



**SWITCHING
TECHNOLOGIES
GUNTHER LTD.**

REGISTERED OFFICE & WORKS :
B-9 & B-10, Special Economic Zone (MEPZ)
Kadapperi, Tambaram, Chennai- 600 045.
Phone: 4321 9096/226 22460
Fax : 91 - 44 - 22628271
E - Mail : stgindia@stg-india.com
CIN : L29142TN1988PLC015647
GSTIN : 33AAACS5033J1ZL

253

Ref: STGL/BSE/253/2025

// Through BSE Listing Centre Online//

Date: 09/08/2025

The Corporate Relationship Department

BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers

Dalal Street

Mumbai 400 001

BSE CODE: 517201

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Soft Copy of the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025

Pursuant to the Regulation 34 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, we hereby attach the soft copy of the Annual Report of the Company containing the Notice, Board's Report, Auditor's Report and Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2025 for your records.

The Annual Reports are being despatched today to all the members by the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agents (RTA) viz., Cameo Corporate Services Limited for the AGM of the Company to be held on Friday the 5th September, 2025.

We request you to take the above information in your records.

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully,

For SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GUNTHER LIMITED

S.Ramesh

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer



SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GÜNTHER LIMITED

37th Annual Report - 2025

SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GÜNTHER LIMITED

Regd. Office: B9 & B10, Special Economic Zone (MEPZ), Kadapperi, Tambaram, Chennai – 600 045

E-mail: stgindia@stg-india.com Website: www.switchingtechnologiesguntherltd.com

CIN No. L29142TN1988PLC015647

BOARD OF DIRECTORS	: Mr.C.CHANDRACHUDAN – Managing Director Mr.K.MANI – Non-Executive Director Mr.SHARANABASAVESHWAR G HIREMATH – Independent Director Mrs.SAIMATHY SOUPRAMANIEN – Independent Woman Director
COMPANY SECRETARY	: Mr. S.RAMESH
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	: Mrs.T.NIRMALA
BANKERS	: HDFC BANK LTD STATE BANK OF INDIA
REGISTERED OFFICE & WORKS	: Plots B9 & B10 Special Economic Zone (MEPZ) Kadapperi, Tambaram Chennai - 600 045 Phone : 91-44-22622460 91-44-43219096 e-mail : stgindia@stg-india.com Website : www.switchingtechnologiesguntherltd.com CIN No. : L29142TN1988PLC015647
REGISTRAR FOR ELECTRONIC CONNECTIVITY AND PHYSICAL SHARE TRANSFERS	: CAMEO CORPORATE SERVICES LTD Subramanian Building No.1, Club House Road Chennai - 600 002 Phone : 91-44-28460390 (5 Lines) Fax : 91-44-28460129 Portal ID: https://wisdom.cameoindia.com
STATUTORY AUDITOR	: M/s. V.V.KALE & COMPANY Chartered Accountants 16A/20, W.E.A.Main Ajmal Khan Road Karol Bagh, New Delhi 110 005

NOTICE TO THE MEMBERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the 37th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Members of Switching Technologies Günther Ltd. will be held through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), on Friday, the 5th September, 2025 at 2.30 p.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

2. Re-appointment of Mr.K.Mani as Non Executive Director

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

RESOLVED THAT Mr.K.Mani, Non-Executive Director, (DIN: 09267134) who was appointed as Additional Non-Executive Director and holds office till this Annual General Meeting be and is hereby re-appointed as Non-Executive Director of the Company.

3. Re-appointment of Mr.Janmejay Singh Rajput as Secretarial Auditor of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 read with Reg.24AC of LODR and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, consent of the Board of Directors be and is hereby accorded for the re-appointment of Mr.Janmejay Singh Rajput, Practicing Company Secretary, New Delhi (Membership No.F9348 and COP No.15012) as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a period of five years.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any of the Director, Managing Director or Company Secretary be and are severally hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolutions including filing of necessary e-form with the Registrar of Companies."

4. To approve related party transactions under section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Clause 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 188 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under and Clause 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including any amendment, modification, variation or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, consent of the shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company for the material related party transactions to be entered into and carried out in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length price with the group companies in connection with the sale and purchase of goods notwithstanding that such transactions may exceed 10% of the turnover of the Company for the financial year 2025-26 as detailed in the Explanatory Statement to this Notice.”

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Chennai

S. RAMESH

Date : 16th July, 2025

Company Secretary

M.No.A10646

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

ITEM NO.2

Re-appointment of Mr.K.Mani as Non-Executive Director

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 17th May, 2025 had passed a resolution appointing Mr.K.Mani as Additional Non-Executive Director of the Company and who holds office till this ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Board feels that the re-appointment of Mr. K.Mani would be beneficial to the Company as he has vast experience in Production and Technical Departments, and hence recommend resolution No.02 for approval of the members of the Company.

None of the Directors, except Mr. K.Mani is concerned or interested in this resolution.

ITEM NO.3

Appointment of Mr.Janmejay Singh Rajput as Secretarial Auditor

The Board of directors of the Company in their Meeting held on 17th May, 2025 had passed a resolution appointing Mr.Janmejay Singh Rajput as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 and to hold office till the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting consequent to the resignation of erstwhile Secretarial Auditor Mr.Abhishek Paliwal on 18th February, 2025.

The Board feels that the re-appointment of Mr. Janmejay Singh Rajput would be beneficial to the Company and hence recommend resolution No.03 for approval of the members of the Company.

None of the Directors, except Mr. Janmejay Singh Rajput is concerned or interested in this resolution.

ITEM NO.4

To approve related party transactions under section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Clause 23 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015

Clause 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 provides that a material related party transaction, i.e., if a transaction(s) to be entered into which individually or together with previous transactions during a given financial year with the related party exceeds 10% of the annual turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the Company, requires the approval of the shareholders of the company by way of an Ordinary Resolution.

The Company in the Ordinary course of business enters into various transactions of purchase and sale of goods with its group companies. These transactions are continuous in nature and are not for a specific period.

Financial Year 2025-26

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Related Party Relationship	Nature of Transaction	Value of Transaction
1) Comus International, USA	Entity forming part of the same Group	a) Sale of Goods	₹15 Crores
		b) Purchase of Goods	₹10 Crores
2) Comus Europe Ltd.	Entity forming part of the same Group	Sale of Goods	₹5 Crores

Memorandum of Interest: None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the aforesaid ordinary resolution.

The Board of Directors recommends the resolution set forth in item No.4 for approval of members as an Ordinary Resolution.

NOTES:**SHAREHOLDER INSTRUCTIONS FOR E-VOTING**

**CDSL e-Voting System – For e-voting and
Joining Virtual meetings**

- As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio

visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.

2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, , the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.switchingtechnologiesguntherltd.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and

MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.

8. In continuation to this Ministry's **General Circular No. 20/2020** dated 05.05.2020, General Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and General Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28.12.2022 and after due examination, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs are due in the Year 2023 or 2024, to conduct their AGMs through VC or OAVM on or before 30th September, 2024 in accordance with the requirements laid down in Para 3 and Para 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05.05.2020.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (i) The voting period begins on 2nd September, 2025 at 9.00 a.m. and ends on 4th September at 5.00 p.m. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 26th August, 2025 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

- (iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. **SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242** dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for **Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL** is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsi website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & My Easi New (Token) Tab. 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsi website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & My Easi New (Token) Tab and then click on registration option. 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="401 304 1215 736">1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. <li data-bbox="401 736 1215 867">2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS “Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp <li data-bbox="401 867 1215 1282">3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. <li data-bbox="401 1282 1215 1631">4) For OTP based login you can click on https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp. You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID, 8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
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Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000

Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

(v) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for **Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.**

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	<p>Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	<p>Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

- (xi) Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- (xvii) **Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.**
 - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
 - The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
 - It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; stgindia@stg-india.com (designated email address by company) , if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance **atleast seven days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at stgindia@stg-india.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance **ten days prior to meeting** mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at stgindia@stg-india.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.

10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to **Company/RTA email id.**
2. For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective **Depository Participant (DP)**
3. **For Individual Demat shareholders – Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.**

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 and Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the following information is furnished about the Directors proposed to be re-appointed.

Name of the Director	Date of Birth	Nationality	Date of Appointment	Shareholding in the Company	Expertise in specific functional area	Directorships held in other companies	Chairmanships/ Memberships of Committees in other companies
Mr.K.Mani DIN 09267134	7/3/1964	Indian	12/02/2025	5 shares of ₹10/- each	Technical and Production	NIL	NIL

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Chennai
Date : 16th July, 2025

S. RAMESH
Company Secretary
M.No.A10646

BOARD'S REPORT

The Board of Directors of your Company take pleasure in presenting the 37th Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March 2025.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Year ended 31.03.2025 (₹)	Year ended 31.03.2024 (₹)
Sales and other Income	77,322,543	91,903,864
Profit before Interest and Depreciation	(66,160,520)	(87,285,083)
Interest	-	-
Profit before depreciation	(66,160,520)	(87,285,083)
Depreciation	736,124	787,553
Profit before taxation and exceptional item	(66,896,644)	(88,072,636)
Exceptional item	-	(56,153,932)
Profit before taxation after exceptional item	(66,896,644)	(31,918,704)
Provision for taxation		
– Current tax	-	-
– Deferred tax	-	-
Profit / (Loss) after taxation and exceptional item	(66,896,644)	(31,918,704)

PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

The Sales and Other Income during the year had decreased to ₹77.323 million in the FY ending 31st March, 2025 compared to ₹91.904 million during the FY ended 31st March, 2024. Your company has earned a loss of ₹66.897 million for the FY ending 31st March, 2025. The Company's accumulated losses as at 31st March, 2025 aggregate to ₹1526.19 lakhs mainly to reduction in sales orders throughout the financial year over which your company's management has no control. Nevertheless, your company is proud to present the results on "Going Concern" basis due to the introduction of various cost cutting measures, productivity enhancement measures and scrap generation control measures. Besides the Company on a trial basis is trying to use a substitute cheaper raw material Ruthinium in place of costlier raw material viz., Rhodium which if it proves to be successful then the company will be in a position to earn profits and wipe out all the accumulated losses going forward.

DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of the provisions of Companies Act 2013 and Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. As on 31st March, 2025 the Company did not have any outstanding Public Deposit.

DIVIDEND AND TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Considering the growth plans and the consequential need to conserve resources, the directors have decided not to recommend any dividend for the financial year 2024-25. The directors also do not recommend any transfer to reserves.

ANNUAL RETURN

Draft Annual Return in Form MGT-7 as on 31st March, 2025 is available in the Company's Website at www.switchingtechnologiesguntherltd.com

HOLDING COMPANY

Your Company is a Subsidiary of M/s Gunther America Inc which holds 61.22% of Equity shares in your company. Your Company doesn't have any subsidiary company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The details pertaining to the Management Discussion and Analysis have been given as Annexure A forming part of the Annual Report.

FUTURE PROSPECTS/FINANCIAL POSITION

It has been a difficult year as the operations of the Company were still affected due to insufficient business orders. The prices of the main raw materials had increased particularly Gold and Rhodium whose prices had increased manifold and infact sky rocketed but the Company could not pass on the proportionate increase in sale prices to the end consumer. In this context, the company on a trial basis is trying to use a substitute cheaper raw material Ruthinium in place of Rhodium, and if it proves to be successful then the Company will be in a position to earn profits and wipe out the losses going forward. The Company is also undergoing several cost cutting measures to bring down the losses. The Company believes it to be a temporary phenomenon and the Management is confident of reviving the company and the ability to continue as a going concern.

MANUFACTURING FACILITIES

The company is into the manufacturing of Electronic components Reed Switches, Proximity Sensors, Ball Switches, etc.

In this regard the specialist machineries like automatic sealing machines called as Badalex and semi-automatic Sealing machines, Bihler Press, automatic and manual Plating line besides ancillary equipments are used in various process departments.

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

No major Research and development activities are carried out. However, a little Research & Development is being done in the Badalex and Semi automatic department to keep pace with technological up-gradation.

INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Your Company has adequate and proper information systems in place and it has taken proper measures to safeguard all electronic data and information to the best possible level it can.

DIRECTORS

Mr.K.Mani, Non Executive Director, who holds office till this Annual General Meeting is being eligible to be re-appointed as Non Executive Director in the Annual General Meeting to be held on 5th September, 2025.

The Shareholders in the last Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2024 had appointed Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar Hiremath as Independent Non Executive Director and Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien as Independent Non Executive Woman Director of the Company for a period of five years.

Declaration by Independent Directors

The Independent Directors have submitted their disclosures to the Board confirming that they fulfill the requirements enumerated under section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

Secretarial Standards

The Company complies with all the applicable mandatory secretarial standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 the threshold limit for the applicability of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to any company is (a) net worth of the company is ₹500 crores or more; (b)turnover of the company is ₹1000 crores or more; or (c)net profit of the company is ₹5 crores or more.

As the company does not come under any of the threshold limits and has earned loss in year ending March 31, 2025, there is no requirement to make any CSR contribution in FY 2024-25.

Change in nature of business

There was no change in the nature of the business of the Company during the year under review.

Material Changes

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year (i.e.,31st March, 2025) and the date of this report.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Your Company has Mr.C.Chandrachudan, Managing Director, Mr.K.Mani, Non Executive Director, Mrs.T.Nirmala, Chief Financial Officer and Mr.S.Ramesh, Company Secretary in the category of Key Managerial Personnel as mandated by the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013.

STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Company had appointed M/s. V.V. Kale & Co., Chartered Accountants, New Delhi as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of five years starting from the Financial Year 2022-23 to Financial Year 2026-27 which was approved by the Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the company held on 28th September, 2022.

AUDITOR'S OBSERVATION**Emphasis of Matter****(i) Material uncertainty related to Going Concern**

We draw attention to the Note 37 in the Financial Statements. The Company's accumulated losses as at March 31, 2025 aggregate to ₹ 1526.19 Lakhs resulting in complete erosion of its net worth. Further, as of that date, Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₹ 724.65 Lakhs. These factors along with other matters as set forth in said notes cast material uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. However, the Company's financial statement has been prepared on going concern basis as disclosed by management in said note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

ADDENDUM TO AUDITOR'S OBSERVATION

It has been a difficult year as the operations of the Company were still affected due to insufficient business orders. The prices of the main raw materials had increased particularly Gold and Rhodium whose prices had increased manifold and infact sky rocketed but the Company could not pass on the proportionate increase in sale prices to the end consumer. In this context, the company on a trial basis is trying to use a substitute cheaper raw material Ruthinium in place of Rhodium, and if it proves to be successful then the Company will be in a position to earn profits and wipe out the losses going forward. The Company is also undergoing several cost cutting measures to bring down the losses. The Company believes it to be a temporary phenomenon and the Management is confident of reviving the company and the ability to continue as a going concern.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Your Company had appointed Mr.Janmejay Singh Rajput, Practising Company Secretary, as Secretarial Auditor of the Company consequent to the resignation of Mr.Abhishek Paliwal on 18th February, 2025 who will hold office till this Annual General Meeting. As per the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Secretarial Audit Report from Mr.Janmejay Singh Rajput, Secretarial Auditor, has been obtained and the same is attached as Annexure E to this report.

ADDENDUM TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The Management and the concerned Secretarial Department has taken note of the observations as cited in the Secretarial Audit Report and will ensure it is rectified and complied going forward.

The Company has filed all the forms and returns with the Registrar of Companies. There were some delay in filing of certain forms and the same were filed with nominal additional fees with the Registrar of Companies. The Company going forward will ensure timely filing of all necessary forms with the Registrar of Companies.

The Company going forward will ensure that the POSH (Prevention of Sexual Harassment) Policy is adopted by the Board and an Internal Complaints Committee is constituted in compliance with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company will ensure that going forward all pages of the Minutes Book are serially numbered in accordance with the applicable Secretarial Standards.

The Company going forward will ensure compliance with the provisions of Section 134 (3) (P) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 (4) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 pertaining to the requisite disclosure indicating the manner in which formal annual evaluation by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and of individual Directors.

The Company has been registered under the Factories Act and is of the opinion that the Tamil Nadu Shops and Establishments Act, 1947 will not apply to the company, however the company will check the applicability and if applicable will register with it at the earliest.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of your company consists of 3 Directors. At present the members of the Audit Committee are Mr.C.Chandrachudan, Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath and Mrs. Saimathy Soupramanien. The Audit Committee met 4 times on 29th May, 2024, 7th August 2024, 11th November, 2024 and 12th February, 2025. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Unaudited Quarterly Results and the Audited Yearly Accounts for the FY 2024-25 besides the Related Party Transactions.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORK PLACE

Your Company is committed to creating and maintaining an atmosphere in which employees can work together without fear of sexual harassment, exploitation or intimidation. The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has put in place an adequate system for safeguarding the dignity of women employees on complaints, if any received and provide justice to the affected employees without delays required under the provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ('Act'). No complaints were received by the company during the year under review.

PERSONNEL

The industrial relations continued to remain cordial throughout the period under review.

DEPOSITORY SYSTEM

To facilitate the dematerialization of shares your company has appointed M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Chennai as Electronic Share Transfer Agent for providing electronic connectivity with National Securities Depository Ltd. and Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Chennai is the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) of the company handling the dematerialization of shares, issue of duplicate share certificates, share transfers (both electronic and physical), transmission of shares and transposition of shares, etc.

LISTING WITH STOCK EXCHANGES

Your company's shares are listed in BSE LIMITED (Bombay Stock Exchange). The listing continued throughout the year. Listing fees have been paid up to date.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the requirements of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors confirm that:

- a) In the preparation of annual accounts, the applicable Accounting Standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- b) The Directors had selected such accounting policies and have applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and the loss of the Company for the year.
- c) The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d) The Annual Accounts have been prepared on a 'Going Concern' basis.
- e) The proper policies and procedures have been adopted for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to code of conduct and policies, the safeguarding of assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information and that such policies and procedures are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f) Proper systems are in place to ensure compliance of all laws applicable to the Company and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The norms/provisions of corporate governance is not applicable to your company as the Paid-up Equity Capital is not exceeding ₹10 Crores and Net Worth is not exceeding ₹ 25 Crores, as on

the last day of the previous financial year, i.e. 31st March 2025 as per Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirement) Regulation, 2015. However as a matter of prudent business practice certain essential details for the sake of shareholders are reported in a separate Annexure F.

DISCLOSURES AND INFORMATION UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Pursuant to section 134 and any other applicable section of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), following disclosures and information is furnished to the shareholders:

- (a) Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo is given in 'Annexure C' and forms part of the Board's Report.
- (b) Board meetings

The Board of Directors of your Company met 04 times during the year under review.

S.No.	Name	Number of Board Meetings held during the year 2024-25	Number of Board Meetings attended during the year 2024-25
1	Mr.C.Chandrachudan	4	4
2	Mr.K.Manoharan*	4	3
3	Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath**	4	2
4	Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien**	4	2
5	Mr. Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam***	4	2
6	Ms. Gayathri M N***	4	2

* Mr.K.Manoharan ceased to be a Director w.e.f. 25/01/2025

** Mr. Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath and Mrs. Saimathy Soupramanien were appointed as Independent Directors on 30/09/2024

*** Mr. Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam and Ms. Gayathri M N, ceased to be Independent Directors on completion of their tenure.

(c) Particulars of Loans received from Directors and/or their relatives:

The company has not received any loans from any of its directors or their relatives during the period under review.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS OR SECURITIES PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 186 AND THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH THEY WOULD BE UTILIZED BY THE RECIPIENTS. Section 134(3)(g)

Your Company has not lent any loan or made any investments or given any guarantees to any other entity/ body corporate. As such no disclosure is required to be made in this Report and also in the relevant Registers.

(d) Related Party Transactions

All related party transactions entered into by your Company during the financial year were at arm's length and were in the ordinary course of business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 is given below in **Form AOC 2**. None of the Directors has any pecuniary relationships or transactions vis-à-vis the Company.

(e) Particulars of Employees:

Disclosures with respect to the remuneration of Directors and employees as required under Section 197 of the Companies Act and Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 has been appended as **Annexure D** to this Report.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

There were no such orders passed during the year under review.

THE DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has in place a financial control system designed to protect the interest of the Company adequately and in ensuring the accuracy of the financial statements.

STATEMENT CONTAINING SALIENT FEATURES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SUBSIDIARIES/**ASSOCIATE COMPANIES/JOINT VENTURES AOC 1 – Not Applicable**

DETAILS OF COMPANIES WHICH HAVE BECOME OR CEASED TO BE ITS SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES DURING THE YEAR; RULE 8(1) - Not Applicable.

AOC - 2

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES REFERRED TO IN SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 188 INCLUDING JUSTIFICATION FOR ENTERING INTO SUCH CONTRACTS.

1.	Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis	NIL
(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	
(b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/ transactions	
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	
(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	
(f)	date(s) of approval by the Board	
(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	
(h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to Section 188	

2.	Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis	
	(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	<p>Comus International 454, Allwood Rd., Clifton New Jersey 07012 USA</p> <p>Comus Belgium BVBA Overhaamlaan 40 B-3700 Tongeren Belgium</p> <p>Comus Europe Limited Unit 7, Rice Bridge Industrial Estate Thorpe - le - Soken Essex, England CO16 OHL</p> <p>Comus Technology BV Jan camperstraat 11 6416 SG Heerlen The Netherlands</p> <p>Gunther America Inc. 454, Allwood Rd., Clifton New Jersey 07012 USA</p> <p>Comus International is the Parent Company. Comus Belgium, Comus Europe are direct subsidiary of Comus International. Gunther America is holding 61.22 % shares in STG Ltd. Gunther America is subsidiary of Comus International. Hence, STG is also subsidiary of Comus International.</p>

	(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/ transactions	Import / Export marketing agreement executed between the group companies. Raw materials are supplied duty free to STG Ltd by overseas group companies. STG Ltd converts the raw materials and supplies back finished goods to group companies. Payment to the overseas vendors of raw material is paid by overseas group companies directly and the raw material costs are adjusted against the sales invoices for finished goods of STG Ltd, barring a few exceptions when at times STG makes the payment directly to the vendor if the situation so warrants.
	(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	Contract termination is at will.
	(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	As mentioned in Para-(b) above.
	(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	The agreement is from the inception of STG Ltd.
	(f) Amount paid as advances, if any:	STG has not paid any advance to its group companies.

Disclosure in respect of related party-wise transactions is given under Note-35 in the Notes Forming Part of Accounts.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The directors thank authorities of Madras Export Processing Zone, Reserve Bank of India, State Bank of India, HDFC Bank for the guidance and assistance rendered to the company and the employees for their effort and co-operation.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Chennai

C.CHANDRACHUDAN

K.MANI

Date : 16th July, 2025

Managing Director

Non-Executive Director

ANNEXURE-A

Forming Part of the Board's Report Management Discussion and Analysis

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

Your company was established in the year 1988. Your company is into the manufacturing and sale of reed switches, proximity sensors, ball switches, etc. The reed switches is one of the unique kind of switches. Your company is the only company in India, other than one M/s. Reed Relays Electronics limited (RRE), based at Bangalore manufacturing reed switches. Your company champions in manufacturing of miniature and Standard reed switches, which RRE does not manufacture at their facility. Your company comes under the category of Electrical and Electronic Industrial segment.

Your company has got all its machine and equipment dating more than 37 years old. Nevertheless, your company has customized the machinery and equipment to suit the latest technological up gradation and need of the hour.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

A) Segment wise / Division wise Operations

Particulars	AS ON 31.03.2025		AS ON 31.03.2024	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Segment wise	(in Nos.)	(₹)	(in Nos)	(₹)
Reed Switches	12,37,150	59,930,832	16,75,710	56,354,010
Proximity Sensors	1,58,937	14,121,752	2,30,403	22,102,614
Ball Switch	-	-	2,55,666	2,410,611
Others	-	3,140,680	-	5,922,180
TOTAL	13,96,087	77,193,264	21,61,779	86,789,415

B) Other Initiatives

Initiatives has been taken up by your company on a trial basis in trying to use a substitute cheaper raw material Ruthinium in place of Rhodium, and if it proves to be successful then the Company will be in a position to earn profits and wipe out the losses going forward. The Company is also undergoing cost cutting measures to bring down the losses.

C) Outlook

There were no sufficient business orders. The prices of the raw materials had increased but the Company could not pass on the proportionate increase in prices to the end consumer.

However the Company had undergone cost cutting measures to bring down the losses and the Management is confident of reviving the business of the company in the years to come by increasing the productivity and by adding new products and reduce the scrap generation because of which, your company will be in a position to reduce the loss and be profitable in the years to come.

D) Finance and Investments

Your company has not taken any loan, or deposit etc. from any one, except for issuance of 98,178 Zero Coupon Redeemable Preference Shares (RPS) of ₹100/- each to its holding company M/s.Gunther America Inc.,

In this context, the Company has passed the special resolution in its Annual General Meeting held on 21st September, 2021 to convert the RPS into equity shares of the Company. However as on date the conversion is not materialized yet and the company is taking the initiative to convert the same at the earliest.

E) Human Resource Development and Industrial Relations

Human Resource Development and Industrial Relations was very cordial. Your company's subsisting wage agreement with the STG's worker Union is due for finalisation.

F) Internal Control Systems and Their Adequacy

Your company has got sufficient internal control system. Your company has appointed independent third party internal auditor besides statutory auditor. The present system is sufficient to meet the requirements of the company.

G) Information Security

Your company has a full proof information security system. The data backup are taken and kept separately so as to return back to the working in case of any unforeseen circumstances. This apart, your company has introduced adequate measures to avoid theft of information.

H) Opportunities and Threats & Risks and Concerns

Your company is located in MEPZ-SEZ area. There is a minimum commitment of exports given by your company to the Development Commissioner of MEPZ-SEZ as mandated by law. Secondly, your company has entered into an export marketing agreement with the group companies. As per the agreement, the group companies provide the Raw Material and your company converts them into Finished Goods and export them back to the group companies. Under such scenario, after meeting the commitments of the group company as per the agreement and also the commitment given to the MEPZ-SEZ authorities, your company can make independent sales of left over finished goods. In general, demand for your company's products keeps fluctuating upward and downward and is very volatile.

With regard to the threat, the major threat is the obsolescence of technology involved in the production machinery and equipment. Your company has however been successful in customizing those machinery and equipment to suit the latest technological requirement vis-à-vis production and export requirement. Secondly, your company is manufacturing gold plated reed switches whereas lot of competitors have emerged in the international market who are offering low cost tin and copper plated reed switches performing the same function as that of your company's reed switches. However, your company is able to offset this threat by canvassing the product's superior quality and longtime durability.

ANNEXURE-B

Forming Part of the Board's Report

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT FOR SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GUNTER LIMITED

Part A:

SUSTAINABILITY EFFORTS BY SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GUNTER LTD.

Your company's plants and machineries are age old and the manufacturers of those plants and machineries have either closed their facilities or stopped manufacturing the same. Nevertheless, your company has been customizing the repairs and maintenance aspect to suit the technological upgradation requirements. This has been possible by utilizing the in-house intellectual expertise and also by appointing outside consultants.

Your company's other sustainable efforts were to focus on reducing the scrap rate and increasing the productivity. This has been introduced in all segments of the production processes.

Part B:

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES BY SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GUNTER LIMITED

Your company is very particular in keeping the surrounding environment green and clean. In this regard, your company has ensured meticulous compliance of pollution control norms.

Your company is very particular about taking care of requirements of its workers and their family members. Even though the company is under severe financial crisis, the company still manages to assist its employees in the best possible way within its means and bounds. This will be evidenced from the very fact that till the year 2007 – 08, your company was stuck with lots of labour issues, besides being rendered sick company and having been referred to BIFR. Due to initiatives taken by your management over a period of time, the company has not only come out of clutches of BIFR but

has also broken even in the financial year 2013-14 and booked profits in FY 2014-15. This could not have been possible without the paternistic approach of your company towards the needs and requirements of the employees. However, in the subsequent years, your company had incurred losses again mainly due to the fact that there was steep decline in sales orders and exchange fluctuation losses. During the financial year under reporting, your company has posted a loss of ₹66.897 million.

ANNEXURE-C

Conservation of Energy, Technology absorption & Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo

Forming Part of the Board's Report

Information pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in respect of conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo.

A. Conservation of Energy

Adequate repairs and maintenance of production facilities and improvements in infrastructure were carried out throughout the financial year for achieving energy conservation.

B. Technology Absorption

The Company does not have a technical collaboration.

C. Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo

Foreign Exchange earned on the export of Reed Switches and others on FOB basis during the period under review amounts to ₹771.93 lacs. Foreign exchange outgo on account of Imported Raw Materials, Stores and Capital Goods, other expenditure was ₹589.36 lacs.

Expenditure in foreign currency on account of Interest was – Nil.

ANNEXURE-D

Forming part of the Board's Report

Information pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Note: The information provided below is on standalone basis for Indian Listed entity.

- (1) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company as on 31st March, 2025 is 91
- (2) The average percentage increase in the remuneration of employees in the financial year was 10.06%

Average increase in remuneration is guided by factors like economic growth, inflation, mandatory increases, external competitiveness and talent retention. On the other hand, the overall wage bill is impacted by the increase in remuneration and other structural changes in manufacturing processes, etc. Whilst the Company has a strong cost focus, employee cost being one of the key areas for cost monitoring and control, the results of any structural initiatives needs to be measured over a long term horizon and cannot be strictly compared with annual performance indicators.

- (3) The market capitalization of the company and the price earnings ratio as at the closing date of the current financial year and previous financial year is tabled below:

	As at 31.03.2024	As at 31.03.2025	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Market Capitalisation (₹in Crores)	17.54	15.67	-10.64
Price Earnings Ratio	446.40	-76.20	-82.93
Current Market Price	71.59	63.97	-10.64

- (4) The closing market price of the shares of the Company as at March 31, 2024 was ₹71.59/- (BSE) and as at March 31, 2025 was ₹63.97/- (BSE). The increase/ decrease in the market quotations of the shares of the company is as tabled below;

Date	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
Market Price as on	71.59	63.97

- (5) The total managerial remuneration comprises of remuneration of the Managing Director and Executive Director, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer.

- (6) Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel of the Company i.e., Managing Director, Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary is indicated below:

Name of KMP	Particulars of Remuneration	As on 31st March, 2025	As on 31st March, 2024
Mr. C.Chandrachudan Managing Director	Salaries and Allowances	6,87,208	5,75,220
	Contribution to PF and other Funds	59,796	53,357
	Perquisites	19,658	35,268
Mr.K.Manoharan Executive Director	Salaries and Allowances	5,97,913	5,55,112
	Contribution to PF and other Funds	52,980	52,453
	Perquisites	19,658	35,268
Mr.S.Ramesh Company Secretary	Salaries and Allowances	8,25,947	6,32,673
	Contribution to PF and other Funds	59,288	50,382
	Perquisites	19,658	35,268
Mrs.T.Nirmala Chief Financial Officer	Salaries and Allowances	4,68,416	4,17,011
	Contribution to PF and other Funds	41,885	41,238
	Perquisites	19,658	35,268

ANNEXURE-E**Forming part of the Board's Report****Form No. MR-3****SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT****FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025**

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members,

SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GUNTHER LIMITED

Plots B-9 & B-10, Special Economic Zone (MEPZ), Kadapperi,
Tambaram, Chennai - 600 045.

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Switching Technologies Gunther Limited (hereinafter called "the Company") having (CIN: L29142TN1988PLC015647) having registered office at B-9 & B-10 Special Economic Zone (MEPZ) Kaddaperi, Tambaran Chennai 600045 for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025. The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me with a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2025:

- complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and
- proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025, according to the provisions of:

- I. The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder

- II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder
- III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws Framed thereunder
- IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowings.
- V. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - (a) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR 2015").
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period).
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period).
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period).
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act, 2013 and dealing with client;
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Sharers) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period).
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period).

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards ("SS") issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Board, Committees and General Meetings.
- The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange.
- Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

- a. The Company has not included any statement indicating the manner in which formal annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees and of individual directors has been made in its board report as per the requirement of Section 134(3)(p).

We recommend that the Company ensure compliance with the provisions of Section 134(3) (p) by including the requisite disclosure in the Board's Report, outlining the process followed for the annual performance evaluation of the Board, its Committees, and individual Directors.

b. Filing of E-forms:

During the Financial Year 2024-25, the company filed the requisite E-forms within time with Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs except the following:

Sl. No.	Particulars	Delay in No. of Days
1	Form MGT-14 vid SRN No-AB0295816	5 days
2	Form MGT-14 vid SRN No -AA9257822	14 days
3	Form DIR-12 vid SRN No-AB1792252	13 days
4	Form DIR-12 vid SRN No-AB1861745	31 days
5	Form DIR-12 vid SRN No-AB2842080	10 days
6	Form AOC-4 vid SRN No -N18534131	22 days

We recommend that the Company strengthen its compliance mechanisms to ensure timely filing of all necessary forms in the future and take immediate steps to regularize any pending or delayed filings to avoid potential non-compliance consequences and penalties.

c. Minutes Book and Registers:

The minutes book of AGM, Board Meetings, and other meetings, as well as the statutory registers, have been duly maintained.

Sl. No.	Particulars	Remarks
1	Board Meeting Minutes Book	The Company has maintained Minutes Books of Board and General Meetings of the Company.
2	Annual General Meeting and other meeting Minutes Book	
3	Statutory Registers as per Companies Act, 2013	The Company has maintained Statutory registers during the audit period.

However, the pages of the minutes book have not been numbered. We recommend that the Company ensure all pages of the Minutes Book are serially numbered in accordance with the applicable Secretarial Standards to maintain proper records and enhance transparency in corporate governance.

d. The Company has adopted the following policies as per SEBI LODR 2015:

- Policy for preservation of documents.
- Policy on materiality of related party transactions.
- Policy for determination of materiality of events and information.
- Criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and Policy relating to remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- Policy on the diversity of the board of directors.
- Archival Policy

However, the company has not yet adopted the POSH (Prevention of Sexual Harassment) Policy. We recommend that the company adopt a POSH policy and constitute an Internal Complaints Committee in compliance with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

e. The Company had issued 98,178 Zero Coupon Redeemable Preference Shares ("RPS") of ₹100/- each on February 14, 2009, which were due for conversion on or before February 14, 2021. It has been noted that the Company passed a special resolution at its Annual General Meeting held on September 21, 2021, approving the conversion of these RPS into equity shares. However, as of the date of this report, the conversion has not yet materialized. Accordingly, as on March 31, 2025, the paid-up share capital of the Company continues to comprise both equity shares and RPS.

As per the representation provided by the management, the non-conversion is attributable to the non-availability of adequate funds.

In light of this, we recommend that the Company arrange the necessary funds at the earliest convenience and proceed with the redemption or conversion of the RPS as per the applicable terms and regulatory requirements.

- f. The Company does not have Tamil Nadu Shops and Establishments Act, 1947 registration. It is recommended to obtain the registration under the stated enactment.

I further report that

- With respect to the composition of the Board of Directors, the Company has fully complied with the requirements of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there-under with a proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There were changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review and were duly complied.
- Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- The Company has entered into material related party transactions as per the applicability of SEBI LODR 2015; which has been approved by the shareholders in general meeting. The Company has also the approval of the audit committee.
- The Company has provided all required disclosures on its website.

On the basis of representation given by the management, I further report that:

- There was no prosecution initiated and no fines or penalties were imposed during the year under review under the Act, and Rules framed under these Acts against / on the Company, its directors, and Officers.
- The Directors have complied with the disclosure requirements in respect of their eligibility of appointment, and compliance with the Code of Business Conduct & Ethics for Directors and Management Personnel;
- Based on the information received, explanations given, process explained, and records maintained there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, including Sector Specific laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. The company has confirmed compliance with all those laws.

- The Compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws has not been reviewed in this audit since the same has been subject to review by statutory auditor and other designated professionals and for the same we have relied on Reports given by the Internal as well as the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

For Janmejy Singh Rajput and Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Janmejy Singh Rajput
(Proprietor)

Membership No.: - F9348

COP. No- 15012

Peer Review Certificate No.-1590/2021

UDIN: -F009348G000788203

Place: New Delhi

Date: 16/07/2025

ANNEXURE-1

To,

The Members

SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GUNTHER LIMITED

PLOTS B-9 & B-10, Special Economic Zone (MEPZ),
Kadapperi, Tambaram, Chennai - 600 045.

Auditor's responsibility

Based on audit, our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance with the applicable laws and maintenance of records by the Company. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards CSAS 1 to CSAS 4 prescribed by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. These standards require that the auditor complies with statutory and regulatory requirements and plans and performs the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of records.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the CSAS.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company and for which we relied on the report of statutory auditor.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Janmejy Singh Rajput and Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Janmejy Singh Rajput
(Proprietor)

Membership No.: - F9348

COP. No- 15012

Peer Review Certificate No.-1590/2021

UDIN: -F009348G000788203

Place: New Delhi

Date: 16/07/2025

ANNEXURE - F

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement with the Indian Stock Exchanges and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 stipulates the norms and disclosure standards that have to be followed on the Corporate Governance front by listed Indian companies.

1. THE COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY

The company is in a field of manufacturing and sales of electrical and electronic components which among others includes Reed Switches, Proximity Sensors, Ball Switches, etc.

The Company's philosophy of corporate governance is to achieve business excellence by enhancing the long-term welfare of all its stakeholders. The Company believes that corporate governance is about creating organisations that succeed in the market place with the right approach and values. This will enhance the value for all its stakeholders.

THE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

a) Board Structure

The Board of Directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2025 comprised of 4 Directors, which includes a Managing Director.

No Director is related to any other Director on the Board in terms of the definition of "relative" given under the Companies Act, 2013

b) Board meetings held and Directors' attendance record

The Board meets at least once in a quarter to consider among other businesses, quarterly performance of the Company and financial results. To enable the Board to discharge its responsibilities effectively and take informed decisions, necessary information is made available to the Board. During the FY 2024-25, four Board meetings were held.

Table 1: Details about the Company's Board of Directors & meetings attended by the Directors during the year:

Name of Director	Category	Board Meetings held during the year	Board Meetings attended during the year	Whether attended last AGM	Director-ships in other public companies as at year end	Number of Chairmanships / memberships in Board Committees in other companies as at year end
Mr.C.Chandrachudan	Managing Director	4	4	Yes	Nil	Nil
Mr.K.Manoharan*	Executive Director	4	3	Yes	Nil	Nil
Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath **	Non-Executive-Independent Director	4	2	No	1)Ormed Medical Technology Limited 2) Aadi Industries Limited	Nil
Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien**	Non-Executive-Independent Women Director	4	2	No	1)Saga Business Development Pvt. Ltd. 2)Supreme Power Equipment Ltd. 3) R.K.Steel Manufacturing Company Ltd.	Nil

Mr.Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam ***	Non Executive Independent Director	4	2	No	-	Nil
Ms.Gayathri M N ***	Non Executive Women Independent Director	4	2	No	-	Nil

*Mr.K.Manoharan, Executive Director, resigned from the Board w.e.f.25/01/2025

**Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath and Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien, Independent Directors, were appointed in the AGM held on 30/09/2024. Hence they had attended only 2 meetings.

***Mr.Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam and Ms.Gayathri M N, ceased to be Independent Directors w.e.f.20/09/2024 on completion of their tenure

None of the Directors is a member of more than 10 Board-level committees, or a Chairman of more than five such committees, as required under Clause 49 of the listing agreement.

The Board of the Company is presented with all the information whenever applicable. These are submitted either as part of the agenda papers before the Board meeting or are tabled in the course of the Board meeting.

- c) None of the Directors had any materially significant related party transactions, pecuniary or business relationship with the Company except for drawing remuneration. None of the Independent Directors except the receipt of sitting fees have any other materially significant related party transactions, pecuniary or business relationship with the Company. Attention of Members is drawn to the disclosures of transactions with related parties set out in Financial Statements forming part of the Annual Report.

3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Company has an Audit Committee, Stakeholder's/Shareholders Relationship Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Composition of Committees as on 31st March, 2025 is given below:

Name of Director	Position in the Committee		
	Audit Committee	Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
Mr.C.Chandrachudan	Member	-	-
Mr.K.Manoharan*	-	Member	Member
Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien	Member	Member	Chairperson
Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath	Chairman	Chairman	Member
Mr.K.Mani **	-	Member	-

*Mr.K.Manoharan, Executive Director, resigned from the Board w.e.f.25/01/2025

**Mr.K.Mani was appointed as Non-Executive Director w.e.f.12/02/2025

(a) Attendance Details for Committee Meetings

Name of Meeting	Audit Committee	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
Meetings Held	4	1	2
Directors' Attendance:			
Mr.C.Chandrachudan	4	-	-
Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath **	2	-	2
Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien **	2	-	2
Mr.K.Manoharan *	-	1	2
Mr.Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam ***	2	1	2
Ms.Gayathri M N ***	2	1	2

*Mr.K.Manoharan, Executive Director, resigned from the Board w.e.f.25/01/2025.

**Mr.Sharanabasaveshwar G Hiremath and Mrs.Saimathy Soupramanien, Independent Directors, were appointed in the AGM held on 30/09/2024.

***Mr.Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam and Ms.Gayathri M N, ceased to be Independent Directors w.e.f.20/09/2024 on completion of their tenure.

(b) Terms of reference of Board Committees:

The terms of reference for Audit Committee include the matters specified in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 as well as clause 49 of Listing Agreement as follows:

(1) Audit Committee:

- a) Reviewing the Audited/Unaudited Financial statements before submission to the board for approval.
- b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
- c) Compliance with listing and other requirements relating to financial statements.
- d) Disclosure of related party transactions.

(2) Remuneration Committee

The terms of remuneration Committee are as below.

Practices of the Company and in particular, policies regarding remuneration of Managing Director, who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to Board their appointment and removal, and evaluate every Director's performance, qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to remuneration of Managing Director, key management personnel and other employees, Share Based Employee Benefits.

(3) Stakeholders Relationship /Shareholders Committee

The Registrar and Share Transfer Agents (RTA) viz., Cameo Corporate Services Limited takes care of the shareholders complaints regarding transfer/transposition/transmission/and issue of duplicate share certificates and sends the periodical reports viz., memorandum register and control summary to the company which is placed before the Committee for its perusal and approval.

Name and designation of Compliance Officer:- Mr.S..Ramesh, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer.

There are no pending share transfers as on March 31, 2025.

(4) Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee is not applicable to the Company.

4. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

a) Details of last three Annual General Meetings (AGMs)

Year	Venue	Date	Time
September 2022	Through Audio/Video Conferencing Mode	28/09/2022	2.30 p.m
September 2023	Through Audio/Video Conferencing Mode	29/09/2023	2.30 p.m
September 2024	Through Audio/Video Conferencing Mode	30/09/2024	2.30 p.m

b) Details of Special Resolutions passed in last 3 AGMs - Nil

c) No EGM has been conducted in last 3 years.

d) Details of postal ballot held during last year - NIL.

Resolutions were passed unanimously through e-Voting.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

i) Annual General Meeting (AGM)

Date : September 05, 2025

Venue : Video Conference (VC)/Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)

Time : 2.30 p.m. (IST)

ii) Date of Book Closure : August 27, 2025 to September 05, 2025

iii) Listing on Stock Exchange : The Company's Shares are listed on BSE Limited (BSE)

iv) Listing Fees : The Listing fees of BSE for the FY 2024-25 has been paid.

v) Stock Code – Bombay Stock Exchange – 517201

vi) Registrar and Share Transfer Agent

Cameo Corporate Services Limited

“Subramanian Building”

1, Club House Road, Chennai 600 002

Phone: 044-40020700

Online Investor Portal: <https://wisdom.cameoindia.com>

Website: www.cameoindia.com

vii) Dematerialization of Shares – 93.62% of equity shares have been dematerialized as on 31st March, 2025. Trading in your Company's shares is permitted only in the dematerialized form as per notifications issued by SEBI.

viii) Investor Correspondence

The Company Secretary

Switching Technologies Gunther Limited

Plot B-9 & B-10, MEPZ-SEZ, Kadapperi, Tambaram, Chennai 600 045

Phone No. : 91-44-22622460/91-44-43219096

E-mail: stgindia@stg-india.com

Website: www.switchingtechnologiesguntherltd.com

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31ST MARCH, 2025

Shares	Number of Share Holders	% of total	Shares	% of total
1 - 100	2754	78.3945	172886	7.0566
101 - 500	552	16.3361	145800	5.9510
501 - 1000	81	2.3971	66253	2.7042
1001 - 2000	50	1.4797	70876	2.8928
2001 - 3000	11	0.3255	27981	1.1420
3001 - 4000	8	0.2367	26908	1.0982
4001 - 5000	2	0.0591	8984	0.3666
5001 - 10000	7	0.2071	48881	1.9951
10001 - And Above	16	0.4735	1881953	76.8144
Total	3379	100.0000	2450000	100.0000

DEMATERIALISATION STATUS AS ON 31 March, 2025

CATEGORY	NO.OF HOLDERS	TOTAL POSITIONS	% OF HOLDING
PHYSICAL	1506	156180	6.3747
NSDL	1008	1887164	77.0271
CDSL	999	406656	16.5982
TOTAL	3513	2450000	100.000000

SHARE HOLDING PATTERN OF HOLDINGS - NSDL & CDSL & PHYSICAL

CLIENT TYPE	NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES	% OF HOLDING
Resident	3469	862022	35.1846
NRI	16	11702	0.4776
Corporate Body	24	75676	3.0888
Bank	3	600	0.0245
OCB	1	1500000	61.2245
TOTAL	3379	2450000	100.0000

5. DISCLOSURES

- a) Materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict of interests of Company at large – **NIL**
- b) Complaints received under Whistle Blower Policy - **NIL**
- c) The complaints received under Policy to Prevent Sexual Harassment at the work place-**NIL**
- d) Details of Non-Compliance - **NIL**.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Switching Technologies Günther Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Switching Technologies Günther Limited ("the Company"), which comprises of the balance sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs as at March 31, 2025, and its loss, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Material uncertainty related to Going Concern

We draw attention to the Note 37 in the Financial Statements. The Company's accumulated losses as at March 31, 2025 aggregate to ₹ 1526.19 Lakhs resulting in complete erosion of its net worth. Further, as of that date, Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by ₹ 724.65 Lakhs. These factors along with other matters as set forth in said notes cast material uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future. However, the Company's financial statement has been prepared on going concern basis as disclosed by management in said note. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis,

Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report

that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced.

We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.
- (A) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books. Further, the backup of the books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode has not been maintained on servers physically located in India on daily basis;
 - c. The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss and the cash flow statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B";
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. the Company has disclosed the impact, wherever necessary, of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 29 to the financial statements;
 - ii. the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or Indian Accounting Standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Management has represented that, during the financial year ending March 31, 2025, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - v. The Management has represented, that, during the financial year ending March 31, 2025, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - vi. Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
 - vii. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 and thus the reporting requirement as per Rule 11(f) is not applicable.

viii.As required by Rule 11(g), we hereby report that the accounting software used by the Company for maintaining its books of account for FY 2024-25 has not enabled the feature of recording audit trail and that the same has not been used throughout the financial year.

- (C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For and on behalf of

V V Kale & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. Number: 000897N

Vijay V. Kale

Partner

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 17, 2025

Membership No. 080821

UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Switching Technologies Günther Limited ("the Company") on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipments.
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets
- (b) AAs per the information and explanation given to us, no physical verification of fixed assets has been carried out by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025.
- (c) The Company does not own any immovable properties and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the period and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(i)(d) are not applicable to the Company.
- (e) As per the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated and / or pending against the Company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and the rules made thereunder and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(i)(e) are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) As per the information and explanations given to us, physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management. As per the information received, there was no deviation beyond 10% in aggregate in each class of inventory. We have relied on the management certificate on closing balance of inventory.
- (b) The Company has not availed any working capital limits on the security of current assets from banks or financial institutions and accordingly, the provisions of Paragraph 3(ii)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) As informed to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and therefore, the provisions of Paragraph 3(iii)(a) to Paragraph 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted loans / made any investments / issued any guarantees for which provisions

of section 185 and 186 of the Act are to be complied with. Accordingly, the provisions of Paragraph 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (v) The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at March 31, 2025 and accordingly, the provisions of Paragraph 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and according to the explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, for goods manufactured / traded by the Company. Accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, GST, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the period by the Company with appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Cess and other statutory dues applicable to it as on March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Further, the company has during the year recorded expense amounting to ₹ 32.16 Lakhs and ₹ 32.45 Lakhs by way of recharge from its group company towards security service & Professional fee expenses respectively incurred by the latter on which the company has not deducted any TDS as per the Income Tax Act, 1961. Further, the Company has not paid GST on reverse charge basis for the above service. The management is of the opinion that since these charges are in the nature of pure reimbursement and also considering that the unit is an SEZ Unit, TDS and GST obligations do not arise.

We are informed that the operations of the Company do not give rise to any liability for Value Added Tax, Central Sales Tax, Wealth Tax and Excise Duty.

- (b) According to the records of the Company, except for the below, there are no dues outstanding of Income Tax, Service Tax, Goods & Services Tax, Custom Duty and Cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute:

Financial Year	Nature	Amount (INR)	Forum
AY 2012	Income Tax	10,65,518	Assessment Unit, Income Tax Department
AY 2012	Interest on Income Tax	17,20,889	Assessment Unit, Income Tax Department
AY 2014	Income Tax	29,290	Assessment Unit, Income Tax Department
AY 2014	Interest on Income Tax	22,192	Assessment Unit, Income Tax Department

According to the information and explanations given to us there are Nil transactions which have been disclosed as income under the Income Tax Act, 1961 which were previously unrecorded in the books.

- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not availed any borrowings from lenders and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no term loans were generated by the Company during the period and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not taken any loans on account of or to meet the obligation of associate companies during the period and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. It is clarified that the Company does not have any joint venture / subsidiary / associate of its own and that it only has an associate company having common parent entity another Company during the year
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not taken any loan on pledge of any securities held in associates and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(ix)(e) & Paragraph 3(ix)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company. It is clarified that the Company does not have any joint venture / subsidiary / associate of its own and that it

only has an associate company having common parent entity another Company during the year.

- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further offer (including debt instruments) during the period and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
(b) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of by private placement / preferential issue during the year and that the moneys raised during the year and accordingly, the provision of Paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
(b) No report has been filed by the auditors under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act with the Central Government during the period.
(c) No whistle blower complaints were reported during the period.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii)(a) to paragraph 3(xii)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, we are of the opinion that the Company does not have an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
(b) During the course of our audit, the reports of internal auditors have been furnished to us by the Company and we have considered the same.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not an NBFC and hence the provisions of paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.

- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has incurred cash loss of ₹ 676.33/- Lakhs (excluding exceptional item) during the year ending March 31, 2025 & ₹ 872.85 lakhs (excluding exceptional item) during year ended March, 31 2024. The computation of cash loss for year ending March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 is given below:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(-) 668.97	(-) 319.19
Add: Depreciation & Amortization Expenses	7.36	7.88
Less: Exceptional Income representing write back's	-	(-) 561.54
Less: Taxes (paid)/ Refund as per Cashflow Statement	Nil	Nil
Cash Profit/(Loss)	(-) 676.33	(-) 872.85

- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors during the period.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, we are of the opinion that material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report and that company is incapable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- (xx) The provisions regarding Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable on the Company since the profits are below the applicability threshold. Accordingly, the provisions of Paragraph 3(xx)(a) and Paragraph 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable on the Company.
- (xxi) The Company is a Standalone entity and does not have Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and accordingly, the Provisions of Paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order are not applicable on the Company.

For and on behalf of
V V Kale & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. Number: 000897N

Vijay V. Kale

Partner

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 17, 2025

Membership No. 080821

UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Switching Technologies Gunther Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were generally operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For and on behalf of

V V Kale & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. Number: 000897N

Vijay V. Kale

Partner

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 17, 2025

Membership No. 080821

UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2025

	Note No.	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	34.34	37.77
(b) Intangible Assets	4	0.46	0.62
(c) Financial Assets			
(i) Others	5	28.31	37.52
(d) Other Non-Current Assets	6	1.23	0.11
		<u>64.33</u>	<u>76.03</u>
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	7	482.06	333.64
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	8	306.72	454.38
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	15.66	1.19
(iii) Others	10	0.67	1.39
(c) Other Current Assets	11	11.77	13.62
		<u>816.88</u>	<u>804.22</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		881.21	880.25
EQUITIES AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
(a) Equity Share Capital	12	245.00	245.00
(b) Other Equity	13	(1,526.19)	(812.49)
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>(1,281.19)</u>	<u>(567.49)</u>
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Financial Liabilities	14	98.18	98.18
(b) Provisions	15	522.69	465.45
(c) Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	16	-	-
		<u>620.87</u>	<u>563.63</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Trade Payables	17		
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		0.61	0.63
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.		865.08	616.89
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	18	588.79	194.11
(b) Other Current Liabilities	19	9.18	9.25
(c) Provisions	20	77.87	63.22
		<u>1,541.53</u>	<u>884.11</u>
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		881.21	880.25

Corporate Information, Basis of Preparation & Significant Accounting Policies 1-3
The accompanying notes 1 to 36 are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached
For V V KALE & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 000897N

For and on behalf of the Board

VIJAY V. KALE
Partner
Membership Number: 080821

C. CHANDRACHUDAN
Managing Director
DIN : 0009312268

K. MANI
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 09267134

S. RAMESH
Company Secretary
PAN : AEMPR8361K

Mrs. T. NIRMALA
CFO
PAN : AMTPN4989Q

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 17, 2025
UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

	Note No.	(₹ in Lakhs) Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	21	771.93	867.89
Other income	22	1.29	51.14
TOTAL INCOME		773.23	919.04
EXPENSES			
Consumption of raw materials, stores and spares	23	564.86	835.66
Change in Inventory of Finished Goods & Stock in Process	24	(6.67)	(11.25)
Employee benefits expense	25	593.11	583.98
Depreciation and amortization expenses	4	7.36	7.88
Other expenses	26	283.53	383.50
TOTAL EXPENSES		1,442.19	1,799.76
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax		(668.97)	(880.73)
Exceptional items	28	-	(561.54)
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(668.97)	(319.19)
Tax items			
Current tax			
Earlier years tax provisions (written back)		-	-
Deferred tax asset / (liability)		-	-
Total tax items		-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year		(668.97)	(319.19)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)			
Items that will not be re-classified to Profit or Loss			
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on post employment benefit plans		(44.73)	(14.90)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year / (Loss)		(44.73)	(14.90)
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) for the year		(713.70)	(334.09)
Earning Per Equity Share (Basic and Diluted) (In ₹)	27	(27.30)	(13.03)

Corporate Information, Basis of Preparation & Significant Accounting Policies 1-3

The accompanying notes 1 to 36 are an integral part of the
Standalone Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached
For V V KALE & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 000897N

For and on behalf of the Board

VIJAY V. KALE
Partner
Membership Number: 080821

C. CHANDRACHUDAN
Managing Director
DIN : 0009312268

K. MANI
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 09267134

S. RAMESH
Company Secretary
PAN : AEMPR9361K

Mrs. T. NIRMALA
CFO
PAN : AMTPN4989Q

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 17, 2025
UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

	2024-25	2023-24
(A) CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit/ (loss) Before Tax	(668.97)	(319.19)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization	7.36	7.88
Interest and finance charges	-	-
Interest income	0.11	0.16
Excess Provisions / Liability no longer required written back	-	(561.54)
Non-operating Income	-	-
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	(661.50)	(872.69)
Adjustments for changes in working capital :		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables, loans & advances and other assets	160.83	53.65
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(148.42)	110.99
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables, other liabilities and provisions	669.92	717.14
Cash Generated from Operations	20.84	9.08
Income taxes (paid)/refund received	-	-
Net Cashflow from Operating Activities	20.84	9.08
(B) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets	(3.76)	(13.67)
Additions in capital work in progress	-	-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	-
Investments in bank deposits (with original maturity over 3 months)	(5.50)	-
Proceeds from bank deposits (with original maturity over 3 months)	-	-
Interest received	(0.11)	(0.16)
Investment in shares	-	-
Non-operating Income	-	-
Net Cashflow from Investing Activities	(9.37)	(13.83)

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	2024-25	2023-24
(C) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and finance charges	-	-
Net Cashflow from Financing Activities	-	-
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	11.47	(4.74)
Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the year	1.19	5.93
Cash and bank balances at the end of the year	12.66	1.19

NOTES:

- 1) The above cash flow statement has been prepared as per the "Indirect method" set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- 2) Figures in bracket indicate cash outflow.
- 3) Previous year figures have been regrouped and recast wherever necessary to confirm to current year's classification.

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year consist of cash on hand, cheques, draft on hand and balance with banks as follows:

DETAIL OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Balances with banks		
In current accounts	12.47	0.60
Cash on hand	0.19	0.58
	12.66	1.19

As per our report of even date attached
For V V KALE & CO.
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration No. 000897N

For and on behalf of the Board

VIJAY V. KALE
 Partner
 Membership Number: 080821

C. CHANDRACHUDAN
 Managing Director
 DIN : 0009312268

K. MANI
 Non-Executive Director
 DIN : 09267134

S. RAMESH
 Company Secretary
 PAN : AEMPR9361K

Mrs. T. NIRMALA
 CFO
 PAN : AMTPN4989Q

Place: New Delhi
 Date: May 17, 2025
 UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹in Lakhs)

For the year ended 31st March, 2025

Balance as at 1st April, 2024	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance as at 31st March, 2025
245.00	-	-	-	245.00

For the year ended 31st March, 2024

(₹in Lakhs)

Balance as at 1st April, 2023	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance as at 31st March, 2024
245.00	-	-	-	245.00

(B) OTHER EQUITY**(₹in Lakhs)****For the year ended 31st March, 2025**

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Total Equity
	FVTOCI Reserve	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1st April, 2024	(251.94)	35.00	(595.55)	(812.49)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	(668.97)	(668.97)
Other Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	(44.73)	-	-	(44.73)
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	(296.67)	35.00	(1,264.51)	(1,526.19)

For the year ended 31st March, 2024**(₹in Lakhs)**

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Total Equity
	FVTOCI Reserve	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	(237.04)	35.00	(276.36)	(478.40)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	(319.19)	(319.19)
Other Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-	(14.90)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	(237.04)	35.00	(595.55)	(812.49)

As per our report of even date attached
For V V KALE & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 000897N

For and on behalf of the Board

VIJAY V. KALE
Partner
Membership Number: 080821

C. CHANDRACHUDAN
Managing Director
DIN : 0009312268

K. MANI
Non-Executive Director
DIN : 09267134

S. RAMESH
Company Secretary
PAN : AEMPR9361K

Mrs.T.NIRMALA
CFO
PAN : AMTPN4989Q

Place: New Delhi
Date: May 17, 2025
UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536

NOTES ANNEXED TO AND FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES GÜNTHER LIMITED ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and is listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of Switching Products in SEZ (MEPZ).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

For the year ended 31st March 2025, the Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the companies Act 2013, read together with Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 (Ind AS). The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except certain financial assets and liabilities, if any, which have been measured at fair value, defined benefits plans and contingent consideration. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purposes of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- a. Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- b. Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- c. Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- a. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- b. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- c. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2A. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the group's accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different from those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Critical estimates and judgments

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments are:

- a) Estimation of current tax expense and payable – Refer accounting policies - 3.9
- b) Estimated useful life of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets – Refer accounting policies - 3.1
- c) Estimation of defined benefit obligation – Refer accounting policies - 3.8
- d) Estimation of fair values of contingent liabilities - Refer accounting policies - 3.12
- e) Recognition of revenue - Refer accounting policies - 3.4
- f) Recognition of deferred tax assets for carried forward tax losses – Refer accounting policies - 3.9
- g) Impairment of financial assets – Refer accounting policies - 3.2 & 3.5

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have

a financial impact on the group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at original cost (including any revalued amount) net of tax / duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation, and accumulated and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Costs include financing costs of borrowed funds attributable to acquisition or construction of fixed assets, up to the date the assets are put-to-use. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company derecognizes the replaced part, and recognizes the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly. Where components of an asset are significant in value in relation to the total value of the asset as a whole, and they have substantially different economic lives as compared to principal item of the asset, they are recognized separately as independent items and are depreciated over their estimated economic useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred unless they meet the recognition criteria for capitalization under Property, Plant and Equipment

Tangible Fixed Assets:

- (a) Depreciation is charged using straight line method on the basis of the expected useful life as specified in Schedule II to the Act. A residual value of 5% (as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act) of the cost of the assets is used for the purpose of calculating the depreciation charge. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. However, management reviews the residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment at each reporting period end and any revision to these is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.
- (b) Depreciation on leasehold improvements is being charged equally over the period of the lease.
- (c) On transition to Ind AS, the Company had elected to measure its Property, Plant and Equipment at cost as per Ind AS.

Capital Work- in- progress

Capital work-in-progress represents directly attributable costs of construction to be capitalized. All other expenses including interest incurred during construction period are capitalized as a part of the construction cost to the extent to which these expenditures are

attributable to the construction as per Ind AS-23 "Borrowing Costs". Interest income earned on temporary investment of funds brought in for the project during construction period are set off from the interest expense accounted for as expenditure during the construction period.

3.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the Company measures it on the basis of discounted cash flow projections estimated based on current prices. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognized in profit and loss section of the statement of profit and loss, except for properties previously revalued with the revaluation taken to other comprehensive Income (the 'OCI'). For such properties, the impairment is recognized in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

3.3 Foreign Currency Transactions

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical costs denominated in foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements including receivables and payables which are likely to be settled in foreseeable future, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise. All other exchange differences are recognized as income or as expenses in the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items is recognized in line with the gain or loss of the item that give rise to the translation difference (i.e. translation difference on items whose gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or the statement of profit and loss is also recognized in other comprehensive income or the statement of profit and loss respectively).

3.4 Revenue recognition

Effective 01 April 2018, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard 115 (Ind AS 115) 'Revenue from contracts with customers' using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as on the transition date i.e. 01 April 2018. Accordingly, the comparative amounts of revenue and the corresponding contract assets / liabilities have not been retrospectively adjusted. The effect on adoption of Ind-AS 115 was insignificant. Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products or services. The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, it does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue from Sale of Goods

- (i) Revenue from sales of Goods is recognised, net of returns and trade discounts, on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer, which generally coincides with the delivery of goods to customers. Sales exclude Goods & Services Tax, if any.

Other Income

- (ii) Other Income is accounted for on accrual basis.

3.5 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A. Financial Assets

a. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place [regular way trades] are recognized on the settlement date, trade date, i.e., the date that the Company settle commits to purchase or sell the asset.

b. Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

i. Debt instruments at amortized cost:

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held with an objective of collecting contractual cash flows
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are "solely payments of principal and interest" [SPPI] on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate [EIR] method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

ii. Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]:

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The asset is held with objective of both - for collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income [OCI]. However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

iii. Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]:

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

iv. Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income [FVTOCI]:

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company has made such election on an instrument by- by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c. Derecognition:

A financial asset is primarily derecognized when:

- i. The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either [a] the Company has

transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or [b] the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

- ii. the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

d. Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss [ECL] model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a. Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- b. Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash
- c. Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- d. Lease receivables under Ind AS 17
- e. Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Point c and d provided above. The application of simplified approach requires the company to recognize the impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive [i.e., all cash shortfalls], discounted at the original EIR.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance [or reversal] recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

- a. Financial assets measured as at amortized cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance which reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- b. Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

B. Financial liabilities:

a. Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

b. Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

i. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging

instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied for liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

ii. Loans and borrowings:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

iii. Financial guarantee contracts:

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

c. Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

C. Reclassification of financial assets:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognized gains, losses [including impairment gains or losses] or interest.

D. Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.6 Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- b. In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted [unadjusted] market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

3.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs comprise direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the price at which the inventories can be realised in the normal course of business after allowing for the cost of conversion from their existing state to a finished condition and for the cost of marketing, selling and distribution. Stores and spare parts are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value. Provisions are made to cover slow moving and obsolete items based on historical experience of utilisation on a product category basis, which involves individual businesses considering their product lines and market conditions.

3.8 Retirement benefits

Retirement benefit costs for the year are determined on the following basis:

- (i) All employees are covered under contributory provident fund benefit of a contribution of 12% of salary. There is no obligation other than the contribution payable to the respective fund.
- (ii) The Company also provides for retirement benefits in the form of gratuity and compensated absences/ Leave encashment in pursuance of the Company leave rules. The Company's liability towards such defined benefit plans are determined based on valuations as at the Balance Sheet date made by independent actuaries. The classification of the Company's net obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not classified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset

3.9 Taxes on Income

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Company operates. Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in P&L, OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized on the basis of reasonable certainty that the company will be having sufficient future taxable profits and based on the same the DTA has been recognized in the books.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates [and tax laws] that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

3.10 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

Borrowing costs which are not specifically attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is determined by applying a weighted average capitalization rate. The weighted average rate is taken of the borrowing costs applicable to the outstanding borrowings of the company during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing costs capitalized cannot exceed the amount of borrowing costs incurred during that period.

3.11 Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss from continuing operation and total profit, both attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

3.12 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimates can be made.

A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation, that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision/ disclosure is made. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements. Provisions and contingencies are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the correct management estimates.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Commitments include the amount of purchase order (net of advances) issued to parties for completion of assets. Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are renewed at each balance sheet date.

3.13 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent comprise cash on hand and demand deposits with banks which are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.14 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is [or contains] a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

- A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.
- Lease other than finance lease are operating lease and these leased assets are not recognized in the company's statement of financial position but are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. The Company is both a lessee and a lessor under such arrangements. Payments and receipts under such leases are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the primary period of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit.

3.15 Exceptional items

Certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Company, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes accompanying to the financial statements.

3.16 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non current.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Factory Building / Leasehold Improvements	Plant & Machinery	Electrical installation	Office Equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer	Total
Cost:								
As at 31st March, 2023	95.57	877.43	52.80	9.27	22.14	9.58	21.19	1,087.99
Additions	-	2.04	1.73	9.05	-	-	0.81	13.63
Revaluation adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March, 2024	95.57	879.47	54.53	18.32	22.14	9.58	22.00	1,101.62
Additions	-	2.31	0.11	0.75	-	-	0.59	3.76
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	95.57	881.78	54.64	19.07	22.14	9.58	22.59	1,105.37
Accumulated depreciation:								
As at 31st March, 2023	94.93	852.87	48.27	9.16	21.30	9.58	20.04	1,056.15
Depreciation charged during the year	0.15	3.59	1.42	1.51	0.38	-	0.64	7.70
Revaluation Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March, 2024	95.08	856.46	49.69	10.67	21.68	9.58	20.68	1,063.84
Depreciation charged during the year	0.09	3.31	0.97	1.93	0.13	-	0.76	7.19
Disposals / transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	95.16	859.77	50.66	12.61	21.81	9.58	21.44	1,071.04
Net book value								
As at 31st March, 2024	0.49	23.00	4.83	7.65	0.46	-	1.32	37.77
As at 31st March, 2025	0.41	22.01	3.97	6.47	0.33	-	1.15	34.34

INTANGIBLE ASSETS :

Particulars	Software	Total
Cost:		
As at 31st March, 2023	10.38	10.38
Additions	-	-
Revaluation of Assets*	-	-
Revaluation adjustment	-	-
Disposals / transfers	-	-
As at 31st March, 2024	10.38	10.38
Additions	-	-
Disposals / transfers	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	10.38	10.38
Accumulated Amortised Value		
As at 31st March, 2023	9.57	9.57
Amortization charged during the year	0.18	0.18
Revaluation Adjustment	-	-
Disposals / transfers	-	-
As at 31st March, 2024	9.75	9.75
Amortization charged during the year	0.17	0.17
Disposals / transfers	-	-
As at 31st March, 2025	9.92	9.92
Net book value		
As at 31st March, 2024	0.62	0.62
As at 31st March, 2025	0.46	0.46

Note:- Title deeds of all the immovable properties are held in the name of the company.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
5. NON - CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHERS		
Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated		
Security deposits	17.88	16.52
Gratuity Trust Account	7.93	21.01
Fixed Deposits with original maturity more than 12 months	2.50	0.00
TOTAL	28.31	37.52
6. NON - CURRENT ASSETS - OTHERS		
Advance income tax/TDS (net of provision for taxation)	0.00	0.11
Prepaid Expenses	1.23	0.00
TOTAL	1.23	0.11
7. INVENTORIES		
(valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)		
Raw materials	374.91	232.42
Stores and spares	25.55	26.29
Work in process	76.08	65.54
Finished goods	5.52	9.39
TOTAL	482.06	333.64
- As per inventory taken and valued by the Management		
8. TRADE RECEIVABLES		
Unsecured		
Considered good		
More than Six months	-	-
Others	306.72	454.38
TOTAL	306.72	454.38

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024:

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)					Total
	Upto 6 months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade receivables						
– considered good						
As at 31st March, 2025	9.36	6.21	291.15	-	-	306.72
As at 31st March, 2024	454.38	-	-	-	-	454.38
– considered doubtful						
As at 31st March, 2025						
As at 31st March, 2024						
Disputed Trade receivables						
– considered good						
As at 31st March, 2025						
As at 31st March, 2024						
– considered doubtful						
As at 31st March, 2025						
As at 31st March, 2024						
Total Trade Receivables as at 31st March, 2025	9.36	6.21	291.15	-	-	306.72
Total Trade Receivables as at 31st March, 2024	454.38	-	-	-	-	454.38

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
9. CASH AND OTHER BANK BALANCES		
i. Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	12.47	0.60
Cash in hand	0.19	0.58
	<u>12.66</u>	<u>1.19</u>
ii. Other Bank Balances		
Fixed Deposits with original maturity more than 3 months but upto 12 months	3.00	-
TOTAL	<u>3.00</u>	<u>-</u>
10. CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHERS		
Advances recoverable in cash or kind	0.57	1.39
Interest Accrued on Deposits	0.10	-
TOTAL	<u>0.67</u>	<u>1.39</u>
11. CURRENT ASSETS - OTHERS		
Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated		
Prepaid expenses	11.77	13.62
TOTAL	<u>11.77</u>	<u>13.62</u>

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
12. SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorized:		
50,000,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each	500.00	500.00
(50,000,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each as on 31st March, 2025)		
Issued, Subscribed and paid-up:		
24,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each fully paid up	245.00	245.00
(24,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each fully paid up as on 31st March, 2025)		

Notes:

- (a) **Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning at the end of the year:**

Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)			
	As at		As at	
	31st March 2025		31st March 2024	
	No. of Shares (in Lakhs)	₹(Lakhs)	No. of Shares (in Lakhs)	₹(Lakhs)
(1) Equity Shares				
Balance at the beginning of the year	24.50	245.00	24.50	245.00
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Less: Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	24.50	245.00	24.50	245.00

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**
(b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. For the year ended 31st March, 2025, the amount of per share dividend proposed as distribution to equity shareholders is Nil (31st March, 2024: ₹ Nil).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders..

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5 % shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of Shares (in Lakhs)	% Holding	No. of Shares (in Lakhs)	% Holding
Equity Shares of ₹10 each fully paid up				
Gunther America Inc.	15.00	61.22	15.00	61.22

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

(d) Details of Promoter shareholding as on 31.03.2025

Particulars	No. of shares as on 31.03.2025 (in Lakhs)	% Holding of total shares	No. of shares as on 31.03.2024 (in Lakhs)	% Holding of total shares
Promotor group entity				
Gunther America Inc.	15.00	61.22	15.00	61.22

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
13. OTHER EQUITY		
Capital Reserve		
Opening balance	35.00	35.00
Additions during the financial year		
Deductions during the financial year		
Closing balance	35.00	35.00
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	(595.55)	(276.36)
Profit / (loss) during the year	(668.97)	(319.19)
Closing balance	(1,264.51)	(595.55)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening balance	(251.94)	(237.04)
Other Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	(44.73)	(14.90)
Closing balance	(296.67)	(251.94)
Total of other equity - as at 31st March, 2025 & as at 31st March, 2024	(1,526.19)	(812.49)
14. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Zero Coupon Preference Shares	98.18	98.18
	98.18	98.18

Notes:

- a. Switching Technologies Gunther Limited (Company) had issued 98,178 (Ninety Eight Thousand One Hundred and Seventy Eight only) Zero Coupon Redeemable Preference Shares (Preference Shares) of ₹ 100/- (Rupees One Hundred only) each totalling to 98,17,800/- (Ninety Eight Lakh Seventeen Thousand and Eight Hundred only) on 14/02/2009 redeemable at par after the expiry of 5 (five) years from the date of allotment.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

- b. Reserve Bank of India (RBI) had given permission for extension of redemption of 98,178 (Ninety Eight Thousand One Hundred and Seventy Eight only) Preference Shares of ₹ 100/- (Rupees One Hundred only) each allotted to M/s.Gunther America Inc., having its registered office at 454 Allwood Road Clifton, N.J.07012 USA (Preference Shareholder) for 7 (seven) years from 14/02/2014 vide its letter No.CHE:FED:FID/7630/25.19.319/2013-14 dated 19/05/2014. The Preference Shareholder had also consented for the said extension of Preference Shares.
- c. The Company had again applied for extension of redemption of Preference Shares for a further period of 7 (seven) years vide its letter dated 23/01/2021 which was rejected by RBI but had acceded for the conversion into Equity Shares. However as on date the conversion is not completed.

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
15. NON - CURRENT PROVISIONS		
Provision for employee benefit		
Gratuity	435.76	393.00
Leave Encashment	18.62	16.46
Provision for Ex-Gratia	68.31	55.99
	522.69	465.45

16. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY

Provision for deferred Tax	-	-
	-	-

Note: In the absence of certainty regarding sufficient future taxable income, the Deferred Tax Asset on timing differences including the unabsorbed depreciation have not been recognized as per IndAS12 "Income Taxes". Moreover, the Deferred Tax Liabilities, to the extent of the value of Deferred Tax Asset which have not been recognized on account of inability to meet the recognition criteria as per the said IndAS, have also not been recognized.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
17. CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - TRADE PAYABLES		
Due to micro and small enterprises	0.61	0.63
Due to other than micro and small enterprises	865.08	616.89
	865.68	617.52

The disclosure pursuant to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act") is as under:

DISCLOSURE UNDER MSMED ACT, 2006

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
	(₹ in Lakhs)	(₹ in Lakhs)
(a) Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	0.61	0.63
(b) Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount, unpaid	-	-
(c) Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond the appointed day, during the year	-	-
(d) Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (other than Section 16)	-	-
(e) Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act (Section 16)	-	-
(f) Interest due and payable towards suppliers under MSMED Act for payments already made	-	-
(g) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each of the year to suppliers	-	-

The information has been given in respect of such vendors to the extent they could be identified as micro and small enterprises on the basis of information available with the company.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year:

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)				
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Less than 1 Year	1 - 2 Years	2 - 3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Payables – MSME					
As at 31st March, 2025	0.61	-	-	-	0.61
As at 31st March, 2024	0.63	-	-	-	0.63
Undisputed Trade payables – Others					-
As at 31st March, 2025	448.17	170.09	230.21	25.61	874.07
As at 31st March, 2024	214.99	230.53	14.02	157.36	616.89
Disputed Trade payables – MSME					-
As at 31st March, 2025					
As at 31st March, 2024	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade payables – Others					-
As at 31st March, 2025					
As at 31st March, 2024	-	-	-	-	-
Total Trade payables as at 31st March, 2025	448.78	170.09	230.21	25.61	874.68
Total Trade payables as at 31st March, 2024	215.62	230.53	14.02	157.36	617.52

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
18. CURRENT - OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Employee Dues	30.26	29.87
Advance from customers	558.53	164.24
	588.79	194.11

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
19. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Statutory liabilities	7.73	7.00
Other liabilities	1.45	2.25
	9.18	9.25
20. SHORT TERM PROVISIONS		
Provision for employee benefit		
Gratuity	65.48	54.79
Leave Encashment	3.78	3.32
Provision for Bonus	8.61	5.11
	77.87	63.22

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
21. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sale of Goods	771.93	867.89
	771.93	867.89
22. OTHER INCOME		
Exchange Fluctuation Gain (net)	-	15.52
Liability written back	-	35.47
Interest Income	0.11	0.16
Other Income	1.18	-
	1.29	51.14
23. CONSUMPTION OF MATERIALS		
Raw materials and components		
Opening Stock	232.42	357.00
Add : Purchases	696.04	704.00
	928.46	1,061.00
Closing Stock	374.91	232.42
	553.55	828.57
Stores and spare parts		
Opening Stock	26.29	23.96
Add : Purchases	10.57	9.42
	36.86	33.38
Closing Stock	25.55	26.29
	11.31	7.08
	564.86	835.66

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended 31st March 2025	Year Ended 31st March 2024	
24. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES AND FINISHED GOODS AND STOCK-IN-PROCESS			
Opening Inventories			
Work in process	65.54	55.37	
Finished goods	9.39	8.31	63.68
Closing Inventories			
Work in process	76.08	65.54	
Finished goods	5.52	9.39	74.93
TOTAL	(6.67)	(11.25)	

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages	439.49	435.35
Contribution to provident and other funds	42.11	40.26
Leave Encashment	12.20	9.39
Gratuity	48.65	46.65
Staff welfare expense	50.65	52.33
	593.11	583.98

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
26. OTHER EXPENSES		
OPERATING, ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL EXPENSES		
Power and Fuel	73.52	74.36
Job Work Charges	0.00	9.90
Repairs and Maintenance	26.83	100.90
Freight charges	43.22	46.93
Clearing & Forwarding	2.99	3.65
Professional Fees	40.28	46.35
Rent	18.19	19.03
Insurance	1.55	1.71
Rates and taxes	13.28	9.42
Travelling and conveyance	1.84	1.64
Postage and telephones	1.56	1.73
Printing and stationery	1.72	1.90
Exchange Fluctuation Loss (net)	10.04	0.00
Bank charges	0.61	2.00
Security Charges	33.51	32.10
Sitting Fees	2.20	2.40
Miscellaneous expenses	4.91	4.31
Other expenses	7.28	25.17
	283.53	383.50

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
26.1 PAYMENT TO AUDITORS		
Statutory Audit and Tax Audit Fees	1.20	1.20
Internal Audit	0.36	0.36
Professional Charges	0.60	0.36
Out of Pocket Expenses	0.57	0.65
	2.73	2.57
27. EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE		
Profit/(loss) available for equity shareholders (in Lakhs)	(668.97)	(319.19)
Weighted average numbers of equity shares outstanding (in Lakhs)	24.50	24.50
Nominal value per equity share (in Rupees per share)	10	10
Earnings /(loss) Per Equity Share- Basic and Diluted (in Rupees per share)	(27.30)	(13.03)
28. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
Write back off payables	-	561.54
	-	561.54

Note: Exceptional items during FY 2023-24 represents write back of credit balances in respect of purchase of raw materials, consumables etc payable to Group Companies amounting to INR 561.54 Lakhs. The write back was approved by the Board in its meeting dated May 29, 2023. Further, the Management confirms that no interest / penal charge is being made by the Group Company on account of such write back.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS		
(a) Outstanding demands of TDS as per TRACES Portal	0.13	0.15
(b) Outstanding income tax demand for AY 2012-13	10.66	10.66
(c) Outstanding income tax demand interest for AY 2012-13	17.21	17.21
(d) Outstanding income tax demand for AY 2014-15	0.29	0.29
(e) Outstanding income tax demand interest for AY 2014-15	0.22	0.22

Notes:

1. It is not practicable to estimate the timing of cash outflows, if any, in respect of matters stated above, pending resolution of the proceedings.

COMMITMENTS

There are no outstanding commitments as at March 31, 2025 (Previous Year: Nil)

30. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates only in one reportable segment, i.e. manufacturing of switching devices. Hence, no separate segment reporting is applicable.

**31. DISCLOSURES AS REQUIRED BY INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD (IND AS) 19
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The Company has classified the various benefits provided to employees as under:-

(a) Defined contribution plans

- Provident fund & Employee State Insurance

The Company has recognized the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss:

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Employers' contribution to provident fund & Employee State Insurance:- Current Year ₹ 42.10 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 40.26 Lakhs)

(b) Defined benefit plans

- Gratuity
- Compensated absences - Earned leave

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 19, actuarial valuation was done in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans based on the following assumptions-

Economic Assumptions

The discount rate and salary increases assumed are the key financial assumptions and should be considered together; it is the difference or 'gap' between these rates which is more important than the individual rates in isolation.

Discount Rate

The discounting rate is based on the gross redemption yield on medium to long term risk free investments. The estimated term of the benefits/obligations works out to zero years. For the current valuation a discount rate of 6.47% p.a compound has been used.

Salary Escalation Rate

The salary escalation rate usually consists of at least three components, viz. regular increments, price inflation and promotional increases. In addition to this any commitments by the management regarding future salary increases and the Company's philosophy towards employee remuneration are also to be taken into account. Again a long-term view as to trend in salary increase rates has to be taken rather than be guided by the escalation rates experienced in the immediate past, if they have been influenced by unusual factors.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

The assumptions used are summarized in the following table:

Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		Compensated Absences Earned Leave (Unfunded)	
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31-03-2025	31-03-2024	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Discount rate(per annum)	6.47%	7.09%	6.47%	7.09%
Future salary increase (per annum)	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Expected rate of return on plan assets (per annum)	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rate of exit due to reasons other than death or retirement (per annum)	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality Rates	IAL (2012-14) Ult.	IAL (2012-14) Ult.	IAL (2012-14) Ult.	IALM (2012-14) Ult.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		Compensated Absences Earned Leave (Unfunded)	
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31-03-2025	31-03-2024	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Change in present value of the defined benefit obligation during the year				
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the year	447.79	409.00	19.79	18.52
Adjustments				
Interest Cost	31.75	29.78	1.40	1.33
Current Service Cost	18.39	16.87	1.01	0.92
Benefits Paid	(40.68)	(24.69)	(1.57)	(1.30)
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligation	43.99	16.83	1.77	0.51
Other Adjustments				(0.20)
Amount deposited in Gratuity Fund		-		
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	501.25	447.79	22.40	19.79
Change in fair value of plan assets during the year				
Fair Value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	21.01	NA	-	-
Interest Income	1.49	NA	-	-
Contributions by the employer	26.85	NA	-	-
Benefits paid	(40.68)	(24.69)	-	-
Other Adjustments	0	43.77	-	-
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss	0.74	(1.93)	-	-
Return on plan assets		NA	-	-
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year	7.93	21.01	-	-

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		Compensated Absences Earned Leave (Unfunded)	
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31-03-2025	31-03-2024	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Net Asset/ (Liability) recorded in the Balance Sheet				
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	501.25	447.79	22.40	19.79
Net Asset/ (Liability)-Current	65.48	54.79	3.78	3.32
Net Asset/ (Liability)-Non-Current	435.76	393.00	18.62	16.46
Expenses recorded in the Statement of Profit & Loss during the year				
Interest Cost	30.26	29.78	1.40	1.33
Current & Past Service Cost	18.39	16.87	1.01	0.92
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss	-	-	1.77	0.51
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Plan Assets	-	-	-	-
Other Adjustments	-	-		(0.20)
Total expenses included in employee benefit expenses	48.65	46.65	4.19	2.57
Total Cost included in Statement of Profit & Loss and Other Comprehensive Income				
Amount recognized in P&L, end of period	48.65	46.65	4.19	2.57
Amount recognized in OCI, end of period	44.73	14.90	-	-
Total Net Defined Benefit Cost/(Income), end of period	93.39	61.55	4.19	2.57
Expected Contribution to the defined benefit plan is as below:				
			2024-25	2023-24
			(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Expected contribution to the defined benefit plan for the next reporting period (Gratuity)			66.00	55.30
"Expected contribution to the defined benefit plan for the next reporting period (Compensated Absences Earned Leave)			NA	NA

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**
32. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013, the threshold limit for applicability of Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") to any company is (a) net worth of the company is ₹ 500 crores or more; or (b) turnover of the company is ₹ 1000 crores or more; or (c) net profit of the company is ₹ 5 crores or more.

The Company has earned loss in year ending March 31, 2025 and hence, there is no requirement to make any CSR contribution in FY 2024-25.

Particulars	(₹in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
33. EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY		
(I) Expenditure in Foreign Currency (on Accrual Basis)		
Raw Materials & Components	587.57	573.35
Repairs and Maintenance	0.58	83.48
Spares	1.22	4.62
(II) Earning in Foreign Currency (on Accrual Basis)		
FOB Value of Exports	771.93	867.89

34. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The amount of foreign currency exposures that are not hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise as at 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024 are as under:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2025		As at 31st March, 2024	
	Foreign Currency (in Lakhs)	(₹in Lakhs)	Foreign Currency (in Lakhs)	(₹in Lakhs)
Receivables				
Export Receivables				
(in USD)				
(in Euro)	-	-	1.60	133.12
(in GBP)	-	-	-	-
Payables	2.77	306.72	2.77	291.15
Trade payables				
(in USD)				
(in Euro)	10.24	876.39	2.17	181.08
(in GBP)	4.40	405.79	1.72	161.33
	0.66	72.68	0.66	69.11

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

35. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES AS PER INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD-24

(a) Related Parties

- Holding Company Gunther America Inc.
- Fellow Subsidiaries with common Parent Comus International, USA
Comus International, BVBA
Comus Europe Limited
Comus Tech BVBA
Comus Electronics & Technologies India Private Limited
- Key Management Personnel Mr C. Chandrachudan
Managing Director

Mr K Mani
Non-Executive Director

Mr. S Ramesh
Company Secretary

Ms T Nirmala
Chief Financial Officer

Ms. Gayathri M N
(Ceased to be a Independent Director)
(w.e.f. September 20, 2024)

Mr. Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam
(Ceased to be a Independent Director)
(w.e.f. September 20, 2024)

Mrs. Saimathy Soupramanien
Independent Director
(w.e.f. September 30, 2024)

Mr. Sharanabasaveshar G Hiremath
Independent Director
(w.e.f. September 30, 2024)

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)					
	Fellow Subsidiaries with common Parent		Key Management Personnel		Total	
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24
(b) Transactions with related parties:						
Sale of Goods	771.93	867.97	-	-	771.93	867.97
Purchase of raw materials	586.74	255.28	-	-	586.74	255.28
Purchase of capital goods	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	28.72	25.19	28.72	25.19
Payments Made / Expenses incurred on behalf of Company by Related Party	76.73	84.56	-	-	76.73	84.56
Director's Sitting fees			2.20	2.40	2.20	2.40
Total	1,435.41	1,207.80	30.92	27.59	1,466.33	1,235.39

Balance Outstanding	Payable		Receivable	
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31-03-2025	31-03-2024	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
Fellow Subsidiaries with common Parent	1,354.86	733.42	306.72	588.14
Key Management Personnel	1.29	1.92	-	-
Total	1,356.15	735.34	306.72	588.14

Note:

- (i) The above related party transactions have been reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors of the Company vis-à-vis the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and justification of the rates being charged/ terms thereof and approved the same.
- (ii) The above transactions excludes changes due to exchange rate fluctuation.
- (iii) These include Provident Fund paid / payable by the employer.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

(c) Disclosure in respect of related party-wise transactions during the financial year

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Sale of Goods		
Comus International USA	631.58	693.23
Comus International BVBA	-	-
Comus Europe Limited	140.35	174.74
Purchase of Raw Materials		
Comus International USA	553.01	255.28
Comus International BVBA	33.74	-
Comus Europe Limited	-	-
Comus Electronics & Technologies India Private Limited	-	-
Purchase of Capital Goods		
Comus Electronics & Technologies India Private Limited	-	-
Managerial Remuneration		
Mr. K. Manoharan	6.71	6.43
Mr. S. Ramesh	9.05	7.18
Mr. C. Chandrachudan	7.67	6.64
Mrs. T. Nirmala	5.30	4.94
Payments Made / Expenses incurred on behalf of Company by Related Party		
Comus International USA	76.73	84.56
Director's Sitting fees		
Ms. Gayathri M N	0.60	1.20
Mr. Kanthimathinathan Chocalingam	0.60	1.20
Dr Sharanbasaveshwar G Hiremath	0.50	-
Mrs. Saimathy	0.50	-

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

(d) Balance Outstanding

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Payable		Receivable	
	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Comus International USA	1,239.68	509.93	-	133.12
Comus International BVBA	6.00	5.87	-	-
Comus Europe Limited	72.68	69.11	306.72	302.26
Comus Technology BVBA	36.49	2.75	-	-
Comus Electronics & Technologies India Private Limited	-	145.76	-	152.75
Mr. S. Ramesh	0.37	0.61	-	-
Mr. C. Chandrachudan	0.54	0.50	-	-
Mr. K. Manoharan	-	0.47	-	-
Mrs. T. Nirmala	0.37	0.34	-	-

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - ACCOUNTING CLASSIFICATIONS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair values of cash and short term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on the evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

The company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments by valuation technique:

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

Level 1 : Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effects on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Techniques which use inputs that have a significant effects on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

I. Figures as at March 31, 2025

Financial Instrument	Carrying Amount				Fair value				
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Total Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non Current Assets									
Financial Assets									
(i) Others	-	-	-	28.31	28.31	-	-	-	-
Current Assets									
Financial Assets									
(i) Trade Receivables	-	-	-	306.72	306.72	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	15.66	15.66	-	-	-	-
(iii) Others	-	-	-	0.67	0.67	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	351.36	351.36	-	-	-	-
Non Current Liabilities									
Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	98.18	98.18	-	-	-	-
Current Liabilities									
Financial Liabilities									
(i) Trade Payables	-	-	-	865.08	865.08	-	-	-	-
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	588.79	588.79	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	1,552.04	1,552.04	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

II. Figures as at March 31, 2024

Financial Instrument	Carrying Amount				Fair value				
	FVTPL	FVOCI	Total Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Non Current Assets									
Financial Assets									
(i) Others	-	-	-	37.52	37.52	-	-	-	-
Current Assets									
Financial Assets									
(i) Trade Receivables	-	-	-	454.38	454.38	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	1.19	1.19	-	-	-	-
(iii) Others	-	-	-	1.39	1.39	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	494.48	494.48	-	-	-	-
Non Current Liabilities									
Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	98.18	98.18	-	-	-	-
Current Liabilities									
Financial Liabilities									
(i) Trade Payables	-	-	-	616.89	616.89	-	-	-	-
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	194.11	194.11	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	909.18	909.18	-	-	-	-

Note: During the reporting period ending March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

37. MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

There are following factors which create material uncertainty related to going concern of the company:

i) Continuous losses & Negative Net Worth

The company's accumulated losses as at March 31, 2025 aggregate to ₹ 1526.19 Lakhs resulting in complete erosion of its net worth. Further, as of that date, Company's current liabilities exceed its current assets by ₹ 724.65 Lakhs. These factors casts a significant material uncertainty related to Going Concern. The Company's financial statement has been prepared on going concern basis.

ii) Adverse key financial ratios.

Refer Note 39 - Some key financial ratios of the company are adverse which reflect on the financial health of the company.

38. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The company's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Board.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loan borrowings.

The Company manages market risk through a treasury department, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury department recommends risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by Senior Management and the Audit Committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the company's position with regards to the interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

The company is not exposed to any interest rate risk as at the specified reporting date.

Foreign currency risk

The Company operates locally, however, the nature of its operations requires it to transact in several currencies and consequently the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in various foreign currencies.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and the Company follows established risk management policies.

I. Foreign Currency Exposure

Refer Note 34 for foreign currency exposure as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 respectively.

II. Foreign Currency Sensitivity

1% increase or decrease in foreign exchange rates will have the following impact on the profit before tax.

Currency	2024-25		2023-24	
	1% Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease
USD	(8.76)	8.76	(0.48)	0.48
Euro	(4.06)	4.06	(1.61)	1.61
GBP	2.34	(2.34)	2.22	(2.22)
Total	(10.48)	10.48	0.13	(0.13)

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025****Credit risk**

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limits are set accordingly.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset at the reporting date with the risk of default as the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- (i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business,
- (ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty.
- (iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligation,
- (iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty.
- (v) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third-party guarantees or credit enhancements.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. The Company categorizes a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 2 years past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

I. Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL)

Particulars	(₹In lakhs)	
	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Non-current financial assets - Others	28.31	37.52
Current financial assets - Others	0.67	1.39
Total (A)	28.98	38.91

II. Financial assets for which loss allowance is measured using 12 months Life Time Expected Credit Losses (ECL)

Particulars	(₹In lakhs)	
	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Trade Receivables	306.72	454.38
Total (B)	306.72	454.38
Grand Total (A+B)	335.70	493.29

Balances with banks are subject to low credit risks due to good credit ratings assigned to these banks.

III. The ageing analysis of these receivables (gross of provision) has been considered from the date the invoice falls due

Particulars	(₹In lakhs)	
	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Up to 3 months	9.36	27.85
3 to 6 months	-	426.53
More than 6 months	297.36	-
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	-	-
Total	306.72	454.38

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

IV. Provision for expected credit losses again "II" and "III" above

The company has assets where the counter- parties have sufficient capacity to meet the obligations and where the risk of default is very low. Hence based on historic default rates, the Company believes that, no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of above mentioned financial assets.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. The company's treasury department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the company's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

I. As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	As at 31-03-2025			Total
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Above 5 Years	
Non-current financial liabilities - Others	-	98.18	-	98.18
Current financial liabilities - Trade Payables	865.68	-	-	865.68
Current financial liabilities - Others	588.79	-	-	588.79
Total	1,454.48	98.18	-	1,552.65

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

II. As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	As at 31-03-2024			Total
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Above 5 Years	
Non-current financial liabilities - Others	-	98.18	-	98.18
Current financial liabilities - Trade Payables	617.52	-	-	617.52
Current financial liabilities - Others	194.11	-	-	194.11
Total	811.63	98.18	-	909.81

Capital management

For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves. The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximize shareholder value. The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirement of the financial covenants.

The company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by total capital plus debt.

Particulars	(₹In lakhs)	
	As at 31-03-2025	As at 31-03-2024
Total Debt*	98.18	98.18
Equity	(1,281.19)	(567.49)
Capital and net debt	(1,183.01)	(469.31)
Gearing ratio	-8.30%	-20.92%

* Zero Coupon Preference Shares have been considered for the same.

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

39. ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

(i) Ratios

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024	Variance	Remarks
Current Ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	0.53	0.91	41.74%	Trade payable has been increased & Trade receivables has also been decreased as compared to last year
Debt – Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	-	-	NA	Not applicable (Zero Coupon Preference Shares are not taken considering the uncertainty connected to its redemption / repayment as detailed in Note 14)
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service	Debt Service	-	-	NA	Not applicable (Zero Coupon Preference Shares are not taken considering the uncertainty connected to its redemption / repayment as detailed in Note 14)
Return on Equity (ROE)	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholder's Equity	(2.73)	(1.30)	-109.58%	On account of consistent losses and Negative Networth situation, only capital portion considered for the purpose of arriving at shareholder's equity. Ratio has changed due to exceptional items and does not depict any improvement in financial performance.
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Sales	Average Inventory	0.47	0.56	15.14%	Due to increased average inventory & decreased sales
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Revenue	Average Trade Receivable	2.03	1.81	-11.77%	Due to decreased average Trade receivable & sales
Trade payables turnover ratio	Purchases of services and other expenses	Average Trade Payables	1.14	1.90	40.08%	Due to increased trade payables
Net capital turnover ratio	Revenue	Working Capital	-1.07	-10.86	90.19%	Due to Exceptional Items
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Revenue	(0.92)	(0.38)	-140.18%	Due to higher losses during the year
Return on capital employed (ROCE)	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed (Capital plus Non-Current Liabilities)	1.01	82.78	98.78%	Due to higher losses during the year
Return on Investment(ROI)	"Income generated from investments"	"Time weighted average investments"	-	-		There are no investments made by the Company

**NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025**

ii. Other Regulatory Information

(i) The Company does not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

- (ii) The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- (iii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vii) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

40. PREVIOUS YEAR FIGURES

Figures of the earlier year have been regrouped or reclassified to confirm to Ind AS presentation requirements.

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statement.

As per our report of even date attached

For V V KALE & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 000897N

For and on behalf of the Board

VIJAY V. KALE

Partner

Membership Number: 080821

C. CHANDRACHUDAN

Managing Director

DIN : 0009312268

K. MANI

Non-Executive Director

DIN : 09267134

S. RAMESH

Company Secretary

PAN : AEMPR9361K

Mrs.T.NIRMALA

CFO

PAN : AMTPN4989Q

Place: New Delhi

Date: May 17, 2025

UDIN: 25080821BMGZTA8536