

06th September 2025

To,
The Chief General Manager
Listing Operation,
BSE Limited,
P. J. Towers, Dalal Street,
Mumbai – 400 001.

Scrip Code: 512149 Scrip Id: AVANCE

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Annual Report under Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed herewith the Annual Report of the Company along with the Notice of the Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2024-25

The 41st Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Monday, 29th September 2025 at 12:00 P.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM").

We hereby request you to take the same on your record.

Thanking You,

Avance Technologies Limited

Latesh
Sukumar
Kumar
Kumar
Poojary
Date: 2025.09.06
Poojary
Date: 2025.09.06

Latesh Poojary Managing Director DIN: 10414863



ANNUAL REPORT

2024-25

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Latesh Poojary

Chairman & Managing Director

Mrs. Shakila Ramjansha Makandar
 Independent Director

Mr. Akshay Vijay Nawale
 Independent Director

Mr. Sanjay Atmaram Devlekar
 Independent Director

Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir
 Non-Executive Director

Mr. Deepak Yallappa Mane

Non-Executive Director

Key Managerial Personnel

Mr. Vijaysingh Purohit
 Chief Financial Officer

Mrs. Sneha Shrivastava

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Registered Office Address

#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

Tel: +91 86558 65985

Email Id: info@avance.in;

avancetechnologiesltd@gmail.com

Website: www.avance.in

CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210

Stock Exchanges Where the Company is listed

BSE Limited

Statutory Auditors

M/s. Rishi Sekhri and Associates, Chartered Accountants

Registrars and Share Transfer Agents

Purva Sharegistry (India) Pvt. Ltd,

No. 9 Shiv Shakti Industrial Estate, Ground Floor, J R Boricha Marg, Opp. Kasturba Hospital Lower Parel, Mumbai, Maharashtra, 400011

Tel: 022 – 23016761 Fax: 022 - 23012517

Website: <u>www.purvashare.com</u>

E-mail: support@purvashare.com

Audit Committee

Mr. Akshay Vijay Nawale - ChairmanMrs. Shakila Makandar - MemberMr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir - Member

Stakeholder's Relationship Committee

Mr. Akshay Vijay Nawale - ChairmanMrs. Shakila Makandar - MemberMr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir - Member

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Akshay Vijay Nawale - ChairmanMrs. Shakila Makandar - MemberMr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir - Member

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Akshay Vijay Nawale - Chairman Mrs. Shakila Makandar - Member Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir - Member

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 41ST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON MONDAY, 29TH SEPTEMBER, 2025 AT 12:00 P.M. (NOON) THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCE ("VC")/OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS ("OAVM") WITHOUT THE PHYSICAL PRESENCE OF THE MEMBERS AT A COMMON VENUE, TO TRANSACT THE BUSINESSES MENTIONED BELOW.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone & Consolidated Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the Financial year ended 31st March 2025 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2025 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon, as circulated to the members, be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."

2. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir (DIN: 07596882) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir (DIN: 07596882) who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as director of the company, liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any of the Directors for the time being and are hereby severally authorized to sign and execute all such documents and papers (including appointment letter etc.) as may be required for the purpose and file necessary e-form with the Registrar of Companies and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may considered expedient and necessary in this regard."

SPECIAL BUSINESS

3. To appoint M/s. Sidhi Maheshwari & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a term of 5 Consecutive years.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provision of Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (SEBI Listing Regulations), Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder including any amendments thereto and based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company, M/s. Sidhi Maheshwari & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries having Firm Registration No. S2023RJ898900 and Peer review certificate No. 3395/2023 be and is

hereby appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a term of 5 consecutive years to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2030, to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company in terms of Section 204 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 24A and other applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, for the period beginning from the Financial Year 2025-26 through the Financial Year 2029-30 and Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to Fix Secretarial audit fees and other charges as may be mutually agreed with the Secretarial Auditor of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT The Board of Directors of the Company, (including its committees thereof), be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed proper, necessary, or expedient, including filing the requisite forms or submission of documents with any authority or accepting any modifications to the clauses as required by such authorities, for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution and for matters connected therewith, or incidental thereto."

4. Regularization of Appointment of Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863) as Director:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152, and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863), who was appointed by the Board of Directors as an Additional Executive Director of the Company with effect from and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, be and is hereby appointed as a Director (Executive) of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, and things as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

5. To appoint Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863), as the Managing Director of the company:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198 and 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), and the Articles of Association of the Company, and based on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for the appointment of Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863) as the Managing Director of the Company for a period of 5 years with effect from 14th August 2025, on the terms and conditions including remuneration as set out in the explanatory statement annexed to the notice convening this meeting, with liberty to the Board of Directors to alter and vary the terms and conditions of the said appointment in such manner as may be agreed to between the Board and Mr. Latesh Poojary, subject to the same not exceeding the limits specified under the Companies Act, 2013 or any statutory modification(s) thereto.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution, including filing of necessary forms with the Registrar of Companies."

By Order of the Board For Avance Technologies Limited

Sd/-Latesh Poojary Director DIN: 10414863

Date: 5th September, 2025

Place: Mumbai

NOTES

- The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act 2013 setting out material facts
 concerning the special business(s) of the Notice is annexed hereto. The relevant details, pursuant to
 Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and SS 2 on General Meetings issued by the ICSI, in
 respect of Directors seeking re-appointment at this AGM are also annexed forming part of the Notice as
 Annexure A.
- 2. Pursuant to the General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, 22/2020 dated 15th June, 2020, 33/2020 dated 28th September, 2020, 39/2020 dated 31st December, 2020, 10/2021 dated 23rd June, 2021, 20/2021 dated 8th December, 2021, 3/2022 dated 5th May, 2022, 11/2022 dated 28th December, 2022, 09/2023 dated 25th September, 2023 and 09/2024 dated 19th September, 2024, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India (the "MCA Circulars") and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 read with other related SEBI circulars including Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated 7th October, 2023 issued by SEBI ("SEBI Circulars"), companies are allowed to hold AGM through VC, without the physical presence of Members at a common venue. Hence, in compliance with the Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC. Electronic copy of the Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 is being sent to all the members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s) for communication purposes. In case any member is desirous of obtaining hard copy of the Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 and Notice of the 41st AGM of the Company, may send request to the Company's e-mail address at info@avance.in mentioning Folio No./DP ID and Client ID.
- 3. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS/HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM and hence the proxy form and attendance slip are not annexed to this notice.

- 4. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/ Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote evoting. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Company at cs@aslindustries.in with a copy marked to www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 5. To support the 'Green Initiative', Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and with Excellent Wires and Packaging Limited at info@avance.in .in in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
- 6. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, email address, telephone/ mobile numbers, Permanent Account Number (PAN), mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details such as, name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code, etc., to their DPs in case the shares are held by them in electronic form.
- 7. The Company has fixed cut-off date i.e.; Monday, 22nd September, 2025 for determining the eligibility for e-voting by electronic means at 41st AGM.
- 8. The remote e-voting period begins on Friday, 26th September, 2025 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on Sunday, 28th September, 2025 at 5:00 P.M.
- 9. Members seeking any information with regard to the financial statements or any other matter to be placed at the 41st AGM, are requested to write to the Company from their registered e-mail address, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / Folio Number and mobile number, at the Company's e-mail address, info@avance.in on or before Thursday, 25th September, 2025, (5:00 p.m. IST). Such questions by the Members shall be taken up during the AGM and replied by the Company suitability.
- 10. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 11. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate to ensure smooth conduct of the AGM.
- 12. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated 12th May, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2024-25 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2024-25 will also be available on the Company's website www.avance.in websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited www.bseindia.com.

- 13. Members may access the electronic copy of Register of Directors & Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act and the Register of Contracts & Arrangements in which Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, by sending an email to info@avance.in upto the date of this Meeting.
- 14. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM in accordance with the Circulars, the route map and attendance slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 15. The Board of Directors has appointed M/s. Hemang Satra & Associates (Membership No. ACS: M. No.: A54476 PRC: 5684/2024) as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the voting during the AGM and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 16. Instructions for e-voting and joining the AGM are as follows:

PROCEDURE FOR REMOTE E-VOTING

- 1. Pursuant to the General Circular No. 09/2024 dated 19th September, 2024, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) and circular issued by SEBI vide circular no. SEBI/ HO/ CFD/ CFDPoD-2/ P/ CIR/ 2024/ 133 dated 3rd October, 2024 ("SEBI Circular") and other applicable circulars and notifications issued (including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and as amended from time to time, companies are allowed to hold AGM through Video Conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM), without the physical presence of members at a common venue. In compliance with the said Circulars, AGM shall be conducted through VC / OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- 5. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the ICSI and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as e-voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company on 05th September 2025. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia.com respectively and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 7. AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular issued from time to time.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Friday, 26th September, 2025 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Sunday, 28th September, 2025 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. Monday, 22nd September, 2025 may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being Monday, 22nd September, 2025.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Log	in Meth	od					
Individual	1.	For	OTP	based	login	you	can	click
Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.		on <u>htt</u>	s://eservice	s.nsdl.com/Se	cureWeb/ev	oting/evotir	nglogin.jsp.	You will
		have to enter your 8-digit DP ID,8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code						
mode with NSDL.		and ge	nerate OTP	. Enter the O	TP received	on register	ed email id	l/mobile
		numbe	r and click	on login. Af	ter successfu	ıl authenti	cation, you	will be

- redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- 2. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
- 4. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.

NSDL Mobile App is available on









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Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	 Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then user your existing my easi username & password. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly
1 1 1 1	access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800-21-09911

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

 Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote
- 4. Your User ID details are given below:

electronically.

Manner of holding shares i.e.	Your User ID is:		
Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical			
a) For Members who hold shares in	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID		
demat account with NSDL.	For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is		
	12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.		
b) For Members who hold shares in	16 Digit Beneficiary ID		
demat account with CDSL.	For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12**********		
	then your user ID is 12**********		
c) For Members holding shares in	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with		
Physical Form.	the company		
	For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is		
	101456 then user ID is 101456001***		

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process** for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.

- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) <u>Physical User Reset Password?</u>" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.com mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- 2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to hemangsatra99@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.com. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.

- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on.: 022 4886 7000 or send a request to Mr. Suketh Shetty at Msuketh.Shetty@nsdl.com /evoting@nsdl.com

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to info@avance.in;; avancetechnologiesItd@gmail.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to info@avance.in; avancetechnologiesItd@gmail.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. info@avance.in; avancetechnologiesItd@gmail.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.com for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE EGM/AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the EGM/AGM.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the EGM/AGM.
- 4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

Member will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link

for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.

- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info@avance.in; avancetechnologiesItd@gmail.com. The same will be replied by the company suitably.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF THE ORDINARY AND SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item no. 3

Proposal:

As per section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, every listed company is required to annex with its Board's Report, a secretarial audit report, issued by a Practising Company Secretary. Further, Regulation 24A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), requires every listed entity to undertake secretarial audit by a secretarial auditor who shall be a peer reviewed company secretary and shall annex a secretarial audit report with the annual report of the listed entity.

Basis the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company at its Meeting held on September 05, 2025, has approved the appointment of M/s. Sidhi Maheshwari & Associates ("the Firm") a peer reviewed firm of Company Secretaries in practice (Membership No.: 43283, Certificate of Practice No.: 16018, Peer Review No.: 3395/2023), as Secretarial Auditor of the Company to hold the office for first term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from the Financial Year 2025-26 till the Financial Year 2029-30, subject to approval of the Members of the Company at this Annual General Meeting.

Eligibility:

The Firm has confirmed that it is not disqualified and is eligible to be appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company under the Act, Listing Regulations and Circular(s) issued by SEBI in this regard and have given their consent for their appointment as Secretarial Auditor of the Company.

Term of Appointment:

M/s. Sidhi Maheshwari & Associates is proposed to be appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company to hold the office for first term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from the Financial Year 2025-26 till the Financial Year 2029-30, subject to approval of the Members of the Company at this Annual General Meeting.

Remuneration:

The remuneration proposed to be paid to the Secretarial Auditor will be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company, basis the recommendation of the Audit Committee and in consultation with the Secretarial Auditor, which will be commensurate with the scope of work and other requirements as mutually agreed. The Company may also obtain the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report and such other certifications as may be mandatory or permitted to be sought from Secretarial Auditor under the applicable laws and engage with them on the other services which are not prohibited by SEBI or any other authority.

Basis of Recommendation:

The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors has recommended the appointment of M/s. Sidhi Mheshwari & Associates, as Secretarial Auditor of the Company to the Members of the Company for their approval. The recommendation is based on various factors like fulfilment of eligibility criteria, capability, knowledge, expertise, industry experience, audit methodology, time and efforts required to be put in by them and reputation of the Firm.

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item no. 3 of the Notice except to the extent of their shareholding, if any, in the Company.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 3 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

Item no. 4:

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on 2nd July, 2025, appointed Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863) as an Additional Director (Executive) of the Company with effect from 2nd July, 2025, in accordance with the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company. Further

As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Act, an Additional Director holds office up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the last date on which the Annual General Meeting should have been held, whichever is earlier.

The Company has received a notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, proposing the candidature of Mr. Latesh Poojary for appointment as a Director (Executive) of the Company.

Brief Profile of Mr. Latesh Poojary

Date of Birth: 27/04/1974Qualification: GraduateExpertise: Marketing

Directorship in other companies: NilShareholding in the Company: Nil

The Board recommends the resolution set out in Item No. 4 for the approval of the members of the Company.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, except Mr. Latesh Poojary, is concerned or interested in the resolution.

Item no. 5:

The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on **14**th **August, 2025**, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, appointed **Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863)** as the Managing Director of the Company for a period of **5 years** commencing from **14**th **August, 2025**, subject to the approval of members.

The terms and conditions of his appointment, including remuneration, are as follows:

- **Tenure:** 5 years commencing from 14th August, 2025.
- **Remuneration:** as may be decided by the Board, subject to the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Latesh Poojary satisfies all the conditions set out under Sections 196, 197, and Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Board recommends passing the resolution as set out in Item No. 5 for approval of the members as an Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives, except Mr. Latesh Poojary, is concerned or interested in the resolution.

Annexure-A

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS RECOMMENDED FOR APPOINTMENT / REAPPOINTMENT AS REQUIRED UNDER REGULATION 36 OF THE LODR REGULATIONS AND APPLICABLE SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

Name of the Director	Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir	Mr. Latesh Poojary
DIN	07596882	10414863
Date of Birth	15-01-1972	27-04-1974
Date of first appointment on	01-10-2016	14-08-2025
the Board		
Brief Profile	Mr. Vasant Bhoir holds a Bachelor's	Mr. Latesh Poojary is a commerce
	degree in Commerce. He is an	Graduate with extensive experience in the
	excellent analyst and has a good	field of Marketing. He has demonstrated
	command over the subject	strategic acumen and a results driven
	knowledge. He has a good exposure	approach in driving brand positioning and
	in the field of marketing.	market outreach.
Qualification	Graduate	Graduate
Expertise in Special	Marketing	Marketing
Functional Areas		
*Directorship held in other	01(One) Panki Investments Limited	Nil
Public Limited Companies	(Director)	
	CIN: L65991UP1983PLC006168	
No. of Meetings of the Board	10 (Ten)	Not applicable for the FY 2024-25
attended during the financial		
year		
Shareholding in the Company	Nil	Nil
Disclosure of inter-se	None	None
relationships between		
Directors and Key Managerial		
Personnel of the Company		

^{*} excluding private, foreign companies and Section 8 Companies.

BOARD'S REPORT

To the members of, AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Your Directors take pleasure in presenting the 41st Annual Report together with the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ("FY") ended 31st March, 2025.

COMPANY PERFORMANCE:

Financial Results:

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

PARTICULARS	Stand	alone	Consolidated		
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	
Revenue from Operations	5,793.19	6,928.93	17,176.54	14,429.07	
Other Income	218.06	253.23	219.75	253.23	
Total Income	6,011.25	7,182.16	17,396.29	14,682.29	
Total Expenses	5,689.73	6,959.42	16,661.89	14,179.06	
Profit before Interest, Depreciation, and Tax	321.52	222.74	734.40	503.23	
Expenses (EBITDA)					
Tax Expenses	61.00	15.00	151.00	15.00	
Tax -earlier year	53.16	0.00	53.16	0.00	
Profit(Loss) for the period from continuing	207.36	207.74	530.24	488.23	
operations					
Other Comprehensive Income	207.36	207.74	530.24	488.23	

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS:

Standalone Performance

- Revenue from Operations stood at ₹ 5,793.19 Lakhs compared to ₹ 6,928.93 Lakhs in FY 2023-24, registering a decline primarily due to operational factors.
- **Total Income** decreased to ₹ 6,011.25 Lakhs from ₹ 7,182.16 Lakhs in the previous year.
- **EBITDA** improved by **44.35%**, reaching ₹ 321.52 Lakhs compared to ₹ 222.74 Lakhs in FY 2023-24, reflecting better operational efficiency.
- Finance Cost remain same to ₹ 0.03 Lakhs from ₹ 0.03 Lakhs, indicating higher borrowing or financing requirements.
- Profit Before Tax (PBT) witnessed greater performance, standing at ₹ 321.52 Lakhs compared to ₹ 222.74 Lakhs last year.
- Profit after Tax (PAT) remained largely stable at ₹ 207.36 Lakhs compared to ₹ 207.74 Lakhs in FY 2023-24.

Consolidated Performance

• Revenue from Operations grew significantly by 19%, reaching ₹ 17,176.54 Lakhs compared to ₹ 14,429.07 Lakhs in FY 2023-24.

- **Total Income** increased to ₹ 17,396.29 Lakhs from ₹ 14,682.29 Lakhs, driven by robust performance across subsidiaries.
- **EBITDA** stood at ₹ 734.40 Lakhs, reflecting a **45.93% increase** compared to ₹ 503.23 Lakhs in the previous year.
- Finance Cost raised to ₹ 1.57 Lakhs from ₹ 0.03 Lakhs, yet remained at a low level.
- **Total Expenses** increased to ₹ 16,661.81 Lakhs compared to ₹ 14,179.06 Lakhs, in line with higher business activity.
- Profit after Tax (PAT) grew by 8.62%, reaching ₹ 530.24 Lakhs compared to ₹ 488.23 Lakhs in FY 2023-24.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Company has prepared the Annual Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

In accordance with the Act and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Annual Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, together with Report of Auditors' thereon, forms part of this annual report.

DIVIDEND:

In view of the need to conserve resources for potential new trading or industrial ventures, as well as to meet the working capital requirements of the Company's ongoing operations, the Board of Directors has not recommended any dividend for the financial year 2024-25. This decision is aimed at strengthening the financial position of the Company and ensuring long-term sustainability.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The Board of Directors has decided not to transfer any amount to the General Reserve from the profits available for appropriation for the financial year 2024-25. The entire surplus is proposed to be retained in the Statement of Profit and Loss to strengthen the internal resources of the Company and support future business requirements.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE:

The Authorized Share Capital of the Company for the FY 2024-25 is Rs. 300,00,00,000/- (Rupees Three Hundred Crores Only) to Rs. 300,00,00,000/- (Rupees Three Hundred Crores only) consisting of 300,00,00,000 (Three Hundred Crores) Equity Shares of Re. 01/- (Rupee One only) each.

The issued, subscribed and paid-up capital of the Company for FY 2024-25 stands at Rs. 198,19,17,430.00/- (One Hundred Ninety-Eight Crores Nineteen Lakhs Seventeen Thousand Four Hundred Thirty) consisting of 198,19,17,430 (One Hundred Ninety-Eight Crores Nineteen Lakhs Seventeen Thousand Four Hundred Thirty) Equity Shares of Re. 01/-(Rupee One only) each.

AUDITORS AND THEIR REPORTS:

The matters related to Auditors and their Reports are as under:

Statutory Auditor:

Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, the shareholders in their meeting held on 30th September,

2022 had appointed M/s. Rishi Sekhri and Associates, Chartered Accountants, (FRN: 128216W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive financial years and their term expires at the conclusion of 43rd Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Auditors' Report:

The Auditors' Report on the financial statements of the Company forms a part of the Annual Report. There is no qualification, reservation, adverse remark, disclaimer or modified opinion in the Auditors' Report, which calls for any further comments or explanations.

Secretarial Auditor:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Secretarial Audit for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, was conducted by **M/s. Megha Khandelwal & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (Peer Review Certificate No.: 4023/2023).** The Secretarial Audit Report, along with the Secretarial Compliance Report for the financial year 2024-25, forms part of this Report and is annexed herewith as **Annexure – 1**."

The Secretarial Auditor has not made any adverse comments or given any qualification, reservation or adverse remarks or disclaimer in their Audit Report.

Pursuant to recent SEBI-LODR Amendments, the Company is required to appoint Secretarial Auditors for a term of five consecutive financial years. In view this, the Directors recommends the resolution at Item No. 03 be passed as an Ordinary Resolution for appointment of M/s. Sidhi Maheshwari & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, Firm Registration number S2023RJ898900 and Peer review certificate number 3395/2023 to undertake Secretarial Audit of the Company for a term of five consecutive financial years i.e. 2025-26 to 2029-30.

Internal Auditor:

For FY 2024-25, the Board of Directors had appointed M/s. Shashi Ranjan & Associates, Practicing Cost and Management Accountants, Jaipur as Internal Auditors of the Company. The Internal Auditors have been periodically reporting to the Audit Committee with regards to their audit process and key audit findings during the year.

There are no qualifications, reservation or adverse remarks given by Internal Auditors of the Company for the period under review.

Cost Auditor:

The provisions pertaining to the appointment of Cost Auditors are not applicable to the Company.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted or renewed any deposits falling within the purview of provisions of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with The Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS:

During the year under review, there was no material change in the nature of business of the Company.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS:

During the year under review, no significant and material orders were passed by the Regulators, Securities Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges, Tribunal or Courts which impact the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the Financial Statement relate and the date of this report. There was no change in company's nature of business during the FY 2024- 25.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT:

In compliance with Regulation 34, read with Schedule V(B) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018, the 'Management Discussion and Analysis Report' is annexed as **Annexure** – 2 and forms an integral part of this Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The Company is committed to pursue and adhere to the highest standard of Corporate Governance as set out by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and the Companies Act, 2013. The report on the Corporate Governance as stipulated in regulation 34 read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is enclosed with this Report as **Annexure – 3.**

PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

During the period under review, the Company is having 03 (Three) wholly owned subsidiary namely:

- Avance Ventures Private Limited (incorporated on 21st April, 2023);
- Verticore Technologies Private Limited (incorporated on 31st August, 2024);
- Avance Platforms Private Limited (incorporated on 7th October, 2024);

Therefore, Form AOC-1 for statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable and details of the same mentioned herewith in Annexure - 4 to this report.

DIRECTORS / KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

a. Retirement by Rotation

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir (DIN: 07596882), Director of the Company, is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

The Board of Directors recommends his re-appointment as Director, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

b. Changes in Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel:

There was no change in the Board of Directors of the Company during the year under review. However, post review period Late. Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati, the Managing Director, Chairman and Promoter of the Company passed away on 1st July, 2025.

Late. Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati was appointed as Managing Director of the company w.e.f. 15th January, 2002 and played crucial leadership roles through which the company immensely benefitted.

Subject to the approval of the members, the Nomination and remuneration Committee and the Board have recommended regularize the appointment of Mr. Latesh Poojary (DIN: 10414863) appointed as additional director on 2nd July, 2025 as the Executive director of the Company. Further as per the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of directors Mr. Latesh Poojary redesignated as Managing Director w.e.f. from 14th August 2025, subject to the approval of the members.

c. Composition

The current composition of the Board is in accordance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and Regulation 17 of the Listing Regulations and specifically stated in Corporate Governance Report.

d. Declaration/Disclosures of Directors proposed to be appointed / re-appointed

None of the directors of the company are disqualified under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

All the Directors have made necessary disclosures as required under the various provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Brief profile of Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir (DIN: 07596882) proposed to be re-appointed and his Qualification, Experience alongwith the name of Companies in which he hold the Directorship and Listed Companies in which he hold Chairmanship/membership of the Committees of the Board, as stipulated under Regulations 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings is given as Annexure to the Notice convening the 41st Annual General Meeting.

MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on Company/business policy and strategy apart from other Board businesses. Your Company holds at least four Board Meetings in a year, one in each quarter to review the financial results and other items of the agenda. During the reporting period, The Board met 10 (Ten) times during the Financial Year 2024-25 viz. 10th May, 2024, 28th May, 2024, 17th July, 2024, 13th August, 2024, 14th August, 2024, 13th November, 2024, 28th November, 2024, 12th February, 2025 and 27th March, 2025.

The notice of Board Meeting is given well in advance to all the Directors. The Agenda and Pre-reads are circulated well in advance before each meeting to all the Directors for facilitating effective discussion and decision making.

STATEMENT ON DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

All the Independent Directors of the Company have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as specified in Section 149(6) of the Act and shall abide by the Code for Independent Directors as specified in Schedule- IV of the Act.

ANNUAL EVALUATION BY THE BOARD OF ITS OWN PERFORMANCE, ITS COMMITTEES, AND INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Board is required to monitor and review the Board evaluation framework. In line with the Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Chairman, the Directors individually, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration, Stakeholders Relationship and Risk Management Committee.

This evaluation is led by the Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee with specific focus on the performance and effective functioning of the Board. The evaluation process also considers the time spent by each of the Board Member, core competencies, personal characteristics, accomplishment of specific responsibilities and expertise. The Board evaluation is conducted through questionnaire having qualitative parameters and feedback based on ratings. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company has complied with all the applicable provisions of Secretarial Standard on Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1), Revised Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) and other voluntarily adopted Secretarial Standards such as Secretarial Standard on Dividend (SS-3), Secretarial Standard on Report of the Board of Directors (SS-4) issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTIES:

In line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations, the company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board of Directors which is also available on the Company's website www.avance.in and the same is considered for the purpose of identification and monitoring Related Party transactions.

During the year under review, the Company has not entered any contracts or arrangement with its related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Disclosures in Form AOC-2 pertaining to material contract and arrangement in terms of Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, is included in this report as **Annexure** – 5 and forms an integral part of this report.

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The Company being into reselling of IT products, information regarding disclosure of conservation of energy is not applicable to it. However, as a part of national interest it ensures that energy consumption is kept at minimum. There is no technology involved as the Company is a Service Sector.

There were no foreign exchange earnings or outgo during the year under review.

ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, the Annual Return as on 31st March 2025 will be available on the Company's website at www.avance.in with in stipulated period of time.

HUMAN RESOURCE, HEALTH & SAFETY:

The Company recognises its employees as one of the most vital contributors to its growth and success. Human Resource Development is considered a key strategic priority, with continuous efforts to implement initiatives that foster professional development, enhance operational excellence, and strengthen business processes. The Company remains committed to building a diverse, inclusive workforce and nurturing employee careers through structured learning and development programmes. Ensuring the safety, security, and overall well-being of employees is of utmost importance, and the Company upholds the highest standards of health and safety across all operations.

DETAILS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS U/S 186 OF THE ACT:

The particulars of loans, guarantees and investments have been disclosed in the financial statements for the financial year 2024-25 which forms an integral Part of this annual report.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM, THEIR ADEQUACY AND OPERATIVE EFFECTIVENESS:

The Company has an adequate system of internal controls in place. It has documented policies and procedures covering all financial and operating functions. These controls have been designed to provide a reasonable assurance with regard to maintaining of proper accounting controls for ensuring reliability of financial reporting, monitoring of operations, and protecting assets from unauthorized use or losses, compliances with regulations. The Company has continued itself orts to align all its processes and controls with global best practices.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES:

Pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Act, read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, details/information's related to the remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Employees are set out in *Annexure* – 6 to this Report.

CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

A Certificate of the Secretarial Auditor confirming its compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance stipulated under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 forming part of this Annual Report.

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CFO CERTIFICATION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

A Certificate of the Managing Director and CFO of the Company in terms of Listing Regulations, inter alia, confirming the correctness of the financial statements and cash flow statements, adequacy of the internal control measures and reporting of matters to the Audit Committee, is also annexed to this Annual Report.

CERTIFICATE ON DIRECTOR DEBARMENT OR DISQUALIFICATION:

A Certificate of the Auditor on verification of Debarment or Disqualification of Directors pursuant to Regulation 34 (3) read with Para C(10)(i) of Schedule V of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed to this Annual Report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

The Company does not meet the criteria specified in sub section (1) of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies [Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)) Rules, 2014. Therefore, it is not required to incur any

expenditure on account of CSR activities during the year.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company, hereby confirms that:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2025 the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- They have selected such accounting policies, judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and have applied them consistently so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2025 and of the statement of Profit and Loss as well as Cash Flow of the company for the year ended on that date;
- Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- Necessary internal financial controls have been laid down by the Company and the same are commensurate with its size of operations and that they are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- Proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS:

During the year under review, none of the Auditors of the Company, has reported to the Audit Committee under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, any instances of the fraud committed by the Company, its officers and employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in the Board Report.

POLICY ON NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION:

Policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration is to follow the criteria as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Emphasis is given to persons from diverse fields or professions. The Remuneration Policy is uploaded on the Company website www.avance.in

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

The Vigil Mechanism of the Company includes a Whistle Blower Policy to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any. Further, the mechanism adopted by the Company encourages a whistle blower to report genuine concerns or grievances and provides for adequate safeguards against victimisation of the whistle blower who avails of such mechanism as well as direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The functioning of the vigil mechanism is reviewed by the Audit Committee from time to time.

None of the whistle blowers have been denied access to the Audit Committee of the Board. The details of the Whistle Blower Policy are posted on the website of the Company at www.avance.in.

POLICY AGAINST SEXUAL HARASSMENT:

The Company is committed to creating a healthy working environment that enables employees to work without fear of prejudice and gender bias. The Company has formulated Policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women at workplaces in accordance with The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act 2013. Your Company has a robust mechanism in place to redress complaints reported under it if any.

During the year under review, the Company has not received any complaints in this regard.

MATERNITY BENEFIT

The provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, are not applicable to the Company during the period under review.

PROCEEDINGS UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (31 OF 2016)

There is no proceeding initiated / pending against your Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 which does any materially impact the business of the Company.

THE DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF

The Company has not made any one-time settlement for loans taken from the Banks or Financial Institutions, and hence the details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof is not applicable.

APPRECIATION & ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

The Board of Directors wish to place on record its deep sense of appreciation for the committed services by all the employees of the Company. The Board of Directors would also like to express their sincere appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from the financial institutions, banks, government and regulatory authorities, stock exchanges, customers, vendors, members during the year under review.

By Order of the Board For Avance Technologies Limited

Sd/- Sd/-

Latesh Poojary Vasant Bhoir
Managing Director Director
DIN: 10414863 DIN: 07596882

Date: 05th September, 2025

Place: Mumbai

Annexure - 1

Secretarial Compliance Report of Avance Technologies Limited For the financial year ended on March 31, 2025

To,

Avance Technologies Limited
CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210
#211, Lotus Business Park, 2nd Floor, S.V. Road,
Malad (West), Mumbai – 400 064

We have conducted the review of the compliance of the applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Avance Technologies Limited (CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210) (hereinafter referred as "the Company"), having its registered office at #211, Lotus Business Park, 2nd Floor, S.V. Road, Malad (West), Mumbai – 400 064. Secretarial Review was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minutes books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Review, we hereby report that the Company has, during the review period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2025, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We, Megha Khandelwal and Associates, Company Secretaries, represented by Megha Khandelwal, Proprietor, have examined:

- (a) all the documents and records made available to me and explanation provided by Avance Technologies Limited ("the Company"),
- (b) the filings/ submissions made by the Company,
- (c) website of the Company,
- (d) any other document/ filing, as may be relevant, which has been relied upon to make this Report,

For the financial year ended March 31, 2025 ("Review Period") in respect of compliance with the provisions of:

- (a) the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act") and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder; and
- (b) the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA"), rules made thereunder and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued thereunder by the SEBI;

The specific Regulations, whose provisions and the circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder, have been examined, include:-

- (a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR");
- (b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (during the Review Period not applicable to the Company);
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (during the Review Period not applicable to the Company);
- (f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (during the Review Period not applicable to the Company);

- (g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (h) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustee) Regulations, 1993 (during the Review Period not applicable to the Company);
- (i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
- (j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder. and based on the above examination, I hereby report that, during the Review Period;

I. (a) The Company has complied with the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder, except in respect of matters specified below:

Sr	Complian	Regulati	Deviati	Actio	Type of	Details	Fine	Observati	Managem	Remar
	ce	on/	ons	n	Action	of	Amou	ons/	ent	ks
N	Requirem	Circular		Take	(Advisory/Clarification/Fi	Violati	nt	Remarks	Response	
о.	ent	No.		n by	ne/Show Cause	on		of the		
	(Regulatio				Notice/			Practicing		
	ns/				Warning, etc.)			Company		
	circulars /							Secretary		
	guidelines									
	including									
	specific									
	clause)									
	No reportable Observations									

(b) The Company has taken the following actions to comply with the observations made in previous reports:

Sr.	Observation	Observations	Compliance	Details of	Remedi	Comments of the
No.	s/ Remarks of the Practicing Company Secretary in the previous reports (PCS)	made in the secretarial compliance report for the year ended 2024- 25 or prior years	Requirement (Regulation s/ circulars/ guidelines including specific clause)	violation / deviations and actions taken / penalty imposed, if any, on the listed entity	al actions, if any, taken by the listed entity	PCS on the actions taken by the listed entity
	No reportable Observations					

II. I hereby further report the compliance status of the Company, during the Review Period, with the following requirements:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Compliance status (Yes/No/NA)	Observations/ Remarks by PCS*
1.	Secretarial Standards:	Yes	-
	The compliances of the Company are in accordance with		
	the applicable Secretarial Standards (SS) issued by the		

	Institute of Company Socretarios of India (ICSI)		
2.	Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI). Adoption and timely updation of the Policies:		
2.	 All applicable policies under SEBI Regulations are adopted with the approval of board of directors of the Company. All the policies are in conformity with SEBI Regulations and have been reviewed & timely updated as per the regulations/circulars/guidelines issued by SEBI. 	Yes	-
_		Yes	-
3.	 Maintenance and disclosures on Website: The Company is maintaining a functional website. Timely dissemination of the documents/ information under a separate section on the website. Web-links provided in annual corporate governance 	Yes Yes	-
	reports under Regulation 27(2) are accurate and specific which redirects to the relevant document(s)/ section of the website.	Yes	-
4.	Disqualification of Director(s): None of the Director of the Company is disqualified under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 as confirmed by the Company.	Yes	-
5.	Details related to subsidiaries of Company have been examined w.r.t.: a. Identification of material subsidiary companies b. Disclosure requirement of material as well as other subsidiaries	Yes Yes	During the audit period, the Company incorporated two wholly owned subsidiaries named Avance Platforms Private Limited, having CIN: U82200MH2024PTC433213 and Verticore Technologies Private Limited having CIN:U63119MH2024PTC431711, in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The necessary intimation regarding the incorporation was made to the Stock Exchange(s) in accordance with Regulation 30 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.
6.	Preservation of Documents: The Company is preserving and maintaining records as prescribed under SEBI Regulations and disposal of records as per Policy of Preservation of Documents and Archival policy prescribed under SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015.	Yes	-
7.	Performance Evaluation: The Company has conducted performance evaluation of the Board, Independent Directors and the Committees at the start of every financial year as prescribed in SEBI Regulations.	Yes	-

8.	Related Party Transactions:		
	a. The Company has obtained prior approval of Audit	Yes	-
	Committee for all Related party transactions;		
	b. In case no prior approval obtained, the Company shall		
	provide detailed reasons along with confirmation	NA	Since answer to 8.a is 'Yes'
	whether the transactions were subsequently		
	approved/ratified/rejected by the audit committee.		
9.	Disclosure of events or information:	Yes	-
	The Company has provided all the required disclosure(s)		
	under Regulation 30 along with Schedule III of SEBI LODR		
	Regulations, 2015 within the time limits prescribed		
	thereunder.		
10.	Prohibition of Insider Trading:	Yes	-
	The Company is in compliance with Regulation 3(5) &		
	3(6) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations,		
	2015.		
11.	Actions taken by SEBI or Stock Exchange(s), if any:	NA	-
	The actions taken against the Company/ its promoters/		
	directors/ subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock		
	Exchanges are specified in the last column.		
12.	Resignation of statutory auditors from the Company or	NA	-
	its material subsidiaries:		
	In case of resignation of statutory auditor from the		
	Company or any of its material subsidiaries during the		
	financial year, the Company and / or its material		
	subsidiary(ies) has / have complied with paragraph 6.1		
	and 6.2 of section V-D of chapter V of the Master Circular		
	on compliance with the provisions of the LODR		
	Regulations by Company.		
13.	Additional Non-compliances, if any:	Yes	-
	No additional non-compliances observed for any SEBI		
	regulation/circular/guidance note etc. except as		
	reported above		

Assumptions & Limitation of scope and Review:

- 1. Compliance of the applicable laws and ensuring the authenticity of documents and information furnished, are the responsibilities of the management of the Company.
- 2. My responsibility is to report based upon my examination of relevant documents and information. This is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial Records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

4. This Report is solely for the intended purpose of compliance in terms of Regulation 24A (2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Megha Khandelwal and Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Megha Khandelwal

Proprietor FCS No.: 10237 CP No.: 13405

UDIN.: F010237G000483468

PR No.: 4023/2023

Date: 29.05.2025 Place: Jaipur

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.

'Annexure A'

To,

Avance Technologies Limited

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, we followed, provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 4. The compliance of the provisions of SEBI laws, rules, regulations, circulars and guidelines is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of the procedures on test basis.
- 5. As regards the books, papers, forms, reports and returns filed by the Company under these regulations, the adherence and compliance to the requirements of the said regulations is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to checking the execution and timeliness of the filing of various forms, reports, returns and documents that need to be filed by the Company under the said regulations. I have not verified the correctness and coverage of the contents of such forms, reports, returns and documents.

For Megha Khandelwal and Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Megha Khandelwal Proprietor FCS No.: 10237

FCS No.: 10237 CP No.: 13405

UDIN.: F010237G000483468

PR No.: 4023/2023

Date: 29.05.2025 Place: Jaipur

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To

The Members,

Avance Technologies Limited
CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210
#211, Lotus Business Park, 2nd Floor,
S.V. Road, Malad (West), Mumbai – 400 064

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Avance Technologies Limited (CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210) (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained and provided by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not Applicable during the Audit Period)
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable during the Audit Period); and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998. (Not applicable during the Audit Period);
- (i) other regulations as applicable.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange and the Secretarial Standards as issued by the Institute of the Company Secretaries of India.

During the audit period under review and as per information and clarifications provided by the management, I hereby confirm that the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. as mentioned above subject to the observations as mentioned hereinabove.

I further report that:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1.	Change in Registered Office	During the audit period, the Company shifted its registered office from "Office No. 226/227, Majestic Centre, 2nd Floor, 144 Opera House, Mumbai – 400 004" to "#211, Lotus Business Park, 2nd Floor, S.V. Road, Malad (West), Mumbai – 400 064," both located within the local limits of the same city. The Company was required to comply with the applicable provisions of Section 12 of the Companies Act, 2013 by filing the necessary e-Form INC-22 with the Registrar of Companies. The same was filed after the closure of the Financial Year.
2.	Related Party Transactions	During the audit period, the Company entered into transactions with related parties which were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. The said transactions were placed before the Audit Committee and the Board for their review/approval, in accordance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. Necessary disclosures were also made in the financial statements and to the Stock Exchange(s), as applicable.
3.	Incorporation of a Wholly Owned Subsidiary	During the audit period, the Company incorporated two wholly owned subsidiaries named Avance Platforms Private Limited, having CIN: U82200MH2024PTC433213 and Verticore Technologies Private Limited having CIN: U63119MH2024PTC431711, in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The necessary intimation regarding the incorporation was made to the Stock Exchange(s) in accordance with Regulation 30 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

I report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For Megha Khandelwal and Associates (Company Secretaries)

Sd/-

Megha Khandelwal

Proprietor M. No. 10237 C.P. No. 13405

P.R.N.: PRN4023/2023 UIN: S2014RJ259300 UDIN: F010237G000483358

Place: Jaipur

Date: 29.05.2025

Annexure- A

To

The Members

AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210

#211, Lotus Business Park, 2nd Floor, S.V. Road,

Malad (West), Mumbai – 400064

Our report of even date is to be read along with this Annexure.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on a test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices followed by us provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Megha Khandelwal and Associates (Company Secretaries) Sd/-Megha Khandelwal Proprietor

M. No. 10237 C.P. No. 13405

P.R.N.: PRN4023/2023 UIN: S2014RJ259300

UDIN: F010237G000483358

Place: Jaipur Date: 29.05.2025

Annexure - 2

REPORT ON MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Indian Economy Overview

In FY25, the Indian economy sustained its growth momentum, recording a GDP growth rate of 6.5 percent, thereby consolidating its position as the world's fastest-growing major economy. This growth came against a backdrop of persistent global challenges such as geopolitical tensions, supply chain disruptions, and inflationary pressures. Strong domestic demand, steady consumer spending, and sustained government-led capital expenditure emerged as the key drivers of economic activity during the year.

The economy's performance in the March quarter (Q4 FY25) was particularly encouraging, with a growth rate of 7.4 percent, supported by robust contributions from the services sector and industrial production. Furthermore, private investment showed signs of revival, aided by policy reforms and infrastructure development initiatives. These developments underscore India's central role in the global growth story and highlight its ability to balance rising energy demand, infrastructure needs, and sustainability commitments.

Technology Industry Overview

The global technology sector, which faced turbulence in the past two years due to inflation, interest rate hikes, and reduced consumer spending, is now showing clear signs of recovery. In India, the technology industry continues to be a cornerstone of economic growth, driven by rapid digital adoption, a robust IT services base, and increasing enterprise investment in next-generation technologies. Key focus areas such as artificial intelligence (AI), cloud computing, and cybersecurity are emerging as the primary engines of growth, with businesses accelerating digital transformation strategies to enhance efficiency, security, and innovation.

Despite these positive developments, the industry faces structural challenges, the most pressing being a significant talent gap. Demand for skilled professionals in AI, machine learning, and cloud far outstrips supply, with estimates suggesting that by 2026, over half of the required workforce in these domains may remain unfulfilled. This mismatch poses both a challenge and an opportunity—while it risks slowing adoption, it also creates space for targeted skilling, reskilling, and academic-industry collaborations to bridge the gap.

Looking forward, the Indian technology sector is expected to regain strong momentum as enterprises continue to prioritize digital capabilities. Supported by a young workforce, a strong export market, and global recognition of India's IT prowess, the industry is well-placed to lead the next phase of technology-driven growth, despite short-term pressures on talent and global demand fluctuations.

Financial Performance Overview

In FY2025, Avance Technologies Ltd reported revenue of ₹17,396.29 lakh, representing a robust growth of 18 percent compared to ₹14,682.29 lakh in FY2024. This increase reflects the Company's ability to expand its operations and strengthen its position in the technology sector.

Net profit for the year stood at ₹530.24 lakh as against ₹488.20 lakh in the previous year, registering a growth of 9 percent. Correspondingly, earnings per share (EPS) improved to ₹0.2675 in FY2025 from ₹0.2463 in FY2024, also reflecting a 9 percent rise.

The performance demonstrates Avance Technologies Ltd.'s consistent growth in revenue and profitability, underscoring its financial resilience and continued value creation for shareholders.

Key Ratios

Particulars	FY 2025	FY 2024
Current Ratio	1.00	0.76
Net Profit Margin	3.1%	3.4%
Return on Equity	1.4%	1.3%
Return on Capital Employed (ROCE)	1.4%	0.7%

Opportunities

India's strong economic growth, coupled with rapid digital adoption, presents a favorable environment for the technology sector. Rising enterprise investments in artificial intelligence, cloud computing, and cybersecurity are opening new avenues for growth. The government's focus on Digital India, data localization, and innovation-driven policies further enhances the sector's prospects. Expanding global demand for IT services and India's established position as a technology outsourcing hub provide significant opportunities to capture international markets. Additionally, increasing domestic demand for digital solutions across industries such as healthcare, finance, and ecommerce is creating scalable growth opportunities for technology companies.

Threats

Despite the growth potential, the sector faces notable challenges. A critical concern is the talent gap, particularly in AI and cloud technologies, where demand is far outpacing supply. Rising wage costs and intense competition for skilled professionals could impact profitability. The industry also remains exposed to global economic uncertainties, geopolitical risks, and shifts in technology spending patterns. Furthermore, evolving cybersecurity threats, regulatory changes, and reliance on global supply chains for hardware and infrastructure add to the operational risks. Sustaining growth will therefore depend on proactive risk management, talent development, and continuous innovation.

Human Resources/Industrial Relations

Avance Technologies Ltd continues to place strong emphasis on employee engagement, learning, and development to foster a workplace that is safe, inclusive, and productive. Employees are provided with diverse opportunities to enhance their skills and support long-term career growth. Recognizing human resources as its most valuable asset, Avance Technologies Ltd has cultivated an open, transparent, and meritocratic culture that nurtures talent and drives organizational success.

At the core of its people strategy, Avance Technologies Ltd firmly believes that an organization is only as strong as its employees. With "people at the heart" as its guiding principle, the Company is committed to building a culture of inclusivity, collaboration, and shared ownership. Employee relations remained harmonious throughout the year, reflecting Avance Technologies Ltd's focus on mutual respect, growth, and collective progress.

Internal Control System and Adequacy

Avance Technologies Ltd has established internal control systems that are commensurate with the nature, size, and complexity of its operations. These systems are designed to safeguard and protect the Company's assets, ensure proper authorization of transactions, and maintain accurate and reliable recording and reporting.

The Company's internal audit function, staffed with well-qualified and experienced professionals, plays a key role in monitoring compliance with policies, plans, and statutory requirements. Regular audits are conducted across operations, and the findings are presented to the Audit Committee for review. Recommendations made by the statutory auditors, internal auditors, and the independent Audit Committee are duly considered by the management, and appropriate actions are taken to strengthen and enhance the control environment.

Annexure - 3

Report On Corporate Governance

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In the dynamic and rapidly evolving Information Technology (IT) industry, our company believes that robust corporate governance is essential for building trust, ensuring transparency, and sustaining long-term growth. We are committed to upholding the highest standards of ethical conduct, innovation, and accountability in all aspects of our operations.

Your Company's governance philosophy is centered on responsible decision-making, protection of stakeholder interests, and strict adherence to legal and regulatory frameworks. We recognize that strong corporate governance not only enhances investor confidence but also supports innovation, data privacy, and cyber security critical pillars of the IT sector.

We continuously strive to align our governance practices with global standards and industry best practices, fostering a culture of continuous improvement, fairness, and open communication. By doing so, we aim to deliver value to our stakeholders, maintain resilience in a competitive environment, and contribute to the digital transformation of society.

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE/ BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A. Composition of the Board and their inter-se relationship

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of healthy mix of personalities with diverse expertise, education, qualifications, backgrounds, gender and age. Collectively, they foster excellence in decision-making and drive sustainable, long-term growth for the Company, which is in conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") as amended from time to time.

As on 31st March 2025, the Company has 06 Directors out of which 01 (One) Managing Director, 02 (Two) Non-Executive Director, 03 (Three) are Independent Directors. None of the independent directors have any inter-se relationship.

None of the directors on the Board holds directorships in more than 10 (Ten) public companies or serves as a Director or as Independent Director (ID) in more than 07 (Seven) listed entities. No Executive Director serves as an ID in more than three listed entities.

Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other public companies as on 31^{st} March 2025 have been made by the Directors.

The Board of Directors, their categories and committee membership details and other related information as on 31st March, 2025 are as follows:

Notes:

Name of Directors & Category	Designation	No. of Directorship in listed Companies	No. of Committee position held #		Directorship in other listed	
		(including "AVANCE")\$	As Chairman	As Member	entities (Category of Directorship)	
Mr. Srikrishna	Managing	02	02	Nil	(Independent Director)	
Bhamidipati	Director &				Eco Recycling	
(Executive) %	Chairman				Limited	
Mr. Vasant Bhoir	Non-Executive	02	Nil	02	(Director) Panki	
(Non-Executive-	Director				Investments	
Non-Independent)					Limited	
Mr. Deepak Mane	Non-Executive	01	Nil	Nil	Nil	
(Non-Executive-	Director					
Non-Independent)						
Mrs. Shakila	Independent	01	Nil	02	Nil	
Makandar	Director					
(Non-Executive-						
Independent)						
Mr. Akshay	Independent	03	05	06	(Independent	
Nawale	Director				Director)	
(Non-Executive-					Allied Computers	
Independent)					International	
					(Asia) Limited	
					(Independent	
					Director)	
					Sanguine	
					Media	
					Limited	
Mr. Sanjay	Independent	01	Nil	Nil	Aadhaar Ventures India	
Devlekar	Director				Limited	
(Non-Executive-						
Independent)						

- % Late Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati passed away on 1st July 2025.
- Includes Directorships held in Public Limited Companies only and Directorships held in Private Companies,

 Foreign Companies and Companies under Section 8 of the companies Act, 2013 are excluded.
- # Includes only positions held in Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee of Board of Directors.

B. Confirmation of Independent Directors

None of the Independent Directors have any other material pecuniary relationship or transaction with the Company, its Promoters, or Directors, or Senior Management which, in their judgment, would affect their independence. Every Independent Director, at the first meeting of the Board in which he / she participates as a Director and thereafter at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year, gives a declaration that he / she meets the criteria of Independence as provided under Section 149 of the Act and applicable rules made

thereunder and Regulation 16(1) (b) & 25(8) of the Listing Regulations. The Company has received necessary declarations from each Independent Director that he / she meets the criteria of Directors and review the fulfillment of the independence criteria and their independence from the management.

C. Meeting of Independent Directors:

During the year, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on **Wednesday**, **12**th **February**, **2025** without the presence of Non-Executive Directors / Managing Director / Management to discuss the matter as required/agreed amongst them.

D. Matrix setting out the Skills /Expertise /Competence of the Board of Directors:

Pursuant to provisions in Sub-Para 2(h) of Part C of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations given below is the list of core skills/expertise/ competencies that the company's board has identified as particularly valuable to the effective oversight and functioning of the company:

Skills / Expertise /Competence	Description		
Industry Knowledge/ Experience	Knowledge or experience of Information Technology (IT) Industry,		
	understanding of Corporate laws, international laws, and other rules and		
	regulations, knowledge of industry and contract management.		
Technical Skills / Experience	Expertise in Accounting, Finance, Marketing, Risk Management, Strategic		
	Management, Legal, Compliance and Governance.		
Behavioural Competencies	Integrity and ethical standards, mentoring abilities and interpersonal relations.		

E. Meetings of the Board of Directors

The Board met 10 (Ten) times during the Financial Year 2024-25 viz. 10th May, 2024, 28th May, 2024, 17th July, 2024, 13th August, 2024, 14th August, 2024, 03rd September, 2024, 14th November, 2024, 28th November, 2024, 12th February, 2025 and 27th March, 2025.

Attendance of Board of Directors at the Board Meeting and the Last Annual General Meeting:

Name of Directors	Number of Board Meetings attended out of Meetings liable to attend	Attendance of the Last AGM dated 30 th September, 2024	
Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati	10/10	Yes	
Mrs. Shakila Makandar	10/10	Yes	
Mr. Akshay Nawale	10/10	Yes	
Mr. Sanjay Devlekar	10/10	Yes	
Mr. Vasant Bhoir	10/10	Yes	
Mr. Deepak Mane	10/10	Yes	

F. Familiarization programme for Independent Directors

The Company provides a familiarization program to independent directors, periodically at the meetings of the Board of Directors held on quarterly basis to enable them to understand the business of the Company. This program covers their roles, rights, responsibilities, the industry context in which the company operates, and the business model specific to the organization. The Management also endeavours to apprise the Directors regarding their responsibilities in case of change / amendment to the Rules and Regulations and to ensure that independent directors are well-informed and equipped to contribute effectively.

Web-link of details of familiarization programmes imparted to Independent Directors at https://www.avance.in

G. Board Evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 and Regulation 25 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration of the various aspects of the Board's functioning, Composition of the Board and Committees, culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligation and governance. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was completed.

During the financial year under review, the Independent Directors met on 12th February, 2025 inter-alia, to discuss:

- ✓ Performance evaluation of Non-Independent Directors and Board of Directors as a whole;
- ✓ Performance evaluation of the Chairman of the Company;
- ✓ Evaluation of the quality of flow of information between the Management and Board for effective performance by the Board. The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

I. Shares/ Convertible Instruments held by Non-Executive Directors

None of the Non-executive Directors of the Company hold Shares or Convertible Instruments of the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rules made thereunder and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has in place an Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee comprises of 03 (Three) Directors out of which 02 (Two) are Independent Directors and 01 (One) is Non-Executive Director. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is an Independent Director.

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for overseeing:

- The integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- The internal control arrangements;
- The compliance of financial statements with legal and regulatory requirements;
- The performance, qualifications, and independence of the Statutory Auditors and the performance of the internal audit function.

All recommendations made by the Audit Committee were deliberated and accepted by the Board during FY 2024-25.

The Committee met 05 (Five) times during the year on 28th May, 2024, 13th August, 2024, 03rd September, 2024, 14th November, 2024 and 12th February, 2025 and the attendance of Members at the Meetings were as follows:

Name of Member	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings attended/held
Mr. Akshay Nawale Non-Executive - Independent		Chairman	05/05
Mrs. Shakila Makandar	Non-Executive - Independent	Member	05/05
Mr. Vasant Bhoir Non-Executive		Member	05/05

The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company held on

30th September, 2024.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of 03 (Three) Directors out of which 02 (Two) are Independent Directors and 01 (One) is Non-Executive Director. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director.

The composition of the Committee adheres to the requirements of Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as specified in Part D of the Schedule II, inter-alia includes following:

- Recommending candidates for appointment as Directors on the Board or on the Management Committee, or as Key Managerial Personnel in accordance with the criteria laid down;
- Recommending the level and structure of remuneration for members of the Board and the Management Committee and Key Managerial Personnel;
- Performance evaluation of each of the Directors and the Board and the Key Managerial Personnel;
- Ensuring orderly succession planning at the Board level;

The Committee met once during the year on 03rd September, 2024 and the attendance of Members at the Meeting is as follows:

Name of Member	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings attended/held
Mr. Akshay Nawale	1r. Akshay Nawale Non-Executive - Independent Chairman		01/01
Mrs. Shakila Makandar	Non-Executive - Independent	Member	01/01
Mr. Vasant Bhoir	1r. Vasant Bhoir Non-Executive		01/01

<u>Annual Evaluation of Board of Directors, its Committees and Individual Directors</u>

In compliance with the provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has carried out an annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees, and individual Directors, including the Chairperson and Independent Directors.

The evaluation process is structured to assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the functioning of various Committees, and the contributions of individual Directors based on predefined criteria. These criteria include aspects such as the level of participation, quality of deliberations, decision-making processes, adherence to ethical standards, and fulfillment of roles and responsibilities.

The performance evaluation of Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board, excluding the Director being evaluated. The Independent Directors, in their separate meeting, also reviewed the performance of the Chairperson, the non-independent Directors, and the Board as a whole.

The outcome of the evaluation process is used to enhance the effectiveness of the Board's functioning and to promote a culture of openness, accountability, and continuous improvement.

The Company remains committed to good governance practices and believes that regular performance evaluations are an essential tool in maintaining a high standard of corporate governance.

STAKEHOLDER'S RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Stakeholder's Relationship Committee is in accordance with the Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations among others, to oversee and review the engagement and communication plan with stakeholders and ensure that their views / concerns are highlighted to the Board and steps are taken to address such concerns, to monitor and review the investor service standards of the Company, to look into the transfer/ transmission of securities.

The Stakeholder's Relationship Committee comprises of 03 (Three) Directors out of which 02 (Two) are Independent Directors and 01 (One) is Non-Executive Director. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director.

The Committee met 05 (Five) times during the year i.e. on 28th May, 2024, 13th August, 2024, 03rd September, 2024, 14th November, 2024 and 12th February, 2025 and the attendance of Members at the Meetings were as follows:

Name of Member	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings
			attended/held
Mr. Akshay Nawale Non-ExecutiveIndependent		Chairman	05/05
Mrs. Shakila Makandar	Non-Executive - Independent	Member	05/05
Mr. Vasant Bhoir	Non-Executive	Member	05/05

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Risk management is embedded in your company's operating framework. Your company believes that managing risk helps in maximizing returns. The company's approach to addressing business risk is comprehensive and includes periodic review of such risks and a framework for mitigating controls and reporting mechanism of such risks

The management of the Company through its board meetings reviews, identifies, and mitigates various risks which may have negative consequences on the Company's business. The Company's internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexity of its operations.

The Risk Management Committee comprises of 03 (Three) Directors out of which 02 (Two) are Independent Directors and 01 (One) is Non-Executive Director. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director.

The Committee met three times during the year on 17th July, 2024, 03rd September, 2024 and 14th November, 2024 and the attendances of Members at the Meetings were as follows:

Name of Member	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings attended/held
Mr. Akshay Nawale	Non-Executive - Independent	Chairman	01/01
Mrs. Shakila Makandar	Non-Executive - Independent	Member	01/01
Mr. Vasant Bhoir Non-Executive		Member	01/01

Investor Grievance Redressal

During the year under review, there were no investor grievances pending for Redressal as the end of the financial year and all the queries from the stakeholders were attended to promptly. Further, there were no pending

transfers for the year under review.

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

CS Sneha Shrivastava

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Mem. No: A36145 Phone: - +91 9594988351

Email Id: avancetechnologiesItd@gmail.com; info@avance.in

Independent Directors Committee Meeting

The Independent Directors of your Company met on **Wednesday**, 12th **February**, 2025 without the presence of Non-Independent / Executive Directors and Members of the Management. At this Meeting, the Independent Directors inter alia reviewed the performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole, reviewed the performance of the Chairman of your Board and assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Management and the Board of Directors.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

Pecuniary Relationships or Transactions

During the year under review, apart from what approved, there are no pecuniary transactions with any non-executive directors of the Company. The register of contracts is maintained by the Company pursuant to section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Director's Remuneration Policy

The Company's Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employee is available on the website of your Company www.avance.in. There has been no change in the policy since last financial year. The Remuneration Policy is in consonance with the existing industry practice.

Criteria for making payment to Non-Executive Directors

Non- Executive Directors of the Company plays a crucial role in the independent functioning of the Board. They bring in an external perspective to decision making and provide leadership and strategic guidance while maintaining objective judgment. They also oversee corporate governance framework of the Company.

As stated earlier, the Remuneration Policy, inter alia, disclosing criteria of making payments to directors, key managerial personnel and employees is placed on www.avance.in

Details of Remuneration to Directors

The Company has no stock option plans for the directors and hence, it does not form part of the remuneration package payable to any executive and/or non-executive director.

During the year under review, the Company did not advance any loans to any of the non-executive directors, and/or Managing Director. The details of remuneration paid/payable to directors during the financial year 2024-25 are provided in the Financial Statements annexed herewith.

Certificate from a Company Secretary in practice

The Company has obtained a certificate from M/s. Hemang Satra & Associates (Membership No. ACS- 54476 PRC: 5684/2024), Practicing Company Secretaries that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Annual General Meeting

The details of General Meeting of the Members conducted in last 03 (Three) years are as follows:

Year	Day, Date and Time of Meeting	Venue	Special Resolution Passed
2023-24	Monday, 30 th September, 2024 at 10:00 a.m.	Sammelan Hall, A101, Samarth Complex, Jawahar Nagar, Goregaon (West), Mumbai – 400 104	 To approve the re-appointment of Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati (DIN: 02083384) as Managing Director of the Company for further period of 05 (Five) years. To approve the re-appointment of Mr. Sanjay Devlekar (DIN: 07847440) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of 05 (Five) consecutive years.
2022-23	Friday, 29 th September, 2023 at 09:30 a.m.	Sammelan Hall, A101, Samarth Complex, Jawahar Nagar, Goregaon (West), Mumbai – 400 104	To approve the re-appointment of Mrs. Shakila Makandar (DIN: 06513263) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of five consecutive years.
2021-22	Friday, 30 th September, 2022 at 10:30 a.m.	Sammelan Hall, A101, Samarth Complex, Jawahar Nagar, Goregaon (West), Mumbai – 400 104	To approve the re-appointment of Mr. Akshay Nawale (DIN: 07597069) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of five consecutive years.

POSTAL BALLOT

During the year under review, no resolution has been passed through postal ballot. None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuring Annual General Meeting require passing a resolution through postal ballot.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly, half-yearly and yearly financial results of the Company are sent out to the Stock Exchanges immediately after they are approved by the Board. The Company published the official Press release of unaudited/audited financial results in English Language and Marathi Language and is also available on the website of the Company www.avance.in.

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details		
1.	Annual General Meeting day & date	Monday, 29 th September, 2025		
2.	Annual General Meeting Time	12.00 PM (Noon)		
3.	Venue of Annual General Meeting	AGM is been conducted through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OVAM")		
4.	Financial Year	1 st April 2024 to 31 st March 2025		
5.	Book Closure Dates	23 rd September, 2025 to 29 th September, 2025		
6.	Cut-off Date	22 nd September, 2025		
7.	E-voting period	26 th September, 2025 to 28 th September, 2025		
8.	Listing on Stock Exchange	BSE Limited		
9.	Scrip Code	512149		
10.	Depositories	National Securities Depository Limited Central Depository Services (India) Limited		
11.	ISIN	INE758A01072		
12.	Share Transfer Agents	Purva Sharegistry (India) Pvt. Ltd 9 Shiv Shakti Industrial Estate, J R Boricha Marg. Opp. Lodha Excelus, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai – 4000011 Email Id: support@purvashare.com Tel no.: 022-2301 6761 Website: www.purvashare.com		
13.	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	CS Sneha Shrivastava		
14.	Correspondence Address	#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705		
15.	Telephone	+91 8655865985		
16.	E-mail	info@avance.in; avancetechnologiesltd@gmail.com		
17.	Website	www.avance.in		

FINANCIAL CALENDAR:

Adoption of Quarterly Results for the Quarter ending	Date of the Meeting of the Board of Directors (Tentative & Subject to Change)
30 th June 2025	On or Before 14 th August, 2025
30 th September 2025	On or before 14 th November, 2025
31 st December 2025	On or before 14 th February, 2026
31 st March 2026	On or before 30 th May, 2026

CODE FOR PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted the Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by designated persons in securities of the Company and code of practices and procedures for fair disclosures of unpublished price sensitive information in terms of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time.

OUTSTANDING GDRS/ADRS/WARRANTS OR ANY CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENT AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2025

The Company does not have any outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants/Convertible Instruments as on 31st March 2025.

STOCK MARKET PRICE HIGH-LOW DATA OF THE COMPANY FOR THE YEAR 2024-2025:

The monthly high and low share prices and market capitalization of equity shares of the Company traded on BSE from 01st April, 2024 to 31st March 2025 and the comparison in performance of share price of the Company vis-à-vis broad based Indices are given below:

	Share Pri	ce at BSE		S&P (BS E	Sensex)
Month	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	Total Number of Equity Shares Traded	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)
Apr-24	1.44	0.87	72,55,15,694	75,124.28	71,816.46
May- 24	1.15	0.91	22,35,94,170	76,009.68	71,866.01
Jun-24	1.08	0.87	36,27,88,777	79,671.58	70,234.43
Jul-24	1.09	0.85	74,15,29,778	81,908.43	78,971.79
Aug-24	1.01	0.87	26,71,64,139	82,637.03	78,295.86
Sep-24	0.93	0.85	15,20,60,244	85,978.25	80,895.05
Oct-24	0.93	0.76	24,93,80,631	84,648.40	79,137.98
Nov-24	1.02	0.85	37,63,18,645	80,569.73	76,802.73
Dec-24	0.99	0.79	35,19,65,348	82,317.74	77,560.79
Jan-25	0.88	0.73	23,66,87,802	80,072.99	75,267.59
Feb-25	0.77	0.57	17,00,56,088	78,735.41	73,141.27
Mar-25	0.71	0.58	15,51,01,522	78,741.69	72,633.54

SUMMARY OF SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31ST MARCH 2025

Sr. No	Description	No. of Shares	% of shareholding
1	Promoter	1,35,00,000	0.68
2	Bodies Corporate	23,45,32,888	11.83
3	Individuals	1,679,091,620	84.72
4	Clearing Members	16,02,883	0.08
5	N.R.I.	1,86,11,099	0.94
6	Overseas Corporate Bodies	0	0.00
8	Hindu Undivided Family	3,12,62,691	1.58
9	Any Other	-	-
	TOTAL	1,98,19,17,430	100.00

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

Particulars	Number of Shareholders	% of Total	In Rs.
Upto – 5000	350689	89.94	256095145.0
5001 – 10000	17915	4.59	141115744.0
10001 - 20000	9877	2.53	142504826.0
20001 – 30000	3871	0.99	97562043.0
30001 - 40000	1504	0.39	53866837.0
40001 – 50000	1531	0.39	72952953.0
50001 - 100000	2571	0.66	195941226.0
100001 & Above	1958	0.50	1021878656.0
Total	389916	100.00	1,98,19,17,430

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT:

Purva Sharegistry (India) Pvt. Ltd

9 Shiv Shakti Industrial Estate, J R Boricha Marg. Opp. Lodha Excelus,

Lower Parel (East), Mumbai – 4000011 **Email Id:** <u>support@purvashare.com</u>

Tel no.: 022-2301 6761

Website: www.purvashare.com

De-materialization of shares and liquidity:

As on 31st March, 2025, 1,97,90,73,140 Equity Shares aggregating to 99.86% of the total issued and paid up shares Capital of the Company were held on dematerialized form. Details of the De-mat and Physical shareholding of the Company are a under:

Particulars	No. of shares	Percentage (%)
At National Securities Depository Limited	64,80,36,093	32.70
At Central Depository Services (India) Limited	1,33,10,37,047	67.16
In Physical Form	28,44,290	0.14
Total Paid-up Share Capital	1,98,19,17,430	100.00

Disclosures of Accounting Treatment in preparation of Financial Statement:

The Company has followed the Accounting Standards laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI), in preparation of its Financial Statements.

Investors' Correspondence

AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED (CIN: L51900MH1985PLC035210)

#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

Contact No.: +91 8655865985

Email: info@avance.in; avancetechnologiesItd@gmail.com

Website: www.avance.in

OTHER DISCLOSURES

1. Disclosure on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large:

There are no materially significant related party transactions of the Company which have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, and strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchange or SEBI, or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years:

The Company has complied with the requirements of regulatory authorities on capital markets and no penalties / strictures have been imposed against it in the last three years.

3. Vigil Mechanism - Whistle Blower Policy

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism and has established the necessary

mechanism for directors/employees to report concerns about unethical behavior. The Policy has been uploaded on website of the Company at the link www.avance.in. No personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee and/or its Chairman.

4. Disclosure of Commodity Price Risk and Commodity Hedging Activities

The Company does not trade in commodities. The Commodity price risk and commodity hedging activities are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, the said disclosure is not applicable to the Company.

5. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A):

During the year under review, the Company has not raised any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A).

6. Whether the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the Board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year.

During the Financial Year 2024-2025, the Board has accepted all the recommendation of its committee.

7. Fees to the Statutory Auditor:

The details related to fees paid to the statutory auditors are given in the Note No. 24 of the Financial Statement.

Fees to the Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

During the FY 2024-25, no complaint under above said policy has been received.

9. Disclosure by listed entity and its subsidiaries of 'Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/ companies in which directors are interested by name and amount':

During the FY 2024-25, the Company has not given any 'Loans and Advances' in the nature of loan to Firms/ Companies in which Directors are interested.

10. Details of material subsidiaries of the Company, including the date and place of incorporation:

M/s. Verticore Technologies Private Limited and M/s. Avance Platforms Private Limited, wholly owned subsidiaries were incorporated on 31st August, 2024 and 07th October, 2024 respectively at Mumbai, Maharashtra.

Compliance Certificate with Corporate Governance Requirements:

The certification by the Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, in compliance of Regulation 17(8) read with Part B, Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations, is annexed here with as a part of the report.

Practicing Company Secretaries have certified that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the said certificate is annexed to the Report. The Company has also received a certificate from M/s. Megha Khandelwal & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (Peer Review Certificate No.: 4023/2023 that none of the Directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority. The Certificate of Company Secretary in practice is annexed herewith as a part of the report.

11. Disclosure on Non-Mandatory Requirements of Regulation 27 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015:

The Company has adopted following non-mandatory requirement of Part E of Schedule II of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015:

(a) The Board

- (b) Shareholder Rights
- (c) Modified Opinion(s) in audit report
- (d) Reporting of internal auditor

12. Disclosure of shares held in suspense account:

As per regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, no shares of the Company is lying in the suspense account.

13. Management discussion and analysis Report:

Management discussion and analysis report forms separate part of this Annual Report.

14. Discretionary requirements as per Schedule II Part E of the SEBI Listing Regulations

The auditors' report on financial statements of the Company are unmodified. Internal Auditors conduct periodic audits and issues report thereon.

15. Disclosure of certain type of agreements binding listed entities Schedule III, Para A, Clause 5A of SEBI Listing Regulations

There are no agreement impacting management or control of the Company or imposing any restriction or create any liability upon the Company

16. Location of Plant and Machineries pursuant to the amendment in the SEBI Listing Regulations 2018

Considering nature of the business, the Company does not have any plant locations.

17. Directors and Officers Liability Insurance as per SEBI 25(10) of the SEBI Listing Regulations

Not applicable to the Company

18. Credit Rating pursuant to the amendment to SEBI Listing Regulations

The Company did not require to obtain any credit rating during the year under review.

19. Disclosure:

The company has not entered into any transaction of a material nature with the Promoters, the Directors or the Management, their relatives etc. that may have any potential conflict with the interests of the company. The company has complied with the requirements of the stock exchanges, SEBI and other statutory authorities on all matters related to capital markets during the year under review.

Annexure - 4

FORM NO. AOC - 1

Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Part A: Subsidiary Information

Particulars		Details				
Name of the subsidiary	Avance Ventures	Verticore Technologies	Avance Platforms			
	Private Limited	Private Limited	Private Limited			
Reporting period for the subsidiary	31 st March 2025	31 st March 2025	31st March 2025			
concerned, if different from the holding						
company's reporting period						
Date of subsidiary incorporation	21 st April 2023	31 st August, 2024	7 th October, 2024			
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR			
Exchange Rate	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable			
Capital	Rs. 10,00,000/-	Rs. 10,00,000/-	Rs. 10,00,000/-			
Reserves & Surplus	Rs. 55,041/-	-	-			
Total Assets	Rs. 6,40,839/-	Rs. 6,69,00,000/-	Rs. 6,94,00,000/-			
Total Liabilities	Rs. 5,84,797/-	Rs. 6,68,00,000/-	Rs. 6,93,00,000/-			
Investments	-	-	-			
Turnover	Rs. 11,38,335/-	-	-			
Profit before Taxation	Rs. 32,289/-	-	-			
Provision for Taxation	NIL	NIL	NIL			
Profit after Taxation	NIL	NIL	NIL			
Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL	NIL			
% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%			

Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: None

Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: None

Part B: Associates and Joint Ventures

There are no associate or joint ventures as on the date of this report.

Annexure – 5

FORM NO. AOC - 2

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-Section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

<u>Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:</u>

Name(s) of	Nature of	Duration of	Salient terms of the	Justification	Date(s)	Amount	Date on which the	
the related	contracts/	the contracts /	contracts or	For entering into	of	Paid as	resolution was passed in	
party and	arrangements	arrangements/	arrangements or	such contracts	approva	advance,	general meeting as	
nature of	/	transactions	transactions	or arrangements	I by the	if any	required under first	
relationship	transactions		including the value,	or transactions	Board		proviso to Section 188 of	
			if any				the Companies Act, 2013.	
	-NIL-							

<u>Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:</u>

Name(s) of	Nature of	Duration of	Salient terms of the	Justification	Date(s)	Amount	Date on which the	
the related	contracts/	the contracts /	contracts or	For entering into	of	Paid as	resolution was passed in	
party and	arrangements	arrangements/	arrangements or	such contracts	approva	advance,	general meeting as	
nature of	/	transactions	transactions	or arrangements	I by the	if any	required under first	
relationship	transactions		including the value,	or transactions	Board		proviso to Section 188 of	
			if any				the Companies Act, 2013.	
	-Nil-							

Annexure - 6

<u>DETAILS OF REMUNERATION UNDER SECTION 197 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND RULE 5 OF COMPANIES</u> (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

1. Ratio of the remuneration of each Director including Managing Director, Chief Executive officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company in the Financial Year 2024-25 is as follows:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation	Ratio of remuneration of each Director to median remuneration of employees
1.	Late Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipa	Chairman & Managing Director	1.00
2.	Mrs. Shakila Makandar	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
3.	Mr. Akshay Nawale	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
4.	Mr. Sanjay Devlekar	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
5.	Mr. Vasant Bhoir	Non-Executive Director	-
6.	Mr. Deepak Mane	Non-Executive Director	-
7.	Mrs. Sneha Shrivastava	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	2.90

2. Details of percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, and Company Secretary Financial Year 2024-25 are as follows:

SI.	Name of Director Designation		% Increase/
No.			Decrease
1.	Late Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati	Chairman & Managing Director	0.00
2.	Mrs. Shakila Makandar	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
3.	Mr. Akshay Nawale	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
4.	Mr. Sanjay Devlekar	Non-Executive - Independent Director	-
5.	Mr. Vasant Bhoir	Non-Executive Director	-
6.	Mr. Deepak Mane	Non-Executive Director	-
7.	Mrs. Sneha Shrivastava	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	0.00

3. Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees Financial Year 2024-25.

There is no increase in median remuneration of all employees in Financial Year 2024-25.

4. Number of Permanent Employees on the roll of the Company as on 31st March, 2025.

There are 08 (Eight) Permanent Employees on roll of the Company as on 31st March, 2025.

5. Comparison of average percentile increase in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.

There was no increase in remuneration done during the Financial Year 2024-25.

6. Affirmation:

Information as per Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of Chapter XIII, the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

There was no Employees who;

a. are in receipt of remuneration for the Financial Year 2024-25, in the aggregate, was not less than one crore and two lakh rupees;

b. are in receipt of remuneration for any part of the Financial Year 2024-25, at a rate which, in the aggregate, was not less than eight lakh fifty thousand rupees per month;

c. are in receipt of remuneration in the Financial Year 2024-25, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the managing director or whole-time director or manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company.

Certificate of Non-disqualification of Directors (pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members,
Avance Technologies Limited
#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC,
Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705.

I have examined the relevant disclosures provided by the Directors (as enlisted in Table A) of **Avance Technologies Limited** bearing **CIN L51900MH1985PLC035210**, having registered office situated at Office No. 226/227, Majestic Center, Second Floor, 144 Opera House, Mumbai, Maharashtra, 400004 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my knowledge and based on the following:

- i. Documents available on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs;
- ii. Verifications of Directors Identification Number (DIN) status on the website of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs;
- iii. Disclosures provided by the Directors (as enlisted in Table A) of the Company; and
- iv. Debarment list of the Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange,

I hereby certified that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company (as enlisted in Table A) have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of the Company by the Securities Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other statutory authority as on 31st March 2025.

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors	DIN	*Date of appointmentin the Company
1	Mr. Srikrishna Bhamidipati	02083384	15/01/2002
2	Mrs. Shakila Makandar	06513263	23/10/2018
3	Mr. Vasant Tukaram Bhoir	07596882	01/10/2016
4	Mr. Akshay Vijay Nawale	07597069	06/09/2017
5	Mr. Sanjay Atmaram Devlekar	07847440	05/09/2019
6	Mr. Deepak Yallappa Mane	07984967	30/09/2019

^{*}the date of appointment is as per the MCA Portal.

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment/continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Jaipur

Date: 05th September, 2025

For Megha Khandelwal and Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Megha Khandelwal

Proprietor

FCS No: 10237 CP No: 13405 UDIN: F010237G001182683 P/R No.: 4023/2023

Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary on Corporate Governance [Pursuant to schedule V (E) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,
The Members,
Avance Technologies Limited
#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC,
Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

I have examined the compliance of related conditions of Corporate Governance by **Avance Technologies Limited** ("the Company") for the year ended 31st March 2025 as specified under Regulation 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) and (t) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") as amended.

Management's Responsibility:

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management including the preparation and maintenance of all the relevant records and documents. This responsibility includes formation, implementation and maintenance of all the internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with condition of the Corporate Governance stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility:

My examination is limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, it is my responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended 31st March 2025.

Opinion

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, and the representations made by the Directors and the management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended on 31st March 2025.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Jaipur

Date: 05th September, 2025

For Megha Khandelwal and Associates Company Secretaries

-/Sd andelwal

Megha Khandelwal

Proprietor

FCS No: 10237 CP No: 13405 UDIN: F010237G001182771

P/R No.: 4023/2023

Declaration by Managing Director

To,
The Members,
Avance Technologies Limited
#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC,
Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

Sub: Declaration regarding compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct for Directors and Employees

Ref.: Regulation 34(3) read with Part D of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

I, Latesh Poojary, Managing Director of Avance Technologies Limited, hereby declare that all the members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for Directors and Employees of the Company.

For Avance Technologies Limited

Sd/-Latesh Poojary Managing Director DIN: 10414863

Date: 05th September 2025

Place: Mumbai

Managing Director & CFO Certification on Financial Statements

To,
The Members,
Avance Technologies Limited
#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC,
Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

We, Latesh Poojary, Managing Director and Vijay Purohit Chief Financial Officer of Avance Technologies Limited ("the Company"), to the best of our knowledge and belief certify that:

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2025 and best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain any statements that might be misleading;
 - **ii.** These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with the existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. We further state that to the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no transactions entered into by the Company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- C. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the auditor and the Audit Committee
 - (1) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (2) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements: and
 - (3) Instances of significant frauds of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For Avance Technologies Limited

Sd/- Sd/Latesh Poojary Vijay

Latesh Poojary Vijay Purohit
Managing Director Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 10414863

Date: 05th September 2025

Place: Mumbai

Standalone Financials Statement - FY 2024-25

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To,
The Members
Avance Technologies Limited
#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape,
Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

Report on Audit of Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of **Avance Technologies Limited** ('the Company'), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year the period **April 01, 2024** to **March 31, 2025** and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, aforesaid Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company for the period **April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2025**, the Profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Principal Audit Procedures

Our audit consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows:

- We evaluated the design of internal controls relating to revenue recognition.
- We selected sample of Sales transactions and tested the operating effectiveness of the internal control relating to revenue recognition.
- We carried out a combination of procedures involving enquiry and observation, re performance and inspection.
- We have tested sample of Sale transactions to their respective customer contracts, underlying invoices and related documents.
- We have performed cut-off procedures for sample of revenue transactions at year-end in order to conclude on whether they were recognized in accordance with Ind-AS 115.

Other Information – Information other than financial statement and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with Governance. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in the
 aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone
 financial statements may be influenced.
- We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating
 the results of our work, and to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial
 statements

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss Including other comprehensive income, the Cash Flow Statement, and the statement of change in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations in its financial position in the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements.
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 3. The company was not required to transfer any amount to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the financial year.
- a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or not that the intermediary shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries.
- b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the company from any person(s) or entities including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding that such company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries.
- c) Based on the audit procedures performed, we report that nothing has come to the notice that has caused us to believe that the representations given under sub-clause (i) and (ii) by the management contain any material mis- statement.
- d) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025.

4. No dividend has been declared or paid by the Company during the year.

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates Chartered Accountants Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Proprietor

Membership No.: 126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to Para 1 under the heading on "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date to the members of Avance Technologies Limited for the year ended March 31, 2025)

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
 - (b) As explained to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable intervals having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - (c) As explained to us, there is no immovable property held by the company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipments and Intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The company does not have any inventory. Hence, clause (ii) (a) & (b) are not applicable to the Company.

(iii)

- (a) During the year the Company has provided loans or advances in the nature of advances in the ordinary course of business, to the parties other than subsidiaries covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) During the year the investments made are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) The Company has not granted loans during the year. Therefore Clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) There are no amounts of loans granted to companies which are overdue for more than ninety days.
- (e) There were no loans that had fallen due during the year, that have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the transactions done by the company as specified in the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are as per the rules and provisions of the Act.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Therefore, the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not covered under Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act, hence this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) In respect to Statutory dues:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.

As provided to us by the management, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, are Nil.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute except the following:

Sr.	Assessment	Demand	Date on which	Amount of	Status of Demand
No.	Year	under	demand is	Outstanding	
		section	raised	Demand	
1	2002-03	143 (1)	21/12/2009	1,83,905	Notice of Demand not received by the company.
2	2006-07	143 (1)	11/12/2008	2,90,083	Notice of Demand not received by the company.
3	2007-08	143 (1)	20/12/2009	94,112	Notice of Demand not received by the company.
4	2007-08	143 (3) r/w	27/03/2015	61,56,992	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the
		147			said demand is filed with CIT (A)-48, Mumbai
					vide Appeal No. 192/2007-08 dated 29/04/2015
					which is still pending.
5	2008-09	143 (1) and	21/03/2016	59,69,374	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the

		153A			said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
6	2009-10	43 (1), 115 _WE 153A	21/03/2016	51,61,399	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
7	2010-11	143 (1) (a) and 153A	21/03/2016	84,99,348	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
8	2011-12	143 (1) (a) and 153A	21/03/2016	1,95,29,323	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
9	2012-13	153A	21/03/2016	69,20,274	Refund of Rs. 2,32,710/- was claimed whereas the department raised a demand to payable which is outstanding and an appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received. New notice received and Filled CIT Appeal dt.30.06.22.
10	2013-14	143(3) and 153 A	21/03/2016	12,89,87,910	Refund of Rs. 9,97,630/- was claimed whereas the department raised a demand to payable which is outstanding and a Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received. New notice received and Filled CIT Appeal dt.30.06.22.
11	2014-15	143(3) and 153 A	21/03/2016	58,47,950	Refund of Rs. 5,44,370/- was claimed whereas the department raised a demand to payable which is outstanding and an appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received. New notice received and Filled CIT Appeal dt.30.06.2022.
12	2015-16	CPC	31/01/2016	93,550	CPC Order
13	2017-18	143(3)	27/12/2019	67,64,052	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.
14	2019-20	143(3)	29/04/2021	1,30,22,070	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with CIT Appeal.
15	2012-13	143(3)	31/05/2022	1,51,09,733	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.
16	2013-14	143(3)	31/05/2022	22,30,07,734	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.
17	2014-15	143(3)	31/05/2022	96,80,143	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.

- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act,1961.
 - (ix) a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings taken from the banks. The Company has not taken loans from financial institutions and Government.
 - b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or other lender.
 - c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds were raised on short-term basis and neither they have been, used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities.

- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term loans. Also, Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of the shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x) of the order are not applicable to the company and hence not commented upon.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the vear.
- (xii) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 readwith Schedule V to the Companies Act.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
 - a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year.
 - c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India,
 - d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the company during the financial year.
 - (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
 - (xx) a) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is not applicable to the company, hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
 - b) The Company does not have ongoing projects relating to CSR. Hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Proprietor

Membership No.: 126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

Annexure 'B' to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to Para 2(f) under the heading of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date to the members of Avance Technologies Limited for the year ended March 31, 2024)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Avance Technologies Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls over Financial Reporting, both applicable to an audit of the Internal Financial Controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates Chartered Accountants

Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Proprietor Membership No : 120

Membership No.: 126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

Standalone Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

F		As at	otnerwise statea)
Particulars	Note	31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Financial assets:			
a) Investments	3	20,199.47	20,197.68
b) Other financial assets	4	1,157.39	939.44
Deferred tax assets (Net)	5	0.46	0.46
Other non-current assets	6	18,094.24	17,000.98
		39,451.56	38,138.55
Current assets			
Inventories	7	-	-
Financial assets			
a) Investments	3	3,305.75	3,954.45
b) Trade receivable	8	783.79	792.18
c) Cash and cash equivalents	9	35.92	7.46
d) Other financial assets	10	4.00	2.00
Other current assets	6	20.77	9.44
		4,150.23	4,765.52
TOTAL ASSETS		43,601.79	42,904.08
EQUITY & LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	11	19,819.17	19,819.17
Other equity	12	17,722.99	17,515.63
		37,542.16	37,334.80
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
a) Borrowings	13	-	1
b) Trade payables	14	5,998.34	5,516.24
Other current liabilities	15	-	1.53
Provisions	16	61.30	51.50
		6,059.64	5,569.27
TOTAL LIABILITIES		43,601.779	42,904.08
Corporate information and significant accounting policies	1&2		
The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial s	tatements		
As per our report of even date attached			

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chartered Accountants AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Rishi Sekhri Srikrishna Vasant Bhoir Vijay Sneha Shrivastava
Proprietor Bhamidipati Director Purohit Company Secretary
Membership No.:126656 Chairman & MD DIN: 07596882 CFO

Membership No.:126656 Chairman & MD D Firm Reg. No: 128216W DIN: 02083384

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in INR lakes, unless otherwise			
Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31st March 2025	For the year ended 31 st March 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	17	5,793.18	6,928.93
Other income	18	218.06	253.23
Total Income		6,011.25	7,182.16
Expenses			
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	19	5,657.11	6,271.59
Changes in inventories of goods	20	-	658.64
Employee benefit expense	21	11.36	8.12
Finance costs	22	0.03	0.03
Other expenses	23	21.23	21.05
Total expenses		5,689.73	6,959.42
Profit before tax and extraordinary and exceptional		321.52	222.74
items			
Add/Less: Exceptional Items	24	-	-
Profit before tax and after extraordinary and exceptional		321.52	222.74
items			
Tax expense:			
Income Tax - current year		61.00	15.00
Income Tax - earlier year		53.16	-
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		-	-
Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations		207.36	207.74
Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax)		-	-
(ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax)		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period and Other Comprehensive Income		207.36	207.74
Earnings per share (equity shares, par value Re. 1/- each)		-	-
Basic	27	0.0105	0.0105
Corporate information and significant accounting policies	1&2		
The nates referred to above form an integral part of finance	1		I

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Rishi Sekhri and For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Associates AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Chartered Accountants

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sikrishna Vasant Bhoir Vijay Sneha Shrivastava

Proprietor Bhamidipati Director Purohit Company Membership No.:126656 Chairman & MD DIN: 07596882 CFO Secretary

Firm Reg. No: 128216W DIN: 02083384

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit for the period	268.36	222.74
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs	-	0.03
Interest income/Dividend Income	-	-
Loss/(profit) on sale of investments	-	-
Unrealised Profit/Loss of change in fair value of investments	-	-
Provision for diminution on value of investment and expected	-	-
credit loss		
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	268.36	222.77
Inventories	-	658.64
Trade Advance and receivables	8.39	(676.85)
Provision for Taxes	-	5.33
Trade and other payables	482.10	(779.47)
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non-current Financials asset	(217.96)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non-current asset	(1,093.26)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current Financials asset	(2.00)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current asset	9.44	
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision	9.80	
Increase/(Decrease) in Current Tax Asset (Net)	(20.77)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Borrowings	-	
Increase/(Decrease) in other current Liabilities and Provision for	(1.53)	
exps		
Net cash provided by operating activities before taxes	(557.44)	(569.58)
Income taxes paid	(61.00)	(15.00)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(618.44)	(584.58)
Cash flow from investing activities		
(Purchase) / Proceeds from sale / Maturity of Current investment	648.70	3,464.54
(Purchase) / Proceeds from sale / Maturity of Current investment	(1.79)	-
Interest received / Dividend Received	-	-
Un-secured loan given to third party	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	646.91	3,464.54
Cash flow from financing activities		
Finance costs paid	-	(0.03)
Loans and advances & others	-	(2,877.99)
Proceeds/(Repayment) for short-term borrowings	-	-
Net Adjustment in reserve & surplus for the year	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(2,878.02)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	28.47	1.95
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7.45	5.50
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 14)	35.93	7.45

Corporate information and significant accounting policies (refer note 1&2) The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chartered Accountants AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Rishi Sekhri Srikrishna Bhamidipati Vasant Bhoir Vijay Purohit Sneha Shrivastava
Proprietor CFO Company Secretary

Membership No.:126656 DIN: 02083384 DIN: 07596882

Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169 Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

Standalone Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Number	Amount
Balance at the end of the year 31st March 2024	1,98,19,17,430	19,819.17
Changes in equity share capital during the F.Y. 2024-25	-	-
Balance at the end of the year 31st March 2025	1,98,19,17,430	19,819.17

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Res	Reserves & Surplus			Total
	Securities premium reserve	Forfeiture reserve	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Income	other equity
Balance at the end of the reporting period 31 March 2022	16,707.65	2,790.40	(8,478.84)	6,248.08	11,080.80
Profit for the financial year 20222-23	-	-	40.60	-	40.60
Balance at the end of the reporting period 31 March 2023	16,707.65	2,790.40	(8,438.24)	6,248.08	11,121.40
Profit for the financial year 2023-24	-	-	207.74	-	207.74
Balance at the end of the reporting period 31 March 2024	16,707.65	2,790.40	(8,230.50)	6,248.08	11,329.15
Profit for the financial year 2024-25	-	-	207.36	-	207.36
Balance at the end of the reporting period 31 March 2025	16,707.65	2,790.40	(8,023.14)	6,248.08	11,536.51

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chartered Accountants AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Rishi Sekhri Srikrishna Bhamidipati Vasant Bhoir Vijay Purohit Sneha Shrivastava
Proprietor Chairman & MD Director CFO Company Secretary
Membership No.:126656 DIN: 02083384 DIN: 07596882

Membership No.:126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUNN4169

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2025

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

NOTE -1 BASIC ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Corporate Information:

Avance Technologies Limited ('the Company') is a Public Limited Company incorporated in India under the companies act, 1956 in 1985. The company operates in software related products. The Registered office of the company is located at #B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705.

These financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 28th May, 2025.

The Company's shares are listed for trading on BSE Limited.

Recent Amendments:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time for the year ended 31st March 2025. All of them have been considered in preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements to the extent applicable.

2. <u>Basis of preparation and Significant accounting policies:</u>

Basis of preparation:

(1) Compliance with Ind AS

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules 2016, as amended with effect from April 1, 2017. The financial statements of the Company have been prepared and presented in accordance with Ind AS.

(2) Historical Cost Convention

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention and on accrual basis of accounting, Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, except where otherwise stated, the accounting principles have been consistently applied

(3) Rounding of Amounts

The standalone financial statements are presented in INR and all the values are rounded off to the nearest lakhs (INR 100,000) except when otherwise indicated.

Summary of significant accounting policies:

(a) Current versus non-current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current /non-current classification.

1) An asset is treated as current when it is:

- a. Expected to be realised in normal operating cycle or within twelve months after the reporting period held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- b. Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- c. All other assets are classified as non-current.

2) A liability is current when:

a) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or due to be settled within twelve after the reporting period or

- b) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- 3) The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.
- 4) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified period of twelve months as its operating cycle.

(b) Use of Estimates and Assumptions:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires subjective and complex judgments to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses at the date of these financial statements.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as below:

- a) Fair value of Financial Assets and Financial liabilities,
- b) The useful lives of, or expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits bodied in, depreciable assets,
- c) Valuation of Inventories and Inventory obsolescence,
- d) Provisions and Bad Debts.

Key source of estimation of uncertainty as at the date of financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of the following:

Investment in equity shares:

The Company is exposed to equity price risk from investments in equity securities measured at fair value through profit and loss. The Management monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market indices. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors.

Taxes:

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Company establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of assessments by the tax authorities. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax assessments and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the Company's domicile.

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit is recognised as deferred tax asset based on evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Significant judgments are involved in determining the future taxable income and future book profits, including amount of MAT credit available for set-off.

Impairment of non-financial assets:

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based

on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow ("DCF") model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for future years and do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses impairment of financial assets ('Financial instruments') and recognizes expected credit losses in accordance with Ind AS 109. The Company provides for impairment of trade receivables and unbilled revenue outstanding for more than 1 year from the date they are due for payment and billing respectively.

The Company provides for impairment of investment in subsidiaries. Impairment exists when there is a diminution in value of the investment and the recoverable value of such investment is lower than the carrying value of such investment.

(c) Fair value measurement:

The company measures financial instrument such as investments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair valuemeasurement
 is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair valuemeasurement
 is unobservable

Currently company carries those instruments in level 1 inputs of the above mentioned fair value hierarchy.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy asexplained above.

(d) Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability α equity instrument of another entity.

1) Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three broad categories:

- Debt instruments assets at amortised cost
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

When assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit and loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

Debt instruments at amortized cost:

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) if both the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes), and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solelypayments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI):

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through OCI unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit and loss under fair value option.

- The financial asset is held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date atfair value. Fair value movements are recognized in OCI. However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

FVTPL is a residual category for company's investment instruments. Any instruments which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

All investments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Profit and Loss.

In addition, the company may elect to designate an instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Equity investments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are heldfor trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present

in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company has not made any such election. This classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

Equity investment in subsidiary is measured at cost.

De-recognition:

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- Based on above evaluation, either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the
 asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset,
 but has transferred control of the asset.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a bases that reflect the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets isimpaired. Ind AS109 ('Financial instruments') requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognizes lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

2) Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit andloss or at amortised cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, lease obligations, and other payables.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or coststhat are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition:

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

3) Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4) Re-classification of financial assets:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities.

For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. Achange in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets including Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to selland the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flowsthat are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is anindication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairmentloss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

(f) <u>Lease:</u>

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on

the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to usethe asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Where the Company as a lessee:

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

Operating lease:

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis.

(g) Revenue recognition:

i. Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods and when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns and allowance, trade discounts and volume rebates and does not include Value added tax (VAT), Central Sales tax (CST) and any other taxes.

ii. Other income:

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reportingdate. The right to receive dividend is generally established when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues in the standalone statement of profit and loss using effective interest rate method.

(h) Property, Plant and Equipment:

There are no property, plant or Equipment in the company for the year 2023-24.

(i) Foreign currency translation:

(i) Initial recognition:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(ii) Conversion:

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

(iii) Exchange differences:

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting monetary items of Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reportedin previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise except those arising from investments in non-integral operations.

(j) <u>Taxes:</u>

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

Current income tax:

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions takenin the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. Tax liability under Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") is considered as current tax. MAT entitlement is considered as deferred tax.

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assetsand liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a
 business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or
 loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
 - Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised, except:
- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of
 an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the timeof the transaction, affects
 neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries deferredtax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Un-recognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(k) Provisions, Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settlethe obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

(I) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equityshareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(m) Segment reporting:

The Company has only one segment of activity of dealing in IT products during the period; Hence, segment wise reporting as defined in Indian Accounting Standard-108 is not applicable.

(n) <u>Inventory:</u>

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower, computed on a FIFO basis, after providing for cost of obsolescence and other anticipate losses, wherever considered necessary. Finished goods include costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition as certified by the management.

(o) Retirement and other employee benefits:

Employee benefits include provident fund and compensated absences.

Defined contribution plans:

Contributions payable to recognized provident funds, which are defined contribution schemes, are charged to the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Short-term employee benefits:

Short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. Compensated absences, which are expected to be utilised within the next 12 months, are treated as short-term employee benefits. The Companymeasures the expected cost of

such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of theunused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

(q) Trade Receivable:

Trade receivables are recognized at fair value, the outstanding balances of sundry debtors, advances etc. are verified by the management periodically and on the basis of such verification management determines whether the said outstanding balance are good, bad or doubtful and accordingly same are written off or provided for.

Receivables that are expected in one year or less, are classified as current assets, if not they are presented as non-current assets.

(r) <u>Cash Flow Statement:</u>

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and Balances with Banks.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31^{ST} MARCH 2025

	Particulars	As at	As at
_		1 March 2025	31 March 2024
3	Investments		
١)	Investments - Non-current	20 100 69	20 107 69
	Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)	20,199.68 20,199.68	20,197.68 20,197.68
٠,	Total Investments - Current	20,199.08	20,197.00
3)		2 205 54	2.054.45
	Quoted equity instruments, measured fair value through profit or loss	3,305.54	3,954.45
	Total	3,305.54	3,954.45
	Particulars	As at	As a
		31 March 2025	31 March 202
	Other financial assets- non-current		
	Secured considered good, measured at amortized cost		
	Loans and advances	1,153.71	935.7
	Receivables others	3.68	3.6
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss		
	<u> </u>	1,157.39	939.4
	Particulars	As at	As a
		31 March 2025	31 March 202
	Deferred tax asset	0.46	0.4
	Property, plant & equipment	0.46	0.4
	on OCI	0.46	0.4
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As a 31 March 202
	Current tax assets (net)		
	GST Credit and TDS	20.77	
	Total	20.77	
	Particulars	As at	As a
		31 March 2025	31 March 202
	Other non-current assets, measured at cost		
	Advance to Lawyer	9.39	
	Advance Tax Payment	0.11	
	VAT refundable	75.23	
	Prepaid income tax	-	189.9
	Trade advances	18,009.52	16,811.0
	Total	18,094.24	17,000.9

	ever is lower		
	Stock-in-trade		
		-	_
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
9	Trade receivables, measured at amortized cost		
	Un-secured, considered good	783.79	792.18
	Secured, considered good		
		783.79	792.18
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
10	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	2.10	2.37
	Balances with banks		
	- in current accounts	33.82	5.09
		35.92	7.46
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
11	Other current financial assets, measured at amortized cost		
	Unsecured Loan given to third party		
	Deposit with Black Horse Media & Ent. Pvt Ltd	2.00	2.00
	Deposit with Lotus	2.00	-
	Total	4.00	2.00
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	Equity		
12	Equity		
12	Authorised capital		
12		30,000.00	30,000.00
12	Authorised capital	30,000.00 19,819.17	30,000.00 19,819.17

N	otes:		at As at
Na	me of the shareholders	31 March 20	31 March 2024
Go	lding Mercantile Pvt Ltd	- 0.0	0% 147,900,000 7.46%
Ro	ho Real Estate Pvt Ltd	- 0.0	0% 122,586,660 6.19%
	lyya Traders Pvt Ltd	- 0.0	
	livar Traders Pvt Ltd	- 0.0	
Diz	zystone Trading Pvt Ltd	- 0.0	0% 101,120,000 5.10%
Pa	rticulars 31	As at March 2025	As a 31 March 202
	e of the shareholders		
	per of equity shares outstanding at the 198,191,743 ning of the year	19,819.17	198,191,743 19,819.1
Numl	per of equity shares issued during the	-	-
year Numl end	oer of equity shares outstanding at the 198,191,743.00 of the year	19,819.17	198,191,743.00 19,819.13
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	
13	Other Equity	31 Water 2023	31 Watch 2024
(i)	Securities premium reserve		
(-)	Opening	16,707.65	16,707.65
	Addition/(Deletion)	10,707.03	10,707.03
	Closing	16,707.65	16,707.65
(ii)	Forfeiture reserve	10,707.03	10,707.03
` '	Opening balance	2,790.40	2,790.40
	Addition/(Deletion)	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,
	Closing	2,790.40	2,790.40
(iii)	Retained Earnings		
(,	Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of profit and loss		
	Opening balance	(8,230.50)	(8,438.24)
	Add: Profit for the year	207.36	
		(8,023.14)	
(iii)	Other Comprehensive Income		
	Opening Balance	6,248.08	6,248.08
	Add: Net Adjustment for the year		<u> </u>
		6,248.08	6,248.08
			17,515.63
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	
14	Borrowings		
	Secured loan	-	-
		-	_

Terms of secured loan:

The Loan is taken at an interest rate of 12.00% p.a for tenure of 13 months.

	Particulars	As at	As at
15		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
13	rrade payables		
	Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	-
	Others	5,998.34	5,516.24
		5,998.34	5,516.24
	Particulars	As at	As at
16		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
10	Other current liabilities Statutory dues payable *	-	1.53
	Statutory dues payable		1.53
	* The provision of all known liabilities is adequate and	d not in excess of the amount r	
17	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		
	Account Writing Fees Payable	0.3	
	Provision for Income Tax	61.00	51.50
		61.30	51.50
	Particulars	As at	As at
40	Davis on the second sec	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
18	Revenue from operations Trading income	5,793.18	6,928.93
	Trauling income	5,793.18	6,928.93
		5,7.50.15	3,5_3.55
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Other income		
19	Interest Income	218.06	-
	Misc Income	0.00	-
	Sundry Balance W/off	-	1.63
	Long Term Capital Gain	- 219.06	251.59
		218.06	253.23
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Purchases of Services		
20	Cost of products	5,657.11	6,271.59
		5,657.11	6,271.59
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
21	Change in stock-in-trade		

	Annual Report (FY 2024-25)	AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED	
	Opening stock	_	658.64
	Closing stock	-	
	-	-	658.64
:	Particulars	As at	As a
		31 March 2025	31 March 202
_	Employee benefits expense		
2	Salary	11.36	8.1
	Bonus to staff	-	
	Staff welfare	-	
:		11.36	8.1
٠	Particulars	As at	As a
		31 March 2025	31 March 202
	Finance cost		
3	Bank Charges	0.03	0.0
	Interest	<u> </u>	
		0.03	0.0

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Other expenses			
Housekeeping charges	-		
Listing & Other Fees	11.78		10.70
Brokerage and other Charges	1.79		1.61
Auditor remuneration	0.30		0.30
Communication Expenses	0.23		0.37
Printing & Stationery	0.04		0.24
Professional Fees and legal fees	5.01		6.43
Legal and advertisement charges	0.76		0.96
Rates and taxes	(0.57)		0.02
Courier and postage			
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	0.03		0.09
Office expense	0.01		0.12
Late fees & fine GST	-		0.03
Demat Charges	-		0.02
ROC Charges	-		0.16
Rent	1.40		-
Accounting Charges	0.30		-
Misc Expenses	0.13		-
Discount	0.00		-
Short Term Loss on Quoted	-		-
Long Term Loss on Quoted			
	21.23		21.05

	Particulars	As at	As at	
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
	Exceptional Items			
24	Amount written off	-		-
	Provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts	-		-
	Provision for expected credit loss	-		-
	Provision for diminution in value of investments	-		-

Amount of Investment written off restroe

25 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Contingent liabilities		_
Income tax demand & disputes pending before appellate authorities (refer note below)	0.00	0.00

26 Auditors' remuneration excluding applicable tax

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
As auditor		
- Audit Fees	0.00	0.00
- Tax Audit Fees	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00

27 Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share :

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders	207.36	207.74
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 1 each used for calculation of basic earnings per share (adjusted for partly paid shares)	1,981,917,430	1,981,917,430
Earnings per share, basic and diluted*	0.0105	0.0105

^{*}The Company has no potentially dilutive equity shares

28 Related party transaction

(i) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

a) Entity where exercise control

- (1) Avance Ventures Private Limited
- (2) Avance Platforms Private Limited
- (3) Varticore Technologies Private Limited

b) Key management personnel

- (1) Mr. Shrikrishna Bhamidipati (Managing Director)
- (2) Mr. Vasant Bhoir (Director)

c) Other related parties where common control exists

(ii) Related party transactions:

	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Director' Remuneration	-	-
iii)	Amounts outstanding as at the balance sheet date:		
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
		_	_

29 Income tax

Income tax expense in the statement of profit and loss consists of:

Statement of profit or loss		
	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current income tax:		
In respect of the current period	15.00	9.67
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current period	-	-
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or	15.00	9.67
loss		_
Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income		
- Deferred tax arising on income and expense recognized in other comprehensive income	-	-
Total	15.00	9.67

The reconciliation between the provision of income tax of the Company and amounts computed by applying the Indian statutory income tax rate to profit before taxes is as follows:

	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit before tax	321.52	222.74
Enacted income tax rate in India	25.75%	25.75%
Computed expected tax expense	-	-
Effect of:		
Tax (credit) / paid as per book profit	-	-
Expenses disallowed for tax purpose	-	-
Others	-	-
Total income tax expense	-	-

Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to the following:

	Balance sheet		Statement of p	rofit and loss
	As at 31 March,			
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Property, plant and equipment	0.46	0.46	-	-
Net deferred tax (charge)		-	-	-
Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	0.46	0.46	-	-

30 Financial instruments

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories are as below:

	Carrying value			
Financial assets	As at 31 March, 2025	As at 31 March, 2024		
Fair value through profit and loss				
Investment in equity shares (*)	20,199.47	20,197.68		
Amortized cost				
Loans and advances (^)	1,153.71	935.76		
Receivables others (^)	3.68	3.68		
Trade receivable (^)	784	792		
Cash and cash equivalents (^)	35.92	7.46		
Unsecured Loan given to third party (^)	-	-		
Deposit with Black Horse Media & Ent. Pvt Ltd (^)	2.00	2.00		
Deposit with Lotus	2.00	-		
Staff advance (^)	-	-		
Total assets	22,180.58	21,938.75		
Financial liabilities				
Amortized cost				
Borrowings (^)	-	-		
Trade and other payables (^)	5,998.34	5,516.24		
Other financial liabilities (^)	-	-		
Total liabilities	5,998.34	5,516.24		

Fair value hierarchy

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).
- (*) The fair value of these investments in equity shares are calculated based on discounted cash flow approach for un-quoted market instruments which are classified as level III fair value hierarchy.
- (^) The carrying values of these accounts are considered to be the same as their fair value, due to their short term nature. Accordingly, these are classified as level 3 of fair value hierarchy.

31 Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to following risks arising from financial instruments-

- credit risk
- market risk
- liquidity risk

(a) Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instruments or customer contract leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) from its financing activities including deposits with banks and investment in quoted and un-quoted equity instruments.

i) Trade and other receivables:

Credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

The impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major customers. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogeneous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets. The Company does not hold collateral as security.

Expected credit loss (ECL) assessment for corporate customers

The Company allocates each exposure to a credit risk grade based on a variety of data that is determined to be predictive of the risk of loss (including but not limited to past payment history, security by way of deposits, external ratings, audited financial statements, management accounts and cash flow projections and available press information about customers) and applying experienced credit judgement.

ii) Other financial assets and deposits with

banks:

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalent is limited as (including bank balances, fixed deposits and margin money with banks) the Company generally transacts with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

(c) Market Risk

Equity price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk from investments in equity securities measured at fair value through profit and loss. The Management monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market indices and based on company performance for un-equity instruments. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors. Further, major investments in un-quoted equity instruments are strategic in nature and hence invested for long-term purpose.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market

interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to its short term borrowings in nature of working capital loans, which carry floating interest rates. Accordingly, the Company's risk of changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on entity's loss before tax due to change in the interest rate/ fair value of financial liabilities are as disclosed below:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2025		As at 31 March, 2024	
	Change in Effect of after Ch		Change in interes	Effect of after
	interest rate	tax	rate	tax
Short-term borrowings	+1%	0.05	+1%	0.05
Short-ferm porrowings	-1%	(0.05)	-1%	(0.05)

(d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing the liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. The Company believes that the cash and cash equivalents is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly no liquidity risk is perceived.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below details the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The contractual cash flows reflect the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay.

Particulars	Carrying value	Contractual cash flows			ntractual cash flows
		Total	On demand	< 1 Yr	>1 Yr
31 March 2025					
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	5,598.34	5,598.34	5,598.34	-	
Other financial liabilities					
	5,598.34	5,598.34	5,598.34	-	
31 March 2022					
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	5,516.24	5,516.24	5,516.24	-	
Other financial liabilities					
	5,516.24	5,516.24	5,516.24	-	
31 March 2023					
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	6,293.74	6,293.74	6,293.74	-	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	
	6,293.74	6,293.74	6,293.74	-	

Capital management

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The Company's objective is to maintain a strong capital base to ensure sustained growth in business and to maximize the shareholders value. The Capital Management focuses to maintain an optimal structure that balances growth and maximizes shareholder value.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio is analyzed as follows:

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Total equity (A)		37,542.16	37,334.80

-	Total borrowings (B)		
-	Fotal capital (C)= (A) +(B)	37,542	.16 37,334.80
-	Total loans and borrowings as a percentage of total capital (B/C)	0.0	0.00%
-	Total equity as a percentage of total capital (A/C)	100.0	100.00%
1	Financial Ratios		
2	Current ratio = Current assets divided by current liabilities		
a.	liabilities	As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Current Assets	4,150.23	4,765.52
	Current Liabilities	6,059.64	5,569.27
	Ratio	0.68	0.75
	% Change from previous period	(0.20)	0.14
	Decrease in Current ratio is because of more increase in current	liabilities as compare to	o increase in current
	asset.		
b.	Debt Equity ratio = Total debt divided by total equity where to	tal debt refers to sum o	of current and
	non-current borrowings		
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Total debt	-	-
	Total equity	37,542.16	37,334.80
	Ratio	-	-
	% Change from previous period	-	-
	Since there were no outstanding		
	debts		
c.	'Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Earnings available for debt serv	ices divided by Total in	terest and principal
	repayments		
	Particular	As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
d.	Since there were no outstanding debts Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Investment Ratio = Net pro	- fit after tay divided by	Avorago Equity
u.	neturn on Equity natio / neturn on investment natio - Net pro	As at	Average Equity As at
	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Net Profit after Tax	207.36	207.74
	Average equity employed	37,542.16	37,334.80
	Ratio	0.00552	0.00556
	% Change from previous period	0.01	-4.09
	Positive return on equity ratio is due to net profit earned		
	during the year as compare to loss in previous year		0.00
e.	Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Sales divided by Average tra	ade receivables	
		As at	As at
	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Sales	5,793.18	6,928.93
	Average Trade receivables	787.99	453.76

Ratio	7.352	15.270
% Change from previous period	(0.52)	(0.71)
Increase in trade receivables is due to increase in		
revenue		

f. Trade payables turnover ratio = Purchases divided by Average trade payables

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Purchases Average trade	5,657.11	6,271.59
payables	5,757.29	5,904.99
Ratio	0.98	1.06

There is increase in trade payables turnover ratio because of increase in purchases in current year as compare to previous year.

g. Net capital Turnover Ratio = Sales divided by Net Working capital whereas net working capital= current assets - current liabilities

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Sales	5,793.18	6,928.93
Net working Capital	(1,909.41)	(803.75)
Ratio	(3.03)	(8.62)
% Change from previous period	-	3.51

Due to increase in revenue in current year there is increase in net capital turnover ratio

h. Net profit ratio = Net profit after tax divided by Sales

	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Net Profit After Tax	207.36	207.74
Sales	5,793.18	6,928.93
Ratio	0.04	0.03
% Change from previous period	(0.19)	(1.25)

There is increase in profit as compare to loss in the previous year resulting to increase in net profit ratio.

i. Return on Capital employed (pre cash)=Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT) divided by Average Capital Employed

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Profit before tax* (A)	321.52	222.74
Finance costs* (B)	-	-
Other income excluding Trade		
finance income* (C)	218.06	253.23
EBIT (D) = (A)+(B)-(C)	103.46	(30.49)
Average Capital Employed (E)	37,542.16	37,334.80
Ratio	(0.00)	(0.00)
% Change from previous period	4.37	1.62

Return on Capital Employed is positive since there is profit in current year as compared to loss in last year.

Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. The following table summarizes the capital of the Company.

Doubleview	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Equity share capital	19,819.17	19,819.17
Other equity	17,722.99	17,515.63
Warrant Application Money		
received	-	-
Total equity (A)	37,542.17	37,334.81
Current		
borrowings	-	-
Current maturity of non-current borrowings	-	-
Total debt (B)	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(35.92)	(7.46)
Net debt (C)	(35.92)	(7.46)
Capital and net debts (D = A + C)	37,506.24	37,327.35
Debt equity ratio (B / A)	-	-
Capital gearing ratio (B / D)	-	-

There is no borrowings hence capital gearing ratio not applicable

Contingent liabilities and commitments

There are no contingent liabilities and commitments.

Prior year comparatives

The figures of the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary, to conform with the current year's classification.

Consolidated Financials Statement - FY 2024-25

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Members
Avance Technologies Limited
#B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape,
Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705

Report on Audit of Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated financial statements of **Avance Technologies Limited** ("hereinafter referred to as the Holding Company") and its subsidiary viz. **Avance Ventures Private Limited**, together referred to as "the Group" to the attached Consolidated financial statements, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and notes to the Consolidated financial statements, including significant accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025, the consolidated profit, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Principal Audit Procedures

Our audit consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows:

- We evaluated the design of internal controls relating to revenue recognition.
- We selected sample of Sales transactions and tested the operating effectiveness of the internal control relating to revenue recognition.
- We carried out a combination of procedures involving enquiry and observation, re performance and inspection.
- We have tested sample of Sale transactions to their respective customer contracts, underlying invoices and related documents.
- We have performed cut-off procedures for sample of revenue transactions at year-end in order to conclude on whether they were recognized in accordance with Ind-AS 115.

Information Other than the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements, Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with Governance. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management's for the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of the adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced.
- We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities
 within the Group to express an opinion on the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the
 direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the
 consolidated financial Statements, which have been audited by our auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for
 the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We solely responsible for our audit
 opinions.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements.

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting ards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" which is based on the auditor's reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Holding Company and its subsidiary Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations in its financial position in the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 2. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 3. The company was not required to transfer any amount to Investor Education and Protection Fund during the financial year.
- a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or not that the intermediary shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries.
- b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the company from any person(s) or entities including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding that such company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries.
- c) Based on the audit procedures performed, we report that nothing has come to the notice that has caused us to believe that the representations given under sub-clause (i) and (ii) by the management contain any material mis- statement.
- d) Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.
 - As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025.

4. No dividend has been declared or paid by the Company during the year.

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates Chartered Accountants Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Proprietor

Membership No.: 126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUUK2668

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2025

Annexure 'A' to Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to Para 1 under the heading on "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date to the members of Avance Technologies Limited for the year ended March 31, 2025)

- (xxi) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
 - (b) As explained to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable intervals having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
 - (c) As explained to us, there is no immovable property held by the company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipments and Intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (xxii) The company does not have any inventory. Hence, clause (ii) (a) & (b) are not applicable to the Company.

(xxiii)

- (g) During the year the Company has provided loans or advances in the nature of advances in the ordinary course of business, to the parties other than subsidiaries covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act. 2013.
- (h) During the year the investments made are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (i) The Company has not granted loans during the year. Therefore Clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (j) There are no amounts of loans granted to companies which are overdue for more than ninety days.
- (k) There were no loans that had fallen due during the year, that have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the over dues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (I) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the transactions done by the company as specified in the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are as per the rules and provisions of the Act.
- (xxv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Therefore, the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not covered under Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act, hence this clause is not applicable to the Company.

In respect to Statutory dues:

(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records of the Company, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities.

As provided to us by the management, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as at the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, are Nil.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute except the following:

Sr.	Assessment	Demand	Date on which	Amount of	Status of Demand	
No.	Year	under section	demand is	Outstanding		
			raised	Demand		
1	2002-03	143 (1)	21/12/2009	1,83,905	Notice of Demand not received by the	
					company.	
2	2006-07	143 (1)	11/12/2008	2,90,083	Notice of Demand not received by the	
					company.	

3	2007-08	143 (1)	20/12/2009	94,112	Notice of Demand not received by the company.
4	2007-08	143 (3) r/w 147	27/03/2015	61,56,992	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with CIT (A)-48, Mumbai vide Appeal No. 192/2007-08 dated 29/04/2015 which is still pending.
5	2008-09	143 (1) and 153A	21/03/2016	59,69,374	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
6	2009-10	43 (1), 115 _WE 153A	21/03/2016	51,61,399	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
7	2010-11	143 (1) (a) and 153A	21/03/2016	84,99,348	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
8	2011-12	143 (1) (a) and 153A	21/03/2016	1,95,29,323	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received.
9	2012-13	153A	21/03/2016	69,20,274	Refund of Rs. 2,32,710/- was claimed whereas the department raised a demand to payable which is outstanding and an appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received. New notice received and Filled CIT Appeal dt.30.06.22.
10	2013-14	143(3) and 153 A	21/03/2016	12,89,87,910	Refund of Rs. 9,97,630/- was claimed whereas the department raised a demand to payable which is outstanding and a Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received. New notice received and Filled CIT Appeal dt.30.06.22.
11	2014-15	143(3) and 153 A	21/03/2016	58,47,950	Refund of Rs. 5,44,370/- was claimed whereas the department raised a demand to payable which is outstanding and an appeal against the said demand is filed with ITAT and Order Received. New notice received and Filled CIT Appeal dt.30.06.2022.
12	2015-16	CPC	31/01/2016	93,550	CPC Order
13	2017-18	143(3)	27/12/2019	67,64,052	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.
14	2019-20	143(3)	29/04/2021	1,30,22,070	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed with CIT Appeal.
15	2012-13	143(3)	31/05/2022	1,51,09,733/-	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.
16	2013-14	143(3)	31/05/2022	22,30,07,734/-	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.
17	2014-15	143(3)	31/05/2022	96,80,143/-	Demand is outstanding and appeal against the said demand is filed CIT (A) which is still pending.

Sr. No.	Statute	Amount of Dispute	Financial Year	Forum where
				Dispute pending
1	Maharashtra Value Added	12 77 22 077/	2 77 22 077 / 2006 07	
	Tax Act, 2002	12,77,23,077/-	2006-07	(Appeal), Mumbai
2	Maharashtra Value Added	11 00 14 012/	2000 00	D C Sales Tax
	Tax Act, 2002	11,88,14,813/-	2008-09	(Appeal), Mumbai
3	Maharashtra Value Added	2000 10	D C Sales Tax	
	Tax Act, 2002	89,15,552/-	2009-10	(Appeal), Mumbai
4	Maharashtra Value Added	35,20,125/-	2011-12	D C Sales Tax
	Tax Act, 2002	55,20,125/-	2011-12	(Appeal), Mumbai
5	Maharashtra Value Added	14.06.72.015	2014-15	Writ Petition in Highcourt
	Tax Act, 2002	14,96,73,015		
6	Maharashtra Value Added	10.00.04.501	2016 17	Writ Petition in Highcourt
	Tax Act, 2002	10,89,94,591	2016-17	

- (xxvii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act,1961.
- (xxviii) a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings taken from the banks. The Company has not taken loans from financial institutions and Government.
 - b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or other lender.
 - c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds were raised on short-term basis and neither they have been, used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities.
- (xxix)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term loans. Also, Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of the shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x) of the order are not applicable to the company and hence not commented upon.
- (xxx) (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xxxi)Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 readwith Schedule V to the Companies Act.
- (xxxii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxxiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
 - a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

- (xxxiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xxxv) a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b) The company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year.
 - c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India,
 - d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xxxvi) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xxxvii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the company during the financial year.
- (xxxviii)On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xxxix) a) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is not applicable to the company, hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
 - b) The Company does not have ongoing projects relating to CSR. Hence reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates Chartered Accountants Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Proprietor

Membership No.: 126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUUK2668

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2025

"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **Avance Technologies Limited** of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Avance Technologies Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "Company") and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the **Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting** issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the **Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting** (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect

the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates Chartered Accountants Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Proprietor Membership No.: 126656

Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUUK2668 Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars ASSETS Jon-current assets	Note	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March
SSETS	Note		
		2025	
			2024
ion-current assets			
inancial assets:	_		
c) Investments	3	20,187.47	21,075.34
d) Other financial assets	4	1,157.39	939.44
Deferred tax assets (Net)	5	0.46	0.46
Other non-current assets	7	16,733.23	18,285.43
		38,078.55	40,300.66
urrent assets			
nventories	8	3,563.33	1,955.45
inancial assets			
e) Investments	3	3,305.75	3,954.45
f) Trade receivable	9	1,075.41	1,213.95
g) Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,050.90	1,479.51
h) Other financial assets	11	4.02	2.00
Current Tax Assets (net)	6	20.77	-
Other current assets	7	1,901.45	9.42
		11,921.62	8,614.78
Disposal group - assets held for sale	0	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS		50,000.18	48,915.45
QUITY & LIABILITIES			
quity			
quity share capital	12	19,819.17	19,819.17
Other equity	13	18,273.41	17,796.09
and equity		38,092.58	37,615.26
iabilities		33,002.00	01,020.20
Ion-current liabilities			
current liabilities			
inancial liabilities			
c) Borrowings	14	5,578.13	
d) Trade payables	15	6,177.88	11,246.36
Other current liabilities	16	0,177.00	2.33
rovisions	17	151.60	51.50
TOVISIONS	1/	11,907.61	11,300.19
TOTAL LIABILITIES		50,000.18	48,915.45
Corporate information and significant accounting policies	1&2	30,000.18	40,313.45
he notes referred to above form an integral part of financial stat			

As per our report of even date attached

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chartered Accountants AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Rishi Sekhri Srikrishna Bhamidipati Vasant Bhoir Vijay Purohit Sneha Shrivastava Proprietor Chairman & MD Director CFO Company Secretary DIN: 02083384 DIN: 07596887

Membership No.:126656 Firm Reg. No: 128216W

UDIN: 25126656BMHUUK2668

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

		As at	As at
Particulars	Note	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	18	17,176.54	14,429.06
Other income	19	219.75	253.23
Total Income		17,396.29	14,682.29
Expenses			
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	20	18,215.17	15,437.90
Changes in inventories of goods	21	(1,607.88)	(1,296.81)
Employee benefit expense	22	13.84	8.62
Finance costs	23	1.57	0.03
Other expenses	24	39.19	29.36
Total expenses		16,661.89	14,179.09
Profit before tax and extraordinary and exceptional		734.40	503.20
items			
Add/Less: Exceptional Items		-	-
Profit before tax and after extraordinary and		734.40	503.20
exceptional items			
Tax expense:			
Income Tax - current year		151.00	15.00
Income Tax - earlier year		53.162	-
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		-	-
Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations		530.24	488.20
Other Comprehensive Income			
(iii) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax)			-
(iv) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax)			-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period and Other			
Comprehensive Income			
Earnings per share			
(equity shares, par value Re. 1/- each)			
Basic	27	0.2675	0.2463
Corporate information and significant accounting policies	1&2		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chartered Accountants AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Rishi Sekhri Srikrishna Vasant Bhoir Vijay Purohit Sneha Shrivastava

Proprietor Bhamidipati Director CFO Company Membership No.:126656 Chairman & MD DIN: 0759688: Secretary

Firm Reg. No: 128216W DIN: 02083384

UDIN: 25126656BMHUUK2668

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in INR lakes, unless otherwise stated)				
Particulars	As at 31 st March 2025	As at 31 st March 2024		
Cook flow from an austing pativities	31 st March 2025	31° March 2024		
Cash flow from operating activities Profit for the period	681.24	503.20		
	681.24	503.20		
Adjustments for:	1.57	0.02		
Finance costs	1.57	0.03		
Interest income/Dividend Income	(240.75)	-		
Loss/(profit) on sale of investments	(219.75)	-		
Unrealised Profit/Loss of change in fair value of investments	-	-		
Provision for diminution on value of investment and expected credit loss	-			
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	463.06	503.23		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	4			
Inventories	(1,607.88)	(1,296.81)		
Trade Advance and receivables	138.54	(1,098.60)		
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non-current asset	1,552.20	-		
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non-current Financials asset	(217.96)	-		
(Increase)/ Decrease Current Tax Asset	(20.77)	-		
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current asset	(1,892.03)	-		
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current Financial asset	(2.02)	-		
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision	(50.90)	5.33		
Trade and other payables	(5,068.48)	4,951.44		
Increase/(Decrease) in other current Liabilities and Provision for exps	(2.33)	-		
Net cash provided by operating activities before taxes	(6,708.57)	3,064.59		
Income taxes paid	(52.92)	(15.00)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	(6,761.49)	3,049.59		
Cash flow from investing activities				
(Purchase) / Proceeds from sale / Maturity of investment - Non Current	887.87	2,586.88		
Investment				
(Purchase) / Proceeds from sale / Maturity of investment - Current	648.70	-		
Investment				
Interest received / Dividend Received	219.75	-		
Un-secured loan given to third party	-	-		
Net cash used in investing activities	1,756.32	2,586.88		
Cash flow from financing activities				
Finance costs paid	(1.57)	(0.03)		
Loans and advances & others	5,578.13	(4,162.44)		
Proceeds/(Repayment) for short-term borrowings	-	-		
Net Adjustment in reserve & surplus for the year	-	-		
Net cash used in financing activities	5,576.56	(4,162.46)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	571.39	1,474.01		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,479.51	5.50		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 14)	2,050.90	1,479.51		

Corporate information and significant accounting policies (refer note 1&2) The notes referred to above form an integral part of financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For Rishi Sekhri and Associates Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Rishi Sekhri Srikrishna Bhamidipati **Vasant Bhoir** Vijay Purohit Sneha Proprietor Chairman & MD Director CFO Shrivastava Membership No.:126656 DIN: 02083384 DIN: 07596882 Company Firm Reg. No: 128216W Secretary

UDIN: 25126656BMHUUK2668

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May, 2025

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

C. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Number	Amount
Balance at the end of the year 31st March 2024	1,98,19,17,430	19,819.17
Changes in equity share capital during the F.Y. 2024-25	•	•
Balance at the end of the year 31st March 2025	1,98,19,17,430	19,819.17

D. Other Equity

Particulars	Res	erves & Surpli	us	Other	Total	
	Securities premium reserve	Forfeiture reserve	Retained Earnings	Compreh ensive Income	other equity	
Balance at the end of the reporting	16,707.65	2,790.40	(8,478.84)	6,248.08	17,267.29	
period 31 March 2022						
Profit for the financial year 2022-23	-	-	40.60	-	40.60	
Balance at the end of the reporting	16,707.65	2,790.40	(8,438.24)	6,248.08	17,307.89	
period 31 March 2023						
Profit for the financial year 2023-24	-	-	488.20	-	488.20	
Balance at the end of the reporting	16,707.65	2,790.40	(7,950.04)	6,248.08	17,796.09	
period 31 March 2024						
Profit for the financial year 2024-25	-	-	477.08	-	477.08	
Balance at the end of the reporting period 31 March 2025	16,707.65	2,790.40	(7,472.96)	6,248.08	18,273.17	

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

NOTE -1 BASIC ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Corporate Information:

Avance Technologies Limited ("the parent company") together with its subsidiary incorporated in India (collectively referred to as "we", "us", "our", "the Company" or the "Group") is operates in software related products. The Registered office of the company is located at #B-404, Technocity IT Park, MIDC, Mahape, Navi Mumbai, Maharashtra 400705.

These financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 28th May, 2025.

The Company's shares are listed for trading on BSE Limited.

Recent Amendments:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time for the year ended 31st March 2024. All of them have been considered in preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements to the extent applicable.

2. Basis of preparation and Significant accounting policies:

Basis of preparation:

(4) Compliance with Ind AS

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules 2016, as amended with effect from April 1, 2017. The financial statements of the Company have been prepared and presented in accordance with Ind AS.

(5) <u>Historical Cost Convention</u>

The Consolidated financial statements of Subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company and are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. The material accounting policy information used in preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements have been discussed in the respective notes.

(6) Rounding of Amounts

The consolidated financial statements are presented in INR and all the values are rounded off to the nearest lakhs (INR 100,000) except when otherwise indicated.

Summary of significant accounting policies:

(s) Current versus non-current classification:

The group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current /non-current classification.

5) An asset is treated as current when it is:

- d. Expected to be realised in normal operating cycle or within twelve months after the reporting period held primarily for the purpose of trading, or
- e. Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- f. All other assets are classified as non-current.

6) A liability is current when:

- c) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle or due to be settled within twelve after the reporting period or
- d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- 7) The group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.
- 8) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The group has identified period of twelve months as its operating cycle.

(t) Use of Estimates and Assumptions:

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires subjective and complex judgments to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses at the date of these financial statements.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as below:

- a) Fair value of Financial Assets and Financial liabilities,
- b) The useful lives of, or expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits bodied in, depreciable assets,
- c) Valuation of Inventories and Inventory obsolescence,
- d) Provisions and Bad Debts.

Key source of estimation of uncertainty as at the date of financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of the following:

Investment in equity shares:

The group is exposed to equity price risk from investments in equity securities measured at fair value through profit and loss. The Management monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market

indices. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors.

Taxes:

The group uses judgments based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The group

establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of assessments by the tax authorities. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax assessments and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the Company's domicile.

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit is recognised as deferred tax asset based on evidence that the group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Significant judgments are involved in determining the future taxable income and future book profits, including amount of MAT credit available for set-off.

Impairment of non-financial assets:

Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions, conducted at arm's length, for similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow ("DCF") model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for future years and do not include restructuring activities that the group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

Impairment of financial assets:

The group assesses impairment of financial assets ('Financial instruments') and recognizes expected credit losses in accordance with Ind AS 109. The group provides for impairment of trade receivables and unbilled revenue outstanding for more than 1 year from the date they are due for payment and billing respectively.

The group provides for impairment of investment in subsidiaries. Impairment exists when there is a diminution in value of the investment and the recoverable value of such investment is lower than the carrying value of such investment.

(u) Fair value measurement:

The group measures financial instrument such as investments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair valuemeasurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair valuemeasurement
 is unobservable

Currently group carries those instruments in level 1 inputs of the above mentioned fair value hierarchy.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on thebasis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy asexplained above.

(v) Financial instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability α equity instrument of another entity.

5) Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three broad categories:

- Debt instruments assets at amortised cost
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

When assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognised entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit and loss), or recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

Debt instruments at amortized cost:

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost (net of any write down for impairment) if both the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes), and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solelypayments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Financial assets at fair value through OCI (FVTOCI):

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through OCI unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit and loss under fair value option.

- The financial asset is held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date atfair value. Fair value movements are recognized in OCI. However, the group recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

FVTPL is a residual category for company's investment instruments. Any instruments which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

All investments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Profit and Loss.

In addition, the company may elect to designate an instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Equity investments:

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are heldfor trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company has not made any such election. This classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

Equity investment in subsidiary is measured at cost.

De-recognition:

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- Based on above evaluation, either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a bases that reflect the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets:

The group assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets isimpaired. Ind AS109 ('Financial instruments') requires expected credit losses to be measured through a lossallowance. The Company recognizes lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

6) Financial Liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit andloss or at amortised cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The group financial liabilities include trade payables, lease obligations, and other payables.

Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or coststhat are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition:

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

7) Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on anet basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

8) Re-classification of financial assets:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities.

For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internalchanges which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. Achange in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

(w) Impairment of non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets including Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. higher of the fair value less cost to selland the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flowsthat are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is anindication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indicationexists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairmentloss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverableamount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been

recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

(x) <u>Lease:</u>

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Where the Company as a lessee:

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the Company is classified as a finance lease. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

Operating lease:

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis.

(y) Revenue recognition:

i. Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods and when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor
 effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns and allowance, trade discounts and volume rebates and does not include Value added tax (VAT), Central Sales tax (CST) and any other taxes.

ii. Other income:

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reportingdate. The right to receive dividend is generally established when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest income is recognized as it accrues in the consolidated statement of profit and loss using effective interest rate method.

(z) Property, Plant and Equipment:

There are no property, plant or Equipment in the company for the year 2023-24.

(aa) Foreign currency translation:

(i) Initial recognition:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(ii) Conversion:

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are

translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

(iii) Exchange differences:

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting monetary items of Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise except those arising from investments in non-integral operations.

(bb) Taxes:

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

Current income tax:

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions takenin the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. Tax liability under Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") is considered as current tax. MAT entitlement is considered as deferred tax.

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to theextent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assetsand liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a
 business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or
 loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries when the timing of the
 reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not
 reverse in the foreseeable future.
 - Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised, except:
- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the timeof the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries deferredtax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Un-recognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that

it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(cc) Provisions, Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of apast event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settlethe obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

(dd) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(ee) Segment reporting:

The Company has only one segment of activity of dealing in IT products during the period; Hence, segment wise reporting as defined in Indian Accounting Standard-108 is not applicable.

(ff) Inventory:

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower, computed on a FIFO basis, after providing for cost of obsolescence and other anticipate losses, wherever considered necessary. Finished goods include costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition as certified by the management.

(gg) Retirement and other employee benefits:

Employee benefits include provident fund and compensated absences.

Defined contribution plans:

Contributions payable to recognized provident funds, which are defined contribution schemes, are charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Short-term employee benefits:

Short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. Compensated absences, which are expected to be utilised within the next 12 months, are treated as short-term employee benefits. The Companymeasures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of theunused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

(hh) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the group cash management.

(ii) Trade Receivable:

Trade receivables are recognized at fair value, the outstanding balances of sundry debtors, advances etc. are verified by the management periodically and on the basis of such verification management determines whether the said outstanding balance are good, bad or doubtful and accordingly same are written off or provided for.

Receivables that are expected in one year or less, are classified as current assets, if not they are presented as non-current assets.

(jj) Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and Balances with Banks.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
3	Investments	32	
A)	Investments - Non-current		
Α,	Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)	20,187.68	21,075.34
	Total	20,187.68	21,075.34
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
B)	Investments - Current		
	Quoted equity instruments, measured fair value		
	through profit or loss	3,305.54	3,954.45
	Total	3,305.54	3,954.45
		(All amounts in INR lakhs, unle	ess otherwise stated)
=	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
4	Other financial assets- non-current		
	Secured considered good, measured at amortized cost		
	Loans and advances	1,153.71	935.76
	Receivable others	3.68	3.68
	Less: Provision for expected credit loss	-	-
_		1,157.39	939.44
=			
_	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
5	Deferred tax asset		
	Property, plant & equipment	0.46	0.46
_	on OCI		
=		0.46	0.46
=			
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
-	Current tax assets (net)	31 Waith 2023	31 Walcii 2024
6	GST Credit and TDS	20.77	
_	Total		
=	Total	20.77	<u> </u>
=	Particulars	As at	As at
	<u> </u>	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
7	Other non-current assets, measured at cost	.	
	Advance to Lawyer	9.39	-
	Advance Tax Payment	0.11	-
	VAT refundable	75.23	<u> </u>

AVANCE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

	Prepaid income tax Trade advances	-	189.90
•	Total	16,648.51 16,733.23	18,095.53 18,285.43
:	Other current assets, measured at cost	10,733.23	10,203.43
	VAT refundable	_	9.42
	Trade advances	1,901.45	5.42
	Total	1,901.45	9.42
:			
:	Particulars	As at	As at
	Inventories measured at cost or not realizable value which ever is	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
8	Inventories, measured at cost or net-realizable value whichever is lower		
	Stock-in-trade	3,563.33	1,955.45
:		3,563.33	1,955.45
;	Particulars	As at	As at
	Tarticulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
9	Trade receivables, measured at amortized cost		
	Un-secured, considered good	1,075.41	1,213.95
	Secured, considered good		
:		1,075.41	1,213.95
;	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
10	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	2.10	2.37
	Balances with banks		
•	- in current accounts	2,048.79	1,477.14
:		2,050.90	1,479.51
;	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
11	Other current financial assets, measured at amortized cost		
	TDS Receivable	0.02	-
	Deposit with Black Horse Media & Ent. Pvt Ltd	2.00	2.00
	Deposit with Lotus	2.00	
=	Total	4.02	2.00
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
12	Equity		
	Authorised capital		
	30,00,00,000 equity shares of Rs 10/- each	30,000.00	30,000.00
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up 1,981,917,43 equity shares of Rs 10/- each	19,819.17	19,819.17
	1,301,317,43 equity silates of no 10/- each		•
		19,819.17	19,819.17

Notes:

a) Equity shareholders holding more than 5 percent shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Golding Mercantile Pvt Ltd	- 0.00%	147,900,000	7.46%
Roho Real Estate Pvt Ltd	- 0.00%	122,586,660	6.19%
Aalyya Traders Pvt Ltd	- 0.00%	110,766,660	5.59%
Indivar Traders Pvt Ltd	- 0.00%	101,466,660	5.12%
Dizzystone Trading Pvt Ltd	- 0.00%	101,120,000	5.10%

b) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year is as given below:

Particulars		As at		As at
	31 [March 2025	31 N	March 2024
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year Number of equity shares issued during the year	198,191,743	19,819.17	198,191,743	19,819.17
Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	198,191,743.00	19,819.17	198,191,743.00	19,819.17

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Other Equity		
Securities premium reserve		
Opening	16,707.65	16,707.65
Addition/(Deletion)		
Closing	16,707.65	16,707.65
Forfeiture reserve		
Opening balance	2,790.40	2,790.40
Addition/(Deletion)		
Closing	2,790.40	2,790.40
Retained Earnings		
Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of profit and loss		
Opening balance	(7,950.04)	(8,438.24)
Less: Income Tax for Earlier Year	(52.92)	-
Add: Profit for the year	530.24	488.20
	(7,472.72)	(7,950.04)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening Balance	6,248.08	6,248.08

Add: Ne	t Adiustmei	nt for the year
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Add. Net Adjustificity for the year	6,248.08	6,248.08
	18,273.41	17,796.09

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
14	Borrowings	31 IVIAICII 2023	51 Water 2024
	Unsecured loan	5,578.13	
		5,578.13	-

Terms of secured loan:

The Loan is taken at an interest rate of 12.00% p.a for tenure of 13 months.

	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
15	Trade payables		
	Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	-
	Others	6,177.88	11,246.36
		6,177.88	11,246.36
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
16	Other current liabilities		
	Other Payables	0	0.8
	Statutory dues payable *	0.00	1.53
		-	2.33

^{*} The provision of all known liabilities is adequate and not in excess of the amount reasonably necessary.

17	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		
	Account Writing Fees Payable	0.6	
	Provision for Income Tax	151.00	51.50
		151.60	51.50
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
18	Revenue from operations		
	Trading income	17,176.54	14,429.06
		17,176.54	14,429.06

	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
19	Other income		
	Interest received	218.06	-
	Dividend	0.89	-
	Sundry Balance W/off	0.80	1.63
	Long Term Capital Gain	-	251.59
		219.75	253.23
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
20	Purchases		
	cost of products	18,215.17	15,437.90
		18,215.17	15,437.90
21	Dautiaulaus		A +
21	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	Change in stock-in-trade	31 Waltin 2023	31 Waren 2024
	Opening stock	1,955.45	658.64
	Closing stock	(3,563.33)	(1,955.45)
		(1,607.88)	(1,296.81)
	Particulars	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
22	Employee benefits expense		
	Salary	13.84	8.62
	Bonus to staff		
	Staff welfare		
		13.84	8.62
	Particulars	As at	As at
23	Finance cost	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
23	Bank Charges	4.57	0.03
	Interest	1.57	0.03
		1.57	0.03
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
		ST March 2025	31 IviaiCII 2024

24	Other expenses Interest on late payment		
	Electricity Expenses		
	Houskeeping charges	-	-
	Listing & Other Fees	-	-
	Brokerage and other Charges	11.78	10.70
	Auditor remuneration	18.67	9.56
		0.60	0.60
	Communication Expenses	0.23	0.37
	Printing & Stationery	0.04	0.24
	Professional Fees and legal fees	5.03	6.49
	Legal and advertisement charges	0.76	0.96
	Rates and taxes	(0.45)	0.02
	Courier and postage	-	-
	Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	0.03	0.09
	Office expense	0.12	0.12
	Late fees & fine GST	-	0.03
	Demat Charges	-	0.02
	ROC Charges	-	0.16
	Rent	1.40	-
	Accounting Charges	0.60	-
	Misc Expenses	0.13	-
	Discount	0.00	-
	Short Term Loss on Quoted	0.23	-
	Long Term Loss on Quoted	-	-
		39.19	29.36
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
24	Exceptional Items		
	Amount written off	-	-
	Provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts	-	-
	Provision for expected credit loss	-	-
	Provision for diminution in value of investments Amount of Investment written off restore	-	-
	Amount of investment written on restore	-	-
		-	-

25 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Contingent liabilities Income tax demand & disputes pending before appellate authorities (refer note below)	0.00	0.00

26 Auditors' remuneration excluding applicable tax

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
As auditor		
- Audit Fees	0.30	0.30
- Tax Audit Fees	0.00	0.00
	0.30	0.30

27 Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share :

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders	530.24	488.20
Weighted average number of equity shares of Rs 1 each used for calculation of basic earnings per share (adjusted for partly paid shares)	1,981,917,430	1,981,917,430
Earnings per share, basic and diluted*	0.0268	0.0246

^{*}The Company has no potentially dilutive equity shares

28 Related party transaction

(i) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

a) Entity where exercise control

- (1) Varticore Technologies Limited
- (2) Avance Ventures Private Limited
- (3) Avance Platforms Limited

b) Key management personnel

- (1) Mr. Shrikrishna Bhamidipati (Whole Time Director)
- (2) Mr. Vasant Bhoir (Director)

c) Other related parties where common control exists

(ii) Related party transactions:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Director' Remuneration	-	-

(iii) Amounts outstanding as at the balance sheet date:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	-	_

29 Income tax

Income tax expense in the statement of profit and loss consists of:

Statement of profit or loss		
	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current income tax:		
In respect of the current	151.00	15.00
period		
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current	-	-
period		
Income tax expense reported	151.00	15.00
in the statement of profit or		
loss		
Income tax recognized in		
other comprehensive income		
- Deferred tax arising on	-	-
income and expense		
recognized in other		
comprehensive income		
Total	-	9.67

The reconciliation between the provision of income tax of the Company and amounts computed by applying the Indian statutory income tax rate to profit before taxes is as follows:

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Profit before tax	734.40	503.20
Enacted income tax rate in India	25.75%	25.75%
Computed expected tax expense Effect of: Tax (credit) / paid as per book profit	189.11	129.58

Expenses disallowed for	-	-
tax purpose		
Others	-	
Total income tax	189.11	12.95
expense		

Deferred tax

Deferred tax relates to the following:

	Balance sheet		Statement of profit and loss		
	As at 1 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024	As at 31 st March, 2025	As at 31 st March, 2024	
Property, plant and equipment Net deferred tax (charge)	0.46	0.46	-	-	
Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)	0.46	0.46	-	-	

30 Financial instruments

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories are as below:

		Carrying value
Financial assets	As at	As at
Financial assets	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Fair value through profit and loss		
Investment in equity shares (*)	20,187.47	21,075.34
Amortised cost		
Loans and advances (^)	1,153.71	935.76
Receviable others (^)	3.68	3.68
Trade receivable (^)	1,075	1,214
Cash and cash equivalents (^)	2,050.90	1,479.51
Unsecured Loan given to third		
party (^)	0.02	-
Deposit with Black Horse Media		
& Ent. Pvt Ltd (^)	2.00	2.00
Deposit with Lotus	2.00	-
Staff advance (^)		-
Total assets	24,475.19	24,710.23
Financial liabilities		
Amortized cost		
Borrowings (^)	-	-
Trade and other payables (^)	6,177.88	11,246.36
Other financial liabilities (^)		-
Total liabilities	6,177.88	11,246.36

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

- (*) The fair value of these investments in equity shares are calculated based on discounted cash flow approach for un-quoted market instruments which are classified as level III fair value hierarchy.
- (^) The carrying value of these accounts are considered to be the same as their fair value, due to their short term nature. Accordingly, these are classified as level 3 of fair value hierarchy.

31 Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to following risks arising from financial instruments-

- credit risk
- market risk
- liquidity risk

(a) Risk management framework

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counter party will not meet its obligations under a financial instruments or customer contract leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) from its financing activities including deposits with banks and investment in quoted and un-quoted equity instruments.

i) Trade and other receivables:

Credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

The impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major customers. In addition, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogeneous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets. The Company does not hold collateral as security.

Expected credit loss (ECL) assessment for corporate customers

The Company allocates each exposure to a credit risk grade based on a variety of data that is determined to be predictive of the risk of loss (including but not limited to past payment history, security by way of

deposits, external ratings, audited financial statements, management accounts and cash flow projections and available press information about customers) and applying experienced credit judgement.

ii) Other financial assets and deposits with banks:

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalent is limited as (including bank balances, fixed deposits and margin money with banks) the Company generally transacts with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

(c) Market Risk

Equity price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk from investments in equity securities measured at fair value through profit and loss. The Management monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market indices and based on company performance for un-equity instruments. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors. Further, major investments in un-quoted equity instruments are strategic in nature and hence invested for long-term purpose.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to its short term borrowings in nature of working capital loans, which carry floating interest rates. Accordingly, the Company's risk of changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on entity's loss before tax due to change in the interest rate/ fair value of financial liabilities are as disclosed below:

Particulars	Year ende	d 31 st March, 2024	Year ended 3	31 st March , 2023		r ended 31 st March, 2021
	Change in interest rate	Effect of after	Change in interest	Effect of after	Change in	Effect of after
		tax	rate	tax	interest rate	tax
Short-term	+1%	0.05	+1%	0.05	+1%	0.05
borrowings	-1%	(0.05)	-1%	(0.05)	-1%	(0.05)

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing the liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. The Company believes that the cash and cash equivalents is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly no liquidity risk is perceived.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below details the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The contractual cash flows reflect the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay.

Particulars	Carrying value	Contractual cash flows			
	value	Total	On demand	< 1 Yr	>1 Yr
31 March 2025	_				
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	6,177.88	6,177.88	6,177.88	-	-
Other financial liabilities					
	6,177.88	6,177.88	6,177.88	-	-
31 March 2024					
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	11,246.36	11,246.36	11,246.36	-	-
Other financial liabilities					
	11,246.36	11,246.36	11,246.36	-	-
31 March 2023					
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	6,293.74	6,293.74	6,293.74	-	-
Other financial liabilities					
	6,293.74	6,293.74	6,293.74	-	-
31 March 2022					
Borrowings	-	-		-	
Trade and other payables	3,019.71	3,019.71	3,019.71	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	3,019.71	3,019.71	3,019.71	-	-

Capital management

The Company's objective is to maintain a strong capital base to ensure sustained growth in business and to maximize the shareholders value. The Capital Management focuses to maintain an optimal structure that balances growth and maximizes shareholder value.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio is analyzed as follows:

Particulars	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2025	2024	2023
Total equity (A)	38,092.58	37,615.26	37,127.05
Total borrowings (B)		-	-
Total capital (C)= (A) +(B)	38,092.58	37,615.26	37,127.05
Total loans and borrowings as a			
percentage of total capital (B/C)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

The company has availed the facility from M/s IL & FS Financial Services Ltd during F.Y. 2017-2018 and the same was advanced to M/s MP Border Checkpost Development Company Limited (a subsidiary of IL & FS Transportation Networks Limited) vide agreement dated 28/03/2018. In June 2018, the problems in IL & FS Group surfaced as a result MP Border Checkpost Development Company Limited was unable to service its obligations. In light of the developments complete above the transaction was restructured The obligation of MP Border Checkpost Development Company Limited was taken over IL & FS Transportation Networks Limited vide assignment deed dated 07.09.2018 which was further transferred to Srinagar Sonamarg Tunnelway Limited (a subsidiary of IL & FS Transportation Limited) vide assignment deed dated 22/09/2018. The insolvency proceedings have been initiated against the IL & FS group. Pursuant to the Order passed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal the IL & FS Group are under moratorium. The claim by IL & FS Financial Services Limited is being contested by the Company before Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal. As the claim of IL & FS Financial Services Limited and the company's claim against Srinagar Sonamary Tunnelway Limited are dependent upon the outcome of the proceedings before Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, the necessary treatment shall be given to the transactions on the outcome of the proceedings

1 Financial Ratios

a. Current ratio = Current assets divided by current liabilities

	As at	As at As at	
	31st March	31st March	31st March
Particulars	2025	2024	2023
Current Assets	11,921.62	8,614.78	4,745.36
Current Liabilities	11,907.61	11,300.19	6,343.42
Ratio	1.00	0.76	0.75
% Change from previous period	0.31	0.02	0.00
Increase in Current ratio is because of more increase in curre	ent liabilities as com	nare to increase	in current

Increase in Current ratio is because of more increase in current liabilities as compare to increase in current asset.

Debt Equity ratio = Total debt divided by total equity where total debt refers to sum of current and non current borrowings

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March	As at 31st March
Particulars	2025	2024	2023
Total debt	5,578.13	-	-
Total equity	38,092.58	37,615.26	37,127.05
Ratio	0.15	-	-
% Change from previous period Since there were no outstanding debts	-	-	-

'Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Earnings available for debt services divided by Total interest and principal repayments

As at	As at	
31st March	31st March	
2024	2025	Particulars

Since there were no outstanding debts

Return on Equity Ratio / Return on Investment Ratio = Net profit after tax divided by Average Equity

	<u> </u>		• •
	As at	As at	As at
	31st March	31st March	31st March
Particulars	2025	2024	2023
Net Profit after Tax	530.24	488.20	40.60
Average equity			
employed	38,092.58	37,615.26	37,127.05

Ratio	0.01392	0.01298	0.00109
% Change from previous period	-0.07	-10.87	0.00
Negative return on equity ratio is due to increase in average e	equity employed as c	ompared to	
previous year			

Trade Receivables turnover ratio = Sales divided by Average

e. trade receivables

%

As at	As at	As at 31st March
2025	2024	2023
17,176.54	14,429.06	3,053.20
1,144.68	664.65	57.67
15.006	21.709	52.939
(0.31)	(0.59)	0.00
	31st March 2025 17,176.54 1,144.68 15.006	31st March 31st March 2025 2024 17,176.54 14,429.06 1,144.68 664.65 15.006 21.709

Increase in trade receivables is due to increase in revenue

Trade payables turnover ratio = Purchases divided by

f. Average trade payables

		As at	As at	As at
		31st March	31st March	31st March
	Particulars	2025	2024	2023
Purchases Average trade		18,215.17	15,437.90	3,258.87
payables		8,712.12	8,770.05	5,804.24
Ratio		2.09	1.76	0.56

There is increase in trade payables turnover ratio because of increase in purchases in current year as compare to previous year.

Net capital Turnover Ratio = Sales divided by Net Working capital whereas net working capital= current

g. assets - current liabilities

	As at	As at	As at
	31st March	31st March	31st March
Particulars	2025	2024	2023
Sales	17,176.54	14,429.06	3,053.20
Net working			
Capital	14.01	(2,685.41)	(1,598.06)
Ratio	1,225.75	(5.37)	(1.91)
% Change from previous period	(229.13)	1.81	0.00
Due to increase in revenue in current year there is increase	e in net capital		
turnover ratio			

h. Net profit ratio = Net profit after tax divided by Sales

	As at 31st March	As at 31st March	As at 31st March	
Particulars	2025	2024	2023	
Net Profit After Tax	530.24	488.20	40.60	
Sales	17,176.54	14,429.06	3,053.20	
Ratio	0.03	0.03	0.01	
% Change from previous period	0.09	-1.54	0.00	
There is increase in profit as compare to previous year resulting & also in sales figure to decrease in net profit ratio.				

Return on Capital employed (pre cash)=Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT) divided by Average Capital i. Employed

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Profit before tax*			
(A)	734.40	503.20	50.27
Finance costs* (B)	-	-	-
Other income excluding Trade			
finance income* (C)	219.75	253.23	1.16
EBIT (D) = (A)+(B)-			
(C)	514.65	249.98	49.12
Average Capital Employed			
(E)	38,092.58	37,615.26	37,127.05
Ratio	0.01	0.01	0.00
% Change from previous period	(1.03)	(4.02)	0.00

Return on Capital Employed is Negative since there is is due to increase in average equity employed as compared to previous year

Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. The following table summarises the capital of the Company.

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
raiticulais	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Equity share capital	19,819.17	19,819.17	19,819.17
Other equity	18,273.41	17,796.09	17,307.89
Warrant Application Money Received	-	-	-
Total equity (A)	38,092.59	37,615.27	37,127.06
Current borrowings	5,578.13	-	-
Current maturity of non-current borrowings	-	-	-
Total debt (B)	-	-	-
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(2,050.90)	(1,479.51)	(5.50)
Net debt (C)	(2,050.90)	(1,479.51)	(5.50)
Capital and net debts (D = A + C)	36,041.69	36,135.76	37,121.56
Debt equity ratio (B / A)	-	-	-
Capital gearing ratio (B / D)	-	-	-

There is no borrowings hence capital gearing ratio not applicable

Contingent liabilities and commitments

There are no contingent liabilities and commitments.

Prior year comparatives

The figures of the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary to conform with the current year's classification.



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