

# Imagination to Innovation



# **30<sup>th</sup>** ANNUAL **2021 22**





# Financial Highlights at a glance



#### Profit after Tax (₹ in Lacs)



Earnings Per Share (₹)



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#### **CONSOLIDATED**

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# Chairman Message

Dear Stakeholders and Partners,

Today, as always, I am grateful to the Universe, to our elders, and to our totally dedicated young team, and unflinching support of Team Arrow.

We seem to have come out of the horrific pandemic and we are sure we will come out more strong, simply due to the tenacity, loyalty, courage and focus on doing the right thing. My heart goes out to all the youngsters of our workforce, who incessantly, meticulously and tirelessly kept getting the job done. The elderly and aged executives, have been given the option of working from home. We learnt the new norm and adapted to it, so working from home, has been more efficient way of transitioning into this new norm. As a matter of fact, I noticed that efficiency and productivity has increased, and we all have adapted to new methods of sales, marketing, and PR with our respective customers, simply on VC and other platforms. This has resulted in cost savings as well.

I anticipate the ripples of the pandemic will still be felt in coming year, and as we all are linked to the world economy, this may have effects in targets. Having said that, our Govt. has been proactive and taken steps well in time to absorb these unanticipated shocks, including the supply chain disruptions due to Ukraine war, and resultant delays along with increased logistical costs. Our team are working on offsetting these losses, and our clients have also been very cooperative and loyal to our quality brand. This we understand has limitations, but as our products are unique and patented, we seem to have a smoother transition and going forward these prices may become benchmark, thus increasing profitability.

Some may even feel that growth has slowed down, but the fact is the opposite. Growth has levelled, and expected to go up from hereon as we have broken new ground in newer fields, which will reap huge benefits, going forward. Fresh thinking has creeped into the peaceful minds of our RND Team and IP Cell, and they silently, but surely, done some wonderful inventions and formulated newer processes, which will result in more Patents.

Future is bright from hereon, as the menace of Covid seems to be slowing down, and the world is opening up. There seems to be increased demand of our products and we hope to deliver better results, keeping in mind our focus on efficient working and frugal methods. Our IT Team and KMPs are already working on the next 5-year plan, particularly in office management, learning from our foreign offices and foreign partners.

Revenue from our Water-Soluble Film continues to be on an upward trend and this year we had reasonably good revenues and increased order book from our Hi-tech product Division, which includes high Security products and IP.

Our RND Centre, which went critical last year, which had a slight set back, due to lock down and limited personnel present in our Mumbai based premises, has now caught up to speed. We focused on filing IPs and working out of our Ankleshwar Lab, which has also been updated to cover various divisions of our company.

Our subsidiary Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited, which is focused on our patented technology of Actives Embedded WSF, as a Novel Drug Delivery System (NDDS), is expected to start commercial production and shipments to major pharma client soon. This is an export opportunity and will only increase from hereon. Contract with a big multinational company has been signed, and our marketing division is now actively looking for more territories for exports. We have also received approvals for various pharmaceuticals and nutraceuticals products. This year we are also focusing on our security products, which is part of High-Tech division, for development, indigenization and exports of anticounterfeit threads and other security elements for high security papers. We have signed contracts for certain hitech products in this sector and we anticipate higher growth, going forward. I am happy to inform you that our company is also very focused on indigenization of Hi-tech products,



following Atma-Nirbhar India initiative by our Hon. Prime Minister. Going forward, this will lead to higher exports, increasing foreign exchange revenues for our company and our country.

Our company is always focused on Hon. Prime Minister's call on Make in India/Atma Nirbhar Bharat, and have been actively pursuing various GOI procurement tender bids. We intend to aggressively look at these niche products, which are basically import substitutes, creating bigger opportunities for your Company. We are grateful to GOI for promulgating various amendments in Govt. procurement policies and MSME reforms for Indian companies.

On the fire mishap front, we have received ₹3.9 crores against our claim of ₹6.4 crores and we are still pushing on our balance claim with insurance company and are hopeful of fair settlement of our claims, meanwhile our production of WSF is optimized, having infused our own funds.

Your company intends interalia to focus on Patent Division more aggressively and fortify our patent division so as to get revenues from outlicensing, compensations from infringements, better revenues from our own patented product. We will continue to focus on new patents, as well as protect our claims to granted patents. We hope to win our claims against a major pharma company, as Courts have started working normal timings.

We continue to make investments in people, processes, Research & Development, Intellectual Property and Technology, we will continue to focus newer high-Tech products, while keeping an eye on greener and Eco-friendly technologies innovated in different geographies globally, bring them to India, for transformation of our future business.

We have increased our head count from 90 to 105 across the board. This is our contribution to our country.

While we continue to remain creative and energetic, we promise to keep an eye on numbers to create shareholder values and assure them of our best initiatives at all times. We continue to be grateful to all our stake holders and team members for their unflinching support, and we hope the same shall continue, while we hold our moral and ethical values, very close to our hearts. You all are the pillars and back bone of your company and I am blessed to have you on this journey of creating a wonderful world.

Thanking You,

Shilpan P. Patel Chairman & Managing Director







#### Mr. Shilpan Patel

#### Chairman & Managing Director of Arrow Greentech Ltd.

Mr. Shilpan Patel aged 66 years is the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from Sam Houston State University, Texas, USA. He did his graduation in Commerce from H.L. College of Commerce, Ahmedabad in India. In 1979-80 he gained experience in the coating industry from Grace Paper Industries Pvt. Ltd and worked there for a period of 9 years. In 1990 he developed Water Soluble Film, which is a product of indigenous research and has a very strong bearing on the environment. In 2000, the product (Water Soluble Film) won the India Star Award.

Mr. Patel has filed various patents in USA, Europe, South Africa, Australia and India based on Water Soluble Films, security films and Green Technologies. Appointed on the Board for the first time on October 30, 1992, he is in charge of Business Development and Strategic Management of the Company and creating value for all stake holders and society at large. Mr.Patel has spearheaded the IP cell of Arrow Greentech Ltd. and under his able guidance the company has acquired grants over 40 patents across the globe. He has helped the IP cell generate revenues by entering into partnerships through technology transfer, licensing, know how transfer etc. His love for the environment and passion for innovation has won the company several awards. The recent one being National IP Award 2019 for Top Indian Company (MSME) for Patents & Commercialization.



Mr. Neil Patel aged 36, is Jt. Managing Director of our Company. He has done M. Sc. (Bio Medical Science) from Kingston College, London. He possesses good entrepreneurship skills. He has excellent organizational skills and is inclined to take over the operations of the company. He is associated with the Company since 2009.

He is member of Audit Committee of the Company and Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company. He has been appointed to our board for the first time on 1st June 2012 as an Additional Director & confirmed as a Director in subsequent Annual General Meeting. His current term started from the Annual General Meeting held on September 29, 2020.

2020. Mr. Harish Mishra aged 72, is an Independent Director of our Company. He graduated in Commerce and done M. Com from Jabalpur University in the year 1973. He has vast experience in Advertising and Production. He was associated with ZEE TV.

He is Chairman of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee of the Company. He has appointed to our board for the first time on 1st June 2012 as an Additional Director & confirmed as a Director in subsequent Annual General Meeting. His current term started from the Annual General Meeting held on September 07, 2019.



Mr. Haresh Mehta, aged 69 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He is a graduate in Science. He holds a certificate in Packaging Technology and has also attended a long term programme in London. He is also a Director in Jayna Packaging Pvt. Ltd. He is a Chairman of Shareholders /Investor Grievance Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the company.

He was appointed on our board for the first time on December 01, 1993 as an Additional Director & confirmed as a Director in subsequent Annual General Meeting. His current term started from our last Annual General Meeting held on September 07, 2019.



Mr. Dinesh Modi, aged 71 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He is a Company Secretary, and graduated in Commerce and done L.L.B from Bombay University. He has vast experience & knowledge in Finance and Legal & Corporate Sector. Currently he is practicing as a Corporate Law Advisor. He was associated with Reliance ADA Group.

He is also a member of Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Company.

He has appointed to our board for the first time on 5th August 2014 as an Additional Director & confirmed as a Director in subsequent Annual General Meeting. His current term started from the Annual General Meeting held on September 07, 2019.



Prof. Dinkarray D. Trivedi, aged 90 years is an Independent Director of the Company. He graduated in Arts (Economics Honors) and done M.Com from Gujarat University, Ahmedabad. He has vast experience in Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India and has taught in H. L. College of Commerce in Ahmedabad, Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad, Management Development Institute, New Delhi, UTI Institute of Capital Markets, Navi Mumbai, Ahmedabad Management Association, Ahmedabad and Bank of Baroda Regional Training Centre. Currently he is retired.

He is also a member of Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company.

He has been appointed to our board for the first time on 13th February 2017 as an Additional Director & confirmed as a Director in subsequent Annual General Meeting. His current term started from the Annual General Meeting held on September 29, 2021.



Mrs. Jigisha Patel aged 65 years is the Non-Executive Non-Independent Woman Director has done Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) from Calcutta. She is having rich knowledge in supervising and coordinating the administration. She is a professional with good experience of Managing Skills and Handling Team. She possesses a diverse and wide ranging experience and knowledge of Corporate Affairs

She has appointed to our board for the first time on 14th July 2020 as an Additional Director and then rectified at the Annual General Meeting held on September 29, 2020.



#### CORPORATE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (CIN): L21010MH1992PLC069281

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS :**

- Mr. Shilpan P. Patel Mr. Neil Patel Mr. Haresh Mehta Mr. Harish Mishra Mr. Dinesh Modi Mr. Dinkarray Trivedi Mrs. Jigisha Patel
- Chairman & Managing Director Jt. Managing Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Woman Director

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY :**

Ms. Poonam Bansal

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER: Mr. Hitesh Punglia

**REGISTERED OFFICE :** 

1/F, Laxmi Industrial Estate New Link Road Andheri (West) Mumbai – 400 053

WORKS : 5310/5311 - GIDC, ANKLESHWAR - 393 002

STATUTORY AUDITORS : M/s. Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants Mumbai

INTERNAL AUDITORS : M/s. J.A. Rajani & Co. Chartered Accountants

Mumbai

Mumbai

#### SECRETARIAL AUDITORS : M/s. Rajendra & Co. Company Secretaries

### Important Communication to Members The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has taken a "Green

Initiative in the Corporate Analys has taken a Green Initiative in the Corporate Governance" by allowing paperless compliances by the companies and has issued circulars stating that service of notice/ documents including Annual Report can be sent by e-mail to its members. To support this green initiative of the Government in full measure, members who have not registered their e-mail addresses, so far, are requested to register their e-mail addresses, in respect of electronic holdings with the Depository through their concerned Depository Participants. Members who hold shares in physical form are requested to update their email address with the Company or Link Intime India Private Limited, to enable us to send all the documents through electronic mode

#### REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS :

Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S.Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400083.

#### BANKERS :

Kotak Mahindra Bank Bank of Baroda HDFC Bank Ltd



#### NOTICE OF THE 30TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 30th Annual General Meeting of Arrow Greentech Ltd. will be held on, Friday the September 30, 2022 at 4:30 PM. through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) for which purpose the Registered Office of the Company situated at 1/F Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road, Andheri(West), Mumbai - 400053 shall be deemed as the venue for the Meeting and the proceedings of the AGM shall be deemed to be made thereat, to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt Audited Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2022 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on that date together with the Directors' Report and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Neil Patel, who retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS

#### 3. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following as Special Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to Section 188 and other applicable provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 if any, approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for entering into related party transactions by the Company, with effect from 1st April, 2022 up to the maximum amounts per annum as appended below:

The below item is in addition to the approval already taken.

The details of said Related Party Transactions are given here in below in a tabular format for kind perusal of the members:

MAXIMUM VALUE OF CONTRACT /TRAM	ISACTION (P	ER ANNUM) W	.E.F 1ST A	PRIL 2022	(₹ In Crores)
	Trar	nsaction define	d u/s 188 (	1) of the Co	mpanies Act, 2013
	Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials; (a)	Selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, property of any kind (b)	Leasing of property of any kind (c)	Availing or Rendering of any services; (d)	Related party's appointment to any office or place of profit in the company, its subsidiary company or associate company; (e)
*DIRECTORS/ KMP'S / RELATIVES OF DIRECTORS AND KMPs / OTHER FIRMS AND COMPANIES in which directors have some interest as per the provisions of section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013	-	-	-	-	-
Arrow Business Advisory Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	1	-	-
Advance Secure Products B.V.	10	-	-	10	-

#### \*On actual basis, exempted being in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** to give effect to this Resolution the Board of Directors and / or any Committee thereof be and is hereby authorized to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise with regard to giving effect to the above Resolution and to do all acts, deeds, things as may be necessary in its absolute discretion deem necessary, proper, desirable and to finalize any documents and writings related thereto".

#### NOTES:

- 1. The Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act'), in relation to Special Business is annexed hereto. Additional information, pursuant to Regulation 36 of the Listing Regulations, in respect of the directors seeking appointment / reappointment at the AGM, forms part of this Notice.
- 2. In view of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and pursuant to General Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, General Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, General Circular No. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021 and all other relevant circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (collectively referred to as 'MCA Circulars'), the Company is convening the 30th AGM through Video Conferencing ('VC') or Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM'), without the physical presence of the Members. Participation of members through VC / OAVM will be reckoned for the purpose of quorum for the AGM as per section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit



Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as venue voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- 6. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA and SEBI Circulars, Notice of the AGM and Annual Report is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/RTA/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice will also be available on the Company's website at www.arrowgreentech.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and on website of the e-voting agency-National Securities Depository Limited at https://www.evoting.nsdl.com
- 7. Since the physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for this AGM and hence the Attendance Slip, Route Map and Proxy Form are not annexed to this Notice.
- 8. Institutional / Corporate Members are requested to send a scanned copy (PDF / JPEG format) of the Board Resolution authorising its representatives to attend and vote at the AGM, pursuant to Section 113 of the Act, to Company Secretary of the Company at poonam@arrowgreentech.com.
- 9. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Wednesday. September 28, 2022 to Friday, September 30,2022 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of AGM of the Company.
- 10. During the year amount of Unclaimed Final Dividend for financial year 2014-15 is due for deposit to the Investors Education and Protection Fund on 4th November, 2022.
- 11. In case the Dividend has remained unclaimed for the financial years 2014-15 to 2018-19 (Interim and/or Final) the Shareholders may approach the Company with their dividend warrants for revalidation/ with the letter of undertaking for issue of revalidated/ duplicate dividend.
- 12. Members whose shareholding is in the electronic mode are requested to intimate any change in their address to their respective Depository Participants.
- 13. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any document to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before Tuesday, September 27, 2022 through email on poonam@arrowgreentech.com. The same will be replied / made available by the Company suitably

#### 14. INSTRUCTIONS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING THE AGM ARE AS FOLLOWS.

The remote e-voting period commences on Tuesday, September 27, 2022 (9:00 a.m. IST) and ends on Thursday, September 29, 2022 (5:00 p.m. IST). During this period, Members holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on Friday, September 23, 2022 i.e. cut-off date, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter.

#### How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

#### A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.



Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	<ol> <li>Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> either of a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owne icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter yo existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Votin services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting service provider i. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remo e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li> <li>If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u>. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u></li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following UR <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available und 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. yo sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code a shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository si wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSD and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Votir period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li> <li>Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scannir the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</li> <li>NSDL Mobile App is available on</li> <li>App Store Google Play</li> </ol>
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol> <li>Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and passwor Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL f users to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</u> <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> and click on New System Myeasi.</li> <li>After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu w have links of <b>e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL</b>. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.</li> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</u></li> <li>Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number ar PAN No. from a link in <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the user I</li> </ol>
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	<ul> <li>sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successid authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is progress.</li> <li>You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depositor Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site aft successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vod during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li> </ul>



Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

# Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 or 022-23058542-43

# B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below :

	Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is In300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***************** then your user ID is 12************
c)	For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
  - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
  - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
    - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
    - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.

7.



- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
  - a) Click on <u>"Forgot User Details/Password?"</u>(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com.</u>
  - b) **Physical User Reset Password?**" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
  - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
  - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
  - After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

#### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

#### How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- 2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join General Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### A. GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR SHAREHOLDERS

- 1. Institutional / Corporate shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/ JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc., with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by email to cs.rajendra@yahoo.in with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on https://www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries relating to e-voting you may refer to the FAQs for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of https://www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800-222-990 or send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- 4. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast during the AGM, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and make, not later than 48 hours of conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.arrowgreentech.com and on the website of NSDL within two (2) days of passing of the resolutions at the AGM of the Company and communicated to the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of email ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to poonam@arrowgreentech.com
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to (poonam@arrowgreentech.com). If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.



4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

#### THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join General meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, PAN, mobile number at poonam@arrowgreentech.com fromTuesday, September 20, 2022 to Tuesday, September 27, 2022 (5:00 p.m. IST). Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM for smooth conduct of the AGM.

We would like to draw your kind attention to the following urgent matters, which require your immediate action:-

#### **DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES**

SEBI vide its circular No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/24 dated June 8, 2018 has mandated that w.e.f. April 1, 2019 except in case of transmission or transposition of securities, requests for effecting transfer of securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form with a depository. In light of same shareholders are requested to kindly convert their physical shares in Demat form to avoid hassle in transfer of shares.

#### **CONSOLIDATION OF MULTIPLE FOLIOS**

Members holding more than one share in the same name or joint names in the same order but under different ledger folios are requested to apply for consolidation of such folios into a single folio and accordingly send a request letter duly signed by the shareholder and the relevant share certificates alongwith the self attested copy of PAN card and Aadhar card to the Registrars and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company, to enable them to consolidate all such multiple folios into one single folio.

#### **PERMANENT ACCOUNT NUNBER**

SEBI has mandated submission of Permanent Account Number [PAN] by every participant in the Securities Market. Members holding shares in electronic form are therefore requested to submit their PAN to their depository participants. Members holding shares in physical form are required to submit their PAN details to RTA.



Pursuant to Regulation 26(4) & 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchanges and Secretarial Standard 2 issued by ICSI, information about the directors proposed to be re-appointed is furnished below:

**Mr. Neil Patel**, aged 36 years, is Msc. (Bio medical science) from Kingston College, London. He possesses good entrepreneurship skills. He is associated with the Company since last 2009. He is also Director in Avery Bio-Degradable Products Private Limited, Arrow Agri-Tech Private Limited, Sphere Bio-polymer Pvt. Ltd and Advance Iris Security Products Private Limited and Arrow Business Advisory Pvt. Ltd., Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Ltd. & Advance IP Technologies (UK) Ltd. He is also a member of Audit Committee and Stakeholder Relationship Committee of the Company. As on 31st March 2022, he held 5,39,810 shares in the Company.

## Explanatory Statement as required under Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013: Item No. 3

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on August 13, 2022 approved for entering into related party transactions by the Company up to the maximum amounts per annum as appended above:

Since the share capital of the Company exceeds ₹ Ten crores approval of the Members by way of Special Resolution is required.

# Pursuant to explanation 3 of Rule 15 of Chapter XII the following particulars of the transactions with related party are given below:

1	Name of the related party	Arrow Business Advisory Pvt. Ltd.	Advance Secure Products B.V.
2	Name of the director or key managerial personnel or their relative who is related party	Mr. Shilpan Patel Mrs. Jigisha Patel Mr. Neil Patel Mr.Rishil Patel	Mr. Shilpan Patel
3	Nature of relationship	Mr. Shilpan Patel, Mrs. Jigisha Patel Mr. Neil Patel & Mr.Rishil Patel are directors & members in Arrow Business Advisory Pvt. Ltd.	Step down subsidiary Company and Mr. Shilpan Patel is director in Advance Secure Products B.V.
4.	Nature, material terms, monetary value, and particulars of the contract or arrangement	Leasing of property of any kind	Sale, purchase or supply of and goods or material. Availing or Rendering of any services

The Board is of the opinion that the aforesaid related party transaction is in the best interests of the Company.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

By order of the Board of Directors For Arrow Greentech Limited

> Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Mumbai, August 13, 2022

Registerted Office: 1/F Laxmi Industrial Estate New Link Road, Andheri West Mumbai – 400053 CIN: L21010MH1992PLC069281 Website: www.arrowgreentech.com

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,

The Members,

The Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited present the 30<sup>th</sup> Annual Report on the operations of the Company, together with the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

#### **Financial Results**

	( - F	
Particulars	2021-2022	2020-2021
Total income	3,09,381	2,99,129
Profit (Loss) before finance cost, Depreciation and Amortization expenses, exceptional	14,728	64,558
Less : Finance Cost	5,314	6,268
Less : Depreciation and Amortization expenses	39,261	42,216
Less: Exceptional items	-	-
Profit Before Tax	(29,847)	16,074
Less : Provision for Taxation		
- Current Tax	7,027	2,718
- Deferred Tax items & Tax	(19,775)	(11,877)
Profit for the year	(17,099)	25,233
Other Comprehensive Income	107	463
Profit for the year after other comprehensive income	(16,992)	25,696
Add : Balance brought forward	3,62,979	3,37,283
Less: Ind AS Adjustment	-	-
Less : Dividend Paid (related to previous year)	-	-
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	3,45,986	3,62,979

#### Indian Accounting Standard

Financial Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Companies ("Indian Accounting Standards") Rules, 2015 (IND AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable.

#### **Operations:**

The total income from operations including other income for the financial year under review amounted to ₹3,093.81 Lacs as compared to ₹2,991.29 Lacs in the previous year. The Company has earned net profit of ₹ (169.92) Lacs (including other comprehensive income) as compared to ₹256.96 Lacs in the previous year. After adjustment of brought forward balance of ₹3,629.79 Lacs from previous year, ₹3,459.86 Lacs has been carried to the Balance Sheet.

#### **Transfer to Reserves**

The Board of Directors has not recommended transfer of any amount of profit to reserves during the year under review. Hence, the entire amount of profit for the year under review has been carried to the Profit and Loss account.

#### Business outlook and future prospects:

Business outlook and future prospects of the Company is discussed in detail in Management Discussion and Analysis Report attached herewith.

#### Dividend

Considering the uncertain times on account of COVID-19, prevailing situation and the Company's position, the board of directors has decided not to declare any dividend for the financial year ended 31st March 2022.

#### **Public Deposits**

Your Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.



(Rupees in thousands)



#### Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo:

#### (a) Conservation of Energy and Technology Absorption

- (I) The Company has paid special attention to the conservation of energy as a matter of principal and policy. This has been reflected in the selection of equipment at the project stage. The cost of power has kept to the minimum by optimum operation. Regular preventive maintenance has helped to operate unit efficiently.
- (ii) Additional investment and proposals, if any, are being implemented for reduction of Conservation of Energy.
- (iii) Impact of the measures at (i) and (ii) above for reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on the cost of production of goods is not ascertainable.

#### (b) Foreign Exchange earning and outgo

Foreign Exchange earnings-₹742.61 Lacs (previous year ₹822.61 Lacs)

Foreign Exchange outgo – ₹1,039.41 Lacs (previous year ₹771.88 Lacs)

#### Auditors And Auditors' Report

#### **Statutory Auditors**

Members of the Company at the AGM held on September 29, 2021, approved the re-appointment of M/s. Haribhakti & Co. LLP, as the statutory auditors of the Company to hold office for their second term of 5 (five) years from the conclusion 29th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 34th Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2025-26. The report of the Statutory Auditor forms part of the Annual Report.

The notes on financials statement referred to in the Auditor's report are self explanatory and do not call for further comments. The auditors report do not contain any qualification, adverse remarks.

#### Secretarial Auditor:

The Board has appointed M/s Rajendra & Co., Practising Company Secretary, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2021-2022. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 is annexed herewith marked as ANNEXURE I to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

#### Internal Auditor:

The Company has appointed M/s. J.A. Rajani & Co., Chartered Accountants, Mumbai as its Internal Auditor. The internal Auditor monitors and evaluates the effectiveness and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliances with operating systems, accounting procedure and policies at all locations of the Company and reports the same on quarterly basis to the Audit Committee.

#### Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments:

The company has not given any guarantees covered under the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The details of the Loans given & investments made by company is given in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Subsidiaries

As on March 31, 2022 there were 4 subsidiaries and 2 step down subsidiary of the Company:

#### **Direct Indian subsidiary:**

Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited (WOS of the Company)

Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited (WOS of the Company)

LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited

#### **Direct Foreign subsidiary:**

Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited (WOS of the Company)

#### Step down subsidiary:

Advance IP Technologies Limited (Subsidiary of Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited)

Advance Secure Products B.V. (Subsidiary of Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited)

Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing the salient features of the financial statements of each of the subsidiary in the prescribed form AOC-1 as ANNEXURE II to this Report, the financial statements of the subsidiaries are kept for inspection by the shareholders at the Registered Office of the Company. The said financial statements of the subsidiaries are also available on the website of the Company www.arrowgreentech.com under the Investors Section.



A report on the performance and financial position of the each of the subsidiaries in the AOC-1 is annexed to the report and hence not repeated here for the sake of brevity, under Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

The Company has also formulated a Policy for determining material subsidiaries, which is uploaded on the website of the Company i.e. www.arrowgreentech.com and can be accessed at http://www.arrowgreentech.com/ images/ policies/ Policy\_ on\_ Material\_ Subsidiaries.pdf

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

Your Directors have pleasure in attaching the Consolidated Financial Statements pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations and prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, in this regard.

In accordance with the Section 129(3) of the Act and Accounting Standard (Ind AS 110) on Consolidated Financial Statements, the audited Consolidated Financial Statements are provided in this Annual Report.

#### **Corporate Governance**

Your Company is in compliance with the Corporate Governance guidelines, as laid out in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

As per Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a separate section on corporate governance practices, followed by the Company, together with a certificate from M/s. Haribhakti & Co., LLP, Chartered Accountants, confirming compliance forms an integral part of this Report.

The annual report of the Company contains a certificate by the Chairman and Managing Director in terms of SEBI Listing Regulations on the compliance declarations received from the Directors and the Senior Management personnel and a Certificate by M/s. Haribhakti & Co., LLP, Chartered Accountants, who have examined the requirements of Corporate Governance with reference to SEBI Listing Regulations and have certified the compliance, as required under SEBI Listing Regulations.

#### Internal control systems and their adequacy:

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The scope and authority of the Internal Audit function is defined in the Internal Audit Manual. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board & to the Chairman & Managing Director.

The Internal Audit Department monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company. Based on the report of internal audit function, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and recommendations along with corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

#### **Internal Financial Controls**

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and the auditor has not identified any material weakness relating to financial reporting

#### Extract of Annual Return:

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as "ANNEXURE III".

#### SHARE CAPITAL

The Paid up Share Capital as on March 31, 2022 was ₹14.09 crores. During the year under review, the Company has not issued any shares.

#### **Directors and Key Managerial Personnel**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Article of Association of the Company, Mr. Neil Patel, Jt. Managing Director of the Company is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his appointment.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified from being appointed as directors in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Details of the Director seeking appointment at the Annual General Meeting, as required in terms of Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations is provided in the Annexure to the Explanatory Statement to the Notice.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are Mr. Shilpan Patel, Chairman & Managing Director, Mr. Neil Patel, Jt. Managing Director, Mr. Hitesh Punglia, Chief Financial Officer, and Ms. Poonam Bansal was the Company Secretary of the Company. The Remuneration and other details of Key Managerial Personnel for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 are mentioned in the Extract of the Annual Return which is attached to the Board's Report.



#### **Board Evaluation**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulation 2015, the Board has carried out an evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Appointment & Remuneration Committees. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### Meetings

During the year five Board Meetings and five Audit Committee Meetings were convened and held. The details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, a separate Meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was also held on 14th February, 2022, where at the prescribed items enumerated under Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, were discussed.

#### Audit Committee

An Audit Committee is in existence in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. Kindly refer to the section on Corporate Governance, under the head, 'Audit Committee' for matters relating to constitution, meetings and functions of the Committee.

#### Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy:

In compliance with provisions of section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, your Company has adopted whistle blower policy for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns to the management of the Company. The whistle blower policy of the Company is posted on the website of the Company and may be accessed on the Company's website at the link: http://www.arrowgreentech.com/images/policies/Whistle%20Blower%20Policy.pdf

#### Nomination and Remuneration Committee

A Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in existence in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. Kindly refer to the section on Corporate Governance, under the head, 'Nomination and Remuneration Committee' for matters relating to constitution, meetings, functions of the Committee.

#### **Nomination and Remuneration Policy**

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and the Remuneration Policy of the Company may be accessed on the Company's website at the link:http://www.arrowgreentech.com/images/policies/nomination-remuneration-policy.pdf

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility Initiatives**

The brief outline of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Policy of the Company and the initiatives undertaken by the Company during the year are set out in Annexure IVof this report as per the format prescribed in Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at the link: http://www.arrowgreentech.com/ images/ policies/ CSR\_Policy.pdf

#### **Related Party Transactions:**

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of the business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the company with Promoters, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have potential conflict with interest of the company at large.

#### Particulars of Employees and related disclosures

The information required pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Appointment and remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company, will be provided upon request. In terms of Section 136 of the Act, the Report and Financial Statement are being sent to the Members and others entitled thereto, excluding the information on employees' particulars which is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on working days of the Company upto the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. If any Member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such Member may write to the Company Secretary in this regard.

#### **Risk management policy**

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134 (3) (n) of the Act, the Company has in place a structured risk management policy. The Risk management process is designed to safeguard the organisation from various risks through adequate and timely actions. It is designed to anticipate, evaluate and mitigate risks in order to minimize its impact on the business.



#### **Directors' Responsibility Statement**

In terms of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the directors would like to state that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are responsible and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 and of the profit/loss of the Company for the period under review;
- iii) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care of the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts/financial statement have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis.
- v) The directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- vi) The directors had devised proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such system were adequate and operating effectively.

#### Industrial Relations:

During the year under review, your Company enjoyed cordial relationship with workers and employees at all levels.

#### General

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

- 1. No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year to which this financial statements relate on the date of this report.
- 2. No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- 3. Your Directors further state that during the year under review, there were no cases filed pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal)Act, 2013.

#### Acknowledgments:

Your Directors would like to express their grateful appreciation for the assistance and co-operation received from the Financial Institution, Banks, Government Authorities, Vendors and Shareholders and all organizations connected with its business during the year under review. Your Directors also wish to place a record their deep sense of appreciation for the committed services of Executives, Staff and Workers of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Date: 28<sup>th</sup> May 2022 Shilpan P Patel Chairman & Managing Director DIN:00341068



#### FORM NO. MR 3

#### **ANNEXURE I**

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, **Arrow Greentech Limited.,** 1/F, Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road, Andheri (W), **Mumbai 400 053** 

I/We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Arrow Greentech Limited(CIN: L21010 MH1992PLC069281)** (hereinafter called The Company).Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me/us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my/our verification of The Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by The Company and also the information provided by The Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my/our opinion, The Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year **ended on March 31, 2022** complied with the statutory provisions listed here under and also that The Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by The Company for the financial year ended on **31st March 2022** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External CommercialBorrowings. (Not applicable)
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009. N.A.
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 (Not applicable to The Company during the Audit period)
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008. (Not applicable for The Company during the audit period)
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share TransferAgents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable to The Company during the Audit Period)
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 (Not applicable to The Company during the Audit Period)
  - (i) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 Other Laws applicable to The Company Viz:



- 1. Bombay Shops and Establishments Act.
- 2. The Factories Act 1948 and Rules and Regulations there under
- 3. The Industries (Development & Regulation) Act 1951
- 4. Various Labour Laws and other incidental Laws related to Labour as under:

a. The payment of Wages Act 1936

b. The minimum wages Act 1948.

- c. The payment of Bonus Act 1965
- 5. Income Tax Act, 1961 related to Tax Deducted at source and related to Advance tax
- 6. Land Revenue laws of respective States.
- 7. Goods and Service Tax Act.
- 8. Patents Act.
- (vi) I have relied on the representation/certificates made by The Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by The Company for compliance under other applicable Acts, Laws, and Regulations to The Company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreement entered into by The Company with National Stock Exchange Limited and Bombay Stock Exchange Limited

During the period under review The Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

#### I further report that

The Board of Directors of The Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes onagenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining furtherinformation and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at themeeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as partof the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in The Company commensurate with the size and operations of The Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, The Company has passed a special Resolution pertaining to Related party Transactions which are having major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines.

For Rajendra and Co., Company Secretaries

(CS Rajendra Vaze) Company Secretary

FCS No . 4247 C.P.No : 1975

UDIN : F004247D000414536 Place : Mumbai Date : 28th May 2022

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral Part of this Report.



#### ANNEXURE A

#### To The Members Arrow Greentech Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of The Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected insecretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of The Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events, etc
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of The Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of The Company.

For Rajendra and Co., Company Secretaries

(CS Rajendra Vaze) Company Secretary

FCS No.4247 C.P. No 1975

UDIN: F004247D000414536

Place : Mumbai Date : 28th May 2022

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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  ${\mathbb F}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

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Salient features of Financial Statements of Subsidiaries/Associate as per Companies Act, 2013

# Part A:Subsidiaries

Name of Subsidiary Company	Reporting currency & Eq. in ₹	Share capital	Reserve and surplus	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Investment	Turnover / Total Income	Profit Before Taxation	Provision for Taxation	Profit After Taxation	Proposed Dividend	% of shareholding
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited	INR	2,001	1,24,478		2,287	2,498	48,653	23,901	I	23,901	I	100
Advance IP Technologies Limited	URR INR	100	1,38,070	1,293 1,38,912	23 743	22 1,501	4/8 1,25,097	235 12,254		235 12,254		95
	GBP	-	1,387		7	15	1,230	120	•	120	•	
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited		4,313	(4,272)		21	•	'	(19)		(19)		100
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	INR	2,500	(41,804)		2,51,450	•	71	(20,818)	(4,654)	(16,164)	•	66
LQ Arrow Security Products (India)												
Private Limited	INR	7,500	114	7,708	94	2,043	308	38		38	-	51

Exchange rates	INK	GBP
31-Mar-22	Avg. Rate	101.70
	Closing Rate	99.55

Annual Report 2021-22

Part B: Associate Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Act related to associate company

Name of Associate Company	Last audited Balance	Share Corr	Share of associate held by the Company on the year end	oy the end	Net worth attributable to share holding as	Profit / Los	Profit / Loss for the year	of	Reason why associate is not
	Sheet date	Nos.	Amount of investment in associate	Extent of holding (%)	per the latest audited Considered in the Balance Sheet in consolidation of	Considered in consolidation	Considered Not in Considered in consolidation	significant influence	consolidated
SP Arrow Bio Polymer Products Private Limited	31-Mar-22	4,600	46	46%	(2,556)	-	(5)	Refer note 1	Refer note 2
Sphere Bio Polymer Private Limited	31-Mar-22	4,900	49	49%	(87)		(11)	Refer note 1	Refer note 2

Notes 1. Significant influence due to percentage of holding. 2. Because the company does not have more than 51% shareholding directly or indirectly, i.e. no controlling interest.

#### **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**



#### ANNEXURE III

#### FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on financial year ended on 31.03.2022

# Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014.

#### I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

1	CIN	L21010MH1992PLC069281
2	Registration Date	30 <sup>th</sup> October, 1992
3	Name of the Company	Arrow Greentech Limited
4	Category/Sub-category of the Company	Public Company – Limited by Shares
5	Address of the Registered office & contact details	1/F Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road , Andheri (West) Mumbai 400 053, Maharashtra Tel No. 022 2074 9000 / 4974 3758 Email – poonam@arrowgreentech.com
6	Whether listed company	Yes
7	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	M/s. Link Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park,L.B.S.Marg, Vikhroli (West),Mumbai - 400083. Tel No. 022- 49186000 / Fax No. 022- 49186060

#### II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

(All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

S. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Manufacturing of Water Soluble Film	222	51
2	Royalty Income -Patent	77	9
3	Other	46	17

SN	Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1	Arrow Secure Technology Pvt. Ltd. 159, Mittal Industrial Estate, Sanjay Building No.5/B, Marol Naka Andheri (East) Mumbai, MH 400059 IN	U74999MH2006PTC165191	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
2	<b>Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Ltd</b> 14 Burman Road, Liverpool L19 6PN.	Foreign Company	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)
3	Avery Pharmaceutical Pvt. Ltd. 159, Mittal Industrial Estate, Sanjay Building No.5/B, Marol Naka Andheri (East) Mumbai, MH 400059 IN	U74999MH2017PTC295476	Subsidiary	99%	2(87)
4	<b>LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Pvt. Ltd.</b> 159, Mittal Industrial Estate, Sanjay Building No.5/B, Marol Naka Andheri (East) Mumbai, MH 400059 IN	U74999MH2017PTC299486	Subsidiary	51%	2(87)
5	<b>SP Arrow Biopolymer Products Pvt. Ltd</b> 159, Mittal Industrial Estate, Sanjay Building No.5/B, Marol Naka Andheri (East) Mumbai, MH 400059 IN	U51498MH2006PTC166618	Associate	46%	2(6)
6	<b>Sphere Biopolymer Pvt. Ltd</b> 159, Mittal Industrial Estate, Sanjay Building No.5/B, Marol Naka Andheri (East) Mumbai, MH 400059 IN	U25203MH2012PTC231084	Associate	49%	2(6)
		Annual Report 2021-22			18





SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity share capital breakup as percentage of total equity)

#### (I) **Category-wise Share Holding**

Sr	Category of	begini		ding at the ar as on April 1	, 2021	end of	Shareholding the year as on N		2	% Change
No	Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
(A)	Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group									
[1]	Indian									
(a)	Individuals / Hindu Undivided Family	8904541	0	8904541	63.21	8914541	0	8914541	63.28	0.07
(b)	Central Government / State Government(s)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(c)	Financial Institutions / Banks	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(d)	Any Other (Specify)									
	Bodies Corporate	996014	0	996014	7.07	996014	0	996014	7.07	0.00
	Sub Total (A)(1)	9900555	0	9900555	70.28	9910555	0	9910555	70.35	0.07
2]	Foreign									
(a)	Individuals (Non-Resident Individuals / Foreign Individuals)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(b)	Government	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
0	Institutions	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(d)	Foreign Portfolio Investor	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(e)	Any Other (Specify)									
. ,	Sub Total (A)(2)	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group(A)=(A)(1)+(A)(2)	9900555	0	9900555	70.28	9910555	0	9910555	70.35	0.07
(B)	Public Shareholding									
1]	Institutions									
a)	Mutual Funds / UTI	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(b)	Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
C	Alternate Investment Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(d)	Foreign Venture Capital Investors	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(e)	Foreign Portfolio Investor	28973	0	28973	0.21	500	0	500	0.00	0.20
(f)	Financial Institutions / Banks	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(g)	Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(h)	Provident Funds/ Pension Funds	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(i)	Any Other (Specify)									
	Sub Total (B)(1)	28973	0	28973	0.21	500	0	500	0.00	0.20
[2]	Central Government/ State Government(s)/ President of India									
	Sub Total (B)(2)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
[3]	Non-Institutions									
(a)						I				
(1)	Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto ₹ 1 lakh.	1979374	99517	2078891	14.76	2000158	96917	2097075	14.88	0.13
(ii)	Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of ₹ 1 lakh	1222194	93700	1315894	9.34	1234629	0	1234629	8.76	0.58
b)	NBFCs registered with RBI	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
(d)	Overseas Depositories (holding DRs) (balancing figure)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00





Sr	Category of	beginn	Shareholdi ing of the year	ing at the as on April 1, :	2021	end of	Shareholding the year as on		2	% Change
No	Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
(c)	Any Other (Specify)									
	IEPF	94744	0	94744	0.67	191084	0	191084	1.36	0.68
	Hindu Undivided Family	196313	0	196313	1.39	222106	0	222106	1.58	0.18
	Foreign Companies	176626	0	176626	1.25	176626	0	176626	1.25	0.00
	Non Resident Indians (Non Repat)	20676	1200	21876	0.15	24036	1200	25236	0.18	0.02
	Non Resident Indians (Repat)	144004	0	144004	1.02	110565	0	110565	0.79	0.24
	Body Corp-Ltd Liability Partnership	0	0	0	0.00	5710	0	5710	0.04	0.04
	Foreign Portfolio Investor (Individual)	100	0	100	0.00	100	0	100	0.00	0.00
	Clearing Member	18291	0	18291	0.13	26806	0	26806	0.19	0.06
	Bodies Corporate	110871	800	111671	0.79	86146	800	86946	0.62	0.17
	Sub Total (B)(3)	3963193	195217	4158410	29.52	4077966	98917	4176883	29.65	0.13
	Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)+(B)(3)	3992166	195217	4187383	29.72	4078466	98917	4177383	29.65	0.07
	Total (A)+(B)	13892721	195217	14087938	100.00	13989021	98917	14087938	100.00	0.00
(C)	Non Promoter - Non Public (C1) Shares Underlying Drs									
[1]	Custodian/DR Holder (C2) Shares Held By Employee Trust	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
[2]	Employee Benefit Trust (under SEBI (Share based Employee Benefit) Regulations, 2014)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	13892721	195217	14087938	100.00	13989021	98917	14087938	100.00	

GENERATED ON : 21/07/2022

#### (ii) Shareholding of Promoter

SN	Shareholder's Name		areholding at t ing of the year			areholding at tl of the year - 20		% change in shareholding
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	during the year
1	SHILPAN P PATEL	4966346	35.25	0.00	4966346	35.25	0.00	0.00
2	JIGISHA S PATEL	1822205	12.93	0.00	1822205	12.93	0.00	0.00
3	SHILPAN P PATEL (HUF)	1029180	7.30	0.00	1029180	7.30	0.00	0.00
4	ARROW CONVERTORS PVT LTD	996014	7.07	0.00	996014	7.07	0.00	0.00
5	RISHIL S PATEL	547000	3.88	0.00	547000	3.88	0.00	0.00
6	NEIL S PATEL	539810	3.83	0.00	539810	3.83	0.00	0.00
7	MANISHA SINDHI	0	0.00	0.00	10000	0.07	0.00	0.07
	Total	9900555	70.28	0.00	9910555	70.35	0.00	0.07

GENERATED ON : 21/07/2022



(iii)	Change in Promoter's holding						
SN	Name & Type of Transaction		at the beginning on April 1, 2021		nsactions ng the year	Cumulative S at the end of t March 3	he year as on
		No.of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company	Date of Transaction	No. of Shares	No.of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company
1	SHILPAN P PATEL	4966346	35.25			4966346	35.25
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					4966346	35.25
2	JIGISHA S PATEL	1822205	12.93			1822205	12.93
	Transfer			27 Aug 2021	(1819048)	3157	0.02
	Transfer			03 Sep 2021	1819048	1822205	12.93
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					1822205	12.93
3	SHILPAN P PATEL (HUF)	1029180	7.31			1029180	7.31
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					1029180	7.31
4	ARROW CONVERTORS PVT LTD	996014	7.07			996014	7.07
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					996014	7.07
5	RISHIL S PATEL	547000	3.88			547000	3.88
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					547000	3.88
6	NEIL S PATEL	539810	3.83			539810	3.83
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					539810	3.83
7	MANISHA SINDHI	10000	0.07			10000	0.07
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					10000	0.07

Note: 1. Paid up Share Capital of the Company (Face Value ₹ 10.00) at the end of the year is 14087938 Shares.

2. The details of holding has been clubbed based on PAN.

3. % of total Shares of the Company is based on the paid up Capital of the Company at the end of the Year.

#### (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders

(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SN	Name & Type of Transaction		at the beginning s on April 1, 2021		nsactions g the year	Cumulative S at the end of March 3	the year as on
		No.of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company	Date of Transaction	No. of Shares	No.of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company
1	INVESTOR EDUCATION AND						
	PROTECTION FUND AUTHORITY						
	MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS	94744	0.67			94744	0.67
	Transfer			26 Nov 2021	96340	191084	1.36
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					191084	1.36
2	AQUAVISTA LIMITED	176626	1.25			176626	1.25
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					176626	1.25
3	DIPAK KANAYALAL SHAH	100000	0.71			100000	0.71
	Transfer			09 Jul 2021	9000	109000	0.77
	Transfer			06 Aug 2021	5000	114000	0.81
	Transfer			13 Aug 2021	2500	116500	0.83
	Transfer			20 Aug 2021	3000	119500	0.85
	Transfer			03 Sep 2021	14102	133602	0.95
	Transfer			10 Sep 2021	7398	141000	1.00
	Transfer			28 Jan 2022	31000	172000	1.22
	Transfer			25 Feb 2022	2000	174000	1.24
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					174000	1.24
4	ASUTOSH PRAMODCHANDRA MEHTA	130307	0.93			130307	0.93
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					130307	0.93
5	KISHAN CHAND GUPTA	70500	0.50			70500	0.50
	Transfer			04 Jun 2021	1000	71500	0.51
	Transfer			11 Jun 2021	28500	100000	0.71



SN	Name & Type of Transaction		at the beginning on April 1, 2021		sactions g the year	Cumulative S at the end of t March 3	he year as on
		No.of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company	Date of Transaction	No. of Shares	No.of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of Th Company
	Transfer			18 Jun 2021	2000	102000	0.72
	Transfer			30 Jun 2021	2000	104000	0.74
	Transfer			09 Jul 2021	4000	108000	0.77
	Transfer			30 Jul 2021	2000	110000	0.78
	Transfer			20 Aug 2021	2000	112000	0.80
	Transfer			29 Oct 2021	1000	113000	0.80
	Transfer			21 Jan 2022	2000	115000	0.82
	Transfer			25 Feb 2022	-2500	112500	0.80
	Transfer			04 Mar 2022	-7000	105500	0.75
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					105500	0.75
6	PRAMODCHANDRA GORDHANDAS						
	МЕНТА	89959	0.64			89959	0.6
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					89959	0.6
7	VARSHA CHUGH .	32873	0.23			32873	0.2
	Transfer			30 Apr 2021	8761	41634	0.3
	Transfer			07 May 2021	11839	53473	0.3
	Transfer			14 May 2021	7269	60742	0.4
	Transfer			27 Aug 2021	6199	66941	0.4
	Transfer			12 Nov 2021	-1552	65389	0.4
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					65389	0.4
8	SAKET SARAOGI	75000	0.53			75000	0.5
	Transfer			18 Jun 2021	-5000	70000	0.5
	Transfer			05 Nov 2021	-10000	60000	0.4
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					60000	0.4
9	MITA DIPAK SHAH	50000	0.35			50000	0.3
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					50000	0.3
10	MAHESHKUMAR RAJA	0	0.00			0	0.0
	Transfer			11 Mar 2022	17149	17149	0.1
	Transfer			18 Mar 2022	1478	18627	0.1
	Transfer			31 Mar 2022	25762	44389	0.3
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					44389	0.3
11	SAMIR P PATEL	93700	0.67			93700	0.6
	Transfer			19 Nov 2021	-93700	0	0.0
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					0	0.0
12	VARSHA SHARAD SHAH	57101	0.41			57101	0.4
	Transfer			14 May 2021	-3567	53534	0.3
	Transfer			21 May 2021	-48534	5000	0.0
	Transfer			28 May 2021	-5000	0	0.0
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					0	0.0

Note: 1. Paid up Share Capital of the Company (Face Value ₹ 10.00) at the end of the year is 14087938 Shares.

2. The details of holding has been clubbed based on PAN.

3. % of total Shares of the Company is based on the paid up Capital of the Company at the end of the Year.



SN	Shareholding of each Directors and each Key Managerial	Date	Reason	Shareholding a	at the beginning	Cumulative	e Shareholding
	Personnel			No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares
1	Mr. Shilpan Patel Chairman & Managing Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			49,66,346 49,66,346	35.25% 0.00% 35.25%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
2	Mr. Neil Patel Jt. Managing Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			5,39,810 5,39,810	3.83% 0.00% 3.83%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
3	Mrs.Jigisha Patel Woman Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			18,22,205 18,22,205	12.93% 0.00% 12.93%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
4	Mr. Haresh Mehta Independent Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			8,315 8,315	0.06%		0.00%
5	Mr. Harish Mishra Independent Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			900 900	0.01%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
6	Mr. Dinesh Modi Independent Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			50 50	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
7	Mr. Dinkarray D Trivedi Independent Director At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			-	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
8	Mr. Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			-	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
9	Ms. Poonam Bansal Company Secretary At the beginning of the year Changes during the year At the end of the year			39 39	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		0.00% 0.00% 0.00%



#### V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company	including interest outsta	nding/accrued but not due	for payment.	(Amt. ₹ Lacs)
Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of	of the financial year			
i) Principal Amount	397.49	-	-	397.49
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0.81	-	-	0.81
Total (i+ii+iii)	398.30	-	-	398.30
Change in Indebtedness during	the financial year	ŀ		
* Addition	-	-	-	-
* Reduction	53.97	-	-	53.97
Net Change	53.97	-	-	53.97
Indebtedness at the end of the f	inancial year			
i) Principal Amount	343.52	-	-	343.52
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0.90	-	-	0.90
Total (i+ii+iii)	344.42	-	-	344.42

#### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/V	VTD/ Manager	Total Amount	
		Mr. Shilpan Patel	Mr. Neil Patel		
		Chairman & Managing Director	Jt. Managing Director	- (₹)	
1	Gross salary				
·	<ul> <li>(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961</li> </ul>	75,09,380.00	79,50,000.00	1,54,59,380.00	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	21,600.00	21,600.00	43,200.00	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-		
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	
3	Sweat Equity	_	-		
	Commission	-	-		
4	- as % of profit	_	-		
	- others, specify	-	-		
5	Others, please specify	-	-		
	Total (A)	75,30,980.00	79,71,600.00	1,55,02,580.00	
	Ceiling as per the Act	and W	all Executive Directors /hole-time Directors;		
		5% of Net profit to any of	one Managing or Whol	e-time Director	



#### B. Remuneration to other Directors

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of Directors				
		Mr. Haresh Mehta (ID)	Mr. Harish Mishra (ID)	Mrs. Jigisha Patel	Mr. Dinesh Modi (ID)	Mr. Dinkarray Trivedi (ID)	Amount (₹)
1	Independent Directors						
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	2,60,000.00	2,20,000.00	80,000.00	2,50,000.00	1,50,000.00	9,60,000.0
	Commission	-	_	_	-	_	
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	_	
	Total (1)	-	-	-	-	-	9,60,000.0
2	Other Non-Executive Directors						
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	-	-	-	-	-	
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-	
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	-	-	-	-	-	9,60,000.0
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	1,64,62,580.0
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act 1% of Net Profits of the Company for all Non-Executive Directors					ors	

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Key Ma	Name of Key Managerial Personnel			
		Mr. Hitesh Punglia, Chief Financial Officer	Ms. Poonam Bansal, Company Secretary	Amount (₹)		
1	Gross salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	56,79,000.00	10,89,000	67,68,000.00		
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	21,600.00	21,600	43,200.00		
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-	-	-		
2	Stock Option	-	-	-		
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-		
	Commission	-	-			
4	- as % of profit	-	-	-		
	- others, specify	-	-	_		
5	Others, please specify	-	-	_		
	Total	57,00,600.00	11,10,600.00	68,11,200.00		

#### VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)				
A. COMPANY									
Penalty									
Punishment			None						
Compounding									
B. DIRECTORS									
Penalty									
Punishment			None						
Compounding									
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN	C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT								
Penalty									
Punishment			None						
Compounding									



#### **Annexure IV**

Disclosure of composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and contents of the CSR Policy in the form of an annual report on CSR as per annexure attached to the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014

1. A brief outline of the company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programs:

The Company intends to make a positive difference to society and contribute its share towards the social cause of betterment of society and area in which companies operates. The Company aims to create educated, healthy, sustainable and culturally vibrant communities. We also contribute as a company to various charitable causes and we seek to participate in ways that touch people's lives in these communities.

In this regard, the Company has made policy which encompasses the Company's philosophy for delineating its responsibility as a Corporate Citizen for undertaking socially useful programmes for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large. Fact that policy is placed on website of the Company.

The CSR Committee's Vision is "changing lives in pursuit of collective development and environmental sustainability". This vision should encompass all CSR activities of the Company.

₹Nil

The CSR Policy of the Company is also available on http://www.arrowgreentech.com

#### 2. The CSR Committee of the company is comprises of the following Members:

- (i) Mr. Harish Mishra (Chairman)
- (ii) Mr. Haresh Mehta
- (iii) Mr. Shilpan Patel

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 28, 2022

3. The Average net profit of the Company for last three financial years: ₹(77.85) lacs

#### 4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two per cent of the amount as in item 3 above):

Prescribed CSR expenditure for FY 2021-22

Unspent CSR amount carried forward from FY 2020-21 : ₹0.05 Lac (Transferred to PM Cares Fund)

#### 5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year :

- (a) Total amount spent for the financial year 2021-22:₹9.00 Lacs
- (b) Amount unspent, if any ₹ Nil
- (c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below :

S. No	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) local area (2) specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or programs wise (Amt in ₹)	Amount spent on the projects or programs sub-heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs (2) Overheads (Amt in ₹)	Cumulative expenditure up to the reporting period (Amt in ₹)	Amount spent: Direct (Amt in ₹)
1	Promote Social, Educational and Cultural development of the society	Social Economic Developement	-	9,00,000	9,00,000	9,00,000	9,00,000

# 6. In case the company has failed to spend the two per cent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board report

The Company has spent ₹9.00 lacs for the Financial Year 2021-22.

7. CSR Committee, in it's Responsibility Statement has mentioned that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

For Arrow Greentech Limited

Shilpan Patel

Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00341068



#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### A. Water Soluble Film (Watersol®):

Arrow Greentech Ltd (AGTL) is one of the leading manufacturers of cast water-soluble film in the world. Water soluble film, the flagship product of AGTL is marketed under the brand Watersol. Including optimum capacity utilization at the Gujarat factory, our focus will be on new business development through newer applications across segments. This shall expand, and strengthen, our growth pyramid for the future. Watersol films have got varied applications across industries including Agrochemical, Construction Chemical, Dyes & Pigments, Embroidery, Health & Hygiene, Industrial engineering, Water transfer printing, and many more.

The agrochemical and home care sectors consume around 70% of the water-soluble film market in the world where your company is working closely with most key prospects and customers. AGTL is also preparing for future expansion by targeting specific segments and establishing its footprint in various international regions. AGTL is constantly investing in research and development, and collaborating with various organizations and institutions to work on path-breaking solutions in sustainability, precision engineering, and other sectors. According to direct market intelligence, the Indian market in the home care & hygiene sector is about to offer multi-fold opportunities while the PVA film market is growing at approximately 5.5% CAGR globally as per secondary sources.

While hygiene, safe disposal, and proper use are non-negotiable, more so after seeing a crisis such as Covid-19, this film can be used as disinfectant laundry bags, disinfectant or fly-repellent sheets or pouches for municipal use, hand-cleaning soap strips and as capsule packs, etc. Products, such as dissolvable laundry bags are precautionary and help ensure the safety & hygiene objectives at public healthcare.

This packaging is environment-friendly being biodegradable and dissolving completely in water without leaving any residue and consequent environmental risk. This makes the film a preferable choice for innovative packaging for water treatment chemicals, swimming pool chemicals, concrete fibre, construction chemicals, and various inhibitors and repellents for industry and consumer use.

With our robust research and innovation activities, we are on a mission to become one of the most sought-after global suppliers of PVA film and related products in near future.

#### B. Bio-Compostable Products (Bioplast®):

The movement to ban single-use plastic (SUP) products are running for a few years now. However, this is yet to be seen as effective. Although the Government has evaluated alternatives and is running guidelines for the use of bio-compostable products as a replacement to them, there is a requirement to create awareness of the appropriate implementation of the same. The AGTL-Bioplast team is part of the industry in creating awareness among people and various industries and also contributing ideas through industry associations to support this initiative.

The bio-compostable film is an eco-friendly alternative to replace single-use plastic for our future generations. With increasing concern over the use of plastic, sustainable alternatives to plastic are in demand. Plastic made from petrochemicals is not a product of nature and cannot be broken down by the natural degradation process. AGTL's initiative into bio-compostable business is likely to be a game-changer in terms of alternatives to conventional single-use plastic packaging. Moreover, the machines being used to produce conventional plastic films can also produce Bioplast (eco-friendly bio compostable) films by making small changes in it. This ensures no operational disturbances to plastic manufacturing company's set up, assets, and skills.

AGTL has a technology for manufacturing the Bioplast film from Biotec, Germany that is compliant with the European standards - EN 13432 and ISO 17088. The final product is 100% bio-compostable, made from renewable plant resources (potato starch, polylactic acid, etc.), and has a diverse range of applications such as garbage bags, garment bags, industrial and commercial packaging, disposable dishes, straws, and food containers, etc.

#### C. Security Products:

AGTL has an impressive patent portfolio of security products and brand protection. These patents are having an impact on various products—like Anti-counterfeit Threads, Passport Security, Brand Protection, Paper etc.

AGTL has invested in this technology, since 2016, after a meeting held in Vigyan Bhavan, for indegenisation of Currency Sector. This meeting was chaired by The Then Finance Minister, Mr. Arun Jaitley and attended by various government officials as well as international stalwarts on the security industry. AGTL investments are focused on high security elements related to Currency sector, with the viable option of adapting the technology for high value brand protection. Counterfeiting of high value products, including Pharmaceuticals packaging will go a long way in promoting this segment of our company.



AGTL has filed several patents and secured National and International grants to rights of claims, for atleast 5 patents, while few are in examination phase. Our IP cell is very positive that we will get grants to these patents, going forward.

Our vision is to focus on Indian Security market, and once proven, we intend to take on the world market, where there are only a few credible players. We are also working on strategic alliances with some of the old players in the market, where we will take advantage of our low cost base and absorbing their technology, while creating an eco-system to share the opportunities in fair and ethical manner.

Hon. Primeminster's initiative of Atma Nirbhar India, has give a new Urja in our company, and we intend to take it to higher levels, by fulfilling his dreams to capture markets in India and abroad, so as to make the world know about zero defect Indian Products, made in India with Pride.

AGTL has invested in a high technology plant to manufacture Anti Counterfeit Thread and security films. It entails multiple facet of metalizing, demattalising, holography, nano printing, nano security element, functional, coatings, including embedding of machine readable taggants and lamination. Products are being designed to be fully embedded or windowed embedded in Security Papers, Tax Stamps and brand protection of high value perfumes, cosmetics and pharma-vaccines etc., including track and trace management. AGTL is expecting to augment its revenues from all the opportunities offered in this area.

#### D. Patents and IPR:

Arrow has always believed in gaining and securing our markets by strategic filing of Patents, through the PCT route. We have individual IP Cells in Arrow India, and various subsidiaries of our company.

In today's world, the success of a company such as ours will greatly depend upon its ability to protect its intellectual property while simultaneously conducting its affairs in a manner that does not infringe upon the proprietary rights of another. The Company's organic growth and long-term success in part depends on our ability to develop inventive and commercial products which are possible only if we protect our proprietary processes, know-how, tools, techniques and other intellectual property alongside our ability to leverage them correctly.

We work closely with inventors and the scientific community, universities and people engaged in research in the all fields of our interest, we collaborate with various universities in India and abroad, so as to advance and build value in our selected fields so as to develop the most promising and revolutionary intellectual property, which will, in turn, benefit the company and create value for its investors and all of its stakeholders. We routinely file for and have been granted trademarks and patents on national and international levels which in turn allows us to enforce our intellectual property rights appropriately. Patents protect a company's inventions and product lines against infringers and many times create a windfall profit when the lawsuits are successfully prosecuted. After winning, it results in continuous royalty income, besides one-time fees as granted by the Courts.

Currently, AGTL has 40 granted patents nationally and internationally across the Globe. As reported earlier, AGTL has claimed injunctions and is in litigation with Nu-Therapeutics and Shilpa Pharmaceuticals. Delays on awards have been due to the Pandemic. Our attorneys are confidents of succeeding in these litigations.

AGTL has set up a Research and Development Centre specifically to produce "POCs" (proof of concept) and working on pilot projects, once proven and subsequent out-licensing and/or producing by up-scaling our subsidiary companies in the UK has hired the services of human assets, in commercializing various patents, which led to this RND centre to be based in Mumbai. Potential customers like the look and feel of the outcome of these POCs.

AGTL has been a member of the "Select committee on IP" organised by CII and DIPPIT (GOI), and continues to endeavour to ensure that Indian procurement is well in line with Atmanirbhar Bharat Policy of our Hon. Prime Minister and Hon. Finance Minister and support wherever we can to expedite the legal judgements and rulings in the IP arena and to put India in the Top 25 in GII (Global Innovative Index), as per the Vision of our Hon. Prime Minister. We have received National IP Awards in year 2019, 2021 from CII.

The intellectual property of the company is one of its key assets and the company is and has always been in a relentless pursuit of the creation, protection and maintenance of the same.

#### E. Arrow UK Activities:

Arrow UK has been focusing on various avenues to generate income. It is a wholly owned subsidiary, of AGTL, India. The Board members and team of Arrow UK are aggressively working for Patent & technology commercialization. We plan to increasingly work on this subsidiary's logistical advantage on an ongoing basis in a very friendly environment offered in western world. Along with monetization of our patents and trading in WSF films, we are also working on trade in high-tech products. Post Brexit, as the UK is out of European Union (EU), Arrow UK has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary company in the Netherlands during the year to ensure our presence in EU region.



#### F. Water soluble edible film – Mouth Dissolving Strips (MDS):

AGTL has invested in its wholly owned Subsidiary Company namely, Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited (APPL) for manufacturing of Mouth dissolving strips. Avery Pharma has successfully received license to manufacture for sale or distribution of drugs and product approval for specified products from Food & Drug Control Administration (FDCA).

MDS are the fast-dissolving films that release API quicker than the other formulations like tablets, capsules, oral disintegrating tablets, chewable tablets and liquid dosage forms. These films are formulated to self-dissolve upon the contact with saliva, omitting requirement of additional fluids for consumption. MDS are quick in action by releasing drug instantly. The strips ensure quick absorption and instant bioavailability of drugs. MDS are highly suitable for geriatric, paediatric, mentally challenged, bed ridden, mucositis, Dysphagia, veterinary. MDS offers irrefutable benefits like self-administration ease, without water usability, Quick onset of action, non-invasive dosing methodology & patient convenience

Avery Pharma is now India's Foremost WHO-GMP certified Mouth Dissolving Strip Manufacturing Company and has accredited with FDCA Gujarat, GLP, FSSAI, ISO 9001:2015 and ISO-22000 Certifications.

Avery Pharma is expected to start commercials production from its manufacturing facility from 2nd Quarter of FY2022-23.

At present, ~30 products are approved to be marketed under RX & FSSAI. More 20 products are applied for approval of FSSAI. Few more products are under development phase and soon will be ready to be marketed & subsequently will be applied for patent. The research lab has also successfully developed combination of API in MDS technology. New developments are underway for sublingual and Buccal MDS technology.

#### 2. Opportunities:

Owing to ESG concerns, every company is focused to create a strong environmental proposition to create more value for its stakeholders. Scientists and politicians today debate on the effects of global warming and dwindling natural resources, green industry practices income of a lower carbon footprint, but increased cost savings, supportive government policies, and everincreasing profitability as well. Trends in consumption specially preference towards refill and reuse, government policy, and costs all point towards even more green industry business opportunities in the years ahead.

Green industry methods are on the rise because they're increasingly demanded by consumers, important for the citizens, and are required by governments. Sustainable business practices acknowledge the finite resources available and reduce costs through renewable and reusable inputs. Hence, they attract niche customers early and have enormous potential to grow into the mainstream.

The need for non-soluble Bio Compostable Plastics is gaining attention now. The threat of flooding has resulted in the realization that Bio-Compostable Films as the preferred material to save the cities from flooding. The need for Bio-Compostable film and Bio-Degradable film to save the environment is now present universally and environmentally conscious people of planet earth are looking at various ways to improve the quality of life.

Arrow's Security division has a huge capacity, having invested in state-of-the-art manufacturing, and we plan to take our technology and products to the world market, starting with exports to the EU and EER region, while Arrow's 100% owned subsidiary Avery Pharmaceutical Ltd and Watersol divisions are also looking to expand in South American and African continents. Our in-house R&D Labs facilitates unique development of new products that are new for markets.

Covid 19 gave us an opportunity to replace some parts of the supply chain being disrupted due to the closure of China and Chinese products. It's a good time for us to build on this new opportunity, to increase our markets in India and worldwide. We will be slowly, but surely inching towards the same.

#### 3. Threats:

Our business operation may fluctuate due to a variety of factors such as geopolitical development, technology obsolescence over a period, increase in input costs, delay in project execution, patent expiry etc. Threats also include the import of non-specified materials (like extruded films) from China, compelling us to keep our prices competitive.

#### 4. Internal control system and their adequacy:

The company's internal audit system is geared towards ensuring adequate internal controls commensurate with the size, complexity and needs of the business with the objective to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from misuse or disposition and that transaction are authorized, recorded and reported correctly.



All operating parameter are well defined and monitored periodically. Audit Committee continuously reviews the adequacy and efficacy of the internal controls. The internal control is designed with the ultimate objective of improving efficiency in its operation, better financial management and compliance with regulation and applicable laws.

The company has appointed a firm of Chartered Accountants as internal auditor in compliance of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 to conduct internal audit of functions and activities of the company. They report on quarterly basis to the company on their findings. Their report is reviewed by the Audit Committee Members and Statutory Auditors.

#### 5. Material developments in human resources/industrial relations front, including number of people employed:

Industrial relation during the year was cordial and peaceful without any disruption of manufacturing activities. Programs aiming motivation and technical and soft skills were conducted during the year. The company has implemented various safety measures and sanitization of work place for safety of employees. Company has also implemented work from home for non-factory staff and provided required technology support and tools to function smoothly. The company considers human capital as a critical asset and success factor for smooth organizational work flow and growth of the Company as all the products, patents and product application are Niche in themselves. Therefore, the quest for building a dedicated team is ongoing which will foster the growth of the Company. Manpower as on March 31, 2022 including workers, staff and executives was 81.

#### 6. Cautionary statement:

This analytical report contains forward-looking statements. AGTL may also make forward-looking statements in our periodic reports to the Stock Exchanges as per prevalent rules and in its annual report to shareholders, in its proxy statements, in its offering circulars and prospectuses, in press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by its officers, directors or employees to third parties. Arrow assumes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements in this release and elsewhere. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shilpan P Patel Chairman & Managing Director DIN:00341068

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th May 2022



#### **REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended March 31, 2022, in terms Regulation 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of regulations 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

The Corporate Governance signifies the role of the management as the trustees to the property of the shareholders and acceptance of the inherent rights of the shareholders by the management. Corporate Governance is a framework which helps various participants' viz. shareholders, Board of Directors and Company's management, in shaping company's performance and the way it is preceding towards attainment of its goals.

#### I. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

The Company's Corporate Governance philosophy encompasses not only regulatory and legal requirements, such as the terms of SEBI Listing Regulations, but also several voluntary practices at a superior level of business ethics, effective supervision and enhancement of shareholders' value.

The Company believes that timely disclosures, transparent accounting policies and a strong and independent Board go a long way in protecting the shareholders' interest while maximizing long term corporate values.

The Company is in compliance with the requirements on the Corporate Governance stipulated under SEBI Listing Regulations.

#### II. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### (a) Size and Composition of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has an ideal combination of executive and non-executive Directors and is in conformity with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations which inter-alia stipulates that the Board should have an optimum combination of Executive and Non-executive Directors with at least one Woman Director and not less than fifty percent of the Board should consist of Independent Directors, if the Chairman of the Board is an Executive Director.

As on March 31, 2022, the Board comprised seven Directors. Of these, two are Executive Directors; one is Non-Executive Non-Independent Woman Director, including the Chairman and Managing Director who is a Promoter Director. Remaining four are Independent Directors.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors is an Executive Director. The composition of the Board of Directors is in conformity with the Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Mr. Shilpan Patel, Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. Neil Patel, Joint Managing Director and Mrs. Jigisha Patel Non-Executive Non-Independent Woman Director are relative, except them other Directors of the Company are not related to each other.

All the Independent Directors of the Company furnish declaration annually that they qualify the conditions of their being independent as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 (1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. All such declarations are placed before the Board. Further all the Directors provide declarations annually that they have not been disqualified to act as Director under Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### (b) Number of Board Meetings

The Board of Directors met five (5) times during the financial 2021-22. The Meetings were held on June 04, 2021, June 24, 2021, August 14, 2021, November 01, 2021 and February 14, 2022. The maximum time gap between any two consecutive meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.

#### (c) Directors' attendance record and details of Directorships/Committee Positions held

As mandated by SEBI Listing Regulations, none of the Directors on Board is a member of more than ten Board level committees and Chairman of more than five such committees, across all such companies in which he/ she is a Director.

Further, none of the Directors of the Company serves as an Independent Director in more than seven listed companies.

The details of names and categories of Directors, their attendance at the Board Meetings held during the year and at the last Annual General Meeting as also the number of Directorships and Board-level committee positions held by them as at March 31, 2022 is tabulated hereunder.



Name	Category	No. of Board Meeting attended / held during	Attendance at last AGM held on September	No. of directorship held in other public	Committee Position in other companies	
		2021-22	29, 2021	company	Member	Chairman
Mr. Shilpan Patel	Managing Director	5/5	Present	-	-	-
Mr. Haresh Mehta	Independent	5/5	Present	-	-	-
Mr. Harish Mishra	Independent	5/5	Present	-	-	-
Mr. Neil Patel	Jt. Managing Director	4/5	Present	-	-	-
Mrs. Jigisha Patel	Non-Executive Non-Independent Woman Director	3/5	Present			
Mr. Dinesh Modi	Independent	5/5	Present	3	2	1
Mr. Dinkarray D Trivedi	Independent	4/5	Present	-	-	-

#### Notes:-

1. The directorship held by directors as mentioned above do not include Alternate Directorships and Directorships in Foreign Companies and Private Companies.

2. Membership/Chairmanship of only the Audit Committee and Stakeholder's Relationship Committee of all the public limited companies have been considered.

#### (d) Information to the Board

A detailed agenda folder is sent to each Director in advance of the Board Meetings. As a policy, all major decisions, in addition to matters which statutorily require the approval of the Board are put up for consideration of the Board.

The Board periodically reviews compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company, prepared by the Management as well as steps taken by the Company to rectify instances of non-compliances, if any. Further, the Board also reviews the Annual financial statements of the Unlisted Subsidiary Companies. In addition to the above, pursuant to Regulation 24 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Minutes of the Board Meetings of the Company's Unlisted Subsidiary Companies are placed before the Board.

#### (e) Directors with pecuniary relationship or business transaction with the Company:

The Chairman & Managing Director and the Jt. Managing Director receive Salary, Perquisites and Allowances, while all the Non-Executive Directors receive Sitting Fees.

#### (f) Nomination and Remuneration Policy & Remuneration to Directors:

Remuneration was paid Executive Directors i.e. Mr. Shilpan Patel, Chairman and Managing Director and Mr. Neil Patel, Joint Managing Director pursuant to the approval of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors and the Members of the Company, which is within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The Non-Executive Directors were paid sitting fees for attending the Meetings of the Board of Directors and the Committees, which is within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. The Company pays a sitting fee of ₹ 20,000/- for attending each Board Meeting and ₹ 10,000/- for attending each Committee Meetings.

The details of remuneration paid to Directors during the year ended March 31, 2022 and their shareholding are tabulated hereunder.

				(( 11 000)
Name of the Directors	Salary, Perquisites & Allowances	Sitting Fees	Total	No. of Shares held
Mr. Shilpan Patel	7,531	-	7,531	49,66,346
Mr. Haresh Mehta	-	260	260	8,315
Mr. Harish Mishra	-	220	220	900
Mr. Neil Patel	7,972	-	7,972	5,39,810
Mr. Dinesh Modi	-	250	250	50
Mr. Dinkarray Trivedi	-	150	150	-
Mrs. Jigisha Patel	-	80	80	18,22,205

(₹ in 000')



#### (g) Employee Stock Option Scheme:

The Company does not have any Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS).

#### (h) Management Discussion and Analysis

Management Discussion and Analysis is given in a separate section forming part of the Directors' Report in this Annual Report.

#### (i) Code of Conduct

The Board of Directors has laid down the Codes of Conduct ('Code'), for the all Board members and senior management of the company.

These Codes have been posted on the Company's website www.arrowgreentech.com. All the Board Members and Senior Management personnel of the Company have affirmed Compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them, for the year ended March 31, 2022. A declaration to this effect signed by Mr. Shilpan Patel, Chairman & Managing Director is annexed to this Report.

#### (j) Familiarization Programmes for Board Members

All Independent Directors are familiarized with the company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, nature of the industry in which the company operates, business model of the company, etc. from time to time. The Company makes consistent efforts to acquaint the Board with the overall business performance covering all business verticals, by way of presenting specific performance of Plant, Product Category and Corporate Function from time to time. The Board of Directors has complete access to the information within the Company. The Independent Directors have the freedom to interact with the Company's management. Directors are also informed of the various developments in the Company through various modes of communications. All efforts are made to ensure that the Directors are fully aware of the current state of affairs of the Company and the industry in which it operates.

Detailed agenda are sent well in advance to all the Directors in order for the Board to perform its function and fulfill its role effectively.

#### (k) Performance Evaluation and Independent Directors Meeting

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134 (3) (p), 149(8) and Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, annual performance evaluation of the Directors as well as of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee has been carried out.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board and the Performance Evaluation of the Chairman and Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors

During the year FY 2021-22, the Independent Directors of the Company also met on February 14, 2022, interalia, to discuss and carry out the evaluation of performance of (i) Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors of the Company as a whole, (ii) the evaluation of performance of the Chairman of the Company, and (iii) evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties

Criteria for evaluation of independent directors:

The Directors shall be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria i.e. whether they:

- i) uphold ethical standards of integrity and probity;
- ii) act objectively and constructively while exercising their duties;
- iii) exercise their responsibilities in a bona fide manner in the interest of the Company;
- iv) devote sufficient time and attention to their professional obligations for informed and balanced decision making;
- v) assist the Company in implementing the best corporate governance practices;
- vi) strive to attend all Meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Board committees of which they are members;
- vii) moderate and arbitrate in the interest of the Company as a whole, in situations of conflict between Management and Shareholder's interest;
- viii) satisfy themselves on the integrity of financial information and that financial controls and the systems of risk Management are robust and defensible;
- ix) strive to safeguard the interests of all stakeholders, particularly the minority shareholders;
- x) balance the conflicting interest of the stakeholders;
- xi) seek appropriate clarification or amplification of information and, where necessary, take and follow appropriate professional advice and opinion of outside experts;

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- xii) keep themselves well informed about the Company and the external environment in which it operates;
- xiii) participate constructively and actively in the committees of the Board in which they are chairpersons or members;
- xiv) strive to attend the general Meetings of the Company;
- xv) acting within their authority, assist in protecting the legitimate interests of the Company, shareholders and its employees;
- xví) pay sufficient attention and ensure that adequate deliberations are held before approving related party transactions and assure themselves that the same are in the interest of the Company;
- xvii) ascertain and ensure that the Company has an adequate and functional vigil mechanism and ensure that the interests of a person who uses such mechanism are not prejudicially affected on account of such use;
- xviii) report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy, if any;
- xix) maintain confidentiality of information such as commercial secrets, technologies, advertising and sales promotion plans, unpublished price sensitive information, unless such disclosure is expressly approved by the Board or required by law;
- xx) abide by Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, Company's policies and procedures including code of conduct, insider trading guidelines etc;
- xxi) they express concerns about the running of the Company or a proposed action and ensure that these are addressed by the Board and, to the extent that they are not resolved, insist that the concerns are recorded in the Minutes of the Board Meeting;
- xxii) develop a good working relationship with other Board members and contribute to the Board's working relationship with the senior Management of the Company;
- xxiii) fairly contribute towards proper functioning of Board or Committees of the Board.

The Independent Directors shall also be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria i.e. whether they:

- i) satisfy the criteria for independence as prescribed under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations;
- ii) help in bringing an independent judgment to bear on the Board's deliberations especially on issues of strategy, performance, risk Management, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct;
- iii) bring an objective view in the evaluation of the performance of Board and Management;
- iv) actively scrutinies the performance of Management in Meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitor the reporting of performance;
- v) undertake appropriate induction and regularly update and refresh their skills, knowledge and familiarity with the Company;
- vi) contribute to determine appointment and remuneration of executive Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and senior Management;
- vii) exercise objective independent judgment in the paramount interest of the Company as a whole, while concurring in or dissenting from the collective judgment of the Board in its decision making.

The Non-Independent Directors along with the Independent Directors, except the one who is being evaluated, will evaluate/assess each of the Independent Directors on the aforesaid parameters. On the basis of the report of performance evaluation, it shall be determined whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director.

#### III. BOARD COMMITTEE

Pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations there were four Committees as on March 31, 2022 viz. Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and CSR Committee. All decisions pertaining to the constitution of Committees, appointment of members and fixing of terms of reference / role of the Committees are taken by the Board of Directors. Details on the role and composition of these Committees, including the number of meetings held during the financial year and attendance at meetings, are provided below.

#### (a) Audit Committee

As on March 31, 2022, the Audit Committee comprises four (4) Independent Directors and one (1) Executive Director. All Members of the Audit Committee possess accounting and financial management knowledge.

The Internal Auditors and the representative of the statutory auditors are invited for the meetings of the Audit Committee. The Company Secretary is the Secretary to this Committee.

The Audit Committee met five times during the year, i.e. on June 04, 2021, June 24, 2021, August 14, 2021, November 01, 2021 and February 14, 2022. The maximum time gap between any two consecutive meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are noted by the Board. The details of the composition of the Committee, meetings held, attendance at the meetings, are tabulated hereunder



Name of the Member	Category	Position	No. of Meeting held	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Harish Mishra	Independent Director	Chairman	5	5
Mr. Dinesh Modi	Independent Director	Member	5	5
Mr. Haresh Mehta	Independent Director	Member	5	5
Mr. Dinkarray Trivedi	Independent Director	Member	5	4
Mr. Neil Patel	Executive Director	Member	5	4

Mr. Harish Mishra, Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to answer members' queries.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in conformity with the requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 177(4) of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the Audit Committee has powers which are in line with the SEBI Listing Regulations.

#### The terms of reference of the Audit Committee include the following:

- Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company;
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
  - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
  - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management
  - Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
  - Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
  - Disclosure of any related party transactions
    - Qualifications in the draft audit report
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties;
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- Reviewing the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
- · Consider such other matter the board may specify;
- Reviewing other areas that may be brought under the purview of role of Audit Committee as specified in Listing Agreement and the Companies Act, as and when amended.
- Approval of appointment of chief Financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- Carrying out any other functions as is mentioned in the terms of reference of audit committee.



#### Review of Information by Audit Committee:

Besides the above, the role of the Audit Committee includes mandatory review of the following information -

- Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the audit committee), submitted by Management;
- Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors, if any;
- Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be subject to review by the auditor committee;

#### (b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

As of March 31, 2022, this Committee comprised three Independent Directors. They are Mr. Harish Mishra (Chairman), Mr. Dinesh Modi and Mr. Haresh Mehta.

This Committee met three times during the previous financial year i.e. on June 24, 2021, August 14, 2021 and February 14, 2022. The Minutes of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meetings are noted by the Board. The details of the composition of the Committee, meetings held, attendance at the meetings, are tabulated hereunder:

Name of the Member	Position	Category	No. of Meeting held	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Harish Mishra	Chairman	Independent	3	3
Mr. Haresh Mehta	Member	Independent	3	3
Mr. Dinesh Modi	Member	Independent	3	3

In accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations, the role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company is as under:

- (a) Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- (b) Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors;
- (c) Devising a policy on Board diversity.
- (d) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- (e) Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors

#### (c) Stakeholder Relationship / Grievance Redressal Committee

As on March 31, 2022, this Committee comprises 3 (three) members of which, 2 (Two) are Non-Executive Directors. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Stakeholders Relationship / Grievance Redressal Committee. The Composition of Stakeholders Relationship / Grievance Redressal Committee as on March 31, 2022, is given below:

The details of the composition of the Committee, meetings held, attendance at the meetings, are tabulated hereunder.

Name of the Member	Position	Category	No. of Meeting held	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Haresh Mehta	Chairman	Independent	4	4
Mr. Dinesh Modi	Member	Independent	4	4
Mr. Neil Patel	Member	Executive	4	3

The Committee deals with the following matters:

- Noting transfer/transmission of shares.
- Review of dematerialised/rematerialised shares and all other related matters.
- Monitors expeditious redressal of Investor grievance matters received from Stock Exchanges, SEBI, ROC, etc.
- Monitors redressal of queries/complaints received from members relating to transfers, non-receipt of Annual Report, dividend etc.
- All other matters related to shares/debentures.

#### (d) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee has been formed pursuant to section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, to formulate and recommend to the Board, a

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Corporate Social Responsibility Policy indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII to the Act, to recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on such activities and to monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the company from time to time.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company www.arrowgreentech.com.

Annual Report on CSR activities is prepared and is attached as ANNEXURE IV to the Directors Report.

This Committee met one time during the previous financial year i.e. on June 24, 2021.

The details of the composition of the Committee, meetings held, attendance at the meetings, are tabulated hereunder:

Name of the Member	Position	Category	No. of Meeting held	No. of Meeting attended
Mr. Harish Mishra	Chairman	Independent	1	1
Mr. Haresh Mehta	Member	Independent	1	1
Mr. Shilpan Patel	Member	Executive	1	1

#### IV. DISCLOSURES

#### a) Related party transactions:

During the year under review, besides the transactions reported in Notes to Accounts, forming part of the Annual Report, there were no other related party transactions with its promoters, directors and management that had a potential conflict of interest of the Company at large.

#### b) Compliance by the Company

There is no non-compliance by the Company or any penalties, strictures imposed by the Stock Exchange, SEBI or any other statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

#### c) Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the Ind AS, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India to the extent possible.

#### d) Disclosures of Risk Management

The Board discussed the risk assessment procedure and the same has been laid before the Board from time to time.

#### e) CEO/CFO Certification

A certification in the terms of Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (LODR) Regulation 2015 from (CEO) Mr. Shilpan Patel, Chairman & Managing Director of the Company, in respect of financial year ended March 31, 2022 was placed before the Board.

#### f) Review of Directors Responsibility Statement

The Board in its report has confirmed that the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2022 have been prepared as per applicable Ind AS and policies and that sufficient care has been taken for maintaining adequate accounting records.

#### g) Whistle Blower Policy

The Company has adopted Whistle Blower Policy to empower any person associated with the organization to file a grievance if he/ she notice any irregularity. However, the Company has not denied access to any personnel to approach the Audit Committee.

# h) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non- mandatory requirements of this clause.

Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Regulation of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The details of these compliances along with the non-mandatory requirements adopted by the Company have been given in the relevant sections of this report.



#### V. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

In accordance with Regulation 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has maintained a functional website at http://www.arrowgreentech.com containing information about the Company viz., details of its business, financial information, shareholding pattern, compliance with corporate governance, details of the policies approved by the Company, contact information of the designated officials of the Company who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances etc. The contents of the said website are updated from time to time.

The quarterly and annual consolidated financial results, notices of Board Meetings and Annual General Meetings, are normally published in Financial Express (English) and Mumbai Lakshadeep (Marathi) newspapers.

Further, the Company disseminates to the Stock Exchanges (i.e. BSE and NSE), wherein its equity shares are listed, all mandatory information and price sensitive/ such other information, which in its opinion, are material and/or have a bearing on its performance/ operations and issues press releases, wherever necessary, for the information of the public at large.

#### VI. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

#### (i) Location and time of last three Annual General Meetings ('AGM') held:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue
2020-2021	September 29, 2021	04.00 p.m.	Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)
2019-2020	September 29, 2020	10.30 a.m.	
2018-2019	September 07, 2019	10.30 a.m.	The Conference Hall, Solitaire Corporate Park, Bldg No 3, 7 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Unit No 372, Guru Hargovindji Marg, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai 400093

#### (ii) Special Resolutions passed in last 3 Extra Ordinary / Annual General Meetings:

Date of A.G.M. / E.O.G.M.	Particulars of Special Resolution
September 29,2021	To approve Re-appointment of Mr. Dinkarray D Trivedi as an Independent Director of the Company To approve Related Party Transaction
September 29,2020	To approve Re-appointment of Mr. Shilpan P Patel as Managing Director of the Company To approve Re-appointment of Mr. Neil S Patel as Jt. Managing Director of the Company To approve Related Party Transaction
March 29, 2019	To approve continuation of Mr. Dinkarray D Trivedi as a Director (Category- Non Executive Independent) of the Company

#### (iii) Special Resolutions passed through Postal Ballot

During the year No Special Resolution was passed through Postal Ballot.

#### VII. GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

#### a) Annual General Meeting

Time	:	4:30 P.M.
Date	:	30th September, 2022
Venue	:	Through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)

#### b) Financial Calendar:

The financial year of the Company covers the financial period from April 1 to March 31. The tentative dates of the Board Meetings for consideration of financial results for the year ending March 31, 2023 are as follows: 1st Quarter Results : by August 14, 2022 2nd Quarter Results : by November 14, 2022 3rd Quarter Results : by February 14, 2023

3rd Quarter Results : I	by February 14, 2023
4th Quarter & Annual Results : I	Before May 30, 2023

d) Date of Book Closure : 28th September, 2022 to 30th September, 2022(both days inclusive)



#### e) Dividend Payment Date

: within 5 days from the date of AGM

#### f) Listing on Stock Exchanges:

Presently, the Equity Shares of the Company are listed on the BSE Limited (BSE) and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). The Company has paid the annual listing fees for the year 2021-22 to BSE and NSE.

#### g) Stock Code

ISIN for NSDL & CDSL	INE570D01018
BSE	516064
NSE	ARROWGREEN

#### h) Corporate Identification Number:

Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company, allotted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India is L21010MH1992PLC069281

#### i) Share Price Data: High/Low and Volume during each month of 2021-2022 at BSE and NSE:

Month	Company's Shares price at BSE Ltd* (₹)			r's Shares BSE \$ SE Ltd* (₹)		ensex	Nif	fty
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
April, 2021	78.80	64.25	76.60	63.50	50,375.77	47,204.50	15044.35	14151.40
May, 2021	129.50	71.70	128.80	70.70	52,013.22	48,028.07	15606.35	14416.25
June, 2021	179.85	97.50	183.00	97.60	53,126.73	51,450.58	15915.65	15450.90
July, 2021	170.00	139.70	169.00	140.05	53,290.81	51,802.73	15962.25	15513.45
August, 2021	168.90	105.45	167.95	105.60	57,625.26	52,804.08	17153.50	15834.65
September, 2021	144.30	115.20	146.30	116.00	60,412.32	57,263.90	17947.65	17055.05
October, 2021	127.05	101.50	133.00	102.00	62,245.43	58,551.14	18604.45	17452.90
November, 2021	176.70	105.10	176.45	105.25	61,036.56	56,382.93	18210.15	16782.40
December, 2021	149.60	115.15	150.95	116.10	59,203.37	55,132.68	17639.50	16410.20
January, 2022	153.05	119.55	151.95	120.30	61,475.15	56,409.63	18350.95	16836.80
February, 2022	144.20	85.10	144.00	84.30	59,618.51	54,383.20	17794.60	16203.25
March, 2022	111.80	86.40	113.90	87.25	58,890.92	52,260.82	17559.80	15671.45

\*Source: www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com

#### j) Share Transfer System:

The Registrars and Share Transfer Agent have put in place an appropriate Share Transfer system to ensure timely share transfers. Share transfers are registered and returned in the normal course within an average period of 15 days from the date of receipt, if the documents are clear in all respects. Requests for dematerialization of shares are processed and confirmation is given to the respective depositories i.e. NSDL and CDSL within 21 days.



#### VIII. Shareholding pattern as at March 31, 2022:

Sr. No	Category of Holders	No. of Shares held	% of Shares held
1.	Promoter and Promoter group	99,10,555	70.35
2.	Mutual Funds/UTI	-	-
3.	Banks/Financial Institutions/ Insurance Companies (Central/ State Govt. Institutions/ Non Govt. Institutions)	-	-
4.	Venture Capital Funds	-	-
5.	Foreign Portfolio Investors	600	0.00
6.	Bodies Corporate	86,946	0.62
7.	Individuals		
	<₹2 Lac	23,36,386	16.58
	>₹2 Lac	9,95,318	7.07
8.	Clearing Member	26,806	0.19
9.	NRI	1,35,801	0.96
10.	Trust	-	-
11.	Overseas Corporate Bodies	1,76,626	1.25
12.	Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF)	1,91,084	1.36
13.	HUF	2,22,106	1.58
14.	LLP	5,710	0.04
	TOTAL	1,40,87,938	100.00

#### IX. The Distribution of Shareholding as at March 31, 2022:

Slab o	of Sh	ares Holding	No. of Shareholders	%	Amount (₹ in 000')	%
1	-	500	8171	89.37	808312	5.74
501	-	1000	482	5.27	381635	2.71
1001	-	2000	235	2.57	365786	2.60
2001	-	3000	81	0.89	205907	1.46
3001	-	4000	38	0.42	135096	0.96
4001	-	5000	31	0.34	143071	1.02
5001	-	10,000	51	0.56	383907	2.73
10,001	-	Above	54	0.59	11664224	82.80
Total			9143	100.00	14,08,79	100.00

#### X. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:

As on March 31, 2022 about 99.30% of the Company's Equity Shares were held in dematerialized form with National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited. The break-up of equity shares held in Physical and dematerialised form as on March 31, 2022, is given below:

Category	No. of Shares	Percentage
NSDL	1,14,63,410	81.37
CDSL	25,25,611	17.93
PHYSICAL	98,917	0.70
TOTAL	1,40,87,938	100.00

The Promoters hold their entire equity shareholding in the Company in dematerialized form. The Company's equity shares are regularly traded on the BSE and NSE.



#### XI. Registrar and Share Transfer Agents: Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd,

C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai- 400083 Tel No.: 022 – 49186270 Fax No.: 022 – 49186060 E-mail: <u>rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in</u>

# XII. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/ Warrants or any Convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity: Not applicable

#### XIII. Plant location:

Plot No. 5310/5311, GIDC, Ankleshwar - 393 002 (Gujarat)

#### XIV. Address for Investor Correspondence:

For any assistance regarding dematerialization of shares, share transfers, transmissions, change of address, non-receipt of dividend or any other query relating to shares, please write to: **Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd,** Unit : "Arrow Greentech Ltd." C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai-400083 Tel No. : 022 – 49186270 Fax No. : 022 – 49186060 E-mail: <u>rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in</u>

For General Correspondence: **Ms. Poonam Bansal** Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

#### Arrow Greentech Ltd.

1/F Laxmi Industrial Estate New Link Road Andheri (West) Mumbai 400 053 Tel No.: 022 - 4074 9000 Email: poonam@arrowgreentech.com

#### XV. Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance:

The Company has obtained a Certificate from Haribhakti & Co. LLP, regarding compliance of the conditions of Corporate governance, as stipulated in Regulation 34 (3) and PART E of Schedule II of SEBI Listing Regulations, which together with this Report on Corporate Governance is annexed to this Report and shall be sent to all the members of the Company and the Stock Exchanges along with the Annual Report of the Company.

#### XVI. INVESTOR SAFEGUARDS AND OTHER INFORMATION:

#### (i) Revalidation of Dividend warrants:

In respect of members who have either not opted for NECS/ECS mandate or do not have such a facility with their banker and who have not encashed earlier dividends paid by the Company, are requested to write to Company's Share Transfer Agents for revalidation of expired dividend warrants and failing their encashment for a period of 7 years, they stand to lose the right to claim such dividend owing to transfer of unclaimed dividends beyond 7 years to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

#### (ii) Transfer of Unclaimed Dividend to Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF):

Under the Companies Act, 2013, dividends which remain unclaimed for a period of 7 years are required to be transferred to the Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) administered by the Central Government Dates of declaration of dividends since Financial Year 2014-15 and the corresponding dates when unclaimed dividends are due to be transferred to the Central Government are given in the table below.



Financial Year	Type of Dividend	Dividend Per Share ₹	Date of Declaration	Due date for Transfer to IEPF	Amount remaining unclaimed / unpaid as on March 31, 2022 (₹ in 000')
31.03.2015	Final	2.50	Sep 29, 2015	Nov 04, 2022	641.81
31.03.2016	Interim	3.00	Feb 06, 2016	Mar 14, 2023	702.78
31.03.2016	Final	1.50	Sep 27, 2016	Nov 03, 2023	454.11
31.03.2017	Final	5.60	Sep 13,2017	Oct 19, 2024	1,338.59
31.03.2018	Final	2.00	Sep 15, 2018	Oct 21, 2025	516.66
31.03.2019	Final	0.50	Sep 07, 2019	Oct 13, 2026	138.93

Members are further requested to note that after completion of 7 years, no claims shall lie against the said Fund or Company for the amounts of dividend so transferred, nor shall any payment be made in respect of such claims.

#### (iii) Update Address/ E-mail Address/ Bank details:

To receive all communications/corporate actions promptly, members holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to please update their address/email address/bank details with the respective DPs and in case of physical shares, the updated details have to be intimated to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agents.

#### (iv) Electronic Service of Documents to Members at Registered Email Address:

In accordance with Rule 18 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 notified under the Companies Act, 2013, the Companies may give Notice of the General Meetings through electronic mode. Further, the said Rule provides that advance opportunity should be given at least once in a financial year to the Members / Members for registering their email address and changes therein, as may be applicable. Further Rule 11 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 notified under the Companies Act, 2013 provides that in case of listed companies, financial statements may be sent by electronic mode to such members / members whose shareholding is in dematerialized form and whose email Ids are registered with the Depository for communication purposes. As regards Members / Members whose shareholding is held in physical form, the financial statements may be sent in electronic mode to those members who have positively consented in writing for receiving by electronic mode.

In view of the above, the Company shall send all documents to Members like General Meeting Notices (including AGM), Annual Reports comprising Audited Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and any other future communication (hereinafter referred as "documents") in electronic form, in lieu of physical form, to all those members, whose email address is registered with Depository Participant (DP)/Registrars & Share Transfer Agents (RTA) (hereinafter "registered email address') and made available to us, which has been deemed to be the member's registered email address for serving the aforesaid documents.

To enable the servicing of documents electronically to the registered email address, we request the members to keep their email addresses validated/ updated from time to time. We wish to reiterate that Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to please inform any changes in their registered e-mail address to their DP from time to time and Members holding shares in physical form have to write to our RTA, M/s Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. at their specified address, so as to update their registered email address from time to time.

It may be noted that the Annual Report of the Company will also be available on the Company's website www.arrowgreentech.com for ready reference. Members are also requested to take note that they will be entitled to be furnished, free of cost, the aforesaid documents, upon receipt of requisition from the member, any time, as a member of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai Date: August 13, 2022 Shilpan P Patel Chairman & Managing Director



# DECLARATION ON COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CONDUCT

#### To The Member of **Arrow Greentech Ltd.**

Pursuant to Regulation 26(3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 entered into with the Stock Exchanges, I hereby declare that the Company has obtained affirmative compliance with the code of conduct from all the Board members and senior management personnel of the Company.

Place: Mumbai Date: May 28, 2022 Sd/-Shilpan P Patel Chairman & Managing Director



# Independent Auditor's Certificate on Compliance with the Corporate Governance requirements under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

#### To The Members of Arrow Greentech Limited

- 1. This Certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated September 30, 2021.
- 2. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Arrow Greentech Limited ('the Company'), for the year ended on March 31, 2022, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46 (2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

#### Management's Responsibility

3. The Management is responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the conditions of Corporate Governance. This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls and procedures to ensure compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

- 4. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
- 5. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purpose of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.
- 6. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of the Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
- 7. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements issued by ICAI.

#### Opinion

- 8. Based on our examination, as above, and to the best of the information and explanations given to us and representations provided by the management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46 (2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations during the year ended March 31, 2022.
- 9. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

#### **Restriction on Use**

10. The certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose to enable the Company to comply with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing. We have no responsibility to update this certificate for any event or circumstances occurring after the date of this certificate.

For Haribhakti & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W / W100048

Snehal Shah Partner Membership No. 048539 UDIN : 22048539AQGYDC6223



#### CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

#### To The Members ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED

We have examined the relevant registers, records forms, returns and disclosers received from the Directors of **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED** Having CIN : L21010MH1992PLC069281 and having registered office at 1/F Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road, Andheri (W), Mumbai-400 053 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca. gov. in taken on 13/08/2022) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sir No	Name of the Directors	DIN	Date of appointment in Company.
1	DINESH NAVNITLAL MODI	00004556	05/08/2014
2	SHILPAN PRAVIN PATEL	00341068	30/10/1992
3	HARESH CHHOTALAL MEHTA	00376589	29/09/2015
4	DINKARRAY DURGASHANKAR TRIVEDI	00380306	13/02/2017
5	NEIL SHILPAN PATEL	00607101	01/06/2012
6	HARISH BALBHADRA MISHRA	05301127	01/06/2012
7	JIGISHA SHILPAN PATEL	01899528	14/07/2021

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment/ continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Rajendra And Co., Company Secretaries,

CS. Rajendra R. Vaze . FCS 4847. CP 1975 .

Place : Mumbai Dated : 13th August 2022 UDIN No : F004247D000791429



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Members of Arrow Greentech Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Arrow Greentech Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone Ind AS financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "standalone Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its loss (including other comprehensive income), its changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 49 to the standalone Ind AS financial statements regarding non provision for fire insurance claim of ₹11,209 thousands (net), being rejected by Insurance Company. The Company has filed application with insurance company for claiming balance insurance claim. Pending disposal of application filed with insurance company, the management is hopeful of realisation of balance claim amount and no further provision is considered necessary in this regard.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
1	Recognition of Deferred Tax on Unabsorbed losses and Minimum Alternate tax credit Refer Note 34C of standalone financial statements The Company recognises deferred tax assets on unused tax losses and minimum alternate tax credit to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be used. Future realization of deferred tax assets depends on the existence of sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character. Sources of taxable income include future reversals of deferred tax liabilities, expected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies.	<ul> <li>Our audit procedures included:</li> <li>a) Design and Implementation of internal financial controls - Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls in respect of the identification and evaluation of deferred tax and the recording and re-assessment of the related liabilities/assets and provisions and disclosures.</li> <li>b) Validation of Accounting Policy - We have assessed the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policy on revenue recognition by comparing with applicable accounting standards.</li> </ul>



Sr. I No.	Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
defe depr such 31,2 of ₹ resp Alter asse reco taxa India carry to be This the a and Corr fored unde degr of e eval	ing the year, the Company has recognised a erred tax asset in respect of unabsorbed reciation of ₹ 16,296 thousand. The balance of h deferred tax asset as at March 31, 2022 is ₹ 200 thousand (comprising of deferred tax asset 16,296 thousand Lakh and ₹ 6,296 thousand in bect of unabsorbed depreciation and Minimum rnate tax credit, respectively). The deferred tax et is recognised as it is considered to be overable based on the Company's projected able profits in the forthcoming years. Under an Accounting Standard 12 Income Taxes the ying amount of a deferred tax asset is required e reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Is has been determined as a key audit matter as amount is significant to the financial statements significant judgement was required by the npany's Management in the preparation of casts of future taxable profits based on the erlying business plans. This required a high ree of auditor judgment and an increased extent effort when performing audit procedures to luate the reasonableness of management's mates of taxable income.	<ul> <li>c) Test of details –</li> <li>We tested management's assumptions including forecasts and sensitivity analysis in respect of recoverability of deferred taxes on unabsorbed depreciation and Minimum Alternate tax credit.</li> <li>Evaluated the progress made by the Company in recent periods vis-a-vis the budget along with reasons for variance if any which inter-alia included monitoring of progress of projects and related costs and improvement of order book position;</li> <li>We evaluated existing deferred tax liabilities in the same tax jurisdiction that may be used to offset existing unused tax losses prior to their expiry date;</li> <li>We analyzed the consistency of cash flow forecasts with management's latest estimates presented to the Board of Directors as part of the budget process;</li> <li>We evaluated whether the estimates of future taxable income were consistent with evidence obtained in other areas of the audit</li> <li>We tested the reasonableness of the managements estimate of the business plan data and long-term growth rates accurately reflected those used in the measurement of deferred taxes;</li> <li>We have evaluated disclosures of the tax positions, tax loss carry forwards and tax litigations in the standalone Ind AS financial statements.</li> <li>We reviewed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures for deferred tax assets.</li> </ul>

# **Other Information**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis and Directors' Report forming part of Annual Report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements, consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone. Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(I) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- (1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we report in "Annexure 1", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (2) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;



- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure 2";
- g. With respect to the other matter to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/ provided by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act;

- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements Refer Note 36 on Contingent Liabilities to the standalone Ind AS financial statements;
  - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts. Hence, the question of any material foreseeable losses does not arise;
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
  - (iv) (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (iv) b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (iv) (c) Based on the audit procedures that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
  - (v) The Company has not declared nor paid any dividend during the year. Hence, reporting the compliance with section 123 of the Act is not applicable.

# For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W / W100048

# **Snehal Shah**

Partner Membership No.048539 UDIN: 22048539AJUHHK6574 Place: Mumbai Date: May 28, 2022



#### ANNEXURE 1 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Arrow Greentech Limited ("the Company") on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022]

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information, explanations and written representation given to us by the management and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we report that:

- (I) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (a) (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
  - (b) During the year, the Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the management and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of lessee) disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements are held in the name of the Company, except for the details given below:

Description of property	Gross carrying value (₹ in `000)	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in name of Company
Buildings	229	Rishil Exports	Yes, relative of promoter	April 01, 1994	It is held in earlier name of the Company and the Management is in process of transferring it to its new name

- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and Intangible Assets during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022 for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year, except for goods in transit. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification carried out during the year.
  - (b) The Company has not obtained any sanctioned working capital limit during the year, from banks and/or financial institutions, on the basis of security of current assets. Therefore, reporting under clause (ii)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (lii) (a) During the year, the Company has provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to the following entities:

Sr No	Particulars	Guarantees (₹ in `000)	Security (₹ in `000)	Loans (₹ in `000)	Advances in the nature of loans (₹ in `000)`
1	Aggregate amount granted / provided during the year				
	- Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	34,450	Nil
	- Associates	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	- Jointly Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	- Others	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2	Balance outstanding as at March 31, 2022 in respect of above cases				
	- Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	2,35,462	Nil
	- Associates	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	- Jointly Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	- Others	Nil	Nil	2,508	Nil



- (b) The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided by the Company during the year are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest in respect of the loans and advances in the nature of loans have not been stipulated. Thus, we are unable to comment whether the repayments or receipts during the year are regular and report amounts overdue for more than ninety days, if any, as required under clause (iii)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order.
- (d) In respect of the aforesaid loans and advances in the nature of loans, no demand has been raised by the Company till date and hence reporting under clause (iii) (d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (e) There were no loans or advances in the nature of loan granted which has/have fallen due during the year, have been renewed or extended. Further, there were no instances of fresh loans being granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, except for loan of ₹235,462 thousand paid to a subsidiary company.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Accordingly, reporting under clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records for any of the products of the Company under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (Vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with the appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax (GST), provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, though there has been slight delay in few cases.

#### AND

No undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, GST, customs duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, except as follows:

#### Statement of Arrears of Statutory Dues Outstanding for More than Six Months

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount ( ₹ in '000)	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment	Remarks
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	VAT	95	2006-2007	March 31, 2007	Unpaid	Outstanding as on date
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	VAT	40	2007-2008	March 31, 2008	Unpaid	Outstanding as on date
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	VAT	21	2009-2010	March 31, 2010	Unpaid	Outstanding as on date



(b) The dues outstanding with respect to provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, GST, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, customs duty, excise duty and cess, on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Statement of Disputed Dues

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount ( ₹ in '000)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	VAT	2,839	2003-2004	Assistant Commissioner of Sales Tax(Appeal), Mumbai	
Central Sales Tax Act	CST	442	2003-2004	Assistant Commissioner of Sales Tax(Appeal), Mumbai	
Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002	VAT	3,671	2004-2005	Assistant Commissioner of Sales Tax(Appeal), Mumbai	
Central Sales Tax Act	CST	3,521	2004-2005	Assistant Commissioner of Sales Tax (Appeal), Mumbai	
Central Sales Tax Act	CST	3,553	2007-2008	Dy. Commissioner of Sales Tax (Appeals)-3, Mumbai	
Income Tax Act, 1961 Tribunal	Income Tax	6,888	A.Y.2014-2015	Income Tax Appellate	
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	51,784	A.Y.2017-2018	Commissioner of Income Tax	
Income Tax Act, 1961 Tribunal	Income Tax	2,345	A.Y.2015-2016	Income Tax Appellate	

- (viii) We have not come across any transaction(s) which were previously not recorded in the books of account of the Company that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) The Company has prima facie utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained.
  - (d) On an overall examination of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) On an overall examination of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries and associates as defined under the Act.
  - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries and associates as defined under the Act.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public issue offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Therefore, reporting under clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Therefore, reporting under clause (x)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company nor any fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instance by the management.
  - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government by the auditors of the Company in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, during the year or upto the date of this report.
  - (c) There are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, reporting under clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.

# 1

# **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**

- (xiii) All transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the Internal Audit Reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them during the year and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, reporting under clause (xvi)(a) and (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable.
  - (b) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 ("Directions") by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xvi)© and (d) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable.
  - (c) As informed by the Company, the Group to which the Company belongs has no CIC as part of the Group.

(xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and the immediately preceding financial year.

- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly, reporting under clause (xviii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which cause us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of this audit report and that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) There are no unspent amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act in compliance with second proviso to section 135(5) of the said Act. Hence, reporting under clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) The Company does not have any ongoing projects and hence reporting under clause (xx) (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.

# For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W / W100048

**Snehal Shah** 

Partner Membership No.048539 UDIN: 22048539AJUHHK6574 Place: Mumbai Date: May 28, 2022



# ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section in our Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Arrow Greentech Limited on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Arrow Greentech Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone IndAS financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

# For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W / W100048

Snehal Shah Partner UDIN: 22048539AJUHHK6574 Place: Mumbai Date: May 28, 2022



# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As	As at		
r ai liculai s	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets					
Property, plant and equipment	3	1,32,787	1,35,168		
Capital work-in-progress	3B	1,952	-		
Right of Use assets	3A	2,520	1,172		
Intangible assets	3	6,831	8,834		
Intangible assets under development	3	5,239	3,364		
Investment Property	4	1,223	1,286		
Investment in subsidiaries and associates	5	7,902	7,902		
Financial assets					
(i) Investments	5A	8,262	55,530		
(ii) Loans	6	2,35,462	1,83,388		
(iii) Other Financial Asset	7	3,988	5,016		
Deferred tax assets (Net)	34(c)	31,200	11,467		
Income tax assets (Net)	8	7,705	10,444		
Other non - current assets	9	14,028	66,661		
Total Non- current assets		4,59,099	4,90,232		
Current assets		.,,	.,,		
Inventories	10	59,621	31,390		
Financial assets		00,021	01,000		
(i) Trade Receivables	11	27,288	66,858		
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	11,280	6,815		
(iii) Bank balances other then (ii) above	13	1,00,327	83,664		
(iv) Loans	14	28	203		
(v) Other financial assets	15	1,387	618		
Other current assets	16	31,971	32,460		
Total current assets	10	2,31,902	2,22,008		
TOTAL ASSETS		6,91,001	7,12,240		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		0,91,001	7,12,240		
Equity					
Equity Share Capital	17	1,40,879	1,40,879		
Other Equity	17	4,44,651	4,61,644		
Total Equity	10	5,85,530	6,02,523		
Non-current liabilities		5,65,550	0,02,525		
Financial Liabilities	19	22.513	30.150		
(i) Borrowings	-		,		
(ii) Lease Liabilities	3A	1,712	345		
Provisions	20	2,111	2,272		
Total Non current Liabilities		26,336	32,767		
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities		44.040	0.500		
(i) Borrowings	19A	11,840	9,599		
(ii) Trade payables	21				
- Total outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises		296	501		
- Total outstanding dues to others		29,182	16,015		
(iii) Other financial liabilities	22	29,814	43,143		
(iv) Lease Liabilities	3A	946	1,233		
Provisions	23	3,385	2,448		
Other current liabilities	24	3,672	4,011		
Total current Liabilities		79,135	76,950		
Total Liabilities		1,05,471	1,09,717		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		6,91,001	7,12,240		
Significant accounting policies	2				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-55)

#### As Per our report of even date.

#### For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN no. 103523W/W100048

#### **Snehal Shah**

Partner Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : May 28, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited CIN: L21010MH1992PLC069281

Shilpan Patel

Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

#### Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer

**Neil Patel** Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

**Poonam Bansal** Company Secretary

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# STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	N	lotes	Year ended		
		10100	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
INCOME					
Revenue from Operations		25	2,39,145	2,67,707	
Other Income		26	70,236	31,422	
Total Income			3,09,381	2,99,129	
EXPENSES					
Cost of Material Consumed		27	63,559	38,236	
Purchase of stock-in-trade			45,926	31,668	
Change in inventory of finished goods, work-in-progress & stock in	trade	28	(8,537)	14,507	
Employees Benefits Expenses		29	63,923	58,215	
Finance Costs		30	5,314	6,268	
Depreciation and Amortisation expenses		3-4	39,261	42,216	
Other Expenses		31	1,29,782	91,945	
Total Expenses		-	3,39,228	2,83,055	
Profit/(Loss) before tax			(29,847)	16,074	
Income tax expense			(,)		
Current Tax		34	7,027	2,718	
Deferred Tax		34	(19,775)	(11,877)	
Total tax expense			(12,748)	(9,159)	
Profit/(Loss) after tax			(17,099)	25,233	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss					
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	<u> </u>		(149)	(642)	
Income tax relating to the above items			42	179	
			(107)	463	
Tatal comprohensive income for the year, not of tax			(16,992)	25,696	
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax Earnings per equity share (₹)			(10,992)	25,090	
Basic and Diluted [Nominal value of the shares ₹ 10 (March 31, 20	21 · ₹ 10\]	35	(1.21)	1.79	
	21.(10)]	55	(1.21)	1.15	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial sta	tements (1-55)				
	tements (1-55)				
As Per our report of even date.		the Be	and of Directors	of	
As Per our report of even date. For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants	tements (1-55) For and on behalf of t Arrow Greentech Lim CIN : L21010MH1992F	nited		of	
As Per our report of even date. For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN no. 103523W/W100048	For and on behalf of Arrow Greentech Lim CIN : L21010MH1992F	nited		of	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial sta As Per our report of even date. For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN no. 103523W/W100048 Snehal Shah Partner Membership No. 048539	For and on behalf of Arrow Greentech Lim	nited	9281	g Director	
As Per our report of even date. For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN no. 103523W/W100048 Snehal Shah Partner	For and on behalf of Arrow Greentech Lim CIN : L21010MH1992F Shilpan Patel Managing Director	nited PLC06	9281 <b>Neil Patel</b> Jt. Managir	g Director )607101 <b>ansal</b>	



# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 202
Operating activities			
Profit before tax after exceptional items		(29,847)	16,074
Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows			
Depreciation and amortisation		39,261	42,216
- Fair value Loss / (gain) on non-current investments		(1,439)	1,229
Provision For Doubtful Debts		7,972	474
Provision For Doubtful Advances		11,790	2,284
Sundry balances (written back)/ written off		(298)	(7,169
Jnrealised Foreign Exchange gain		1,614	1,272
5 5 5			
Net gain on sale of Long term investments		1,263	645
oss on Sale/write off of Property, plant and equipment		-	504
inance Cost		5,314	6,26
nterest income		(23,121)	(19,597
Dividend Income		(41,252)	(2,547
		(28,743)	41,653
Norking capital adjustments:			
Decrease/ (Increase) in non-current assets		41,018	6,994
Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables		31,844	(40,310
Decrease/ (Increase) in current assets		492	5,106
Decrease/ (Increase) in Inventories		(28,231)	(877
ncrease/ (Decrease) in provisions		925	1,708
ncrease/ (Decrease) in trade payables		11,101	(10,266
ncrease/ (Decrease) in other financial Liabilities		(13,338)	2,488
ncrease/ (Decrease) in other Liabilities		741	(1,951)
		15,809	4,544
ncome tax paid	(	(4,284)	(5,269
Net Cash Flow from/ (utilised in) operating activities	(A)	11,524	(725)
nvesting activities		(00.000)	(0.1.1.50)
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment including CWIP		(39,990)	(24,153
_oan to subsidiary company		(32,491)	(49,090)
Loan to Others		-	1,124
Naturity of mutual fund investment, net		47,444	40,196
Investments in)/maturity of Bank deposits		(15,876)	6,948
Dividend Received		41,251	2,547
nterest Received		3,305	19,501
Net cash flows from investing activities	(B)	3,643	(2,927)
inancing activities:			
Proceeds from Long term Borrowing		5,000	
Repayment of Long term Borrowing		(10,397)	(8,425
Finance cost Paid		(5,305)	(6,268
Net cash (used in) financing activities	(C)	(10,702)	(14,693)
<b>let Increase / (Decrease) In Cash And Cash Equivalents</b> Effect of exchange difference on Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C)	4,465	(18,345
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		6,815	25,160
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note - 12)		11,280	6,81



# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 2021	
Components of closing cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand		320	186	
Balances with Banks In Current Accounts Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year		10,960 - 11,280	6,454 175 6,815	
Particulars	Balance as at 01-Apr-21	Cash flows	Balance as at 31-Mar-22	
Non current borrowings, refer note 19	39,749	(5,397)	34,352	
Total	39,749	(5,397)	34,352	

Particulars	Balance as at 01-Apr-20	Cash flows	Balance as at 31-Mar-21
Non current borrowings, refer note 19	48,174	(8,425)	39,749
Total	48,174	(8,425)	39,749

#### Notes:

Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 (Ind AS -7) "Statement of Cash Flow"

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary, to conform to figures of the current year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-55)

#### As Per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN no. 103523W/W100048

**Snehal Shah** Partner Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : May 28, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited CIN : L21010MH1992PLC069281

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer **Neil Patel** Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\mathbf{F}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### a. Equity shares of Indian ₹ 10/- each issued, subscribed and fully paid

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879

#### b. Other Equity

	Attributable to owners Reserves and Surplus					
	Securities Premium Reserve	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total	
Balance at March 31, 2020	90,247	8,218	200	3,37,283	4,35,948	
Profit for the year	-	-	-	25,233	25,233	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	463	463	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	25,696	25,696	
Transactions with owners of company						
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at March 31, 2021	90,247	8,218	200	3,62,978	4,61,644	
Profit for the year	-	-	-	(17,099)	(17,099)	
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	107	107	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(16,992)	(16,992)	
Transactions with owners of company				-		
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance at March 31, 2022	90,247	8,218	200	3,45,986	4,44,651	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-55)

As Per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN no. 103523W/W100048

**Snehal Shah** Partner Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : May 28, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited CIN: L21010MH1992PLC069281

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer Neil Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

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#### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. Corporate Information

Arrow Greentech Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Its shares are listed on BSE & NSE in India. The company is engaged in business of bio-degradable (green) products, high-tech product and having Patents income for such products/technology. The company caters to both domestic and international markets.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### A Basis of accounting and preparation of Financial Statements:

#### Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS):

a) These Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements ("Financial Statements") of the Company, have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act and accounting principles generally accepted in India. These Financial Statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 28, 2022.

#### **Functional and Presentation Currency**

These Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousands, except otherwise indicated.

#### **Basis of measurement**

These Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Use of Estimates and Judgements**

The preparation of the Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the year in which the results are known/ materialise. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the accounting policies.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

- Measurement of defined benefit obligations (Refer note 41)
- Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies (Refer note 37)
- Estimation of tax expenses and liability (Refer note 8 & 35)
- Useful lives of property, plant, equipment and intangibles (Refer note 3)
- Right to use (Refer note 3A)
- Impairment of financial assets such as trade receivables (Refer note 44)

#### **B** Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized on transfer of control of promised goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

The Company recognizes provision for sales return, based on the historic results, measured on net basis of the margin of the sale. Therefore, a refund liability, included in other current liabilities, are recognized for the products expected to be returned.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the group as part of the contract. This variable consideration is estimated based on the expected value of outflow. Revenue (net of variable consideration) is recognized only to the extent that it is highly probable that the amount will not be subject to significant reversal when uncertainty relating to its recognition is resolved.

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- i) Sale of products: Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods have been transferred to the customer. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.
- ii) Rendering of services: Revenue from services is recognized over time by measuring progress towards satisfaction of performance obligation for the services rendered.
- iii) Dividend income: Dividends are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the company, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- Iv) Insurance and other claims, where quantum of accruals cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty, are accounted on acceptance basis.

#### C Property, Plant and Equipment

#### i) Recognition and measurement:

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost / deemed cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost of Property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and estimated attributable costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of plant, property and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation on additions/disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from / upto the date on which asset is ready for use/disposed off.

#### ii) Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment has been provided on written down value basis and manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

Leasehold Land on a straight line basis over the period of lease .i.e. 99 years.

#### iii) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on a Straight Line Basis over their estimated useful lives. Costs related to patents are written off over the remaining useful life from the day of grant. Computer Software's are amortized over a period of 3 years from the date of acquisition.

Expenditure on research and development eligible for capitalisation are carried as Intangible assets under development where such assets are not yet ready for their intended use.

#### iv) Capital work in Progress

Expenditure during the construction/ pre-operative period is included under Capital Work-in-Progress and same is allocated to the respective Property, Plant and Equipment on the completion of project.

#### D Investment Property

Investment property is property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but neither for sale in the ordinary course of business nor used in production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes a period of 54 years as representing the best estimate of the period over which investment property are expected to be used. Accordingly, the Company depreciates



investment properties over a period of 54 years on a straight line basis.

Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the Investment Property is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Fair values is determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognized and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property valued.

#### E Research and Development Cost:

Revenue expenditure pertaining to research is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Development costs of products are also charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless a products' technical feasibility has been established, in which case such expenditure is capitalized.

Product development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique products controlled by the Company are recongised as intangible assets if, and only if, technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefit are probable, the Company has intention and ability to complete and use or sell the assets and cost can be measured reliably.

The amount capitalized comprise expenditure that can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to creating, producing and making the asset ready for its intended use. Capitalised product development costs are recorded as intangible assets and amortised from the useful life as estimated by the management. Property, Plant and Equipments utilized for research and development are capitalized and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Property, Plant and Equipments.

#### F Impairment of Assets:

#### i) Financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets measured at amortised cost and debt instruments measured at FVOCI. Loss allowances on trade receivables are measured following the 'simplified approach' at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL at each reporting date. In respect of other financial assets, the loss allowance is measured at 12 month ECL only if there is no significant deterioration in the credit risk since initial recognition of the asset or asset is determined to have a low credit risk at the reporting date. The amount of ECLs (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### ii) Non Financial Assets:

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### G Investment in subsidiaries and associates

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the long term investments.

#### H Inventories:

- i) Raw Materials, packing materials, Stores and Spares are valued at lower of cost arrived on FIFO method and Net Realisable Value. Cost of raw materials comprises cost of purchases.
- ii) Work-in-progress and Finished Goods are valued at lower of cost and Net Realisable Value. Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labor and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.
- iii) Traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a FIFO basis.

Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.



#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### I Employee Benefits

i) <u>Short-term obligations</u>

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

iii) Post-employment obligations

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (b) defined contribution plans such as provident fund.

Defined Benefit Plans - Gratuity obligations

The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee Benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Re measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the year in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income they are included in retained earnings in the Statement of changes in equity and in the Balance Sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost.

- Defined contribution plan

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once The contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as Defined contribution Plans and The contributions are recognised as employee Benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### J Leases (where the company is lessee):

Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted In AS 116 "Leases", effective annual reporting period beginning April 1, 2019 and applied the standard to its leases, retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard, recognised on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019). (Refer Note 3A)

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.





The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are premeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and right-to-use asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application.

- 1) Applied a single discount rate to portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with similar end date.
- 2) Applied the exemption not to recognize right to use of asset and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term of the date of initial application.
- 3) Applied the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. Accordingly, INDAS 116 is applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases under INDAS 17.
- 4) Excluding initial direct costs for the measurement of right to use of asset at the date of initial application.

#### K Foreign Currency Transactions / Translations

#### **Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as either profit or loss. A monetary item for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future is considered as a part of the entity's net investment in that foreign operation.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other income and expenses accordingly.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. For example, translation differences on nonmonetary assets and liabilities such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equity investments classified as Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") are recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI").

#### L Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by change in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax comprises of expected tax payable or receivable on taxable income/loss for the year or any adjustment or receivable in respect of previous year. Management periodically evaluates position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the Balance Sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting date and are expected to apply to the Company when the related deferred incometax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits (Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement) only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences, unused losses and unused tax credits. Deferred tax assets – unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised / reduced to the extent that it is probable or no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realized.



Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

MAT Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognized as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is viewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

#### M Earnings Per Share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company;
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year.
- (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the net profit or loss after tax for the year attributable to owners of the Company, and
- the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares

#### N Provisions

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

#### O Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Financial Statements.

#### P Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet include cash on hand, cheques on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and overdrawn bank balances.

#### **Cash Flows**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

#### Q Dividend

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

#### R Derivatives and hedging activities

The Company holds derivative financial instruments such as forward contracts to mitigate risk of changes in exchange and interest rates. The counterparty for these contracts is generally banks.



#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### (i) Cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting:

When a hedging instrument expires, or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative deferred gain or loss and deferred costs of hedging in equity at that time remains in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. When the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss and deferred costs of hedging that were reported in equity are immediately reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than 12 months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months.

#### (ii) Derivatives that are not designated as hedges

The Company enters into certain derivative contracts to hedge risks which are not designated as hedges. Such contracts are accounted for at fair value through profit and loss and are included in other income / expenses. Assets/liabilities are presented as current assets/current liabilities if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months after the Balance Sheet date.

#### **S** Financial instruments

#### a. Financial Liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

#### Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at fair value through profit and loss. For trade payables and other liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### b. Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Trade Receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets other than those measured subsequently at fair value through profit and loss, are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

#### **Classification and subsequent measurement**

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. Based on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, the Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through OCI or fair value through profit and loss.

#### i) Financial assets amortised at cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held with in a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely consisting payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.



#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

#### **Equity investments**

All equity investments within the scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Such equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For all other such equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

For equity instruments classified as FVOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in OCI. Dividends on such equity instruments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividends on such equity instruments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

- the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition, any gains or losses on all debt instruments (other than debt instruments measured at FVOCI) and equity instruments (measured at FVTPL) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains and losses in respect of debt instruments measured at FVOCI and that are accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition. Gains or losses on equity instruments measured at FVOCI that are recognised and accumulated in OCI are not reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition.

#### T Current–non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

#### Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of trade;
- c) it is expected to be realised on demand or within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

#### Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of trade;
- c) it is due to be settled in demand or within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) there is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.



## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### U Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

# V Segment Reporting

The Company determines segments based on the internal organisation and management structure of the Company and its system of internal financial reporting and the nature of its risks and its returns. The Board of Directors of the Company has been identified as Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). CODM evaluates the Company's performance, allocate resources based on analysis of various performance indicators of the Company for disclosing in the segment report. The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the company.

Segment revenue includes income directly identifiable with the segments.

Expenses that are directly identifiable with the segments are considered for determining the segment result. Expenses which relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments and expenses which relate to the operating activities of the segment but are impracticable to allocate to the segment, are included under "Unallocable corporate expenses".

Income which relates to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments are included in Unallocable Income and netted off from Unallocable corporate expenses.

Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Unallocable corporate assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities that relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to any segment.

# Changes in Accounting Standards and other recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1, 2022, as below:

# Ind AS 103 – Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

#### Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

#### Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts -

Costs of Fulfilling a Contract The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

### Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

#### Ind AS 116 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian $\overline{\epsilon}$ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

3 Tangihle and intangihle assets

n	Tangible and intangible assets	ıgible assets										
				0	Gross carrying amount	ing amount		Accumula	nted depre	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	rtisation	Net block
				Carrying amount as at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Disposal / during the year	As at March 31, 2022	Up to April 01, 2021	Charge for the year	Disposal / during the year	Up to March 31, 2022	As At March 31, 2022
4	A Property, plant and equipment	d equipment										
	Leasehold Land			3,117	1	'	3,117	169	37		205	2,911
	Factory Building			21,164	7,808	•	28,973	11,396	2,431	•	13,826	15,146
	Plant and Equipment	ent		2,28,248	18,753		2,47,001	1,12,153	29,468		1,41,621	1,05,380
	Furniture and Fixtures	Ires		3,823	თ		3,832	3,256	511	ı	3,768	63
	Electrical Installation	uc		5,825	ı	'	5,825	2,773	790		3,563	2,262
	Vehicles			3,156	6,210		9,366	2,540	1,815		4,355	5,011
	Office Equipment			4,307	420		4,727	3,183	518		3,701	1,026
	Computer			4,563	485	ı	5,047	3,759	475	ı	4,234	813
	Office Building (Refer note 1)	fer note 1)		229			229	35	15		50	178
	Total A		CN	2,74,431	33,686		3,08,117	1,39,264	36,060		1,75,324	1,32,787
Ď	B Capital work-in-progress	ogress.		I	1,952	ı	1,952		·	ı	I	1,952
<u> </u>	Total B			•	1,952		1,952	•	•		•	1,952
U	C Intangible assets Patent rights			21,066			21,066	12,232	2,003	·	14,235	6,831
·	Total C			21,066	•	•	21,066	12,232	2,003	•	14,235	6,831
<u>م</u>	D Intangible assets under development Patent rights	under		3,364	1,875	ı	5,239	I	ı	ı	I	5,239
<u> </u>	Total D			3,364	1,875	•	5,239	•	•	•	•	5,239
•	Total (A+B+C+D)		N	2,98,861	37,513		3,36,374	1,51,496	38,063		1,89,559	1,46,808
No (1)	Note : (1) Building having gross value of ₹ 229 (P.Y. ₹ 229) is pending for registration in the name of the Company. Management is of the opinion that the building will be transferred in the name of the Company in due course.	<b>jross value of</b> <sup>₹</sup> in the name of the	₹ 229 (P.Y. ₹ 2 ∋ Company in	229) is pen due course	iding for regis 3.	stration in the	∍ name of the	: Company.	Manageme	ent is of the op	inion that th	ie building
	Description of Property	Gross Carrying Value	Held in Name of	Wheth their	Whether Promoter, director or their relative or employee	director or mployee	property held since which Period		teason for r the name	Reason for not being held in the name of company		
	Office Building	229	Rishil Exports		Relative of Promoter	moter	01-04-94	94	in pr	in process	[]	

# **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**



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(2) Assets Disposal during the year include assets write off - Nil (P.Y. - Plant and Equipment 3.3,233).
 (3) Detail of property, plant and equipment hypothecated : Hypothecation of fixed assets acquired by availment of borrowing (Refer Note 19)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian ${\mathbb R}$ in thousand unless otherwise stated)
2. Tangihla and intangihla accate

. - I His ÷ -ldi-Ĥ

3 Tangible and intangible assets									
		Gross carry	Gross carrying amount		Accumula	ted depre	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	rtisation	Net block
	Carrying amount as at April 01, 2020	Additions during the year	Disposal / during the year	As at March 31, 2021	Up to April 01, 2020	Charge for the year	Disposal / during the year	Up to March 31, 2021	As At March 31, 2021
A Property, plant and equipment Leasehold Land	3,117			3,117	133	36		169	2,948
Factory Building	20,945	220 24 800	-	21,164	8,745 85 850	2,650	- 107)	11,396	9,769 1 16,005
Furniture and Fixtures	3,528	294		2,20,240 3,823	2,459	797		3,256	1, 10,030 566
Electrical Installation	5,358	467	-	5,825	1,788	984 202	-	2,773	3,052 646
vernuces Office Equipment	3,797 4,091	- 216	( 1 <del>1</del> 0) -	3, 130 4,307	2,586	202 597	(1 <del>1</del> 0)	2,040 3,183	1,124
Computer	4,068	495	ı	4,563	3,549	210	ı	3,759	804
Office Building (Refer note 1)	229		1	229	19	16	1	35	193
Total A	2,59,280	26,501	(11,349)	2,74,431	1,07,938	34,973	(3,648)	1,39,264	1,35,168
B Intangible assets Patent rights	21,066			21,066	7,643	4,590		12,232	8,834
Total B	21,066	•	•	21,066	7,643	4,590	•	12,232	8,834
C Intangible assets under development Patent rights Software development	3,117 645	247 -	- (645)	3,364 -				1 1	3,364 -
Total C	3,762	247	(645)	3,364	•	•	•		3,364
Total (A+B+C)	2,84,108	26,748	(11,994)	2,98,861	1,15,581	39,563	(3,648)	1,51,496	1,47,366
<ul> <li>Note:</li> <li>(1) Building having gross value of ₹134 (P.Y. ₹134) is pending for registration in the name of the Company. Management is of the opinion that the building will be transferred in the name of the Company in due course.</li> <li>(2) Assets Disposal during the year include assets write off (Plant and Equipment ₹ 3223). (P.Y Nii)</li> <li>(3) Detail of property, plant and equipment hypothecated : Hypothecation of fixed assets acquired by availment of borrowing (Refer Note 19)<sup>n</sup></li> </ul>	4) is pending course. .write off (Pla ecated : Hyp	for registrati ant and Equip othecation o	on in the name ment ₹ 3223 ffixed assets ∂	e of the Com  ). (P.Y Nil) acquired by a	oany. Mana, availment of	gement is c f borrowing	of the opinion t (Refer Note 1	hat the build 9)"	ling will be

# **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**





# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 3A Right to use

# (i) Amounts to be recognised in balance sheet as on March 31, 2022

The balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases :

Right to use assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Lease hold land/building	2,520	1,172
Total	2,520	1,172

Lease liabilities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current	946	1,233
Non - Current	1,712	345
Total	2,658	1,578

# (ii) Amounts to be recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

The Statement of Profit and Loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Depreciation	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Lease hold land/building	1,135	2,587
Total	1,135	2,587

Interest expenses on lease liabilities (included in finance cost) ₹300 (P.Y. 364)

# (iil) Total cash outflow for leases during financial year was :

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Operating cash flows : Interest expenses	300	364
Total	300	364



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 3B Capital WIP Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Tangible Assets					
Project in Progress	1,952	-	-	-	1,952
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
	1,952	-	-	-	1,952
Intangible Assets					
Project in Progress	1,875	247	144	2,974	5,239
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
	1,875	247	144	2,974	5,239
As at March 31, 2021	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Tangible Assets					
Project in Progress	-	-	-	-	-
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible Assets					
Project in Progress	247	144	284	2,689	3,364
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	
	247	144	284	2,689	3,364

# Note

The projects in progress for more than 3 years, will be capitalised by March 2023

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\mathfrak{X}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 4 Investment Property

			gross carrying amount	_	Accumul	ated depre-	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	ortisation	amount
	Carrying amount as at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Disposal during the year	As at March 31, 2022	Up to April 01, 2021	Charge for the year	Disposal during the year	Up to March 31, 2022	As At March 31, 2022
Guest House	1,651			1,651	365	63		428	1,223
Total	1,651	•	•	1,651	365	63	•	428	1,223
		Gross carry	Gross carrying amount		Accumul	ated depre	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	ortisation	Carrying amount
	Carrying amount	Additions during the	ရ ရ	As at March	Up to April	Charge for the	Disposal during	Up to March	As at March
	as at April 01, 2020	year	the year	31, 2021	01, 2020	year	the year	31, 2021	31, 2021
Guest House	1,651			1,651	299	66		365	1,286
Total	1,651	•	•	1,651	299	66	•	365	1,286
(i) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit	Profit and Loss for investment property	investment	property						
2021-22		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021						
Depreciation		63	66						
Profit / (loss) from investment property		(63)	(99)						
(ii) Fair value									
Investment property #		2.562	2.555						

# # Estimation of Fair value

The Company has carried out the fair valuation of property involving external independent valuation expert. As per the fair valuation report dated May 2, 2022 the fair value of investment property is ₹2,562 ('000). The valuation model has considered various input like cost, location, market appreciation, etc.

# **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**





# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\textbf{T}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 5 Non-current Investments

			As a	at	
		March 3	31, 2022	March 31	I, 2021
		Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
	Investment in Equity instruments of subsidiaries (Unquoted) (Fully paid up) (Trade)				
	Investment in Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited of face value $\pounds 1$ each (100% holding)	20,099	1,602	20,099	1,60
	Investment in Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited of face Value ₹ 10 each (100% holding)	4,31,175	-	4,31,175	
	Investment in Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited of face value ₹ 10 each (99% holding) (Refer note 50)	2,47,500	2,475	2,47,500	2,47
	Investment in LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited of Face value ₹ 10 each (51% holding)	3,82,499	3,825	3,82,499	3,82
	race value < 10 each (31% holding)	5,02,499	7,902	3,02,499	7,90
			.,		.,
	Investment in Equity instruments of Associates (Unquoted) (Fully paid up) (Trade)				
	Investment in SP Arrow Bio-Polymer Products Private Limited of Face value ₹ 10 each (46% holding)	4,600	-	4,600	
	Investment in Sphere Bio-Polymers Private Limited of face value ₹ 10 each (49% holding)	4,900	-	4,900	
			7,902		7,90
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments		7,902		7,90
4	Investments in Equity Instruments (Unquoted), (Fully Paid). Non-Trade, at Fair value through Profit or Loss				
	Shamrao Vithal Co- operative Bank		9		
	Equity Shares of ₹ 25 each	300		300	
	Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	100		100	
	In mutual funds (quoted) (Non-Trade), at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (refer below details)		8,253		55,52
			8,262		55,53
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of unquoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments		8,253 9 -		55,52



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\mathbf{\tilde{t}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# Investment in mutual funds (quoted) (fully paid up) at Fair Value through Profit and Loss

			1	As at	
		March	31, 2022	Marc	ch 31, 2021
		Units	Amount	Units	Amount
	ICICI Prudential Savings Fund - Daily Dividend	72,784	7,69	96,34	1 10,181
	HDFC Liquid Fund- Regular Plan - Growth	134	55	7 11,28	5 45,340
			8,25	3	55,521
				A	s at
			Ма	arch 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
6	Loans				
	Unsecured, considered good				
	Loan to Subsidiary (Refer note 41,47 & 50)			2,35,462	1,83,388
				2,35,462	1,83,388
7	Other financial assets				
	Fixed deposits with Bank (maturity more than 12 months) *			903	1,690
	Security deposits - Others			3,085	3,326
				3,988	5,016
	*Held as lien by bank against bank guarantee/Security Deposit of Mar 31, 2022 ₹ 903; Mar 31,2021 ₹ 1,690				
8	Income tax assets (Net)				
	Advance Income Tax(Net of Provision for Taxation of				
	Mar 31, 2022 ₹ 80,361; Mar 31,2021 ₹ 73,334)			7,705	10,444
				7,705	10,444
9	Other non-current assets				
	Unsecured, considered good				
	Capital advances			3,409	5,476
	Insurance Claim Receivable (Refer Note 49) Less: Allowance for doubtful receivable			14,161 (3,542)	61,174
	Prepaid expenses			(0,0+2)	11
				14,028	66,661



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
10	Inventories		
	Raw materials and components: Polyvinyl Alcohol Chemicals Others Total	23,239 1,564 12,435 <b>37,238</b>	9,937 590 9,863 <b>20,390</b>
	Work in progress: Water Soluble Films	13,710	1,371
	<u>Finished goods:</u> Water Soluble Films Other (including stock in trade)	4,029 1,133	2,362 742
	<u>Stock in trade</u> Cleaning products Bioplast	41 37	166 5,772
	Stores and spares	3,433	586
		59,621	31,390
11	Trade Receivables Unsecured		
	Dues from subsidiaries, considered good (refer note 41) Dues from other trade receivables considered good Dues from other trade receivables considered doubtful Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	27,288 13,917 (13,917) <b>27,288</b>	66,858 8,025 (8,025) <b>66,858</b>

Note: Trade receivable are receivable in normal operating cycle and are shown net of an allowance for bad or doubtful debts

No trade receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms including limited liability partnerships (LLPs) or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

# Trade Receivable Ageing

As	at March 31, 2022	Not due	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	12,729	3,689	60	10,810	-	-	27,288
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	605	28	7,509	17	3,344	11,503
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disptuted Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	2,414	-	-	2,414
Tot	al	12,729	4,294	88	20,733	17	3,344	41,205



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

As	at March 31, 2021	Not due	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	14,440	29,744	10,826	11,599	-	247	66,857
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	540	64	1,031	2,951	1,025	5,611
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disptuted Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	2,414	-	-	2,414
Tot	al	14,440	30,284	10,890	15,045	2,951	1,272	74,883

		A	s at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
12	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balance with bank: On current accounts Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months*	10,960	6,454 175
	Cash on hand	320	186
	*Held as lien by Bank against Bank Guarantee of Mar 31, 2022–Nil,Mar 31 2021- ₹ 175	11,280	6,815
13	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
	Unclaimed Dividend Account Employer Gratuity Account Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months **	3,793 91 96,443	4,216 37 79,411
		1,00,327	83,664
	**Held as lien by bank against bank guarantee of Mar 31, 2022 ₹ 95,971 , Mar 31, 2021 ₹ 63,252		
14	Loans		
	<u>Unsecured, considered good</u> Loan to Employees (Repayable on demand) Loan to Other considered doubtful Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	28 2,480 (2,480)	203 2,283 (2,283)
		28	203
15	Other financial assets Unsecured, considered good		
	Interest accrued on deposits with bank Export benefit receivable Security deposits - Others	598 789 -	365 153 100
16	Other current assets	1,387	618
	Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise Advance to suppliers Prepaid expenses Advance to employees Balance with Government authorities	12,567 1,390 345 17,669	4,993 1,344 236 25,887
		31,971	32,460
	Annual Report 2021-22		78



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 17 Equity share capital

# a) Equity share capital

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
<u>Authorised share capital</u> Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,50,00,000	1,50,000	1,50,00,000	1,50,000
<u>Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up :</u> Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879

# b) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year (Refer note 46)	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879
Add: Right issue share issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879

# c) Terms /Rights attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

# d) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares

	As at Marcl	n 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		
Name of shareholder	Number of shares	% of Holding	Number of shares	% of Holding	
Arrow Convertors Pvt. Ltd.	9,96,014	7.07%	9,96,014	7.07%	
Jigisha S. Patel	18,22,205	12.93%	18,22,205	12.93%	
Shilpan P. Patel	49,66,346	35.25%	49,66,346	35.25%	
Shilpan Patel (HUF)	10,29,180	7.31%	10,29,180	7.31%	
	88,13,745	62.56%	88,13,745	62.56%	



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# e) Details of shares held by promoters

Name of Promoters	Number of shares	% of Holding	% change during the year
Arrow Convertors Pvt. Ltd.	9,96,014	7.07%	-
Jigisha S. Patel	18,22,205	12.93%	-
Shilpan P. Patel	49,66,346	35.25%	-
Shilpan Patel (HUF)	10,29,180	7.31%	-
Neil Patel	5,39,810	3.83%	-
Rishil Patel	5,47,000	3.88%	-
Manisha Sindhi	10,000	0.07%	-
	99,10,555	70.35%	-

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Other Equity			
General Reserve	18 (i)	200	200
Capital Reserve	18 (ii)	8,218	8,218
Securities Premium Reserve	18 (iii)	90,247	90,247
Retained Earnings	18 (iv)	3,45,986	3,62,978
		4,44,651	4,61,643
Reserves and surplus			
General reserve			
Balance at the beginning of the year		200	200
Movement during the year		-	-
Balance as at the year end		200	200
Capital reserve			
Balance at the beginning of the year		8,218	8,218
Movement during the year		-	-
Balance as at the year end		8,218	8,218
Securities premium reserve			
Balance at the beginning of the year		90,247	90,247
Movement during the year		-	-
Balance as at the year end		90,247	90,247
Retained earnings			
Opening Balance at the beginning of the year		3,62,978	3,37,283
Add : Profit/(Loss) for the year		(17,099)	25,233
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss :			
- Remesurment of defined benefit obligation net of taxation		107	463
Balance as at the year end		3,45,986	3,62,978
		4,44,651	4,61,644



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### Note

#### Nature of reserves

#### a) General Reserve

The General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other omprehensive income, items included in the General reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### b) Capital Reserve

The Capital reserve is created on account of forfeiture of share application money

# c) Securities Premium

Securities premium account comprises of premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the specific provision of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### d) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distibution to shareholders

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
19	Non current Borrowings		
	Loan from Others (Secured)		
	Term Loan (Secured)	30,150	39,749
	Vehicle loan (Secured)	4,202	-
	Less: Current Maturities	(11,840)	(9,599)
	Loan from a Non banking financial company of ₹ 30,150 (March 31, 2021 : ₹ 39,749) carries interest @ 12.50% p.a. The loans are repayable in 60 monthly instalments along with interest starting from October 2019. The loan is secured by hypothecation of fixed assets acquired.	22,513	30,150
	Vehicle loan of ₹ 4,202 (March 31, 2021 : ₹ Nil) carries interest @ 6.74% p.a. The loans are repayable in 60 monthly instalments along with interest starting from May 2021. The loan is secured by hypothecation of fixed assets acquired. This loan was utilised for purchase of motor vehicle.		
19A	Current Borrowings		
	Current Maturities of long term borrowings	11,840	9,599
		11,840	9,599
20	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Leave encashment (un funded) (Refer note 40)	2,111	2,272
		2,111	2,272
21	Trade Payables		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 39)	296	501
	Total outstanding dues to others	29,182	16,015
		29,478	16,516



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# Trade Payable Ageing (including capital payables)

As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i) MSME					
- Disputed	-	-	-	156	156
- Undisputed	140	-	-	-	140
(ii) Others					
- Disputed	-	-	-	-	-
- Undisputed	30,529	293	10,221	6,075	47,118
Total	30,669	293	10,221	6,231	47,414

As at March 31, 2021	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total	
(i) MSME						
- Disputed	-	-	156	-	156	
- Undisputed	345	-	-	-	345	
(ii) Others						
- Disputed	-	-	-	-	-	
- Undisputed	25,610	268	10,161	2,259	38,299	
Total	25,955	268	10,317	2,259	38,800	

		As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
22	Other financial liabilities		
	Interest Accrued but not due	90	81
	Unclaimed Dividend ^	3,793	4,216
	Employee Benefits Payable	2,865	7,854
	Outstanding liability for expenses	5,130	8,708
	Trade payable for capital goods (other than small and medium enterprises) (Refer note 21)		
	- Dues to subsidiary (refer note 41)	5,983	6,067
	- Dues to others	11,953	16,217
		29,814	43,143
	^ There are no unpaid dividend which is required to be transferred to Investors		
	Education Protection Fund		
23	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	- Gratuity (funded) (Refer Note 40)	1,713	1,553
	- Leave encashment (un funded) (Refer Note 40)	1,672	895
		3,385	2,448
			<u> </u>
24	Other current liabilities		
	Statutory Dues Payable	1,759	3,962
	Advances from customers	1,913	49
		3,672	4,011
	Annual Report 2021-22		82



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		Year e	nded	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
25	Revenue from Operations			
	Sale of products (net of sales return)			
	Finished goods	1,60,986	1,65,206	
	Traded goods	48,426	48,257	
	Services rendered			
	Royalty Income - Patent (Refer Note 41)	28,161	26,926	
	Consulting Income	444	26,489	
	Other Operating Revenue			
	Sale of scrap	1,128	829	
	Revenue from Operations	2,39,145	2,67,707	
	Detail of Sale of Products / Services			
	Finished goods sold			
	Water Soluble Films	1,58,651	1,35,222	
	Other Business	2,335	29,984	
		1,60,986	1,65,206	
	Traded goods sold			
	Cleaning Products	294	2,085	
	Other Business	48,132	46,171	
		48,426	48,257	
26	Other Income			
	Dividend Income			
	From Non-current Investment in Mutual Fund measured at Fair Value through profit or loss	618	2,547	
	From Non-current Equity instruments in Subsidiaries measured at cost (Refer Note 41)	40,634	-	
	Interest Income received on Financial Assets - Carried at amortised cost			
	On Fixed Deposit with Bank	3,154	4,365	
	On Loans and Deposits (Refer Note 41)	19,583	14,908	
	On Others	384	324	
	Foreign Exchange Gain (net)	1,887	_	
	Net Gain on Sale of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund	1,439	-	
	Miscellaneous Income	1,839	480	
	Sundry Write Back	298	7,169	
	Net Gain on Fair valuation of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund measured at	200	7,109	
	Fair value through Profit and Loss		1,229	
	Service Fee (Refer Note 41)	400	400	
		70,236	31,422	
		70,236	31,42	

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#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated) Year ended March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 27 Cost of Material Consumed 20,390 5,540 Inventory at the beginning of the year Add: Purchases 88,956 53,086 Less: Material consumed for trial production 8,549 Less: Inventory at the end of the year 37,238 20,390 63,559 38,236 Change in inventory of finished goods, work-in-progress & stock in trade 28 Inventories at the end of the year Stock In Trade 78 5,938 Work-in-progress 13,710 1,371 Finished goods 3,104 5,162 Inventories at the beginning of the year Stock In Trade 5,938 15,460 Work-in-progress 1,371 4,789 Finished goods 3,104 4,671 14,507 (8, 537)29 Employees Benefits Expenses Salary, Wages and Bonus 57.929 53.413 Contribution to Provident and other funds (Refer note 40) 1,740 1,440 Gratuity and Leave Encashment (Refer note 40) 2,309 2,315 Staff welfare expenses 1,945 1,047 63.923 58,215 30 Finance Cost Interest on Secured Loan 5,576 4,754 Processing and Other Charges 133 166 Interest on Lease 300 364 others 127 162 6,268 5,314



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
Other Expenses		
Consumption of stores and spares	4,790	5,457
Repair and Maintenance - Building	1,207	132
Repair and Maintenance - Machinery	1,662	1,427
Repair and Maintenance - Other	1,825	1,064
Rent (refer note 37)	571	221
Insurance	2,414	3,079
Power and Fuel	39,927	26,330
Labour Charges	4,828	4,279
Factory Expenses	5,239	2,126
Selling and Promotion Expenses	217	131
Freight and Forwarding	5,894	11,138
Trial Production Expenses	9,429	
Postage and Telephone Expenses	1,249	763
Printing and Stationery	292	256
Travelling and Conveyance	8,587	3,474
Legal and Professional Charges	10,432	10,493
Patent Charges	2,116	4,642
Loss on Sale / Write-off of Fixed Assets (net)	-	504
Bad Trade Receivables / Deposits written off	2,080	
Provision For Doubtful debts	5,892	47
Provision for doubtful advances	197	2,283
Loss by Fire (Refer note no. 49)	11,790	
Payment to Auditors (Exclusive of Goods and Services tax) (refer note no 32)	1,665	1,535
Corporate Social Responsibility Expense (refer note no 33)	900	1,250
Bank Charges	1,604	517
Commission on Sales	2,330	3,266
Foreign Exchange Loss / Gain (Net)	-	680
Net Loss on Sale of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund including Fair valuation	-	64
Net Loss on Fair valuation of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund measured at		
Fair value through Profit and Loss	1,263	
Miscellaneous Expenses	1,382	5,778
	1,29,782	91,94
Payment to Auditors (Exclusive of Goods and Services tax)		
As auditor		
As auditor Auditors Remuneration	050	05
Tax audit fees	950 200	950 200
Limited review fees	200 400	
	400	300
Other Capacity	445	0
Other services (Certification fees)	115	85
	1,665	1,535



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		Year e	ended
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
33	Corporate Social Responsibility Expense		
	1. Amount required to be spent by the company during the year		
	(including shortfall for earlier years)	5	1,255
	2. Amount of expenditure incurred on:		
	(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset		
	(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	900	1,250
	3. Shortfall at the end of the year	-	5
	<ol> <li>Total of previous years shortfall*</li> </ol>	5	-
	5. Reason for shortfall	N.A.	Short fall has will be made good in next year
	6. Nature of CSR activities	Donation given to charitable trusts	Donation given to charitable trusts
	7. Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure:	-	-
	*This amount is deposited in PM Cares Fund	900	1,250
34	Income taxes		
a.	Income tax expense is as follows:		
	Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Current tax:		
	Tax for the year	7,027	2,718
	Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	-	-
	Total current tax expense	7,027	2,718
	Deferred tax:		
	Deferred tax expenses	(19,775)	(11,877)
	Total deferred tax expense	(19,775)	(11,877)
	Income tax expense	(12,748)	(9,159)
	Other comprehensive income		
	Deferred tax related to OCI items:		
	Net loss on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	42	179
		42	179



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# b. Reconciliation of effective tax rate

A reconciliation of income tax expense as included in the statement of profit and loss to the amount computed by applying the weighted average enacted income tax rate to income before income taxes is summarized below:

	Year ended			
	March 31, 2022 March 31, 202			1, 2021
Profit before tax		(29,847)		16,074
Tax at the Indian tax rate	29.12%	(8,691)	29.12%	4,681
Tax effects on amounts which are not deductible (taxable)				
in calculating taxable income				
Tax effect of:				
Differences in tax rates in respect of dividend from foreign				
subsidiary & Short term capital gain on sale of Mutual Fund	-23.79%	7,100	0.00%	-
Non-deductible expenses	9.00%	(2,686)	-14.94%	(2,401)
Exempt income	0.00%	-	-4.85%	(779)
Others	11.42%	(3,407)	-21.20%	(3,407)
	42.71%	(12,748)	-56.98%	(9,159)

# c. Deferred Tax Assets (net)

# (i) Movement in deferred tax assets for the year ended March 31, 2022

	Net balance March 31, 2021	Recognised through Profit and Loss	Recognised through OCI	Net balance March 31, 2022
Property, plant and equipment	(980)	(359)	-	(1,339)
Fair valuation of investments in mutual fund	390	(351)	-	39
provision for doubtful debts and Advances and disallowances under Section 43B of the Income tax Act, 1961	(1,375)	(1,736)	42	(3,069)
Others	(3,206)	(1,033)	-	(4,239)
Brought forward losses	-	(16,296)	-	(16,296)
MAT Credit	(6,296)	-	-	(6,296)
	(11,467)	(19,775)	42	(31,200)

# (ii) Movement in deferred tax liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2021

	Net balance March 31, 2020	Recognised through Profit and Loss	Recognised through OCI	Net balance March 31, 2021
Property, plant and equipment	4,653	(5,633)	-	(980)
Fair valuation of investments in mutual fund	(3,310)	3,700	-	390
provision for doubtful debts and Advances and				
disallowances under Section 43B of the Income tax Act, 1961	3,414	(4,968)	179	(1,375)
Others	(1,000)	(2,669)	-	(3,206)
MAT Credit	(3,988)	(2,308)	-	(6,296)
	(231)	(11,877)	179	(11,467)



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\textbf{T}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
35	Earnings Per Share		
	Calculation of basic and diluted Earnings per share is as follows:		
	Profit for the year attributable to Owners of the Company	(17,099)	25,233
	Weighted average number of equity shares		
	- Basic	1,40,87,938	1,40,87,938
	- Diluted	1,40,87,938	1,40,87,938
	Earnings per share (in ₹)		
	- Basic	(1.21)	1.79
	- Diluted	(1.21)	1.79
		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
36	Contingent liabilities and Commitments Contingent Liabilities		
	<ul> <li>(a) Sales tax matters not acknowledged as debt (amount paid under protest ₹ 533 (Previous year: ₹ 349)</li> </ul>	14,558	23,009
	(b) Income tax matters not acknowledged as debt (amount paid under protest ₹ 1,304 (Previous year: ₹ 1,304)	62,321	62,321
	(c) Bank Guarantees given	48,635	15,938
		1,25,708	1,01,268
		As	at

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
37 Leases		
Lease rent expenses for the year	571	221

**38** In accordance with IND AS 108 "Operating Segments", segment information has been given in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, and therefore, no separate disclosures on segment information is given in these financial statements.

# 39 Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

To the extent, the Company has received intimation from the "suppliers" regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, the details are provided as under



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
The amount remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year :		
- Principal - Interest	185 111	432 69
Amount of interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the delay in making payment (which have been paid out beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding interest specified under MSMED	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	111	69
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-

# 40 Employee benefit obligations

# i) Defined Contribution Plans

Provident Fund: Contribution towards provident fund for employees is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis.

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognized as expense for the year as under:

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund Employer's Contribution to Employees State Insurance Corporation	1,484 256	1,205 235

# ii) Defined Benefits Plans

Gratuity: The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. The fair value of the plan assets of the trust administered by the Company, is deducted from the gross obligation.

The following table sets forth the status of the gratuity plan of the Company, and the amounts recognized in the Balance sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss.

Funding:

The Company makes annual contributions to the Group Gratuity cum Life Assurance Schemes administered by the LIC, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees



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# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# Reconciliation of the net defined benefit obligation:

	Yea	ended
	March 31, 202	2 March 31, 2021
Opening defined benefit obligation	7,360	7,117
Benefits paid	(131)	(79)
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-	(413)
Current service cost	575	541
Interest cost	502	487
Actuarial losses / (gain) recognized in other comprehensive income		
changes in demographic assumptions	(6)	-
changes in financial assumptions	(240)	10
experience adjustments	40	(303)
Closing defined benefit obligation	8,100	7,360

# Reconciliation of the fair value of plan assets:

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening fair value of plan assets	5,807	5,480
Interest Income	396	375
Employer contributions	371	94
Benefits paid	(131)	(79)
Actuarial gains on Plan Assets	(56)	(64)
Closing fair value of plan assets	6,387	5,807

#### **Balance sheet reconciliation**

	As	s at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening defined benefit obligation	7,360	7,117
Opening fair value of plan assets	(5,807)	(5,480)
Expenses recognised in profit and loss	681	652
Expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(149)	(642)
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	-	-
Employer contributions	(371)	(94)
Net (Asset) / Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	1,713	1,553



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# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:

	Year ended		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Current service cost	575	541	
Interest cost	106	112	
	681	652	

# Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income

	Year e	nded
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Acturial (gain) loss on defined benefit obligation	(206)	(706)
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	56	64
	(149)	(642)

# Analysis of plan assets

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Insurer managed funds (%)	100%	100%
Others (%)	0%	0%
	100%	100%

# Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1 Year	2,371	2,222
2 to 5 years	1,222	1,151
6 to 10 years	4,460	3,556
More than 10 years	7,584	6,635

# Actuarial assumption

Principal actuarial assumption used to determine net periodic benefit cost and benefit obligation at the reporting dates;

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Discount Rate (p.a.)	7.25%	6.82%
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	5.00%	5.00%
Expected rate of return on assets	7.25%	6.82%
Attrition rate	Service < 5 - 10% Service >=5 - 3%	Service < 5 - 10% Service >=5 - 3%
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Mortality rate after employment	NA	NA



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### Notes :

Salary escalation rate: The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

**Discount rate:** The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities for the estimated term of the obligations.

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the statistics published by the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

#### Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligations by the amounts shown below;

	Year e	ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	8,100	7,360
Discount Rate: 1% increase	(503)	(459)
Discount Rate: 1% decrease	582	532
Future salary growth: 1% increase	428	366
Future salary growth: 1% decrease	(372)	(321)
Change in Rate of Employee Turnover : 1% Increase	178	147
Change in Rate of Employee Turnover : 1% Decrease	(200)	(166)

#### iii) Compensated absences

The Company accrues for the compensated absences, a long term employee benefit plan based on the entire available leave balance standing to the credit of the employees at year end. The value of such leave balance eligible for carry forward, is determined by actuarial valuation as at the Balance sheet date and is charged to Statement of profit and loss in the period determined. The provision as at balance sheet dates are as follows:

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Compensated absences liability	3,783	3,167

Auctuarial assumption

	As	s at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Discount rate Long–term rate of compensation increase	7.25% 5.00%	6.82% 5.00%

Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss towards compensated absences are ₹1,628 (PY ₹1,663)



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 41 Related party disclosures

# a) Related parties and their relations

Name of Related Party	Relationship
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited	Subsidiary Company
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited	
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	
LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited	
Advance IP Technologies Limited	Step Down Subsidiary Company
Advance Secure Products B.V.	
SP Arrow Bio Polymer Products Private Limited	Associate Company
Sphere Bio Polymer Private Limited	
Mr. Shilpan P. Patel - Managing Director	Key Management Personnel (KMP)
Mr. Neil Patel - Joint Managing Director	
Mr. Hitesh Punglia - Chief Financial Officer	
Mrs. Poonam Bansal - Company Secretary	
Mrs. Jigisha S Patel	Relative of key management personnel
Mrs. Manisha Sindhi	Relative of key management personnel
Arrow Convertors Private Limited	Enterprises over which Key Management Personnel are able
	to exercise signficant influence



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# b) Transaction with Related Parties & Outstanding Balance as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 :

		ions for the ended	Balances receiv (payable) as (	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31 2021
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited				
Royalty Income - Patent	15,361	14,687	-	
Sale of Finished Goods	1,415	689	-	
Dividend Income	40,634	-	-	
Advance IP Technologies Limited				
Royalty Income - Patent	12,801	12,239	-	
Purchase of Machinery	-	-	(5,983)	(6,06
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited				
Loan given to Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	34,450	35,400	1,94,750	1,60,30
Interest on Loan given	19,583	14,908	40,712	23,08
Sale of Services	400	400	-	
<u>Mr. Shilpan P. Patel</u>				
Rent Expenses	1,164	540	(5)	(11
Arrow Convertors Private Limited				
Rent Expenses	540	270	-	
Investment in subsidiaries				
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited	-	-	1,602	1,60
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	-	-	2,475	2,47
LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited	-	-	3,825	3,82
Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel & Relatives				
Mr. Shilpan P. Patel - Managing Director	7,509	5,725	-	
Mr. Neil Patel - Joint Managing Director	7,950	7,500	-	
Mr. Hitesh Punglia - Chief Financial Officer	5,679	5,186	-	
Mrs. Poonam Bansal - Company Secretary	1,089	982	-	



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### 42 Financial Instruments - Accounting Classifications and Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced of liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of cash and cash equivalent, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As at March 31, 2021		Carry	ing value			Fair value	
	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:							
Non Current Financial Assets	5						
Investments	9	55,521	-	55,530	55,521	-	
Loans	1,83,388	-	-	1,83,388	-	-	
Other financial asset	5,016	-	-	5,016	-	-	
Current Financial assets							
Trade Receivables	66,858	-	-	66,858	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	6,815	-	-	6,815	-	-	
Bank balances other than Cash	l						
and cash equivalents	83,664	-	-	83,664	-	-	
Loans	203	-	-	203	-	-	
Other financial assets	618	-	-	618	-	-	
	3,46,571	55,521	-	4,02,092	55,521	-	
Non Current Financial liabilit	ies						
Borrowings	30,150	-	-	30,150	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	345	-	-	345	-	-	
Current Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	9,599	-	-	9,599	-	-	
Trade payables	16,516	-	-	16,516	-	-	
Other financial liabilities	43,143	-	-	43,143	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	1,233	-	-	1,233	-	-	
	1,01,331	-	-	1,00,986	-	-	



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2022		Carry	ing value		Fair value		
	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level
Financial assets:							
Non Current Financial Assets	S						
Investments	9	8,253	-	8,262	8,253	-	
Loans	2,35,462	-	-	2,35,462	-	-	
Other financial asset	3,988	-	-	3,988	-	-	
<b>Current Financial Assets</b>							
Trade Receivables	27,288	-	-	27,288	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	11,280	-	-	11,280	-	-	
Bank balances other than Cash	nand						
cash equivalents	1,00,327	-	-	1,00,327	-	-	
Loans	28	-	-	28	-	-	
Other financial assets	1,387	-	-	1,387	-	-	
Total	3,79,769	8,253	-	3,88,022	8,253	-	
Non Current Financial liabilit	ies						
Borrowings	22,513	-	-	22,513	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	1,712	-	-	1,712	-	-	
<b>Current Financial liabilities</b>							
Borrowings	11,840	-	-	11,840	-	-	
Trade payables	29,478	-	-	29,478	-	-	
Other financial liabilities	29,814	-	-	29,814	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	946	-	-	946	-	-	
Total	96,302	-	-	96,302	-	-	

During the reporting period ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, there was no transfer between level 2 and level 3 fair value measurements.

# 43 Financial risk management

The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:-

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and

- Market risk

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The board of directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The committee reports to the board of directors on its activities.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training, standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

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# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### i) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limits are set accordingly.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk that company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business,
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty,
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations,
- iv) Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty,

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. Credit terms are in line with industry trends.

Summary of the Company's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
Less than 180 days	4,294	30,284
From 181 - 365 days	88	10,826
More than 365 days	24,094	19,332
Total	41,205	74,883
Less : Provision for Doubtful Debts	13,917	8,025
Total	27,288	66,858

Expected credit loss assessment for customers as at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Company to determine credit losses. Given that the macro economic indicators affecting customers of the Company have not undergone any substantial change, the Company expects the historical trend of minimal credit losses to continue.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows

	Amount
Balance as at April 1, 2020	7,550
Impairment loss recognised	475
Amounts written off / written back	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	8,025
Impairment loss recognised	5,892
Amounts written off / written back	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	13,917

#### Cash and bank balance

The Company held cash and bank balance with credit worthy banks and financial institutions of ₹1,12,510 and ₹92,169 as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, respectively. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions is evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good.

# ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time. The Company's treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	As	As at March 31, 2022			As at March 31, 2021		
	Carrying amount	Less than 1 year	1 to 4 years	Carrying amount	Less than 1 year	1 to 4 years	
Non derivative							
Borrowing (Including Interest)	40,255	15,354	24,901	49,608	14,174	35,434	
Trade payables	29,478	29,478	-	16,516	16,516	-	
Lease Liability	2,658	946	1,712	1,578	1,233	345	
Other financial liabilities	29,724	29,724	-	43,062	43,062	-	
Bank Guarantee given	-	4,390	44,245	-	7,357	8,582	

#### iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables and payables.

The Company manages market risk through a treasury department, which evaluates and excercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasuy department recommends risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by Senior Management and the Audit Committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### a) Foreign currency risk

The Company operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR, are as follows:

Foreign currency exposure	US\$	EUR	GBP	Total
March 31, 2022				
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	15,916	2,061	-	17,978
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	15,916	2,061	-	17,978
Financial Liabilities				
Trade payables	16,204	172	2,922	19,298
Trade payables for capital Goods	-	-	15,923	15,923
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	16,204	172	18,844	35,221
Rupee Conversion Rate	75.79	84.22	99.46	
March 31, 2021				
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	21,317	32,618	-	53,935
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	21,317	32,618	-	53,935
Financial Liabilities				
Trade payables	5,425	3,620	3,415	12,460
Trade payables for capital Goods	-	-	16,162	16,162
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	5,425	3,620	19,578	28,622
Rupee Conversion Rate	73.50	86.10	100.95	

#### Foreign currency sensitivity

The table below demonstrates sensitivity impact on profit after tax and total equity due to change in foreign exchange rates of currencies where it has significant exposure:

	March	31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Foreign currency	1% Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease	
US\$	(2.88)	2.88	158.92	(158.92)	
EUR	18.90	(18.90)	289.99	(289.99)	
GBP	(188.44)	188.44	(195.78)	195.78	
Increase / (decrease) in profit and loss	(172.43)	172.43	253.13	(253.13)	

#### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with fixed rates.

The company's borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		As at		
	March 31,	2022	March 31, 2021	
Variable rate borrowings		-	-	
Fixed rate borrowings	30	0,150	39,749	
Total borrowings	30	),150	39,749	

# 44 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to safeguard the Company's ability to remain as a going concern and maximise the shareholder value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions, annual operating plans, long term and other strategic plans and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust its dividend payment (refer note 18) ratio to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue fresh shares. The Company monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity including share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity share holders.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio are as follows.

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Borrowings		
Long term and Short term borrowings	22,513	30,150
Current maturities of Long term borrowings	11,840	9,599
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(11,280)	(6,815)
Adjusted net debt	23,072	32,934
Total Equity	5,85,530	6,02,523
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio	0.04	0.05

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital of the Company during the current and previous year.

#### 45 In compliance with Ind AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements" the required information is as under

	Deinsinglation of	Percentage of ownership Interest as on		
Subsidiaries	Principal place of business/country			
	of incorporation	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
		%	%	
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited	United Kingdom	100	100	
Advance IP Technologies Limited	United Kingdom	95	95	
Advance Secure Products BV	The Netherlands	100	-	
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited	India	100	100	
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	India	99	99	
LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited	India	51	51	



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# **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\ast}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Associates		Percentage of ownership		
	Principal place of business/country			
	of incorporation	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
	-	%	%	
SP Arrow Bio Polymer Products Private Limited	India	46	46	
Sphere Bio Polymer Private Limited	India	49	49	

#### 46 Statement of right issue proceeds

On March 19, 2020 the Company has allotted 23,47,990 fully paid-up Equity Shares of face value ₹ 10 each ("Equity Shares") at an issue price of ₹ 36/- (including a premium of ₹ 26/- per Equity Share) for cash to the existing equity shareholders in the ratio of 1 (One) fully paid up Equity Shares for every 5 (Five) fully paid Equity Shares held by the existing equity shareholders on Rights basis. There is no deviation in use of proceeds from the objects stated in the Offer document for rights issue. Pursuant to IND AS 33, basic and diluted earnings per share have been adjusted in respect of right issue made during the year ended 31st Mar 2020.

Particulars	Amount as per prospectus	Amount to be utilised
Gross proceeds from right issue	84,528	84,528
Less : - Right issue expenses	2,700	2,437
Net proceeds from Right issue	81,828	82,091

Utilisation of Right issue proceeds

Particulars	Amount to be utilised	Amount utilised	Pending utilisation
Capex for ACT (Anti Counterfiet Thread) Project	10,000	10,000	-
Loan to Avery Pharma for Pharma Project	30,000	25,572	4,428
Working Capital Requirement	25,000	25,000	-
Other General Corporate uses	17,091	17,091	-
Total	82,091	77,663	4,428

\* Right issue pending utilisation will be completed by March 2023

#### 47 Loans

A Loans and advances in the nature of loans to subsidiaries and associates (pursuant to Clause 32 of the Listing Agreement with Stock Exchanges): (7 in '000)

Name of the Company	Relationship	Balance		Maximum Balance	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	2021-2022	2020-2021
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	Direct Subsidiary	2,35,462	1,83,388	2,35,462	1,83,388

Notes:

i) Loans and advances, in the nature of loans to subsidiaries as shown above are repayable on demand after commencement of Commercial Production

ii) There are no other loans and advances in the nature of loans where there is no repayment schedule.

iii) Above figures are including accrued interest

iv) Loans and advances to employees and investment by such employees in the shares of the Company, if any, are excluded from the above disclosure.



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# B DISCLOSURE AS PER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The details of loans, guarantees and investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are as follows:

- (i) Details of Investments made are given in Note 5 and 5A
- (ii) Details of loans given by the Company are as follows:

(₹ in '000)

Name of the Company	As At March 31, 2022	As At March 31, 2021	Maximum balance outstanding during the year	Purpose / utilisation by the borrower	Terms and conditions
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	2,35,462	1,83,388	2,35,462	factory to manufacture Mouth Dissolving Strips &	Loan is repayable on demand after commencement of Commercial production and the interest rate is 10% p.a. (Previous Year 10% p.a)
Mangaldas Finance Limited	2,480	2,283	2,480	To meet working capital requirement	Loan is repayable on demand and the interest rate is 9.8% p.a. (Previous Year 9.8% p.a)

# Note: The above figures are including accrued interest

(iii) There are no guarantees issued by the Company in accordance with section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules issued thereunder

# 48 Financial Ratio

Ratio / Measure	Methodology	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(a) Current ratio	Current assets over current liabilities	2.93	2.89
(b) Debt-Equity ratio	Debt over total shareholders' equity	0.06	0.07
(c) Debt Service Coverage ratio <sup>1</sup>	EBIT over current debt	0.40	1.56
(d) Return on Equity ratio <sup>2</sup>	PAT over total average equity	-2.88%	4.28%
(e) Inventory turnover ratio <sup>3</sup>	Sales over average inventory	69.45	42.20
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio	Revenue from operations over average trade receivables	5.08	5.75
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio <sup>4</sup>	Adjusted expenses over average trade payables	10.40	7.84
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue from operations over working capital	1.57	1.85
(I) Net profit ratio <sup>5</sup>	Net profit over revenue	-5.53%	8.44%
(j) Return on Capital employed <sup>6</sup>	PBIT over capital employed	2.41%	10.16%
(k) Return on investment <sup>7</sup>	Interest income, net gain on sale of investments and fair		
	value gain over average investments	6.45%	4.93%

# Explanation for variance exceeding 25% :

- 1 Earnings before Interest and Taxes has decreased significantly due to lower performance of the Company in comparison to previous financial year
- 2 Operational performance has lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio
- 3 The Company has increased its inventory for WSF due to disruption in supply chain and increasing prices on key raw materials.
- 4 Change in ratio due to regular payment to suppliers
- 5 Operational performance has lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio
- 6 Operational performance is lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio
- 7 Increase in return on investment due to dividend and better yield from investments in mutual funds

#### Annual Report 2021-22



# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 49 Loss by Fire

There was incidence of fire at one of the unit in factory of the Company located at Ankleshwar on October 30, 2019 in which certain property, plant and equipment and inventories were damaged and destroyed. The Company had duly filed its insurance claim. Pending finalisation of insurance claim, the Company had written off inventories and written down the value of property, plant and equipment of ₹ 29,539 and ₹ 34,856, respectively and recognised an insurance claim of ₹ 61,174. The Company had received amount of ₹ 36,343 on February 11, 2022 and ₹ 1,200 towards salvage value of materials. Consequently, ₹ 22,409 was pending to be received from the insurance company as on March 31, 2022, out of which the Company has accepted loss of claim of ₹ 8,248 and written off the same in the books of account. The Company had made application with insurance company on March 18, 2022 for considering the balance claim of ₹ 14,161, which was ex-parte rejected by the insurance company on April 29, 2022. The Company has since re-lodged the claim with insurance company on May 6, 2022, hearing of which is yet to be scheduled. The Company is confident of recovery of the balance claim of ₹ 14,161. However, on prudence basis, provision of ₹ 3,542 has been made.

# 50 Investment in Subsidiary company

The company has made investment of ₹2,475 in Avery Pharmaceuticals Pvt Ltd. (Subsidiary Company) and granted loan (including interest) of ₹2,35,462 to said subsidiary company. Net worth of subsidiary company as at March 31, 2022 is negative, pending commencement of commercial operation. The company has obtained fair valuation of the said subsidiary company from the independent external valuer company as at March 31, 2022. Based on the fair valuation report and approved business operation plan, the management does not expect any impairment in the value of investment in subsidiary as required under IND AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements" and no provision for expected credit loss is considered necessary as required under IND AS 109 "Financial instruments".

# 51 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

- (i) The Company does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- (iii) The Company has not come across any transaction ocurred with struck-off companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- (iv) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender or government or any government authority.
- (v) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of the Companies beyond the statutory period.
- (vi) Utilization of borrowed funds and share premium :
  - (i) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
    - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
    - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
  - (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
    - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
    - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries



Place : Mumbai

Date : May 28, 2022

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

- (vii) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey), that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (viii) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
- (ix) The Company has not revalued its intangible assets during the year
- **52** The Company has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the yearend, the Company has reviewed all such contracts and confirmed that no provision is required to be created under any law / accounting standard towards any foreseeable loss.
- 53 The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment had released draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020, and invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified. The Company will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published
- **54** The financial statements are approved for issue by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors at their respective meetings conducted on May 28, 2022.
- 55 Comparative previous year's figures have been reworked, regrouped and reclassified to the extent possible, wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification and presentation

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited CIN: L21010MH1992PLC069281

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer Neil Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Annual Report 2021-22



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the Members of Arrow Greentech Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of **Arrow Greentech Limited** (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "consolidated Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate Ind AS financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2022, their consolidated loss (including other comprehensive income), their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to Note 49 in the notes to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements regarding non provision for fire insurance claim by the Holding Company of ₹ 10,619 thousands (net), being rejected by Insurance Company. The Holding Company has filed application with insurance company for claiming balance insurance claim. Pending disposal of application filed with insurance company, the Parent management is hopeful of realization of balance claim amount and no further provision is considered necessary in this regard.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
1	Recognition of Deferred Tax on Unabsorbed losses and Minimum Alternate tax credit Refer Note 34C of Consolidated financial statements The Holding Company recognises deferred tax assets on unused tax losses and minimum alternate tax credit to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be used. Future realization of deferred tax assets depends on the existence of sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character. Sources of taxable income include future taxable income, and tax planning strategies.	<ul> <li>Our audit procedures included:</li> <li>a) Design and Implementation of internal financial controls - Evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls in respect of the identification and evaluation of deferred tax and the recording and re-assessment of the related liabilities/assets and provisions and disclosures.</li> <li>b) Validation of Accounting Policy - We have assessed the appropriateness of the Holding Company's accounting policy on revenue recognition by comparing with applicable accounting standards.</li> </ul>



Sr. No.	Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
	During the year, the Holding Company has	c) Test of details –
	recognised a deferred tax asset in respect of unabsorbed depreciation of ₹16,296 thousand. The balance of such deferred tax asset as at March 31, 2022 is ₹42,860 thousand (comprising of deferred	We tested management's assumptions including forecasts and sensitivity analysis in respect of recoverability of deferred taxes on unabsorbed depreciation and Minimum Alternate tax credit.
	tax asset of ₹16,296 thousand Lakh and ₹ 6,296 thousand in respect of unabsorbed depreciation and Minimum Alternate tax credit, respectively). The deferred tax asset is recognised as it is	Evaluated the progress made by the Holding Company in recent periods vis-a-vis the budget along with reasons for variance if any which inter-alia included monitoring of progress of projects and related costs and improvement of order book position;
	considered to be recoverable based on the Holding Company's projected taxable profits in the forthcoming years. Under Indian Accounting Standard 12 Income Taxes the carrying amount of a	We evaluated existing deferred tax liabilities in the same tax jurisdiction that may be used to offset existing unused tax losses prior to their expiry date;
	deferred tax asset is required to be reviewed at the end of each reporting period.	We analyzed the consistency of cash flow forecasts with management's latest estimates presented to the Board of Directors as part of the budget process;
	This has been determined as a key audit matter as the amount is significant to the financial statements and significant judgement was required by the	We evaluated whether the estimates of future taxable income were consistent with evidence obtained in other areas of the audit
	Holding Company's Management in the preparation of forecasts of future taxable profits based on the underlying business plans. This required a high degree of auditor judgment and an	We tested the reasonableness of the managements estimate of the business plan data and long-term growth rates accurately reflected those used in the measurement of deferred taxes;
	increased extent of effort when performing audit procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of	We have evaluated disclosures of the tax positions, tax loss carry forwards and tax litigations in the standalone Ind AS financial statements.
	management's estimates of taxable income.	We reviewed the adequacy of the Holding Company's disclosures for deferred tax assets.

### **Other Information**

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Management Discussion and Analysis and Directors' Report forming part of Annual Report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements, consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed and the reports of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and of its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group including its associates or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(I) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Other Matters**

We did not audit the Ind AS financial statements of four subsidiaries (including one step down subsidiary), whose Ind AS financial statements reflects total assets of ₹ 485,097 thousand and net assets of ₹ 213,040 thousand as at March 31, 2022, total revenues of ₹ 128,304 thousand and net cash outflow amounting to ₹ 18,899 thousand for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. The consolidated Ind AS financial statements also include Group's share of net profit of Nil for the year ended March 31, 2022, as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in respect of two associates, whose Ind AS financial statements have not been audited by us. These Ind AS financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.



Certain of these subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries located outside India is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by us.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

(1) With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/

"CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associates and taking into consideration the reports of other auditors on separate Ind AS financial statements of subsidiaries and associates included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Holding Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the aforesaid CARO reports.

- (2) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate Ind AS financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries and associates, as noted in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements;
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
  - c. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements;
  - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2022 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, and associate companies, incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and its associate companies, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure";
  - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us by the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India, the remuneration paid/ provided to their directors during the year by the Holding Company, subsidiary companies, and associate companies incorporated in India is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act;

- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The consolidated Ind AS financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associates Refer Note 35 to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements;
  - (ii) The Group and its associates did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts;
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India.



- (iv) (a) Based on our audit report on separate Ind AS financial statements of the Holding Company and consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate Ind AS financial statements of its subsidiary companies and associate companies, incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, the management of the Holding Company and the respective management of the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, have represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group and its associates to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group and its associates ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (iv) (b) Based on our audit report on separate Ind AS financial statements of the Holding Company and consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate Ind AS financial statements of its subsidiary companies and associate companies, incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, the management of the Holding Company and the respective management of the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, have represented that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Group and its associates from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Group and its associates shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (iv) (c) Based on the audit procedures that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate Ind AS financial statements of the subsidiary companies and associate companies, incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (v) (a) The Holding Company has not declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

AND

Further, based on the audit reports of the subsidiary companies and associate companies, incorporated in India, those entities have not declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

### For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W/W100048

### **Snehal Shah**

Partner Membership No.048539 UDIN: 22048539AJUICP5471 Place: Mumbai Date: May 28, 2022



### ANNEXURE TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section in our Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Arrow Greentech Limited on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022]

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of Arrow Greentech Limited ("Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors, in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on consideration of reporting of other auditors as mentioned in Other Matters paragraph below, the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

### **Other Matters**

Our aforesaid reports under section 143(3)(I) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in so far as it relates to three subsidiary companies and two associate companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

### For Haribhakti & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.103523W / W100048

Snehal Shah Partner Membership No.048539 UDIN: 22048539AJUICP5471 Place: Mumbai Date: May 28, 2022



### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	2,34,406	2,39,328
Capital work-in-progress	3B	1,23,996	1,08,773
Right of Use assets	3A	10,049	9,931
Other Intangible assets	3	33,678	8,834
Intagible assets under development	3	10.220	8.058
Investment Property	4	1,223	1,286
Financial assets		.,	.,200
(i) Investments	5	11,806	87,106
(ii) Other Financial Asset	6	6,351	6,447
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	33C	42,860	18,467
	7	7,744	15,302
Income tax assets (Net) Other non - current assets	8		
	0	14,095	67,264
Total Non- current assets		4,96,428	5,70,796
Current assets		07.000	07 507
Inventories	9	67,289	37,567
Financial assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	10	36,452	69,710
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	98,118	1,12,760
(iii) Bank balances other then (ii) above	12	1,05,708	88,839
(iv) Loans	13	28	203
(v) Other financial assets	14	1,481	734
Other current assets	15	81,024	1,09,732
Total current assets		3,90,100	4,19,545
TOTAL ASSETS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		8,86,528	9,90,341
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	16	1,40,879	1,40,879
Other Equity	17	6,06,043	7,04,592
Equity attributable to owners	17	7,46,922	8,45,471
Non controlling interest	44	21,030	20,398
Total Equity	44	7,67,952	
Non-current liabilities		7,07,952	8,65,869
Financial Liabilities			
	18	22.512	30,150
<ul><li>(i) Borrowings</li><li>(ii) Lease Liabilities</li></ul>	3A		10,610
		11,013	,
Provisions	19	2,111	2,272
Total Non current Liabilities		35,636	43,032
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	10.1	11.010	0.500
(i) Borrowings	18A	11,840	9,599
(ii) Trade payables	20		
- Total outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises		356	670
- Total outstanding dues to others		31,370	18,944
(iii) Other financial liabilities	21	28,905	42,382
(iv) Lease Liabilities	3A	1,910	1,998
Provisions	22	3,385	2,448
Other current liabilities	23	5,174	5,399
Total current Liabilities		82,940	81,440
Total Liabilties		1,18,576	1,24,472
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		8,86,528	9,90,341
Significant accounting policies			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-55).

As Per our report of even date.

### For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN No. 103523W / W100048

### **Snehal Shah**

Partner Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : May 28, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer **Neil Patel** Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Annual Report 2021-22



### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year e	ended
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	24	3,36,724	5,23,962
Other Income	25	16,832	26,132
Total Income		3,53,556	5,50,094
EXPENSES			
Cost of raw materials consumed	26	63,559	38,239
Purchase of stock-in-trade		1,39,333	2,14,255
Change in inventory of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock in trade	27	(9,266)	14,881
Employee benefits expense	28	70,882	62,582
Finance Costs	29	6,553	7,582
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	47,034	46,017
Other expenses	30	1,45,497	1,10,639
Total Expenses		4,63,592	4,94,195
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(1,10,036)	55,899
Income tax expense	33		
Current Tax		7,032	2,724
Deferred Tax		(24,435)	(15,052)
Total tax expense		(17,403)	(12,328)
Profit / (Loss) after tax		(92,633)	68,227
Other comprehensive income :			
(i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
<ul> <li>Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations</li> </ul>		(3,393)	21,346
(ii) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
<ul> <li>Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations gains / (loss)</li> </ul>		(149)	(642)
<ul> <li>Income tax relating to the above items</li> </ul>		42	179
		(107)	(463)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(3,286)	21,809
Total comprehensive income for the year		(95,919)	90,036
Profit attributable to:		(00,010)	,
Owners of equity		(93,265)	64,093
Non-controlling interest	44	632	4,134
		(92,633)	68,227
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		(,,)	,
Owners of equity		(96,551)	85,902
Non-controlling interest		632	4,134
		(95,919)	90,036
Earnings per equity share		(,,-)	
Basic and Diluted [Nominal value of the shares ₹ 10 (March 31, 2021 : ₹ 10)]	34	(6.62)	4.55

As Per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN No. 103523W / W100048

**Snehal Shah** Partner Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : Date : May 28, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer **Neil Patel** Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Annual Report 2021-22

### CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		Year Ended March 31, 2022	Year Ended March 31, 202
Operating activities			
Profit / (Loss) before tax after exceptional items		(1,10,036)	55,899
Adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		( ) - ) )	
Depreciation and amortisation		47,034	46,017
air value gain on non-current investments		1,242	(7,517)
Exchange differences on translation of assets & liabilities		(1,394)	21,346
Jnrealised Foreign Exchange gain		1,615	1,273
Provision For Doubtful Debts		5,892	475
Provision For Doubtful Advances		13,769	1,216
Sundry balances (written back)/ written off		197	(4,265)
oss on Sale of Property, plant and equipment		-	504
Finance Cost		6,553	7,582
Net gain on sale of Long term Investments		(2,920)	3,045
nterest Income		(3,853)	(4,991)
Dividend Income		(5,855) (676)	(2,579)
Muderiu moome		· · · · ·	
		(42,577)	1,18,005
Vorking capital adjustments:			
Decrease/ (Increase) in Loans and Advances		176	1,058
Decrease/ (Increase) in non-current assets		41,249	2,607
Decrease / (Increase) in trade receivables		27,612	(37,841
Decrease/ (Increase) in current assets		28,708	(56,980
Decrease/ (Increase) in Inventories		(29,722)	(4,404
ncrease/ (Decrease) in provisions		925	1,708
ncrease/ (Decrease) in trade payables		10,251	(9,117
ncrease/ (Decrease) in other financial Liabilities		(13,396)	797
ncrease/ (Decrease) in other Liabilities		91	(2,208)
ncrease/ (Decrease) in other Financial Assets		173	1,428
		23,490	15,052
ncome tax paid		531	(5,649)
Net Cash Flow from operating activities	(A)	24,021	9,403
······································	()		
nvesting activities			
Purchase of Property, plant and equipment including CWIP		(86,936)	(48,369)
Naturity of mutual fund investment, net		76,936	63,925
nvestments in Shares		-	(1,522)
Investments in)/maturity of Bank deposits		(15,924)	1,773
Dividend Received		676	2,579
Share Application money pending allotment		(849)	
nterest Received		3,624	4,844
let cash flows from investing activities	(B)	(22,473)	23,230
inancing activities:			
Proceeds from Long term Borrowing		5,000	
Repayment of Long term Borrowing		(12,638)	(8,425
Finance cost Paid		(12,038) (6,553)	(7,582)
Dividend paid, including dividend tax			(7,502)
let cash (used in) financing activities	(C)	(1,999) (16,190)	(16,007)
ter cash (used in) mancing activities	(C)	(10,190)	(10,007)
Net Increase / (Decrease) In Cash And Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C)	(14,642)	16,625
Effect of exchange difference on Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,12,760	96,135
Cash and Cash equivalents takenover as per the scheme			
		98,118	1,12,760
cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note - 13)		30,110	1,12,700

### CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Components of cash and cash equivalents372Cash and cheques on hand372Remittance in Transit372Balances with Banks372	
Remittance in Transit	
	227
Balances with Banks	
In Current Accounts 97,746 1,1	2,358
Restricted cash balances -	175
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year 98,118 1,1	2,760

Particulars	Balance as at 01-Apr-21	Cash flows	Other adjustments	Balance as at 31-Mar-22
Non current borrowings (including Current Maturity), Refer note 19 Current borrowings	39,749 -	(7,638)	(1,961) -	30,150
Total	39,749	(7,638)	(1,961)	30,150

Particulars	Balance as at 01-Apr-20	Cash flows	Balance as at 31-Mar-21
Non current borrowings (including Current Maturity), refer note 19	48,174	(8,425)	39,749
Current borrowings -	-	-	
Total	48,174	(8,425)	39,749

### Notes:

Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard 7 (Ind AS -7) "Statement of Cash Flow"

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-55).

### As Per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN No. 103523W / W100048

### **Snehal Shah** Partner

Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : May 28, 2022

## For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer Neil Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Annual Report 2021-22

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### a. Equity shares of ₹ 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid

	As at Marc	ch 31, 2022	As at March	31, 2021
	Number of shares	Amount in Rupees	Number of shares	Amount in Rupees
Balance at the beginning	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879

### b. Other Equity

			Attrib	utable to o	wners			
	Rese	rves and S	Surplus	Ot	ther Reserve	es		
	Securities Premium Reserve	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total other equity	Non Controlling interest	Total
Balance at March 31, 2020	90,247	8,218	200	5,20,196	(171)	6,18,690	16,264	6,34,955
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	64,093	-	64,093	4,134	68,227
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	463	21,346	21,809	-	21,809
Balance at March 31, 2021	90,247	8,218	200	5,84,752	21,175	7,04,592	20,398	7,24,991
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(93,265)	-	(93,265)	632	(92,633)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)	-	-	-	107	(3,393)	(3,286)	-	(3,286)
Dividends	-	-	-	(1,999)	-	(1,999)	-	(1,999)
Balance at March 31, 2022	90,247	8,218	200	4,89,596	17,782	6,06,043	21,030	6,27,073

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (1-55).

### As Per our report of even date.

For Haribhakti & Co LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI FRN No. 103523W / W100048

**Snehal Shah** Partner Membership No. 048539

Place : Mumbai Date : Date : May 28, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Hitesh Punglia Chief Financial Officer **Neil Patel** Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Annual Report 2021-22



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### 1. Corporate Information

Arrow Greentech Limited ("the Company") is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Its shares are listed on BSE & NSE in India. The company is engaged in business of bio-degradable (green) products, high-tech products and having Patents income for such products/technology. The company caters to both domestic and international markets.

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

### A Basis of accounting and preparation of Financial Statements:

### Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS):

These Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements ("Consolidated Financial Statements") of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act and accounting principles generally accepted in India. These Consolidated Financial Statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 28, 2022.

### **Functional and Presentation Currency**

These Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the parent Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except otherwise indicated

### **Basis of measurement**

These Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

### **Use of Estimates and Judgements**

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the Consolidated Financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the year in which the results are known/ materialise. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies, as well as estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are included in the accounting policies.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

- Measurement of defined benefit obligations (Refer note 42)
- Measurement and likelihood of occurrence of provisions and contingencies (Refer note 38)
- Estimation of Tax expenses and Liability (Refer note 8 and 36)
- Useful lives of property, plant, equipment and intangibles (Refer note 3)
- Right to use (Refer note 3A)
- Impairment of financial assets such as trade receivables (Refer note 45)
- Revenue recognition

### **B** Principles of consolidation:

### i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns form its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

### ii) Non-Controlling Interest (NCI)

The non-controlling interests comprise the portion of equity of subsidiaries that are not owned, directly or indirectly, by the Group.

Non-controlling interest in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the Statement of Profit and Loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

### iii) Loss of Control

When a Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and the liabilities of the subsidiaries, and any NCI and other components of equity. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### iv) Equity accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise interests in associates.

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies.

Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognised at cost which includes transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Consolidated Financial Statements include the Group's share or profit or loss and OCI of equity accounted investees until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

### v) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balance and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment

### C Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized on transfer of control of promised goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the group is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

The group recognizes provision for sales return, based on the historic results, measured on net basis of the margin of the sale. Therefore, a refund liability, included in other current liabilities, are recognized for the products expected to be returned.

The group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the group as part of the contract. This variable consideration is estimated based on the expected value of outflow. Revenue (net of variable consideration) is recognized only to the extent that it is highly probable that the amount will not be subject to significant reversal when uncertainty relating to its recognition is resolved.

- i) Sale of products: Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control on the goods have been transferred to the customer. The performance obligation in case of sale of product is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.
- ii) Rendering of services: Revenue from services is recognized over time by measuring progress towards satisfaction of performance obligation for the services rendered.
- **iii) Dividend income :** Dividends are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- iv) Insurance and other claims, where quantum of accruals cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty, are accounted on acceptance basis.

### D Property, Plant and Equipment, Depreciation and Impairment:

### i) Recognition and measurement:

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost / deemed cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost of Property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and estimated attributable costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of plant, property and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation on additions / disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis i.e. from / up to the date on which asset is ready for use / disposed of

### ii) Depreciation:

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment has been provided on written down value basis and manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013. Leasehold Land on a straight line basis over the period of lease.i.e.99 years

### iii) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised on a Straight Line Basis over their estimated useful lives. Costs related to patents are written off over the remaining useful life from the day of grant. Computer Softwares are amortized over a period of 3 years from the date of acquisition.

Expenditure on research and development eligible for capitalisation are carried as Intangible assets under development where such assets are not yet ready for their intended use.

### iv) Capital work in Progress

Expenditure during the construction/ pre-operative period is included under Capital Work-in-Progress and same is allocated to the respective Property, Plant and Equipment on the completion of project

### E Investment Property

Investment property is property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but neither for sale in the ordinary course of business nor used in production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment properties are stated at cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes a period of 54 years as representating the best estimate of the period over which investment property are expected to be used. Accordingly, the Group depreciates investment properties over a period of 54 years on a written down value basis.

Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the Investment Property is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Fair values is determined by an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property valued.

### F Research and Development Cost:

Revenue expenditure pertaining to research is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Development costs of products are also charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless a products' technical feasibility has been established, in which case such expenditure is capitalized.

Product development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique products controlled by the Group are recongised as intangible assets if, and only if, technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefit are probable, the Group has intention and ability to complete and use or sell the assets and cost can be measured reliabily.

The amount capitalized comprise expenditure that can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to creating, producing and making the asset ready for its intended use. Capitalised product development costs are recorded as intengible assets and amortised from the useful life as estimated by the management. Property, Plant and Equipment utilized for research and development are capitalized and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Property, Plant and Equipment.



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### G Impairment of Assets:

### i) Financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Group applies Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets measured at amortised cost and debt instruments measured at FVOCI. Loss allowances on trade receivables are measured following the 'simplified approach' at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL at each reporting date. In respect of other financial assets, the loss allowance is measured at 12 month ECL only if there is no significant deterioration in the credit risk since initial recognition of the asset or asset is determined to have a low credit risk at the reporting date. The amount of ECLs (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized as an impairment gain or loss in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### H Investments:

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the long term investments.

### I Inventories:

- i) Raw Materials, packing materials, Stores and Spares are valued at lower of cost arrived on First In First Out method (FIFO) and Net Realisable Value. Cost of raw materials comprises cost of purchases.
- ii) Work-in-progress and Finished Goods are valued at lower of cost and Net Realisable Value. Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods comprises direct materials, direct labor and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.
- iii) Traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a FIFO basis.

Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### J Employee benefits:

### i) Short Term Obligations:

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet.

### ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations:

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.



### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### iii) Post-employment obligations

### The Group operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans such as gratuity; and
- (B) defined contribution plans such as provident fund and Employee State Insurance Fund (ESIC).

### **Defined Benefit Plans - Gratuity obligations**

The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee Benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the year in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income they are included in retained earnings in the Statement of changes in equity and in the Balance Sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss as past service cost.

### **Defined contribution plan**

The Group pays provident fund and ESIC contributions to publicly administered provident funds / ESIC as per local regulations. The Group has no further payment obligations once The contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as Defined contribution Plans and The contributions are recognised as employee Benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### K Leases (where the Group is lessee):

The Group has implemented the Ind AS 116 "Leases" as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on March 30, 2019 through the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019. Effective April 01, 2019, the group has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases", applied to all the lease contracts existing on April 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective method of transition. The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases of land, building and equipment.

At the date of commencement of lease, the Group recognised a right-to-use assets and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve month or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as operating expense on straight-line basis over the term of lease. The right-to-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The right-to-use of assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset right-to use of assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

The Lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of the leases. Lease Liabilities are re-measured with corresponding adjustment to the related right to use of asset if company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or termination option.

Lease liability and right-to-use asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

The following is the summary of practical expedients elected on initial application.

- 1) Applied a single discount rate to portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with similar end date.
- 2) Applied the exemption not to recognize right to use of asset and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term of the date of initial application.
- 3) Applied the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. Accordingly, IND AS 116 is applied only to contracts that were previously identified as leases under IND AS 17.

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### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

4) Excluding initial direct costs for the measurement of right to use of asset at the date of initial application.

### L Foreign Currency Transactions / Translations

### i) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as either profit or loss. A monetary item for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future is considered as a part of the entity's net investment in that foreign operation.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other income and expenses accordingly.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. For example, translation differences on non monetary assets and liabilities such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss as part of the fair value gain or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equity investments classified as Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") are recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI").

### ii) Foreign Operations

In case of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the parent company's functional currency, the assets and liabilities of such foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising upon acquisition, are translated to the reporting currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at the monthly average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income/ (loss) and presented within equity as part of FCTR. When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss as a part of gain or loss on disposal.

### M Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

The income tax expense or credit for the period is tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by change in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax comprises of expected tax payable or receivable on taxable income/loss for the year or any adjustment or receivable in respect of previous year. Management periodically evaluates position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the Balance Sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting date and are expected to apply to the Group when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits (Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement) only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences, unused losses and unused tax credits. Deferred tax assets – unrecognised or recognised, are reviewed at each reporting date and are recognised / reduced to the extent that it is probable or no longer probable respectively that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

MAT Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognized as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is viewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### N Earnings Per Share

### (i) Basic earnings per share

### Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Group;
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year.

### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

### Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the net profit or loss after tax for the year attributable to owners of the Group, and
- the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares

### **O** Provisions

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

### P Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The group does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

### Q Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet include cash on hand, cheques on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and overdrawn bank balances.

### **Cash Flows**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

### R Dividend

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

### S Derivatives and hedging activities

The Group holds derivative financial instruments such as forward contracts to mitigate risk of changes in exchange and interest rates. The counterparty for these contracts is generally banks.

### (i) Cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting:

When a hedging instrument expires, or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative deferred gain or loss and deferred costs of hedging in equity at that time remains in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. When the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss and deferred costs of hedging that were reported in equity are immediately reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than 12 months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months.



### (All amounts in Indian $\mathfrak{T}$ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### (ii) Derivatives that are not designated as hedges

The Group enters into certain derivative contracts to hedge risks which are not designated as hedges. Such contracts are accounted for at fair value through profit and loss and are included in other income / expenses. Assets/liabilities are presented as current assets/current liabilities if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realized within 12 months after the Balance Sheet date.

### T Financial instruments

### a. Financial Liabilities

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

### Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at fair value through profit and loss. For trade payables and other liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### b. Financial assets

### Initial recognition and measurement

Trade Receivables are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets other than those measured subsequently at fair value through profit and loss, are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

### **Classification and subsequent measurement**

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. Based on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, the Group classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through OCI or fair value through profit and loss.

### i) Financial assets amortised at cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held with in a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely consisting payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

### **Equity investments**

All equity investments within the scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Such equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For all other such equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as FVOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.



### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

For equity instruments classified as FVOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in OCI. Dividends on such equity instruments are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividends on such equity instruments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition, any gains or losses on all debt instruments (other than debt instruments measured at FVOCI) and equity instruments (measured at FVTPL) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains and losses in respect of debt instruments measured at FVOCI and that are accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition. Gains or losses on equity instruments measured at FVOCI that are recognised and accumulated in OCI are not reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition.

### U Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

### Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the group's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being trade;
- c) it is expected to be realised on demand or within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

### Liabilities

Aliability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the group's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being trade;
- c) it is due to be settled in demand or within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) there is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

### V Operating cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Group and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Group has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

### W Segment Reporting

The Group determines segments based on the internal organisation and management structure of the Group its system of internal financial reporting and the nature of its risks and its returns. The Board of Directors of the Group has been identified as Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). CODM evaluates the Group's performance, allocate resources based on analysis of various performance indicators of the Company for disclosing in the segment report. The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Group.



### (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Segment revenue includes income directly identifiable with the segments.

Expenses that are directly identifiable with the segments are considered for determining the segment result. Expenses which relate to the Group as a whole and not allocable to segments and expenses which relate to the operating activities of the segment but are impracticable to allocate to the segment, are included under "Unallocable corporate expenses".

Income which relates to the Group as a whole and not allocable to segments are included in Unallocable Income and netted off from Unallocable corporate expenses.

Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Unallocable corporate assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities that relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to any segment.

### Changes in Accounting Standards and other recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1, 2022, as below:

### Ind AS 103 – Reference to Conceptual Framework

The amendments specify that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Indian Accounting Standards (Conceptual Framework) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. These changes do not significantly change the requirements of Ind AS 103. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

### Ind AS 16 – Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

### Ind AS 37 - Onerous Contracts -

Costs of Fulfilling a Contract The amendments specify that that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

### Ind AS 109 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 percent' test of Ind AS 109 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

### Ind AS 116 - Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments remove the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives were described in that illustration. The Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\mathfrak{F}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

# 3 Tangible and intangible assets

	Carrying amount as at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Disposal during the year	Translation adjustments	As at March 31, 2022	Up to April 01, 2021	Charge for the year	Disposal during the year	Translation adjustments	Up to March 31, 2022	As At March 31, 2022
A Property, plant and equipment											
Leasehold Land	3,117	•			3,117	169	37			205	2,912
Building	1,32,078	8,955		(816)	1,40,216	19,121	4,512		571	24,203	1,16,013
Plant and Equipment	2,25,705	18,753			2,44,459	1,09,611	29,468			1,39,078	1,05,380
Furniture and Fixtures	3,823	6			3,832	3,256	511			3,768	64
Electrical Installation	5,825				5,825	2,773	790			3,563	2,262
Motor Car	3,156	6,210			9,366	2,540	1,815			4,355	5,011
Office Equipment	5,041	549			5,590	3,432	762			4,195	1,395
Computer	5,530	671			6,201	4,238	771			5,009	1,191
Office Building (Refer note 1)	229			•	229	36	15	•		51	178
Total A 3	3,84,503	35,147	•	(816)	4,18,834	1,45,175	38,682	•	571	1,84,428	2,34,406
B Capital work-in-progress	1,08,773	15,223	•	•	1,23,996	•	•		•	•	1,23,996
Total B	1,08,773	15,223	•	•	1,23,996	•	•	•		•	1,23,996
C Intangible assets											
Patent rights	21,422	30,682		86	52,190	12,588	5,925			18,513	33,678
Total C	21,422	30,682	•	86	52,190	12,588	5,925	•	•	18,513	33,678
D Intangible assets under development											
Patent rights	3,695	1,875		•	5,569	'				'	5,569
Product Development	4,363	293		(9)	4,650	•	•	•		•	4,650
Total D	8,058	2,168	•	(9)	10,220	•	•	•		•	10,220
Total (A+B+C+D) 5,	5,22,756	83,220		(136)	6,05,240	1,57,763	44,607		571	2,02,941	4,02,299

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building will be transferred in the name of the Holding Company in due course.

<u> </u>	Gross Carrying Value	Held in Name of	Whether Promoter, director or property held since Reason for not being held their relative or employee which Period in the name of company	property held since which Period	Reason for not being held in the name of company
6	229	Rishil Exports	Relative of Promoter	01-04-94	in process

(2) Assets Disposal during the year include assets write off - NIL ( PY - Plant and Equipment ₹ 3223).
(3) Detail of property, plant and equipment hypothecated : Hypothecation of fixed assets acquired by availment of borrowing (Refer Note 18)

### **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**



(All amounts in Indian  ${\mathfrak F}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

3 Tangible and intangible assets

					Gross carry	Gross carrying amount	ţ	Accu	mulated	depreciati	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	ation	Net block
A Property, plant and equipment $3,117$ $    3,117$ Leasehold Land $3,117$ $   3,117$ $  3,117$ Building $1,26,073$ $220$ $ 5,785$ $1,32,078$ Plant and Equipment $2,11,605$ $24,809$ $(10,708)$ $ 2,25,05$ Fumiture and Fixtures $3,528$ $294$ $  2,25,05$ Rectrical Installation $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 2,25,05$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 2,25,05$ Notor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 2,250$ Office Equipment $2,27,007$ $(11,349)$ $5,788$ $3,450$ Computer $2,2457$ $27,607$ $(11,349)$ $5,788$ $2,94$ Computer $2,2457$ $27,607$ $(11,349)$ $5,788$ $3,4,603$ Total A         B <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Carrying amount as at April 01, 2020</th><th>Additions during the year</th><th>Disposal during the year</th><th>Translation adjustments</th><th>As at March 31, 2021</th><th>Up to April 01, 2020</th><th>Charge for the year</th><th>Disposal during the year</th><th>Translation adjustments</th><th>Up to March 31, 2021</th><th>As At March 31, 2021</th></t<>			Carrying amount as at April 01, 2020	Additions during the year	Disposal during the year	Translation adjustments	As at March 31, 2021	Up to April 01, 2020	Charge for the year	Disposal during the year	Translation adjustments	Up to March 31, 2021	As At March 31, 2021
Leasehold Land $3,117$ -       -       - $3,117$ -       - $3,117$ -       - $3,117$ -       - $3,117$ - $3,117$ - $3,117$ - $5,785$ $1,32,078$ Plant and Equipment $1,26,073$ $220$ $5,785$ $1,32,078$ $3,23$ $2,25,705$ $3,23$ Furniture and Fixtures $3,528$ $294$ $   2,25,705$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (10,708)$ $  3,823$ Office Equipment $3,797$ $ (641)$ $  3,156$ Office Equipment $3,797$ $ (641)$ $  2,29$ Office Equipment $4,33$ $7/27$ $ (641)$ $ 2,29$ Office Equipment $ 3,77$ $ (1,349)$ $5,788$ $3,8,503$ Office Building       Total A $ 3,625$ $   2,1422$ Total B       D $ -$ <		A Property, plant and equipment											
Building         1,26,073         220 $5,785$ 1,32,076           Plant and Equipment         2,11,605         24,809         (10,708) $2,25,705$ Furmiture and Fixtures         3,528         294 $2,25,705$ 3,823           Electrical Installation         3,528         2467 $2,3,526$ 3,467 $2,3,526$ Motor Car         3,797 $2,(1,000)$ $2,(1,000)$ $2,3,526$ $3,65,30$ Office Equipment $4,313$ 727 $6,641$ $2,26,506$ $3,156$ Office Equipment $4,313$ 727 $6,641$ $2,22,530$ $2,530$ Office Equipment $4,438$ $1,090$ $2,2,5,7667$ $3,65,730$ $2,29$ Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $2,641$ $2,641$ $2,22$ Office Equipment $2,2457$ $27,607$ $(1,1,349)$ $5,788$ $3,84,503$ Office Building         Total B         B,9,143 $19,630$ $2,1,422$ $2,07$ Iotal B         Softal B         Softal B $2,1,422$ $2,1,422$		Leasehold Land	3,117	•			3,117	133	36	•		169	2,948
Plant and Equipment $2,11,605$ $24,809$ $(10,708)$ $ 2,25,705$ Furniture and Fixtures $3,528$ $294$ $  3,823$ Electrical Instalation $3,528$ $467$ $  3,823$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 5,825$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 5,825$ Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $ 6,941$ $ 5,825$ Office Equipment $2,294$ $1,090$ $ 5,30$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,294$ $ 2,244$ $  2,1422$ $  2,1422$ $  2,1422$ $ -$		Building	1,26,073	220		5,785	1,32,078	16,790	4,674	(2,343)	•	19,121	1,12,957
Furniture and Fixtures $3,528$ $294$ $ 3,823$ Electrical Installation $5,358$ $467$ $ 3,825$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 5,825$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 5,730$ Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $ 611$ $ 5,041$ Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $ (641)$ $ 5,041$ Office Equipment $4,438$ $1,090$ $  2,29$ $ 2,041$ Computer $2,29$ $    2,041$ Computer $2,29$ $ 2,07$ $ 2,29$ $-$ Office Building $ 2,07$ $  2,01$ $ 2,01$ $ 2,041$ $ 2,041$ $ 2,042$ $ 2,042$ $ 2,042$ $-$		Plant and Equipment	2,11,605	24,809	(10,708)		2,25,705	83,317	29,401	(3,107)	•	1,09,611	1,16,095
Electrical Installation $5,358$ $467$ $ 5,826$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 5,826$ Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 5,041$ Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $  5,041$ Computer $2,29$ $     -$ Computer $2,29$ $       -$ Computer $2,29$ $  -$		Furmiture and Fixtures	3,528	294			3,823	2,459	797	•	•	3,256	566
Motor Car $3,797$ $ (641)$ $ 3,156$ Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $  5,041$ Computer $4,313$ $727$ $   -$ Computer $  -$ <		Electrical Installation	5,358	467			5,825	1,788	984	•	•	2,773	3,052
Office Equipment $4,313$ $727$ $ 5,041$ Computer $4,438$ $1,090$ $ 3,6530$ Computer $229$ $  229$ Office Building $229$ $  229$ Office Building $229$ $  -$ Office Building $229$ $  -$ Office Building $229$ $   229$ Office Building $25,1457$ $27,607$ $(11,349)$ $5,788$ $3,84,503$ Office Building $3,84,503$ $   229$ Intangible assets $89,143$ $19,630$ $  -$ Patent rights $21,422$ $    21,422$ Intangible assets under development $      -$ Intangible assets under development $  -$		Motor Car	3,797	•	(641)		3,156	2,800	282	(541)	•	2,540	616
Computer         4,438         1,090         -         3         5,530           Office Building         229         -         -         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         229         206,457         27,607         (11,349)         5,788         3,84,503         2         208,143         19,630         -         108,773         2         20,457         27,400         2         20,457         21,420         2         1,08,773         2 <t< th=""><th>_</th><td>Office Equipment</td><td>4,313</td><td>727</td><td></td><td></td><td>5,041</td><td>2,602</td><td>831</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>3,432</td><td>1,608</td></t<>	_	Office Equipment	4,313	727			5,041	2,602	831	•	•	3,432	1,608
Office Building         229         -         -         229         223         236,457         27,607         (11,349)         5,788         3,84,503         2         23,84,503         2         1,08,773         2         23,44,503         2         2         1,08,773         2 <th2< th="">         2<th>A</th><td>Computer</td><td>4,438</td><td>1,090</td><td></td><td>ო</td><td>5,530</td><td>3,714</td><td>524</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>4,238</td><td>1,292</td></th2<>	A	Computer	4,438	1,090		ო	5,530	3,714	524	•	•	4,238	1,292
Total A         3,62,457         27,607         (11,349)         5,788         3,84,503         7           B Capital work-in-progress         89,143         19,630         -         -         1,08,773           Total B         89,143         19,630         -         -         1,08,773           C Intangible assets         89,143         19,630         -         -         1,08,773           Patent rights         21,422         -         -         21,422         -         21,422           Total C         21,422         -         -         21,422         -         21,422           Intangible assets under development         3,421         247         -         21,422         -           Patent rights         3,421         247         -         -         21,422           Patent rights         -         21,422         -         -         21,422           Software development         3,421         247         -         21,422         -         4,363           Product Development         3,421         247         -         -         6,3,695         -         4,363           Software development         645         -         (645)         - </th <th>าทน</th> <th>Office Building</th> <th>229</th> <th>'</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>229</th> <th>20</th> <th>16</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>36</th> <th>193</th>	าทน	Office Building	229	'			229	20	16			36	193
B Capital work-in-progress         89,143         19,630         -         -         1           Total B         89,143         19,630         -         -         1           C Intangible assets         89,143         19,630         -         -         1           C Intangible assets         21,422         -         -         -         -         1           Total C         21,422         -	all	Total A	3,62,457	27,607	(11,349)	5,788	3,84,503	1,13,622	37,544	(5,991)	•	1,45,175	2,39,328
Total B         89,143         19,630         -         1           C Intangible assets         21,422         -         -         -         1           Patent rights         21,422         -         -         -         -         -         1           Total C         21,422         - <td< th=""><th>Rep</th><th><b>B</b> Capital work-in-progress</th><th>89,143</th><th>19,630</th><th>•</th><th>•</th><th>1,08,773</th><th>•</th><th>•</th><th>•</th><th>•</th><th>•</th><th>1,08,773</th></td<>	Rep	<b>B</b> Capital work-in-progress	89,143	19,630	•	•	1,08,773	•	•	•	•	•	1,08,773
C Intangible assets         21,422         - <th>oor</th> <th>Total B</th> <th>89,143</th> <th>19,630</th> <th>•</th> <th>•</th> <th>1,08,773</th> <th>•</th> <th>•</th> <th>•</th> <th></th> <th>•</th> <th>1,08,773</th>	oor	Total B	89,143	19,630	•	•	1,08,773	•	•	•		•	1,08,773
Patent rights         21,422         -	t 20	C Intangible assets											
Total C         21,422         -         -         -         2         2           D Intangible assets under development Patent rights         3,421         247         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         -         26         -         26         -         26         -         -         26         -         -         26         -         -         26         -         -         26         -         -         26         -         -         26         -         -         26         -	21	Patent rights	21,422				21,422	7,999	4,589	•		12,588	8,834
3,421       247       -       26         4,293       71       -       -       -         645       -       (645)       -       -         8,359       318       (645)       26	-22	Total C	21,422	•	•	•	21,422	7,999	4,589	•	•	12,588	8,834
3,421     247     -     26       4,293     71     -     -       645     -     (645)     -       8,359     318     (645)     26	_	D Intangible assets under development											
4,293 71 645 - 0.645)		Patent rights	3,421	247		26	3,695	•	'	•			3,695
645 - (645) - 8,359 318 (645) 26		Product Development	4,293	71			4,363	•	'	•			4,363
8,359 318 (645) 26		Software development	645		(645)		'		'				
		Total D	8,359	318	(645)	26	8,058	•	•	•	•	•	8,058
Total (A+B+C+D) 4,81,381 47,555 (11,994) 5,815 5,22,756 1,		Total (A+B+C+D)	4,81,381	47,555	(11,994)	5,815		1,21,621	42,133	(5,991)	•	1,57,763	3,64,993

Note :

(1) Building having gross value of ₹134 (P.Y. ₹ 134) is pending for registration in the name of the Holding Company. Management is of the opinion that the building will be transferred in the name of the Holding Company in due course.

(2) Assets Disposal during the year include assets write off - (Plant and Equipment ₹ 3,223) (P.Y. Nil)
(3) Detail of property, plant and equipment hypothecated : Hypothecation of fixed assets acquired by availment of borrowing (Refer Note 18)

### **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**





# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### 3A Right to use

### (i) Amounts to be recognised in balance sheet as on March 31, 2022

The Balance Sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases :

Right to use assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Lease hold land/building	10,049	9,931
Total	10,049	9,931

Lease liabilities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current	1,910	1,998
Non - Current	11,013	10,610
Total	12,923	12,608

### (ii) Amounts to be recognised in Consolidated 'Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

The Statement of Profit and Loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:

Depreciation	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Lease hold land/building	2,365	3,817
Total	2,365	3,817

Interest expenses on lease liabilities (included in finance cost) ₹ 1,538 (March 31, 2021 : ₹ 1,678)

### (iil) Total cash outflow for leases during financial year was :

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Operating cash flows : Interest expenses	1,538	1,678
Total	1,538	1,678



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### 3B Capital WIP Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Tangible Assets					
Project in Progress	15,223	19,781	80,235	8,756	1,23,996
Projects temporarily suspended	- 15,223	- 19,781	- 80,235	8,756	- 1,23,996
Intangible Assets					
Project in Progress	2,167	318	264	7,472	10,220
Projects temporarily suspended	2,167	318	264	7,472	- 10,220
As at March 31, 2021	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
· · ·		12.0010	20100		····
Tangible Assets Project in Progress Projects temporarily suspended	19,781	80,235	2,985	5,771	1,08,773
Frojects temporanty suspended	- 19,781	80,235	2,985	5,771	1,08,773
Intangible Assets					
Project in Progress	318	534	4,448	2,758	8,058
Projects temporarily suspended	- 318	- 534	- 4,448	- 2,758	- 8,058

### Note

The projects in progress for more than 3 years, will be capitalised by March 2023. In tangible assets, major amount include investments made to set up of pharmaceutical factory for manufacturing of mouth dissolving strips in Avery Pharmaceuticals Pvt Ltd. (subsidiary company). Capitalisation of intangible assets depends upon grant of respective patents

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(All amounts in Indian  ${\mathbb F}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

					.							
			~	Gross carry	Gross carrying amount	<b>+</b>	Accu	ımulated	l depreciat	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	sation	Carrying Amount
		Carrying amount as at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Disposal during the year	Translation adjustments	As at March 31, 2022	Up to April 01, 2021	Charge for the year	Disposal during the year	Translation adjustments	Up to March 31, 2022	As At March 31, 2022
	Guest House	1,651				1,651	365	63			428	1,223
	Total	1,651	•		•	1,651	365	63	•	•	428	1,223
				Gross carry	Gross carrying amount	t	Accu	imulated	depreciat	Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	sation	Carrying Amount
_		Carrying amount	Additions during the	Disposal during the	Translation adjustments	As at March	Up to April	Charge for the	Disposal during the	Translation adjustments	Up to March	As At March
		as at April 01, 2020	year	year		31, 2021	01, 2020	year	year		31, 2021	31, 2021
	Guest House	1,651		•		1,651	299	66			365	1,286
	Total	1,651	•	•	•	1,651	299	66	•	•	365	1,352
	(i) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit		and Loss for investment property	rinvestmer	ıt property							
2021-22				As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	[						
	Depreciation			63	99							
	Profit / (loss) from investment property	erty		(63)	(99)							
						t						

# # Estimation of Fair value

(ii) Fair value Investment property# Holding Company has carried out the fair valuation of property involving external independent valuation expert. As per the fair valuation report dated 2nd May 2022 the fair value of investment property as on March 31, 2022 is ₹ 2,562(000) . The valuation model has considered various inputs like cost, location, market appreciation, etc.

2,555

2,562

### **ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED**





# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### 5 Investments

		As	at	
	March 3	<b>31, 2022</b>	March 3	31, 2021
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
Investment in Equity instruments of Associates (Unquoted) (Fully paid up)				
Trade)				
Equity shares of SPArrow Bio-Polymer Products (P) Ltd of face value				
₹ 10 each (46% holding)	4,600	-	4,600	-
Equity shares of Sphere Bio-Polymers (P) Ltd of face value ₹ 10 each				
(49% holding)	4,900	-	4,900	-
nvestments				
n Equity Instruments (Unquoted), (Fully Paid). Non-Trade, at Fair value				
hrough Profit or Loss				
Shamrao Vithal Co- operative Bank		9		ç
Equity Shares of ₹ 25/- each	300		300	
Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	100	4 50 4	100	4 500
nvestment in Shares - Aquasam Limited, UK	050	1,501	050	1,522
Equity shares of GBP 1 each	250		250	
n mutual funds (quoted) (Non-Trade), at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		10.006		05 575
(refer below details)		10,296		85,575
		11,806		87,106
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof		10,296		85,575
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		1,510		1,531
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments		-		-

Investment in mutual funds (quoted) (fully paid up) at Fair Value	e through Profit and	<u>Loss</u>		
	As	at	As	at
	March 3	1, 2022	March 31	l, 2021
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
HDFC Liquid Fund- Regular Plan - Growth	134	557	11,285	45,340
ICICI Prudential Savings Fund - Daily Dividend	72,784	7,696	96,341	10,181
ICICI Prudential Equity Arbitrage Fund-Dividend	1,45,397	2,043	1,45,397	2,022
GLMSF Fund Class A8	-	-	231	28,032
		10,296		85,575



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
6 Other financial asset		
Fixed deposits with Bank (maturity more than 12 months) *	903	1,690
Security Deposit(Unsecured, considered good)	1,514	1,431
Security deposits - others	3,085	3,326
Share application money pending allotment in subsidiary Company (Refer Note 40)	849	-
	6,351	6,447
*Held as lien by bank against bank guarantee/Security Deposit of Mar 31, 2022		
₹ 903; Mar 31,2021 ₹ 1,690		
7 Income tax assets (Net)		
Advance Income Tax(Net of Provision for Taxation of Mar 31, 2022 ₹ 80,366;		
Mar 31,2021 ₹ 73,334)	7,744	15,302
	7,744	15,302
3 Other non - current assets		
Unsecured, considered good		
Capital advances	3,430	5,969
Insurance Claim Receivable (Refer Note 49)	14,161	61,174
Less: Allowance for doubtful receivable	(3,542)	01,11
Prepaid expenses	46	121
	14,095	67,264
9 Inventories		
Raw materials and components:		
Polyvinyl Alcohol	25,695	9,937
Chemicals	1,564	590
Others	12,213	12,213
Total	39,471	22,740
Work in progress:		
Water Soluble Films	13,710	1,371
Finished goods:		
Water Soluble Films	7,034	4,639
Others (including Stock in transit)	1,133	742
Stock in trade		
Cleaning products	41	166
Bioplast	37	5,772
Stores and spares	5,862	2,138
	67,289	37,567



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		As	s at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
10	Trade Receivables		
	<u>Unsecured</u> Dues from trade receivables considered good Dues from trade receivables considered doubtful Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	36,452 13,917 (13,917)	69,710 8,025 (8,025)
		36,452	69,710

Note: Trade receivable are receivable in normal operating cycle and are shown net of an allowance for bad or doubtful debts

No trade receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms including limited liability partnerships (LLPs) or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

### Trade Receivable Ageing

As at March 31, 2022		Not due	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	13,411	11,659	572	10,809	-	-	36,452
(li)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	605	28	7,509	17	3,344	11,503
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disptuted Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	2,414	-	-	2,414
Total		13,411	12,264	600	20,732	17	3,344	50,369

### Trade Receivable Ageing

As at March 31, 2021		Not due	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	15,137	31,900	19,826	2,599	-	247	69,710
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	540	31	1,241	2,774	1,025	5,611
(iii)	Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivable - Considered Doubtful	-	-	2,414	-	-	-	2,414
Tot	al	15,137	32,440	22,271	3,840	2,774	1,272	77,735



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 11 Cash and cash equivalents Balance with bank: On current accounts 97.746 1.12.358 Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months\* 175 227 Cash on hand 372 98.118 1.12.760 \*Held as lien by Bank against bank guarantee of Mar 31, 2022-₹Nil, Mar 31,2021-₹175 12 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents **Unclaimed Dividend Account** 4,216 3,793 **Employer Gratuity Account** 91 37 Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months\*\* 1,01,824 84,586 1,05,708 88,839 \*\*Held as lien by bank against bank guarantee of Mar 31, 2022 ₹ 95,971, Mar 31, 2021 ₹ 63,252 13 Loans Unsecured, considered good Loan to Employees (Repayable on demand) 28 203 Loan to Other considered doubtful 2.480 2,283 Less: Allowance for doubtful debts (2,480)(2,283) 28 203 14 Other financial assets Unsecured, considered good Interest accrued on deposits with bank 416 645 Export benefit receivable 789 153 Security deposits - Others 47 165 1.481 734 15 Other current assets Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise Advance to suppliers 42,284 33,946 Prepaid expenses 1,623 1,474 Advance to employees 530 383 Balance with Government authorities 36,587 73,929 81,024 1,09,732



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### 16 Equity share capital

### a) Equity share capital

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March	n 31, 2021
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised share capital Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,50,00,000	1,50,000	1,50,00,000	1,50,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up : Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879

### b) Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	As at March 31, 2022		As at March	n 31, 2021
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Outstanding at the beginning of the year (Refer note no. 50)	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879
Add: Right issue share issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,40,87,938	1,40,879	1,40,87,938	1,40,879

### c) Terms /Rights attached to Equity shares

The Group has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Group declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Group, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Group, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

### d) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares

	As at Marc	h 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		
Name of shareholder	Number of shares	% of Holding	Number of shares	% of Holding	
Arrow Convertors Private Limited	9,96,014	7.07%	9,96,014	7.07%	
Jigisha S. Patel	18,22,205	12.93%	18,22,205	12.93%	
Shilpan P. Patel	49,66,346	35.25%	49,66,346	35.25%	
Shilpan Patel (HUF)	10,29,180	7.31%	10,29,180	7.319	
	88,13,745	62.56%	88,13,745	62.56%	

### e) Details of shares held by promoters

Name of Promoters	Number of shares	% of Holding	% change during the year
Arrow Convertors Private Limited	9,96,014	7.07%	-
Jigisha S. Patel	18,22,205	12.93%	-
Shilpan P. Patel	49,66,346	35.25%	-
Shilpan Patel (HUF)	10,29,180	7.31%	-
Neil Patel	5,39,810	3.83%	-
Rishil Patel	5,47,000	3.88%	-
Manisha Sindhi	10,000	0.07%	-
	99,10,555	70.35%	-

			As	at
			March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
17	Other Equity			
	General Reserve	18 (i)	200	200
	Capital reserve	18 (ii)	8,218	8,218
	Securities premium reserve	18 (iii)	90,247	90,247
	Retained earnings	18 (iv)	4,89,596	5,84,752
	Foreign currency translation reserve	18 (v)	17,782	21,175
			6,06,043	7,04,592
18 (i)	-			
	<u>General reserve</u>		200	200
	Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year		200	200
	Balance at the end of the year		200	200
18 (ii	) Capital reserve			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		8,218	8,218
	Movement during the year		-	-
	Balance at the end of the year		8,218	8,218



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\textbf{T}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
18 (iii)	Securities premium reserve		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	90,247	90,247
	Movement during the year	-	-
	Balance at the end of the year	90,247	90,247
18 (iv)	Retained earnings		
	Opening Balance at the beginning of the year	5,84,752	5,20,196
	Add : Profit /(Loss) for the year	(93,265)	64,093
	Less : Dividend paid by subsidiary company	(1,999)	-
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss :		
	- Remesurement of defined benefit obligation	149	642
	- Income tax relating to above item	(42)	(179)
	Balance as at the year end	4,89,596	5,84,752
18 (v)	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		
	Opening balance	21,175	(171)
	Add: for the year	(3,393)	21,346
	Balance as at the year end	17,782	21,175
		6,06,043	7,04,592

### Note

### Nature of reserves

### a) General Reserve

The General reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the General reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### b) Capital Reserve

The Capital reserve is created on account of forfeiture of share application money.

### c) Securities Premium

Securities premium account comprises of premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the specific provision of the Companies Act, 2013.

### d) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Group and are available for distribution to shareholders



					As	at	
					March 31, 2022	March 31, 202	
18	Non current Borrowings						
	Loan from Others (Secure Term Loan (Secured)	<u>ed)</u>			30,150	39,749	
	Vehicle loan (Secured)				4,202		
	Less: Current Maturities				(11,840)	(9,599)	
					22,512	30,150	
	repayable in 60 monthly in assets acquired. Vehicle loan of ₹4,202 (M	financial company of ₹ 30,150 (N nstalments along with interest sta larch 31, 2021 : ₹ Nil) carries inte g from May 2021. The loan is se	arting from Octo erest @ 6.74% p	ber 2019. The lo o.a. The loans ar	an is secured by hyp re repayable in 60 m	othecation of fixe	
	for purchase of motor vehi						
					As	at	
					March 31, 2022	March 31, 202	
18A	Current Borrowings						
	Current Maturities of long	term borrowings			11,840 <b>11,840</b>	9,599 <b>9,59</b> 9	
					11,040	0,000	
					As	at	
					March 31, 2022	March 31, 202	
19	Provisions						
	Provision for employee be				0.444	0.070	
	Leave encashment (un fu	Inded) (Refer hote 39)			2,111 2,111	2,272 2,272	
					_,		
					As	As at	
					March 31, 2022	March 31, 202	
20	Trade Payables						
	Total outstanding dues of Total outstanding dues to	f micro enterprises and small er	iterprises (Refe	r Note 38)	356 31,370	670 18,944	
					31,726	19,614	
	e Payable Ageing (includi						
	t March 31, 2022	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Ye	ears Total	
/:\ 8/	SME						
• •	isputed	-	-	-	156	156	
- D	ndisputed	200	-	-	-	200	
- D - U	41						
- D - U (ii) O	thers isputed					-	
- D - U (ii) O - D	<b>thers</b> isputed ndisputed	- 32,689	- 321	- 4,815	- 6,075	43,900	



### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2021	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
(i) MSME					
- Disputed	-	-	156	-	156
- Undisputed	514	-	-	-	514
(ii) Others					
- Disputed	-	-	-	-	-
- Undisputed	28,478	329	5,004	2,259	36,071
Total	28,992	329	5,160	2,259	36,741

		As	at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
21	Other financial liabilities		
	Interest Accrued but not due	90	81
	Unclaimed Dividend ^	3,793	4,216
	Employee Benefits Payable	3,790	8,726
	Outstanding liability for expenses	8,702	12,232
	Trade payable for capital goods (other than small and medium enterprises)	12,530	17,127
	(Refer Note 20 for Ageing)	28,905	42,382
	^ There are no unpaid dividend which is required to be transferred to Investors Education Protection Fund		
22	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	- Gratuity (funded) (Refer Note 39)	1,713	1,554
	- Leave encashment (un funded) (Refer Note 39)	1,672	894
		3,385	2,448
23	Other current liabilities		
	Statutory Dues Payable	2,762	4,850
	Advances from customer	2,412	549
		5,174	5,399



## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
24 Revenue from operations		
Sale of products (net of sales return)		
Finished goods	1,58,422	1,64,517
Traded goods	1,73,921	3,29,220
Services rendered		
Consulting Income	3,252	29,396
Other Operating Revenue		
Sale of scrap	1,128	829
Revenue from Operations	3,36,724	5,23,962
Detail of Sale of Products / Services		
Finished goods sold		
Water Soluble Films	1,56,088	1,34,533
Other Business	2,335	29,984
	1,58,422	1,64,517
Traded goods sold		
Cleaning Products	294	2,085
Other Business	1,71,847	3,25,608
Water Soluble films	1,780	1,527
	1,73,921	3,29,220
25 Other Income		
Dividend Income		
From Non-current Investment in Mutual Fund measured at Fair Value through profit or loss	676	2,579
Interest Income received on Financial Assets - Carried at amortised cost		
On Fixed Deposit with Bank	3,384	4,604
On Others	469	387
Foreign Exchange Gain (net)	1,842	_
Net Gain on Sale of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund	1,439	_
Profit on sale of Investment	1,481	-
Miscellaneous Income	1,848	488
Sundry Balances Written Back	298	7,169
Net Gain on Fair valuation of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund measured at Fair		,
value through profit or loss	-	7,517
Rent Income	5,395	3,388
	16,832	26,132



	Year ei	nded
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
26 Cost of raw materials consumed		
Inventory at the beginning of the year	22,740	5,540
Add: Purchases	89,068	55,599
Less: Material consumed for trial production	8,778	161
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	39,471	22,740
	63,559	38,239
27 Change in inventory of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock in trade		
Inventories at the end of the year		
Stock In Trade	78	5,938
Work-in-progress	13,710	1,371
Finished goods	8,168	5,380
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Stock In Trade	5,938	15,461
Work-in-progress	1,371	4,789
Finished goods	5,380	7,320
	(9,266)	14,881
28 Employee benefits expense		
Salary, Wages and Bonus	64,393	57,331
Contribution to Provident and other funds (Refer note - 39)	1,839	1,440
Gratuity (Refer note - 39)	681	653
Leave Encashment (Refer note - 39)	1,728	1,764
Staff welfare expenses	2,241	1,394
	70,882	62,582
29 Finance Cost		
Interest on Secured Loan	4,754	5,576
Processing and Other Charges	133	166
Interest on Lease (Refer note 3A)	1,538	1,678
Interest on Tax	128	162
	6,553	7,582



## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	Year	ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Other expenses		
Consumption of stores and spares	4,790	5,457
Repair and Maintenance - Building	1,207	132
Repair and Maintenance - Machinery	1,662	1,427
Repair and Maintenance - Other	3,043	1,722
Rent (Refer note 36)	944	427
Insurance	2,708	3,303
Power and Fuel	40,575	26,813
Labour Charges	4,828	4,279
Factory Expenses	5,883	2,614
Selling and Promotion Expenses	217	264
Freight and Forwarding	6,106	11,239
Trial Production Expenses	11,256	275
Postage and Telephone Expenses	1,401	871
Printing and Stationery	587	469
Travelling and Conveyance	10,669	4,075
Legal and Professional Charges	13,592	12,162
Patent Charges	2,116	4,799
Loss on Sale / Write-off of Fixed Assets (net)	-	504
Bad Trade Receivables / Deposits written off	2,080	-
Provision For Advances	197	2,283
Provision For Doubtful debts	5,892	475
Loss by Fire (Refer note no. 49)	11,790	-
Payment to Auditors (Exclusive of Goods and Services tax) (refer note 31)	3,251	2,809
Corporate Social Responsibility Expense - Holding Company (refer note 32)	900	1,250
Loss on fair value of Investment	1,242	-
Sundry Balances written off	-	1,837
Bank Charges	1,696	592
Commission on Sales	2,330	3,267
Foreign Exchange Loss (Net)	-	4,653
Net Loss on Sale of non-current Investments in Mutual Fund	-	3,045
Other Misc Expenses	4,535	9,596
	1,45,497	1,10,639



## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	Year e	ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
31 Payment to Auditors (Exclusive of Goods and Services tax)		
As auditor		
Auditors Remuneration	2,491	2,179
Tax audit fees	200	200
Limited review fees	445	345
Other Capacity		
Other services (Certification fees)	115	85
	3,251	2,809
32 Corporate Social Responsibility Expense - Holding Company		
1. Amount required to be spent by the Holding Company during the year	5	1,255
(including shortfall for earlier year)		-,
2. Amount of expenditure incurred on:		
(i) Construction/acquisition of any asset		_
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	900	1,250
3. Shortfall at the end of the year	900	
-	-	5
4. Total of previous years shortfall*	5	-
5. Reason for shortfall	N.A.	Short fall has will be made good in nex year
6. Nature of CSR activities	Donation given to charitable trusts	Donation giver to charitable trusts
7. Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure:	-	-
*This amount is deposited in PM Cares Fund	900	1,250
33 Income taxes		
a. Income tax expense is as follows:		
Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax:		
Tax for the year	7,032	2,724
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	-	,
Total current tax expense	7,032	2,724
Deferred tax:	.,	_,
Deferred tax expenses	(24,435)	(15,052)
Total deferred tax expense	(24,435)	(15,052)
	(24,433)	(15,052)
Income tax expense	(17,403)	(12,328)
Other comprehensive income		
Deferred tax related to OCI items:		
Net loss / (gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	42	179
	42	179



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### b. Reconciliation of effective tax rate

A reconciliation of income tax expense as included in the statement of profit and loss to the amount computed by applying the weighted average enacted income tax rate to income before income taxes is summarized below:

	Year ended			
	March 31, 2022 March 31, 2		I, 2021	
Profit before tax		(1,10,036)		55,899
Tax at the Indian tax rate	28.84%	(31,734)	28.84%	16,121
Tax effects on amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income				
Tax effect of:				
Non-deductible expenses	-0.55%	607	0.34%	190.00
Exempt income	2.20%	(2,416)	-0.99%	(554)
Non recognition of DTA on Losses in view of Prudence	10.31%	(11,340)	-16.72%	(9,347)
Others	3.87%	(4,254)	-4.68%	(2,617)
	15.82%	(17,403)	-22.05%	(12,328)

#### c. Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)

(i) Movement in deferred tax liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2022

	Net balance March 31, 2021	Recognised through Profit and Loss	Recognised through OCI	Net balance March 31, 2022
Deferred tax on:				
Property, plant and equipment	1,582	(24,058)	-	25,640
Fair valuation of investments in mutual fund	(390)	256	-	646
provision for doubtful debts and Advances and disallowances under Section 43B of the Income tax Act,				
1961	3,661	(779)	(42)	2,814
Brought Forward Losses	11,521	146	-	11,667
Others	(4,202)	-	-	(4,202)
MAT Credit	6,295	-	-	6,295
	18,467	(24,435)	(42)	42,860

#### (ii) Movement in deferred tax liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2021

	Net balance March 31, 2020	Recognised through Profit and Loss	Recognised through OCI	Net balance March 31, 2021
Deferred tax on:				
Property, plant and equipment	4,993	(3,411)	-	1,582
Fair valuation of investments in mutual fund provision for doubtful debts and Advances and disallowances under Section 43B of the Income tax Act,	(3,310)	3,700	-	(390)
1961	3,651	(7,670)	179	3,661
Brought Forward Losses	(4,124)	(7,397)	-	11,521
Others	(1,604)	(2,583)	-	(4,202)
MAT Credit	3,988	2,307	-	6,295
	3,594	(15,054)	179	18,467



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

	For the ye	ear ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
34 Earnings Per Share		
Calculation of basic and diluted Earnings per share is as follows:		
Profit for the year attributable to Owners of the Group	(93,265)	64,093
Weighted average number of equity shares		
- Basic	1,40,87,938	1,40,87,938
- Diluted	1,40,87,938	1,40,87,938
Earnings per share (in ₹)		
- Basic	(6.62)	4.55
- Diluted	(6.62)	4.55

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
5 Contingent liabilities and Commitments		
Contingent Liabilities		
(a) Sales tax matters not acknowledged as debt (amount paid under protest ₹ 533		
(Previous year: ₹ 349)	14,558	23,009
(b) Income tax matters not acknowledged as debt (amount paid under protest ₹ 1,304		
(March 31, 2021: ₹ 1,304)	62,321	62,321
(c) Bank Guarantees given	48,635	14,400
	1,25,514	99,730
	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202 <sup>-</sup>
36 Leases		

Lease rent expenses for the year

#### **37 Segment reporting**

#### **Basis of Segmentation :**

#### Factors used to identify the reportable segments:

The Group has following business segments, which are its reportable segments. The segments offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and production processes.

Reportable segment	Operation	
Green Products	Water Soluble Films, Bio-Compostable Products and other Green Products	
Hightech Products Anti-Counterfeit Products, IPRs and other Hightech Products.		

 $Operating \ segment \ disclosures \ are \ consistent \ with \ the \ information \ provided \ to \ and \ reviewed \ by \ the \ Chief \ operating \ decision \ maker.$ 

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  ${\mathfrak T}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Segmental Reporting	Year e	ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
Segment Revenue		
Green Products	2,07,422	1,85,146
Hightech Products	1,29,302	3,38,816
Total Segment Revenue	3,36,724	5,23,962
I Segment Result	(10,100)	0.505
Green Products	(10,496)	8,567
Hightech Products	(40,176)	1,03,666
Total Segment Result	(50,671)	1,12,233
Unallcated corporate income net of unallocated expenses	(52,812)	(48,752
Profit/(Loss) before interest and taxation	(1,03,483)	63,48
Interest expenses	6,553	7,582
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and share of loss	(1,10,036)	55,899
Share in Profit/(Loss) in joint venture / associates	-	
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	(1,10,036)	55,899
Exceptional items	-	
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(1,10,036)	55,899
Current Tax	7,032	2,724
Deferred Tax	(24,435)	(15,052
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(92,633)	68,227
Other Comprehensive Income	(3,286)	21,809
Net Comprehensive Income	(95,919)	90,036
II Segment Assets		
Green Products	1,27,055	1,58,420
Hightech Products	3,27,972	3,11,167
Total Segment Assets	4,55,027	4,69,587
Unallocated Corporate Assets	4,31,501	5,20,754
Total Assets	8,86,528	9,90,341
V Segment Liabilities		
Green Products	30,239	18,56
Hightech Products	19,813	23,110
Total Segment Liabilities	50,052	41,67
Unallocated Corporate Liabilities	68,524	82,797
Total Liabilities	1,18,576	1,24,472
/ Capital Employed		
Green Products	96,816	1,39,85
Hightech Products	3,08,159	2,88,057
Unallocated	3,62,977	4,37,957



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### 38 Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

To the extent, the Group has received intimation from the "suppliers" regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, the details are provided as under

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
The amount remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year :		
- Principal	245	601
- Interest	111	69
Amount of interest paid by the Group in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable for the delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding interest specified under MSMED.	-	-
Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	111	69
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-

#### 39 Employee benefit obligations of holding company

#### i) Defined Contribution Plans

Provident Fund: Contribution towards provident fund for employees is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis.

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognized as expense for the year as under:

Year ended	
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1,583	1,205
256	235
	March 31, 2022 1,583

#### ii) Defined Benefits Plans

**Gratuity:** The Group provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. The Group's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. The fair value of the plan assets of the trust administered by the Group, is deducted from the gross obligation.

The following table sets forth the status of the gratuity plan of the Company, and the amounts recognized in the Balance sheet and Statement of profit and loss.

#### Funding :

The Group makes annual contributions to the Group Gratuity cum Life Assurance Schemes administered by the LIC, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### Reconciliation of the net defined benefit obligation:

		Year ended	
	March 31, 20	22 March 31, 2021	
Opening defined benefit obligation	7,36	0 7,117	
Benefits paid	(13	1) (79)	
Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer		- (413)	
Current service cost	57	5 541	
Interest cost	50	2 487	
Actuarial losses / (gain) recognized in other comprehensive income			
changes in demographic assumptions	(	6) -	
changes in financial assumptions	(24	D) 10	
experience adjustments	2	0 (303)	
Closing defined benefit obligation	8,10	0 7,360	

#### Reconciliation of the fair value of plan assets:

	Ye	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Opening fair value of plan assets Interest Income	5,807 396	5,480 375	
Employer contributions Benefits paid	371 (131)	94 (79)	
Actuarial gains on Plan Assets	(56)	(64)	
Closing fair value of plan assets	6,386	5,807	

#### Balance sheet reconciliation

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening defined benefit obligation Opening fair value of plan assets Expenses recognised in profit and loss	7,360 (5,807) 681	7,117 (5,480) 653
Expenses recognised in prontancioss Expenses recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer	(149)	(642)
Employer contributions	(371)	(94)
Net (Asset) / Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	1,713	1,553

#### Expenses recognised in profit and loss:

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current service cost	575	541
Interest cost	106	112
	681	653



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income

	Year	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Actuarial (gain) loss on defined benefit obligation	(206)	(706)	
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	56	64	
	(149)	(642)	

#### Analysis of plan assets

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Insurer managed funds (%)	100%	100%
Others (%)	0%	0%
	100%	100%

#### Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation

		Year ended	
	March	31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1 Year		2,371	2,222
2 to 5 years		1,222	1,151
6 to 10 years		4,460	3,556
More than 10 years		7,584	6,635

#### Actuarial assumption

Principal actuarial assumption used to determine net periodic benefit cost and benefit obligation at the reporting dates;

		As at	
	March 31, 202	2 March 31, 2021	
Discount Rate (p.a.)	7.25%	6.82%	
Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	5.00%	5.00%	
Expected rate of return on assets	7.25%	6.82%	
Attrition rate	Service < 5 - 10 <sup>4</sup> Service >=5 - 3 <sup>4</sup>		
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assure Lives Mortali (2006-08	Lives Mortality	
Mortality rate after employment	N	NA NA	

#### Notes :

Salary escalation rate: The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

**Discount rate:** The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities for the estimated term of the obligations.

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the statistics published by the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been significant change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

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#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligations by the amounts shown below;

	Year ended	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	8,100	7,360
Discount Rate: 1% increase	(503)	(459)
Discount Rate: 1% decrease	582	532
Future salary growth: 1% increase	428	366
Future salary growth: 1% decrease	(372)	(321)
Change in Rate of Employee Turnover : 1% Increase	178	147
Change in Rate of Employee Turnover : 1% Decrease	(200)	(166)

#### iii) Compensated absences

The Company accrues for the compensated absences, a long term employee benefit plan based on the entire available leave balance standing to the credit of the employees at year end. The value of such leave balance eligible for carry forward, is determined by actuarial valuation as at the Balance sheet date and is charged to Statement of profit and loss in the period determined. The provision as at balance sheet dates are as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Compensated absences liability	3,783	3,166

#### Actuarial assumption

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Discount rate Long–term rate of compensation increase	7.25% 5.00%	6.82% 5.00%

Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss towards compensated absences are ₹1,728 (PY ₹1,765)

#### 40 Related party disclosures

#### a) Related parties and their relations

Name of Related Party	Relationship
SP Arrow Bio Polymer Products Private Limited	Associate Company
Sphere Bio Polymer Private Limited	
Mr. Shilpan P. Patel - Managing Director	
Mr. Neil Patel - Joint Managing Director	Key Management Personnel (KMP)
Mr. Hitesh Punglia - Chief Financial Officer	
Mrs. Poonam Bansal - Company Secretary	
Mrs. Jigisha S Patel	Relative of key management personnel
Aquavista Limited	Enterprises over which Key Management Personnel
Arrow Convertors Private Limited	are able to exercise significant influence



### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### b) Transaction with Related Parties & Outstanding Balance as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

		Transactions for the year ended		receivable/ ole) as of
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Mr. Shilpan P. Patel				
Rent Expenses	1,164	540	(5)	(112)
Arrow Convertors Private Limited				
Rent Expenses	540	270	-	-
Aquavista Limited				
Investment in Shares (Non Quoted) of Aquasam Ltd	-	1,522	1,522	1,522
Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel & Relatives				
Mr. Shilpan P. Patel - Managing Director	7,509	5,725	-	-
Mr. Neil Patel - Joint Managing Director	7,950	7,500	-	-
Mr. Hitesh Punglia - Chief Financial Officer	5,679	5,186	-	-
Mrs. Poonam Bansal - Company Secretary	1,089	982	-	-
Share Application Money				
Share application money pending allotment	849	-	849	-

#### 41 Financial Instruments - Accounting Classifications and Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced of liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of cash and cash equivalent, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent, trade receivables, trade payables, other current financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.



## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian  $\overline{\textbf{T}}$  in thousand unless otherwise stated)

A As at March 31, 2021		Carryi	ng value		Fair value		
	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Non Current Financial assets							
Investments	9	87,097	-	87,106	85,575	1,522	
Other financial asset	6,447	-	-	6,447	-	-	
	6,456	87,097	-	93,553	85,575	1,522	
Current Financial assets							
Trade Receivables	69,710	-	-	69,710	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,12,760	-	-	1,12,760	-	-	
Bank balances other than Cash and							
cash equivalents	88,839	-	-	88,839	-	-	
Loans	203	-	-	203	-	-	
Other financial assets	734	-	-	734	-	-	
	2,72,246	-	-	2,72,246	-	-	
Total	2,78,702	87,097	-	3,65,799	85,575	1,522	
Non Current Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	30,150	-	-	30,150	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	10,610	-	-	10,610	-	-	
Total	40,760	-	-	40,760	-	-	
Current Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	9,599	-	-	9,599	-	-	
Trade payables	19,614	-	-	19,614	-	-	
Other financial liabilities	42,382	-	-	42,382	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	1,998	-	-	1,998	-	-	
Total	73,593	-	-	73,593	-	-	
	1,14,353	-	-	1,14,353	-	-	



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

B As at March 31, 2022		Carryi	ng value			Fair value	
	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Non Current Financial assets							
Investments	9	11,797	-	11,806	10,296	1,501	
Other financial asset	6,351	-	-	6,351	-	-	
	6,360	11,797	-	18,157	10,296	1,501	
Current Financial assets							
Trade Receivables	36,452	-	-	36,452	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	98,118	-	-	98,118	-	-	
Bank balances other than Cash and							
cash equivalents	1,05,708	-	-	1,05,708	-	-	
Loans	28	-	-	28	-	-	
Other financial assets	1,481	-	-	1,481	-	-	
	2,41,787	-	-	2,41,787	-	-	
Total	2,48,147	11,797	-	2,59,944	10,296	1,501	
Non Current Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	22,512	-	-	22,512	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	11,013	-	-	11,013	-	-	
Total	33,525	-	-	33,525	-	-	
Current Financial liabilities							
Borrowings	11,840	-	-	11,840	-	-	
Trade payables	31,726	-	-	31,726	-	-	
Other financial liabilities	28,905	-	-	28,905	-	-	
Lease Liabilities	1,910	-	-	1,910	-	-	
Total	74,381	-	-	74,381	-	-	
	1,07,906	-	-	1,07,906	-	-	

During the reporting year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, there was no transfer between level 2 and level 3 fair value measurements.

#### 42 Financial risk management

The group has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:-

- Credit risk;-
- Liquidity risk;
- and-Marketrisk

The group's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the group's risk management framework. The board of directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the group's risk management policies. The committee reports to the board of directors on its activities.

The group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed periodically to reflect changes in market conditions and the group's activities. The group, through its training, standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the group. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### i) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Group periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limits are set accordingly.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an on-going basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk that group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business,
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty,
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations,
- iv) Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty,

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the group. Where receivables have been written off, the group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. Credit terms are in line with industry trends.

#### Summary of the group's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows

	As	at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Less than 180 days	25,676	47,577
From 181 - 365 days	600	22,271
More than 365 days	24,093	7,887
Total	50,369	77,735
Less : Impairment allowance	13,917	8,025
Total	36,452	69,710

Expected credit loss assessment for customers as at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2022

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the group to determine credit losses. Given that the macro economic indicators affecting customers of the group have not undergone any substantial change, the group expects the historical trend of minimal credit losses to continue.

The movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows

Balance as at April 1, 2020 Impairment loss recognised Amounts written off / written back	Amount 7,550 475
Balance as at March 31, 2021 Impairment loss recognised Amounts written off / written back	<b>8,025</b> 5,892
Balance as at March 31, 2022	13,917

#### Cash and bank balance

The Group held cash and bank balance with credit worthy banks and financial institutions of ₹2,04,729 and ₹2,03,289 as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 respectively. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions is evaluated by the management on an on-going basis and is considered to be good.

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#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time. The group's treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the group's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	As at March 31, 2022				As at Marc	ch 31, 2021		
	Carrying amount	Less than 1 year	1 to 4 years	More than 4 years	Carrying amount	Less than 1 year	1 to 4 years	More than 4 years
Borrowing (Including Interest)	40,255	15,354	24,901	-	49,608	14,174	35,434	-
Trade payables	31,726	31,726	-	-	19,614	19,614	-	-
Lease Liability	12,923	1,910	6,114	4,899	12,608	1,998	5,711	4,899
Other financial liabilities	28,905	28,905	-	-	42,301	42,301	-	-
Bank Guarantee given	-	4,390	44,245	-	-	7,357	8,582	-

#### iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables and payables.

The Group manages market risk through a treasury department, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury department recommends risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by Senior Management and the Audit Committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

#### a) Foreign currency risk

The Group operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the group is exposed to foreign exchange risk



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Foreign currency exposure	US\$	EUR	GBP	CHF	Total
March 31, 2022					
Financial assets					
Investments	-	-	1,501	-	1,501
Trade receivables	15,916	7,974	-	-	23,890
Cash and cash equivalents	9,910	45,519	-	51	55,480
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	25,827	53,493	1,501	51	80,871
Financial Liabilities					
Trade payables	16,204	172	2,922	-	19,298
Trade payables for capitlal Goods	-	-	15,923	-	15,923
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	16,204	172	18,844	-	35,221
Rupee Conversion Rate	75.79	84.22	99.46	62.15	
March 31, 2021					
Financial assets					
Investments	28,032	-	1,522	-	29,554
Trade receivables	6,795	15,195	-	-	21,990
Cash and cash equivalents	10,250	37,722	-	40	48,012
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (assets)	45,077	52,917	1,522	40	99,556
Financial Liabilities					
Trade payables	14,660	2,976	709	-	18,345
Trade payables for capitlal Goods	-	-	9,308	-	9,308
Net exposure to foreign currency risk (liabilities)	14,660	2,976	10,017	-	27,653
Rupee Conversion Rate	75.39	83.05	93.08	81.23	

The table below demonstrates sensitivity impact on profit after tax and total equity due to change in foreign exchange rates of currencies where it has significant exposure:

	March	31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Foreign currency	1%	1%	1%	1%	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
US\$	304.18	(304.18)	258.86	(258.86)	
EUR	499.40	(499.40)	796.26	(796.26)	
GBP	(84.95)	84.95	160.43	(160.43)	
CHF	0.40	(0.40)	0.39	(0.39)	



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company main interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings with fixed rates.

The company's borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### Interest rate risk exposure

The exposure of the Group's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Variable rate borrowings	-	-
Fixed rate borrowings	30,150	39,749
Total borrowings	30,150	39,749

#### 43 Capital management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to safeguard the Group's ability to remain as a going concern and maximise the shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions, annual operating plans, long term and other strategic plans and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust its dividend payment (refer note 18) ratio to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue fresh shares. The Group monitors capital using a ratio of 'adjusted net debt' to 'equity'. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as liabilities, comprising interest-bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity including share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity share holders.

#### The Group's adjusted net debt to equity ratio are as follows.

	As	s at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Borrowings		
Long term and Short term borrowings	22,512	30,150
Current maturities of Long term borrowings	11,840	9,599
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(98,118)	(1,12,760)
Adjusted net debt	(63,766)	(73,011)
Total Equity	7,46,922	8,45,471
Adjusted net debt to equity ratio	(0.09)	(0.09)

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current year.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital of the Company during the current and previous year.



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### 44 Business Combination

#### A) Subsidiaries

The Group's subsidiaries as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital that are held directly by the Group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

Name of the entity	Principal place of business/		p interest he group	of Interes	of ownership st by non- g interests	Principal activities
	country of incorporation	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
		%	%	%	%	
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited	United Kingdom	100	100	-	-	Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property based products
Advance IP Technologies Limited	United Kingdom	95	95	5	5	Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property based products
Advance Secure Products B.V.	The Netherlands	100	-	-	-	Dealing in hightech products and services
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	India	99	99	1	1	Pharmaceuticals products
LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited	India	51	51	49	49	Security based products
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited	India	100	100	-	-	Security based products

#### B) Non-controlling interests (NCI)

Set out below is summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the group. The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before inter-company eliminations

Summarised Balance Sheet	LQ Arrow Secu (India) Private			Technologies ed (5%)	Avery Pharm Private Lim	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current assets	5,629	5,794	1,10,230	1,39,516	25,111	22,438
Current liabilities	94	282	743	1,082	6,687	6,917
Net current assets	5,535	5,512	1,09,488	1,38,434	18,424	15,521
Non Current assets	2,079	2,064	28,682	29,893	1,87,035	1,54,992
Non Current liabilities	-	-	-	-	2,44,763	1,93,653
Net non-current assets	2,079	2,064	28,682	29,893	(57,728)	(38,661)
Net assets	7,614	7,576	1,38,169	1,68,326	(39,304)	(23,140)
Accumulated NCI	3,731	3,712	17,462	16,848	(162)	(163)



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

Summarised Statement of Profit and Loss		urity Products Limited (49%)		Technologies ed (5%)	Avery Pharm Private Lim	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Revenue	308	306	1,25,097	2,79,437	71	61
Profit for the year	38	35	12,254	82,088	(16,164)	(9,864)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	38	35	12,254	82,088	(16,164)	(9,864)
Profit allocated to NCI	18	17	614	4,116	-	-
Dividend paid to NCI	-	-	-	-	-	-

Summarised cash flows	LQ Arrow Security Products (India) Private Limited (49%)			Technologies ed (5%)	Avery Pharm Private Lim	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Cash flows from operating activities	(479)	(31)	39,851	22,542	(17,592)	(12,488)
Cash flows from investing activities	291	221	2,258	18,838	(29,521)	(33,368)
Cash flows from financing activities	-	-	(39,821)	-	46,969	45,489
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(187)	190	2,288	41,380	(144)	(367)

#### C) Transactions with non-controlling interests

There are no transaction with non controlling interest in FY 2021-22 and FY 2020-21.

#### D) Interests in associates

Set out below are associates of the group as at March 31, 2022 which in the opinion of directors are not material to the group. The entities listed below have share capital consisting solely of equity shares which are directly held by the group.

Name of the entity	Principal	% of	Quoted	fair value	Carryi	ng amount
	place of business	ownership	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
SP Arrow Bio Polymer Products Private Limited	India	46	-*	-*	-	-
Sphere Bio Polymer Private Limited * Unlisted entity- no quoted price available.	India	49	_*	_*	-	-



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

## 45 Additional information as required by Part III of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

March 31, 2022		e., total assets al liabilities	Share	of profit		e of Other ensive income		e of Total nsive income
	Amount	As % of consolidated net asset	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated Comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total Comprehensive income
Arrow Greentech Limited	5,85,530	76%	(17,100)	18%	107	-3%	(16,993)	18%
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited								
(consolidated)	2,62,151	34%	(3,342)	4%	(3,393)	103%	(6,735)	7%
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited	41	0%	(19)	0%	-	0%	(19)	0%
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	(39,304)	-5%	(16,164)	17%	-	0%	(16,164)	17%
LQ Arrow Security Products (India)								
Private Limited	7,614	1%	38	0%	-	0%	38	0%
Consolidation Adjustments	(69,110)	-9%	(56,678)	61%	-	0%	(56,678)	59%
Non Controlling Interest in all subsidiaries	21,030	3%	632	-1%	-	0%	632	-1%
Total	7,67,952		(92,633)		(3,286)		(95,919)	

March 31, 2021	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share of profit			e of Other ensive income		e of Total nsive income
	Amount	As % of consolidated net asset	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated Comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total Comprehensive income
Arrow Greentech Limited	6,02,523	78%	25,233	-27%	463	-14%	25,696	-27%
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited								
(consolidated)	3,10,906	40%	61,186	-66%	21,346	-650%	82,532	-86%
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited	59	0%	(17)	0%	-	0%	(17)	0%
Avery Pharmaceuticals Private Limited	(23,140)	-3%	(9,864)	11%	-	0%	(9,864)	10%
LQ Arrow Security Products (India)								
Private Limited	7,576	1%	35	0%	-	0%	35	0%
Consolidation Adjustments	(52,454)	-7%	(12,480)	13%	-	0%	(12,480)	13%
Non Controlling Interest in all subsidiaries	20,398	3%	4,134	-4%	-	0%	4,134	-4%
Total	8,65,869		68,227		21,809		90,036	

	Statemei	nts of Subsi	diaries/Ass	AOC - 1         Salient features of Financial Statements of Subsidiaries/Associate as per Companies Act, 2013	r Companie	esAct, 20	)13					
Part A. Subsidiary Company	Reporting currency & ⊏a in ₹	Share capital	Reserve and	Total Assets	Total Ir Liabilities	Investment	Turnover / Total	Profit P Before T	Provision F for 7	Profit Pro After Div	Proposed sl	% of shareholding
Arrow Green Technologies (UK) Limited		2.001	1.24.478	1.28.766	2.287	2.498	48.653	+_	<u>a</u>	23.901		100
	GBP	20	1,250	1,293	23	25	478	235	•	235		
Advance IP Technologies Limited	INR	100	1,38,070	1,38,912	743	1,501	1,25,097	12,254	•	12,254		95
	GBP	-	1,387	1,395	7	15	1,230	120	•	120		
Arrow Secure Technology Private Limited	INR ANI	4,313 2,500	(4,272) (41 804)	62 2 12 146	21 251450		- 71	(19) (20.818)	(1	(16 164)		100 99
LQ Arrow Security Products (India)		2002,4	(100,11)		00t'-0'4		-	(010,02)		(101,01)	1	2
Private Limited	INR	7,500	114	7,708	94	2,043	308	38	•	38		51
				-	-		-	_	_	_		
Exchange rates	INR (	GBP										
31-Mar-22	-	101.70										
Closi	Closing Rate 5	99.55										
Part B: Associate Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Act related to associate company	29 (3) of th	ne Act relate	ed to associ	ate company	>							
Name of Associate Company		Last audited Balance	Share Cor	Share of associate held by the Company on the year end	eld by the sar end	Net	Net worth attributable to share holding as		Profit / Loss for the year			Reason why associate is not
	<u></u>	Sheet date	Nos.	Amount of investment in associate	Extent of holding (%)		per the latest audited Balance Sheet	d Considered in consolidation	Not Considered in consolidation	in significant influence n		consolidated
SP Arrow Bio Polymer Products Private Limited	lited	31-Mar-22	4,600	46		46%	(2,556)	•	(5)	) Refer note	-	Refer note 2
Sphere Bio Polymer Private Limited		31-Mar-22	4,900	49		49%	(87)	•	(11)	) Refer note	-	Refer note 2



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#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

47 Loans

#### A DISCLOSURE AS PER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The details of loans, guarantees and investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are as follows:

(i) Details of Investments made are given in Note 5 and 5A

(ii) Details of loans given by the Company are as follows:

					(₹ in '000)
Name of the Company	As At March 31, 2022	As At March 31, 2021	Maximum balance outstanding during the year	Purpose / utilisation by the borrower	Terms and conditions
Mangaldas Finance Limited	2,480	2,283	2,480	To meet working capital requirement	Loan is repayable on demand and the interest rate is 9.8% p.a. (Previous Year 9.8% p.a)

Note: The above figures are including accrued interest

(iii) There are no guarantees issued by the Company in accordance with section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules issued thereunder

#### 48 Financial Ratio

Ratio / Measure	Methodology	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(a) Current ratio	Current assets over current liabilities	4.70	5.15
(b) Debt-Equity ratio	Debt over total shareholders' equity	0.06	0.06
© Debt Service Coverage ratio <sup>1</sup>	EBIT over current debt	(1.19)	2.09
(d) Return on Equity ratio <sup>2</sup>	PAT over total average equity	-11.34%	8.31%
(e) Inventory turnover ratio <sup>3</sup>	Sales over average inventory	56.83	24.64
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio <sup>4</sup>	Revenue from operations over average trade receivables	6.34	10.16
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio⁵	Adjusted expenses over average trade payables	13.57	15.67
(h) Net capital turnover ratio <sup>6</sup>	Revenue from operations over working capital	1.10	1.55
(i) Net profit ratio <sup>7</sup>	Net profit over revenue	-26.20%	12.40%
(j) Return on Capital employed <sup>8</sup>	PBIT over capital employed	-7.02%	12.05%
(k) Return on investment	Interest income, net gain on sale of investments and fair		
	value gain over average investments	4.76%	6.07%

#### Explanation for variance exceeding 25% :

- 1 Earnings before Interest and Taxes is negative and decreased significantly due to lower performance of the Company in comparison to previous financial year.
- 2 Operational performance has lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio.
- 3 The Company has increased its inventory for WSF due to disruption in supply chain and increasing prices on key raw materials.
- 4 Reduction in debtors due to collection of pending dues.
- 5 Change in ratio due to regular payment to Suppliers
- 6 Operational performance has lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio.
- 7 Operational performance has lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio.
- 8 Operational performance has lower than previous year and FY22 ended with Losses, resulting movement in ratio.



#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

#### 49 Loss by Fire

There was incidence of fire at one of the unit in factory of the Holding Company located at Ankleshwar on October 30, 2019 in which certain property, plant and equipment and inventories were damaged and destroyed. The Holding Company had duly filed its insurance claim. Pending finalisation of insurance claim, the Holding Company had written off inventories and written down the value of property, plant and equipment of ₹ 29,539 thousand and ₹ 34,856 thousand, respectively and recognised an insurance claim of ₹ 61.174 thousand. The Holding Company had received amount of ₹ 36,343 thousand on February 11, 2022 and ₹ 1,200 thousand towards salvage value of materials. Consequently, ₹ 22,409 thousand was pending to be received from the insurance company as on March 31, 2022, out of which the Holding Company has accepted loss of claim of ₹ 8,248 thousand and written off the same in the books of account. The Holding Company had made application with insurance company on March 18, 2022 for considering the balance claim of ₹ 14,161 thousand, which was ex-parte rejected by the insurance company on April 29, 2022. The Holding Company has since re-lodged the claim with insurance company on May 6, 2022, hearing of which is yet to be scheduled. The Holding Company is confident of recovery of the balance claim of ₹ 14.161 thousand. However, on prudence basis, provision of ₹3.542 thousand has been made.

#### 50 Statement of right issue proceeds

On March 19, 2020 the Company has allotted 23,47,990 fully paid-up Equity Shares of face value ₹10 each ("Equity Shares") at an issue price of ₹ 36/- (including a premium of ₹ 26/- per Equity Share) for cash to the existing equity shareholders in the ratio of 1 (One) fully paid up Equity Shares for every 5 (Five) fully paid Equity Shares held by the existing equity shareholders on Rights basis. There is no deviation in use of proceeds from the objects stated in the Offer document for rights issue. Pursuant to IND AS 33, basic and diluted earnings per share have been adjusted in respect of right issue made during the year ended 31st Mar 2020.

Particulars	Amount as per prospectus	Amount to be utilised
Gross proceeds from right issue	84,528	84,528
Less : - Right issue expenses	2,700	2,437
Net proceeds from Right issue	81,828	82,091

#### Utilisation of Right issue proceeds

Utilisation of Right issue proceeds	tilisation of Right issue proceeds						
Particulars	Amount to be utilised	Amount utilised	Pending utilisation *				
Capex for ACT (Anti Counterfiet Thread) Project	10,000	10,000	-				
Loan to Avery Pharma for Pharma Project	30,000	25,572	4,428				
Working Capital Requirement	25,000	25,000	-				
Other General Corporate uses	17,091	17,091	-				
Total	82,091	77,663	4,428				

\* Right issue pending utilisation will be completed by March 2023

51 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

- The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have (i) been initiated on or are pending against the Holding Company and its Indian Subsidiaries for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not come across any transaction ocurred with struck-off companies (iii) under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.
- The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or (iv) other lender or government or any government authority.
- The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries does not have any charges or satisfaction of charges which is yet to be (v) registered with the Registrar of the Companies beyond the statutory period.

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(\* in '000)



## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian ₹ in thousand unless otherwise stated)

- (vi) Utilization of borrowed funds and share premium :
  - (i) The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
    - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
    - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
  - (ii) The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries shall:
    - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
    - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- (vii) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey), that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (viii) The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
- (ix) The Holding Company and Its Indian Subsidiaries has not revalued its intangible assets during the year
- 52 The Group has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year-end, the Company has reviewed all such contracts and confirmed that no provision is required to be created under any law / accounting standard towards any foreseeable loss.
- 53 The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment had released draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020, and invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified. The Company will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.
- 54 The financial statements are approved for issue by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors at their respective meetings conducted on May 28, 2022.
- 55 Comparative Previous Year's figures have been reworked, regrouped and reclassified to the extent possible, wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification and presentation.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Arrow Greentech Limited CIN: L21010MH1992PLC069281

Shilpan Patel Managing Director DIN No - 00341068

Chief Financial Officer

**Hitesh Punglia** 

Neil Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN No - 00607101

Poonam Bansal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : May 28, 2022

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NOTES		
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#### ARROW GREENTECH LIMTED CIN: L21010MH1992PLC069281

Registered Off: 1/F, Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road, Andheri (West) Mumbai - 400053 Tel: 022 4074 9000, Email: poonam@arrowgreentech.com

Dear Member,

#### Sub: Electronic Clearing Service (ECS)/ Bank particulars for payment of dividend

We wish to inform you that from last few years, we have extended ECS facility to our members by which they can receive their dividend directly in their bank account through electronic clearing.

The benefits of ECS are that, it provides protection against fraudulent interception and encashment of dividend warrants or damage of dividend warrants in transit or problem of revalidation/ issuance of duplicate dividend warrants and there is no extra cost.

We wish to further inform you that SEBI has also mandated the companies, the use of ECS facility for distributing the dividend and other cash benefits to the investors and only in the absence of availability of ECS facility, the Company may use warrants for disbursing dividend and other cash benefits. Further the bank particulars have to be printed on the warrants to obviate any fraudulent encashment and interception in postal transit.

You are, therefore, requested to follow the procedure given below:

#### i. Physical Shares

In order to avail the ECS facility, we request you to provide us the requisite details in the form given overleaf and submit the same to the Company at its Registered Office at Arrow Greentech Limited, 1/F, Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road, Andheri(W), Mumbai-400053. The information should be accurate and complete in all respects and in order to prevent any incorrect particulars being entered, we request you to enclose photocopy of a Cheque for verifying the accuracy of MICR Code No. and other particulars.

#### ii. Demat Shares

Please note that as per the Stock Exchange directions, the Company will have to take note of the ECS or Bank Account details furnished only by the Depositories, whenever such information is available. You are therefore requested to provide such information only to your Depository Participant (DP), in case the shares are held in demat form.

We recommend and request you to avail of the ECS facility and in the alternative provide complete bank particulars for printing on the dividend warrant.

Assuring you of our best services.

Thanking you. Yours faithfully,

For Arrow Greentech Limited

**Company Secretary** 

The Share Department ARROW GREENTECH LIMITED 1/F, Laxmi Industrial Estate New Link Road Andheri West, Mumbai - 400093

Dear Sir,

To,

#### Sub: Payment of dividend (Electronic Clearing Service / Bank Particulars)

I wish to participate in the Electronic Clearing Services and give below the details of my bank account, to which you may electronically credit the payment due to me against the reference folio number mentioned below:

1. Name of the First holder (in Block Letters)	:	-
2. E mail Id	:	-
3. Telephone/ Mobile No.	:	-
4. Regd. Folio No.	:	-
5. Name of the Bank	:	-
6. Branch Name & Address	:	-
7. Account Number (as appearing on your Cheque Book)	:	-
8. Account Type: (Saving Bank A/c, Current A/c or Cash Credit A/c)	:	-
<ul> <li>9 digit code number of the Bank &amp; Branch appearing on the MICR Cheque issued by the Bank. (Please attac photocopy of the accuracy of the MICR Code Number)</li> </ul>	:	-

I hereby declare that the particulars given above are correct and complete. I undertake to inform of any subsequent changes in the above particulars. If the ECS payment transaction is delayed or not effected for any reasons I would not hold the Company responsible.

Signature of the first named shareholder

Name : Address: Tel No.:

Date: .....









Arrow's Water Soluble Film
 ☑ Dissolves in water
 ☑ Environmentally-safe

# POPULAR APPLICATIONS









## **MOUTH DISSOLVING STRIP (MDS)**

**Mouth Dissolving Strips** are fast dissolving Pharmaceuticals and Neutracuticals films that release API quicker than other formulations like tablets, capsules, oral disintegrating tablets, chewable tablets and liquid dosage forms. These films are formulated to self-dissolve upon contact with saliva and do not require additional fluids for consumption.



# MDS is suitable for





Geriatric

Pediatric











Mentally challenged

Bed-ridden patients

Mucositis

Dysphagia

**Veterinary** 





## Production Unit (Ankleshwar)



## Production Unit (Sanand)





## Registered & Corporate Office - India:

Address: Arrow Greentech Ltd., 1/F Laxmi Industrial Estate, New Link Road, Andheri (West), Mumbai 400 053.

> Phone: (+91) (022) 4974-3758 Email: info@arrowgreentech.com Website: www.arrowgreetech.com