cancelled cheque, self-attested identity proof and address proof, for remittance of dividend through ECS/NEFT with RTA in respect of shares held in physical form by email at <a href="mailto:rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com">rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com</a> and with Depositories in respect of shares held in Demat form.
- 22. IEPF: The amount of dividend remaining unclaimed and unpaid for a period of seven years from the date of declaration is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority. Accordingly, the Company has transferred the unclaimed and unpaid amount pertaining to the dividend upto the Financial Year 2017-18 to the IEPF Authority. The unclaimed or unpaid dividend which have already been transferred or the shares which are transferred, if any, can be claimed back by the Members from IEPF Authority by following the procedure given on IEPF website.

Members who have not encashed the dividend warrants/demand drafts so far in respect of the unclaimed and unpaid dividends declared by the Company for the Financial Year 2017-18 and thereafter, are requested to make their claim to RTA and submit the required documents for issue of Entitlement Letter. The Members can attach the Entitlement Letter and other required documents and file the Form IEPF-5 form for claiming the dividend and/ or shares available on www.mca.gov.in.

The details of unpaid dividend can be viewed on the Company's website at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>. As per the provisions of Rule 6 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules 2016, the Company will be transferring the share(s) of those beneficial owners who have not encashed any dividend during the last 7 (seven) years to the IEPF demat account as identified by the IEPF Authority. Details of Shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF are available at the Company website: <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>. The Shareholders whose unclaimed dividend /share has been transferred to the 'Investor Education and Protection Fund', may claim the same from IEPF authority by filing Form IEPF-5 along with requisite documents.

23. Nomination: As per the provision of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, facility for making nominations is now available to individuals holding shares in the Company, Members holding shares in physical form may obtain the Nomination Form No SH-13 from the RTA of the Company. The prescribed forms, in this regard, is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a> and on the website of the RTA at <a href="https://www.in.mpms.mufg.com">www.in.mpms.mufg.com</a>. Further, Members holding shares in electronic form must approach their DPs for completing the nomination formalities.

If a Member desires to opt out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he/she may submit the same in Form ISR-3 or SH-14 as the case may be. The said forms can be downloaded from the Company's website https://donear.com/investor Members are requested to submit the said details to their DP in case the shares are held by them in dematerialized form and to RTA in case the shares are held in physical form.

24. Transfer of shares permitted in Demat Form only: SEBI has mandated the Listed Companies to process service requests for issue of securities in dematerialized form only, subject to folio being KYC compliant. Accordingly, Members are requested to submit duly filled and signed Form ISR-4. The Form is available on website of Company at https://donear.com/investor and RTA at https://in.mpms.mufg.com/. [SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD1/P/CIR/2024/37 dated 7th May, 2024] the folio is KYC Compliant.

Members are requested to get in touch with Company's RTA or any Depository Participant having registration with SEBI to open a Demat account. Members may also visit web site of depositories viz. National Securities Depository Limited viz. <a href="https://nsdl.co.in/fags/fag.php">https://nsdl.co.in/fags/fag.php</a> or Central Depository Services (India) Limited viz. <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com/investors/open-demat.html">www.cdslindia.com/investors/open-demat.html</a> for further understanding of the demat procedure.

25. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are therefore requested to submit their PAN to the Depository Participants with whom they maintain their demat account(s). Members holding shares in physical form should submit their PAN to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent/ Company.



- 26. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/mobile numbers, PAN, registering of nomination, power of attorney registration, Bank Mandate details, etc. to their DPs in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the Registrar in case the shares are held in physical form, quoting their folio number.
- 27. Electronic Dispatch of Notice and Annual Report: In compliance with the MCA and SEBI Circulars, Notice of the 39th AGM along with the Annual Report for Financial Year 2024-25 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories / RTA, as applicable, up to the cut-off date i.e. Friday, August 29, 2025. A copy of this Notice along with the Annual Report for Financial Year 2024-25 is uploaded on the Company's website <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at <a href="www.bseindia.com">www.bseindia.com</a> and <a href="www.uww.nseindia.com">www.nseindia.com</a> respectively and on the website of NSDL at <a href="www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a>.

SEBI has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal - https://smartodr. in/login") to raise disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market. Post exhausting the option to resolve their grievances with the RTA/Company directly and through SCORES platform, the investors can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal. Link to access ODR portal is available on Company's website https://donear.com/contact-us [SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/ OIAE/OIAE\_IAD-3/P/CIR/2023/195 dated 31st July, 2023]

28. Members who have not registered their E-mail lds so far are requested to register the same with DP/RTA for receiving all the communications including Annual Reports, Notices etc. electronically. The Company through its RTA has enabled a following process for same:

### a. Registration of email ID for shareholders holding physical shares:

Members of the Company holding Equity Shares of the Company in physical form and who have not registered their email addresses may get their email addresses registered with RTA, MUFG Intime India Private Limited, by clicking the link at <a href="https://web.in.mpms.mufg">https://web.in.mpms.mufg</a>. com/EmailReg/Email\_Register.html in their www.in.mpms.mufg.com at the Investor Services tab by choosing the email/ bank registration heading and follow the registration process as guided therein. Members are requested to provide details such as Name, Folio Number, Certificate number, PAN, mobile number and email ID and also upload the image of share certificate in PDF or JPEG format (upto 1 MB). On submission of the shareholders details an OTP will be received by the shareholder which needs to be entered in the link for verification.

#### b. For temporary registration for demat shareholders:

Members of the Company holding Equity Shares of the Company in demat form and who have not registered their email addresses may temporarily get their email addresses registered with MUFG Intime India Private Limited by clicking the link at <a href="https://web.in.mpms.mufg.com/EmailReg/EmailRegister.html">https://web.in.mpms.mufg.com/EmailReg/EmailRegister.html</a> in their website <a href="https://www.in.mpms.mufg.com">www.in.mpms.mufg.com</a> at the Investor Services tab by choosing the email registration heading and follow the registration process as guided therein. The members are requested to provide details such as Name, DPID/ Client ID, PAN, mobile number and email ID. This email ID will be used for sending annual report, notices for general meetings and other corporate communications as permitted.

### 29. Instructions for Voting by Electronic means i.e., Remote E-voting and E-voting during the AGM:

Members are requested to take note of the key points related to e-voting for this AGM mentioned below:

- I. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) the Secret arial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the ICSI and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as e-voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- II. The remote e-voting period begins on Tuesday, September 24, 2025 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Friday, September 26, 2025 at 05:00 P.M.
- III. Members who would like to express their views/ ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email ID mentioning their names, DP ID and Client ID/ folio number, PAN and mobile number to investors@donear.com on or before 22nd September, 2025. Those Members who have registered themselves as Speakers will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
- IV. During this period Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of Saturday, September 20, 2025, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- V. The details of the process and manner for remote e-voting are explained herein below:

#### How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

#### A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/logasDirectReg.jsp</a>
	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	<ol> <li>Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</li> <li>NSDL Mobile App is available on</li> </ol>
	App Store Google Play
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password.     Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or <a href="https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">www.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login">www.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</a> or <a easiregistration"="" href="https://www.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/home/home/home/home/home/home/home&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;2. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of &lt;b&gt;e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL.&lt;/b&gt; Click on &lt;b&gt;NSDL&lt;/b&gt; to cast your vote.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at &lt;a href=" https:="" myeasi="" registration="" web.cdslindia.com="">https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</a>
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in <a href="https://www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> or call at 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 33 55 22 1800



B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/ Member' section.
- A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/">https://eservices.nsdl.com/</a> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12****** then your user ID is IN300***12******.
b) b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12*********** then your user ID is 12*************
c) c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
  - If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
- c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
  - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
  - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:

- a) Click on "<u>Forgot User Details/Password?</u>"(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www. evoting.nsdl.com.
- c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.</u> <u>co.in</u> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
- Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDI.
- After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

### How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and who's voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting" The EVEN for Equity Shares is 135613.
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### **General Guidelines for shareholders**

- 1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to <a href="mailto:csymsharma@gmail.com">csymsharma@gmail.com</a> with a copy marked to <a href="mailto:csymsharma@gmail.com">esymsharma@gmail.com</a> with a copy marked to <a href="mailto:csymsharma@gmail.com">esymsharma@gmailto:csymsharma@gmailto:csymsharma@gmailto:csymsharma@gmailto:c
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/ Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a> or call on toll free no.: 022 4886 7000 and 022 2499 7000 or send a request to Mr. Anubhav Saxena at evoting@nsdl. co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of AADHAR Card) by email to investor@donear.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to investor@donear.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

### THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush
- Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective

- network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions
  may send their questions in advance mentioning their name,
  demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at
  investor@donear.com. The same will be replied by the company
  suitably.
  - a) The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up capital of the Company as on cut-off date of Sunday, September 21, 2025. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM. Any person who has ceased to be the member of the Company before the cut-off date will not be entitled for remote e-voting or voting at the meeting.
  - Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after the notice is send through e-mail and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. Saturday, September 20, 2025 may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or Issuer/RTA. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" or "Physical User Reset Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no. 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 . In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. Sunday, September 21, 2025 may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under "Access to NSDL e-Voting system".
  - c) The Chairman shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the Resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting, by use of remote e-Voting system for all those Members who are present during the AGM through VC/OAVM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-Voting facility. The remote e-Voting module during the AGM shall be disabled by NSDL for voting after 15 minutes from the conclusion of the Meeting.
  - d) Scrutinizer for E-Voting: Mr. Yogesh Sharma (Membership No.: F11305, C.P. No.: 12366), on the behalf of Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries has been appointed as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting and the e-voting process at the AGM in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutinizer shall within 2 working days from the conclusion of the AGM, make a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes casted in favour or against, if any, and hand it over to the Chairman or a person authorised by him. The Chairman or a person authorised by him shall declare the voting results within permissible time.
  - e) The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website <a href="www.donear.com">www.donear.com</a> and on the website of NSDL <a href="www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a> immediately. The results shall also be communicated to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.

By Order of the Board of Directors For **Donear Industries Limited** 

> Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233



### Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

#### Item No. 4:

The Board of Directors of the Company ('the Board'), on the recommendation of the Audit Committee ('the Committee'), recommends for the approval of the Members, the appointment of M/s. M L Bhuwania And Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Membership No. 101484W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of five years from the conclusion of this AGM till the conclusion of the 44th AGM. On the recommendation of the Committee, the Board also recommends for the approval of the Members, the remuneration of Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs Only), exclusive of applicable taxes thereon and out of pocket expenses, for the Statutory Audit of financial year ending March 31, 2026 payable to M/s. M L Bhuwania And Co LLP . The power shall be granted to the Board/Audit Committee to alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointment, revision including upward revision of the remuneration for remaining tenure as may be mutually agreed with the Statutory Auditors and to pay the fees separately for every permitted service / statutory certification (other than statutory audit) rendered by Statutory Auditor from time to time.

Before recommending their appointment and remuneration, the Audit Committee considered various parameters like capability to serve a diverse business landscape as that of the Company, audit experience in the Company's operating segments, market standing of the firm, clientele served, technical knowledge, etc., and found Auditors to be best suited to handle the scale and diversity associated with the audit of the financial statements of the Company.

M/s. M L Bhuwania And Co LLP. have given their consent to act as the Auditors of the Company and have confirmed that they are not disqualified from being appointed and the said appointment, if made, will be in accordance with the conditions prescribed under Sections 139 and 141 of the Act.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice.

The Board of Directors recommends the ordinary resolution as set out in Item no. 4 for your approval.

#### Item No. 6

Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), on the basis of recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, the Company shall appoint or re-appoint an individual as Secretarial Auditor for not more than one term of five consecutive years; or a Secretarial Audit firm as Secretarial Auditor for not more than two terms of five consecutive years, with the approval of the shareholders in Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has approved the appointment of M/s Yogesh Sharma & Co., Company Secretaries in Practice, (CP No: 12366 and Membership No. F11305), as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a period of five consecutive financial years from 2025-26 to 2029-30. The appointment is subject to shareholders' approval at the AGM. While recommending for appointment, the Audit Committee and the Board based on past audit experience of the audit firm particularly in auditing large companies, valuated various factors, including the firm's capability to handle a diverse and complex business environment, its existing experience in the various business segments, the clientele it serves, and its technical expertise. Pursuant to Regulation 36(5) of SEBI Listing Regulations as amended, the credentials and terms of appointment are as under:

Terms of appointment: M/s Yogesh Sharma & Co. is proposed to be appointed for a term of five (5) consecutive years, to conduct the

Secretarial Audit of five consecutive financial years from 2025-26 to 2029-30. The proposed professional fees payable is Rs.80,000/-(Eighty Thousand Only). The said fees shall exclude GST, certification fees, applicable taxes, reimbursements and other outlays. The Audit Committee / Board is proposed to be authorised to revise the fee, from time to time. The Board of Directors recommends the said resolution, as set out in item 6 of this Notice for your approval. None of the Directors or key managerial personnel or their relatives is in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the said resolution.

#### Item No. 7:

The Board of Directors, at its Meeting held on May 27, 2025, upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment of M/s. Y. R. Doshi & Co., Cost Accountants, Mumbai (Membership No. 3286), as Cost Auditors of the Company for conducting the audit of the cost records of the Company, for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2026, at a remuneration of Rs. 1,25,000/- (Rupees One Lakhs Twenty Five Thousand only) (plus Goods and Services Tax and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses).

M/s. Y. R. Doshi & Co., Cost Accountants, have the necessary experience in the field of cost audit and have submitted a certificate regarding their eligibility for appointment as Cost Auditors of the Company.

Pursuant to Section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Members of the Company are required to ratify the remuneration to be paid to the cost auditors of the Company.

Accordingly, consent of the Members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No. 7 of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for conducting the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2026.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 7 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 7 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

#### Item No. 8:

In terms of Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ("the Listing Regulations"), as amended, any transaction with a related party shall be considered material, if the transaction(s) entered into/to be entered into individually or taken together with the previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds Rs. 1,000 crore or 10% of annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the Company, whichever is lower, and will require prior approval of Members by means of an ordinary resolution. The said limits are applicable, even if the transactions are in the ordinary course of business of the concerned company and at an arm's length basis. The amended Regulation 2(1)(zc) of the Listing Regulations has also enhanced the definition of Related Party(ies) and Related Party Transactions (RPTs), which now includes a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on the one hand and a related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand, regardless of whether a price is charged or not.

Details of the proposed RPTs between the Company and GBTL Limited ("GBTL") including the information required to be disclosed in the Explanatory Statement pursuant to the SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD2/CIR/P/2023/120 dated July 11, 2023 read with the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated November 22, 2021, are as follows:

Sr. No	Description	Details of Proposed RPT between Company and GBTL		
1.	Name of the Related Party and its relationship with the Company	GBTL Limited ("GBTL"), Part of Promoter Group.		
2.	Name of the director or key managerial personnel	Related Director(s):		
	who is related, if any and nature of relationship	Mr. Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal:     Chairman, Managing Director & Promoter of the Company and GBTL and		
		Mr. Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal:     Whole-Time Director & Promoter of the Company and GBTL;		
		Mrs. Medha Pattanayak     Independent Director of the Company and GBTL.		
		Related KMP: Nil		
3.	Nature, Type, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the proposed RPTs	Transactions in the nature of purchase/Sale/ Supply of Goods, property; & Other Services for an amount not exceeding in aggregate Rs. 200 (Two Hundred) Crores for the Financial year 2025-26. These transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on an arm's length basis.		
4.	Percentage of the Company's annual consolidated Turnover	21.88% (for RPTs to be entered during FY 2025-26)		
5.	Value of Transaction	Not exceeding Rs. 200 (Two Hundred) Crores		
6.	Justification for the proposed RPTs	Proposed RPTs are aimed to reduce operational costs; ensure consistent supply of materials required by each of the entities and thereby mutually benefiting each of the entities. The transactions will be purely on day-to-day commercial business requirements at a prevailing market price.		
		The Members may note that entering into RPTs is a common practice amongst Companies to optimize synergies. They allow sharing of resources including material, capacity etc. and serve the best interest of Members of such Companies, as long as the same are done on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business to enhance Shareholder value. The Company will benefit from such transactions with GBTL and hence, the Material RPTs are recommended for approval of the Members.		
7.	Details of proposed RPTs relating to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the Company or its Related Party	Not Applicable		
8.	A Statement that the valuation or other external report, if any, relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the proposed transaction will be made available through registered email address of the Shareholder	Not Applicable		
9.	Any other information that may be relevant	All important information forms part of the Statement setting out material facts, pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 forming part of this Notice.		



### **Annexure**

Information as required pursuant to Regulations 26(4) and 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015 ad Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), in respect of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment/payment of remuneration at the Annual General Meeting:

Name of Director	Mr. Ajay Agarwal
DIN	00227279
Date of Birth	July 02, 1967
Age	58 Years
Date of first Appointment of the Board	July 01, 1998
Qualifications	A Commerce Graduate with experience spanning over three decades in the textile industry.
Experience and Expertise in Specific functional area	He is known for his astute business acumen and skills to pre-empt the changing scenario of the industry. He is a veteran in the textile field who is constantly in touch with market and is always updated of the latest development in fashion & design. Known for bridging the gap between product, trade and customers, he has travelled extensively through the country and has a personal rapport with close to 15,000 trade partners.
	He has been instrumental to sync real-time market dynamic and strategic decision making to ensure the company scales success through developing robust channel strength, product innovation and gaining more distribution footprint.
Terms and Conditions of re-appointment/revision/remuneration	NIL
Remuneration last drawn	During the year 2024-2025, Mr. Ajay Agarwal was paid a remuneration of Rs. 16.85 lakhs
Number of Board Meetings attended during the year 2024-25	4 (four) out of 5(five)
Directorship held in other Listed companies (as on March 31,2025)	-
Directorship in other Companies (Excluding foreign companies & Section 8 Companies) (As on March 31,2025)	OCM Flooring Private Limited
Chairmanship/Membership of Committees of the Board of Directors in this Company (As on March 31, 2025)	Donear Industries Limited –  Stakeholder Relationship's Committee – Member  Corporate Social Responsibility Committee – Member  Risk Management Committee – Member
Chairmanship/Membership of Committees of the Board of Directors in other Company (As on March 31, 2025)	NIL
Shareholding as on March 31, 2025	37,29,500
Relationship with other directors/Key Managerial Personnel (s)	Mr. Ajay Agarwal is the brother of Mr. Rajendra Agarwal, who is the Managing Director of the Company.

#### **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

#### Dear Members,

Your Directors present the 39th (Thirty-Ninth) Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

#### **Financial Performance**

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Davidaniana	Standalone		Consolidated	
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from operations	91,369.78	79,914.31	91,369.78	79,914.31
Other income	727.91	880.95	727.91	880.95
Total Revenue	92,097.69	80,795.26	92,097.69	80,795.26
Profit before Depreciation and Amortisation expenses, Finance Costs and Tax expenses	8,997.29	8,971.87	8,997.29	8,971.87
Less: Depreciation and Amortisation expense	1,311.03	1,204.27	1,311.03	1,204.27
EBIT	7,686.26	7,767.60	7,686.26	7,767.60
Less: Finance costs	3,223.25	3,019.96	3,223.25	3,019.96
Profit before tax	4,463.02	4,747.64	4,463.02	4,747.64
Less: Tax expenses	1,274.20	1,276.30	1,274.20	1,276.30
Profit after tax	3,188.82	3,471.34	3,186.79	3,470.98
Other Comprehensive Income	(67.66)	(18.63)	(67.66)	(18.63)
Total Comprehensive Income	3,121.16	3,452.71	3,119.13	3,452.35
Earning per Equity Share of Face Value of Rs.2/- each				
Basic and diluted	6.13	6.68	6.13	6.67

The financial performance of the Company is as follows:

#### **Review of Financial Performance**

The total standalone revenue from operations for Financial Year 2024-25 was ₹ 92,097.69 Lakhs as compared to ₹ 80,795.26 Lakhs in previous Financial Year. During the Financial Year the Company earned a Standalone profit before tax of ₹ 4,463.02 Lakhs against Profit of ₹ 4,747.64 Lakhs in the Previous Year.

The Standalone Net Profit after tax for the Financial Year was ₹ 3,188.82 Lakhs against Profit of ₹ 3,471.34 Lakhs reported in the Previous Year.

The Consolidated revenue from operations for Financial Year 2024-25 was  $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$  92,097.69 Lakhs and Consolidated Net Profit after tax for the Financial Year was  $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$  3,186.79 Lakhs.

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between end of the financial year and the date of this report. Ther remains no change in the nature of the business of the company as well.

#### Dividend

The directors of the company at its Board meeting held on May 27<sup>th</sup> 2025, has recommended a dividend of ₹ 0.20 (10%) per Equity share of ₹ 2.00 each for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, subject to the approval of members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM).

The dividend, if approved by the members would entail a gross outflow of ₹ 104 Lakhs for the Financial Year 2024-2025 and it will be taxable in the hands of the shareholders of the company.

In consonance with the provisions of regulation 43A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing

Regulations") pertaining to formulation of a Dividend Distribution Policy (DDR), the company falls out of the ambit of the regulations and therefore, is not required to formulate a policy. Thus, the company after maintaining a balance between profit retention and a fair, sustainable and consistent distribution of profits among its members, declared the dividend.

#### **Transfer to General Reserve**

The Board of Directors of the company has decided not to transfer any amount to general reserves or to any such reserves during the year.

#### Subsidiary / Associate / Joint Venture Companies

The Company has does not have any subsidiary company. The Company has only one associate Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of financial statements of subsidiaries, associates and joint venture companies in Form AOC-1 is attached to the report as **Annexure D**.

Further, no subsidiary, associate, or joint venture company was formed or ceased to exist during the financial year under review.

#### Issue of equity shares

During the year under review, the company has not issued any equity shares and therefore there is no change in the issued or paid-up share capital of the company. There is no issuance of equity shares with differential voting rights.



#### **Credit Rating**

The Company has obtained ratings from India Ratings and Research Private Limited. They did revise the outlook on Donear Industries Limited from Negative to Positive while affirming the Long-Term Issuer Rating at 'IND BBB/Stable'.

The detailed credit rating instrument is outlined in Corporate Governance Report which is a component of Annual Report.

#### **Director's Responsibility Statement**

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- a) in preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- they have taken proper and sufficient care towards the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- they have laid down internal financial controls, which are adequate and are operating effectively;
- f) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

#### **Directors and Key Managerial Personnel**

#### Retirement by rotation and subsequent re-appointment

#### Appointment(s)

During the year under review, the term of Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar who was appointed as an Executive Professional Director of the company with effect from August 10, 2022 was expiring on August 09, 2025. Based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC), the re-appointment of Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar as an Executive Professional Director for another term of three years with effect from August 10, 2025 was approved by the Board of Directors at its Board meeting held on May 27th 2025, subject to the approval of shareholders in the Annual general Meeting.

During the year 2024, Mr. Govind Shrikhande, an Independent Director (DIN: 09692520) of the company was re-appointed in the year 2024 for one year with effective from November 11, 2024, based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of Board of Directors in the Board meeting. The approval of the shareholders was duly taken for the same vide postal ballot.

During the year 2024-2025, Mrs. Aparna Chaturvedi was appointed as an Additional Director in the category of Non-Executive Independent Director based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of Board of Director in a duly held meeting effective from 14 February, 2025.

During the year 2024, Ms. Sejal Shah was appointed as a Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the company based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of board of Directors, with effect from October 28, 2024.

#### Resignations(s)

After the closure of the financial year 2024-2025, Mrs. Aparna Chaturvedi, one of the Independent Director of the company has tendered her resignation from the position vide letter dated May 29th 2025 due to her personal commitments and other professional responsibilities and the same has been accepted and noted by Board of Directors of the Company with effect from close of Business hours on 29th May 2025. Mrs. Aparna Chaturvedi has also confirmed that there is no other material reasons for her resignation.

It is to be noted that CS Sachin Gupta resigned from the post of Company Secretary and Compliance officer with effect from July 31, 2024 which was duly noted by the Board of Directors with effect from the close of business hours on the same day.

#### **Key Managerial Personnel**

In consonance with the provisions of Section 2(51) and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the following are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company:

- Mr. Rajendra Agarwal, Managing Director
- · Mr. Ajay Agarwal, Whole-time Director
- Mr. Ashok Agarwal, Chief Financial Officer and
- · Mrs. Sejal Shah, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

After the closure of the financial year 2024-2025, Mrs. Sejal Shah, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company has tendered her resignation due to unavoidable personal commitments and the same has been accepted and noted by the Board of Directors of the Company with effect from the close of business hours on 14<sup>th</sup> August 2025. Mrs. Sejal Shah has also confirmed that there is no other material reasons for her resignation.

#### Independent Director(s)

Mrs. Medha Pattanayak, Mr. Govind Shrikhande and Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh, Independent Directors, hold office for their respective term. They are not liable to retire by rotation pursuant to section 152(6) of the Act.

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that each of them meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act along with Rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations. In opinion of the Board, they fulfil the conditions of independence as specified in the Act and the Rules made thereunder and are independent of the management and also possess the requisite integrity, experience, expertise, proficiency and qualifications. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Directors of the Company.

The Independent Directors of the Company have undertaken requisite steps towards the renewal of their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014.

During the year under review, the Board has also identified the list of core skills, expertise and competencies of the Board of Directors as are required in the context of the business and sector applicable to the Company and mapped with each of the Directors on the Board. The same is disclosed in the Report of Corporate Governance forming part of the Annual Report.

### Annual Evaluation of Board Performance and Performance of its Committees and of Directors:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of performance of its own, the Committees thereof and the Directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in order to facilitate the performance evaluation process, laid down the evaluation criteria for the performance of Executive / Non-Executive / Independent Directors, Chairman of the Board, Committees and the Board as a whole and approved specific evaluation forms.

These forms were circulated to each of the Director, as applicable, and Directors were requested to provide their valuable feedbacks and suggestions on the overall functioning of the Board and its Committees. Accordingly, Directors submitted their feedbacks on various parameters such as composition, manner of circulating agenda for meetings, participations, frequency of meetings, timeliness and accuracy of information, infrastructure for effective deliberations, flow of information between Board and Management, contribution towards corporate performance, internal control, management information system, etc.

The performance of individual directors was evaluated on the basis of parameters such as engagement, leadership, analysis, knowledge and skills, quality of decision making, interactions, ethics and integrity, willingness to devote time and efforts, corporate governance, relationships with stakeholders, relationships with Management, contribution, attendance, independent judgment, etc.

The Independent Directors at their separate meeting held on February 14, 2025, reviewed the performance evaluation of Non-Independent Directors, the Board as a whole, the Chairperson of the Board after taking into account the views of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors of the Company and also assessed the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board.

#### Policy on Director's Remuneration

The company has curated remuneration policy for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management Personnel and other employees. The policy is designed on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of the Board of Directors from time to time. The policy can be availed at Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a> and is also disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report which forms the part of the Annual Report.

#### Number of Meetings of the Board

There were 5 (five) meetings held of Board of Directors of the Company in financial year 2024-2025. The details of such meetings and attendance of directors are outlined in the Corporate Governance Report which is the component of Annual Report.

#### **Committees of the Board**

There is constitution of the following committees by the Board of Directors, viz:

- 1. Audit Committee
- 2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. Stakeholder Relationship Committee
- 4. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

#### 5. Risk Management Committee

The details of such Committees including their composition, number of meetings held, attendance and terms of reference as required under provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

There remain no instances where the Board had not accepted any of the recommendations of the Audit Committee.

#### **Auditors and Auditor's Report**

#### **Statutory Auditors**

The Members of the Company on Thirty Fourth Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 25, 2020, approved the re-appointment of M/s. Kanu Doshi Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 104746W/W100096), as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the second term to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty Fourth Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Thirty Ninth AGM to be held in the year 2025.

The Audit Report certifying the financial statements of the Company for the Financial year ended March 31, 2025 is outlined in the Corporate governance Report forming a part of this Annual Report. The Report is without any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

A total fee of ₹ 10.52 Lakhs for statutory audit (including out of pocket expenses) and ₹ 1.14 Lakhs for other services was paid to M/s. Kanu Doshi Associates LLP, Statutory Auditor of the Company.

#### **Secretarial Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 204 of The Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A of Listing Regulations, the company is required to conduct the secretarial audit of the Company for which M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries (Membership No. F11305 / Certificate of Practice No. 12366) was appointed as Secretarial Auditor.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2024-25 is marked and attached herewith as **Annexure A**. Their Audit Report confirms that the Company has complied with applicable provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, Listing Regulations, other SEBI Regulations and laws applicable to the Company and that there remains no non-compliance.

#### **Cost Auditors**

As per the requirements of the Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, the Company is required to maintain cost records and accordingly, such accounts are prepared and records have been maintained relating to Textile Division every year.

The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has re-appointed M/s. Y. R. Doshi & Co., (Firm Registration No. 000003), Cost Accountants, Mumbai, as Cost Auditors for undertaking Cost Audit for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2026. The Company has received their written consent and confirmation that the appointment will be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and rules framed thereunder.

The remuneration payable to Cost Auditors has been approved by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and in terms of the Act and Rules therein. A resolution seeking member's approval for ratification of remuneration payable to Cost Auditor forms part of the Notice convening Annual General Meeting.



#### Reporting of frauds by Auditors

During the year, the Statutory Auditors, the Cost Auditors and Secretarial Auditors have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the company by its Officers or Employees, to the Audit committee under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Significant and Material Orders

No significant and material orders was passed by any regulators, courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status of the Company and its operations in future.

#### Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee as the CSR expenditure exceeds 50 Lakhs in the current financial year. The composition and terms of reference of the CSR Committee are detailed in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

The brief outline of the CSR Policy of the Company and the initiatives undertaken by the company to contribute towards CSR during the financial year 2024-2025 are set out in a report in the format prescribed in Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, which is marked and herewith attached as **Annexure B** to this Report.

#### **Deposits from Public**

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public as defined under Chapter V of the Act and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on March 31, 2025.

#### **Corporate Governance Report**

Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, the Company is required to prepare a Corporate Governance Report detailing the mechanisms of governance in the organisation. The same forms a part of Annual Report.

In accordance with Regulation 17 to 27 of Listing Regulations, a certificate from Statutory Auditor of the Company regarding the compliance with the regulations and applicable provisions of Listing Regulations, is annexed to the Corporate Governance Report forming a part of this Annual Report.

#### Particulars of Employees

Section 197(12) of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 requires a company to disclose the details regarding the remuneration of the employees. The information pertaining to remuneration and other details thereof are marked and attached as **Annexure C**, which is part of this Report.

#### Secretarial Standards

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the requirements of applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI') in terms of Section 118(10) of the Act.

#### **Disclosure Requirements**

Details of familiarization programs for Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

Policy for determining Materiality of Events of the Company is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

Policy for archival of documents of the Company is available on the website of the Company at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

The code of conduct for Directors and senior management of the Company is available on the website of the Company at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

#### Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

Principle of fairness, transparency, accountability and responsibility aligned with best management practices and ethical values outlines the essence of company's philosophy.

Keeping in view of the same, the company has framed a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle blower policy for its Stakeholders to report genuine concerns that could have serious and material impact on the operations and performance of business of the Company.

The policy curated aims to provide adequate safeguards against victimization of directors, employees and other stakeholders who use this policy / mechanism and contains the provision of direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases.

This policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

### Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (prevention, prohibition and redressal) Act, 2013

In compliance with Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH Act"), the Company has constituted Sexual Harassment Internal Complaints Committee, chaired by Head of Human Resource Department who is given the responsibility of creating awareness among the female staff on sexual harassment of women at workplace.

All Women employees whether contractual, permanent or temporary, were made aware of appropriate ways and methods of approaching and responding to sexual harassment concerns and incidents. Further, they were made aware of the present laws protecting them against any sexual abuse and were motivated to share any incident/instances which seem suspicious and harmful to them relating to their safety.

Complying with the laws, the company has registered their Internal committee on She-Box Portal of the government. The annual report of financial year 2024-25 detailing the composition of committee and the complaints received is duly uploaded on the portal. During the year under review, there were no cases reported to the Board. The company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 [14 of 2013] and the details required under section 134 are as follows —

- a) Number of complaints of sexual harassment received in the year 0
- b) Number of complaints disposed off during the year 0
- c) Number of cases pending for more than ninety day 0

#### The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the vear

Pursuant to financial year 2024-2025, there were no applications made by the company with respect to invoking proceedings under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), 2016. It is to be noted that no proceedings are invoked against the Company under the Code and hence there remains no pending proceeding under the Code during the year.

### A statement on compliance with the provisions relating to the Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.

The Company has complied with the provisions of the Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.

#### **Disclosure on One Time Settlement**

During the year under review, the Company has not made any one-time settlement for loans taken from the Banks or Financial Institutions, and hence the details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of on time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof is not applicable.

#### Particulars of Loans, Guarantees and Investments

During the year under review, the Company has not made any investment. Further, the Company has not given any loans or corporate guarantee or provided any security during the year.

#### **Risk Management Committee**

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the company is not required to constitute a Risk Management Committee as the company falls out of top 1000 listed entities based on market capitalisation. However for better transparency, the company has constituted a Risk Management Committee to identify, manage and control the risks exposed to the company. The details of risk management policy, control measures are discussed in the Management and Discussion Analysis.

#### Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties

In accordance with Section 134(3)(h) of the Act, and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the particulars of the contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Act, in Form AOC-2, is attached as **Annexure E** to this Board's Report. All contracts and arrangements with related parties were at arm's length and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

The contracts/ arrangements /transactions with the related parties are necessary in the ordinary course and have a significant role in the Company's operations.

Moreover, the Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions which is available on the website of the Company at www.donear.com/investor.

Disclosure of transactions with related parties as required under Listing Regulations and the applicable Accounting Standards is given in the relevant note forming part of the Financial Statements.

### Particulars Regarding Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo

The particulars as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with Rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, relating to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo, are marked and attached as **Annexure F** to this report.

#### Investors Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF")

During the financial year under review, the Company transferred shares to the Unclaimed Suspense Account as specified under Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The details of the number of shares transferred to the Unclaimed Suspense Account are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Annual Report

#### **Annual Return**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) and Section 92(3) of the Act read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, a copy of the Annual Return of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 is uploaded on the website of the Company and can be accessed at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

#### **Appreciation**

The Board of Directors place on record sincere gratitude and appreciation for all the employees of the Company. Our consistent growth was made possible by their hard work, solidarity, cooperation, and dedication during the year.

The Board conveys its appreciation for its customers, shareholders, suppliers as well as vendors, bankers, business associates, regulatory and government authorities for their continued support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Agrawal
Managing Director Whole- Time Director

DIN: 00227233 DIN: 00227279



#### Annexure A

## Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

#### **Donear Industries Limited**

Donear House, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Plot No. A - 50 Road No. 1, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400093

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance with applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED (CIN- L99999MH1987PLC042076)** (hereinafter called 'the Company'). The secretarial audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

#### Auditor's responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance of the applicable laws and maintenance of records based on audit. I have conducted the audit in accordance with the applicable Auditing Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Auditing Standards require that the Auditor shall comply with statutory and regulatory requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of records.

Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31st, 2025 (hereinafter called the 'Audit Period') generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder;
- II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings is Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period)
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period)
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period)
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with Client;
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period)
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period)

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, ("LODR Regulation")

During the period under review, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that, with regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on the examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has generally complied with:

- Factories Act, 1948
- 2. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- 3. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- 4. Environment Protection Act, 1986

I further report that, the Board of Directors of the Company is constituted with balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act and LODR Regulations.

Adequate notice was given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the decision in the board meetings and committee meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meeting of Board of Directors or committee of the Board, as the case may be.

There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, the Company has not undertaken any specific events/ actions that can have a bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure and forms an integral part of this report.

For Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretary

Yogesh M. Sharma Proprietor FCS No: 11305 COP No: 12366 UDIN: F011305G000940893



#### **ANNEXURE**

To,

The Members,

#### **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

Donear House, 8th Floor. Plot No. A - 50 Road No. 1, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter

- Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on 1. these secretarial records based on my audit.
- I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents 2. of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that accurate facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believed that the processes and practices that I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company. 3.
- Wherever required, I have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of 4. events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. 5. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which 6. the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Yogesh Sharma & Co., **Practicing Company Secretary** 

Yogesh M. Sharma Proprietor FCS No: 11305 COP No: 12366 UDIN: F011305G000940893

PR NO: 1583/2021

**Annexure B** 

### ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

[Pursuant to clause (o) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility) Rules, 2021]

#### 1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

The CSR initiatives of the Company are either undertaken as projects or programmes or activities, whether new or ongoing, or by way of providing donations, contributions or financial assistance to such projects or to other CSR companies or entities undertaking such projects, as may be permitted under the Companies Act, 2013 read with applicable rules prescribed thereunder and which are in line with CSR Policy of the Company.

The Policy outlines the Company's responsibility as a corporate citizen and lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking activities for welfare and sustainable development of the community at large.

The core element of CSR is the continuing commitment by business to ethical principles, protection of human rights, care for the environment while improving the quality of life of all the stakeholders including the local community and society at large.

#### 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

vears.

In pursuant to the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with CSR Rules, 2014, the company has constituted a CSR Committee comprising of the following -

Name of Director	Designation	Position	No. of Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent Director	Chairperson	1	1
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director		Member	1	1
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	Whole-Time Director	Member	1	1

3. The web-link(s) where Composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects : <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a> approved by the board are disclosed

4. The executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried : Not Applicable out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable.

5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per section 135 (5).
(b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135 (5).
₹ 4,305.98 Lakhs
₹ 86.12 Lakhs

(c) Surplus arising out of the CSR Projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial : Not applicable

(d) Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any. : Nil

(e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year [(b)+(c)-(d)]. : ₹86.12 Lakhs

6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project). ₹ 86.69 Lakhs

(b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads.(c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable.Nil

(d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)].
 ₹ 86.69 Lakhs
 (e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year
 ₹ 86.69 Lakhs



Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. ( ₹ in Lakhs)	Amount Unspent : Not Applicable				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135.		
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer
	NA				

(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount ( ₹ in Lakhs)
1.	Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5)	86.12
2.	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	86.69
3.	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	00.57
4.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	-
5.	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	2.26

- 7. Details of unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years: Not applicable.
- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No.

The Company has not directly created or acquired any capital asset through CSR spent during the financial year ended March 31, 2025. All CSR expenditure has been done through the implementing agencies.

9. Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two percent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5): Not applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233 Medha Pattanayak Chairperson of CSR Committee DIN: 07157952

#### **Annexure C**

Details pertaining to remuneration as required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

I. The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the Median Remuneration of the Employees ("MRE") of the Company and the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director and Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP"), for the Financial Year 2024-25 are as under:

Name and Designation	Increase in Remuneration (%)	Ratio of remuneration of each Director to MRE		
Managing Director:				
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	16%	8.4		
Whole-Time Director:				
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	2%	3.9		
Executive Director:				
Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar	7.91%	5.2		
Independent Director:				
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	N.A.	N.A.		
Mr. Govind Shrikhande	N.A.	N.A.		
Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	N.A.	N.A.		
Key Managerial Personnel:				
Mr. Ashok Agarwal (Chief Financial Officer)	28.17%	10.3		
Mr. Sachin Gupta ( Company Secretary)	100%	0.9		

#### Notes:

- N.A. Not Applicable as only sitting fees is payable to Independent Director.
- II. The increase in Median Remuneration of the Employees in the financial year 2024-25, as compared to the financial year 2023-24 was -51.25%;
- III. There were 2,883 permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on March 31, 2025.
- IV. Average percentage increase in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel for the Financial Year 2024-25 was in the range of 8 9 %.
- V. The Company affirms that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233 Ajay Agarwal Whole-Time Director DIN: 00227279



Annexure - D

#### FORM NO. AOC. 1

(Pursuant to first proviso to Sub-Section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries / Associate companies /joint ventures

#### Part "A": Subsidiaries

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Subsidiaries:

The Company does not have any Subsidiaries.

#### Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures:

S. No.	Particulars		Neo Stretch Private Limited	Neo Stretch Private Limited
1	Reporting Period		2024-25	2023-2024
2	Share Capital		3,001.00	3001.00
3	Reserves and Surplus		(10.85)	(1.63)
4	Total Assets		8,273.38	4515.39
5	Total Liabilities		5,283.23	1516.03
6	Investments		-	-
7	Turnover		-	-
8	Profit / (Loss) before Taxation		(9.22)	(1.63)
9	Tax (expense)/reversal		-	-
10	Profit & Loss after Taxation		(9.22)	(1.63)
11	Proposed Dividend		-	-
12	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares Holding	% of holding	% of holding
	GBTL Limited	23407798	78.00	78.00
	Donear Industries Limited	6602200	22.00	22.00
	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal (Nominee of GBTL Limited)	1	0.00	0.00
	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (Nominee of GBTL Limited)	1	0.00	0.00
	Total	30010000	100.00	100.00

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233 Ajay Agarwal Whole-Time Director DIN: 00227279

Annexure - E

#### FORM NO. AOC. 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

This Form pertains to the disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in subsection (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

#### 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended March 31, 2025, which were not at arm's length basis.

#### 2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

There was 1 material contracts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended March 31, 2025 as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	GBTL Limited ("GBTL"), Part of Promoter Group.
2.	Nature of contracts/arrangements/ transactions	transactions in the nature of purchase/Sale/ Supply of Goods, property; & Other Services for an amount not exceeding in aggregate Rs. 200 (Two Hundred) Crores for the Financial year 2024-25. These transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on an arm's length basis.
3.	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/transactions	12 Months
4.	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	In the Normal Course of Business
5.	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	August 13, 2024
6.	Amount paid as advances, if any	NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233 Ajay Agarwal Whole-Time Director DIN: 00227279



Annexure - F

#### Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo, etc.

Information on conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo, pursuant to the provisions of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is provided as under:

#### Conservation of Energy:

- The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:
  - Replaced the WVG Loom shed florescent tube light with High efficient LED lights. 1.
  - 2. Replacement of 12 Nos metal fans of SAF & RAF with energy efficient E-Glass FRP Fans in Humidification Plant.
  - 3. Condensate Pipelines re-routing, replacement of damaged lines and removing the deadlines works carried out which results 20% increase in condensate recovery.
  - 4. Plant Energy audit carried out.
  - 5. Energy Savings Reeds are procured for Air jet looms to optimize Air consumption of Air jet looms.
  - 6. Regular monitoring, analyzing, & setting of Airjet loom to optimize the air consumption.
  - 7. Regular audit & repairing of Air, Water & Steam leakages.

#### The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

- We have cleaned Solar PV module with Solar NB chemical to increase solar power generation
- The capital investment on energy conservation equipment: The Capital investment on energy conservation equipment is ₹ 14.74 Lakhs during the FY 2024-25.

#### Technology absorption: (B)

- The efforts made towards technology absorption: Nil (i)
- The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution: 1) Replacement (ii) of 12 Nos metal fans of SAF & RAF with energy efficient E-Glass FRP Fans in Humidification Plant, 2) Replaced the WVG Loomshed florescent tube light with High efficient LED lights, Total power saving of 175478 kWh/Year.
- In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the Financial Year): Not Applicable
- The expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil

#### (C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo during the year under review are as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Financial Year 2024-25	Financial Year 2023-24
Foreign Exchange Earnings	5896.87	6,655.84
Foreign Exchange Outgo	573.69	477.71

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajendra Agarwal **Managing Director** DIN: 00227233

**Whole-Time Director** 

**Ajay Agarwal** DIN: 00227279

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 1. Economic Overview:

**World economy:** A gradual recovery was experienced in FY 2024-25 amid the challenging macroeconomic environment. Global growth showed modest resilience after enduring the shocks from prolonged inflation, tightening monetary policies, and ongoing geopolitical tensions.

The latest World Economic Outlook (WEO) according to estimates by the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the world economy expanded by approximately 3.1% during the year 2025, reflecting improved consumer demand in certain regions and easing of supply chain constraints, aligning with the expectations set in 2023. Global trade remained subdued, impacted by reduced demand from developed markets and disruptions in key shipping routes. Commodity prices showed mixed trends, with energy prices stabilizing and agricultural prices facing volatility due to climate and geopolitical factors.

Global textile and apparel trade faced a mixed environment. While demand from key western markets softened due to inflationary pressures and inventory adjustments in the retail sector, certain developing markets showed signs of growing consumption. In addition, sustainability, traceability, and compliance became increasingly central to global sourcing strategies, reshaping demand patterns across the textile supply chain. Global economic issues such as persistent inflation, stagnant growth and rising geopolitical risks are still gauging the economy with perseverance solutions.

Indian Economy: It is the fourth consecutive year post-pandemic that the Indian economy has maintained growth at or above 7%. The Indian economy demonstrated resilience and steady growth during FY 2024-25, navigating global uncertainties and domestic challenges with notable fiscal discipline and structural reforms. According to provisional estimates by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), India's GDP is projected to grow around 7.2%, maintaining its position as one of the fastest-growing major economies globally.

India's recently released Interim Budget allocated Rs. 11.21 lakh crore (3.1% of GDP) for capital expenditure in fiscal year 2026. This results in increasing of effective CapEx to around 5.5% of GDP. The sustained CapEx indicates continued focus on long-term economic drivers—traditional infrastructure plus urban, transport, and logistical frameworks. For the textile segment, this suggests improved facilities, enhanced supply-chain networks, and potential rollouts of manufacturing clusters or PLI-backed parks.

To improvise the future landscape, several initiatives are anticipated to unfold. Continued policy support, coupled with improved infrastructure and logistics, positions the industry to benefit from both domestic demand and export opportunities. With a growing emphasis on sustainability, traceability, and digital integration across global textile markets, Indian companies are increasingly investing in eco-friendly practices and smart manufacturing. These shifts are expected to shape the next wave of competitiveness for the Indian textile sector on the global stage.

#### 2. Indian Textile Market Overview & Development:

The Indian textile and apparel industry remains one of the most significant sectors of the country's economy, contributing approximately 2.3% to the country's GDP, 12% to export earnings, 13% to the industrial production and providing direct and indirect employment to over 45 million people. India remains as one of the largest producers of cotton and jute in the world. The market

is expected to reach US\$ 350 billion by 2030, growing at a 10% CAGR. During FY 2024–25, the textile sector navigated a complex operating landscape shaped by fluctuating raw material prices, evolving consumer preferences, and shifting global trade dynamics. In financial year 2025, India's cotton yarn exports are expected to see a rebound, potentially growing by 7-9% as compared to last year.

The Government of India has continued to prioritize the development of the textile sector through initiatives like the Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for Textiles, with an outlay of ₹10,683 crore, aimed at promoting high-value MMF (man-made fibre) fabrics and technical textiles. Duty rationalization and export incentives have been implemented to improve global competitiveness, especially in segments such as apparel, home textiles, and technical textiles.

#### 3. Opportunities, Risks and Concern:

#### Strengths

- Robust sourcing ecosystem involving MSMEs national and international suppliers.
- Leveraging customer insights, analytics and technology to build strong brands and deliver exceptional customer experience.
- > Leading product portfolio choosing Donear Industries Limited as a partner.
- Proximity to ports, cotton-growing areas, or textile clusters.
- Long-standing partnerships with domestic and international brands or retailer with repeated consumers.

### Challenges

Fluctuations in cotton and crude oil prices.

Access to trained manpower for development and growth.

#### Opportunities

- Strengthen end-to-end value chain to serve the fast fashion opportunity.
- Scale up own brands and formats.

#### Threats

- > Rising production cost.
- Shorter fashion cycles.
- Macro-economic impact on consumer sentiments.

India is the most populous country with estimated 1.46 billion people as of 2025. Amidst the increasing development of Indian textile industry, it is surrounded with numerous challenges such as fluctuations in cotton and crude oil prices which affect synthetic fibre costs, unpredictable weather patterns and global supply disruptions can impact the input's availability and margins.

#### 4. Future Outlook of Textile Industry:

The Indian retail market is one of the fastest growing markets in the world and is expected to cross US\$ 1.4 trillion by 2027. Rising demand for premium and luxury products further fuels this growth trajectory, reflecting the evolving preferences with rising disposable incomes. There is an increase in the turnover of Donear Industries Limited compared to last year. Continuous improvements and rapid growth of the company underlines the future development of the company.



The government's continued focus on the sector through initiatives such as the Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for Textiles, PM MITRA Parks, and strategic trade agreements (e.g., India-UAE CEPA, India-EU FTA under negotiation) is expected to enhance production capacity, attract investment, and improve the global competitiveness of Indian textiles. These initiatives are particularly encouraging for the growth of man-made fiber (MMF) and technical textiles, which are gaining demand worldwide. On the global front, India is well-positioned to benefit from the ongoing "China+1" sourcing strategy adopted by international brands seeking to diversify their supplier base.

The company continues to maintain its position in the market due to the continued thrust on new product development and technology up-gradation. Strategies to penetrate into the existing markets and diversify by reducing costs and increasing customer base will render in improving the performance of the company in the future years.

#### 5. Human Resources / Industrial Relations Front:

Human Resources are considered as the heart of any organization and are so mirrored in the policies of Donear Industries. Their contribution and commitment towards developing the company have paved the path to success for Donear. The company is committed to prioritize the well-being of their employees and the principles followed in the company including but not limited to transparency, accountability, responsibility ensures the best interest of the employees.

Industrial relations of the company have always been peaceful and harmony is always maintained ensuing the retaining of best talent rendering in low attrition rates. The company has an induction process wherein employees are made familiar with the organization structure, their reporting authority, various units, major achievements and other related factors in order to make them congenial while working in the company. The nurturing of a strong and talented workforce provides opportunity for professional development and enhances the productivity of the organization.

#### 6. Risk Management and Internal Control System:

Every organization is posed with challenges and risks that gives shape to its success. Donear industries has curated a risk management framework to not only reduce risks faced by the company but also to ensure a sustainable business. The framework is designed to promote pro-active approach in reporting, evaluating and resolving the risks which are material in nature and thus eliminating the element of danger surrounding the company. The policy can be availed of by surfing the website of the company at www.donear.com/investor.

The company's activities are exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, price risk and Interest rate risk. The details of such risk exposure and the control measures used to combat such risk are tabulated below in a brief manner, the full details of which forms the part of the financial statements of the Annual report –

CI.		Evnos			
SI. No.	Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management	
1	Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets.	Credit ratings, Review of aging analysis, Review of investment on quarterly basis.	Strict credit control and monitoring system, diversification of counterparties, Investment limits, check on counterparties basis credit rating and investment review on quarterly basis.	
2	Liquidity Risk			Maintaining sufficient cash / cash equivalents and marketable security.	
3	Market Risk  - Foreign Currency Risk	Highly probable forecast transactions and financial assets and liabilities not denominated in INR.	Foreign currency exposure review and sensitivity analysis.	Forward foreign currency contract, future and option.	
4	Market Risk - Interest Rate Risk	Fluctuating interest rates on various loans taken from banks and others	Interest Expense review and sensitivity analysis.	Treasure performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.	
5	Price Risk – Commodity Prices	Basic ingredients of company raw materials are various grade of Yarn and Dyes where prices are volatile	The company sourcing components from vendors directly, hence it does not hedge its exposure to commodity price risk.	The company is able to pass on substantial price hike to the customers.	

Adequacy of internal financial controls of the company increases reliability of information. The internal financial control systems of the company provide reasonable assurance of recording the transaction of its operations in all material respects and of providing protection against significant misuse or loss of Company's assets. The Company maintains an efficient internal control system commensurate with the size, nature and complexity of its business. The internal auditors of the Company are responsible for regular monitoring and review of these controls. The Audit Committee periodically reviews the audit reports and ensures correction of any variance, as may be required.

#### 7. Key Financial Ratios:

Pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015, the listed entities are required to disclose specific financial ratios in quarterly and annual financial results.

Particulars	2024-2025	2023-2024	Variance
Current ratio	1.27	1.28	-0.73%
Debt-Equity ratio	1.66	1.65	0.61%
Debt service coverage	1.99	2.51	-20.87%
ratio			
Return on equity ratio	13.59%	16.97%	-19.95%
Trade receivables	4.71	4.81	-2.09%
turnover ratio			
Trade payables turnover	9.74	9.30	4.73%
ratio			
Net capital turnover ratio	6.76	6.44	4.96%
Net profit ratio	3.49%	4.34%	-19.66%
Return on capital	32.75%	37.97%	-13.77%
0employed			
Inventory Turnover	1.86	1.73	7.31%
Ratio			
Operating profit ratio	8.41%	9.72%	-13.45%
(in %)			
Interest Coverage Ratio	2.38	2.57	-7.29%
(in times)			

The key ratios critically analyse the performance of the company with respect to various indicators such as Net Profit earned, the availability of assets to repay the debts. The variance between the previous year and the current year provides a compared review of the performance of the company in a year. The detailed aspects thereof, of the financial ratios are outlined in Notes to Standalone Financial Statements and the same forms part of the Annual Report.

#### 8. Forward looking statement:

The statements made in this MDA Report regarding the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may constitute 'forward-looking statements' as defined by applicable securities laws and regulations. Its pertinent to note that actual results could vary significantly from those expressed or implied in these statements. Several crucial factors could impact the Company's operations, including the availability and pricing of raw materials, cyclical demand and pricing trends in its primary markets, alterations in government regulations and tax regimes, economic development both in India and in the countries where the Company operates, and other related factors.



#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board of Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "Listing Regulations") as amended for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

#### Statement on Company's Philosophy on Code of Governance

We at Donear Industries Limited Corporate Governance encompasses a set of principles that ensures accountability, transparency and fairness in the management of company's affairs. It essentially aims at balancing the interests of a company's stakeholders and society with enhancing the commitment to values and ethical business conduct.

We aspire at building a space where every stakeholder's expectations are met, which is also reflected in our shareholder returns, high credit ratings, awards and recognitions and an entrepreneurial performance focused work environment. To maintain global standards of corporate conduct towards all its stakeholders is a stepping stone for success. The demands of Corporate Governance requires professionals to raise their competence and capability levels to meet the expectations in managing the enterprise and its resources effectively with the highest standards of ethics.

We at Donear Industries Limited has devised a policy where not only compliance of laws is a must but creation of an outperforming organization, adherence to ethical principles in all dealings is a priority. We believe that we can touch the feet of success only when there is trust, Respect, Integrity, collaboration drive sustainable success and relentless pursuit for excellence.

We have institutionalized best practices and guidelines to ensure the achievement of higher standards and fulfillment of stated vision and goals of the company. In our desire to benchmark our governance standards globally, we have endeavor in instilling the core values in our team to ensure excellence, growth and value creation with a clear focus on our employees, customers, shareholders and the community at large – its stakeholders, beyond the metric of stock market and market capitalization.

#### **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors at Donear Industries Limited is comprised of highly experienced individuals who can be entrusted with the responsibility of the Management, directions and performance of the company. In ensuring the highest standards of good governance, there is a dire requirement of an independent, dynamic and well-informed board which the company endeavor in their board of directors. The company has devised a framework for the smooth functioning of the meetings of the Board, to systematize the decision making process and to ensure transparency in all the workings. The Board of Directors plays a vital role in increasing the efficiency and efficacy of work by demonstrating leadership, providing guidance, objective and an independent view to the Company's management while discharging its responsibilities and ensuring that the vision is achieved in keeping the long-term goals of stakeholders intact.

The composition of the Board of Directors of the Company ("the Board") is in conformity with the requirement of Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations and consists of a balanced combination of Executive Directors, Non-executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. As on March 31, 2025, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises of 6 (Six) Directors with one-half of the total number of Directors comprises of Non-executive Independent Directors.

The Managing Director or Whole-time Director of the Company are not serving as an Independent Director in any other listed company and no Director of the Company holds directorship in more than seven listed entities. Further, none of the non-executive director serve as Independent Director in more than seven listed company, as per Regulation 17A of the Listing Regulations.

None of the Directors on the Board is a Member of more than ten Committees or Chairperson of more than five Committees (Committee being Audit and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee), as specified in Regulation 26 of Listing Regulations, across all the public companies in which he/she is a Director. None of the Directors on the Board has attained the age of 75 years. Further, the maximum tenure of Independent Directors is in line with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Rules made thereunder.

The information of composition of the Board, category and their Directorships and Committee's Membership / Chairpersonship across all the companies in which they are Directors as on March 31, 2025 are as follows –

Name of Director	Category No. of		No. of M	emberships /	Directorship in Other Listed		
		Directorships		Chairpersonsh	nips of Committees	Company(ies)	
				in public	companies		
		Public	Private / Non profit	Memberships	Chairpersonships	Name of the Company	Position Held
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal (00227233)	Chairperson – Managing Director	1	4	2	NIL	-	-
Mr. Ajay Agarwal (00227279)	Whole-time Director	1	2	1	NIL	-	-
Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar (09692520)	Executive Professional Director	1	NIL	NIL	NIL	-	-
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak (07157952)	Independent Director	2	NIL	3	3	-	-
Mr. Govind Shrikhande (00029419)	Independent Director	4	2	3	NIL	1.V-Mart Retail Limited 2. Brand Concepts Limited 3. Arvind	Independent Director Independent Director Independent
Mr. Aniruddha	Independent	1	NIL	1	NIL	Fashions Limited	Director -
Deshmukh (01389267)	Director	·	=				

#### Notes:

- No. of directorships held by the Directors does not include directorships in foreign companies.
- Membership of Committee only includes Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee in Indian Public Limited Companies.
- Mr. Rajendra Agarwal and Mr. Ajay Agarwal are related to each other. None of the other Directors is related inter-se.
- 4. The Board of Directors have noted the declaration received from the Independent Directors pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations with regard to their Independence and are of the opinion that the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions of independence and are independent of the management of the Company.
- Details provided for the period for which the Directors held directorship of the Company during FY 2024-25.
- Maximum tenure of Independent Directors is in accordance with the Act and Rules made thereunder.
- The Company has no convertible instruments. None of the Directors hold any convertible instruments of the Company.

### The details of Shares held by the Directors in the Company as on March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Shares held
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	38,61,814
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	37,29,500
Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar	-
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	-
Mr. Govind Shrikhande	1,651
Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	-

In terms of Regulation 25(8) of Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

All Members of the Senior Management have confirmed to the Board that there are no material, financial and/or commercial transactions between them and the Company, which could have any potential conflict of interest with the Company at large.

#### **Board Meetings**

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on business strategies/policies and review the financial performance of the Company, apart from other statutory matters which are required to be deliberated and approved by the Board.

During the financial year 2025, 5 (Five) Board meetings were held on May 29, 2024, August 13, 2024, October 28, 2024, November 13, 2024 and February 14, 2025.

Attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings and at the last Annual General Meeting ("AGM") is as under:

Sr.	Name of Director	No.	of Board Meeti	ngs	Attendance at the last AGM held on September 27, 2024
No.		Held	Eligible to attend	Attended	
1.	Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	5	5	5	Present
2.	Mr. Ajay Agarwal	5	5	4	Present
3.	Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar	5	5	5	Present
4.	Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	5	5	5	Present
5.	Mr. Govind Shrikhande	5	5	5	Absent
6.	Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	5	5	5	Present

The last AGM of the Company was held on September 27, 2024 through Video Conference (VC)/ Other Audio Video Means (OAVM) as permitted by the MCA circulars.

#### **Familiarisation Program for Directors**

Details of familiarization programme imparted to the Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

#### Core Skill/ Expertise/ Competence as Identified by the Board

The Board of Company is structured to ensure a high degree of diversity by age, education /qualifications, professional background, sector expertise, special skills, nationality and geography. The Board comprises qualified members who possess relevant skills, expertise and competence to ensure the effective functioning of the Company.

At DIL, we strive to conduct our business and strengthen our relationships in a manner that is dignified, distinctive and responsible. We endeavor to adhere to ethical standards to ensure integrity, transparency, independence and accountability in all work. We envision to develop into a company where compliance is a routine work. The members of the Board are eminent persons possessing professional expertise and experience.

The Board identified the core skills/ expertise/ competence matrix which serves as a manual guide to the skills, knowledge, experience and other criteria appropriate in the context of its business(es) and sector(s), for the Board to function effectively.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Listing Regulations, the Board has identified the following skills / expertise / competencies of the Directors, as tabled below -



Name of the Directors	Industry Knowledge	Technology	Financial and Risk Management	Corporate Governance	Strategy and Planning
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Ajay Agrawal	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar	✓	✓	*	✓	✓
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Govind Shrikhande	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

#### Role of Chairman and Managing Director

The primary role of Chairman and Managing Director is to provide leadership to the Board in achieving goals of the Company. His role, inter-alia, includes the following:

- Provide leadership to the Board and preside over all Board & General Meetings:
- · Achieve goals in accordance with Company's overall vision;
- Ensure that Board decisions are aligned with Company's strategic policies;
- Ensure to place all relevant matters before the Board and encourage active participation by all Directors to enable them to provide their expert guidance; and
- · Lead and monitor the core management team.

#### Role of Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors)

Non-Executive Directors play a critical role in balancing the functioning of the Board by providing their independent judgements on various matters discussed in the Board meetings like formulation of business strategies, monitoring of performances, etc. Their role, inter-alia, include the following:

- Striking balance with the overall Board by providing independent judgement;
- Providing valuable suggestions / opinions on Company's strategies, overall performance; and
- Scrutinizing the performance of the management.

#### **Code of Conduct**

The Company has adopted a Code of Business Conduct & Ethics ('the Code') which is applicable to Board of Directors and all Employees of the Company. This Code intends to guide the Directors and Employees of the Company to act honestly, ethically and with integrity and to conduct their activities in professional, courteous and respectful manner. This code also specifically incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013. This code can be availed on the website of the Company at www.donear.com/investor.

All Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code. A declaration to this effect signed by the Managing Director forms part of this Report.

#### Appointment / Re-appointment of Director

In consonance with Regulations 26(4) and 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards 2 issues by ICSI on general meetings, particulars of the Director seeking re-appointment is duly provided in the Explanatory Statement to the Notice of the AGM which is a part of this Annual Report.

During the year under review, Mr. Govind Shrikhande, an Independent Director (DIN:00029419) of the Company was re-appointed in the year 2024 for another term for one year, based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of Board of Directors in the Board meeting. The approval of the shareholders was duly taken for the same vide postal ballot.

During the year 2024, Ms. Sejal Shah was appointed as a Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of board of Directors, with effect from October 28, 2024.

#### **Independent Director**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of the Company currently comprises of three Non-Executive Independent Directors, which is 50% of the total strength of the Board of Directors.

All Independent Directors of the Company have been appointed as per the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations. As required under Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations, the Standard appointment letter containing the terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors is disclosed on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

During the year under review, a separate meeting of Independent Directors of the Company was held on February 14, 2025 where all of the Independent Directors of the company were present and duly attended the meeting so conducted.

The Independent Directors at the said meeting reviewed the performance of Non-Independent Directors, the Board as a whole and the Chairperson of the Board after taking into account the views of other executive directors of the Company and assessed the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the Company management and the Board.

#### **COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD**

The Board of Directors have constituted Committees of the Board to deal with specific areas and activities which concern the Company and requires a closer review. The Board Committees are formed with the

approval of the Board and function within their respective Charters. These Committees play a pivotal role in the overall Management of day-to-day affairs and governance of the Company. The Committees of the Board meet at regular intervals and take necessary steps to perform their duties entrusted by the Board. The Minutes of the Committee Meetings are placed before the Board for noting. The Company has five Board Level Committees:

- A) Audit Committee;
- B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- C) Committee of Directors (Stakeholders' Relationship Committee);
- D) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.
- E) Risk Management Committee and

#### A) Audit Committee

In accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 read with Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, the company has constituted an Audit Committee with the required

composition, quorum, powers, role and scope. The committee is vested with the responsibility of supervising the financial performance of the company as well as the internal controls, where the committee reviews the financial statements of the company and their alignment with company's targets. It functions in accordance with its charter that defines its authority, responsibility, and reporting function.

The Audit Committee of the Company comprises of three directors, out of which more than Two-thirds are Independent Directors. Mrs. Medha Pattanayak, Chairperson of the Committee is an Independent Director. All Members of the Committee possess the necessary accounting and financial management expertise as required by Regulation 18 of Listing Regulations.

During the year under review, four meetings of the Committee were held on May 29, 2024, August 13, 2024, November 13, 2024 and February 14, 2025.

The composition of the Committee and the attendance of the Members at the audit committee meetings held during the financial year 2024-2025 are as under:

Name of Director	Category	Position	No. of Meetings		
			Held	Eligible to attend	Attended
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent	Chairperson	4	4	4
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal Executive Director		Member	4	4	4
Mr. Govind Shrikhande	Non-Executive and Independent	Member	4	4	4
Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	Non-Executive and Independent	Member	4	4	4

The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee. The Committee's composition meets with the requirements of Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations.

Mrs. Medha Pattanayak, Chairperson of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on September 27, 2024.

#### **Terms of Reference**

The Committee has been mandated to comply with the terms of reference as specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other terms of reference, as may be assigned to the Committee by the Board from time to time.

# Role of the Audit Committee pursuant to Regulation 18 of Listing Regulations *inter-alia* includes the following:

- oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - a. matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act;
  - changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;

- d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
- compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements:
- f. disclosure of any related party transactions;
- g. modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- 5. reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- 6. reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;
- reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 8. approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- 9. scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;



- reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 15. reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 17. to look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of nonpayment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 18. to review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.

# The audit committee shall also mandatorily review the following information:

- management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the audit committee), submitted by management;
- management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- 4. internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee;

- 6. statement of deviations:
  - (a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
  - (b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).

In fulfilling the above role, the Audit Committee has powers to investigate any activity within its terms of reference, to seek information from employees and to obtain outside legal and professional advice.

# **B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 read with Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, the company has constituted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee with the required composition, quorum, powers, role and scope. The committee is entrusted with the responsibility of formulating the criteria determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommending to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. It functions in accordance with its charter that defines its authority, responsibility, and reporting function.

The Nomination and remuneration Committee has been constituted as a mandatory Committee for a company. The committee presently comprises of three Independent Directors of the Company. The Committee is headed by Mr. Govind Shrikhande. The other members of the Committee are Mrs. Medha Pattanayak & Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh.

Mr. Govind Shrikhande, Chairperson of the Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting held on September 27, 2024.

During the year under review, three meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held on May 29, 2024, October 28, 2024 and February 14, 2025.

The composition of the Committee and the attendance of the Members at the above meetings are as under:

Name of Director	Category	Position	No. of Meetings		
			Held	Eligible to attend	Attended
Mr. Govind Shrikhande	Non-Executive and Independent	Chairperson	3	3	3
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent	Member	3	3	3
Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	Non-Executive and Independent	Member	3	3	3

The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

#### Terms of Reference

The Committee has been mandated to comply with the terms of reference as specified in Part D(A) of the Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, Section 178 of the Act and as may be assigned by the Board from time to time.

# The role of the Committee pursuant to Regulation 19 of Listing Regulations, *inter-alia* includes the following:

 To devise the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;

- To frame criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
- To specify the manner of effective evaluation of performance of Board, its committees and individual directors to be carried out by the Board;
- 4. To devise a policy on Board diversity;
- To identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal;

- Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent directors; and
- To recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

#### Criteria for performance evaluation:

Pursuant to provisions of the Act and regulation 17 of Listing Regulations, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in order to facilitate the performance evaluation process, formulated the evaluation criteria for the performance of Executive / Non-Executive / Independent Directors, Chairman of the Board, Committees and the Board as a whole and approved specific evaluation forms. The Independent Directors were evaluated on the criteria such as participation at Board / Committee meetings, commitment, knowledge and expertise, managing relationship with stakeholders, integrity and maintaining of confidentiality, independence of behavior and judgment, impact and influence, exercise of objective independent judgment in the best interest of Company, ability to contribute to and monitor corporate governance practice and adherence to the code of conduct for independent directors. The details regarding performance evaluation of Board, Committees and Directors are provided in Director's Report.

#### Particulars of Senior Management:

Details of Senior Management as on March 31, 2025:

Sr. no.	Name of Senior Management	Designation
1	Mr. Ashok Agarwal	Chief financial Officer
2		President – Export Marketing

3	Mr. Shakti Trivedi	Vice President - SCM
4	Mr. Vikram Sharma	Vice President – HR
5	Mr. Vishal Agarwal	Head – Domestic Sales & Marketing
6	Mr. Debkumar Goswami	Plant Head
7	Mr. Bipin Nerurkar	General Manager - IT

#### **Remuneration of Director**

# **Remuneration Policy**

Human Resources are believed to be the key for continuous growth and development of the company in DIL. The remuneration policy of the Company has been designed to determine the level and composition of remuneration, which is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate employees, to connect remuneration to performance in order to achieve appropriate performance benchmarks, to balance fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company. The policy is also available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

#### **Remuneration to Executive Directors**

The Company pays remuneration by way of salary, benefits, perquisites and allowances to the Managing Director and/or the Executive Director, which is governed by provisions of the Act, rules made there under and Listing Regulations and as approved by the Board and / or the Members of the Company from time to time. In determining the remuneration package of the Executive Directors, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee evaluates experience, qualification, positive attributes, performance and the remuneration paid by comparable organization and thereafter makes its recommendation to the Board.

The remuneration paid to the Executive Directors for the year under review is given below:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name	Salary	Performance Bonus / Commission	Perquisites and Allowances	Total	Total Contract Period
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	36.28	-	-	36.28	Five years w.e.f. April 01, 2023
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	16.85	-	-	16.85	Five years w.e.f. July 01, 2023
Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar	22.40	-	-	22.40	Three years w.e.f. August 10, 2025 Subject to the approval of shareholders in ensuing AGM.

There is no separate provision for payment of severance fees.

No stock options has been granted to any director of the Company.

#### **Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors**

# Criteria of making payments to Non-Executive Directors

The criteria of making payments to Non-Executive Directors cover, *interalia*, number of meetings attended, Chairpersonship of Committees of the Board, time spent in deliberations with the senior management on operational matters other than at meetings and contribution at the

The details of sitting fees to Non-Executive Directors are as under:

Board/Committee(s) levels.

Non-Executive Directors are paid sitting fees for attending any Meeting of the Board and Committee of the Board as recommended by Nomination and Remuneration Committee and decided by the Board from time to time.

Though, currently, Non-Executive / Independent Directors are not paid any remuneration other than sitting fees as prescribed under Section 197 (5) of the Act but their remuneration if paid, excluding such sitting fees shall be subject to ceiling/ limits as provided under the Act, Rules made there and Listing Regulations.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of Director	ame of Director Category	
Mr. Govind Shrikhande	Non-Executive and Independent	3.50
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent	3.50
Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	Non-Executive and Independent	3.50



Apart from reimbursement of expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties and the sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors as entitled under the Act, none of these Directors has any other material pecuniary relationships or transactions with the Company, its Promoters, its Directors and its Senior Management, which would affect their independence.

Moreover, no stock option has been granted to any director of the Company.

#### **Pecuniary Relationship or transaction**

There were no other pecuniary relations or transactions of Non-Executive Directors vis-à-vis the Company.

#### C) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The right of stakeholders plays a major impact on the reputation of the company as well as the corporate governance. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of the Company is entrusted with the responsibility of resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company. The composition, quorum, powers, role and scope are in accordance with Section 178(5) of the Act and the provisions of

responsibility, and reporting function.

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of the Compa

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of the Company comprises of Mrs. Medha Pattanayak, Chairperson of the Committee, Mr. Rajendra Agarwal and Mr. Ajay Agarwal as the other Members of the Committee.

Regulation 20 read with Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations.

It functions in accordance with its charter that defines its authority,

After the Closure of Financial Year 2024-25, Ms. Sejal Shah, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer has tendered her resignation to pursue career opportunity outside the Company and the same has been accepted and noted by the Board of Directors of the Company with effect from the close of business hours on 14th August 2025. Further, she has also confirmed that there is no other material reasons for her resignation.

Mrs. Medha Pattanayak, Chairperson of the Committee was duly present at last Annual General Meeting i.e. September 27, 2024.

During the year under review, one meeting of Committee was held on February 14, 2025.

The attendance of the Members at the above meeting is as under:

Name of Director	Designation	Position	No. of Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent	Chairperson	1	1
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	arwal Managing Director		1	1
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	ay Agarwal Whole-time Director		1	1

The Committee's composition is in line with the provisions of Section 178(5) of the Act and Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations.

#### Terms of reference

The Committee has been mandated to comply with the terms of reference as specified in Part D (B) of the Schedule II of the Listing Regulations, Section 178 of the Act and as may be assigned by the Board from time to time.

The role of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee *inter-alia* includes the following:

- To resolve the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.; and other allied matters:
- To review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- To review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent;
- 4. To review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/ statutory notices by the shareholders of the company;
- To periodically review stakeholders' grievance mechanism of the Company.

#### Investors' Grievance Redressal

Details of investor grievances received and resolved during the year

under review are as follows:

Opening Balance	Received during the year	Resolved during the year	Closing Balance
0	0	0	0

The status of investor complaints received and resolved by the Company are reported on quarterly basis to stock exchanges under Regulation 13(3) of Listing Regulations.

#### **Prevention of Insider Trading**

In terms of the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ("Insider Trading Regulations"), as amended, Company has adopted a 'Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by designated persons in listed or proposed to be listed securities' of your Company ("the Code") and the 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' ("Code of Fair Disclosure"). The Board has also formulated a policy for determination of 'legitimate purposes' as a part of the Code of Fair Disclosure. The Board, designated persons and other connected persons have affirmed compliance with the Code.

The Code aims at preserving and preventing misuse of UPSI. All designated persons of your Company are covered under the Code, which provides inter alia for periodical disclosures and obtaining preclearances for trading in securities of Company. The said Code has also been hosted on the Company's website at <a href="www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

#### D) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) attributes to conventions and protocols embarked by Companies with an aim of construing a positive impact on the society. By practicing CSR, businesses tend to get

conscious of the impact they are having on various aspects of society, including economic, social, public health, promoting education, and environmental, etc.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company constituted under the provisions of Section 135 of the Act. The The attendance of the Members at the above meeting is as under:

Committee consists of three Directors, including two Executive Directors. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director.

During the year under review, one meeting of Committee was held on October 28, 2024.

Name of Director	Designation	Position	No. of Meetings	
			Held	Attended
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent	Chairperson	1	1
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director		Member	1	1
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	Whole-time Director	Member	1	1

#### **Terms of Reference**

The Committee functions in accordance with the terms of reference as specified under the Act and as may be specified by the Board from time to time, which inter-alia includes:

- Formulate, review and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Act.
- Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the initiatives as per the CSR Policy.
- Provide guidance on various CSR initiatives undertaken by the Company and monitor implementation and adherence to the CSR programs and Policy of the Company from time to time.
- Recommend to the Board an annual CSR action plan delineating the CSR projects or programs to be undertaken during the Financial Year.
- Appoint an independent agency/ firm to carry out impact assessment study, if any.

During the year, the Board, on recommendation of the CSR Committee, approved revisions to the CSR Policy to align the policy with the revised provisions of the Act, in this regard.

This CSR Policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

# E) Risk Management Committee

Pursuant to the provision under Regulation 21 of Listing Regulations, top 1000 listed entities are required to constitute a Risk Management Committee. Donear Industries falls out of such a requirement and thus the regulation is not applicable to Company. However, for better governance and to ensure the smooth functioning of the company operations, the Board has constituted a risk management company.

The composition of the Committee is as follows:

Name of Director	Designation	Position
Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	Managing Director	Chairperson
Mr. Ajay Agarwal	Whole-time Director	Member
Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	Non-Executive and Independent	Member

The risk management framework adopted by the Company is discussed in detail in the Board report and Management Discussion and Analysis forming part of the Annual Report.

#### **General Body Meetings**

# **Annual General Meeting**

The details of the last three Annual General Meetings (AGM) of the Company are as follows:

AGM	Year	Date and Time of AGM	Venue	Special Resolutions passed
38th	2024	September 27, 2024 at 11:00 A.M.	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means	-
37th	2023	September 25, 2023 at 03:00 P.M.	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means	-
36th	2022	September 21, 2022 at 03:00 P.M.	Through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means	To Appoint Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar (DIN: 09692520) as an Executive Professional Director of the Company and fix his remuneration.

#### **Extraordinary General Meeting**

During the year under review, no Extraordinary General Meeting was held.

#### **Postal Ballot**

During the year under review, following businesses were transacted through Postal Ballot:

Description of the Resolution	Postal Ballot No-	Date of Approval	Voting Pattern	
	tice date		Votes in favour	Votes against
Re-Appointment of Mr. Govind Shrikhande (DIN: 00029419), as an Independent Director for second term of one year from November 11, 2024	'	26 <sup>th</sup> December, 2024	99.9994	0.0006
Appointment of Ms. Aparna Chaturvedi (DIN: 00028647) as an Independent Director of the Company.	February 14, 2025	April 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 2025	99.98	0.02



For aforesaid Postal Ballot, Mr. Yogesh Sharma (COP No.: 12366 / Membership No.: FCS 11305), Practicing Company Secretaries, was appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the postal ballot process by voting through electronic means only (remote e-voting) in a fair and transparent manner.

The Scrutinizer's Report along with details of voting for the above Postal Ballots have been posted on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

#### Means of Communication

The Company publishes its quarterly, half yearly and annual results in the prescribed form, within the prescribed time. These financial results are also displayed on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>. The results are submitted to the Stock Exchanges where the securities of the Company are listed viz. the National Stock Exchange of India Limited ('NSE') and the BSE Limited ('BSE') and the same are published in leading English and Marathi dailies, viz. "The Free Press Journal" (English Daily) and "Nav Shakti" (Marathi Newspaper).

The quarterly results, shareholding pattern, quarterly compliances and all other corporate communication to the Stock Exchanges viz., BSE and NSE are filed electronically. A separate dedicated section under "Investors", on the Company's website gives aforesaid information and other relevant information's of interest to the investors/public. The Company has designated the email id: <a href="mailto:investor@donear.com">investor@donear.com</a> exclusively for investor relation.

In accordance with Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations, 2015, the Company has maintained a functional website at www.donear. com containing information about the Company viz. the details of its business, financial information, shareholding pattern, compliance with corporate governance norms, contact information of the designated officials of the Company who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances, etc. The contents of the said website are updated from time to time.

The Company sends reminder letters to those shareholders whose unclaimed dividends/shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF accounts and upload on its website detailed information relating to such unclaimed dividends amount and equity shares required to be transferred to the IEPF demat account.

The Company sends reminder letters to those shareholders whose unclaimed dividends/shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF accounts and upload on its website detailed information relating to such unclaimed dividends amount and equity shares required to be transferred to the IEPF demat account.

#### Shareholders' Information

#### Annual General Meeting ("AGM") for the Financial Year 2024-25

AGM	(39th) Annual General Meeting	
DAY AND DATE	September 27, 2025	
TIME	11:00 A.M. (IST)	
MODE / VENUE	Through Video Conferencing / Other Audi Visual Means.(Deemed venue for meetin shall be the Registered Office of the Company	
FINANCIAL YEAR	April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025	

# Tentative Calendar for Financial Year ending March 31, 2026

The tentative dates for Board Meetings for consideration of quarterly financial results are as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Quarter	Tentative dates
1.	First Quarter Results	On or before August 14, 2025
2.	Second Quarter & Half Yearly Results	On or before November 14, 2025
3.	Third Quarter & Nine- months ended Results	On or before February 14, 2026
4.	Fourth Quarter & Annual Results	On or before May 30, 2026

or such other date as may be allowed by SEBI and the MCA

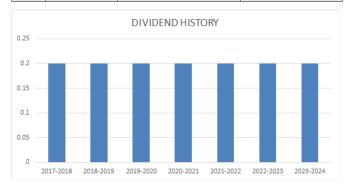
#### **Dividend Payment Date**

The Board of Directors of the Company has recommended a dividend of Rs. 0.20 (10%) per Equity Share of Rs. 2.00 each of the Company. The proposed dividend, if declared, at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, will be paid/ credited within a period of 30 days from the date of declaration, to those Members whose names appear in the Company's Register of Members or in the list of beneficial owners as per the particulars to be furnished by the Depositories as on the record date i.e. September 20, 2025.

#### Dividend History for the last 7 Financial Years

Below table highlights the history of Dividend declared by the Company in the last 7 financial years:

Sr. No.	Financial Year	Date of Declaration of Dividend	Dividend declared per share
1	2017-2018	September 29, 2018	0.20
2	2018-2019	September 23, 2019	0.20
3	2019-2020	September 25, 2020	0.20
4	2020-2021	September 21, 2021	0.20
5	2021-2022	September 21, 2022	0.20
6	2022-2023	September 25, 2023	0.20
7	2023-2024	September 27, 2024	0.20



**IEPF:** The amount of dividend remaining unclaimed and unpaid for a period of seven years from the date of declaration is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority. Accordingly, the Company has transferred the unclaimed and unpaid amount pertaining to the dividend upto the Financial Year 2017-18 to the IEPF Authority. The unclaimed or unpaid dividend which have already been transferred or the shares which are transferred, if any, can be claimed back by the Members from IEPF Authority by following the procedure given on IEPF website. Information in respect of such unclaimed and unpaid dividends when due for transfer to the said Fund is given below.

Members who have not encashed the dividend warrants/demand drafts so far in respect of the unclaimed and unpaid dividends declared by the Company for the Financial Year 2017-18 and thereafter, are requested to make their claim to RTA well in advance of the last dates for claiming such unclaimed and unpaid dividends as specified hereunder:

Dividend for the	Date of Declaration	Due date for transfer
year		to the IEPF
2016-2017	September 23, 2017	October 29, 2024
2017-2018	September 29, 2018	November 04, 2025
2018-2019	September 23, 2019	October 29, 2026
2019-2020	September 25, 2020	October 31, 2027
2020-2021	September 21, 2021	October 27, 2028
2021-2022	September 21, 2022	October 27, 2029
2022-2023	September 25, 2023	October 31, 2030
2023-2024	September 27, 2024	November 02, 2031

The details of unpaid dividend can be viewed on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>. As per the provisions of Rule 6 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules 2016, the Company will be transferring the share(s) of those beneficial owners who have not encashed any dividend during the last 7 (seven) years to the IEPF demat account as identified by the IEPF Authority. Details of Shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF are available at the Company website: <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>. The Shareholders whose unclaimed dividend /share has been transferred to the 'Investor Education and Protection Fund', may claim the same from IEPF authority by filing Form IEPF-5 along with requisite documents.

#### Listing on Stock Exchanges

The Company's Shares are listed on:

BSE Limited (BSE)	National Stock Exchange of
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,	India Limited (NSE)
Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001	Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla
	Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai-
	400 051.

**Payment of Listing Fees:** The Company has paid annual listing fees for the Financial Year 2025-26 to BSE and NSE.

Payment of Depository Fees: Annual Custody/Issuer fees for the Financial Year 2025-26 have been paid by the Company to National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL").

# Corporate Identification Number (CIN)

The Company's CIN as allotted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs is L99999MH1987PLC042076.

# **Credit ratings**

During the year under review, India Ratings and Research Private Limited (Ind-Ra) has upgraded Donear Industries Limited's (DIL) bank loans to 'IND BBB' from 'IND BBB-'. The Outlook is Stable.

The instrument-wise rating actions are given below:

Sr. No.	Facility/ Instrument	Name of the Agency	Rating
1.	Fund-based working capital facilities	India Ratings and Research Private Limited (Ind-Ra)	IND BBB / Stable
2.	Term Loan		IND BBB/Stable
3.	Non-fund-based working capital facilities		IND A3+

#### **Share Transfer System**

About 99.97% of the equity shares of the Company are in dematerialized form

As per Regulation 40 of the Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed entities can be transferred only in dematerialised form, with effect from April 01, 2019. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Transfers of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories with no involvement of the Company.

Pursuant to SEBI circular dated January 25, 2022, securities of the Company shall be issued in dematerialized form only while processing service requests in relation to issue of duplicate securities certificate, renewal/ exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division/ splitting of securities certificate, consolidation of securities certificates/ folios, transmission and transposition.

Shareholders holding equity shares of the Company in physical form are requested to kindly get their equity shares converted into demat/ electronic form to get inherent benefits of dematerialization and also considering that physical transfer of equity shares/ issuance of equity shares in physical form have been disallowed by SEBI.

#### Dematerialization of Shares and liquidity:

The Company's shares are compulsorily traded in dematerialized form and are available for trading on both the Depositories in India viz., National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

The Company's shares are regularly traded on BSE and NSE in the electronic form.

VKM & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, carries out a quarterly Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit, to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited ('NSDL') and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ('CDSL') and the total issued and listed capital. The audit confirms that the total issued/paid-up capital is equivalent to aggregate of total number of shares in physical form and total number of shares in dematerialised form, held with both depositories.

# Status of Dematerialization of Equity Shares as on March 31, 2025 is as under:

Particulars	No. of Shares	% of total Shares
NSDL	3,45,35,207	66.41
CDSL	1,74,50,267	33.56
Dematerialised	5,19,85,474	99.97
Physical	14,526	0.03
Total	5,20,00,000	100.00

# Norms for furnishing of PAN, KYC, Bank details and Nomination

SEBI has mandated furnishing of PAN, KYC details (i.e. postal address with pin code, email address, mobile number, bank account details) and nomination details by all shareholders holding shares in physical form. In accordance with the SEBI circular, the folios wherein any one of the cited details / documents are not available, on or after 1st October 2023, are required to be frozen.



Following forms are also available on Company's website at <a href="https://www.donear.com">www.donear.com</a>.

SL. NO	PARTICULARS	FORM DETAILS
1.	Request for registering PAN, KYC details or changes/updation thereof	ISR-1
2.	Confirmation of signature of shareholder by the Banker (in case of major mismatch in the signature of the shareholder)	ISR-2

3.	Nomination Form	SH-13
4.	Cancellation or Variation of Nomination	SH-14
5.	Declaration form for opting out/cancellation of Nomination	ISR-3

Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to verify and update any change/ updation in their KYC details/ Bank mandate(s) or details of nomination immediately to their respective Depository Participants (NSDL or CDSL) with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts.

# Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2025

No. of Shares	No. of Shareholders	% of total Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of total Shares
1-500	16,058	87.4047	1673608	3.2185
501-1,000	1,174	6.3902	950378	1.8277
1,001-2,000	532	2.8957	831120	1.5983
2,001-3,000	193	1.0505	497890	0.9575
3,001-4,000	76	0.4137	273630	0.5262
4,001-5,000	82	0.4463	390837	0.7516
5,001-10,000	125	0.6804	924662	1.7782
10,001 and above	132	0.7185	46457875	89.3421
Total	17,545	100.00	5,20,00,000	100.00

# Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2025

	Category of Shareholder	No. of Shares	% Shareholding
A)	Promoter and Promoter Group	387,72,034	74.56
B)	Public shareholding		
	Institutions (Foreign Portfolio Investors Category I)	60191	0.12
	Institutions (Foreign Portfolio Investors Category II)	526	0.00
	Institutions (Alternative Investment Funds)	1000	0.00
	Non-Institutions		
	Directors and their relatives (excluding independent directors and nominee directors)	1,12,350	0.22
	Key Managerial Personnel	2501	0.00
	Individual share capital upto Rs. 2 Lakhs	68,03,222	13.08
	Individual share capital in excess of Rs. 2 lakhs	45,72,013	8.79
	Any other		
	IEPF	22,330	0.04
	Trusts	10	0.00
	HUF	903,594	1.74
	Non-Resident Indian (NRI)	145,377	0.28
	LLP	30255	0.06
	Clearing Members	4,691	0.01
	Bodies Corporate	568255	1.09
	Director or Director's Relatives	1,651	0.00
	Total	520,00,000	100.00

Outstanding Global Depository Receipts / American Depository Receipts / Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

The Company has not issued any Global Depository Receipts / American Depository Receipts / Warrants or any convertible instruments during the year under review.

#### **Address for Correspondence**

# Registered Office of the Company: Registrar and Transfer Agents MUFG India Private Limited C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400 083. Tel. No.: +91 22 6834 8100, Fax No.: +91 22 6834 8313 Email: investor@donear.com Website: www.donear.com Registrar and Transfer Agents MUFG India Private Limited C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400 083. Tel. No.: +91 22 4918 6000, Fax No.: +91 22 4918 6060 Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

# Commodity price risk or Foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

The Company does not have any exposure hedged through commodity derivatives and hence, the disclosure pursuant to SEBI Circular dated November 15, 2018 is not required to be given.

The Company has entered into forward exchange contracts for hedge purpose and not intended for trading or speculation purposes.

The details of foreign currency exposures are disclosed in relevant notes forming part of the Financial Statements.

#### **Plant Locations**

#### Balaji Fabrics

Jolwa Village, Palsana, Surat, Gujarat.

#### Laxmi Fab.

Government Industrial Estate, Masat, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli.

#### Balaji Industries

Dockmandi, Amli Village, Silvassa, Dadra & Nagar Haveli.

#### Laxmi Garment Fabrics

Bhotika House, Peenya Industrial Area, Bangalore, Karnataka.

#### **Affirmation and Disclosures**

#### 1. Related Party Transactions

In line with the requirements under Regulation 23(1) of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions ("Policy") which is also available on Company's website <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>. The objective of the Policy is to ensure proper approval, disclosure, and reporting of transactions as applicable, between the Company and any of its related parties. The Audit Committee of the Company grants omnibus approval for the Related Party Transactions (RPTs) which are of repetitive nature and / or entered in the Ordinary Course of Business and are at Arm's Length.

All transactions entered into by the Company with the Related Parties as defined under the Act and Regulation 2(1) (zb) of the Listing Regulations during the financial year were on arm's length basis and complied with the requirements of provisions of Section 188 of the Act. There were no material significant transaction(s) entered with Related Parties during the year under review. None of the transactions with Related Parties was in conflict with the interest of Company. Disclosure of transactions with related parties (including entity belonging to the Promoter/Promoter Group) as required under Listing Regulations and the applicable Accounting Standards have been given in the relevant note forming part of the Financial Statements.

#### 2. Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Section 133 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

#### 3. Management Discussion & Analysis

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report on the operations of the Company, as required under the Listing Regulations is forms part of the Director's Report.

#### 4. CEO/CFO Certification

The Managing Director and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company have furnished their Certificate to the Board of Directors of the Company, regarding financial statements and the cash flow statement, as required under Regulation 17(8) read with Schedule II of Listing Regulations.

#### 5. Subsidiary Company

The Company does not have any subsidiary, so the provision of framing Company's policy for determining material subsidiary(ies) of the Company is not applicable to the Company.

#### 6. Details of non-compliance

There were no instances of non-compliance by the listed entity, penalties, strictures imposed on the listed entity by stock exchange(s) or the board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

#### 7. Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Act, and Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism for Stakeholders to raise genuine concerns of any violations of legal or regulatory requirements, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct and ethical business practices. This Policy *inter-alia* provides to a Whistle Blower, adequate safeguard against victimization resulting out of availment of this mechanism and direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. It is affirmed that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee. This Policy is available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.donear.com/investor">www.donear.com/investor</a>.

#### Details of utilisation of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of the Listing Regulations

During the year under review, the Company has not raised any money through preferential issue or qualified institutions placement.



#### 9. Secretarial Audit and Secretarial Compliance Report

M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Company for FY 2024-25. Their Audit Report confirms that the Company has complied with applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, Listing Regulations, other SEBI Regulations and laws applicable to the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report forms part of the Board's Report as an Annexure.

In accordance with the SEBI Circular dated February 8, 2019, the Company has obtained an Annual Secretarial Compliance Report from M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, confirming specifically, compliances with all applicable SEBI Regulations, Circulars and Guidelines for the year ended March 31, 2025.

# 10. Certificate on Non-disqualification of Directors

The Company has received a certificate from M/s. Yogesh Sharma & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, certifying that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

#### 11. Recommendations of the Committees of the Board

During the year under review, there were no instance, where the Board has not accepted any recommendations of any Committee(s) of the Board.

#### 12. Total fees paid to Statutory Auditors

A total fee of Rs. 10.52 Lakhs for statutory audit (including out of pocket expenses) and Rs. 1.14 Lakhs for other services was paid to M/s. Kanu Doshi Associates LLP, Statutory Auditor of the Company.

# 13. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

The details regarding constitution of Sexual Harassment Internal Complaints Committee, status of complaints and other information in this regard are provided in Director's Report forming part of the Annual Report.

#### **Compliance with Mandatory requirements**

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations relating to Corporate Governance.

#### Compliance with discretionary requirements

**The Board:** Our Chairman is a Managing Director and maintains the Chairman's office at the Company's expenses for the performance of his duties.

**Shareholders' Rights:** Quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results of the Company are furnished to the Stock Exchanges and also published in the newspapers unless exempt by authority and uploaded on website of the Company. Significant events are also posted on the Company's website. Hence, no half-yearly results and significant events were sent to each of household of Shareholders.

**Modified opinion(s) in audit report:** The Company has its financial statements with unmodified opinion expressed by Statutory Auditors of the Company. The Company continues to adopt best practices to ensure regime of financial statements with un-modified opinion.

Other: The other Non-mandatory requirements will be implemented in due course as and when required and/or deemed necessary by the Board.

# **Declaration on Compliance of Code of Conduct**

To.

#### The Members,

#### **Donear Industries Limited**

I hereby declare that all the members of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct, as applicable to them, for the year ended March 31, 2025.

For Donear Industries Limited

Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233

Place: Mumbai, Date: August 14, 2025

# **CFO / CEO CERTIFICATION**

We, the undersigned of the Company hereby certify that:

- A. We have reviewed financials statements and the cash flow statement of Donear Industries Limited for year ended March 31, 2025 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - 1) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statements or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - 2) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company, during year ended March 31, 2025, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of Company's Code of Conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to Financial Reporting and they have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or proposes to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
  - (i) that there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during such period;
  - (ii) that there are no significant changes in accounting policies during such period; subject to changes in the same and that the same have been disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements and
  - (iii) that there are no instances of significant fraud of which we become aware and the involvement there in, if any, of the Management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over Financial Reporting.

For **Donear Industries Limited** 

Place: Mumbai, Date: August 14, 2025 Rajendra Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00227233

Ashok Agarwal Chief Financial Officer



# CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)
Regulations, 2015)

To,

# The Members

#### **Donear Industries Limited**

Donear House, 8th Floor, Plot No. A – 50, Road No. 1, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400093.

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED** having **CIN L99999MH1987PLC042076** and having registered office at Donear House, 8th Floor, Plot No. A - 50 Road No. 1, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400093 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal <a href="https://www.mca.gov.in">www.mca.gov.in</a>) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2024 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or by any other regulatory authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1	Mr. Rajendra Agarwal	00227233	29/09/1993
2	Mr. Ajay Agarwal	00227279	01/07/1998
3	Mr. Kishorsinh Parmar	09692520	10/08/2022
4	Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	07157952	05/05/2015
5	Mr. Govind Shridhar Shrikhande	00029419	11/11/2019
6	Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	01389267	08/11/2023

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Yogesh Sharma & Co

Yogesh M Sharma FCS.11305 C.P.12366 UDIN: F011305G000940893

Peer Review Certificate No.: 1583/2021

Place: Mumbai, Date: August 14, 2025

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view, in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and its net profit including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements Section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Response To Key Audit Matter
1	Inventory Valuation As at March 31, 2025 the Company held Rs. 36,307.25 Lakhs of inventory representing 46.09% of total assets. Out of which Stock amounting to Rs. 4,798.18 Lakhs is lying at third party on sale or return basis. Given the size of the inventory balance relative to the total assets of the Company and the number of stores / locations at which inventory was held and the estimates and judgments described below and the valuation of inventory required significant audit attention.  As disclosed in Note No. 2(F), inventories are held at the lower of cost or net realisable value determined using the weighted average cost method, except for Dyes and Chemicals included in cost of Raw Material is determined on First-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.  At year end, the valuation of inventory is reviewed by management and the cost of inventory is reduced where inventory forecasts to be sold below cost.  The Company has systems and processes including a barcode inventory management system to accurately record inventory movements for stock lying at third party. This process is managed centrally by head office for consistency.  There are judgments applied in assessing the level of provision for inventory shrinkage. Management provide for shrinkage each month on their working and judgment.	<ul> <li>inventory:-</li> <li>For sample inventory items, re-performed the weighted average cost calculation and compared the weighted average cost to the average purchase price of invoices;</li> <li>Held discussion with management, including operational personnel, to understand and corroborate the assumption applied in valuation;</li> <li>Evaluated key assumption made by management that current shrinkage levels were consistent with historical levels;</li> <li>On a sample basis we tested the net realizable value of inventory lines with recent selling prices of finished goods wherein these raw materials are used;</li> <li>We tested the inventory valuation sheet and cost added to inventory for such valuation.</li> <li>We also made enquiries with the management and considered the results of our testing above to determine whether any specific write downs were required.</li> <li>From the procedures performed we have no matters to report.</li> </ul>

# Other Information

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or



otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and the Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, the financial performance, the changes in equity and the cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, the Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- **2.** As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Standalone Financial Statements.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
  - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements (Refer Note. 29 to the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements).
  - ii. The Company did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivatives contracts.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.
  - iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
    - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
    - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - b. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
    - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
    - · provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - c. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (d) (ii) and (d) (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
  - V. The dividend declared or paid during the year by the Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
  - VI. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

For Kanu Doshi Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner Membership no. 148916

UDIN: 25148916BMKNLU8722

Place: Mumbai Date: 27th May 2025



# ANNEXURE A TO THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 2 of 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in our Report of even date on the accounts of **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED** for the year ended March 31, 2025

- i. (a)(A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and equipment.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
  - (b) The fixed assets of the company are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the fixed assets has been physically verified by the management during the year and discrepancies noticed between the book records and the physical inventories were not material and have been properly dealt with in the accounts.
  - (c) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment or Intangible assets or both during the year.
  - (e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) During the year, the inventories have been physically verified by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on physical verification of inventories and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate for each class of inventory.
  - (b) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- iii. (a) The Company has not made any investments, nor provided any guarantees, securities, or granted any advances in the nature of loans, whether secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, or any other parties during the current financial year. However, as of the end of the current financial year, the Company holds the following investment balances, which were made in prior financial years: Rs.660.22 lakhs in an associate company; and
  - Rs.100.20 lakhs in companies other than subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates.
  - (b) Since the company has not made any investments during the year, or has not granted any loans or advances during the year, clause 3(iii) (b) to (f) of the Order are not applicable.
- iv. The Company has complied with provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of investments made and Section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable as there were no such loans, securities or guarantees provided during the year.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under to the extent notified and therefore clause 3(v) is not applicable.
- vi. The Central Government has prescribed maintenance of cost records for the company under sub Section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such accounts and records have been made and maintained by the Company. However, no detailed examinations of such records have been carried out by us.
- vii. (a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Customs Duty, Cess, Goods & Service Tax and any other material statutory dues applicable to it and there were no arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the records of the Company, there are no dues of Income Tax and Customs Duty which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in tax assessments under the Income tax Act. 1961 as income during the year.
- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to banks during the year. The company has not taken any loan or borrowing from government, financial institution and has not issued debentures during the year.
  - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has utilized the proceeds of term loans for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.

- (d) According to the information and explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for long term purposes. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company, we report that the Company does not have a subsidiary company as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanation given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company does not have a subsidiary company as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of public issue/ further offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3 (x)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examinations of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and information and explanation given by the management, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) There were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the nature of the activities of the company does not attract any special statue applicable to Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanation given to us, and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sec 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, clause 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The company is not required to be registered under Sec 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3 (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The company is not required to be registered under Sec 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations is made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly, clause 3 (xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current year as well as in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3 (xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Standalone Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



- xx. (a) There were no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months from the end of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to subsection (5) of section 135 of the said Act.
  - (b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing projects relating to the current year and hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For Kanu Doshi Associates LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm registration No: 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner

Membership No: 148916 UDIN: 25148916BMKNLU8722

Place: Mumbai Date: 27th May 2025

# ANNEXURE B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Kanu Doshi Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner Membership no. 148916 UDIN: 25148916BMKNLU8722

Place: Mumbai Date: 27th May 2025



# STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

(₹ in Lacs)

		Particulars	Note No.	As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31.	03.2024
1 /	ASSE	TS					
(	(1) <u>N</u>	Ion - Current Assets					
	(	a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	8,174.11		7,143.95	
	(	b) Capital Work-in-progress	4	1,118.74		840.88	
	(	c) Investment Property	5	1,324.65		1,423.64	
	(	d) Other Intangible Assets	6	110.00		123.07	
	(	e) Financial Assets					
	,	(i) Investment	7	760.42		760.42	
		(ii) Other Non-Current Financial Assets	8	621.72		627.64	
	(	f) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	9	430.93		250.81	
	(	g) Other Tax Assets (Net)	10	164.22		175.82	
		h) Other Non-Current Assets	11	867.99	13,572.78	739.30	12,085.53
(	(2)	Current Assets			·		
	(	a) Inventories	12	36,307.24		32,866.17	
	(	b) Financial Assets					
		(i) Trade Receivables	13	21,395.93		17,388.26	
		(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	14	169.62		17.39	
		(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	15	828.70		1,624.05	
		(iv) Other Current Financial Assets	16	235.81		767.64	
	(	c) Other Current Assets	17	6,268.66	65,205.96	6,276.84	58,940.35
		TOTAL ASSETS			78,778.74		71,025.88
II E	EQUI	TY AND LIABILITIES					
E	EQUI	TY					
(	(1) <u>S</u>	Shareholder's fund					
	(	a) Equity Share Capital	18	1,040.00		1,040.00	
	(	b) Other Equity	19	22,432.07	23,472.07	19,414.91	20,454.91
L	_IABI	LITIES					
(	(2) <u>N</u>	lon-current liabilities					
	(	a) Financial Liabilities					
		(i) Non Current Borrowings	20	512.74		1,386.96	
		(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	21	3,506.38		3,120.80	
	(	b) Other Non Current Liabilities	22	107.80	4,126.92	137.60	4,645.36
(	(3) <u>C</u>	Current liabilities					
	(	a) Financial Liabilities					
		(i) Current Borrowings	23	38,456.55		32,367.70	
		(ii) Trade Payables	24	8,796.35		6,990.66	
		(iii) Other Current Financial Liabilities	25	61.42		212.17	
	,	b) Other Current Liabilities	26	2,287.99		5,567.71	
	(	c) Provisions	27	527.74		343.77	
	(	d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	28	1,049.69	51,179.75	443.60	45,925.61
		TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			78,778.74		71,025.88
i		nt Liabilities and Commitments	29				
Sumi	mary	of significant accounting policies	2				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of attached even date FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS** 

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner

Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date: 27th May, 2025 Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN No. 00227233

Ajay V. Agarwal Whole time Director DIN No. 00227279

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ashok B. Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

Sejal Shah Company secretary

# STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from operations	30	91,369.78	79,914.31
Other income	31	727.91	880.95
TOTAL REVENUE		92,097.69	80,795.26
<u>Expenses</u>			
Cost of Materials Consumed	32	29,344.81	25,225.89
Purchases of stock-in-trade	33	21,442.15	17,012.38
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	34	(2,006.69)	(728.91)
Employee benefits expenses	35	9,132.11	8,233.48
Finance costs	36	3,223.25	3,019.96
Depreciation and Amortisation expense	37	1,311.03	1,204.27
Other expenses	38	25,188.02	22,080.55
TOTAL EXPENSES		87,634.68	76,047.62
Profit before exceptional items and tax		4,463.01	4,747.64
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit before tax		4,463.01	4,747.64
Less: Tax Expenses			
<u>Current tax</u>			
of Current Year		1,431.56	1,255.92
Deferred tax			
of Current Year		(157.37)	20.38
TOTAL TAX EXPENSES		1,274.19	1,276.30
Profit after tax	(A)	3,188.82	3,471.34
Other Comprehensive Income			
A. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(9.10)	(4.61)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		2.29	1.16
B. (i) Items that will be nor be reclassified to profit or loss		(81.31)	(20.29)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		20.46	5.11
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year	(B)	(67.66)	(18.63)
Total Comprhensive Income for the year	(A+B)	3,121.16	3,452.71
Earning per equity share :	39		
(1) Basic Earning Per Share		6.13	6.68
(2) Diluted Earning Per Share		6.13	6.68
(3) Face Value Per Share		2.00	2.00
Summary of significant accounting policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.	2		

As per our report of attached even date

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP

**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS** 

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

**Kunal Vakharia** Partner Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date : 27th May, 2025 Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN No. 00227233

Ashok B. Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**Ajay V. Agarwal** Whole time Director DIN No. 00227279

Sejal Shah Company secretary



# STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Note No.	2024-2	25	2023-	24
I CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss			4,463.01		4,747.62
Adjustment for :					
(a) Depreciation		1,311.03		1,204.27	
(b) Interest Expenses		3,006.26		2,848.33	
(c) Interest Income		(89.65)		(82.18)	
(d) (Profit) / Loss on sale of fixed assets		-		(16.41)	
(e) Fixed Assets Written Off		2.41		2.81	
(f) Allowance for Expected Credit Loss		477.47		116.21	
(g) Unrealised Foreign Exchange rate difference(Net)		121.29		117.18	
(h) Sundry Balance written Off / (Back) (Net)		4.75		172.55	
(i) IND AS Adjustment		(60.05)		(155.66)	
(j) Fair Valuation of Forward Contract through FVOCI		(9.10)		(4.61)	
(k) Provisions no longer required		-	4,764.41	(,	4,202.49
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes			9,227.42		8,950.11
Adjustment for :			0,227.42		0,000.11
(a) (Increase) / Decrease in trade and other receivables		(3,967.91)		(3,878.64)	
(b) (Increase) / Decrease in inventories		(3,441.08)		(753.42)	
(c) Increase / (Decrease) in trade, other Payables and provisions		(1,058.53)	(8,467.52)	4,293.20	(338.86)
Cash Generated From Operations		(1,036.33)	759.90	4,293.20	8,611.25
(a) Direct Tax Paid (Net)			(813.87)		(1,544.29)
	Total (I)		(53.97)		7,066.97
et Cash from/(used) Operating Activities  CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Total (I)		(55.97)		7,000.97
		(0.004.00)		(0.007.10)	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		(2,664.30)		(2,067.16)	
Sales Proceeds of property, plant and equipment		(0.34)		130.40	
Puchase of Investments				(660.22)	
Fixed Deposits with Bank		795.17		(280.07)	
Interest Income received		89.65	(1	63.46	/ · · ·
et Cash from/(used) Investing Activities	Total (II)		(1,779.82)		(2,813.59)
II CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Repayment of Non Current Borrowings		(874.22)		(870.50)	
Proceeds from Current Borrowings		5,970.11		(831.95)	
Interest Paid		(3,006.26)		(2,848.33)	
Dividend Paid		(104.00)		(104.00)	
et Cash from/(used) Financing Activities	Total (III)		1,985.63		(4,654.78)
Net Increase/(decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III)	Total		151.85		(401.40)
OPENING BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			18.66		420.17
CLOSING BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			170.51		18.77
	Total		151.85		(401.40)
lotes :					
(1) Cash and cash equivalants include: (Refer Note No 14)					
(a) Cash in hand		23.82		16.43	
(b) Cheque in Hand		-		-	
(c) <u>Balance with Scheduled Banks</u>					
in Current Accounts		145.80		0.96	
Unpaid Dividend Account		1.09		1.27	
Unrealised translation gain/(loss)			(0.20)		0.11
	Total		170.51		18.77
(2) Interest received on delayed payments from Customers (Rs.46.30 La	acs) (Previous	Year Rs.46.26 Lac		dered as cash flow	
Operating Activities.	, (		-,		****
(3) The cash flow statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method	od as set out i	n Indian Accounting	Standard (IND AS	S 7) statement of o	ash flows.
(4) Previous year figures have been regrouped/restated wherever consider					

As per our report of attached even date

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP **CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS** 

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

**Kunal Vakharia** Partner Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date: 27th May, 2025 Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN No. 00227233

Ajay V. Agarwal Whole time Director

Ashok B. Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

DIN No. 00227279

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Sejal Shah Company secretary

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

# STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST MARCH, 2025

# A. Equity Share Capital

Statement of Changes in Equity

(₹ in Lacs)

Balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at March 31, 2025
1,040.00	-	1,040.00	-	1,040.00
				(₹ in Lacs)

Balance as at April 1, 2023

April 1, 2023

Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors

Restated balance as at April 1, 2023

April 1, 2023

Changes in equity share capital during the year\*

1,040.00

Balance as at March 31, 2024

March 31, 2024

B. Other Equity (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	Reservers a	nd Surplus	Other items of Other co	omprehensive	Total
rai ilculai s	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans	Hedging Reserves	Total
Balance at at 31st March, 2023	3,499.41	12,637.45	(75.59)	4.94	16,066.21
Profit for the year	-	3,471.34	=	-	3,471.34
Final Dividend paid	-	(104.00)	-	-	(104.00)
Hedging Profit	-	-	-	(3.45)	(3.45)
Remeaurements of Defined Benefit Plan	-	-	(15.18)	-	(15.18)
Balance at at 31st March, 2024	3,499.41	16,004.80	(90.78)	1.48	19,414.91
Profit for the year	-	3,188.82	-	-	3,188.82
Final Dividend paid	-	(104.00)	-	-	(104.00)
Hedging Profit	-	-	=	(6.81)	(6.81)
Remeaurements of Defined Benefit Plan	-	-	(60.85)	-	(60.85)
Balance at at 31st March, 2025	3,499.41	19,089.62	(151.63)	(5.33)	22,432.07

As per our report of attached even date

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal VakhariaRajendra V. AgarwalAjay V. AgarwalPartnerManaging DirectorWhole time DirectorMembership No.148916DIN No. 00227233DIN No. 00227279

Place : MumbaiAshok B. AgarwalSejal ShahDate : 27th May, 2025Chief Financial OfficerCompany secretary



#### NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

#### 1 Company Overview

Donear Industries Limited ("DIL" or "The Company") is an existing public limited company incorporated on 01/01/1987 under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1956 and deemed to exist within the purview of the Companies Act, 2013, having its registered office at Donear House, 8th Floor, Plot No. A- 50, Road No. 1, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai- 400093. The Company is manufaturer of fabrics having its own brand name "Donear" and also trading in garments under the brand name of "Dcot". The Company sell its product through multiple channels including wholesale, retail and franchisee etc. during the year ended 31st March' 2025. The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (₹).

#### 2 Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (A) Basis Of Preparation Of Financial Statement

#### i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements Complies in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and other relevant provisions of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 27th May, 2025.

These financial statements and notes have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the functional currency. All the amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lacs as per requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise indicated.

#### ii) Historical cost convention

The Company follows the mercantile system of accounting and recognizes income and expenditure on an accrual basis. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the following:

- (a) Certain financial assets and liabilities (Including Derivative Instruments) that are measured at fair value;
- (b) Defined benefit plans where plan assets are measured at fair value.

#### iii) Current and Non Current Classification.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's operating cycle (Twelve Months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### (B) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgments based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under existing circumtances. Difference between actual results and estimate related to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The said estimates are based on facts and events, that existes as at reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

#### (C) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### (I) Financial Assets

#### (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- (a) Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss);
   and
- (b) Those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

- (a) For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in Profit and Loss or Other comprehensive income.
- (b) For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held.
- (c) For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset and in the case of a financial asset not at fair value then through Profit and Loss,. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through Profit and Loss are expensed in Profit and Loss.

#### (a) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

- i) Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit and loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other income or other expenses (as applicable). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- iii) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through Profit and Loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through Profit and Loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in Profit and Loss and presented net in the statement of Profit and Loss within other income or other expenses (as applicable) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income or other expenses, as applicable.

#### (b) Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has selected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income and there is no subsequent reclassification, on sale or otherwise, of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through Profit and Loss are recognised in other income or other expenses, as applicable in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### (iii) Impairment of financial assets

"The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase incredit risk. For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime credit losses (ECL) to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed."

For other assets, the Company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.



#### (iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when -

- (a) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- (b) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

#### (II) Financial Liabilities

#### (i) Measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, reduced by transaction costs (in case of financial liability not at fair value through Profit and Loss), that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liability. After initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash outflow (including all fees paid, transaction cost, and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. At the time of initial recognition, there is no financial liability irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (ii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (D) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortization, where appropriate.

#### (E) Segment Report

- (i) The company identifies primary segment based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisaiton and mangagement structure. The operating segment are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the executive Management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.
- (ii) The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

#### (F) Inventories Valuation

- (i) Raw materials (excluding Dyes and Chemicals), Components, Stores and Spares, Packing Materials are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average cost basis.
- (ii) Cost of Dyes and Chemicals included in the cost of Raw Material are determined on first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.
- (iii) Work-in-Progress and Finished Goods are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost are determined on estimated cost basis and valued on a weighted average basis.
- (iv) Traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.
- (v) Scrap is valued at net realisable value.
- (vi) Due allowances are made in respect of slow moving, non-moving and obsolete inventories based on estimate made by the Management.
- (vii) Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (G) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits with banks, deposit held at call with financial institutions, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes outstanding bank overdraft shown within current liabilities in statement of financial balance sheet and which are considered as integral part of company's cash management policy.

#### (H) Income tax and Deferred tax

The Income tax expense or credit for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or other comprehensive income respectively.

#### (i) Current income tax

Current tax charge is based on taxable profit for the year. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilised.

Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured based on the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect changes in probability that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are off-set against each other and the resultant net amount is presented in the Balance Sheet, if and only when, (a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the current income tax assets and liabilities, and (b) the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority.

#### (I) Property, plant and equipment

- (i) Freehold land is carried at historical cost including expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the land.
- (ii) All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- (iii) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- (iv) Cost of Capital Work in Progress ('CWIP') comprises amount paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each balance sheet date and construction expenditures, other expenditures necessary for the purpose of preparing the CWIP for it intended use and borrowing cost incurred before the qualifying asset is ready for intended use. CWIP is not depreciated until such time as the relevant asset is completed and ready for its intended use.
- (v) Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value
  - (a) Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.
  - (b) Depreciation is provided on a pro rata basis on the written down value method over the estimated useful lives of the assets which is as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless it is included in the carrying amount of any other asset. The useful



life, residual value and the depreciation method are reviewed atleast at each financial year end. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

- (vi) Tangible assets which are not ready for their intended use on reporting date are carried as capital work-in-progress.
- (vii) The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss within other expenses or other income as applicable."

#### (J) Investment Property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both and which is not occupied by the Company, is classified by Investing property. Investment property is measured at cost including related transaction cost and where applicable borrowing cost. Investment properties are depreciated at the same rate applicable for class of asset under Property, Plant and Equipment.

#### (K) Intangible assets

- (i) An intangible asset shall be recognised if, and only if: (a) it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and (b) the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.
- (ii) Computer software is capitalised where it is expected to provide future enduring economic benefits. Capitalisation costs include licence fees and costs of implementation / system integration services. The costs are capitalised in the year in which the relevant software is implemented / ready for use. The same is amortised over a period of 5 years on straight-line method.

#### (L) Leases

#### (i) As a lessee

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### (ii) As a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

#### (M) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade discount, rebates. The Company recognises revenue as under:

Effective 01 April, 2018, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard 115 (IND AS 115) - "Revenue from contracts with customers" using the cumulative catch-up transition method applied to the contract that was not completed as on the transaction date 01st April, 2018. Accordingly the comparative amounts of revenue and the corresponding contract assets / liabililities have not been retrospectively adjusted. The effect on adoption of IND-AS 115 was insignificant.

#### (I) Sales

- (i) The Company recognizes revenue from sale of goods & services when:
  - (a) The significant risks and rewards of ownership in the goods are transferred to the buyer as per the terms of the contract, which coincides with the delivery of goods and with regard to services, when services are rendered.
  - (b) The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with the ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
  - (c) The amount of revenue can be reliably measured.
  - (d) It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company.
  - (e) The cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.
  - (f) The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

#### (II) Other Income

#### (i) Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### (ii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (iii) Export Benefits

Export incentives are accounted for on export of goods if the entitlements can be estimated with reasonable accuracy and conditions precedent to claim are fulfilled.

#### (III) Derivatives and hedging activities

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge it's risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain firm commitments and forecasted transactions. Such forward contracts are utilised against the inflow of funds under firm commitments. The Company does not use the forward contract for speculative purposes. The Company designates these hedging instruments as cash flow hedge. The use of hedging instruments is governed by the Company's policies approved by the Board of Directors, which provide written principles on the use of such financial derivatives consistent with the Company's risk management strategy.

"Hedging instruments are initially measured at fair value and are remeasured at subsequent reporting dates. Changes in the fair value of these derivatives that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised directly in OCI and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as they arise."

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is determined based on observable market inputs including currency spot and forward rates, yield curves, currency volatility etc.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. At that time for forecasted transactions, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognised in OCI is retained until the forecasted transaction occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in Shareholders' Funds is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

#### (N) Employee Benefit

#### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

#### (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the appropriate market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments are recognised in Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

#### (iii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

#### (a) Defined benefit gratuity plan:

Gratuity, which is defined benefit, is accrued based on actuarial valuation working provided by Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC). The Company has opted for a Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC), and the contribution is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss each year. The Company has funded the liability on account of leave benefits through LIC's Group Leave Encashment Assurance Scheme and the Contribution is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.



The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually as provided by LIC. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

#### (b) Defined Contribution plan:

Contribution payable to recognised provident fund and superannuation scheme which is defined contribution scheme is charged to Statement of Profit & Loss. The company has no further obligation to the plan beyond its contribution.

#### (O) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. All the foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other expenses or other income as applicable.

#### (P) Borrowing Cost

- (i) Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- (ii) Borrowings are classified as current financial liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

#### (Q) Earnings per share

# (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company; and
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares; and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### (R) Impairment of Assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for

the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### (S) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

#### (i) Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

# (ii) Contingent liabilities:

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(iii) Contingent Assets: Contingent Assets are disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### (T) Investments

On transition to Ind AS, equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Other Comprehensive Income, except for those mutual fund for which the Company has elected to present the fair value changes in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (U) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for expected credit loss.

#### (V) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are recognised, initially at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.

#### (W) Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non current.

# (X) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees Lacs (upto two decimals), unless otherwise stated as per the requirement of Schedule III (Division II).



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2. Fr Fa		g	OSS CARRY	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	-		DEPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES	INT LOSSES		NET CARRYING AMOUNT
		As at 01.04.2024	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2025	As at 01.04.2024	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2025
H	Freehold Land	683.34	101.67	1	785.01	1	1	1			785.01
_	Factory Building	2,932.67	1	1	2,932.67	1,504.70	133.21	1	1	1,637.91	1,294.76
3.	Office Premises	1,814.17	1	1	1,814.17	548.81	63.48	1	1	612.29	1,201.88
4. Re	Residential Building	21.27	1	1	21.27	6.07	0.74	1	1	6.81	14.46
5. Pl	Plant & Machinery	5,475.67	1,226.41	1	6,702.09	2,555.31	490.13	1	0.00	3,045.43	3,656.66
6. El	Electrical Installation	202.08	4.91	1	206.99	158.87	80.9	1	1	164.95	45.04
7. FL	Furniture & Fixtures	1,344.42	329.28	1	1,673.69	893.33	139.43	1	0.01	1,032.75	640.94
8. Q	Computer	347.84	100.25	1	448.09	253.93	71.64	1	1	325.57	122.52
9.	Vehicle	334.01	196.50	65.93	464.57	216.41	44.01	1	63.85	196.57	268.00
10. Ai	Air Conditioner	192.46	37.94	1	230.40	124.56	32.08	1	1	156.64	73.76
11. Of	Office Equipment	29'608	33.88	ı	343.55	251.65	17.80	-	-	269.45	74.09
ĭ	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	13,657.59	2,030.83	65.93	15,622.49	6,513.64	09.866	•	63.86	7,448.38	8,174.11

GROSS CARRYI	GROS	ROSS CARRYING A	ING A	MOUN			DEPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES	ENT LOSSES		NET CARRYING AMOUNT
As at Purchase Deduction 01.04.2023 During the during the Year Year	Purchase During the Year		Deducti during t Year	ion	As at 31.03.2024	As at 01.04.2023	For the Year	Impairment Losses	mpairment during the Losses Year	Upto 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2024
1. Freehold Land - 683.34 -	683.34 -	-		•	683.34	-	-	-	-	•	683.34
Factory Building - 2,932.67	2,932.67	•		•	2,932.67	1,357.20	147.50	1	•	1,504.70	1,427.97
Office Premises - 1,814.17	1,814.17	•		1	1,814.17	481.78	67.03	•	•	548.81	1,265.35
Residential Building - 21.27 -	21.27	•		1	21.27	5.30	0.78	•	1	6.07	15.20
Plant & Machinery 5,466.99 205.30 196.61	205.30		196	.61	5,475.67	2,187.55	450.37	1	82.62	2,555.31	2,920.37
Electrical Installation - 202.08 -	- 202.08	-		1	202.08	149.21	99.6	-	-	158.87	13.21
Furniture & Fixtures 1,119.24 225.17		225.17		•	1,344.42	790.88	102.45	-	-	893.33	451.09
Computer 286.70 61.13		61.13		1	347.84	201.34	52.59	1	ı	253.93	93.91
Vehicle 280.49 53.52		53.52		'	334.01	185.12	31.29	-	-	216.41	117.59
10. Air Conditioner 52.26		52.26		1	192.46	102.02	22.54	-	-	124.56	06.79
11. Office Equipment 291.44 18.23		18.23		•	309.67	234.38	17.27	1	ı	251.65	28.02
Total Property, Plant and Equipment 13,238.59 615.61	13,238.59 615.61			196.61	13,657.59	5,694.78	901.48	•	82.62	6,513.64	7,143.95

# Note No. 4 - CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr.	Particulars of Assets	As at	Purchase	Deduction	As at
No.		01.04.2024	During the Year	during the Year	31.03.2025
1.	Plant & Machinery	572.04	1,532.14	1,007.60	1,096.58
2.	Furniture & Fixtures	268.84	112.95	359.63	22.16
3.	Factory Building	-	-	-	-
	Total Capital Work-In-Progress #	840.88	1,645.08	1,367.22	1,118.74

(₹ in Lacs)

					( : = ====)
Sr.	Particulars of Assets	As at	Purchase	Deduction	As at
No.		01.04.2023	During the Year	during the Year	31.03.2024
1.	Plant & Machinery	63.24	708.58	199.79	572.04
2.	Factory Building	-	501.83	233.00	268.84
3.	Furniture & Fixtures	-	-	-	-
	Total Capital Work-In-Progress ##	63.24	1,210.42	432.78	840.88

	# Ageing for capital work-in-progr	ess as at March 31	, 2025 is as follows	):		(₹ in Lacs)
Sr.	Particulars of Assets	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
No.		year			years	
1	Plant & Machinery	993.73	76.84	-	26.01	1,096.58
2	Furniture & Fixtures	22.16	-	-	-	22.16
	Total	1,015.89	76.84	-	26.01	1,118.74

	# Ageing for capital work-in-progr	geing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:								
Sr.	Particulars of Assets	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total				
No.		year			years					
1	Plant & Machinery	546.03	-	-	26.01	572.04				
2	Furniture & Fixtures	268.84	-	-	-	268.84				
	Total	814.87	-	-	26.01	840.88				

# Note No. 5 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets		GROSS CARI	RYING AMOUN	IT	DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES					NET CARRYING AMOUNT
		As at 01.04.2024	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2025	As at 01.04.2024	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2025
1.	Office Premises	983.72	-	-	983.72	321.41	31.94	-	-	353.35	630.37
2.	Electrical Installation	125.76	7.45	-	133.21	103.78	6.81	-	-	110.58	22.63
3.	Furniture & Fixtures	1,146.82	174.71	28.29	1,293.24	471.16	197.44	-	7.32	661.28	631.97
4.	Air Conditioner	52.06	-	-	52.06	43.08	4.05	-	-	47.13	4.93
5.	Office Equipment	114.26	6.05	-	120.32	59.56	26.00	-	-	85.56	34.75
	Total Investment Property	2,422.63	188.22	28.29	2,582.55	998.99	266.24	-	7.32	1,257.91	1,324.65

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	1	GROSS CAR	RYING AMOUN	IT	DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES					NET CARRYING AMOUNT
		As at 01.04.2023	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2024	As at 01.04.2023	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2024
1.	Office Premises	983.72	-	-	983.72	287.75	33.66	-	-	321.41	662.31
2.	Electrical Installation	118.77	6.99	-	125.76	97.71	6.07	-	-	103.78	21.98
3.	Furniture & Fixtures	926.17	220.65	-	1,146.82	301.30	169.86	-	-	471.16	675.66
4.	Air Conditioner	47.02	5.04	-	52.06	38.74	4.34	-	-	43.08	8.98
5.	Office Equipment	113.95	0.31	-	114.26	14.78	44.78	-	-	59.56	54.70
	Total Investment Property	2,189.63	233.00	-	2,422.63	740.28	258.71	-	-	998.99	1,423.64



Amount recognised in profit or loss for Investment Properties

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
1.	Rental Income	821.01	640.32
2.	Direct operating expenses.	326.60	431.37
3.	There are no restictions on the realisability of investment property.		
4.	The company is using same life for the same class of asset as applicable for property plant and equipment.		
5.	The company is currently using the propertly as godown for old machinery.		
	<u>Fair Value</u>		
1.	Investment property - Land and Bulding, the market value has not been ascertained.		
2.	The range of estimates within which fair value is highly likely to be- Between Rs.60 Crores to 75 Crores		

# Note No. 6 - OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(₹ in Lacs)

											( \ = 400)
Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	(	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES				
		As at 01.04.2024	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2025	As at 01.04.2024	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2025
1.	Computer Software	276.67	33.12	-	309.79	153.61	46.19	-	-	199.80	110.00
	Total Other Intangible Assets	276.67	33.12	-	309.79	153.61	46.19	-	-	199.80	110.00

(₹ in Lacs)

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										(* ====)		
	Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	(	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES				NET CARRYING AMOUNT
			As at 01.04.2023	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2024	As at 01.04.2023	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2024
	1.	Computer Software	252.68	30.69	6.71	276.67	113.43	44.08	-	3.90	153.61	123.07
		Total Other Intangible Assets	252.68	30.69	6.71	276.67	113.43	44.08	-	3.90	153.61	123.07

# 7. INVESTMENT

Particulars	Face Value	As at 31.	.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024	
	(₹ in Lacs)	Qty	(₹ in Lacs)	Qty	(₹ in Lacs)
Unquoted Equity Instruments:-					
Investment in Others (at FVTPL):					
Palsana Enviro Protection Ltd.	100	72,000	98.40	72,000	98.40
OCM Flooring Private Limited	10	18,000	1.80	18,000	1.80
Investment in Associate(at Cost)					
Neo Stretch Private Limited *	10	66,02,200	660.22	66,02,200	660.22
Total			760.42		760.42

<sup>\*</sup> During the previous year, the company has invested into an associates company "Neo stretch Private Limited" by subscribing to its 22% Share Capital.

# 8. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Security Deposits	485.96	480.99
(b) Loan to Staff	135.76	146.65
Total	621.72	627.64

# 9. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (Net)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
	(₹ in Lacs)	(₹ in Lacs)
(a) Deferred tax Assets (Net) (Refer Note 9.1)	430.93	250.81
Total	430.93	250.81

Note No.: 9.1 (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 01.04.2024	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31.03.2025
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)		profit and loss		
Property, plant and equipment/Investment Property/Other Intangible Assets	70.26	1.35	-	68.91
Fair Value through Profit & Loss	(326.61)	21.93	-	(348.54)
Hedging Reserves	2.15	-	(2.29)	4.44
Business Loss	-	-	-	-
Expenses allowable under income tax on payment basis	108.90	(57.89)	(20.46)	187.26
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	396.10	(122.76)	-	518.86
	250.81	(157.36)	(22.76)	430.93

Particulars	As at 01.04.2023	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31.03.2024
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)				
Property, plant and equipment/Investment Property/Other Intangible Assets	134.46	64.20	-	70.26
Fair Value through Profit & Loss	(287.38)	39.23	-	(326.61)
Hedging Reserves	0.99		(1.16)	2.15
Business Loss	=	-	-	-
Expenses allowable under income tax on payment basis	53.65	(50.14)	(5.11)	108.90
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	363.19	(32.91)	-	396.10
	264.92	20.38	(6.27)	250.81

# Income tax

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31.03.2025

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2025	For the year ended 31 March, 2024
Profit and Loss:		
Current tax – net of reversal of earlier years: Rs. 76.56L (Rs. 5.85L and Rs. 51.68L for FY 18-19 and 19-20 respectively)	1,431.56	1,255.92
Deferred Tax- net of reversal of earlier years : Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: Rs. Nil)	(157.37)	20.38
Income Tax Expenses	1,274.20	1,276.30

# Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate

Particulars	For the year ended 31	For the year ended 31
	March, 2025	March, 2024
Profit before income tax expense	4,463.01	4,747.64
Tax at the Indian tax rate 25.168% (Previous Year 25.168%)	1,123.27	1,194.89
Add: Items giving rise to difference in tax		
Effect of non-deductible expenses	41.26	42.13
House Property Standard Deduction	(57.98)	(44.39)
Depreciation as per for Income Tax for Rental Premises	41.58	38.23
Tax adjustment of earlier years	76.56	-
Others	49.50	45.44
Income Tax Expenses	1,274.20	1,276.30

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \ \textbf{The figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary.}$ 



# 10. NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Advance Tax and Tax deducted at source [Net of Current Tax provision)	164.22	175.82
Total	164.22	175.82

# 11. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Capital Advances	689.00	575.95
(b) Other Deposits	25.11	25.00
(c) Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	153.88	138.35
Total	867.99	739.30

#### 12. INVENTORIES

Particula	ars	As at	As at
		31.03.2025	31.03.2024
		(₹ in Lacs)	(₹ in Lacs)
(a) Raw	v Material	6,425.16	5,271.17
(b) Sem	ni Finished Goods	2,838.02	3,177.89
(c) Finis	shed Fabrics (Refer Note No. 12.1)	16,692.11	15,321.29
(d) Finis	shed Apparels (Refer Note No. 12.2)	8,753.76	7,778.02
(e) Stor	res & Tools	641.18	543.77
(f) Pacl	king Material	957.01	774.03
Tota	al	36,307.24	32,866.17

Note No 12.1: Finished Goods inventory includes Goods in Transit ₹ 86.80 lacs (as at 31.03.2024 - ₹ 246.37 lacs)

Note No 12.2: Traded Finished Goods Inventory includes Goods available with Third Parties on SOR Basis - ₹ 4798.18 (as at 31.03.2024 - ₹ 4,566.87 Lacs)

# 13. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(Unsecured)				
(a) Considered Good (Refer No. 13.1 & 13.2)	21,395.93		17,388.26	
(b) Considered Doubtful	2,061.58		1,573.69	
	23,457.51		18,961.95	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	2,061.58	21,395.93	1,573.69	17,388.26
Total		21,395.93		17,388.26

# Movement in the allowance of Expected Credit Loss

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)			.03.2024 Lacs)
(a)	Balance at the beginning of the year	1,573.69		1,441.48	
(b)	Less: Amounts written off during the year (net)	-	1,573.69	-	1,441.48
(c)	Changes in allowance for doubtful receivables		487.89		132.21
(d)	Balance at end of the year		2,061.58		1,573.69

Ageing for trade receivables - billed - non-current outstanding as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:						(₹ in Lacs)	
	Outs	tanding for f	ollowing peri	ods from d	ue date of p	ayment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
Undisputed trade receivables - considered goods	11,610.32	6,521.97	3,363.18	714.64	223.62	1,023.78	23,457.51
Undisputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11,610.32	6,521.97	3,363.18	714.64	223.62	1,023.78	23,457.51
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables -Billed	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,061.58
Total	11,610.32	6,521.97	3,363.18	714.64	223.62	1,023.78	21,395.93

Ageing for trade receivables - billed - non-current outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:						(₹ in Lacs)	
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
Undisputed trade receivables - considered goods	10,883.36	4,600.77	1,955.54	329.45	186.19	1,006.65	18,961.95
Undisputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	10,883.36	4,600.77	1,955.54	329.45	186.19	1,006.65	18,961.95
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables -Billed	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,573.69
Total	10,883.36	4,600.77	1,955.54	329.45	186.19	1,006.65	17,388.26

# 14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)			
(a)	Balance with banks				
	- In Current Account	145.80		0.96	
(c)	Cash In Hand	23.82	169.62	16.43	17.39
	Total		169.62		17.39

# 15. BANK BALANCES

Par			As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		.03.2024 Lacs)
(a)	Unpaid Dividend Account (Refer Note No. 15.1 & 15.3)	1.09		1.27	
(b)	Margin Money Deposits (Refer Note No. 15.2)	827.61	828.70	1,622.78	1,624.05
	Total		828.70		1,624.05



- Note No 15.1 The Company can utilise these balances towards settlement of unpaid dividend only
- Note No 15.2 Margin money deposits amounting to ₹807.61 lakhs (as at 31.03.2024 ₹ 1,519.65 lakhs) are lying with bank against Bank Guarantees and Letter of Credit.
- Note No 15.3 There are no amounts due for payment to the investor education & Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

# 16. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Deposits	215.07	211.22
(b) Fair Valuation of Forward Contracts	(9.76)	(0.66)
(c) Share Application Money	-	506.00
(d) Loans to Staff	30.49	51.08
Total	235.81	767.64

# 17. OTHER TAX ASSETS (Net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	1
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Trade Advances	1,995.85	2,114.03
(b) Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be receive	d 247.99	217.45
(c) Export Incentive Receivable	810.37	665.23
(d) Balance with Government Authorities	3,180.48	3,262.87
(e) Others	33.97	17.27
Total	6,268.66	6,276.84

# 18. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Par	Particulars		As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024	
		Amt. in Rupees	Qty	(₹ in Lacs)	Qty	(₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Authorised Shares					
	Equity Instruments					
	Equity Shares	2	16,00,00,000	3,200.00	16,00,00,000	3,200.00
(b)	Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up Shares					
	Equity Instruments					
	Equity Shares	2	5,20,00,000	1,040.00	5,20,00,000	1,040.00
	Total			1,040.00		1,040.00

# Note No 18.1: The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting period 31-03-2025:

Particulars		Face Value	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
		₹	No. of shares	Value	No. of shares	Value
				(in Lacs.)		(in Lacs.)
(a)	Number of shares at the beginning	2	5,20,00,000	1,040.00	5,20,00,000	1,040.00
(b)	Add : Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-
(c)	Less : Shares bought back (if any)	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Number of shares at the end		5,20,00,000	1,040.00	5,20,00,000	1,040.00

# Note No 18.2: Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

- (a) The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 2 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. There is no interim dividend proposed by the Board of Directors.
- (b) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note No 18.3: The details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

Sr.	Name of the shareholders	Face Value	As at 31	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
No.		₹	No. of shares held	% of shares held	No. of shares held	% of shares held	
1.	Rahul R. Agarwal	2	47,56,901	9.15%	47,56,901	9.15%	
2.	Bhavardevi Agarwal	2	48,46,785	9.32%	48,46,785	9.32%	
3.	Rajendra Agarwal	2	38,61,814	7.43%	38,61,814	7.43%	
4.	Ajay Agarwal	2	37,29,500	7.17%	37,29,500	7.17%	
5.	Surya A. Agarwal	2	36,43,750	7.01%	36,43,750	7.01%	
6.	Neena Agarwal	2	29,17,750	5.61%	29,17,750	5.61%	
7.	Donear Synthetics Limited	2	26,00,000	5.00%	26,00,000	5.00%	
	Total		2,63,56,500	50.69%	2,63,56,500	50.69%	

**Note No 18.4:** The Board of Directors have recommended dividend of Rs.0.20 per Share (Previous Year Rs.0.20 per share) to be distributied to equity shareholders for the year ended 31.03.2025 as Final Dividend. The total amount of dividend shall be Rs.104.00 lakhs, (Previous Year Rs.104.00 lakhs).

## Note No 18.5: Shares held by Promoters:

The details of the shares held by promoters are as follows:

Sr.	Particulars	As at Marc	h 31, 2025	As at Marc	h 31, 2024	% change
No.		No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	during the year
Α	Promoters Name					
1.	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal	38,61,814	7.43	38,61,814	7.43	=
2.	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal	37,29,500	7.17	37,29,500	7.17	-
В	Promoters Group					
1.	Bhavardevi Vishwanath Agarwal	48,46,785	9.32	48,46,785	9.32	-
2.	Rahul Rajendra Agarwal	47,56,901	9.15	47,56,901	9.15	-
3.	Surya Ajay Agarwal	36,43,750	7.01	36,43,750	7.01	-
4.	Neenadevi Ajay Agarwal	29,17,750	5.61	29,17,750	5.61	-
5.	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)	23,69,471	4.56	23,69,471	4.56	-
6.	Umadevi Rajendra Agarwal	18,71,463	3.60	18,71,463	3.60	-
7.	Rajendra V. Agarwal (HUF)	13,49,000	2.59	13,49,000	2.59	-
8.	Vishwanath L Agarwal (HUF)	11,52,500	2.22	11,52,500	2.22	-
9.	Kavya Rahul Agarwal	19,100	0.04	19,100	0.04	-
10.	Donear Synthetics Limited	26,00,000	5.00	26,00,000	5.00	-
11.	R Ajaykumar Real Estate LLP	24,00,000	4.62	24,00,000	4.62	-
12.	Donear Retail Private Limited	18,40,000	3.54	18,40,000	3.54	-
13.	Rajendra Synthetics LLP	10,40,000	2.00	10,40,000	2.00	-
14.	Sonia Synthetics LLP	3,60,000	0.69	3,60,000	0.69	-
15.	Lav Kush Traders Private Limited	14,000	0.03	14,000	0.03	-

The percentage shareholding above has been computed considering the outstanding number of shares of 5,20,00,000 as at March 31, 2025 and as at March 31, 2024.



# 19. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
Reserves & surplus*		
(a) General Reserves ++	3,499.41	3,499.41
(b) Retained earnings	19,089.62	16,004.80
(c) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
-Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans	(151.63)	(90.78)
-Hedging Reserve	(5.33)	1.48
Total	22,432.07	19,414.91

<sup>\*</sup> For movement, refer statement of changes in equity.

# 20. NON CURRENT BORROWING

Par	Particulars		As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a)	Secured Loans (Refer Note No. 20.1)					
	Term Loans - From Bank					
	Indian Rupee	1,381.81		2,258.96		
	Less : Current Maturities of Long Term Debts (Refer Note No. 23)	869.07	512.74	872.00	1,386.96	
	Total		512.74		1,386.96	

# Note No 20.1: Nature of Securities

Facility	Name of the Bank	Primary	Collateral
GECL 2.0 Loan	1 Bank of Baroda 2 Indian Bank 3 State Bank of India	1 , ,	Dokmandi, Village Amli, Silvassa - 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli; (ii) Plot No. B/58,

# Note No 20.2:Terms of Repayment

Facility	Sr. No.	Term Loan taken from (Bank's Name)	Loan taken in the year	Loan installment started / starting from	Interest Rate (In %)
	1	Bank of Baroda	2021-2022	Apr '22	9.25%
GECL 2.0 Loan	2	Indian Bank	2021-2022	Sep '22	9.00%
Loan	3	State Bank of India	2022-2023	May '23	9.25%

# 21. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Others		
Deposits from dealers / customers (Refer Note No. 21.1)	3,506.38	3,120.80
Total	3,506.38	3,120.80

Note No 21.1: Deposit from Dealers / customers are interest free deposit and repayable on termination of agreement unless otherwise agreed.

<sup>++</sup> General reserve reflects amount transferred from statement of profit and loss in accordance with regulations of the Companies Act, 2013.

## 22. OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Others		
Unearned Income on security deposit received	107.80	137.60
Total	107.80	137.60

# 23. CURRENT BORROWING

Particulars	As at 31	As at 31.03.2025		.03.2024
	(₹ in l	(₹ in Lacs)		Lacs)
(a) Secured Loans (Refer Note No. 23.1)				
From Bank				
(i) Working Capital Loans	29,624.74		25,944.12	
(ii) Cash Credit	4,360.03	33,984.77	1,948.87	27,892.99
(b) Current maturities of long-term debts (Refer Note No. 20)		869.07		872.00
(c) <u>Unsecured Loans</u>				
Loans and Advances from Related Party				
(i) From Directors		3,602.70		3,602.71
Total		38,456.55		32,367.70

# Note No 23.1: Nature of Securities

Facility	Name of the Bank	Primary	Collateral	Guarantee
Working Capital Limits (CC/WCDL/EPC/ FUBD/FBP/LC/BG/ STL)	State Bank of India Bank of Baroda Indian Bank Yes Bank Limited HDFC Bank LTD	First pari-passu charge, by way of hypothecation, over the entire current assets and movable fixed assets of the company, both present and future, in favour of SBICAP Trustee Company Limited, acting in its capacity as trustee for the benefit of the SBI Consortium.	building situated at: (i) Plot No. 910/3, Dokmandi, Village Amli, Silvassa – 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli; (ii) Plot No. B/58, Masat Industrial Estate, Silvassa – 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli; and (iii) Revenue Block Nos. 194 & 195, 206, Kadodara-Bardoli Road, Village Jollwa, Taluka Palsaga, District	Personal Guarantee of Promoter & Managing Director - Mr. Rajendra V Agarwal.

## 24. TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Dues of micro and small enterprises (Refer Note No. 24.1)	271.89	195.32
(b) Dues other than micro and small enterprises (Refer Note No. 24.1)	8,524.47	6,795.34
Total	8,796.35	6,990.66

**Note No 24.1**Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no material overdue principal amounts to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date.

# Note No 24.2: Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Particulars	Outs	tanding for f	ollowing peri	ods from due	date of Pay	ment
	Not due	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
		1 year			3 years	
Trade payables	-					
MSME*	-	271.89	-	-	-	271.89
Others	5,704.95	669.87	84.39	126.23	79.39	6,664.84
Disputed dues - MSME*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5,704.95	941.75	84.39	126.23	79.39	6,936.72
Accrued expenses (Including Employee Liabilities)	-	-	-	-	-	1,859.63
Total	5,704.95	941.75	84.39	126.23	79.39	8,796.35



# Note No 24.3: Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Particulars	Outs	tanding for fo	ollowing peri	ods from due	e date of Pay	ment
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payables	=					
MSME*	=	195.32	-	-	-	195.32
Others	3,313.10	1,753.84	127.78	63.62	68.46	5,326.81
Disputed dues - MSME*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3,313.10	1,949.16	127.78	63.62	68.46	5,522.13
Accrued expenses (Including Employee Liabilities)	-	-	-	-	-	1,468.53
Total	3,313.10	1,949.16	127.78	63.62	68.46	6,990.66

<sup>\*</sup>MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

# 25. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Interest on Security Deposit Payable	31.24	5.81
(b)	Unpaid Dividend	1.09	1.26
(c)	Sundry Creditors for Capital Goods	27.53	69.72
(d)	Deposits	1.56	135.38
	Total	61.42	212.17

# 26. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a)	Advance from Customers	2,100.36		5,378.06	
(b)	Unearned Income on security deposit received	34.43		33.34	
(c)	Statutory Dues Payable	153.20	2,287.99	156.31	5,567.71
	Total		2,287.99		5,567.71

Note: Advance from customers includes advance received from Related Parties amounting to Rs.76.56 Lacs (P.Y. 3,440.60 Lacs)

# 27. PROVISIONS

Pai	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Provision for Employee Benefits		
	Leave Encashment	190.70	164.84
	Gratuity (Refer Note No. 41)	337.03	178.93
	Total	527.74	343.77

# 28. CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (Net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Provision for Taxation [Net of Tax Payments]	1,049.69	443.60
Total	1,049.69	443.60

# 29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Par	Particulars As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)		
(a)	Contingent Liability not provided for in respect of				
	(i) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt		45.85		45.85
	(ii) Other money for which the company is contingently liable:				
	Excise Duty Liability	-		4.17	
	Bonds executed under EPCG Schemes to Customs Authorities	205.94	205.94	107.63	111.80
(b)	Commitments not provided for in respect of				
	(i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)		61.45		81.41
	Total		313.25		239.06

# 30. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		-2024 Lacs)
(a) Sale of Products		82,573.58		75,162.96
(b) Sale of Services		8,205.22		4,149.61
(c) Other Operating Revenue				
Sale of Scrap	120.67		145.41	
Export Incentives	470.30	590.98	456.33	601.74
Total		91,369.78		79,914.31

# 31. OTHER INCOME

Particulars 2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)			2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a) Interest income			,	
Interest on Deposit with Bank	89.65		82.18	
Fair Valuation of Financial Assets	246.52		323.15	
Unwinding of interest on security deposits	62.29		6.02	
Interest on delayed payments from Customers	46.30	444.76	46.26	457.61
(b) Other non-operating income		]		
Net gain on Sale of Fixed Asset	-		16.41	
Sundry balance written back (Net)				
Other Support Services Charges	282.18		366.89	
Miscellaneous Income	0.97	283.15	40.04	423.34
Total		727.91		880.95

# 32. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

Particulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		-2024 Lacs)
Raw Material Consumed				
Opening Stock of Raw Material	5,271.17		5,147.14	
Add : Purchases of Raw Material	30,498.81		25,349.91	
Less : Closing Stock of Raw Material	6,425.16	29,344.81	5,271.16	25,225.89
Total of Cost of materials consumed		29,344.81		25,225.89

# 33. PURCHASES OF STOCK IN TRADE

Particulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Finish Fabric Purchases	15,256.99	13,303.67
(b) Grey Fabric Purchases	1,400.15	198.80
(c) Garment Purchases	4,785.00	3,509.91
Total	21,442.15	17,012.38



# 34. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND STOCK IN TRADE

Par	ticulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a)	Inventories at the end of the year				
	Finished Goods	16,692.11		15,321.29	
	Work in Progress	2,838.02		3,177.89	
	Stock-in-Trade	8,753.76	28,283.89	7,778.02	26,277.20
(b)	Inventories at the beginning of the year				
	Finished Goods	15,321.29		12,790.45	
	Work in Progress	3,177.89		3,359.78	
	Stock-in-Trade	7,778.02	26,277.20	9,398.06	25,548.29
	Total		(2,006.69)		(728.91)

# 35. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Particulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Salaries, Wages & Other Benefits	8,433.85	7,645.87
(b) Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	527.37	420.65
(c) Staff Welfare Expenses	170.89	166.96
Total	9,132.11	8,233.48

# 36. FINANCE COSTS

Par	ticulars	<b>2024</b> (₹ in l	-2025 Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a)	Interest expenses				
	(i) Interest on Term Loan from bank	167.18		246.92	
	(ii) Interest on Other Bank Loan	2,429.82		2,269.62	
	(iii) Interest on Income Tax	-		95.15	
	(iv) Unwinding of interest on security deposits	216.99	2,813.99	171.63	2,783.32
(b)	Other Borrowing Cost				
	(i) Processing Charges	145.34			
	(ii) Interest on Unsecured Loan	10.74	156.08		118.83
(c)	Net Loss on Foreign Currency Transactions Considered as Borrowing Cost		253.17		117.81
	Total		3,223.25		3,019.96

# 37. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Particulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Depreciation	n on Property, Plant and Equipment (Refer Note No. 3)	998.60	900.08
(b) Depreciation	n on Investment Property (Refer Note No. 5)	266.24	260.11
(c) Amortisation	n on Intangible Assets (Refer Note No. 6)	46.19	44.08
Total		1,311.03	1,204.27

## 38. OTHER EXPENSES

rticulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
Consumption of Stores & Spares	(,	1,035.61	(1.11)	964.4	
Manufacturing & Processing Charges		584.35		900.3	
Weaving Charges		1,128.28		782.7	
Other Labour Charges		5,023.50		3,769.2	
Power and Fuel		4,822.73		5,099.5	
Repairs and Maintenance					
On Building	26.95		24.79		
On Machinery	355.09		293.82		
On Others	333.34	715.39	311.82	630.4	
Security Charges		70.39		66.4	
Brokerage on purchase		24.54		47.0	
Legal & Professional Expenses		259.44		226.2	
Travelling & Conveyance		1,106.80		1,029.	
Net Loss / (Gain) on Foreign Currency Transactions		26.73		168.	
Insurance Charges	nce Charges 109.91			91.	
Packing Material Consumed				2,513.	
Rates & Taxes		191.81		241.	
Rent Expense		2,110.96		1,440.	
Interest Expenses		55.36		50.	
Printing & Stationery		114.02		103.	
Postage, Telegram & Telephone		255.45		224.	
Payment to Auditor (Refer Note No. 39.1)		15.11		14.	
Sundry Balance W/off (Net of W/back)		4.75		172.	
Loss on Sale of Scrips		0.09		7.	
Fixed Assets Written Off		2.41		2.	
Allowance for Expected Credit Loss		477.47		116.	
Bad Debts Recovered	10.42		16.00		
Less : Adjusted from Expected Credit Loss	10.42	-	16.00		
Bank Charges		140.55		162.	
Transportation Expenses		965.91		724.	
Sample Expenses		155.27		136.	
Advertisement & Sales Promotion		1,611.52		749.	
CSR Expenses (Refer Note No. 39.2)		86.69		50.	
Sales Commision		1,778.40		1,433.	
Miscellaneous Expenses		212.63		161.	
		25,188.02		22,080.	

# Note No. 38.1 - Payment to Auditor:

Particulars	rs 2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)			-2024 Lacs)
Statutory Auditors Remuneration	,	,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
As an auditor				
- Audit Fees (including Limited Review)		10.07		9.41
Other capacity				
- Certification	0.20		0.70	
- Other Services	1.84	2.04	1.50	2.20
For Taxation Matteres		1.75		1.85
For Cost Audit Fees		1.25		1.25
		15.11		14.71

# Note No. 38.2 - Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure:

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The areas for CSR activities are eradication of hunger and malnutrition, promoting education, art and culture, healthcare, destitute care and rehabilitation, environment sustainability, disaster relief, COVID-19 relief and rural development projects. The disclosure in respect of CSR expenditure is as below:



Particulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
A. Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	86.12	50.00
Less: Amount spent during the year #	86.69	50.00
Carry forward to next year	(0.57)	-
# Nature of CSR activities	Medical And Health Care	Education and Health Care
B. Amount committed towards ongoing projects	Nil	Nil

# 39. EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

# Earning Per Share (EPS) - the numerators and denominators used to calculate Basic and Diluted earning per share :

Par	ticulars	2024	-2025	2023-2024		
		Description	Value	Description	Value	
(a)	Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders	(In Lacs.)	3,188.82	(In Lacs.)	3,471.34	
(b)	Number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year	(In Nos.)	5,20,00,000	(In Nos.)	5,20,00,000	
(c)	Face Value of each Equity Share	(In Rs.)	2.00	(In Rs.)	2.00	
(d)	Basic / Diluted earning per share (a) / (b)	(In Rs.)	6.13	(In Rs.)	6.68	

# 40. Related party disclosures as required under Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below:

Name of the related party and description of relationship.

Rela	ated Par	rties	Nature of Relationship		
(a)	(i)	Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal	Managing Director		
	(ii)	Shri Ajay V. Agarwal	Whole Time Director		
(b)	(i)	Mr. Sachin Gupta (Office vacated w.e.f. 01.08.2024)	Company Secretary		
	(ii)	Mrs. Sejal Shah (Appointed w.e.f. 28.10.2024)	Company Secretary		
(c)	(i)	Mr Ashok Agarwal	Chief Financial Officer		
(d)	(i)	Mrs. Neena Agarwal (Wife of Shri Ajay V. Agarwal)	Relative of Key Management Personnel		
	(ii)	Mr. Rahul Agarwal (Son of Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal)	Relative of Key Management Personnel		
	(iii)	Mr. Surya Agarwal (Son of Shri Ajay V. Agarwal)	Relative of Key Management Personnel		
	(iv)	Mr. Kavya Agarwal (Daughter in Law of Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal)	Relative of Key Management Personnel		
(e)	(i)	Donear Synthetics Limited			
	(ii)	Donear Retail Private Limited			
	(iii)	Rajendra Synthetics Pvt. Ltd			
	(iv)	R. Ajay Kumar Real Estate LLP			
	(v)	Sonia Synthetics LLP			
	(vi)	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)			
	(vii)	Lav Kush Traders Private Limited			
	(viii)	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)			
	(ix)	Vishwanath L Agarwal (HUF)			
	(x)	Neptune Fabs (Mrs. Bhavardevi Agarwal is the proprietor,			
		Mother of Mr. Rajendra Agarwal)			
	(xi)	Venus Textiles (Mrs. Neena Agarwal is the proprietor, wife of Mr. Ajay	Entities where individual		
		Agarwal)	having control / significant		
	(xii)	Lotus Fabrics (Mrs. Uma Agarwal is the proprietor, Wife of	influence or key management		
		Mr. Rajendra Agarwal)	personnel or their relatives		
	(xiii)	Mercury Industries (Mr. Rahul Agarwal is the proprietor, Son of	are able to exercise significant		
		Mr. Rajendra Agarwal)	influence		
	(xiv)	GBTL Limited			
	(xv)	OCM Private Limited			
	(xvi)	UN Reality Private Limited			
	(xvii)	VRA Reality Private Limited			
	(xviii)	Krishna Fabrics (Mr. Surya Agarwal, Son of Mr. Ajay Agarwal)			
	(xix)	Laxmi Enterprises (Mr. Surya Agarwal and Mr. Rahul Agarwal			
	,	are in Partnership)			
	(xx)	Hanuman Fabrics (Mr. Ajay Agarwal is the Proprietor)			
	(xxi)	Shiv Textiles (Mr. Ajay Agarwal HUF is the proprietor)			
	(xxii)	Vinayaka Textiles (Mrs. Kavya Agarwal is the proprietor)			
	(xxiii)	OCM Flooring Private Limited (w.e.f October 17,2022)			
	(xxiv)	Neo Stretch Private Limited (w.e.f March 16, 2024)			

# Disclosure of related party transaction during the year.

(₹ in Lacs)

Nati	ure of	Transaction & Name of the Related Party	2024	-2025		₹ in Lacs) -2024
(a)		nase of Goods, Fixed Assets, Stores & Other Services (Net of Goods				
()	Retur	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	81.47		123.82	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	80.26		136.24	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	200.84		147.74	
	(iv)	Mercury Industries	423.43		151.34	
	(v)	GBTL Limited	6,526.24		6,244.52	
	(vi)	OCM Private Limited	2,041.50	9,353.74	805.43	7,609.09
(b)	Sale o	of Goods, Fixed Assets, Stores & Other Services (Net of Goods Return)				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	-		258.31	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	-		142.49	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	-		199.32	
	(iv)	Mercury Industries	-		309.81	
	(v)	GBTL Limited	8,729.97		4,135.10	
	(vi)	OCM Private Limited	1,032.04	9,762.02	2,203.55	7,248.58
(c)	Direc	tor's Sitting Fees				
	(i)	Mr. Govind Shrikhande	3.50		1.95	
	(ii)	Mr. Deepak Bhageria	-		0.03	
	(iii)	Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	3.50		1.30	
	(iv)	Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	3.50	10.50	2.26	5.54
(d)	Remu	uneration Paid				
	(i)	Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal	36.28		31.40	
	(ii)	Shri Ajay V. Agarwal	16.85		16.60	
	(iii)	Mrs. Neena Agarwal	31.33		31.90	
	(iv)	Mr. Rahul Agarwal	-		12.25	
	(v)	Mr. Surya Agarwal	1.50		6.00	
	(vi)	Mrs. Kavya Agarwal	22.20		14.50	
	(vii)	Mr. Ashok Agarwal	36.99		33.05	
	(viii)	Mrs. Uma Agarwal	3.60		3.60	
	(ix)	Mr. Kishor Sinh Parmar	18.64		17.58	
	(x)	Mr. Sachin Gupta	3.89		9.75	
	(xi)	Mrs. Sejal Shah	4.08	175.36	-	176.63
(e)	Divid	end Paid				
	(i)	R.Ajaykumar Real Estate. LLP	4.80		4.80	
	(ii)	Mrs. Bhaverdevi Agarwal	9.69		9.69	
	(iii)	Mrs. Uma Agarwal	3.74		3.74	
	(iv)	Donear Retail Private Limited	3.68		3.68	
	(v)	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)	4.74		4.74	
	(vi)	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)	2.70		2.70	
	(vii)	Vishwanath L Agarwal (HUF)	2.31		2.31	
	(viii)	Donear Synthetics Limited	5.20		5.20	
	(ix)	Rajendra Synthetics LLP	2.08		2.08	
	(x)	Sonia Synthetics LLP	0.72		0.72	
	(xi)	Lav Kush Traders Private Limited	0.03		0.03	
	(xii)	Mr. Rajendra V. Agarwal	7.72		7.72	
	(xiii)	Mr. Ajay V. Agarwal	7.46		7.46	
	(xiv)	Mrs. Neena A. Agarwal	5.84		5.84	
	(xv)	Mr. Rahul Agarwal	9.51		9.51	
	(xvi)	Mr. Surya Agarwal	7.29		7.29	
	(xvii)	Mrs. Kavya Agarwal	0.04	77.55	0.04	77.55



(₹ in Lacs)

Nat	ure of	Transaction & Name of the Related Party	2024	-2025	2023	-2024
(f)	Rent	<u>Paid</u>				
	(i)	R.Ajaykumar Real Estate. LLP		18.00		18.00
(g)	Inter	rest Paid				
	(i)	UN Reality Private Limited	10.74		17.70	
	(ii)	VRA Reality Private Limited	-	10.74	7.13	24.83
(h)	Rent	Received		] [		
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	1.00		1.00	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	1.00		1.00	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	1.00		1.00	
	(iv)	Mercury Industries	1.00	4.00	1.00	4.00
(i)	Othe	er recovery of expenses		] [		
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	16.02		19.00	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	25.12		30.00	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	16.60		18.78	
	(lv)	Mercury Industries	23.42	81.15	26.22	94.00
(j)	Inves	stment in Associate(at Cost)				
	(i)	Neo Strech Private Limited (w.e.f March 16, 2024)	-	-	660.22	660.22
				19,493.06		15,918.45
						(₹ in Lacs)

	Name of the Related Party		As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
(a)	Outst	anding Net Receivable				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	-		120.36	
	(ii)	OCM Private Limited	849.74		-	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	-	849.74	40.78	161.14
(b)	Outst	anding Net Payable				
	(i)	OCM Private Limited	265.01		-	
	(ii)	GBTL Limited	-		3,652.53	
	(iii)	Venus Textiles	-		26.90	
	(iv)	Neptune Fabs	-		36.75	
	(v)	Mercury Industries	-	265.01	26.52	3,742.70
(c)	Depo	sit Given				
	(i)	R.Ajaykumar Real Estate. LLP	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
(d)	<u>Depo</u>	<u>sit Taken</u>				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	30.00		30.00	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	30.00		30.00	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	30.00		30.00	
	(Iv)	Mercury Industries	30.00	120.00	30.00	120.00
(e)	Loans	s Outstanding				
	(i)	Shri Rajendra Agarwal	1,477.04		1,477.04	
	(ii)	Shri Ajay V. Agarwal	2,125.66	3,602.70	2,125.66	3,602.70
(f)	Guara	antee given by directors				
	(i)	Towards Term Loan	1,381.81		2,258.96	
	(ii)	Towards Working Capital	33,984.77	35,366.58	27,892.99	30,151.95
				40,208.54		31,089.14

## 41. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT

As per IND AS 19 "Employee Benefits", the disclosures of Employee benefits as defined in the said Accounting Standards are given below:

## (i) Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan includes Providend Fund. The expenses recognised for the year are as under:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	2024-25 ₹	2023-24 ₹
Employer's Contribution to Providend Fund	275.89	300.03

## (ii) Defined Benefit Plan

# (a) Gratuity:

The Company operates gratuity plan wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit equivalent to 15 to 25 days/one month salary last drawn for each completed year of service depending on the date of joining. The same is payable on termination of service, retirement or death, whichever is earlier. The benefit vests after 5 years of continuous service.

(b) Major category of plan assets:

The Company has taken plans from Life Insurance Corporation of India

(c) The following tables set out the funded status of the gratuity and leave encashment plans and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

(₹ in Lacs)

		Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
(a)	Defi	ned Benefit Plan - Gratuity	Funded	Funded
	(i)	Assumptions	As on 31/03/2025	As on 31/03/2024
		Discount Rate	7.25%	7.25%
		Salary Escalation	5.00%	3.00%
	(ii)	Table showing changes in present value of obligations	As on 31/03/2025	As on 31/03/2024
		Present value of obligations as at beginning of year	401.63	366.88
		Interest cost	28.11	25.68
		Current Service cost	79.21	57.07
		Benefits paid	(31.65)	(27.71)
		Actuarial (gain)/Loss on obligations	81.31	(20.29)
		Present value of obligations as at end of year	558.62	401.63
	(iii)	Table showing changes in the fair value of plan assets		
		Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	222.70	219.82
		Expected return on plan assets	15.53	15.59
		Contributions	15.00	15.00
		Benefits paid	(31.65)	(27.71)
		Actuarial Gain / (Loss) on Plan assets	-	-
		Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	221.59	222.70
	(iv)	Table showing fair value of plan assets		
		Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	222.70	219.82
		Actual return on plan assets	15.53	15.59
		Contributions	15.00	15.00.
		Benefits Paid	(31.65)	(27.71)
		Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	221.59	222.70
		Funded Status	(337.03)	(178.93)
		Excess of Actual over estimated return on plan assets	-	-
		(Actual rate of return=Estimated rate of return as ARD falls on 31st March)		



	Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
(v)	Actuarial Gain/Loss recognized		
	Actuarial( gain)/Loss for the year Obligation	(81.31)	20.29
	Actuarial (gain)/Loss for the year - Plan Assets	-	-
	Total (gain)/Loss for the year	81.31	(20.29)
	Actuarial (gain)/Loss recognized in the year	81.31	(20.29)
(vi)	The amounts to be recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statements of Profit and Loss		
	Present value of obligations as at the end of year	558.62	401.63
	Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	221.59	222.70
	Funded status	(337.03)	(178.93)
	Net Asset / (Liability) recognized in balance sheet	(337.03)	(178.93)
(vii)	Expenses Recognised in statement of Profit & Loss		
	Current Service cost	79.21	57.07
	Interest Cost	28.11	25.68
	Expected return on plan assets	(15.53)	(15.59)
	Net Actuarial (gain)/Loss recognised in the year	81.31	(20.29)
	Expenses recognised in statement of Profit & Loss	173.10	46.87

# 42 DERIVATIVES

# **HEDGED**:

The Company has entered into forward hedged exchange contracts, being derivative instruments hedge purpose and not intended for trading or speculation purposes, to establish the amount of currency in Indian Rupees required or available at the settlement date of Current Borrowings. The following are the outstanding Forward Exchange Contracts entered into by the Company

Curreney	Pur or Coll	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
Currency	Buy or Sell	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs
USD	BUY	2,39,20,215	20,445.80	2,07,50,720	17,370.30
USD	SELL	-	-	3,71,315	310.67
EURO	SELL	-	-	84,926	77.52

## **UNHEDGED:**

The year end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as under:

# (a) Amount Receivable in Foreign Currency on account of the following:

Particulars and Currency	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31	.03.2024
	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs
USD	12,89,547	1,102.24	19,32,751	1,612.01
Euro	9,00,726	829.48	31,846	28.62

# (b) Amount Payable in Foreign Currency on account of the following :

Particulars and Currency	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31	.03.2024
	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs
USD	1,93,747	165.61	2,25,677	188.23
Euro	25,070	23.09	22,977	20.65

# 43 Additional Regulatory Information

## Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous year	Variance	Remarks for variance more than 25%
Current ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	1.27	1.28	-0.73%	Not Applicable
Debt-Equity ratio (in times)	Debt consists of Non current and current borrowings	Total equity	1.66	1.65	0.61%	Not Applicable
Debt service coverage ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non- cash operating expenses + Interest + Other non-cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments	1.99	2.51	-20.87%	Not Applicable
Return on equity ratio (in %)	Profit for the year less Preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	13.59%	16.97%	-19.95%	Not Applicable
Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	4.71	4.81	-2.09%	Not Applicable
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Cost of equipment and software licences + Other expenses	Average trade payables	9.74	9.30	4.73%	Not Applicable
Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	6.76	6.44	4.96%	Not Applicable
Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	3.49%	4.34%	-19.66%	Not Applicable
Return on capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed = Net worth+ Deferred tax liabilities Return on investment (in %)	32.75%	37.97%	-13.77%	Not Applicable
Inventory Turnover Ratio	COGS - Cost of Goods Sold	Average Value of Inventory	1.86	1.73	7.31%	Not Applicable
Operating profit ratio (in %)	EBIT	Revenue from operations	8.41%	9.72%	-13.45%	Not Applicable
Interest Coverage Ratio (in times)	EBIT	Interest Expense	2.38	2.57	-7.29%	Not Applicable

## 44 Leases

The Company's leasing arrangements are in respect of office premises / warehouse. These leasing arrangements, which is mostly cancelable, range between 11 months to 3 years and are usually renewable by mutual consent at mutually agreed terms & conditions. The lease payment of Rs.2110.96 lakhs (Previous Year Rs.1440.12lakhs) has been recognised as expenses in the statement of Profit & Loss under the Note No. "Other Expenses".

# 45 Struck Off Companies

Where the company has any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956, the Company shall disclose the following details:-

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	as at 31.03.2025	as at 31.03.2024	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
O2 Spa Salon Pvt.Ltd.	Receivables	2,47,800	2,47,800	Customer
Textree [A Div Of K.K.Silk Mills Ltd]	Receivables	592	592	Customer
Ketan Marketing Pvt Ltd	Receivables	6,11,899	9,77,436	Customer



#### 46 Capital Management

## i) Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio and is measured by net debt divided by capital employed. The Company's debt is defined as long term and short term borrowings including current maturities of long term borrowings and total equity (as shown in balance sheet) includes issued capital and all other reserves.

#### ii) Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows.

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
Borrowing	38,969.29	33,754.66
Less: Cash and Cash equivalents	169.62	17.39
Net Debt	38,799.67	33,737.27
Total Equity	23,472.07	20,454.91
Total Equity and Net Debt (Capital Employed)	62,271.74	54,192.17
Gearing ratio	62.31%	62.25%

## 47 Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, price risk and Interest Rate Risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact thereof in the financial statements.

SI. No.	Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
1	Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets.	Credit ratings, Review of aging analysis, Review of investment on quarterly basis.	
2	Liquidity Risk	Trade payables and other financial liabilities.	Maturity analysis, cash flow projections.	Maintaining sufficient cash / cash equivalents and marketable security.
3	Market Risk - Foreign Currency Risk	Highly probable forecast transactions and financial assets and liabilities not denominated in INR.	'	Forward foreign currency contract, future and option.
4	Market Risk - Interest Rate Risk	Fluctuating interest rates on various loans taken from banks and others		Treasure performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.
5	Price Risk – Commodity Prices	Basic ingredients of company raw materials are various grade of Yarn and Dyes where prices are volatile	The company sourcing components from vendors directly, hence it does not hedge its exposure to commodity price risk.	The company is able to pass on substantial price hike to the customers.

The Board provides guiding principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as credit risk, liquidity risk, price risk, investment of surplus liquidity and other business risks effecting business operation. The company's risk management is carried out by the management as per guidelines and policies approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses the direct risk of default, risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration risks. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables), deposits with banks and loans given.

# **Credit Risk Management**

For financial assets the Company has an investment policy which allows the Company to invest only with counterparties having credit rating equal to or above AAA and AA. The Company reviews the creditworthiness of these counterparties on an ongoing basis. Another source of credit risk at the reporting date is from trade receivables as these are typically unsecured. This credit risk has always been managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuous monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to whom credit is extended in the normal course of business. The Company estimates the expected credit loss based on past data, available information on public domain and experience. Expected credit losses of financial assets receivable are estimated based on historical data of the Company. The company has provisioning policy for expected credit losses. There is no credit risk in bank deposits which are demand deposits. The creditors risk is minimum in case of entity to whom loan has been given.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31.03.2025, 31.03.2024 and 01.04.2023 is the carrying value of such trade receivables as shown in note 13 of the financials.

#### The Credit Loss allowances are provided in the case of trade receivables as under:

Loss allowance as on 01.04.2023	1,441.48
Change in loss allowance	132.21
Loss allowance as on 31.03.2024	1,573.69
Change in loss allowance	487.89
Loss allowance as on 31.03.2025	2,061.58

# (B) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the inability of the Company to meet its financial obligations within stipulated time. To mitigate this risk, the Company maintains sufficient liquidity by way of working capital limits from banks

# (C) Market risk

#### Foreign currency risk

The Company significantly operates in domestic market, hence very insignificant portion of export and import took place during the years. Company is mitigating the currency risk by natural and financial hedging.

## Open exposure

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk which are unhedged at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Particulars	CHF	Euro	USD
As at 31.03.2025			
Trade receivables- Foreign Currency	-	9,00,726	12,89,547
Trade receivables- INR in Lacs	-	829.48	1,102.24
Trade payables- Foreign Currency		25,070	1,93,747
Trade payables- INR in Lacs	-	23.09	165.61
Particulars			
As at 31.03.2024			
Trade receivables- Foreign Currency	-	31,846	19,32,751
Trade receivables- INR in Lacs	-	28.62	1,612.01
Trade payables- Foreign Currency	-	22,977	2,25,677
Trade payables- INR in Lacs	-	20.65	188.23

# Sensitivity Anaysis-

The Company is mainly exposed to changes in USD and Euro. The sensitivity analysis demonstrate a reasonably possible change in USD and Euro exchange rates, with all other veriables held constant. 5% appreciation/depreciation of USD and Euro with respect to functional currency of the company will have impact of following (decrease)/increase in Profit & vice versa.



Particulars	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024		
Impact on profit or loss for the year	Strengthens	Weakening	Strengthens	Weakening	
Euro Impact	40.32	(40.32)	0.40	(0.40)	
USD Impact	46.83	(46.83)	71.19	(71.19)	
Total	87.15	(87.15)	71.59	(71.59)	

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

The exposure of company borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
Variable rate borrowings	35,366.58	30,151.95
Fixed rate borrowings	3,602.71	3,602.71
Total borrowings	38,969.29	33,754.66

## **Interest Rate Sensitivity Anaysis-**

Profit/loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Particulars	Pagia Painta	Impact on Profit before Tax			
Particulars	Basis Points	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024		
Increase in Basis points	+50	(176.83)	(150.76)		
Decrease in Basis points	- 50	176.83	150.76		

## (D) Price risk

The company is exposed to price risk in basic ingrediants of Company's raw material and is procuring finished components and bought out materials from vendors directly. The Company monitors its price risk and factors the price increase in pricing of the products.

- 48 In the opinion of the Board, the current assets, loans & advances have a value realisation, in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.
- 49 The balances of Trade Receivables, Trade Payables and Loans and Advances are subject to confirmation and consequential adjustment, if any.
- 50 No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- 51 The Company has neither traded nor invested in crytpo currency or virtual currency during the year.

#### 52 Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of Financial instrument as of 31.03.2025 and 31.03.2024 were as follows-

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	 Fair value as at 31.03.2024	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Key Inputs for Level 3 hierarchy	Significant unobservable input for level 3 hierarchy
Financial assets					
Investment in Equity Instruments through Profit & Loss	100.20	Level 3	Based on industry accepted value.	These are statutory investment required for the operation of the company.	

The fair values of current debtors, cash & bank balances, loan to related party, security deposit to government department, current creditors and current borrowings and other financial liability are assumed to approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

The previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to the current presentation as per the schedule III of Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report attached here with

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

# FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal VakhariaRajendra V. AgarwalAjay V. AgarwalPartnerManaging DirectorWhole-time DirectorMembership No.148916DIN :00227233DIN :00227279

Place : MumbaiAshok B. AgarwalSejal ShahDate : 27th May, 2025Chief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To,

The Members of **DONEAR INDUSTRIES LIMITED** 

#### Report on Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

**Key Audit Matter** 

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of Donear Industries Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its associate company (the Holding Company and its associate together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate Financial Statements of the associate company referred to in point 1 in the paragraph on "Other Matters" below, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their Consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025, of Consolidated Profit (including other comprehensive income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and its Consolidated Cash Flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements Section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountant of India (ICAI), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Sr.

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Response To Key Audit Matter

No.	Key Addit Matter	nesponse to key Addit Matter
	Inventory Valuation	
1	As at March 31, 2025 the Group held Rs. 36,307.25 Lakhs of inventory representing 46.09% of total assets. Out of which Stock amounting to Rs. 4,798.18 Lakhs is lying at third party on sale or return basis. Given the size of the inventory balance relative to the total assets of the Group and the number of stores / locations at which inventory was held and the estimates and judgments described below and the valuation of inventory required significant audit attention.	Principal Audit Procedures  We have performed the following procedures over the valuation of inventory:-  • For sample inventory items, re-performed the weighted average cost calculation and compared the weighted average cost to the average purchase price of invoices;  • Held discussion with management, including operational
	As disclosed in Note No. 2(F), inventories are held at the lower of cost or net realisable value determined using the weighted average cost method, except for Dyes and Chemicals included in cost of Raw Material is determined on First-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.	personnel, to understand and corroborate the assumption applied in valuation;  • Evaluated key assumption made by management that current
	At year end, the valuation of inventory is reviewed by management and the cost of inventory is reduced where inventory forecasts to be sold below cost.	shrinkage levels were consistent with historical levels;     On a sample basis we tested the net realizable value of inventory lines with recent selling prices of finished goods wherein these raw materials are used:
	The Company has systems and processes including a barcode inventory management system to accurately record inventory movements for stock lying at third party. This process is managed another than the controlled by head office for consistency.	We tested the inventory valuation sheet and cost added to inventory for such valuation.
	centrally by head office for consistency.  There are judgments applied in assessing the level of provision for inventory shrinkage. Management provide for shrinkage each month on their working and judgment.	We also made enquiries with the management and considered the results of our testing above to determine whether any specific write downs were required.  From the procedures performed we have no matters to report.

## Other Information

The Holding Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, the consolidated financial performance, the consolidated changes in equity and the consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entity included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditor, such other auditor remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entity included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Other Matters**

1. The Consolidated Financial Statements include the audited Financial Statements of one associate company, whose Financial Statements reflect Group's share of total net loss of Rs. 2.03 lakhs for the year from April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2025, as considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by their respective independent auditor. The independent auditors' report on Financial statements of this entity have been furnished to us and our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this entity, is based solely on the report of such auditor and the procedures performed by us are as stated in paragraph above.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor.

#### Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other Auditor on separate Financial Statements of the associate company referred to in the paragraph on "Other Matters", we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept by the Holding Company, its associate company included in the group, so far as appears from our examination of those books and report of the other auditor.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated statement of changes in equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and the associate Company incorporated in India as on March 31, 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, we report that none of the directors of the Group is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its associate Company incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A".
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on the Financial Statements of one associate company:
  - i. The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Consolidated Financial Statements (Refer Note. 29 to the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements).
  - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivatives contracts.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, during the year ended March 31, 2025.
- iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
  - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- b. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Group from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
  - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
  - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (iv) (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- V. The dividend declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- VI. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Company and CARO report issued by other auditor of its associate company to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in its CARO report.
- VII. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Holding Company and its associate company have used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

For Kanu Doshi Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner Membership no. 148916 UDIN: 25148916BMKNLV8705

Place: Mumbai Date: 27<sup>th</sup> May 2025



# ANNEXURE A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph (f) of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Donear Industries Limited ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its associate company incorporated in India, as of that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of Holding Company and its associate Company incorporated in India are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company and considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Holding Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its associate Company incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company and its associate Company incorporated in India and internal financial control system over financial reporting.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Holding Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its associate Companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company and associate company incorporated in India considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For Kanu Doshi Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN. No. 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner Membership no. 148916 UDIN: 25148916BMKNLV8705

Place: Mumbai Date: 27th May 2025



# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025**

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars		Note As at 31.03.2025 No.		As at 31.03.2024			
I A	ASSE	TS					
-		on - Current Assets					
(.	(a		3	8,174.11		7,143.95	
	,	Capital Work-in-progress	4	1,118.74		840.88	
		Investment Property	5	1,324.65		1,423.64	
	(d)	• •	6	110.00		123.07	
	•	) Financial Assets					
	(-	(i) Investment	7	758.03		760.06	
		(ii) Other Non-Current Financial Assets	8	621.72		627.64	
	(f)	` '	9	430.93		250.81	
	٠,,	Other Tax Assets (Net)	10	164.22		175.82	
		Other Non-Current Assets	11	867.99	13,570.39	739.30	12,085.17
(2	,	urrent Assets	İ		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,
`	, (a		12	36,307.24		32,866.17	
	(b	·		,		,	
		(i) Trade Receivables	13	21,395.93		17,388.26	
		(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	14	169.62		17.39	
		(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	15	828.70		1,624.05	
		(iv) Other Current Financial Assets	16	235.81		767.64	
	(c)	` '	17	6,268.66	65,205.96	6,276.84	58,940.35
	(-)	TOTAL ASSETS		-,	78,776.35	-,	71,025.52
Е	QUIT	ΓΥ AND LIABILITIES ΓΥ nareholder's fund					
	(a	) Equity Share Capital	18	1,040.00		1,040.00	
	(b	) Other Equity	19	22,429.68	23,469.68	19,414.55	20,454.5
		LITIES					
(2	) <u>No</u>	on-current liabilities					
	(a	) Financial Liabilities					
		(i) Non Current Borrowings	20	512.74		1,386.96	
		(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	21	3,506.38		3,120.80	
	•	Other Non Current Liabilities	22	107.80	4,126.92	137.60	4,645.36
(3)	, —	urrent liabilities					
	(a	) Financial Liabilities					
		(i) Current Borrowings	23	38,456.55		32,367.70	
		(ii) Trade Payables	24	8,796.35		6,990.66	
		(iii) Other Current Financial Liabilities	25	61.42		212.17	
	•	) Other Current Liabilities	26	2,287.99		5,567.71	
		Provisions	27	527.74		343.77	
	(d	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	28	1,049.69	51,179.75	443.60	45,925.6
		TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			78,776.35		71,025.52

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached here with FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia

Partner

Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date : 27th May, 2025 Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN :00227233

Ashok B. Agarwal Chief Financial Officer Ajay V. Agarwal Whole-time Director DIN:00227279

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(₹ in Lacs)

			(\ III Eu00)
Particulars Particulars	Note No.	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from operations	30	91,369.78	79,914.31
Other income	31	727.91	880.95
TOTAL REVENUE		92,097.69	80,795.26
Expenses			
Cost of Materials Consumed	32	29,344.81	25,225.89
Purchases of stock-in-trade	33	21,442.15	17,012.38
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	34	(2,006.69)	(728.91)
Employee benefits expenses	35	9,132.11	8,233.48
Finance costs	36	3,223.25	3,019.96
Depreciation and Amortisation expense	37	1,311.03	1,204.27
Other expenses	38	25,188.02	22,080.55
TOTAL EXPENSES		87,634.68	76,047.62
Profit before exceptional items and tax		4,463.01	4,747.64
Exceptional items		-	· -
Profit before tax		4,463.01	4,747.64
Less: Tax Expenses			
Current tax			
of Current Year		1,431.56	1,255.92
<u>Deferred tax</u>			
of Current Year		(157.37)	20.38
TOTAL TAX EXPENSES		1,274.19	1,276.30
Profit / (Loss) for the period		3,188.82	3,471.34
Share of Profit/(Loss) from the Associate Company		(2.03)	(0.36)
Profit after tax	(A)	3,186.79	3,470.98
Other Comprehensive Income			
A. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(9.10)	(4.61)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		2.29	1.16
B. (i) Items that will be nor be reclassified to profit or loss		(81.31)	(20.29)
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		20.46	5.11
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year	(B)	(67.66)	(18.63)
Total Comprhensive Income for the year	(A+B)	3,119.13	3,452.35
Earning per equity share :	39		
(1) Basic Earning Per Share		6.13	6.67
(2) Diluted Earning Per Share		6.13	6.67
(3) Face Value Per Share		2.00	2.00
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report attached here with

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner

Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date : 27th May, 2025 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN :00227233

Ashok B. Agarwal Chief Financial Officer Ajay V. Agarwal Whole-time Director DIN:00227279



# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025**

(₹ in Lacs)

	Particulars	Note No.	202	4-25	2023	3-24
T	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
1	Net Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss					4,747.26
	Adjustment for :					
	(a) Depreciation		1,311.03		1,204.27	
	(b) Interest Expenses		3,006.26		2,848.33	
	(c) Interest Income		(89.65)		(82.18)	
	(d) (Profit) / Loss on sale of fixed assets		(00.00)		(16.41)	
	(e) Fixed Assets Written Off		2.41		2.81	
	(f) Allowance for Expected Credit Loss		477.47		116.21	
	(g) Unrealised Foreign Exchange rate difference(Net)		121.29		117.18	
	(h) Sundry Balance written Off / (Back) (Net)		4.75		172.55	
	(i) IND AS Adjustment		(60.05)		(155.66)	
	(j) Fair Valuation of Forward Contract through FVOCI		(9.10)		(4.61)	
	(k) Share of Profit (Loss) from the Associate Company		2.03		0.36	
	(I) Provisions no longer required		-	4,766.44	-	4,202.85
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes			9,227.42		8,950.11
	Adjustment for :					
	(a) (Increase) / Decrease in trade and other receivables		(3,967.91)		(3,878.64)	
	(b) (Increase) / Decrease in inventories		(3,441.08)		(753.42)	
	(c) Increase / (Decrease) in trade, other Payables and provisions		(1,058.53)	(8,467.52)	4,293.20	(338.86)
	Cash Generated From Operations			759.90		8,611.25
	(a) Direct Tax Paid (Net)			(813.87)		(1,544.29)
	Net Cash from/(used) Operating Activities	Total (I)		(53.97)		7,066.97
II	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		(2,664.30)		(2,067.16)	
	Sales Proceeds of property, plant and equipment		(0.34)		130.40	
	Puchase of Investments		(0.0.)		(660.22)	
	Fixed Deposits with Bank		795.17		(280.07)	
	Interest Income received		89.65		63.46	
	Net Cash from/(used) Investing Activities	Total (II)	09.00	(1,779.82)	00.40	(2,813.59)
III	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Total (II)		(1,773.02)		(2,013.33)
""			(974.99)		(970 E0)	
	Repayment of Non Current Borrowings		(874.22)		(870.50)	
	Proceeds from Current Borrowings		5,970.11		(831.95)	
	Interest Paid		(3,006.26)		(2,848.33)	
	Dividend Paid	T . 1 . 1 (11)	(104.00)	4 005 00	(104.00)	(4.054.70)
	Net Cash from/(used) Financing Activities	Total (III)		1,985.63		(4,654.78)
<u> </u>	Matthews (days and ) in Oach and Oach English (1971)	T-4-'		454.65		(404.45)
	Net Increase/(decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III)	Total		151.85		(401.40)
	OPENING BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			18.66		420.17
	CLOSING BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			170.51		18.77
-		Total		151.85		(401.40)
No	tes:					
	(1) Cash and cash equivalants include: (Refer Note No 14)					
	(a) Cash in hand		23.82		16.43	
	(b) Cheque in Hand		-		-	
	(c) <u>Balance with Scheduled Banks</u>					
	in Current Accounts		145.80		0.96	
	Unpaid Dividend Account		1.09		1.27	
				170.71		18.66
	Unrealised translation gain/(loss)			(0.20)		0.11
	•	Total		170.51		18.77
	<ul><li>(2) Interest received on delayed payments from Customers (Rs.46.30 I Activities.</li></ul>	acs) (Previou	s Year Rs.46.26 La	acs) has been cons	sidered as cash flow	w from Operating
	(3) The cash flow statement has been prepared under the Indirect Met	hod as set out	in Indian Accounti	ng Standard (IND	AS 7) statement of	cash flows.
	(4) Previous year figures have been regrouped/restated wherever cons					

(4) Previous year figures have been regrouped/restated wherever considered necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year.

As per our report attached here with

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner

Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date : 27th May, 2025 Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN :00227233 Ajay V. Agarwal Whole-time Director DIN :00227279

**Ashok B. Agarwal** Chief Financial Officer

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST MARCH, 2025

# A. Equity Share Capital

Statement of Changes in Equity

(₹ in Lacs)

Balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at March 31, 2025
1,040.00	-	1,040.00	-	1,040.00

(₹ in Lacs)

Balance as at April 1, 2023	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance as at April 1, 2023	Changes in equity share capital during the year*	Balance as at March 31, 2024
1,040.00	-	1,040.00	-	1,040.00

B. Other Equity (₹ in Lacs)

Postinulose	Reservers and Surplus		Other items of Other co	Tatal	
Particulars	General Reserves	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans	Hedging Reserves	Total
Balance at at 31st March, 2023	3,499.41	12,637.45	(75.59)	4.94	16,066.21
Profit for the year	-	3,470.98	-	-	3,470.98
Final Dividend paid	-	(104.00)	-	-	(104.00)
Hedging Profit	-	-	-	(3.45)	(3.45)
Remeaurements of Defined Benefit Plan	-	-	(15.18)	-	(15.18)
Balance at at 31st March, 2024	3,499.41	16,004.44	(90.78)	1.48	19,414.55
Profit for the year	-	3,186.79	-	-	3,186.79
Final Dividend paid	-	(104.00)	-	-	(104.00)
Hedging Profit	-	-	-	(6.81)	(6.81)
Remeaurements of Defined Benefit Plan	-	-	(60.85)	-	(60.85)
Balance at at 31st March, 2025	3,499.41	19,087.23	(151.63)	(5.33)	22,429.68
	3,499.41	19,087.23	, ,	(5.	33)

As per our report attached here with

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

Kunal Vakharia Partner Membership No 1/8916

Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai

Date: 27th May, 2025

Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN :00227233

**Ashok B. Agarwal** Chief Financial Officer

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ajay V. Agarwal Whole-time Director DIN:00227279



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

#### 1 Company Overview

Donear Industries Limited ("DIL" or "The Company") is an existing public limited company incorporated on 01/01/1987 under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1956 and deemed to exist within the purview of the Companies Act, 2013, having its registered office at Donear House, 8th Floor, Plot No. A-50, Road No. 1, MIDC, Andheri (East), Mumbai- 400093. The Company is manufaturer of fabrics having its own brand name "Donear" and also trading in garments under the brand name of "Dcot". The Company sell its product through multiple channels including wholesale, retail and franchisee etc. during the year ended 31st March' 2025. The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (n).

# 2 Significant Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## (A) Basis Of Preparation Of Financial Statement

#### i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements Complies in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and other relevant provisions of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 27th May, 2025.

These financial statements and notes have been presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the functional currency. All the amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lacs as per requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise indicated.

## ii) Historical cost convention

The Company follows the mercantile system of accounting and recognizes income and expenditure on an accrual basis. The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the following:

- (a) Certain financial assets and liabilities (Including Derivative Instruments) that are measured at fair value;
- (b) Defined benefit plans where plan assets are measured at fair value.

## iii) Current and Non Current Classification.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's operating cycle (Twelve Months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

## (B) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgments based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under existing circumtances. Difference between actual results and estimate related to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The said estimates are based on facts and events, that existes as at reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

# (C) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

# (I) Financial Assets

## (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- (a) Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss); and
- (b) Those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

- (a) For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in Profit and Loss or Other comprehensive income.
- (b) For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held.
- (c) For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset and in the case of a financial asset not at fair value then through Profit and Loss,. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through Profit and Loss are expensed in Profit and Loss.

#### (a) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

- i) Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit and loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other income or other expenses (as applicable). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- iii) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through Profit and Loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through Profit and Loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in Profit and Loss and presented net in the statement of Profit and Loss within other income or other expenses (as applicable) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income or other expenses, as applicable.

## (b) Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has selected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income and there is no subsequent reclassification, on sale or otherwise, of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through Profit and Loss are recognised in other income or other expenses, as applicable in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

# (iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime credit losses (ECL) to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the Company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.



#### (iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when -

- (a) The Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- (b) Retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

## (II) Financial Liabilities

#### (i) Measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, reduced by transaction costs (in case of financial liability not at fair value through Profit and Loss), that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liability. After initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash outflow (including all fees paid, transaction cost, and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. At the time of initial recognition, there is no financial liability irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (ii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

## (D) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortization, where appropriate.

## (E) Segment Report

- (i) The company identifies primary segment based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisaiton and mangagement structure. The operating segment are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the executive Management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.
- (ii) The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Company operate.

# (F) Inventories Valuation

- (i) Raw materials (excluding Dyes and Chemicals), Components, Stores and Spares, Packing Materials are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average cost basis.
- (ii) Cost of Dyes and Chemicals included in the cost of Raw Material are determined on first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.
- (iii) Work-in-Progress and Finished Goods are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost are determined on estimated cost basis and valued on a weighted average basis.
- (iv) Traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.
- (v) Scrap is valued at net realisable value.
- (vi) Due allowances are made in respect of slow moving, non-moving and obsolete inventories based on estimate made by the Management.
- (vii) Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (G) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits with banks, deposit held at call with financial institutions, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes outstanding bank overdraft shown within current liabilities in statement of financial balance sheet and which are considered as integral part of company's cash management policy.

#### (H) Income tax and Deferred tax

The Income tax expense or credit for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or other comprehensive income respectively.

#### (i) Current income tax

Current tax charge is based on taxable profit for the year. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilised.

Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured based on the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect changes in probability that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are off-set against each other and the resultant net amount is presented in the Balance Sheet, if and only when, (a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the current income tax assets and liabilities, and (b) the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority.

#### (I) Property, plant and equipment

- (i) Freehold land is carried at historical cost including expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the land.
- (ii) All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- (iii) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- (iv) Cost of Capital Work in Progress ('CWIP') comprises amount paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each balance sheet date and construction expenditures, other expenditures necessary for the purpose of preparing the CWIP for it intended use and borrowing cost incurred before the qualifying asset is ready for intended use. CWIP is not depreciated until such time as the relevant asset is completed and ready for its intended use.
- (v) Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value
  - (a) Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.



- (b) Depreciation is provided on a pro rata basis on the written down value method over the estimated useful lives of the assets which is as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, unless it is included in the carrying amount of any other asset. The useful life, residual value and the depreciation method are reviewed atleast at each financial year end. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.
- (vi) Tangible assets which are not ready for their intended use on reporting date are carried as capital work-in-progress.
- (vii) The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss within other expenses or other income as applicable.

#### (J) Investment Property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both and which is not occupied by the Company, is classified by Investing property. Investment property is measured at cost including related transaction cost and where applicable borrowing cost. Investment properties are depreciated at the same rate applicable for class of asset under Property, Plant and Equipment.

## (K) Intangible assets

- (i) An intangible asset shall be recognised if, and only if: (a) it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and (b) the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.
- (ii) Computer software is capitalised where it is expected to provide future enduring economic benefits. Capitalisation costs include licence fees and costs of implementation / system integration services. The costs are capitalised in the year in which the relevant software is implemented / ready for use. The same is amortised over a period of 5 years on straight-line method.

#### (L) Leases

## (i) As a lessee

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the company as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### (ii) As a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

## (M) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are inclusive of excise duty and net of returns, trade discount, rebates. The Company recognises revenue as under:

Effective 01 April, 2018, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard 115 (IND AS 115) - "Revenue from contracts with customers" using the cumulative catch-up transition method applied to the contract that was not completed as on the transaction date 01st April, 2018. Accordingly the comparative amounts of revenue and the corresponding contract assets / liabililities have not been retrospectively adjusted. The effect on adoption of IND-AS 115 was insignificant.

## (I) Sales

#### (i) The Company recognizes revenue from sale of goods & services when:

- (a) The significant risks and rewards of ownership in the goods are transferred to the buyer as per the terms of the contract, which coincides with the delivery of goods and with regard to services, when services are rendered.
- (b) The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with the ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- (c) The amount of revenue can be reliably measured.
- (d) It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company.
- (e) The cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

(f) The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

#### (II) Other Income

## (i) Interest Income

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### (ii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (iii) Export Benefits

Export incentives are accounted for on export of goods if the entitlements can be estimated with reasonable accuracy and conditions precedent to claim are fulfilled.

#### (III) Derivatives and hedging activities

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge it's risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain firm commitments and forecasted transactions. Such forward contracts are utilised against the inflow of funds under firm commitments. The Company does not use the forward contract for speculative purposes. The Company designates these hedging instruments as cash flow hedge. The use of hedging instruments is governed by the Company's policies approved by the Board of Directors, which provide written principles on the use of such financial derivatives consistent with the Company's risk management strategy.

Hedging instruments are initially measured at fair value and are remeasured at subsequent reporting dates. Changes in the fair value of these derivatives that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised directly in OCI and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as they arise.

The fair value of derivative financial instruments is determined based on observable market inputs including currency spot and forward rates, yield curves, currency volatility etc.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. At that time for forecasted transactions, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognised in OCI is retained until the forecasted transaction occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in Shareholders' Funds is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year.

## (N) Employee Benefit

#### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

#### (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the appropriate market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments are recognised in Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.



#### (iii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

#### (a) Defined benefit gratuity plan:

Gratuity, which is defined benefit, is accrued based on actuarial valuation working provided by Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC). The Company has opted for a Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC), and the contribution is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss each year. The Company has funded the liability on account of leave benefits through LIC's Group Leave Encashment Assurance Scheme and the Contribution is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually as provided by LIC. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss. Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

#### (b) Defined Contribution plan:

Contribution payable to recognised provident fund and superannuation scheme which is defined contribution scheme is charged to Statement of Profit & Loss. The company has no further obligation to the plan beyond its contribution.

#### (O) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. All the foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other expenses or other income as applicable.

#### (P) Borrowing Cost

- (i) Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.
- (ii) Borrowings are classified as current financial liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

#### (Q) Earnings per share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company; and
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares; and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### (R) Impairment of Assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### (S) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

#### (i) Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

#### (ii) Contingent liabilities:

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(iii) Contingent Assets: Contingent Assets are disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### (T) Investments

On transition to Ind AS, equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Other Comprehensive Income, except for those mutual fund for which the Company has elected to present the fair value changes in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (U) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for expected credit loss.

#### (V) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are recognised, initially at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.

#### (W) Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non current.

#### (X) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees Lacs (upto two decimals), unless otherwise stated as per the requirement of Schedule III (Division II).



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d		5	OSS CARR	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	Т		DEPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES	INT LOSSES		NET CARRYING AMOUNT
ğ <u>8</u>	Particulars of Assets	As at 01.04.2024	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2025	As at 01.04.2024	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2025
÷	Freehold Land	683.34	101.67	1	785.01	1	•	1	1	•	785.01
ς;	Factory Building	2,932.67		•	2,932.67	1,504.70	133.21	•	•	1,637.91	1,294.76
რ	Office Premises	1,814.17	•	-	1,814.17	548.81	63.48	-	•	612.29	1,201.88
4.	Residential Building	21.27		1	21.27	6.07	0.74	1	1	6.81	14.46
5.	Plant & Machinery	5,475.67	1,226.41	•	6,702.09	2,555.31	490.13	•	00.00	3,045.43	3,656.66
9	Electrical Installation	202.08	4.91	-	206.99	158.87	80.9	-	•	164.95	42.04
7.	Furniture & Fixtures	1,344.42	329.28	1	1,673.69	893.33	139.43	1	0.01	1,032.75	640.94
ω	Computer	347.84	100.25	•	448.09	253.93	71.64	•	•	325.57	122.52
6	Vehicle	334.01	196.50	65.93	464.57	216.41	44.01	-	63.85	196.57	268.00
10.	Air Conditioner	192.46	37.94	-	230.40	124.56	32.08	-	-	156.64	73.76
11.	Office Equipment	309.67	33.88	-	343.55	251.65	17.80	-	-	269.45	74.09
	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	13,657.59	2,030.83	65.93	15,622.49	6,513.64	09.866	•	63.86	7,448.38	8,174.11

(₹ in Lacs)

ò		Б	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT	YING AMOUN	F		DEPRECIATION/IMPAIRMENT LOSSES	ON/IMPAIRME	INT LOSSES		NET CARRYING AMOUNT
8	Particulars of Assets	As at 01.04.2023	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2024	As at 01.04.2023	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2024
÷	Freehold Land	683.34		•	683.34		•		•	•	683.34
ς.	Factory Building	2,932.67	1	1	2,932.67	1,357.20	147.50	1	1	1,504.70	1,427.97
က်	Office Premises	1,814.17	•	•	1,814.17	481.78	67.03	•	•	548.81	1,265.35
4.	Residential Building	21.27		•	21.27	5.30	0.78		•	6.07	15.20
5.	Plant & Machinery	5,466.99	205.30	196.61	5,475.67	2,187.55	450.37	1	82.62	2,555.31	2,920.37
9	Electrical Installation	202.08	•	•	202.08	149.21	99.6	•	•	158.87	43.21
7.	Furniture & Fixtures	1,119.24	225.17	•	1,344.42	790.88	102.45	1	•	893.33	451.09
ωi	Computer	286.70	61.13	1	347.84	201.34	52.59	1	1	253.93	93.91
<u>ල</u>	Vehicle	280.49	53.52	•	334.01	185.12	31.29	•	•	216.41	117.59
10.	Air Conditioner	140.20	52.26	•	192.46	102.02	22.54	•	-	124.56	06.79
11.	Office Equipment	291.44	18.23	-	309.67	234.38	17.27	-	-	251.65	58.02
	Total Property, Plant and Equipment	13,238.59	615.61	196.61	5,694.78	901.48	•	82.62	63.86	7,448.38	7,143.95

#### Note No. 4 - CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr.	Particulars of Assets	As at	Purchase	Deduction	As at
No.		01.04.2024	During the Year	during the Year	31.03.2025
1.	Plant & Machinery	572.04	1,532.14	1,007.60	1,096.58
2.	Furniture & Fixtures	268.84	112.95	359.63	22.16
3.	Factory Building	•	-	=	-
	Total Capital Work-In-Progress #	840.88	1,645.08	1,367.22	1,118.74

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	As at 01.04.2023	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2024
1.	Plant & Machinery	63.24	708.58	199.79	572.04
2.	Furniture & Fixtures	-	501.83	233.00	268.84
3.	Factory Building	-	-	=	-
	Total Capital Work-In-Progress #	63.24	1,210.42	432.78	840.88

#### # Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
1	Plant & Machinery	993.73	76.84	-	26.01	1,096.58
2	Furniture & Fixtures	22.16	-	-	-	22.16
	Total	1,015.89	76.84	-	26.01	1,118.74

#### # Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
1	Plant & Machinery	546.03	-	-	26.01	572.04
2	Furniture & Fixtures	268.84	-	=	-	268.84
	Total	814.87	-	-	26.01	840.88

#### Note No. 5 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets		GROSS CARI	RYING AMOUN	IT	Ι	DEPRECIA	TION/IMPAIRM	ENT LOSSES	3	NET CARRYING AMOUNT
		As at 01.04.2024	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2025	As at 01.04.2024	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2025
1.	Office Premises	983.72	-	-	983.72	321.41	31.94	-	-	353.35	630.37
2.	Electrical Installation	125.76	7.45	-	133.21	103.78	6.81	-	-	110.58	22.63
3.	Furniture & Fixtures	1,146.82	174.71	28.29	1,293.24	471.16	197.44	-	7.32	661.28	631.97
4.	Air Conditioner	52.06	-	-	52.06	43.08	4.05	-	-	47.13	4.93
5.	Office Equipment	114.26	6.05	-	120.32	59.56	26.00	-	-	85.56	34.75
	Total Investment Property	2,422.63	188.22	28.29	2,582.55	998.99	266.24	-	7.32	1,257.91	1,324.65

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets		GROSS CAR	RYING AMOUN	NT	I	DEPRECIA	TION/IMPAIRN	ENT LOSSES	3	NET CARRYING AMOUNT
		As at 01.04.2023	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2024	As at 01.04.2023	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2024
1.	Office Premises	983.72	-	-	983.72	287.75	33.66	-	-	321.41	662.31
2.	Electrical Installation	118.77	6.99	-	125.76	97.71	6.07	-	-	103.78	21.98
3.	Furniture & Fixtures	926.17	220.65	-	1,146.82	301.30	169.86	-	-	471.16	675.66
4.	Air Conditioner	47.02	5.04	-	52.06	38.74	4.34	-	-	43.08	8.98
5.	Office Equipment	113.95	0.31	-	114.26	14.78	44.78	-	-	59.56	54.70
	Total Investment Property	2,189.63	233.00	-	2,422.63	740.28	258.71	-	-	998.99	1,423.64



#### Amount recognised in profit or loss for Investment Properties

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
1.	Rental Income	821.01	640.32
2.	Direct operating expenses.	326.60	431.37

- 3. There are no restictions on the realisability of investment property.
- 4. The company is using same life for the same class of asset as applicable for property plant and equipment.
- 5. The company is currently using the propertly as godown for old machinery.

#### Fair Value

- 1. Investment property Land and Bulding, the market value has not been ascertained.
- 2. The range of estimates within which fair value is highly likely to be- Between Rs.60 Crores to 75 Crores

#### Note No. 6 - OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr.	Particulars of Assets	(	GROSS CARR	YING AMOUN	Т		DEPREC	IATION/IMPAIF	RMENT LOSSES		NET CARRYING AMOUNT
		As at 01.04.2024	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2025	As at 01.04.2024	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2025
1	Computer Software	276.67	33.12	-	309.79	153.61	46.19	-	-	199.80	110.00
	Total Other Intangible Assets	276.67	33.12	-	309.79	153.61	46.19	-	-	199.80	110.00

(₹ in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Assets	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT				DEPREC	IATION/IMPAIR	RMENT LOSSES		NET CARRYING AMOUNT	
		As at 01.04.2023	Purchase During the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31.03.2024	As at 01.04.2023	For the Year	Impairment Losses	Deduction during the Year	Upto 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2024
1.	Computer Software	252.68	30.69	6.71	276.67	113.43	44.08	-	3.90	153.61	123.07
	Total Other Intangible Assets	252.68	30.69	6.71	276.67	113.43	44.08	-	3.90	153.61	123.07

#### 7. INVESTMENT

Particulars	Face Value	As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024		
	(₹ in Lacs)	Qty	(₹ in Lacs)	Qty	(₹ in Lacs)	
Unquoted Equity Instruments:-						
Investment in Others (at FVTPL):						
Palsana Enviro Protection Ltd.	100	72,000	98.40	72,000	98.40	
OCM Flooring Private Limited	10	18,000	1.80	18,000	1.80	
Investment in Associate(at Cost)						
Neo Stretch Private Limited *	10	66,02,200	657.83	66,02,200	659.86	
Total			758.03		760.06	

<sup>\*</sup> During the previous year, the company has invested into an associates company "Neo stretch Private Limited" by subscribing to its 22% Share Capital.

#### 8. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	31.03.2024
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Security Deposits	485.96	480.99
(b) Loan to Staff	135.76	146.65
Total	621.72	627.64

#### 9. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (Net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Deferred tax Assets (Net) (Refer Note 9.1)	430.93	250.81
Total	430.93	250.81

Note No.: 9.1 (₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 01.04.2024	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31.03.2025
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)				
Property, plant and equipment/Investment Property/Other Intangible Assets	70.26	1.35	-	68.91
Fair Value through Profit & Loss	(326.61)	21.93	-	(348.54)
Hedging Reserves	2.15	-	(2.29)	4.44
Business Loss	-	-	-	-
Expenses allowable under income tax on payment basis	108.90	(57.89)	(20.46)	187.26
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	396.10	(122.76)	-	518.86
	250.81	(157.36)	(22.76)	430.93

Particulars	As at 01.04.2023	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	As at 31.03.2024
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)				
Property, plant and equipment/Investment Property/Other Intangible Assets	134.46	64.20	-	70.26
Fair Value through Profit & Loss	(287.38)	39.23	-	(326.61)
Hedging Reserves	0.99		(1.16)	2.15
Business Loss	-	-	-	-
Expenses allowable under income tax on payment basis	53.65	(50.14)	(5.11)	108.90
Allowance for Bad & Doubtful Debts	363.19	(32.91)	-	396.10
	264.92	20.38	(6.27)	250.81

#### Income tax

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended 31.03.2025

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2025	For the year ended 31 March, 2024
Profit and Loss:		
Current tax – net of reversal of earlier years : Rs. 76.56L (Rs. 5.85L and Rs. 51.68L for FY 18-19 and 19-20 respectively)	1,431.56	1,255.92
Deferred Tax- net of reversal of earlier years : Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: Rs. Nil)	(157.37)	20.38
Income Tax Expenses	1,274.20	1,276.30

#### Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by domestic tax rate

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2025	For the year ended 31 March, 2024
Profit before income tax expense	4,463.01	4,747.64
Tax at the Indian tax rate 25.168% (Previous Year 25.168%)	1,123.27	1,194.89
Add: Items giving rise to difference in tax		
Effect of non-deductible expenses	41.26	42.13
House Property Standard Deduction	(57.98)	(44.39)
Depreciation as per for Income Tax for Rental Premises	41.58	38.23
Tax adjustment of earlier years	76.56	-
Others	49.50	45.44
Income Tax Expenses	1,274.20	1,276.30



#### 10. NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Advance Tax and Tax deducted at source [Net of Current Tax provision)	164.22	175.82
Total	164.22	175.82

#### 11. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Capital Advances	689.00	575.95
(b) Other Deposits	25.11	25.00
(c) Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	153.88	138.35
Total	867.99	739.30

#### 12. INVENTORIES

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Raw Material	6,425.16	5,271.17
(b)	Semi Finished Goods	2,838.02	3,177.89
(c)	Finished Fabrics (Refer Note No. 12.1)	16,692.11	15,321.29
(d)	Finished Apparels (Refer Note No. 12.2)	8,753.76	7,778.02
(e)	Stores & Tools	641.18	543.77
(f)	Packing Material	957.01	774.03
	Total	36,307.24	32,866.17

Note No 12.1: Finished Goods inventory includes Goods in Transit Rs. 86.80 lacs (as at 31.03.2024 - Rs. 246.37 lacs)

Note No 12.2: Traded Finished Goods Inventory includes Goods available with Third Parties on SOR Basis - Rs. 4798.18 (as at 31.03.2024 - Rs. 4,566.87 Lacs)

#### 13. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars		As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured)				
(b) Considered Good (Refer No. 13.1 & 13.2)	21,395.93		17,388.26	
(c) Considered Doubtful	2,061.58		1,573.69	
	23,457.51		18,961.95	
Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	2,061.58	21,395.93	1,573.69	17,388.26
Total		21,395.93		17,388.26

#### Movement in the allowance of Expected Credit Loss

Particulars		As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Balance at the beginning of the year	1,573.69		1,441.48	
(b) Less: Amounts written off during the year (net)	-	1,573.69	-	1,441.48
(c) Changes in allowance for doubtful receivables		487.89		132.21
(d) Balance at end of the year		2,061.58		1,573.69

Debtors ageing format for Annual report notes

#### 13.1 Ageing for trade receivables - billed - non-current outstanding as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than	6 months -	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
		6 months	1 year			3 year	
Undisputed trade receivables - considered goods	11,610.32	6,521.97	3,363.18	714.64	223.62	1,023.78	23,457.51
Undisputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impai red	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	11,610.32	6,521.97	3,363.18	714.64	223.62	1,023.78	23,457.51
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables -Billed	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,061.58
Total	11,610.32	6,521.97	3,363.18	714.64	223.62	1,023.78	21,395.93

#### 13.1 Ageing for trade receivables - billed - non-current outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Ou	tstanding for	following pe	riods from d	ue date of pa	yment	₹ in Lacs
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year	Total
Undisputed trade receivables - considered goods	10,883.36	4,600.77	1,955.54	329.45	186.19	1,006.65	18,961.95
Undisputed trade receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impai red	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed trade receivables - credit impai red	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	10,883.36	4,600.77	1,955.54	329.45	186.19	1,006.65	18,961.95
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables -Billed	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,573.69
Total	10,883.36	4,600.77	1,955.54	329.45	186.19	1,006.65	17,388.26

#### 14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)			As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Balance with banks				
- In Current Account	145.80		0.96	
(c) Cash In Hand	23.82	169.62	16.43	17.39
Total		169.62		17.39

#### 15. BANK BALANCES

Particulars		As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Unpaid Dividend Account (Refer Note No. 15.1 & 15.3)	1.09		1.27	
(b) Margin Money Deposits (Refer Note No. 15.2)	827.61	828.70	1,622.78	1,624.05
Total		828.70		1,624.05



- Note No 15.1 The Company can utilise these balances towards settlement of unpaid dividend only
- Note No 15.2 Margin money deposits amounting to Rs.807.61 lakhs (as at 31.03.2024 Rs.1,519.65 lakhs) are lying with bank against Bank Guarantees and Letter of Credit.
- Note No 15.3 There are no amounts due for payment to the investor education & Protection Fund under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at the year end.

#### 16. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Deposits	215.07	211.22
(b) Fair Valuation of Forward Contracts	(9.76)	(0.66)
(c) Share Application Money	-	506.00
(d) Loans to Staff	30.49	51.08
Total	235.81	767.64

#### 17. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
(a) Trade Advances	1,995.85	2,114.03
(b) Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	247.99	217.45
(c) Export Incentive Receivable	810.37	665.23
(d) Balance with Government Authorities	3,180.48	3,262.87
(e) Others	33.97	17.27
Total	6,268.66	6,276.84

#### 18. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars		Face Value	As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024	
		Amt. in Rupees	Qty	₹ in Lacs	Qty	₹ in Lacs
(a)	Authorised Shares					
	Equity Instruments					
	Equity Shares	2	16,00,00,000	3,200.00	16,00,00,000	3,200.00
(b)	Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up Shares					
	Equity Instruments					
	Equity Shares	2	5,20,00,000	1,040.00	5,20,00,000	1,040.00
	Total			1,040.00		1,040.00

Note No 18.1: The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting period 31-03-2024:

Particulars	Face Value	As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024	
	Amt. in Rupees	No. of shares	Value (₹ in Lacs)	No. of shares	Value (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Number of shares at the beginning	2	5,20,00,000	1,040.00	5,20,00,000	1,040.00
(b) Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Less: Shares bought back (if any)	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Number of shares at the end		5,20,00,000	1,040.00	5,20,00,000	1,040.00

#### Note No 18.2: Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

- (a) The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 2 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. There is no interim dividend proposed by the Board of Directors.
- (b) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note No 18.3: The details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

Sr.	Name of the shareholders	ne of the shareholders Face Value As at 31.03.2025		.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024	
No.		Amt. in Rupees	No. of shares held	% of shares held	No. of shares held	% of shares held
1.	Rahul R. Agarwal	2	47,56,901	9.15%	47,56,901	9.15%
2.	Bhavardevi Agarwal	2	48,46,785	9.32%	48,46,785	9.32%
3.	Rajendra Agarwal	2	38,61,814	7.43%	38,61,814	7.43%
4.	Ajay Agarwal	2	37,29,500	7.17%	37,29,500	7.17%
5.	Surya A. Agarwal	2	36,43,750	7.01%	36,43,750	7.01%
6.	Neena Agarwal	2	29,17,750	5.61%	29,17,750	5.61%
7.	Donear Synthetics Limited	2	26,00,000	5.00%	26,00,000	5.00%
	Total		2,63,56,500	50.69%	2,63,56,500	50.69%

**Note No 18.4:** The Board of Directors have recommended dividend of Rs.0.20 per Share (Previous Year Rs.0.20 per share) to be distributied to equity shareholders for the year ended 31.03.2025 as Final Dividend. The total amount of dividend shall be Rs.104.00 lakhs, (Previous Year Rs.104.00 lakhs).

#### Note No 18.5: Shares held by Promoters:

The details of the shares held by promoters are as follows:

Sr.	Particulars	As at Marc	h 31, 2025	As at Marc	% change		
No.		No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	during the year	
Α	Promoters Name						
1.	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal	38,61,814	7.43	38,61,814	7.43	-	
2.	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal	37,29,500	7.17	37,29,500	7.17	-	
В	Promoters Group						
1.	Bhavardevi Vishwanath Agarwal	48,46,785	9.32	48,46,785	9.32	-	
2.	Rahul Rajendra Agarwal	47,56,901	9.15	47,56,901	9.15	-	
3.	Surya Ajay Agarwal	36,43,750	7.01	36,43,750	7.01	-	
4.	Neenadevi Ajay Agarwal	29,17,750	5.61	29,17,750	5.61	-	
5.	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)	23,69,471	4.56	23,69,471	4.56	-	
6.	Umadevi Rajendra Agarwal	18,71,463	3.60	18,71,463	3.60	-	
7.	Rajendra V. Agarwal (HUF)	13,49,000	2.59	13,49,000	2.59	-	
8.	Vishwanath L Agarwal (HUF)	11,52,500	2.22	11,52,500	2.22	-	
9.	Kavya Rahul Agarwal	19,100	0.04	19,100	0.04	-	
10.	Donear Synthetics Limited	26,00,000	5.00	26,00,000	5.00	-	
11.	R Ajaykumar Real Estate LLP	24,00,000	4.62	24,00,000	4.62	-	
12.	Donear Retail Private Limited	18,40,000	3.54	18,40,000	3.54	-	
13.	Rajendra Synthetics LLP	10,40,000	2.00	10,40,000	2.00	-	
14.	Sonia Synthetics LLP	3,60,000	0.69	3,60,000	0.69	-	
15.	Lav Kush Traders Private Limited	14,000	0.03	14,000	0.03	-	
	The percentage shareholding above has been computed considering the outstanding number of shares of 5,20,00,000 as at March 31, 2025 and as at March 31, 2024.						



#### 19. OTHER EQUITY

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
	Reserves & surplus*		
(a)	General Reserves ++	3,499.41	3,499.41
(b)	Retained earnings	19,087.23	16,004.44
(c)	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
	-Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans	(151.63)	(90.78)
	-Hedging Reserve	(5.33)	1.48
	Total	22,429.68	19,414.55

<sup>\*</sup> For movement, refer statement of changes in equity.

#### 20. NON CURRENT BORROWING

Particulars		As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a)	Secured Loans (Refer Note No. 20.1)				
	Term Loans - From Bank				
	Indian Rupee	1,381.81		2,258.96	
	Less : Current Maturities of Long Term Debts (Refer Note No. 24)	869.07	512.74	872.00	1,386.96
	Total		512.74		1,386.96

#### Note No 20.1: Nature of Securities

Facility	Sr. No.	Name of the Bank	Primary	Collateral
	1	Bank of Baroda	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Second pari-passu charge on land and building
GECL 2.0	2	Indian Bank		situated at: (i) Plot No. 910/3, Dokmandi, Village Amli, Silvassa – 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli;
Loan	3	State Bank of India	of SBICAP Trustee Company Limited, acting	(ii) Plot No. B/58, Masat Industrial Estate, Silvassa – 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli; and (iii) Revenue Block Nos. 194 & 195, 206, Kadodara-Bardoli Road, Village Jolwa, Taluka Palsana, District Surat, Gujarat.

#### Note No 20.2: Terms of Repayment

Facility	Sr. No.	Term Loan taken from (Bank's Name)	Loan taken in the year	Loan installment started / starting from	Interest Rate (In %)
0501.00	1	Bank of Baroda			
GECL 2.0 Loan	2	Indian Bank	2021-2022	Sep '22	9.00%
	3	State Bank of India	2022-2023	May '23	9.25%

#### 21. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a) Others		
Deposits from dealers / customers (Refer Note No. 21.1)	3,506.38	3,120.80
Total	3,506.38	3,120.80

Note No 21.1: Deposit from Dealers / customers are interest free deposit and repayable on termination of agreement unless otherwise agreed.

<sup>++</sup> General reserve reflects amount transferred from statement of profit and loss in accordance with regulations of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 22. OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2025	31.03.2024
	(₹ in Lacs)	(₹ in Lacs)
(a) Others		
Unearned Income on security deposit received	107.80	137.60
Total	107.80	137.60

#### 23. CURRENT BORROWING

Par	Particulars		As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
	(₹ in Lacs)			(₹ in Lacs)		
(a)	Secured Loans (Refer Note No. 23.1)					
	From Bank					
	(i) Working Capital Loans	29,624.74		25,944.12		
	(ii) Cash Credit	4,360.03	33,984.77	1,948.87	27,892.99	
(b)	Current maturities of long-term debts (Refer Note No. 20)		869.07		872.00	
(c)	<u>Unsecured Loans</u>					
	Loans and Advances from Related Party					
	(i) From Directors		3,602.70		3,602.71	
	Total		38,456.55		32,367.70	

#### Note No 23.1: Nature of Securities

Facility	Name of the Bank	Primary	Collateral	Guarantee
Working Capital Limits (CC/WCDL/ EPC/FUBD/FBP/ LC/BG/STL)	State Bank of India Bank of Baroda Indian Bank Yes Bank Limited HDFC Bank LTD	way of hypothecation, over the entire current assets and movable fixed assets of the company, both present and future, in favour of SBICAP Trustee Company Limited, acting in its capacity as trustee	First pari-passu charge on land and building situated at: (i) Plot No. 910/3, Dokmandi, Village Amli, Silvassa – 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli; (ii) Plot No. B/58, Masat Industrial Estate, Silvassa – 396230, Dadra & Nagar Haveli; and (iii) Revenue Block Nos. 194 & 195, 206, Kadodara-Bardoli Road, Village Jolwa, Taluka Palsana, District Surat, Gujarat.	Personal Guarantee of Promoter & Managing Director - Mr. Rajendra

#### 24. TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars		As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)		As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)	
(a)	Dues of micro and small enterprises (Refer Note No. 24.1)		271.89		195.32
(b)	Dues other than micro and small enterprises (Refer Note No. 24.1)		8,524.47		6,795.34
	Total		8,796.35		6,990.66

**Note No 24.1:** Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no material overdue principal amounts to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date

#### Note No 24.2: Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment						
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Trade payables	-						
MSME*	-	271.89	-	-	-	271.89	
Others	5,704.95	669.87	84.39	126.23	79.39	6,664.84	
Disputed dues - MSME*	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	5,704.95	941.75	84.39	126.23	79.39	6,936.72	
Accrued expenses (Including Employee Liabilities)	-	-	-	-	-	1,859.63	
Total	5,704.95	941.75	84.39	126.23	79.39	8,796.35	



Note No 24.3: Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

(₹ in Lacs)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment						
Particulars	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Trade payables	-						
MSME*	-	195.32	-	-	-	195.32	
Others	3,313.10	1,753.84	127.78	63.62	68.46	5,326.81	
Disputed dues - MSME*	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	3,313.10	1,949.16	127.78	63.62	68.46	5,522.13	
Accrued expenses (Including Employee Liabilities)	-	-	-	-	-	1,468.53	
Total	3,313.10	1,949.16	127.78	63.62	68.46	6,990.66	

<sup>\*</sup>MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

#### 25. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Par	ticulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Interest Accrued and due on borrowings	31.24	-
(b)	Interest on Security Deposit Payable	1.09	5.81
(c)	Unpaid Dividend	27.53	1.26
(d)	Sundry Creditors for Capital Goods	1.56	69.72
	Total	61.42	212.17

#### 26. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Par	Particulars		at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)		
(a)	Advance from Customers	2,100.36		5,378.06		
(b)	Unearned Income on security deposit received	34.43		33.34		
(c)	Statutory Dues Payable	153.20	2,287.99	156.31	5,567.71	
	Total		2,287.99		5,567.71	

Note: Advance from customers includes advance received from Related Parties amounting to Rs.76.56 Lacs (P.Y. 3,440.60 Lacs)

#### 27. PROVISIONS

Parti	culars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) <u>l</u>	Provision for Employee Benefits		
1	Leave Encashment	190.70	164.84
	Gratuity (Refer Note No. 41)	337.03	178.93
	Total	527.74	343.77

#### 28. CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (Net)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Provision for Taxation [Net of Tax Payments]	1,049.69	443.60
Total	1,049.69	443.60

#### 29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Particulars	As	at 31.03.2025 (₹ in Lacs)	As	at 31.03.2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a) Contingent Liability not provided for in respect of		(\langle III Lacs)		(\ III Lacs)
(i) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt		45.85		45.85
(ii) Other money for which the company is contingently liable:				
Excise Duty Liability	-		4.17	
Bonds executed under EPCG Schemes to Customs Authorities	205.94	205.94	107.63	111.80
(b) Commitments not provided for in respect of				
(i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)		61.45		81.41
Total		313.25		239.06

#### 30. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Par	ticulars		2024-2025		2023-2024
		(₹ in Lacs)			(₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Sale of Products		82,573.58		75,162.96
(b)	Sale of Services		8,205.22		4,149.61
(c)	Other Operating Revenue				
	Sale of Scrap	120.67		145.41	
	Export Incentives	470.30	590.98	456.33	601.74
	Total		91,369.78		79,914.31

#### 31. OTHER INCOME

Par	ticulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Interest income				
	Interest on Deposit with Bank	89.65		82.18	
	Fair Valuation of Financial Assets	246.52		323.15	
	Unwinding of interest on security deposits	62.29		6.02	
	Interest on delayed payments from Customers	46.30	444.76	46.26	457.61
(b)	Other non-operating income				
	Net gain on Sale of Fixed Asset	-		16.41	
	Sundry balance written back (Net)				
	Other Support Services Charges	282.18		366.89	
	Miscellaneous Income	0.97	283.15	40.04	423.34
	Total		727.91		880.95

#### 32. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

Particulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
Raw Material Consumed				
Opening Stock of Raw Material	5,271.17		5,147.14	
Add : Purchases of Raw Material	30,498.81		25,349.91	
Less : Closing Stock of Raw Material	6,425.16	29,344.81	5,271.16	25,225.89
Total of Cost of materials consumed		29,344.81		25,225.89

#### 33. PURCHASES OF STOCK IN TRADE

Par	ticulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Finish Fabric Purchases	15,256.99	13,303.67
(b)	Grey Fabric Purchases	1,400.15	198.80
(c)	Garment Purchases	4,785.00	3,509.91
	Total	21,442.15	17,012.38



#### 34. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND STOCK IN TRADE

Par	ticulars		2024-2025		2023-2024
			(₹ in Lacs)		(₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Inventories at the end of the year				
	Finished Goods	16,692.11		15,321.29	
	Work in Progress	2,838.02		3,177.89	
	Stock-in-Trade	8,753.76	28,283.89	7,778.02	26,277.20
(b)	Inventories at the beginning of the year				
	Finished Goods	15,321.29		12,790.45	
	Work in Progress	3,177.89		3,359.78	
	Stock-in-Trade	7,778.02	26,277.20	9,398.06	25,548.29
	Total		(2,006.69)		(728.91)

#### 35. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Par	ticulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Salaries, Wages & Other Benefits	8,433.85	7,645.87
(b)	Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	527.37	420.65
(c)	Staff Welfare Expenses	170.89	166.96
	Total	9,132.11	8,233.48

#### 36. FINANCE COSTS

Par	ticulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)			2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Interest on Term Loan from bank				
	(i) Interest on Other Bank Loan	167.18		246.92	
	(ii) Interest on Income Tax	2,429.82		2,269.62	
	(iii) Unwinding of interest on security deposits	-		95.15	
	(iv) Stock-in-Trade	216.99	2,813.99	171.63	2,783.32
(b)	Other Borrowing Cost				
	(i) Processing Charges	145.34		94.00	
	(ii) Interest on Unsecured Loan	10.74	156.08	24.83	118.83
(c)	Net Loss on Foreign Currency Transactions Considered as Borrowing Cost		253.17		117.81
	Total		3,223.25		3,019.96

#### 37. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Par	ticulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
(a)	Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment (Refer Note No. 3)	998.60	900.08
(b)	Depreciation on Investment Property (Refer Note No. 5)	266.24	260.11
(c)	Amortisation on Intangible Assets (Refer Note No. 6)	46.19	44.08
	Total	1,311.03	1,204.27

#### 38. OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
Consumption of Stores & Spares	1,035.61	964.46
Manufacturing & Processing Charges	584.35	900.33
Weaving Charges	1,128.28	782.74
Other Labour Charges	5,023.50	3,769.28
Power and Fuel	4,822.73	5,099.57

Repairs and Maintenance				
On Building	26.95		24.79	
On Machinery	355.09		293.82	
On Others	333.34	715.39	311.82	630.43
Security Charges		70.39		66.45
Brokerage on purchase		24.54		47.03
Legal & Professional Expenses		259.44		226.27
Travelling & Conveyance		1,106.80		1,029.68
Net Loss / (Gain) on Foreign Currency Transactions		26.73		168.37
Insurance Charges		109.91		91.29
Packing Material Consumed		2,101.98		2,513.52
Rates & Taxes		191.81		241.44
Rent Expense		2,110.96		1,440.12
Interest Expenses		55.36		50.81
Printing & Stationery		114.02		103.96
Postage, Telegram & Telephone		255.45		224.56
Payment to Auditor (Refer Note No. 38.1)		15.11		14.71
Sundry Balance W/off (Net of W/back)		4.75		172.55
Loss on Sale of Scrips		0.09		7.06
Fixed Assets Written Off		2.41		2.81
Allowance for Expected Credit Loss		477.47		116.21
Bad Debts Recovered	10.42		16.00	
Less : Adjusted from Expected Credit Loss	10.42	-	16.00	-
Bank Charges		140.55		162.33
Transportation Expenses		965.91		724.29
Sample Expenses		155.27		136.79
Advertisement & Sales Promotion		1,611.52		749.03
CSR Expenses (Refer Note No. 38.2)		86.69		50.00
Sales Commision		1,778.40		1,433.14
Miscellaneous Expenses		212.63		161.32
		25,188.02		22,080.55

#### 38.1 Payment to Auditor:

Particulars		2024-2025 (₹ in Lacs)		2023-2024 (₹ in Lacs)
Statutory Auditors Remuneration				
As an auditor				
- Audit Fees (including Limited Review)		10.07		9.41
Other capacity				
- Certification	0.20		0.70	
- Other Services	1.84	2.04	1.50	2.20
For Taxation Matteres		1.75		1.85
For Cost Audit Fees		1.25		1.25
		15.11		14.71

#### 38. 2 Corporate Social Responsibility expenditure:

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a company, meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The areas for CSR activities are eradication of hunger and malnutrition, promoting education, art and culture, healthcare, destitute care and rehabilitation, environment sustainability, disaster relief, COVID-19 relief and rural development projects. The disclosure in respect of CSR expenditure is as below:

Particulars	2024-2025	2023-2024
	(₹ in Lacs)	(₹ in Lacs)
A. Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	86.12	50.00
Less : Amount spent during the year #	86.69	50.00
Carry forward to next year	(0.57)	-
# Nature of CSR activities	Medical And	Education and
	Health Care	Health Care
B. Amount committed towards ongoing projects	Nil	Nil



#### 39. EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

Earning Per Share (EPS) - the numerators and denominators used to calculate Basic and Diluted earning per share :

Particulars	2024-2025		2024-2025 2023-2024		-2024
	Description	Value	Description	Value	
(a) Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders	(In Lacs.)	3,186.79	(In Lacs.)	3,470.98	
(b) Number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year	(In Nos.)	5,20,00,000	(In Nos.)	5,20,00,000	
(c) Face Value of each Equity Share	(In Rs.)	2.00	(In Rs.)	2.00	
(d) Basic / Diluted earning per share (a) / (b)	(In Rs.)	6.13	(In Rs.)	6.67	

40. Related party disclosures as required under Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosures", are given below: Name of the related party and description of relationship.

Rela	ited Par	ties	Nat	ture of Relat	ionship	
(a)	(i)	Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal	Man	naging Direct	or	
	(ii)	Shri Ajay V. Agarwal	Who	Whole Time Director		
(b)	(i)	Mr. Sachin Gupta (Office vacated w.e.f. 01.08.2024)	Con	Company Secretary		
	(ii)	Mrs. Sejal Shah (Appointed w.e.f. 28.10.2024)	Con	npany Secre	tary	
(c)	(i)	Mr Ashok Agarwal	Chie	ef Financial (	Officer	
(d)	(i)	Mrs. Neena Agarwal (Wife of Shri Ajay V. Agarwal)	Rela	ative of Key I	Management Personnel	
	(ii)	Mr. Rahul Agarwal (Son of Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal)	Rela	ative of Key I	Management Personnel	
	(iii)	Mr. Surya Agarwal (Son of Shri Ajay V. Agarwal)	Rela	ative of Key I	Management Personnel	
	(iv)	Mr. Kavya Agarwal (Daughter in Law of Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal)	Rela	ative of Key I	Management Personnel	
(e)	(i)	Donear Synthetics Limited	-			
	(ii)	Donear Retail Private Limited				
	(iii)	Rajendra Synthetics Pvt. Ltd				
	(iv)	R. Ajay Kumar Real Estate LLP				
	(v)	Sonia Synthetics LLP				
	(vi)	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)				
	(vii)	Lav Kush Traders Private Limited				
	(viii)	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)				
	(ix)	Vishwanath L Agarwal (HUF)				
	(x)	Neptune Fabs (Mrs. Bhavardevi Agarwal is the proprietor, Mother of Mr. Rajendra Agarwal)				
	(xi)	Venus Textiles (Mrs. Neena Agarwal is the proprietor, wife of Mr. Ajay Agarwal)			Entities where individual having control / significant	
	(xii)	Lotus Fabrics (Mrs. Uma Agarwal is the proprietor, Wife of Mr. Rajendra Agarwal)			influence or key management personnel	
	(xiii)	Mercury Industries (Mr. Rahul Agarwal is the proprietor, Son of Mr. Rajendra Agarwal)			or their relatives are able to exercise significant	
	(xiv)	GBTL Limited			influence	
	(xv)	OCM Private Limited				
	(xvi)	UN Reality Private Limited				
	(xvii)	VRA Reality Private Limited				
	(xviii)	Krishna Fabrics (Mr. Surya Agarwal, Son of Mr. Ajay Agarwal)				
	(xix)	Laxmi Enterprises (Mr. Surya Agarwal and Mr. Rahul Agarwal are in Partnership)				
	(xx)	Hanuman Fabrics (Mr. Ajay Agarwal is the Proprietor)				
	(xxi)	Shiv Textiles (Mr. Ajay Agarwal HUF is the proprietor)				
	(xxii)	Vinayaka Textiles (Mrs. Kavya Agarwal is the proprietor)				
	(xxiii)	OCM Flooring Private Limited (w.e.f October 17,2022)				
	(xxiv)	Neo Stretch Private Limited (w.e.f March 16, 2024)		)		

#### Disclosure of related party transaction during the year.

Natu	Nature of Transaction & Name of the Related Party		2024-2025		2023-2024	
		ase of Goods, Fixed Assets, Stores & Other Services (Net				
1		ods Return)				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	81.47		123.82	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	80.26		136.24	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	200.84		147.74	
	(iv)	Mercury Industries	423.43		151.34	
i	(v)	GBTL Limited	6,526.24		6,244.52	
1	(vi)	OCM Private Limited	2,041.50	9,353.74	805.43	7,609.09
' '		of Goods, Fixed Assets, Stores & Other Services (Net of s Return)				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	-		258.31	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	-		142.49	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	-		199.32	
	(iv)	Mercury Industries	-		309.81	
	(v)	GBTL Limited	8,729.97		4,135.10	
	(vi)	OCM Private Limited	1,032.04	9,762.02	2,203.55	7,248.58
(c)	Direct	tor's Sitting Fees				
	(i)	Mr. Govind Shrikhande	3.50		1.95	
	(ii)	Mr. Deepak Bhageria	-		0.03	
	(iii)	Mr. Aniruddha Deshmukh	3.50		1.30	
	(iv)	Mrs. Medha Pattanayak	3.50	10.50	2.26	5.54
(d)	Remu	neration Paid				
	(i)	Shri Rajendra V. Agarwal	36.28		31.40	
	(ii)	Shri Ajay V. Agarwal	16.85		16.60	
	(iii)	Mrs. Neena Agarwal	31.33		31.90	
	(iv)	Mr. Rahul Agarwal	-		12.25	
	(v)	Mr. Surya Agarwal	1.50		6.00	
	(vi)	Mrs. Kavya Agarwal	22.20		14.50	
	(vii)	Mr. Ashok Agarwal	36.99		33.05	
	(viii)	Mrs. Uma Agarwal	3.60		3.60	
	(ix)	Mr. Kishor Sinh Parmar	18.64		17.58	
	(x)	Mr. Sachin Gupta	3.89		9.75	
	(xi)	Mrs. Sejal Shah	4.08	175.36	-	176.63
(e)		end Paid				
` ′	(i)	R.Ajaykumar Real Estate. LLP	4.80		4.80	
	(ii)	Mrs. Bhaverdevi Agarwal	9.69		9.69	
	(iii)	Mrs. Uma Agarwal	3.74		3.74	
	(iv)	Donear Retail Private Limited	3.68		3.68	
	(v)	Ajay Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)	4.74		4.74	
	(vi)	Rajendra Vishwanath Agarwal (HUF)	2.70		2.70	
	(vii)	Vishwanath L Agarwal (HUF)	2.31		2.31	
	(viii)	Donear Synthetics Limited	5.20		5.20	
	(ix)	Rajendra Synthetics LLP	2.08		2.08	
	(x)	Sonia Synthetics LLP	0.72		0.72	
	(xi)	Lav Kush Traders Private Limited	0.03		0.03	
	(xii)	Mr. Rajendra V. Agarwal	7.72		7.72	
	(xiii)	Mr. Ajay V. Agarwal	7.46		7.46	
	(xiv)	Mrs. Neena A. Agarwal	5.84		5.84	
	(xv)	Mr. Rahul Agarwal	9.51		9.51	
	(xvi)	Mr. Surya Agarwal	7.29		7.29	
	(xvii)	Mrs. Kavya Agarwal	0.04	77.55	0.04	77.55



(₹ in Lacs)

Nat	ure of	Transaction & Name of the Related Party	2024	-2025	2023	-2024
(f)	Rent	Paid				
	(i)	R.Ajaykumar Real Estate. LLP		18.00		18.00
(g)	Inter	est Paid				
	(i)	UN Reality Private Limited	10.74		17.70	
	(ii)	VRA Reality Private Limited	-	10.74	7.13	24.83
(h)	Rent	Received				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	1.00		1.00	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	1.00		1.00	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	1.00		1.00	
	(iv)	Mercury Industries	1.00	4.00	1.00	4.00
(i)	<u>Othe</u>	r recovery of expenses				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	16.02		19.00	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	25.12		30.00	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	16.60		18.78	
	(lv)	Mercury Industries	23.42	81.15	26.22	94.00
(j)	Inves	stment in Associate(at Cost)				
	(i)	Neo Strech Private Limited (w.e.f March 16, 2024)	-	-	660.22	660.22
				19,493.06		15,918.45

(₹ in Lacs)

	Name of the Related Party		As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
(a)	Outst	tanding Net Receivable				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	-		120.36	
	(ii)	OCM Private Limited	849.74		-	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	-	849.74	40.78	161.14
(b)	Outst	tanding Net Payable				
	(i)	OCM Private Limited	265.01		-	
	(ii)	GBTL Limited	-		3,652.53	
	(iii)	Venus Textiles	-		26.90	
	(iv)	Neptune Fabs	-		36.75	
	(v)	Mercury Industries	-	265.01	26.52	3,742.70
(c)	<u>Depo</u>	<u>sit Given</u>				
	(i)	R.Ajaykumar Real Estate. LLP	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
(d)	<u>Depo</u>	<u>sit Taken</u>				
	(i)	Neptune Fabs	30.00		30.00	
	(ii)	Venus Textiles	30.00		30.00	
	(iii)	Lotus Fabrics	30.00		30.00	
	(Iv)	Mercury Industries	30.00	120.00	30.00	120.00
(e)		s Outstanding				
	(i)	Shri Rajendra Agarwal	1,477.04		1,477.04	
	(ii)	Shri Ajay V. Agarwal	2,125.66	3,602.70	2,125.66	3,602.70
(f)	Guar	antee given by directors				
	(i)	Towards Term Loan	1,381.81		2,258.96	
	(ii)	Towards Working Capital	33,984.77	35,366.58	27,892.99	30,151.95
				40,208.54		31,089.14

#### 41. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT

As per IND AS 19 "Employee Benefits", the disclosures of Employee benefits as defined in the said Accounting Standards are given below :

#### (i) Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan includes Providend Fund. The expenses recognised for the year are as under :

Particulars	2024-25 (₹ in Lacs)	2023-24 (₹ in Lacs)
Employer's Contribution to Providend Fund	275.89	300.03

#### (ii) Defined Benefit Plan

#### (a) Gratuity:

The Company operates gratuity plan wherein every employee is entitled to the benefit equivalent to 15 to 25 days/one month salary last drawn for each completed year of service depending on the date of joining. The same is payable on termination of service, retirement or death, whichever is earlier. The benefit vests after 5 years of continuous service.

- (b) Major category of plan assets:
  - The Company has taken plans from Life Insurance Corporation of India
- (c) The following tables set out the funded status of the gratuity and leave encashment plans and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
Def	ined Benefit Plan - Gratuity	Funded	Funded
(i)	Assumptions	As on 31/03/2025	As on 31/03/2024
	Discount Rate	7.25%	7.25%
	Salary Escalation	5.00%	3.00%
(ii)	Table showing changes in present value of obligations	As on 31/03/2025	As on 31/03/2024
	Present value of obligations as at beginning of year	401.63	366.88
	Interest cost	28.11	25.68
	Current Service cost	79.21	57.07
	Benefits paid	(31.65)	(27.71)
	Actuarial (gain)/Loss on obligations	81.31	(20.29
	Present value of obligations as at end of year	558.62	401.60
(iii)	Table showing changes in the fair value of plan assets		
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	222.70	219.82
	Expected return on plan assets	15.53	15.59
	Contributions	15.00	15.00
	Benefits paid	(31.65)	(27.71
	Actuarial Gain / (Loss) on Plan assets	-	
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	221.59	222.70
(iv)	Table showing fair value of plan assets		
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	222.70	219.8
	Actual return on plan assets	15.53	15.5
	Contributions	15.00	15.00
	Benefits Paid	(31.65)	(27.71
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	221.59	222.7
	Funded Status	(337.03)	(178.93
	Excess of Actual over estimated return on plan assets	-	
	(Actual rate of return=Estimated rate of return as ARD falls on 31st March)		
(v)	Actuarial Gain/Loss recognized		
	Actuarial( gain)/Loss for the year Obligation	(81.31)	20.2
	Actuarial (gain)/Loss for the year - Plan Assets	-	
	Total (gain)/Loss for the year	81.31	(20.29
	Actuarial (gain)/Loss recognized in the year	81.31	(20.29
(vi)	The amounts to be recognized in the Balance Sheet and Statements of Profit and Loss		
	Present value of obligations as at the end of year	558.62	401.6
	Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	221.59	222.7
	Funded status	(337.03)	(178.93
	Net Asset / (Liability) recognized in balance sheet	(337.03)	(178.93
(vii)	Expenses Recognised in statement of Profit & Loss	, ,	,
	Current Service cost	79.21	57.0
	Interest Cost	28.11	25.6
	Expected return on plan assets	(15.53)	(15.59
	Net Actuarial (gain)/Loss recognised in the year	81.31	(20.29
	Expenses recognised in statement of Profit & Loss	173.10	46.87



#### 42 DERIVATIVES

#### **HEDGED**:

The Company has entered into forward hedged exchange contracts, being derivative instruments hedge purpose and not intended for trading or speculation purposes, to establish the amount of currency in Indian Rupees required or available at the settlement date of Current Borrowings. The following are the outstanding Forward Exchange Contracts entered into by the Company

		As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31	.03.2024
Currency	Buy or Sell	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs
USD	BUY	2,39,20,215	20,445.80	2,07,50,720	17,370.30
USD	SELL	-	-	3,71,315	310.67
EURO	SELL	-	-	84,926	77.52

#### **UNHEDGED:**

The year end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as under:

#### (a) Amount Receivable in Foreign Currency on account of the following:

Particulars and Currency	As at 31.03.2025		As at 31.03.2024	
	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs
USD	12,89,547	1,102.24	19,32,751	1,612.01
Euro	9,00,726	829.48	31,846	28.62

#### (b) Amount Payable in Foreign Currency on account of the following :

Particulars and Currency	As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31	.03.2024
	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs	Foreign Currency Amount	₹ in Lacs
USD	1,93,747	165.61	2,25,677	188.23
Euro	25,070	23.09	22,977	20.65

#### 43 Additional Regulatory Information

#### Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous year	Variance	Remarks for variance more than 25%
Current ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	1.27	1.28	-0.73%	Not Applicable
Debt-Equity ratio (in times)	Debt consists of Non current and current borrowings	Total equity	1.66	1.65	0.62%	Not Applicable
Debt service coverage ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest + Other non-cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments	1.98	2.51	-20.89%	Not Applicable
Return on equity ratio (in %)	Profit for the year less Preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	13.58%	16.97%	-19.98%	Not Applicable
Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	4.71	4.81	-2.09%	Not Applicable
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Cost of equipment and software licences + Other expenses	Average trade payables	9.74	9.30	4.73%	Not Applicable
Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	6.76	6.44	4.96%	Not Applicable

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Year	Previous year	Variance	Remarks for variance more than 25%
Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	3.49%	4.34%	-19.70%	Not Applicable
Return on capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Capital employed = Net worth+ Deferred tax liabilities Return on investment (in %)	32.75%	37.97%	-13.76%	Not Applicable
Inventory Turnover Ratio	COGS - Cost of Goods Sold	Average Value of Inventory	1.86	1.73	7.31%	Not Applicable
Operating profit ratio (in %)	EBIT	Revenue from operations	8.41%	9.72%	-13.45%	Not Applicable
Interest Coverage Ratio (in times)	EBIT	Interest Expense	2.38	2.57	-7.29%	Not Applicable

#### Reason for Vairance above 25%

#### 44 Leases

The Company's leasing arrangements are in respect of office premises / warehouse. These leasing arrangements, which is mostly cancelable, range between 11 months to 3 years and are usually renewable by mutual consent at mutually agreed terms & conditions. The lease payment of Rs.2110.96 lakhs (Previous Year Rs.1440.12lakhs) has been recognised as expenses in the statement of Profit & Loss under the Note No. "Other Expenses".

#### 45 Struck Off Companies

Where the company has any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956, the Company shall disclose the following details:-

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Balance outstanding as at 31.03.2025	Balance outstanding as at 31.03.2024	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
O2 Spa Salon Pvt.Ltd.	Receivables	2,47,800	2,47,800	Customer
Textree [A Div Of K.K.Silk Mills Ltd]	Receivables	592	592	Customer
Ketan Marketing Pvt Ltd	Receivables	6,11,899	9,77,436	Customer

#### 46 Capital Management

#### i) Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio and is measured by net debt divided by capital employed. The Company's debt is defined as long term and short term borrowings including current maturities of long term borrowings and total equity (as shown in balance sheet) includes issued capital and all other reserves.

#### ii) Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows.

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
Borrowing	38,969.29	33,754.66
Less: Cash and Cash equivalents	169.62	17.39
Net Debt	38,799.67	33,737.27
Total Equity	23,469.68	20,454.55
Total Equity and Net Debt (Capital Employed)	62,269.35	54,191.81
Gearing ratio	62.31%	62.26%



#### 47 Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, price risk and Interest Rate Risk.

This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the impact thereof in the financial statements.

SI. No.	Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
1	Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets.	Credit ratings, Review of aging analysis, Review of investment on quarterly basis.	diversification of counterparties, Investment
2	Liquidity Risk	Trade payables and other financial liabilities.	Maturity analysis, cash flow projections.	Maintaining sufficient cash / cash equivalents and marketable security.
3	Market Risk - Foreign Currency Risk	Highly probable forecast transactions and financial assets and liabilities not denominated in INR.	Foreign currency exposure review and sensitivity analysis.	, ,
4	Market Risk - Interest Rate Risk	Fluctuating interest rates on various loans taken from banks and others	Interest Expense review and sensitivity analysis.	Treasure performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.
5	Price Risk – Commodity Prices	Basic ingredients of company raw materials are various grade of Yarn and Dyes where prices are volatile	The company sourcing components from vendors directly, hence it does not hedge its exposure to commodity price risk.	The company is able to pass on substantial price hike to the customers.

The Board provides guiding principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as credit risk, liquidity risk, price risk, investment of surplus liquidity and other business risks effecting business operation. The company's risk management is carried out by the management as per guidelines and policies approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses the direct risk of default, risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration risks. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables), deposits with banks and loans given.

#### **Credit Risk Management**

For financial assets the Company has an investment policy which allows the Company to invest only with counterparties having credit rating equal to or above AAA and AA. The Company reviews the creditworthiness of these counterparties on an ongoing basis. Another source of credit risk at the reporting date is from trade receivables as these are typically unsecured. This credit risk has always been managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuous monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to whom credit is extended in the normal course of business. The Company estimates the expected credit loss based on past data, available information on public domain and experience. Expected credit losses of financial assets receivable are estimated based on historical data of the Company. The company has provisioning policy for expected credit losses. There is no credit risk in bank deposits which are demand deposits. The creditors risk is minimum in case of entity to whom loan has been given.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31.03.2025, 31.03.2024 and 01.04.2023 is the carrying value of such trade receivables as shown in note 13 of the financials.

#### The Credit Loss allowances are provided in the case of trade receivables as under:

Loss allowance as on 01.04.2023	1,441.48
Change in loss allowance	132.21
Loss allowance as on 31.03.2024	1,573.69
Change in loss allowance	487.89
Loss allowance as on 31.03.2025	2,061.58

#### (B) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk represents the inability of the Company to meet its financial obligations within stipulated time. To mitigate this risk, the Company maintains sufficient liquidity by way of working capital limits from banksCompany maintains sufficient liquidity by way of working capital limits from banks

#### (C) Market risk

#### Foreign currency risk

The Company significantly operates in domestic market, hence very insignificant portion of export and import took place during the years. Company is mitigating the currency risk by natural and financial hedging.

#### Open exposure

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk which are unhedged at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Particulars	CHF	Euro	USD
As at 31.03.2025			
Trade receivables- Foreign Currency	-	9,00,726	12,89,547
Trade receivables- INR in Lacs	-	829.48	1,102.24
Trade payables- Foreign Currency	-	25,070	1,93,747
Trade payables- INR in Lacs	-	23.09	165.61

Particulars	CHF	Euro	USD
As at 31.03.2024			
Trade receivables- Foreign Currency	-	31,846	19,32,751
Trade receivables- INR in Lacs	-	28.62	1,612.01
Trade payables- Foreign Currency	-	22,977	2,25,677
Trade payables- INR in Lacs	-	20.65	188.23

#### Sensitivity Anaysis-

The Company is mainly exposed to changes in USD and Euro. The sensitivity analysis demonstrate a reasonably possible change in USD and Euro exchange rates, with all other veriables held constant. 5% appreciation/depreciation of USD and Euro with respect to functional currency of the company will have impact of following (decrease)/increase in Profit & vice versa.

Particulars	As at 31	.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024		
Impact on profit or loss for the year	Strengthens Weakening		Strengthens	Weakening	
Euro Impact	40.32	(40.32)	0.40	(0.40)	
USD Impact	46.83	(46.83)	71.19	(71.19)	
Total	87.15	(87.15)	71.59	(71.59)	

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

The exposure of company borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2025	As at 31.03.2024
Variable rate borrowings	35,366.58	30,151.95
Fixed rate borrowings	3,602.71	3,602.71
Total borrowings	38,969.29	33,754.66

#### Interest Rate Sensitivity Anaysis-

Profit/loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Particulars	Basis Points	Impact on Pro	fit before Tax
	basis Politis	As at 31.03.2025 As at 31.03	
Increase in Basis points	+50	(176.83)	(150.76)
Decrease in Basis points	- 50	176.83	150.76

#### (D) Price risk

The company is exposed to price risk in basic ingrediants of Company's raw material and is procuring finished components and bought out materials from vendors directly. The Company monitors its price risk and factors the price increase in pricing of the products.



- 48 In the opinion of the Board, the current assets, loans & advances have a value realisation, in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.
- 49 The balances of Trade Receivables, Trade Payables and Loans and Advances are subject to confirmation and consequential adjustment, if any.
- 50 No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- 51 The Company has neither traded nor invested in crytpo currency or virtual currency during the year.

#### 52 Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of Financial instrument as of 31.03.2025 and 31.03.2024 were as follows-

(₹ in Lacs)

Particulars	 Fair value as at 31.03.2024	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Key Inputs for Level 3 hierarchy	Significant unobservable input for level 3 hierarchy
Financial assets					
Investment in Equity Instruments through Profit & Loss	100.20	Level 3	industry	These are statutory investment required for the operation of the company.	

The fair values of current debtors, cash & bank balances, loan to related party, security deposit to government department, current creditors and current borrowings and other financial liability are assumed to approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

53 Additional information, as required to Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Associates

	Share in profit or loss		Share in Other income	comprehensive e (OCI)	Share in Total comprehensive income (TCI)	
	As % of consolidated profit or loss	(Rs.)	As % of consolidated OCI	(Rs.)	As % of consolidated TCI	(Rs.)
2024-25						
Donear Industries Limited	100.06%	3,188.82	100.00%	(67.66)	100.07%	3,121.16
Associates						
Indian						
Neo Strech Private Limited	-0.06%	(2.03)	0.00%	-	-0.07%	(2.03)
Total	100.00%	3,186.79	100.00%	(67.66)	100.00%	3,119.13
2023-24						
Donear Industries Limited	100.01%	3,471.34	100.00%	(18.63)	100.01%	3,452.71
Associates						
Indian						
Neo Strech Private Limited	-0.01%	(0.36)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.36)
Total	100.00%	3,470.98	100.00%	(18.63)	100.00%	3,452.35

The previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary to conform to the current presentation as per the schedule III of Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report attached here with

FOR KANU DOSHI ASSOCIATES LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm's Registration Number: 104746W/W100096

**Kunal Vakharia** Partner

Membership No.148916

Place : Mumbai Date : 27th May, 2025 Rajendra V. Agarwal Managing Director DIN :00227233

Ajay V. Agarwal Whole-time Director DIN :00227279

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ashok B. Agarwal Chief Financial Officer Sejal Shah Company Secretary

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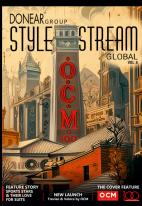
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