



Centron Industrial alliance Ltd. सेन्ट्रान इन्डस्ट्रीयल अलायन्स लि.





CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Mr. Anand Pratap Singh

Mrs. Shobha Prakashchandra Garg

Mr. Ravindra Hetawal Mr. Manish Bhutra

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: Mr. Sonu Verma

COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER: Mr. Sonu Verma

BANKER Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.

STATUTORY AUDITORS S.N. KABRA & Co.

207 'C' Block, Silver Mall,

R.N.T. Marg,Indore(M.P.)-452001 Email:-snkabraco@gmail.com

Tel:-0731-26730263

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR Anuj P. Surana & Co.

Indore, Madhya Pradesh

REGISTERED OFFICE 21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B Prem Court,

Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hills, Mumbai- 400026

Tel.:+91- 022-26730263 Mob.-9022463464

Website: www.centronalliance.in E.mail:ctrnind@gmail.com

CORPORATE OFFICE 502, La Gardina Appts.,

247, Shrinagar Colony Main, Indore-452001, Madhya Pradesh

Ph.: 0731-4060770

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS M/s. Adroit Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd.

19, Jafer Bhoy Industrial Estate, 1st Floor, Makwana Road, Marol Naka, Andheri(E),

Mumbai- 400059

Tel.: 022-42270400,28596060/4060, Fax: 022-28503748,66924438 Email -info@adroitcorporate.com





NOTICE OF 70th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that **70th Annual General Meeting** of the company will be held on **Friday, September 30th, 2022 at 01:30 p.m. at** Duty Free, G-1, Akruti Star, MIDC Central Road Andheri (E), Mumbai-400093.

Also, as per section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules 2014, the company is pleased to provide its members the facility to cast their vote by electronic means, i.e. E-voting is on all resolutions set forth in the Notice. E-Voting is optional.

The Seventeenth Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held to transact the following business

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statement containing the Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2021 and the Statement of Profit & Loss and the Cash Flow Statement of the company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021 and the Reports of the Board's and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appointment a director in place of Mrs. Shobha Prakashchandra Garg (DIN: 07145866), who retires by rotation and being eligible offer herself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

1. To consider and thought fit pass the following resolution as Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT subject to the provision of Section 12 and Section 13 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and any other applicable provisions of the act and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment thereof for the time being in force) and confirmation of the Regional Director, the consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded for shifting the Registered office of the Company from Mumbai, Maharashtra to:

502, La Gardina, 247 Shrinagar Colony,

Main Indore 452001 Madhya Pradesh

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT consequent to this change, clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be substituted by the following:

Clause II: The Registered office of the Company will be situated in the State of Madhya Pradesh, Indore.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one of the Director, Managing Director, Company Secretary be and are hereby severally authorised to appear and represent the Company in the matter of petition before the office of Regional Director for seeking Confirmation for the proposed altereation of the situation clause of the Memorandum of Association and also authorised to appoint any Consultant/Practicing Company Secretary / Advocate / Attorney and other professional as may be required from time to time and to fix their remuneration and to do all such acts, deeds, mater and things as may be deemed necessary to give effect to aforesaid resolution including, filing necessary forms / returns with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, finalizing and executing necessary documents etc."

By Order of the Board of Directors For : CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Sd/-SONU VERMA (COMPANY SECRETARY) M.No.- A45239





NOTES:

- 1. The Explanatory Statement setting out the material fact pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting is annexed hereto and forms part of notice.
- 2. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON POLL ON HIS/HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.
- 3. Pursuant to Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, a person can act as a Proxy on behalf of not more than fifty members holding in aggregate, not more than ten percent of the total share Capital of Company. Provided that member holding more than ten percent of the share capital of the Company may appoint a single person as Proxy, who shall not act as a Proxy for any other Member. The instrument of Proxy, in order to be effective, should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, duly completed and signed, not later than 48 hours (Sunday is included in computation of 48 hours) before the commencement of the Meeting. A Proxy Form is annexed to this report.
- 4. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days, except Saturday's between <<11.00 A.M.>> to <<1.00 P.M.>>.
- 5. The Register of Members of the Company will remain closed from <<23rd September, 2022>>to <<30thSeptember, 2022>>(both days inclusive).
 - Any query relating to accounts or any other items of business set out in the Agenda of the meeting must be sent to the Company's Registered Office 21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B Prem Court, Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg,Cumballa Hill, and Mumbai- 400026 at least seven days before the date of the Meeting.
- 6. Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to lodge a certified true copy of the resolution of the Board of Directors or other governing body of the body corporate not later than 48 (forty eight) hours before commencement of the meeting authorizing such person to attend and vote on its behalf at the meeting.
- 7. The Notice is being sent to all the Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members/list of Beneficial Owners as received from National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL)/Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).
- 8. Members who are holding Company's shares in dematerialized form are required to bring details of their Depository Account Number for identification.
- 9. Members are requested to bring their copies of Annual Report to the Meeting. In order to enable us to register your attendance at the venue of the Annual General Meeting, members are requested to please bring their folio number/demat account number/DP ID-Client ID to enable us to provide a duly filled attendance slip for your signature and participation at the meeting.
- 10. In case of joint holders attending the meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to
- 11. Members/Proxies should bring their attendance slip duly filled in for attending the meeting. Members are also requested to inform company of any change in their address immediately so as to enable the company to dispatch any further communication at their correct address.
- 12. Pursuant to Section 101 and Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Companies (Management and Administration Rules), 2014, companies can serve Annual Reports and other communications through electronic mode to those members who have registered their e-mail address either with the Company or with the Depository. Members who have not registered their e-mail address with the Company are requested to submit their request with their valid e-mail address to M/s Adroit Corporate Services Private Limited. Members holding shares in demat form are requested to register/update their e-mail address with their Depository Participant(s) directly. Members of the Company, who have registered their email-address, are entitled to receive such communication in physical form upon request.
- 13. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide members the facility to exercise their right to vote through remote e-voting in respect of the resolution
- 14. Proposed to be passed at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) by using the electronic voting facility provided by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL).
- 15. CA Sunil Maheshwari, Partner of M/s Maheshwari & Gupta, a Chartered Accountants Firm (Membership No. 403346, FRN No. 06179C) has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 16. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares of the Paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors For: CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Sd/-SONU VERMA (COMPANY SECRETARY) M.No.- A45239

Dated: 13-08-2021 Place: Indore





Annexure to Notice

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT,2013 ITEM NO.1

Registered office of the company is presently located at 21, Floor-2, Plot 741, Prem Court Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hill, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400026 IN. The Board feel that for operational conveniences and for optimum utilisation of resources of the company it is essential that company shift the registered office of the company outside the state. The most effective competent human work force is also available there in abundance. The company very much needs this facility not only to remain competitive in the business but also to cater to its further economic development and growth.

After the proposal is approved by the shareholders, a petition is required to be made, under Section 13(4) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the Regional Director for confirmation of the alteration to the Memorandum of Association of the company so as to shift the company's registered office from the State of Maharashtra to the State of Madhya Pradesh.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way concerned or interested in the said resolution.

The Directors recommend the aforesaid resolution for the approval by the members as Special Resolution.

ITEM NO.2

Consequent upon shifting of registered office from Mumbai, State of Maharashtra to Indore, State of Madhya Pradesh subject to the approval of members and Regional Director, it is necessary to amend clause II of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way concerned or interested in the said resolution.

The Directors recommend the aforesaid resolution for the approval by the members as Special Resolution.





THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTINGARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on 27th September, 2022 at 10:00 A.M. and ends on 29th September, 2022 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. 23rd day of September, 2022, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 23rd September, 2022.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below: Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section , this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. 2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com/. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. 4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience. NSDL Mobile App is available on





Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	 Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login.Or www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	1. You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Important Note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022- 23058542-43

B) Login Method for e-Voting shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode. How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
 - Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.





4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12********* then your user ID is 12************************************
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a . pdf file. Open the. pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on "Forgot User Password? (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) Physical User Reset Password ? (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle.
- 2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 3. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 4. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 5. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 6. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.





General Guidelines for shareholders

- 1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to sunilrlmaheshwari@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password? or "Physical User Reset Password? option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Ms. Pallavi Mhatre at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories/ company for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to ctrnind@gmail.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to ctrnind@gmail.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co. for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

By Order of the Board of Directors For : CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

SONU VERMA (COMPANY SECRETARY) M.No.- A45239





Additional Information of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015:

Particulars	Mrs. Shobha Prakashchandra Garg
Designation	Director
DIN	07145866
Date of Birth	20/12/1949
Date of Appointment	31/03/2015
Qualification	Bachelor of Commerce
Expertise / Experience in specific functional areas	General Administration
Relationships between directors inter-se	NIL
Directorship in other Public Limited Companies	NIL
Chairman/Member of the Committees of the Board Directors	NIL
of other Companies in which she is director	
No. & Equity share held in the company	NIL

ROUTE MAP TO THE VENUE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING







DIRECTOR'S REPORT

TO, THE MEMBERS

CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Your directors present their Sixty Nine Annual Report together with the Audited financial Statement of your company for the year ended on 31st March, 2021.

- 1. STATE OF AFFAIRS, FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND FUTURE OUTLOOK
 - 1.1FINANCIAL RESULTS AND STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS:

The Board's Report is prepared based on the financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31st, 2022 is is Summarized below:

(Rs. in Lacs)

		(113: III Ed03)
Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Revenue from operation	1277.65	3363.74
Profit/(Loss) before providing Depreciation and Interest	19.82	12.09
Less: Depreciation	_	_
Interest	-	_
Profit/(Loss) Before Exceptional & Extraordinary Items	19.82	12.09
Less: Exceptional Items-	_	_
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation	19.82	12.09
Less: Provision for Current Taxation	3.10	1.89
Deferred Tax Liability	_	_
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods	-	2.61
Profit /Loss after Taxation	16.72	7.59

1.2WORKING PERFORMANCE REVIEW:

Looking into the market scenario during the year under review, the performance of your Company has been satisfactory. The gross Revenue during the financial year 2021-22 from operations has decreased from Rs.3292.41 lacs to Rs.1277.65 lacs as compared to the previous year. The profit after tax for the current year has Increased as comparison to the previous year. Directors of the Company are of the view that the performance of the company would further improve in the next financial year.

1.3CHANGES IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

During the year there was no change in business activity of the Company.

1.4SHARE CAPITAL:

During the Financial Year 2021-22 there was no change in capital structure of the Company. The paid up equity capital as on March 31st, 2022 is Rs.9,96,00,000/-During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights nor has granted any stock option or sweat equity shares.

1.5REVISION IN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In terms of Section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Financial Statements and Board's Report are incompliance with the provisions of section 129 or section 134 of the act and there was no case of revision in financial statement during the year.

2 RESERVES:

Out of the profits available for appropriation, no amount has been transferred to any reserves during the year under review.

3 DIVIDEND:

In view to conserve the resources of the company and due to requirement of the long term financial resources





your directors proposes to utilize the profits generated during the year in the business activities and do not recommend any dividend for the year 2020-21

4 DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, your Company did not accept any deposits within the meaning of provisions of Chapter V – Acceptance of Deposits by Companies of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

5 MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFTER THE END OF FINANCIAL YEAR

There are no material changes and commitments affecting financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which financial statements relate and date of the report.

6 SUBSIDIARY, ASSOCIATE COMPANIES OR JOINT VENTURE

The Company does not have any Subsidiary Company or Associate Company or any Joint Venture or Holding Company.

7 EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to sub-section 3(a) of Section 134 and sub-section (3) of Section 92 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 the extracts of the Annual Return as at March 31st, 2022 forms part of this report as Annexure I.

8 BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS:

During the year under review the Board meets 4(Four) times viz. **June 30th, 2021; August 10th, 2021; November 15th, 2021; and February 14th, 2022.** The details of meetings of the Board and the attendance of Directors are provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

9 DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors, based on representation received from the operating management and after due enquiry, confirm in respect of the audited financial accounts for the year ended March 31st, 2022:

- a) That in preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed and that there were no material departures;
- b) That the Directors had, in consultation with the Statutory Auditors, selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company for the year ended March 31st, 2022 and the profit and loss Account of the Company for that period;
- c) That the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) That the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) That the directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) That the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

10 CHANGES IN DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

Kev Managerial Personnel

During the year there is no change in Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

All the intimations pertaining to the appointments and resignations made during the year has been given to Stock Exchange (s) where the shares of the Company are listed and also the relevant records are duly updated with the Registrar of Companies, wherever required

Disqualifications of Directors

During the year declarations received from the Directors of the Company pursuant to Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Board appraised the same and found that none of the director is disqualified for holding office as director.





11 INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

11.1 Declaration by Independent Directors

All Independent Directors of your Company have given a declaration pursuant to Section149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 affirming compliance to the criteria of Independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Based on the declaration(s) of Independent Directors, the Board of Directors recorded its opinion that all Independent Directors are independent of the Management and have fulfilled the conditions as specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under.

11.2 Meetings of Independent Directors

During the year under review, a separate meeting of Independent Directors was held on 10thFebruary, 2021, interalia, to discuss:

- ▶ Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and Board of Directors as a whole.
- Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive Directors and non-executive directors.
- ▶ Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board of Directors that is necessary for the Board of Directors to effectively and necessarily perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors were present at the said Meeting.

11.3 FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The objective of a familiarization programme is to ensure that the non-executive directors are updated on the business environment and overall operations of the Company. This enables the non-executive directors to make better informed decisions in the interest of the Company and its stakeholders.

In compliance with the requirements of SEBI Regulations, the Company has put in place a familiarization programme for the Independent Directors to familiarize them with their role, rights and responsibility as Directors, the working of the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model etc.

With a view to familiarize the independent directors with the Company's operations, as required under regulation 25(7) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015. The details of such familiarization programmes for Independent Directors are posted on the website of the Company and can be accessed at http://www.centroalliance.in/

12 COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

During the year, in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, and other applicable Acts the Board has the following 3 (Three)Committees as follows:

- (a) Audit Committee
- (b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- (c) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Details of all the Committees along with their charters, composition and meetings held during the year, are provided in the "Report on Corporate Governance", a part of this Annual Report.

13 DISCLOSURE IN TERMS OF NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY:

The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has approved and adopted a Remuneration Policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management personnel and their remuneration. The Remuneration Policy of the Company forms part of this report as Annexure II.

14 AUDITORS:

14.1 Statutory Auditors:

The Company's Auditors, S.N. Kabra & Company, Chartered Accountants, who were appointed for a term of Four years at the Annual General Meeting held on 29th September, 2020 are eligible for ratification of their appointment. They have confirmed their eligibility under Section 141(3) (g) of the Companies Act, 2013. Your Board is pleased to inform that there is no such observation made by the Auditors in their report which needs any explanation by the Board.





14.2 Secretarial Auditor:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed Anuj P. Surana & Company, a firm of Company Secretaries in Practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 is annexed herewith marked as Annexure III to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

14.3 Cost Record and Cost Audit

Your company does not fall within the provisions of Section 148 of Company's Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost records & Audit) Rules, 2014, therefore no such records required to be maintained.

15 PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186:

The Company has not provided any loan to entity covered under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. The details of the investments made by company are given in the Note No. 8to the financial statements.

16 PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under, there were no related party transactions during the year under review. Hence, information in Form AOC-2, is not required.

17 CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGSAND OUTGO:

Since the Company has not carried out any activities within the purview of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies(Accounts) Rules, 2014, the information may be treated as NIL.

18 BUSINESS RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Company recognizes that risk is an integral and unavoidable component of business and is committed to managing the risk in a proactive and efficient manner. The Company as part of business strategy has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor risks and mitigate various risks with timely action.

19 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

Your company does not meet the requirements of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 for establishing Corporate Social responsibility (CSR) committee; therefore no such committee was established by the Board.

20 FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 134 of Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 25(4)(a) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually including Independent Directors. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out is explained in the Corporate Governance report.

21 SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS:

There are no significant or material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the future operations going concern status of the Company.

22 INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The Company has a proper internal control system, which provides adequate safeguards and effective monitoring of the transactions and ensures that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition.

Moreover, the audit committee of the Company regularly reviews the audit plans, adequacy of internal control as well as compliance of accounting standards.

Also the Whole Time Director has the responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that they also have the overall responsibility to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and they have to disclose to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify the deficiencies.





23 DISCLOSURE IN TERMS OF VIGIL MECHANISM:

The Company believes in the conduct of its affairs in a fair and transparent manner by adopting highest standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behavior. The Company is committed to develop a culture in which every employee feels free to raise concerns about any poor or unacceptable practice and misconduct. In order to maintain the standards Company has adopted Whistle Blower Policy to provide a framework to promote responsible and secure whistle blowing. The Board of Directors of your Company has adopted the Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy incompliance of Companies Act, 2013.

24 COMMISSION RECEIVED BY DIRECTORS FROM HOLDING AND SUBSIDIARY:

The Company does not have any holding/ subsidiary company. Hence provisions of section 197 (14) of Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

25 DISCLOSURE OF RATIO OF REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The prescribed particulars of employees required under section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as amended is enclosed as Annexure IV and forms the part of this Board Report.

26 PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

During the year, there was no employee drawing remuneration in excess of Rs. 1,02,00,000/- p.a. or Rs. 8,50,000/- p.m. if employee of the part of the year Accordingly, information required to be given pursuant to provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, The company have only 11 employee.

27 EQUITY SHARES WITH DIFFERENTIAL VOTING RIGHTS:

The company has not issued any shares with differential voting rights and accordingly the provisions of Section43 read with Rule 4(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under are not applicable for the year.

28 DETAILS OF SWEAT EQUITY SHARES:

The Company has not issued sweat equity shares pursuant to provisions of Section 54 read with Rule 8 of Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 during the Financial Year.

29 DETAILS OF EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION SCHEME:

The Company has not issued shares under employee's stock options scheme pursuant to provisions of Section 62 read with Rule 12(9) of Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014.

30 DISCLOSURE OF VOTING RIGHTS NOT EXCERCISED:

The Company has not made any provision of money for the purchase of, or subscription for, shares in the Company or its holding Company, if the purchase of, or the subscription for, the shares by trustees is for the shares to be held by or for the benefit of the employees of the Company and accordingly the provisions of Chapter IV (Share Capital and Debentures) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under are not applicable for the year.

31 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Your Company and its Board has been complying with Corporate Governance practices as set out in a separate report in pursuance of requirement of Para C of Schedule V SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

32 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS STATEMENT

Management Discussion and Analysis statement in pursuance of requirement of Para B of Schedule V SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is forming part of this Annual Report.

33 DEPOSITORY SYSTEM

Your Company's shares are tradable compulsorily in electronic form and your Company has connectivity with both the Depositories i.e. National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Service (India) Limited (CDSL). In view of the numerous advantages offered by the Depository System, members are requested to avail the facility of Dematerialization of the Company's shares on either of the Depositories mentioned as aforesaid.





34 ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY

The Company is conscious of the importance of environmentally clean and safe operations. The Company's policy requires conduct of operations in such a manner, so as to ensure safety of all concerned, compliances environmental regulations and preservation of natural resources.

35 DEMAT STATUS:

The company's shares are presently held in both electronic and physical modes.

36 REASON OF SUSPENSION OF TRADING OF THE SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY\

The BSE has suspended our company due to surveillance measure for which no explanation is being given by the BSE and general circular has been issued by BSE on 25th August, 2015 to the Company.

37 TRANSFER TO INVESTORS EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF):

As per the provisions of section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per rule 3 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund (awareness and protection of investors) Rules, 2001, No amount is pending to be transferred to IEPF.

38 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

The Board of Directors of Directors wish to place on record their appreciation of the extended co-operation and assistance rendered to the company and acknowledge with gratitude the continued support and cooperation extended by the stakeholders, investors, employees, workers and bank of the company which had always been a source of strength for the Company.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

sd/-(Anand Pratap Singh) Whole Time Director DIN 06711543

sd/-(Ravindra Hetawal) Director DIN 07262677

Dated: 13/08/2022 Place: Indore





ANNEXURE-I

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i.	CIN:	L28931MH1949PLC007928
ii.	Registration Date	20.12.1949
iii.	Name of the Company	Centron Industrial Alliance Limited
iv.	Category/Sub-Category of the Company	Public Company/ Limited by Shares
V.	Address of the Registered office and contact details	21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B Prem Court, Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hilla, Mumbai- 400026
vi.	Whether listed company	Yes
vii.	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	M/s. Adroit Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd. 19, JaferBhoy Industrial Estate,1st Floor, Makwana Road Marol Naka, Andheri(E), Mumbai- 400059 Tel.:02242270400,28596060/4060, Fax: 022 28503748,66924438 Email - info@adroitcorporate.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

S	S.No	Name and Description of main products/ services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
	1	Cloth Fabrics	5149	100

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S.No	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary /Associate	%of shares held	Applicable Section
			N.A		

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity) A. Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Sha	res held at t ear[As on 0	the beginni 1- 04-2021]	ng of the	No. of S	of the	% Change during		
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	The year
A.Promoter									
1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Central Govt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies Corp	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) (2):	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2) Foreign									
a) NRIs-Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Other-Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total(A)(2):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Category of	No. of Shar	es held at the	e beginning o	of the year	No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31-03-2022]				% Change
Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during The year
B.Public	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shareholding		O	ľ	"				0	
1. Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Banks / FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Central Govt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Venture Capital	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Funds									
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g) FIIs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total(B)(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Non Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
(i) Indian	12533280	50500	12583780	12.64	13776853	50500	13827353	13.88	(1.24)
(ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Individuals									
(i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	25969187	4631975	30601162	30.72	23731189	4634725	28365914	28.48	2.24
(ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	56293066	0	56293066	56.52	57292541	0	57292541	57.52	(1.00)
c) Others(specify)	20000	0	20000	0.02	22200	0	22200	0.02	0
Clearing Members	100992	0	100992	0.09	90992	0	90992	0.09	0
NRI's	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Directors*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign Bodies-DR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trusts	1000	0	1000	0.01	1000	0	1000	0.01	0
Sub-total(B)(2)	94917525	46824759	9600000						0
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)									
C.Shares held by Custodian for GDRs&ADRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GrandTotal (A+B+C)	94917525	46824759	9600000	100	94914775	4685225	99600000	100	0



B. Shareholding of Promoter and Promoters Group

Sr. No	Shareholder's Name	Sharel	holding at the begin (As on 01-04-2	0	S	0	t the end of the 31-03-2022)	year
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	% change in share holding during the year
	NIL							

No identifiable Promoter and Promoter Group.

C) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sr. No	Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01-04-2021)		Cumulative Shareholding during the year (01-04-2019 to 31-03-2022)		
		No. of Shares % of total shares of the company		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	
	At the beginning of the yea	NIL	NIL NIL		NIL	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
	At the End of the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	

D) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders: (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding at	the beginning of the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the	No. of	% of total shares of the	
		company	Shares	company	
Hemal Arunbhai Mehta	4100000	4.12	4100000	4.12	
Krunal Bhupendrabhai Makwana	3700000	3.71	3700000	3.71	
Manish Nayansukh Gandhi	4658653	4.68	4658653	4.68	
Nailesh Mehta	3727250	3.74	3727250	3.74	
Anoop Garg*	3412906	3.43	3412906	3.43	
Pranesh Traders Private Limited	3197260	3.21	3197260	3.21	
Varinder Pal singh kandhari	3028615	3.04	3028615	3.04	
Neena Kandhari	2052988	2.06	2052988	2.06	
AlkaGoyal	1661349	1.67	1661349	1.67	
Kaushik Ramesh Vyas	2111277	2.12	2111277	2.12	

E) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding a	t the beginning of the year	Cumulative	e Shareholding during the year
	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
		NIL		



V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

Amount in Rs.

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year (01.04.2018)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not				
Total(i+ii+iii)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
- Addition				
- Reduction				
Net Change	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year (31.3.2019)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: (In Lacs)

S.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WT/ Manager	Total Amount
		Mr. Anand Pratap Singh (Whole Time Director)	
1.	Gross salary (a)Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act,1961	3,00,000/-	3,00,000/-
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act,1961	-	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary undersection17(3) Income- tax Act,1961		
2.	Stock Option	-	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-	-
5.	Others, please specify	-	-
	Total(A)	3,00,000/-	3,00,000/-
	Ceiling as per the Act		

B. Remuneration to other directors:

S.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	N	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager			Total Amount
	Independent Directors - Fee for attending board committee meetings - Commission - Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total(1)	-	-	-	-	-
	Other Non-Executive Directors - Fee for attending board committee meetings - Commission - Others, please specify					
	Total(2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total(B)=(1+2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	-	-	-	-	-





C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Other Than MD/Manager/WTD

S.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Manage	erial Personnel	Total Amount
		CFO	Company Secretary	
	Gross salary (a)Salary as per provisions contained in section17(1) of the Income-tax Act,1961		2,75,000	2,75,000
	(b)Value of perquisites u/s 17(2)Income-tax Act,1961			
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3)Income-tax Act,1961			
	Stock Option			
	Sweat Equity			
	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify			
	Others, please specify			
	Total		2,75,000	2,75,000

VII. PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the companies Act	Brief description	Details of Penalty/ Punishment/Compounding fees imposed	Authority[RD /NCLT/Court]	Appeal made. If any(give details)		
A. Company							
Penalty							
Punishment							
Compounding							
B. Directors							
Penalty							
Punishment							
Compounding]						
C. Other Officers In Default							
Penalty							
Punishment							
Compounding							

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

sd/-(Anand Pratap Singh) Whole Time Director DIN 06711543 sd/-(Ravindra Hetawal) Director DIN 07262677

Dated: 13/08/2022 Place: Indore





NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

ANNEXURE - II

1. Introduction

This Nomination and Remuneration Policy is being formulated in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the applicable rules thereto and Regulation 19 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "Listing Regulations") as amended from time to time. This policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management has been formulated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC or the Committee) and has been approved by the Board of Directors.

Objectives of the Committee:

The Committee shall:

- Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- ii. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board of directors;
- iii. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- iv. Identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and persons who may be appointed in Key Managerial and Senior Management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy;
- v. Recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance.
- vi. Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.

Definitions:

- ▶ "Board":-Board means Board of Directors of the Company.
- "Director":-Directors means Directors of the Company.
- ▶ "Policy or This Policy" means, "Nomination and Remuneration Policy."
- "Remuneration" means any money or its equivalent given or passed to any person for services rendered by him and includes perquisites as defined under the Income Tax Act, 1961."
- ▶ "Committee":-Committee means Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company as constituted or reconstituted by the Board, from time to time.
- "Company":- Company means Centron Industrial Alliance Limited.
- "Key Managerial Personnel":- Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) means-
 - (i) the Chief Executive Officer or the managing director or the manager;
 - (ii) the company secretary;
 - (iii) the whole-time director;
 - (iv) the Chief Financial Officer; and
 - (v) such other officer as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013
- "Independent Director" means a non-executive director, other than a nominee director of the listed entity:
 - a. Who, in the opinion of the board of directors, is a person of integrity and possesses relevant expertise and experience;
 - b. (I) Who is or was not a promoter of the listed entity or its holding, subsidiary or associate company;
 - (ii) Who is not related to promoters or directors in the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate Company;
 - c. Apart from receiving director's remuneration, has or had no material pecuniary relationship with the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;
 - d. None of whose relatives has or had pecuniary relationship or transaction with the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, amounting to two per cent. or more of its





gross turnover or total income or fifty lakh rupees or such higher amount as maybe prescribed from time to time, whichever is lower, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;

- e. who, neither himself, nor whose relative(s)
 - (i) holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been an employee of the listed entity or its holding, subsidiary or associate company in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed;
 - (ii) is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed, of
 - a. a firm of auditors or company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the listed entity or its holding, subsidiary or associate company; or
 - b. any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the listed entity, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to ten per cent or more of the gross turnover of such firm;
 - (iii) holds together with his relatives two per cent or more of the total voting power of the listed entity; or
 - (iv)is a chief executive or director, by whatever name called, of any nonprofit organisation that receives twenty-five per cent or more of its receipts or corpus from the listed entity, any of its promoters, directors or its holding, subsidiary or associate company or that holds two percent or more of the total voting power of the listed entity:
 - (v) is a material supplier, service provider or customer or a lessor or lessee of the listed entity;
- f. Who is not less than 21 years of age.
- ▶ "Senior Management":- The expression "senior management" means personnel of the company who are members of its core management team excluding Board of Directors comprising all members of management one level below the executive directors, including the functional heads.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this policy and not defined herein but defined in the Companies Act, 2013 as may be amended from time to time shall have the meaning respectively assigned to them there in.

Applicability:-

The Policy is applicable to

- Directors (Executive and Non Executive)
- ▶ Key Managerial Personnel
- Senior Management Personnel

General Appointment Criteria:

The Committee shall consider the following criteria and qualifications as follows.

- I. The Committee shall identify, ascertainand consider the ethical standards of integrity and probity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and accordingly recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- ii. The Company should ensure that the person so appointed as Director/ Independent Director/ KMP/ Senior Management Personnel shall not be disqualified under the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder, Listing Regulations or any other enactment for the time being in force.
- iii. The Director/ Independent Director/ KMP/ Senior Management Personnel shall be appointed as per the procedure laid down under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder, Listing Regulationsor any other enactment for the time being in force.
- iv. The Committee has the discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person is sufficient / satisfactory for the concerned position.

Additional Criteria for Appointment of Independent Directors:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the Independent nature of the Directors so as to enable the Board to discharge its function and duties effectively. Independent Director shall meet all criteria specified under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under and Listing Regulations. The Committee shall consider qualifications for Independent Directors as mentioned in herein earlier under the head 'Definitions'.





Term / Tenure:

The Term / Tenure of the Directors shall be governed as per provisions of the Listing Regulations, Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under as amended from time to time.

Performance Evaluation Criteria

The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel at regular interval.

Removal:

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations or any other reasonable ground, the Committee may recommend to the Board for removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the said Act, rules and regulations.

Policy on Board diversity:

The Board of Directors shall have the optimum combination of Directors from the different areas / fields like production, Management, Quality Assurance, Finance, Sales and Marketing, Supply Chain, Research and Development, Human Resources etc. or as may be considered appropriate.

Policy Review:-

This policy is framed based on the provision of the Companies Act,2013 and rules thereunder and requirement of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations.

Remuneration: Policy for Remuneration to Directors/Key Managerial Personnel /Senior Management Personnel:

1. Non-Executive Directors

The Company is not paying any remuneration to the Non-Executive /Independent Directors except, sitting fees for attending the Board meetings.

The amount of sitting fees shall be subject to limits as provided under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under or any other enactment for the time being in force.

2. Managing Director & Key Managerial Personnel & Other Employees

The remuneration shall be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the quality required to run the company successfully. The relationship of remuneration to performance should be clear and meet appropriate performance benchmarks.

The remuneration should also involve a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.

- 1. The remuneration of Executive Director including the Chairman, Managing Director, and KMP shall be recommended and approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to the Board.
 - The remuneration shall be governed as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under or any other enactment for the time being in force.
- 2. The Company shall not pay sitting fees to executive Directors for attending the Board meetings.
 - The amount of sitting fees shall be subject to limits as provided under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under or any other enactment for the time being in force.
- 3. The Company shall pay remuneration to its CS as per the terms of the appointment as approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and they shall also entitled for the annual increments based on their performance, evaluated by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board on annual basis.
- 4. The Remuneration to other employees will be such as to ensure that the relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks. Remuneration to other employees shall involve a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

Amendment

Any change in the Policy shall, on recommendation of Nominations and Remuneration Committee, be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Board of Directors shall have the right to withdraw and / or amend any part of this Policy or the entire Policy, at any time, as it deems fit, or from time to time, and the decision of the Board in this respect shall be final and binding.





ANNEXURE III

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Shareholders
Centron Industrial Alliance Limited
21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B, Prem Court,
Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hill,
Mumbai MH 400026

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Centron Industrial Alliance Limited (CIN:-L28931MH1949PLC007928)** (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **Centron Industrial Alliance Limited** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (I) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv)Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not applicable during the Audit Period)
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable during the Audit Period);
 - (d) Securities and exchange board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) regulations 2014 (Not applicable during the Audit Period);
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (Not applicable during the Audit Period);
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable during the Audit Period);
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable during the Audit Period);
- (vi)Other laws as may be applicable specifically to the company:

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:





(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, effective from October 01, 2017.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. (*/**)

- * Companies trading was suspended (Surveillance Measure) from 2015.
- ** During the audit period Company has not paid Annual Listing Fees and also is in violation of SEBI & Exchange Regulations ("As per circular no. LIST/COMP/OPS/ 16 /2019-2020 dated June 11, 2019 and Notice no. 20190903-37 dated September 3, 2019; action(s) is initiated against listed companies for non-payment of outstanding Annual Listing Fee).

I further report that, based on the information provided by the company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit and also on the review of the quarterly compliance report by respective department heads/company secretary/MD taken on record by the Board of Directors of the company.

During the said reporting period company has filled all the quarterly compliance as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 except unaudited /audited financial result publications in the newspapers, Company could not filed timely Reconciliation of Share Capital audit for December,2021 and March, 2022 quarter.

The Company has not filed timely shareholding pattern for December, 2021 and March, 2022 quarter.

I further report that, the compliance by the company of applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

I further report that, the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

I further report that, adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

I further report that, during the audit period there were no other specific events/ actions having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above.

For : Anuj P. Surana & Co. Practicing Company Secretaries

Sd/-(CS Anuj P. Surana) Proprietor ACS 53723, CP 19909

Date: 13th August, 2022

Place: Indore





ANNEXURE - IV

DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

1. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director and Company Secretary during the financial year 2021-22, ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial year 2021-22 and the comparison of remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) against the performance of the Company are as under:

S.No.	Name of Director/ KMP and Designation	Designation	Remuneration of Director/ KMP for Financial Year 2021-22	remuneration in the financial	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director to median remuneration
1.	Mr. Anand Pratap Singh*	Whole Time Director	3,00,000	-	0.09:1
2.	Mr. Sobha Prakashchandra Grag	Executive Director	-	-	-
3.	Mr. Ravindra Hetawal	Independent Director	-	-	N.A.
4.	Mr. Manish Bhutra	Independent Director	-	-	N.A.
5.	Mr. Sonu Verma	Company Secretary	2,75,000	-	0.09:1

⁽I) None of the Independent Directors of the Company received any remuneration for attending Board Meetings during the Financial Year 2021-22

⁽ii) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2022- 11 (Eleven).

⁽iii) There are no exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.

⁽iv)It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy.





MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Industry structure and Developments

The Indian textile industry is probably one of the largest producers of textiles and garments in the world marked by growing modernisation. This sector contributes about 14% to industrial production, 4% to the gross domestic product (GDP) and 10% to the country's export earnings and is the largest industrial employer (about 45 million people directly). The textiles sector is the second largest provider of employment after agriculture.

Opportunities and Threats

Opportunities

- Robust retail boom; favourable consumer demo graphics; rising disposable incomes;
- increasing consumption; growing preference for readymade garments
- Significant 6-8 percent annual growth rate of India's textiles industry.
- Availability of greater investment and FDI opportunities
- Global production base gradually shifting from China to India and other low-cost destinations.

Threats

- Largely competitive market.
- Relatively large market segment still unorganised.
- Increasing fuel costs.
- In view of the rising input costs including those of raw materials, it will be difficult to compete and those countries, where manufacturing costs can be controlled with the support of their Governments, would be better placed.

Outlook

The Parliament took a decisive step towards a possible roll out of goods and Services Tax (GST)on July 01, 2017 by passing the four related legislations on GST. The state governments will have to pass the GST law in their respective state assemblies. GST will be a single levy to replace multiple central and state taxes to make the country a seamless national market and is expected to boost India's growth rate.

In spite of the current stressful situation outlined above, the demand for cotton textiles in the long run should remain strong in India and abroad. Our continued efforts to maintain quality and scouting for new and better markets should promote growth and we hope to achieve a better performance in the near future.

Risks and concerns

The regular availability of cloth at reasonable prices particularly in view of increasing global demand for cloth may prove an obstacle in continuing uninterrupted manufacturing operations. Coupled with this, the availability of skilled labour in States where the textile industry is located has become difficult. The strength of migrating textile workers from different States has reduced resulting in this acute shortage, which is a matter of concern. Moreover, the increased incentives being provided by our competitors like China, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Vietnam etc. are enabling the manufacturers and seller in those countries to get ahead of us in the various export markets.

■ Internal control systems and their adequacy

The Company has a proper internal control system, which provides adequate safeguards and effective monitoring of the transactions and ensures that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. Moreover, the audit committee of the Company regularly reviews the audit plans, adequacy of internal control as well as compliance of accounting standards.

Also the Whole Time Director has the responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that they also have the overall responsibility to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and they have to disclose to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify the deficiencies.

Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance.





Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance.

(Rs. in Lacs)

		(NS. III Laus)
Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Revenue from operation	1277.65	3363.74
Profit/(Loss) before providing Depreciation and Interest	19.82	12.09
Less: Depreciation	-	-
Interest	-	-
Profit/(Loss) Before Exceptional & Extraordinary Items	19.82	12.09
Less: Exceptional Items	-	-
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation	19.82	12.09
Less: Provision for Current Taxation	3.10	1.89
Deferred Tax Liability	-	-
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods	-	(2.61)
Profit /Loss after Taxation	16.72	7.59

■ Human Resource Development / Industrial Relations:

The total no. of employees as on 31.03.2022 was 11. The Company has adopted a progressive policy for helping employees to develop their organizational skills, knowledge and abilities to achieve efficiency.

The focus of all aspects of Human Resource Development is on developing a superior workforce so that the organization and individual employee can accomplish their work goals of service to customers..

Cautionary Statement

Statements in this report on Management Discussion and Analysis, describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be forward looking, considering the applicable laws and regulations. These statements are based on certain assumptions and expectation of future events. Actual results could, however, differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include global and domestic demand-supply conditions, finished goods prices, raw materials costs and availability, fluctuations in exchange rates, changes in Government regulations and tax structure, economic developments within India and the countries with which the Company has business contacts.





REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In compliance with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company submits the report on corporate governance for the year ended 31st March, 2022 on the matters mentioned in the said regulation and lists the practices followed by the Company.

Centron Industrial Alliance Limited (CIAL) has always believed in fair business and corporate practices while dealing with the shareholders, employees, customers, creditors, lenders and others. We have always aimed to build trust with shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and diverse stakeholders and to meet expectations of various elements of corporate environment. We believe in transparent and fair corporate actions with adequate disclosures and total accountability.

CIAL has been discharging its statutory obligations and duties and has always complied with statutory and regulatory requirements. Given below are the Company's Corporate Governance policies and practices in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

A report on implementation of the Corporate Governance Code of the Listing Agreement by the Company is furnished below:

1. Company's Philosophy on code of Governance:

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance has been developed with a tradition of fair and transparent governance even before they were mandated by the legislation. Transparency, integrity, professionalism and accountability - based values form the basis of the Company's philosophy for Corporate Governance. The Company believes that good Corporate Governance is a continuous process and strives to improve the Corporate Governance practices to meet shareholder's expectations. However, provisions of regulations 17 to 27 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 are not mandatory to the company but your company has fulfilled all the existing provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

2. MD /CFO Certification

Mr. Anand Pratap Singh, Whole Time Director of the Company have given annual certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board in terms of Regulation 17(8) read with Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

3. Board of Directors:

The Board of Directors of the company consists of eminent persons with considerable professional expertise and experience of trade, commerce, profession and industry. It has ideal combination of Executive and Non Executive Directors and is in conformity with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Board of Directors of the Company consists of Four (4) directors, consisting of 2(Two) Executive and 2(Two)Independent, Non-Executive directors as at the end of financial year 2017-18. The composition of the Board and the Independent Directors of the Company meet all the criteria mandated by SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013..

a) Board Procedure

The Board meets at least once in a quarter to review the overall business operations including to consider the business which are related to formulation and execution of policies relating to production, finance, marketing, personnel, materials and general administration. Notice and agenda papers are sent to the directors in advance. The maximum gap between two Board meetings was not more than One Hundred and Twenty days. The Board met five times during the year under review and the dates on which the said meetings were held are as follows:

June 30th, 2021; August 10th, 2021; November 15th, 2021, and February 14th, 2022

b) Board Category, Directors Attendance and their other directorship and Committee position as on March 31, 2022..



Name of the Director	Category	Attendance at Board Meeting	Attendance at last AGM held on 29 Sptember, 2021	Directorship (including this	memb position	ommittee ership (including mpany)	Shareholding of Non Executive Director
					Chairman	Member	
Mr. Anand Pratap Singh (DIN: 06711543)	Whole time Director	4	Yes	1	0	3	0
Mr. Ravindra Hetawal (DIN: 07262677)	Independent Non-Executive	4	Yes	1	3	3	0
Mrs. Shobha Prakaschandra Garg (DIN :07145866)	Executive- Director	4	No	1	0	3	N.A.
Mr.ManishBhutra (DIN: 07629503)	Independent Non-Executive	2	No	1	0	3	N.A.

a) Inter-se relationship among directors

There was no inter-se relationship between directors.

b) Independent Director

As stipulated by the Code of Independent Directors under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on February14th, 2022 without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of management to discuss:

- ▶ Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and Board of Directors as a whole.
- ▶ Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive Directors.
- ▶ Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and necessarily perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors were present at the said Meeting.

4. Code of Conduct

Regulation 17(5) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 requires listed companies to lay down a Code of Conduct for its directors and senior management, which shall suitably incorporate the duties of Independent directors as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013 and the same is available on Company's website at www.centronalliance.in

5. Role of Independent Directors

Independent directors play an important role in deliberations at the board meetings and bring to the Company their wide experience in the field of Business and Industry. This wide knowledge of both, their field of expertise and boardroom practices helps foster varied, unbiased, independent and experienced perspectives.

The Audit Committee, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee have a majority of independent directors. These committees function within the defined terms of reference in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and as approved by the board, from time to time.

6. Formal Letter of appointment to Independent Directors

The Company issues a formal letter of appointment to Independent Directors in the manner as provided in the Companies Act, 2013and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. A copy of the letter detailing the terms and conditions of appointment of the independent directors is placed on the Company's websiteat www.centronalliance.in

All Independent Directors of the Company, at the time of their first appointment to the Board and thereafter at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year, give a declaration that they meet with the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

In the opinion of the Board, each Independent Director possesses appropriate balance of skills, experience and knowledge, as required.





7. Performance Evaluation of the Board

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has laid down the criteria for performance evaluation of Executive Directors, Non Executive Directors including independent Directors ("IDS") and Board as a Whole.

The criteria for performance evaluation are as under:

i) For Managing Director and Whole time directors:

The criteria for evaluation of Managing Director and Whole time directors, inter alia, includes his ability to conduct meetings, ability to elicit inputs from all members, ability to table and openly discuss challenging matters, attendance at meetings, assistance to board in formulating policies and setting standards, accessibility, ability to analyze strategic situations, ability to protect positive image of the Company, compliance with regulatory requirements.

ii) For Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors):

The criteria for evaluation of Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors), inter alia, includes attendance at the meetings, study of agenda and active participation, contribution to discussion on strategy, participate constructively and actively in committees of the Board, exercise of skills and diligence with due and reasonable care and to bring independent judgment to the Board, ability to bring in best practices from his/her experience, adherence to the code of conduct.

iii) For Board as a whole:

The criteria for evaluation of the Board, inter alia, includes composition and diversity, induction programme, team work, performance culture, risk management and financial controls, integrity, credibility, trustworthiness, active and effective participation by members.

8. Familiarization Programme

The objective of a familiarization programme is to ensure that the non-executive directors are updated on the business environment and overall operations of the Company. This enables the non-executive directors to make better informed decisions in the interest of the Company and its stakeholders.

In compliance with the requirements of SEBI Regulations, the Company has put in place a familiarization programme for the Independent Directors to familiarize them with their role, rights and responsibility as Directors, the working of the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model etc.

A familiarization programme was conducted for non-executive directors on areas such as the core functions of the Company, overview of the industry, financials and the performance of the Company. An overview of the familiarization programme is placed on the Company's website atwww.centronalliance.in.

9. Code of Conduct for prohibition of Insider Trading

Your Company has adopted the code as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, which has been effective from 15th May, 2015. The Details of the said code is available on website of the Company i.e.www.centronalliance.in.

10. Committees of the Board

Board has three Committees, viz.

- a. Audit Committee;
- b. Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- c. Stakeholder Relationship Committee;

The above said Committees consist of a majority of Independent Directors. The quorum for the Meetings is either two directors or one third of the members of the Committee, whichever is higher.

A. Audit Committee.

As a measure of good Corporate Governance and to provide assistance to the Board of directors and to meet the requirement of section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and in fulfilling the Board's overall responsibilities, an Audit Committee is functioning consisting of only Independent Directors.

Terms of reference

Apart from all the matters provided in Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and section 177 of the





Companies Act 2013, the Audit committee review report of the internal auditor, meets statutory auditors as and when required and discusses their findings, suggestions, observations and other related matters.

The Audit Committee of the Company is entrusted with the responsibility to supervise the Company's internal controls and financial reporting process and, inter alia, performs the following functions:

- Overseeing the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- Reviewing and examining with management the quarterly financial results before submission to the Board for approval.

Composition

The Audit Committee comprised of three Directors, out of which two Directors are Independent Directors. All these directors possess knowledge of corporate finance, accounts and company law. The composition of the Audit Committee and the details of meetings attended by its members are given below:

Name	Category	Number of Meetings during the year 2021-	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Ravindra Hetawal	Chairman, Non Executive Independent Director	4	4
Mrs. Sobha Prakashchandra Garg	Member, Executive Director	4	4
Mr. Anand Pratap Singh	Member, Non Executive Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Manish Bhutra	Member, Non Executive Independent Director	4	4

Meetings of Audit Committee

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, Four Audit Committee Meetings were held and the Dates on which the said meetings were held are as follows:

June 30th, 2021; August 10th, 2021; November 15th, 2021, and February 14th, 2022

B. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The powers, role and terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee covers the areas as contemplated under SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, besides other terms as may be referred by the Board.

Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee covers all the areas mentioned under Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The broad terms of reference includes recommending a policy relating to remuneration and employment terms of Managing Director, Whole-Time Director and senior management personnel, adherence to the remuneration policy as finally approved by the Board of Directors, preparing the criteria and identify persons who may be appointed as directors or in senior management.

Composition

Your company has formed this committee to consider and approve the remuneration payable to the directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprised of three Directors, out of which two Directors are Non Executive Independent Director. The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the details of meetings attended by its members are given below:

Name	Category	Number of Meetings during the year 2021-22	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Ravindra Hetawal	Chairman, Non Executive Independent Director	2	2
Mrs. Sobha Prakashchandra Garg	Member, Executive Director	2	2
Mr. Anand Pratap SinghMember,	Non Executive Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Manish BhutraMember,	Non Executive Independent Director	2	2

Meetings of Nomination and Remuneration Committee

During the financial year meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held twice in a year i.e. November 15, 2021 & February 14, 2022





Remuneration Policy

The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has framed a Remuneration Policy, providing (a) criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of directors and (b) a policy on remuneration for directors, key managerial personnel and other employees. The Remuneration policy is placed on the Company's websitewww.centronalliance.in

Remuneration to Executive Directors

During the financial year, remuneration of Rs. 3,00,000/- was paid to Mr. Anand Pratap Singh, Executive Director of the Company.

Payment to non-executive directors

The Company is not paying any remuneration and sitting fees to the Non-Executive /Independent Directors for attending the Board meetings.

C. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

In line with the Section 178(5) of Companies Act, 2013 / Regulation 20 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, board has set up a Stakeholders Relationship Committee to consider and resolve the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of annual report and non-receipt of declared dividends. The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprise of Mr. Ravindra Hetawal (Chairman), Mrs. Shobha Prakashchandra Garg, Anand Pratap Singh and Mr. Manish Bhutra. The committee looks into redressal of shareholders, investors, depositors and customer complaints.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee meet Four times during the year on **June 30th, 2021; August 10th, 2021; November 15th, 2021, and February 14th, 2022.** The composition Stakeholders Relationship Committee & The details of attendance at the committee meetings are as under:

Name	Category	Number of Meetings during the year 2021-22	
		Held	Attended
Mr. Ravindra Hetawal	Chairman, Non Executive Independent Director	4	4
Mrs. Sobha Prakashchandra Garg	Member, Executive Director	4	4
Mr. Anand Pratap Singh	Member, Non Executive Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Manish Bhutra	Member, Non Executive Independent Director	4	4

During the financial year 2021-22, No Complaint has been received.

11. Compliance Officer

Mr. Sonu Verma is a Company Secretary cum Compliance Officer of the company w.e.f.30th May 2019.

12. Risk Management

The Company is not required to constitute risk management committee. However, the Company recognizes that risk is an integral and unavoidable component of business and is committed to managing the risk in a proactive and efficient manner. The Company as part of business strategy has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor risks and mitigate various risks with timely action.

13.General Meeting

The details of the location and time of the Annual General Meetings held during the last 3 years are as follows:

AGM	Date	Venue	Time	No. of Special Resolutions passed
AGM-2019	28th Sept.2019	Red Box Café, Royal Plaza, New Link Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai-400 053	01:00 p.m.	2
AGM-2020	29th Sept. 2020	Registered office through video Conferencing	01:30 p.m.	3
AGM-2021	29th Sept. 2021	Red Box Café, Royal Plaza, New Link Road,	01:30 p.m.	3
	Andheri (West),	Mumbai-400 053		





Details of Special Businesses Transected in last three years Annual General Meetings are as under:

AGM	Date	Special Business Transacted
AGM	28th Sept.2019	NIL
AGM	29th Sept. 2020	NIL
AGM	29th Sept. 2021	NIL

No Extra Ordinary General Meeting- No EGM was held during the Financial Year 2021-22.

14. Note on Directors Appointment/ Re-appointment

Mrs. Sobha Prakashchandra Garg, retires by rotation and being eligible offers herself for re-appointment. Brief resume of Director seeking re-appointment is annexed to notice calling AGM.

15. Management Discussion And Analysis:

The Management Discussion and Analysis is a part of the Annual report and annexed separately.

16.DISCLOSURES

i. Related Party Transactions

None of the transaction with any of the related parties were in conflict with the interest of the Company. Details of all transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the notes to the Accounts in the financial statements of the company.

ii. Compliance by the Company

There has not been any non-compliance by the company and no penalties or strictures imposed on the company by the Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

iii. Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower Policy

The Company promotes ethical behavior in all its business activities and has put in place a mechanism for reporting illegal or unethical behavior. The Company has a Vigil Mechanism Policy under which the employees are free to report violations of applicable laws and regulations. The same is posted on the website of the Company at www.centronalliance.in. No personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee to lodge their grievances.

iv. Compliance with mandatory requirements

The Company has complied with the mandatory requirements as stipulated under Regulation 34(3) and 53 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Company has submitted the quarterly compliance status report to the stock exchanges within the prescribed time limit. The Company has not adopted any of the non-mandatory requirements of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

v. Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions

There are no materially significant related party transactions of the company which have potential conflict with the interest of the company at large. Further details of related party transactions are presented in the note 34 to Annual Accounts in the Annual Report.

Your company has formulated a Policy on Materiality and Dealing with Related party Transaction which specify the manner of entering into related party transactions. This Policy has been posted on the website of the company and can be accessed through website www.centronallince.in.

Disclosure of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities

Your Company does not deal in any commodity and hence is not directly exposed to any commodity price risk.

Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The company is following the Accounting Standards as applicable to the company.

17. Means of Communication

The Company generally publishes quarterly unaudited and annual audited results in two news papers i.e. (1) Mumbai Lakshadweep (2) ACTIVE TIMES and same has been intimated to Stock Exchange immediately after approval of the Board.

The announcements, quarterly results, Shareholding Pattern etc. of the Company are regularly filed by the company, are also available on the website of BSE (www.bseindia.com) and also at the website of the Company atwww.centroalliance.in





The Company also informs by way of a press release, all matters, which in its opinion are material and of relevance, to the shareholders of the Company.

SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES): The investor complaint(s) are processed in a centralized web based complaints redress system. The salient features of this system are Centralized database of all complaints, Online upload of Action Taken Reports (ATRs) by the concerned companies and online viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

18. Subsidiaries

The Company does not have any subsidiary companies.

19. General Shareholder Information

a) AGM Date, Time and Venue : September 29th , 2022, 01:30 pm

: Duty Free, G-1, Akruti Star, MIDC Central Road Andheri (E),

Mumbai-40009

b) Financial Year : 1st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2022

c) Financial Calendar (2020)

Financial reporting for

Quarter ending 30th June, 2021 : Second week of August, 2021
Quarter ending 30th September, 2021 : Second week of November, 2021
Quarter ending 31st December, 2021 : Second week of February, 2022

Quarter and Year ending 31st March, 2022 : Last week of May, 2022

d) Date of Book Closure : 22nd September, 2022 to 30th September, 2022

e) Dividend payment date : N.A.

f) Listing of Equity Shares on Stock : BSE Limited, Mumbai

Exchanges

g) Stock Code : BSE – 509499 h) ISIN No. : INE450L01024

I) CIN : L28931MH1949PLC007928

j) Registrar and Transfer Agents : M/s. Adroit Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd.

(For Physical and Electronic Both) 19, Jafer Bhoy Industrial Estate,1st Floor, Makwana Road,

Marol Naka, Andheri(E), Mumbai- 400059

Email: info@adroitcorporate.com3

The Share transfer and de-materialization related activities are being handled by the Share Transfer Agent.

k) Share Transfer System

To expedite the transfer of shares held in physical mode the powers to transfer have been delegated to SEBI registered share transfer agents M/s. Adroit Corporate Services Pvt. Limited. The transfers which are complete in all respect are taken up for approval generally every ten days and the transfer/transmission approved by the delegates to the transferor within 21 days. The Company has signed necessary agreements with two depositories currently functional in India viz. National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited. The transfer of shares in depository mode need not to be approved by the Company.

I) According to categories of shareholdings as on 31st March, 2022 for Equity Shares:

Sr. No.	CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARES	% OF HOLDING
A.	PROMOTER'SHOLDING		
1.	Promoters -Indian Promoters -Foreign Promoters	0	0
2.	Persons acting in concert	0	0
	Sub-Total-(A)	0	0
B.	NON PROMOTERS HOLDING		
3.	Institutional Investors00		
a.	Mutual funds and UTI00		
b.	Banks, Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies (Central/State Govt. Institutions /Non-government Institutions)	0	0





Sr. No.	CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARES	% OF HOLDING
C.	FII	0	0
	Sub-Total-(B)(1)	0	0
4.	Non-institutions		
a.	Private Corporate Bodies	12583780	12.63
b.	Individuals	0	0
(1)	Ind-Hold nominal share capital upto 2L	37575488	37.73
(ii)	Ind-Hold nominal share capital in ex2L	49318740	49.52
C.	NRIs/OCBs	10099	20.10
d.	Indian Public	0	0
e.	Trusts	1000	0.00
f.	Any Other (Clearing Member)	20000	0.02
g.	Directors	0	0
	Sub-Total-(B)(2)	9960000	100
	Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	9960000	100
5.	Shares held by custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0
	GRAND TOTAL(A+B+C)	9960000	9960000

n) Dematerialization of shares

As on 31st March, 2022, 9,49,17,525 (95.30%) shares of the Company are in dematerialized form.

o) Outstanding GDRs /ADRs /Warrants or any convertible instruments

No instruments are pending for conversion.

q) Address for Investor's Correspondence

1) Company

Compliance Officer

Mr. Sonu Verma

Centron Industrial Alliance Limited

21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B Prem Court, Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hilla, Mumbai- 400026

Tel.: 022-26730263

E.mail at: ctrnind@gmail.com

2) Registrar and Share Transfer Agent

M/s. Adroit Corporate Services Pvt. Ltd.

19, JaferBhoy Industrial Estate,1st Floor, Makwana Road,

Marol Naka, Andheri(E), Mumbai- 400059 Tel.: 022-42270400,28596060/4060, Fax: 022 - 28503748,66924438

Email : info@adroitcorporate.com

DECLARATION

As provided under Regulation 26(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, it is hereby declared that all board members and senior management personnel of the Company have affirmed the compliance of Code of Conduct for the year ended 31stMarch, 2022.

(Anand Pratap Singh)
Director
DIN 06711543





WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR CERTIFICATION

To,

The Board of Directors,

CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Mumbai

Dear Sir/Madam.

We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March, 2021 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- 1. These statement do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.

We further certify, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the listed entity during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the listed entity's code of conduct.

We accept responsibility for the establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the listed entity pertaining to financial reporting and have not noticed any deficiency that need to be rectified or disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit.

We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee that there is:

- 1) No significant change in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
- 2) No significant change in accounting policies during the year under review, and
- 3) No instance of any fraud in the Company in which the management has any role.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Centron Industrial Allaince Limited

> Sd/-(Anand Pratap Singh) (Whole Time Director) DIN 06711543

Place: Indore Date: 30th May, 2022





AUDITORS REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To. The Members, **Centron Industrial Alliance Limited**

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Centron Industrial Alliance Limited ("The Company") for the financial year ended March 31, 2018 as stipulated in Regulations 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and Clause (b) to (i) of sub regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (collectively referred to as "SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015).

The Compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was carried out in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company, for ensuring the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion of financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us,

We certify that the company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of complying with the aforesaid Listing Regulations and may not be suitable for any other purpose.

> For S.N. KABRA & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

F.R.N.: 003439C

sd/-

CA. S.N. KABRA **Partner** M.NO: 072497

UDIN: 21072497AAAAMH9889

PLACE: INDORE

DATED: 13th August, 2022





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Members of,
Centron Industrial Alliance Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED**, ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the Statement of Profit & Loss, (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its profit including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each key audit matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Ind AS financial statements' section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Ind AS financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

The management is of the opinion that it controls the goods before transferring them to the customer.

The variety of terms that define when control are transferred to the customer, as well as the high value of

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matters

We assessed the Company's process to identify the impact of adoption of new Revenue Accounting Standard (Ind AS 115). Our audit approach included assessment of design and testing of operating effectiveness of internal controls related to revenue





the transactions, give rise to the risk that revenue is not recognized in the appropriate accounting period.

Revenue is measured net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates (collectively 'Discount and rebates'). There is a risk that these discount and rebates are incorrectly recorded as it also requires ascertain degree of estimation, resulting in understatement of the associated expenses and accrual.

Accordingly, due to the significant risk associated with revenue recognition in accordance with terms of Ind AS 115

'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', it was determined to be a key audit matter in our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements.

recognition, calculation of discounts and rebates and other substantive testing. We carried out:

Evaluation of the design of internal controls relating to implementation of new revenue accounting standard.

Selection of samples of both continuing and new contracts for

- testing of operating effectiveness of the internal control

-identification of contract wise performance obligations and

- Determination of transaction price.

Verification of individual sales transaction on sample basis and traced to sales invoices, sales orders and other related documents. Further, the samples were checked for revenue recognition as per the shipping terms.

Sample of sales transactions were selected pre- and post year end, agreeing the period of revenue recognition to third party support, such as transporter invoice and customer confirmation of receipt of goods.

Direct confirmations were obtained from customers to support existence assertion of trade receivables and assessed the relevant disclosures made in the Financial Statements; to ensure revenue from contracts with customers are in accordance with the requirements of relevant accounting standards.

In the cases where direct confirmations are not available, additional procedures were applied in respect of receipts in the Subsequent period.

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report 2021-22, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of





the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible
 for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to
 financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public





disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure-A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:\
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2022 has been paid/ provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has no pending litigations, hence the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Financial Statements is not disclosed.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or
 - on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the





circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

- v. (a) The final dividend paid by the Company during the year in respect of dividend declared with respect to financial year ending on 31st March, 2022 is in accordance with Section 123 of the Actto the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
- (b) As stated in Note 12 to the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.

For S.N. KABRA & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

F.R.N.: 003439C

sd/-

CA. S.N. KABRA Partner M.NO: 072497

UDIN: 21072497AAAAMH9889

PLACE: INDORE DATED: 30th May, 2022





Annexure A - Referred to in paragraph under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members Of Centron Industrial Alliance Limited for the year ended March 31, 2022

- i. (a) (A) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment
 - (B) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The management, during the year, has physically verified the Property, Plant and Equipment of the company and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification. The management has adopted physical verification in a phased manner so that all the Property, Plant & Equipment are covered within a period of three years.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.
 - (d) As informed and explained to us, the management has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (previously known as Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) Physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed during such physical verification by the management.
 - (b) As informed and explained to us by the management, at any point of time during the year, the company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of 5 crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks.
- iii. (a) During the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) During the year, the Company has not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c),(d),(e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, provisions of section 186 of the Act in respect of investments made have been complied with by the Company. Further, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, guarantees, and securities given in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to that extent to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits under sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- vi. As per information & explanation given by the management, maintenance of cost records has not been prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act.
- vii. (a) According to the books of accounts and records examined by us as per the generally accepted auditing practices in India, in our opinion, the company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employee's state insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and any other Statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such statutory dues which have remained outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.





- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no amounts payable in respect of income tax, wealth tax, service tax, sales tax, goods & service tax, customs duty and excise duty which have not been deposited on account of any disputes.
- viii. According to the explanations and information given to us by the management, there has been no amount surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to lenders.
 - (b) According to the information provided to us by the management, the company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.\
 - (c) The term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial Statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary.
 - (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer/ further public offer (including debt instruments).
 - (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partly or optionally convertible) during the period under audit.
 - xi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year under audit.
 - (b) No report under sub section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government during the year.
 - (c) As per our information and according to the explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints were received by the company during the year.
- xii. In our opinion, the company is not a Nidhi Company and therefore, the provisions of clause (xii)(a), (xii)(b) and (xii)(c) of para 3 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii.According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv.(a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by management, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were duly obtained and considered by us.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of the Act.
- xvi.(a) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group, hence clause (xvi)(d) of paragraph 3 of the said order is not applicable to the company.
- xvii. The company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year and immediately preceding financial year.





- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and in our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has spent theentire amount as per the requirement of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, and therefore sub-clauses (a) and (b) of clause (xx) of para 3 are not applicable.
- xxi. Since this report is being issued in respect of standalone financial statements of the company, hence clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of the said Order is not applicable to the company.

For S.N. KABRA & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

F.R.N.: 003439C

sd/-

CA. S.N. KABRA Partner M.NO: 072497

UDIN: 21072497AAAAMH9889

PLACE: INDORE DATED: 30th May, 2022





Annexure B - Referred to in paragraph (f) under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members of Centron Industrial Alliance Limited for the year ended March 31, 2022

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of Centron Industrial Alliance Limited (the "Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the Ind AS financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to the Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Ind AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to the Ind AS financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to these Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to these Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to





error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For S.N. KABRA & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

F.R.N.: 003439C

sd/-

CA. S.N. KABRA Partner M.NO: 072497

UDIN: 21072497AAAAMH9889

PLACE: INDORE DATED: 30th May, 2022





CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED CIN:L28931MH1949PLC007928 BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022

	Particulars		As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
		No.	RUPPES	RUPPES
I.	ASSETS			
(1)	Non-current assets		0.00	0.00
	Property, plant and equipment Financial assets	4 5	0.63 597.29	0.63 696.27
	Other financial assets	3	397.29	090.27
	Total Non-current assets		597.92	696.90
(2)	Current Assets			
	Inventories	6	4.29	4.65
	Financial Assets	_		4.70
	Trade Receivables Cash and cash equivalents	7 8	28.39	1.79 18.42
	Loans & Advances	9	1,186.05	1,091.69
	Investments	10	543.89	540.14
	Other current assets	11	11.32	10.21
	Total Current assets		1,773.95	1,666.89
	TOTAL ASSETS		2,371.88	2,363.79
II.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1)	Equity			
	Equity Share Capital	12	996.00	996.00
	Other Equity Securities premium	12C	1,389.50	1,389.50
	Retained earnings	12C	(46.18)	(62.90)
	Other reserves	12C	17.10	17.10
	Total equity		2,356.41	2,339.70
(2)	Current liabilities		,	·
` ′	Financial liabilities			
	Borrowings		-	
	Trade payables	13	10.38	21.91
	Other financial liabilities	14	1.99	0.29
	Provisions	15	3.10	1.89
	Total Current liabilities		15.47	24.09
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,371.88	2,363.79
	Summary of significant accounting policies	3		

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are as an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For S.N. KABRA & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

By Order of the Board of Directors For : CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

sd/CA. S.N.KABRA
Partner
M.NO: 072497
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 003439C

sd/Sd/RAVINDRA HETAWAL
(Director)
(Director)
DIN: 07262677

Sd/RAVINDRA HETAWAL
(Company Secretary)
DIN: 07262677

M.No.- A45239

PLACE : Indore

DATED: 30TH MAY, 2022





CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED CIN:L28931MH1949PLC007928 STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2022

Particulars		For the year ended 31st March, 2022	For the year ended 31st March, 2021	
		RUPEES	RUPEES	
Income	10	4 407 00	0.000.44	
Revenue from operations	16	1,197.98	3,292.41	
Other income	17	79.67	71.33	
Total income (I+II)		1,277.65	3,363.74	
Expenses				
Cost of Material Consumed	40	-	-	
Purchases of Goods Traded	18	1,195.90	3,293.20	
Changes in inventories of finished goods,	4.0		4.00	
goods traded and work in progress	19	0.36	1.08	
Employee benefits expense	20	41.71	34.98	
Finance costs		-	-	
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		-	-	
Other Expenses	21	19.87	22.38	
Total Expenses		1,257.84	3,351.65	
Profit/(loss) before tax (V-VI)		19.82	12.09	
Tax expenses				
Current tax	22	3.10	1.89	
Deferred tax		-	-	
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods			2.61	
Income tax expense		3.10	4.50	
Profit/(loss) for the period (VII-VIII)		16.72	7.59	
Other comprehensive income				
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to		-	-	
profit or loss in subsequent periods				
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified		-	-	
to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined		-	-	
benefit plans Income tax effect				
Net other comprehensive income not to be				
reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods				
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		16.72	7.59	
Earnings per share (computed on the basis of profit for the year	r)			
Basic (Face Value Re. 1/- each)	25	0.02	0.01	
Diluted (Face Value Re. 1/- each)	25	0.02	0.01	
Summary of significant accounting policies	3			

The accompanying summary of Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are an integral part of the financial statements.

sd/-

ANAND PRATAP SINGH

(Director) DIN: 06711543

As per our report of even date For S.N. KABRA & CO.,

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS sd/-

CA. S.N.KABRA Partner M.NO: 072497

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 003439C

PLACE : Indore

DATED: 30TH MAY, 2022

By Order of the Board of Directors For : CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

sd/-**RAVINDRA HETAWAL** (Director) DIN: 07262677

sd/-**SONU VERMA** (Company Secretary) M.No.- A45239





CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2022 CIN:L28931MH1949PLC007928

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	RUPEES	RUPEES
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	19.82	12.09
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash used in		
operating activities		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	-	-
Finance cost	-	-
	19.82	12.09
Working capital adjustments		
Increase/ (Decrease) in Inventory	0.36	1.09
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade Receiable	1.79	(1.72)
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets	(99.23)	21.35
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	(11.53)	(2.90)
Increase/ (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	2.90	(0.42)
Increase/ (Decrease) in other liabilities	-	-
Cash generated from operations	(85.90)	29.49
Current tax assets	(3.10)	(4.63)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(89.00)	24.86
Cash flow from investing activities		
Payment for purchase and construction of property,	-	-
plant and equipment		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-
(Increase)/ Decrease in other financial assets	98.98	92.01
Net cash flows from investing activities	98.98	92.01
Cash flow from financing activities		
Increase/(decrease) in Borrowings	-	(104.68)
Finance cost	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	-	(104.68)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9.98	12.19
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	18.42	6.21
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	28.39	18.42

The accompanying summary of Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For S.N. KABRA & CO.,

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

sd/-CA. S.N.KABRA

M.NO: 072497 ICAI Firm Registration Number: 003439C

PLACE: Indore DATED: 30TH MAY, 2022

Partner

sd/-ANAND PRATAP SINGH

RAVINDRA HETAWAL (Director) DIN: 06711543 (Director) DIN: 07262677

sd/-**SONU VERMA** (Company Secretary) M.No.- A45239

By Order of the Board of Directors

For: CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

sd/-

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CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 CIN:L28931MH1949PLC007928

1 Corporate Information

Centron Industrial Alliance Limited is public limited Company in India with its registered office at Mumbai Maharashta India. The Company is listed on Bomaby Stock Exchange (BSE).

The Company deals in trading of various products.

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee ("") which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on May 30, 2022.

2 Basis of preparation

a Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with and comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the relevant provisions of the Act.

b Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (in lakhs), which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been amount in Lakhs , unless otherwise indicated.cUse of Estimates and Judgement

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods if affected. The most significant estimates and assumptions are described below:

(i) Recognistion and measurement of Provisions and Contingencies

The Company's Management estimates Key assumptions about the likelihood and maginitude of an outflow of resources; based on available information and the assumptions and methods deemed appropriate. Wherever required, these estimates are primarily prepared with the assistance of legal counsel. As additional information becomes available to the Company, estimates are revised and adjusted periodically.

(ii) Recognistion of Deferred Tax Assets

The Management makes estimates as regards to availablity of future taxable profits against which unabsorbed depreciation/ tax losses carried forrward can be used.

(iii)The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee ('INR') which is also the Company's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated. Wherever the amount represented '0' (zero) construes value less than Rupees five thousands.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

3.01Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period





All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

3.02Foreign currencies

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the company's functional currency.

3.03Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at their functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.3.04Fair value measurement

The company has elected to measure items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at its carrying value at the transition date except for certain class of assets which are measured at fair value as deemed cost.

3.05Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before revenue is recognised.

3.06Interest income

For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

3.07Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

3.08Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the country where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity).

Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.





3.09Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction. affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax as sets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

3.10Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid as per Indian Income Tax Act, 1961 is in the nature of unused tax credit which can be carried forward and utilised when the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. MAT paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax for the year. The deferred tax asset is recognised for MAT credit available only to the extent that it is probable that the concerned company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the company recognizes MAT credit as an asset, it is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as part of deferred tax asset. The company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

3.11Property, plant and equipment

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost in accordance with the exemption provided under IND AS 101. Plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing its for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.





Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on a WDV basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives estimated by the management which coincides with the rates as per Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The useful life of major assets are as under:

Asset class	Useful lives
Building	30 years
Plant & Machinery	20 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture & fixtures	10 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

3.12Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

3.13Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement. For arrangements entered into prior to 1 April 2015, the Company has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.

3.14Company as a lessee

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.15Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials and components, stores and spares: COST includes COST of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to its present location and condition. Cost is determined on moving wieghted average basis.
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion
 of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs. Cost
 is determined on moving weighted average basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.





3.16Impairment of Financial assets (other than at fair value)

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 ('Financial Instruments') requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowances. All financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. The Company provides for impairment upon the occurrence of the triggering event.

3.17Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset. unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3.18Contingent liabilities & Contingent Assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent assets is not recognised unless it becomes virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise. When an inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements.

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

3.19Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.





If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

3.20Retirement and other employee benefits

i. Defined contribution plan

Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund, Pension Fund and Employees state Insurance Fund are a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to the Statement of profit and loss of the period when the employee renders related services. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

ii. Defined benefit plan

Gratuity liability for eligible employees are defined benefit obligation and are provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial year. Obligation is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows using discounted rate that is determined by reference to market yields at the balance sheet date on Government Securities where the currency and terms of the Government Securities are consistent with the currency and estimated terms of the defined benefit

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- The date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- Net interest expense or income

3.21Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contract that gives rise to financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.





Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Fair value movements are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings.

Loans and Borrowings

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance cost in the statement of profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date.

Fair value hierarchy

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.





For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.22Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

3.23Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3.24Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 103 - Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.





Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 109 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 116 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

3.34Mandatory exceptions applied – Standard Issued but not yet effective.

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2021.

	Deemed Cost / Cost			Accumalated Depreciation				Net Block		
PARTICULARS	As on March 31, 2021	Addition	Deduction	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2021	Addition	Deduction	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 2021
(i) TANGIBLE ASSETS										
Computer	0.16	-	-	0.16	-	-	-	-	0.16	0.16
Office Equipments	0.32	-	-	0.32	-	-	-	-	0.32	0.32
Vehicles	0.15	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	0.15	0.15
	0.63	-	-	0.63	-	-	-	-	0.63	0.63

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31.03.2022	For the Year Ended 31.03.2021	
	RUPEES	RUPEES	
Note 5 : Other financial assets			
Non-current			
Loans and Advances	597.29	696.27	
Total	597.29	696.27	
Note 6 : Inventories			
Finished Goods	4.29	4.65	
	4.29	4.65	
Note 7 : Trade Receivables			
Trade recievables			
- Others	-	1.79	
	-	1.79	



Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Break-up for security details:		
Secured, considered good	-	
Unsecured, considered good	1.79	
Doubtful		
Total	1.79	
Ageing analysis of the age of trade receivable amounts that are		
past due as at the end of reporting year but not impaired:		
Less than 90 days	1.79	
Over 120 days	-	-
	1.79	
The Company uses expected credit loss allowance for Trade Reco	eivables based on Man	agement Projections.
Trade receivebles are non-interest bearing and are generally on to	arms of 20 to 00 days	

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.

Note 8 : Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks:		
- On current accounts	28.38	14.67
- On escrow accounts		
- Deposits with original maturity of less than three months		
Cash on hand	0.02	3.75
Total	28.39	18.42
Note 9 : Loans & Advances		
Loans and Advances	1,186.05	1,091.69
Total	1,186.05	1,091.69
Note 10 : Investments		
Unquoted (At cost)		
213 Shares of Saraswat Co-op Bank Ltd. Of Rs.10/- each	0.02	0.02
212 Shares of Shamrao Vithal Co-op. Bank Ltd. Of Rs.25/- each	0.05	0.05
25 Shares of Maharashtra State Financial Corpn. Ltd.	0.03	0.03
of Rs.10/- each		
7 Years National Savings Certificate	0.04	0.04
1300000 (P.Y. 1300000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up of	130.00	130.00
Hygiene Wear International Limited		
400000 (P.Y. 40000000) equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid up of	400.00	400.00
Sangam Infratech Limited		
469925 (P.Y. 1000000) equity shares of Rs. 2.13 each fully paid up of	-	10.00
Resurgent Power Projects Limited		
Swan Angel Investors Pvt Ltd	13.75	-
Total	543.89	540.14



Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 11 : Other assets		
Current		
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Deposits with Government Authorities	3.45	4.87
Tax Deducted At Source	7.88	5.34
Total	11.33	10.21

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 12 : Equity		
A) Equity share capital		
Authorised share capital		
At the beginning of the year	1,000.00	1,000.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	1,000.00	1,000.00

Particulars	As at 31st M	arch, 2022	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2021
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount (in Lacs)		Amount (in Lacs)
Issued Share Capital				
Equity shares of INR 1/- each issued , subscribed and fully paid.	9,96,00,000	996.00	9,96,00,000	996.00
a) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the				
amount of share capital:				
Equity shares of INR 1 each issued, subscribed and fully paid				
At the beginning of the year	9,96,00,000	996.00	9,96,00,000	996.00
Decrease during the year	-	-	-	-
Increase during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	9,96,00,000	996.00	9,96,00,000	996.00

b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The company has one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 1/- per share per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) No shareholder is holding more than 5% shares.

	Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
C)	Other Equity		
	Security premium		
	As at April 01, 2021	1,389.50	1,389.50
	Addition/Deletion	-	-
	As at March 31, 2022	1,389.50	1,389.50





Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Other reserves		
As at April 01, 2021	17.10	17.10
Addition/Deletion	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	17.10	17.10
Retained earnings		
As at April 01, 2021	(62.90)	(70.49)
Profit for the year	16.72	7.59
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	(46.18)	(62.90)

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 13 : Trade Payables		
Dues to other than micro and small enterprises	10.38	21.91
Total	10.38	21.91

Trade Payable ageing (As on 31st March 2022)

	Current but	(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Particulars	not due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of paym					
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(I) MSME		8.72	0.03	1.64	-	10.38	
(ii) Others		-	-	-	-		
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME		-	-	-	-		
(iv) Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	-		

Trade Payable ageing (As on 31st March 2021)

Trade i ayabic agenig (Ab on orbi	Current but	(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Particulars	not due						
		Less than 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years Total					
(I) MSME		1.56	5.18	0.54	14.64	21.91	
(ii) Others		-	-	-	-		
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME		-	-	-	-		
(iv) Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	-		

Information as required to be furnished as per Section 22 of the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) for the year ended March 31, 2022 is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company.

- Principal amopunt and interest due thereon reamining unpaid to any supplier covered under MSMED Act :
 Principal
 Interest
- ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Secction 16, of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.



- iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but beyond without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act.
- iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.
- v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 14 : Other financial liabilities		
Duties and Taxes payable	1.99	0.29
Total	1.99	0.29
Note 15 : Provisions		
Current		
Provision for tax	3.10	1.89
Total	3.10	1.89

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities:

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 90 day terms.

For terms and conditions with related parties,

For explanations on the Company's credit risk management processes

Note 16: Revenue From Operations

Note to the tender from operations		
Sale	-	-
Sale of shares	1,197.98	3,292.41
Total	1,197.98	3,292.41
Note 17 : Other Income		
Misc income	0.44	0.01
Interest on others	79.23	71.32
Total	79.67	71.33
Note 18 : Purchases of Goods Traded		
Purchases of Goods Traded	1,195.90	3,293.20
Total	1,195.90	3,293.20
Note 19 : Changes in inventories of work in progress, stock in trade and finished goods.		
Opening Balance		
- Finished Goods	4.65	5.73
	4.65	5.73
Closing Balance		
- Finished Goods	4.29	4.65
	4.29	4.65
Total changes in inventory of work in progress, stock in trade and finished goods	0.36	1.09
Note 20 : Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries, wages and bonus	40.08	34.98
Staff welfare expenses	1.63	
·	41.71	34.98
I and the second se		



Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 21 : Other expenses		
Bank Charges	-	_
Interest Expenses	-	8.85
Repairs and Maintenance	0.85	-
Admin. Expenses	0.16	0.80
AGM Expenses	0.56	0.23
Donation	1.05	0.11
Directors Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	0.26	-
Electricity Charges	0.78	0.61
Legal & Professional Charges	4.58	2.40
Listing Fees	1.23	1.07
Postage / Telegramme Expenses	- 1.20	0.40
Printing & Stationery	0.61	0.43
Office Maintainance Expenses	0.37	0.46
Rent	2.40	2.40
Share Expenses	1.37	2.40
Telephone / Telex Expenses	0.52	0.59
Travelling, Conveyance & Vehicle Running Expenses	0.59	0.14
Loss on MCX	2.79	0.14
Other Expenses	2.52	2.27
Payment to Auditor (including service tax / GST)	0.25	0.25
ayment to Additor (moldaling service tax / GGT)	19.87	22.38
Payment to Auditor		
As auditors:		
- Statutory Audit Fees	0.20	0.20
- Limited Review Fees	0.05	0.05
Total	0.25	0.25
	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
	(Amount in Lacs)	(Amount in Lacs)
Note 22 : Income tax Reconciliation		
The major components of income tax expense for the years		
ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2020 are:		
Current income tax:	0.25	0.26
Current income tax charge	3.10	1.89
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods	2.61	
Deferred tax:		
Unused tax credit Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit orloss	3.10	4.50
Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting of profit multiplied	0.10	7.00
by Indian Domestic tax rate for March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 are		
Accounting profit before tax	19.82	12.09
Tax rate under Normal / MAT	26.00%	26.00%
Accounting profit before tax	19.82	12.09



Particulars	For the Year Ended 31.03.2022	For the Year Ended 31.03.2021
	(Amount in Lacs)	(Amount in Lacs)
Tax rate under Normal rate/MAT	26.00%	26.00%
At India's Statutory income tax rate	5.15	3.14
Expenses disallowed not deductible	-	0.03
Income not chargeable to tax / Expenses allowed	-	(0.12)
Unutilsed tax credits	(2.05)	(1.17)
Interest on unpaid tax	-	-
TaxateffectiveincometaxrateMarch2022:%,March31,2021:15.62%	3.10	1.89

Note 23 : Financial Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021	% Change	Reason for variance above 25% YoY
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	114.67	69.18	65.75%	Increase in profitability of the company
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	-	-	N/A	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt services	Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayment	-	-	N/A	
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit after taxes -Preference dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.01	0.00	119.16%	Increase in Profitability of the Company
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold or Sales	Average Inventory	267.54	634.74	-57.85%	Decrease in Cost of Goods Sold due to lower purchase of traded goods
Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Average Accounts Receivable	1339.15	1598.26	-16.21%	No major variance
Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases	Average Accounts Payables	74.05	97.98	-24.42%	No major variance
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue From Operation	Working Capital	0.68	2.00	-66.01%	Decrease in revenue from Operations and increase in Working Capital
Net profit ratio	Net Profit after tax	Revenue From Operation	1.40%	0.23%	505.45%	Increase in profitability of the company
Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	Average Capital Employed	0.84%	0.52%	63.09%	Increase in profitability of the company
Return on Investment	Interest (finance Income)	Average of investment in Subsidiary & Bank deposit	14.06%	12.96%	8.50%	No major variance





Note 24 : Additional Regulatory Information

- 1. Title deeds of immovable properties not held in the name of Company. Details of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the leesee of and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the leesee) whose deeds are held in the name of the Company. NIL
- 2. There are no investment in properties.
- 3. The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
- 4. The Company has not revalued its intangible assets during the year.
- 5. The Company has no Capital Work in Progress pending as at the end of the year.
- 6. The Company has not granted loans and advances to promoters, directors, KMPs and related Parties.
- 7. No procedings have been initiated or pending against Company for holding any Benami Property under Prohibitions of Benami Transactions Act,1988(Earlier titled as Benami transactions (Prohibitions) Act,1988.
- 8. The quarterly returns/statement of current assets filed by Company with Banks for Borrowings are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- 9. The Company is not declared a wilfull defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution or any other lender.
- 10. The Company has no transaction with Companies which are stuck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or under section 530 of Companies Act, 1956.\
- 11 No charges of satisfication are pending for registration with the Registrar of Companies (ROC).
- 12 The Company does not have any subsidiary. Thus, the Company is in compliance with the number of layers as prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017
- 13 During the year no Scheme of Arrangement has been formulated by the Company/pending with competent authority.
- 14 No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 15 The Company does not have any transactions that are not recorded in the books of account but have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

16 Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year

Note 25: Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit / (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31.03.2022	For the Year Ended 31.03.2021
	(Amount in Lacs)	(Amount in Lacs)
Profit/(loss) for the year	16.72	7.59
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic	9,96,00,000	9,96,00,000
EPS and diluted EPS		
Face value per share (in Rupees)	1.0	1.0
Basic earning per share (in Rupees)	0.02	0.01
Diluted earning per share (in Rupees)	0.02	0.01





(Amount in Lacs)

	Retained Earnings	Total
During the year ended 31st March 2022		
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-
	-	-
During the year ended 31st March 2021		
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-
	-	-

Note 26: Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

There are no Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the Micro and Small Enterprises Development Act, 2006 to whom the Company owes dues on account of principal amount together with interest and accordingly no additional disclosures have been made. The above information regarding Micro and Small Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties has been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Note 27: Fair Values

Financial assets and liabilities

The accounting classification of each category of financial instruments, their carrying amounts and the categories of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value, are set out below:

(Amount in Lacs)

Fair value **Carrying amount** FVTOCI** | Amortised Cost Level 3 FVTPL* Total Level 1 Level 2 As at 31 March 2022 Financial assets Trade recievables Cash and Cash equivalents 28.39 28.39 **Total** _ 28.39 28.39 Financial liabilities Borrowings Trade Payable 10.38 10.38 Other financial liabilities 1.99 1.99 **Total** 12.37 12.37 As at 31 March 2021 Financial assets Trade recievables 1.79 1.79 Cash and Cash equivalents 18.42 18.42 **Total** --20.21 20.21 --Financial liabilities **Borrowings** Trade Payable 21.91 21.91 Other financial liabilities 0.29 0.29 **Total** 22.20 22.20

^{* -} Fair value through profit and loss

^{** -} Fair value through other comprehensive income





The company uses the following hierarchy for determining and/or disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques:

- Level 1: Fair value measurement are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3: Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year. No financial assets/ liabilities that are measured at fair value were Level 3 fair value measured.

Note 28: Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the Company is exposed to the Market risk, Liquidity risk.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of: interest rate risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, and derivative financial instruments.

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company does not have any fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings so the company does not need to manage interest rate risk.

(ii) Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected, after the impact of hedge accounting. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

Particulars		For the Year Ended 31.03.2022	For the Year Ended 31.03.2021	
		Γ	(Amount in Lacs)	(Amount in Lacs)
Increase in basis points				
- INR			-	-
Effect on profit before tax				
- INR			-	(0.52)
Decrease in basis points				
- INR			-	-
Effect on profit before tax				
- INR	39		-	0.52

(iii) Commodity Price Risk

The company is involved in trading of various products and hence not faced to commodity price risk.

(b). Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including debt and overdraft from banks at an optimised cost. The Company is maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 is the carrying amounts as illustrated in Note 13 and Note 14 The Company's maximum exposure relating to financial guarantees.





(Amount in Lacs)

	<1 years	1to5 years	> 5 years	Total
As at March 31,2022				
Borrowings	-	-	-	-
Trade payable	10.38	-	-	10.38
Other financial liabilities	1.99	-	-	1.99
	12.37	-	-	12.37
As at March 31,2021				
Borrowings	_	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	21.91	-	-	21.91
Trade payable	0.29	-	-	0.29
	22.20	-	-	22.20

Note 29 : Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt is calculated as borrowing less cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances and mutual funds investments.

	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Borrowings	-	-
Less : Cash and cash equivalent	28.39	(18.42)
Adjusted net debt	28.39	(18.42)
Total Equity	2,356.41	2,339.70
Capital and net debt	2,356.41	2,339.70
Gearing ratio	-1%	-1%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

Note 30: Significant accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and assumptions

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based on its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and





assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to the taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits. At each balance sheet date the Company re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax assets. It recognises unrecognised deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised or virtually certain as the case may be. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available. Minimum alternative tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay income tax higher than that computed under MAT, during the period that MAT is permitted to be set off under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (specified period). In the year, in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognised as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in the guidance note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), the said asset is created by way of a credit to the Statement of profit and loss and shown as MAT credit entitlement. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay income tax higher than MAT during the specified period.

Taxes

There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which the tax determination is made. The assessment of probability involves estimation of a number of factors including future taxable income.

Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

A liability in respect of defined benefit plans is recognised in the balance sheet, and is measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of the plan's assets. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is based on expected future payments which arise from the fund at the reporting date, calculated annually by independent actuaries. Consideration is given to expected future salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service.

Note 31: Related Party disclosures

I) Holding company

Company neither have holding Company nor have subsidiary Company.

ii) Other related parties

During the year Company has not entered into any related party transactions.

iii) Key management personnel

The following have been designated as the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company pursuant to sections 2(51) and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

- 1. Mr. Anand Pratap Singh, Managing Director
- 2. Mr.Sonu Verma, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer





Statement of Related Party Transactions for the period ended March 31,2021

(Amount in Lacs)

S No	Particulars	2022 2021		021	
		Group Concern	Key managerial personnel	Group Concern	Key managerial personnel
1	Salary To KMP				
	Mr. Anand Pratap Singh		3.00		3.00
	Mr. Sonu Verma		3.00		3.00

Note 32: Events after reporting period

No subsequent event has been observed which may require an adjustment to the balance sheet.

sd/-

ANAND PRATAP SINGH

(Director)

DIN: 06711543

Note 33: Rounding Off

The figures appearing in financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Lakhs, as required by General Instructions for preparation of Financial Statements in Division II Schedule III to the Companies. The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are as an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date For S.N. KABRA & CO., CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

sd/-CA. S.N.KABRA

M.NO: 072497 ICAI Firm Registration Number: 003439C

PLACE : Indore

Partner

DATED: 30TH MAY, 2022

By Order of the Board of Directors For: CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

sd/-RAVINDRA HETAWAL (Director)

DIN: 07262677

sd/-SONU VERMA (Company Secretary) M.No.- A45239

FORM NO. MGT- 11 PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: L28931MH1949PLC007928

CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Regt. Off.: 21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B Prem Court, Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hills, Mumbai – 400026 Email: ctrnind@gmail.com Website: www.centronalliance.in

Name o		i: ctrnind@gmail.com, Website: www.centrona	
Folio No	o /Client ID		
I/We, be	eing the member(s) of	shares of the abo	ve named company. Hereby appoint.
Name :		Address:	
E-mail I	ld:	Signature	or failing him
Name :		Address:	
E-mail I	ld:	Signature	or failing him
Compai Central	ny, to be held on Friday the	on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at t 30th day of September, 2022 at 01:30 PM Mumbai-400093. and at any adjournment the	Il at Red Box Café, G-1, Ground Floor,
Ordin	ary Businesses:		
an	nd the Statement of Profit & Lo	the Audited Financial Statement containing those Account and the Cash Flow Statement of the Reports of the Board's and Auditors thereon.	
	appoint a director in place	of Mrs. Shobha Prakashchandra Garg (DIN: -appointment.	07145866), who retires by rotation and
Note: 1. Th Co 2. No	Revenue Stamp nis form of proxy in order to bompany, not less than 48 hours of twithstanding the above the areholders present.	Signature of Proxy holder De effective should be duly completed and do so before the commencement of the Meeting. Proxies can vote on such other items which	eposited at the Registered Office of the
		TRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIM	
Regt.	69TH ANNUAL 0 Off. : 21, Floor-2, Plot 741,	GENERAL MEETING HELD ON 29TH SE 7B Prem Court, Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Mar ctrnind@gmail.com, Website: www.centronalli ATTENDANCE SLIP	EPTEMBER 2021 g, Cumballa Hills, Mumbai – 400026
(Shareh	nolders' name in block letters)		
I/We he		I shareholder / proxy for the registered sharehold at the 69thAnnual General meeting of the comember, 2022.	
	(If signed by proxy, his name sh Written in block letters)	iould be	(Shareholders/proxy's Signature)
	,	rs are requested to bring the attendance Slips wi	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

- **Note:** 1) Shareholders / proxy holders are requested to bring the attendance Slips with them when they come to the meeting and hand over them at the entrance after affixing their signatures on them.
 - If it is intended to appoint a proxy, the form of proxy should be completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the Meeting.
 - Note: Company at least 48 nours before the Meeting.
 Shareholders / proxy holders are requested to bring the attendance Slips with them when they come to the meeting and hand over them at the entrance after affixing their signatures on them.
 - over them at the entrance after affixing their signatures on them.

 2. If it is intended to appoint a proxy, the form of proxy should be completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the Meeting.

FORM NO. MGT-12 POLLING PAPER

[Pursuant to Section 109(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 21(1) (c) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN: L28931MH1949PLC007928

CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED

Registered Office: 21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B, Prem Court, Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg, Cumballa Hill, Mumbai-26 Telephone: 022-26730263, 9022463464, 7666165164

BALLOT PAPER

Sr.No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the First Named	
	Shareholder	
	(In Block letters)	
2.	Postal address	
3.	Registered folio No.	
4.	Class of Share	Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each

I hereby exercise my vote in respect of Ordinary/ Special resolution enumerated below by recording my assent or dissent to the said resolution in the following manner:

Sr. No.	Item	No. of shares held by me	to the	I/We dissent to the resolution
ORE	DINARY BUSINESS			
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statement containing the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021 and the Statement of Profit & Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement of the company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2021 along with the Reports of the Board's and Auditors thereon.			
2.	To appoint a director in place of Mrs. Shobha Prakashchandra Garg (DIN: 07145866), who retires by rotation and being eligible offer herself for re-appointment.			
SPE	CIAL BUSINESS			
1.	Shifting of Registered office from Mumbai, Maharashtra to Indore, Madhya Pradesh			

Place:N	lumbai
---------	--------

Date: 30th September, 2022

*As per the Company record

*(Signature of the shareholder)

-----TARE OFF------

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This Ballot Paper is for the Members who have not voted through e-voting facility. A Member can opt for only one mode of voting i.e. either through e-voting or by Ballot Paper. If a Member casts votes in both the modes, then vote cast through e-voting shall prevail and Ballot Paper shall be treated as invalid.
- 2. Please complete and sign this Ballot Paper and drop in the locked Ballot Box provided in the meeting hall of this AGM for voting purpose.
- 3. The vote should be cast either in favour or against by putting tick (√) mark in the column provided for assent or dissent. Ballot Paper bearing tick marks in both the column will be treated as invalid. Please do not use Pencil.
- 4. This form should be completed and signed by the Member/Proxy Holder as per the specimen signatures registered with the Company. In case of joint holding, this form should be completed and signed by the first named Member. A Power of Attorney (POA) holder may vote on behalf of a Member, mentioning the registration number of the POA registered with the Company or enclosing a duly attested/ notarized copy of the POA.
- 5. In case the shares are held by companies, trusts, societies, etc. the duly completed Ballot Paper should be accompanied by a certified true copy of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authorization document(s).
- 6. Any cutting/overwriting on this Ballot Paper should be signed by the Member/Proxy Holder.
- 7. Unsigned, incomplete, improperly or incorrectly tick marked Ballot Papers will be rejected. A Ballot Paper will also be rejected if it is received torn, defaced or mutilated to an extent which makes it difficult for the Scrutinizer to identify either the Member or as to whether the votes are in favour or against or if the signature cannot be verified.
- 8. The decision of Scrutinizer on the validity of the Ballot Paper and any other related matter shall be final.
- 9. The Scrutinizer will collate the votes downloaded from the e-voting system and votes cast through Ballot Paper to declare the final result for each of the resolution enumerated above.
- 10. The results shall be declared within 48 hours of the Proceeding of Annual General Meeting. The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be displayed on the notice board of the registered office of the Company.



BOOK - POST

if undelivered, please return to:	To,	
CENTRON INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LIMITED		
Regt. Off.:		
21, Floor-2, Plot 741, 7B Prem Court,		
Dr. Gopalrao Deshmukh Marg,		
Cumballa Hills, Mumbai – 400026		

Email: ctrnind@gmail.com,