TIMKEN

Investor Presentation

NOVEMBER 2019



Delivering Next-Level Performance

Forward-Looking Statements Safe Harbor and Non-GAAP **Financial Information**

Certain statements in this presentation (including statements regarding the company's forecasts, beliefs, estimates and expectations) that are not historical in nature are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In particular, the statements related to Timken's plans, outlook, future financial performance, targets, projected sales, cash flows, liquidity and expectations regarding the future financial performance of the company are forward-looking.

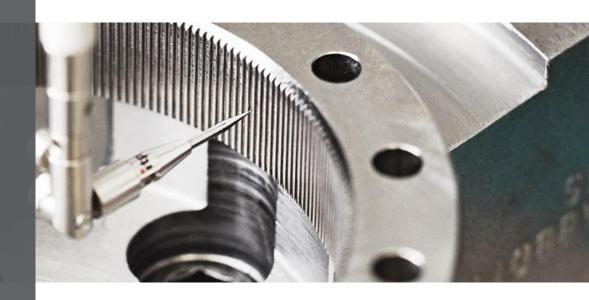
The Company cautions that actual results may differ materially from those projected or implied in forward-looking statements due to a variety of important factors, including: the company's ability to respond to changes in its end markets that could affect demand for the company's products; unanticipated changes in business relationships with customers or their purchases from the company; changes in the financial health of the company's customers, which may have an impact on the company's revenues, earnings and impairment charges; fluctuations in material and energy costs; the impact of changes to the company's accounting methods; recent world events that have increased the risk posed by international trade disputes, tariffs and sanctions; weakness in global or regional economic conditions and capital markets; the company's ability to satisfy its obligations under its debt agreements and renew or refinance borrowings on favorable terms; fluctuations in currency valuations; changes in the expected costs associated with product warranty claims; the ability to achieve satisfactory operating results in the integration of acquired companies, including realizing any accretion within expected timeframes or at all; the impact on operations of general economic conditions; fluctuations in customer demand; the impact on the company's pension obligations and assets due to changes in interest rates, investment performance and other tactics designed to reduce risk; and the company's ability to complete and achieve the benefits of announced plans, programs, initiatives, acquisitions and capital investments. Additional factors are discussed in the company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended Dec. 31, 2018, quarterly reports on Form 10-O and current reports on Form 8-K. Except as required by the federal securities laws, the company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures as defined by the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Reconciliation of those measures to the most directly comparable GAAP equivalents are provided in the Appendix to this presentation.



TIMKEN

Company Overview



Why Invest in Timken?

- Leading market, brand and technical position
- Focused, talented and committed management team
- Strong track record of results; exceeding targets
- Sound strategy to:
 - Grow and improve market position
 - Deliver higher levels of financial performance
- Timken is a compelling investment

LTM SEPTEMBER 2019 KEY METRICS

SALES

\$3.8 billion

EBIT MARGIN

EPS

13.6%

\$4.00

ADJUSTED EBIT MARGIN

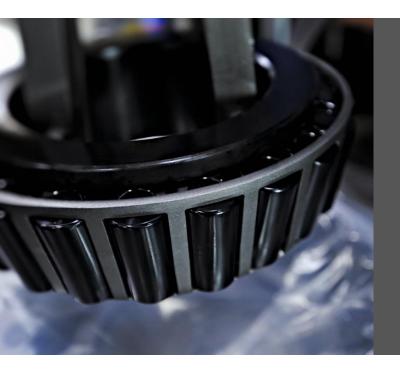
ADJUSTED EPS

15.3%

\$4.75

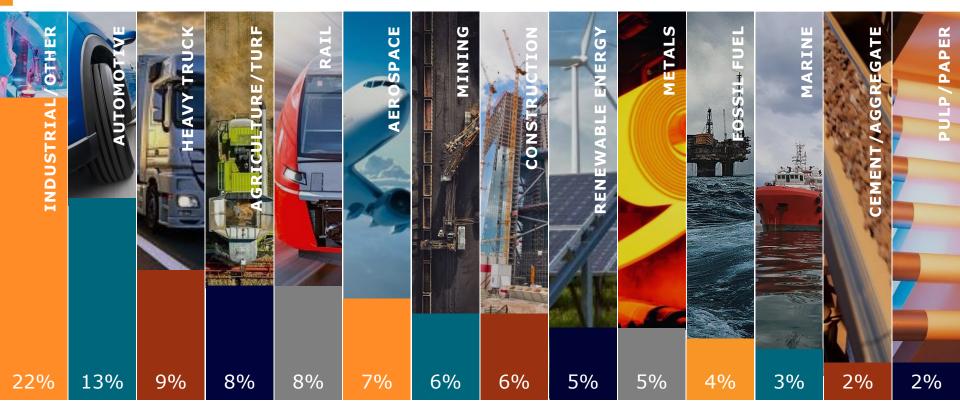


We Deliver Premium Bearings and Power Transmission Products and Services for the World's Equipment and Vehicles



- Timken engineered bearings feature a broad range of sizes, rolling elements and proprietary designs that are vital to a wide array of customer applications
- Timken power transmission products range from belts and chain to sealing technologies, improving the reliability of industrial equipment and machinery
- Timken industrial services provide bearing and power system rebuild services that can return components or entire systems to like-new specifications

Our Sales Are Diversified Across Several End-Market Sectors



Percentage of Actual Sales for 2018



Portfolio and Channel Position Reflects Progress in Diversifying Product and Services Offerings



Percentage of Actual Sales for 2018



We Have Strong Global Capabilities

countries

95 sales offices

>18K associates







Percentage of Actual Sales for 2018



Mobile Industries Segment: A Balanced and Attractive Mix Across Mobile End-Market Sectors

LTM SEPTEMBER 2019 KEY METRICS

SALES

\$1.9 billion

EBIT MARGIN

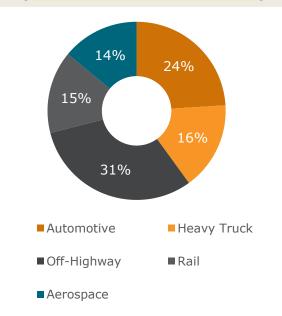
11.3%

ADJUSTED EBIT MARGIN

11.8%

MARKET SECTOR MIX (LTM SEPTEMBER 2019 SALES)

MOBILE INDUSTRIES



PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

Engineered bearings, power transmission products and related services





Process Industries Segment: Industry-Leading Portfolio Serving OEMs and Aftermarket

PROCESS INDUSTRIES

LTM SEPTEMBER 2019 **KEY METRICS**

SALES

\$1.9 billion

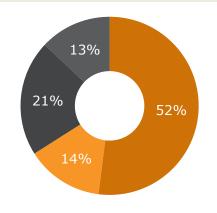
EBIT MARGIN

20.3%

ADJUSTED EBIT MARGIN

21.3%

MARKET SECTOR MIX (LTM SEPTEMBER 2019 SALES)



- Distribution
- Gears & Services
- Heavy/General Industrial
- Wind/Solar

PRODUCT PORTFOLIO

Engineered bearings, power transmission products and related services





Proven Strategy to Drive Next-Level Performance



OUTGROW OUR MARKETS

- Be the technical leader in solving customers' friction and power transmission challenges
- Expand both our product portfolio and geographic presence
- Deliver best-in-class customer service experience using a differentiated technical sales model



OPERATE WITH EXCELLENCE

- Drive enterprise-wide Lean and continuous improvement efforts
- Build a more cost-effective global manufacturing footprint
- Deliver efficiencies across our supply chains
- Optimize processes and SG&A efficiency



DEPLOY CAPITAL TO DRIVE SHAREHOLDER VALUE

- Invest in organic growth and productivity initiatives
- Pay an attractive dividend that grows over time with earnings
- Broaden portfolio and reach through value-accretive M&A
- Return capital through share repurchases





Our Actions Are Driven by the Timken Business Model

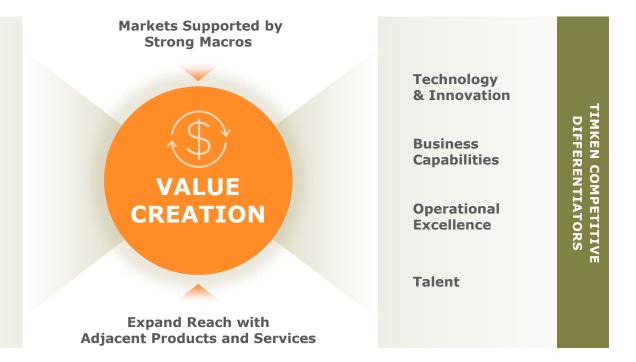
ATTRACTIVE OPPORTUNITIES DISCIPLINED FOR

Challenging **Applications**

Aftermarket & Rebuild

Fragmentation

High Service Requirements





Growth-Creating Megatrends Will Fuel Opportunities Going Forward











Timken's Strategy to Drive Outgrowth

Timken's strategy is to be the supplier of choice for solving our customers' friction management and power transmission challenges. We will do this by:

- Strengthening our global leadership in tapered roller bearings, and enhancing our offering of other highly-engineered bearings
- Delivering a diverse portfolio of power transmission products that complement our bearing offering and enhance the value we provide to customers and end users across the globe
- Delivering a best-in-class customer service experience utilizing a differentiated technical sales and service model





Delivering Outgrowth and Enhancing Market Sector Exposure





Operational Excellence is a Core Competency

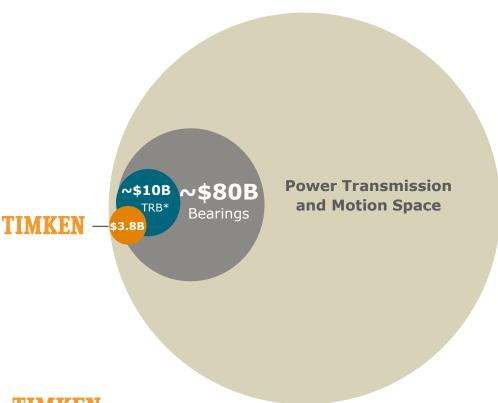


- Regional manufacturing hubs in Americas, Asia and Europe
- Expand capacity in low-cost geographies to support growth
- Improve efficiency in high-cost locations
- Drive Lean principles across the organization
- Continually look to streamline and leverage SG&A costs
- Part of our culture

TRANSFORMING OUR BEARING FOOTPRINT(1) 2018 2007 29% 42% 26% 64% 29% Americas ■ EMEA Asia-Pacific



Focus on Broader Power Transmission and Motion Space Opens Up Significant Opportunity for Value Creation



Timken M&A Strategy:

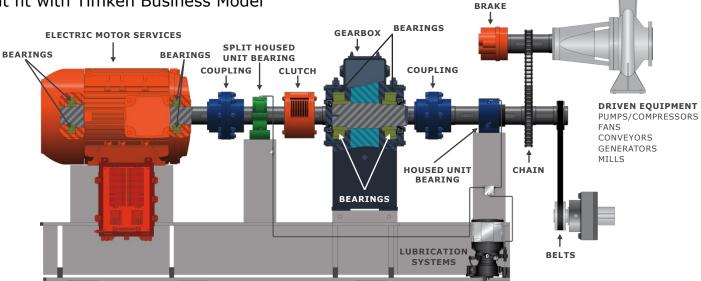
- Consolidate attractive targets within the global bearing space
 - Focus on "bolt-ons" to enhance industryleading product offering or extend reach
- Expand into attractive adjacencies that fit the Timken Business Model
 - Focus on high-quality businesses across the industrial power transmission and motion space
 - Look to enhance our organic growth and profitability over the long term



ower Transmission Products and Services - Strong Adjacency to Bearings

- Target products are critical components in the industrial drivetrain
 - Close proximity to bearing positions
 - Require same engineering expertise friction, motion and materials
 - Often served through same aftermarket channels

Excellent fit with Timken Business Model





Building Our Power Transmission Platforms with **Bearings at the Core**



COUPLINGS, **CLUTCHES & BRAKES** ORSION ONTROL PRODUCTS

Strengthening Our Position in Attractive Markets Around the World

Introduction to BEKA Lubrication



- Founded in 1927; headquartered in Pegnitz, Germany
- A leading global supplier and premier brand in the attractive automatic lubrication systems market sector
- Manufacturing and R&D based in Germany with global sales offices
- Strong technical heritage and team with rich history and culture of innovating performance leading products for challenging applications
- Established position in Process Industries, including Wind Energy; complements our existing Lubrication Systems business (Groeneveld and Interlube) very well
- Leading presence in Germany; expands our position in China
- Will be led by Timken's lubrication management with dedicated team established to lead integration; strong cost and revenue synergy opportunities
- Results to be included in both Mobile Industries and Process Industries (70/30 approximate split)







BEKA Serves Diverse End Market Sectors



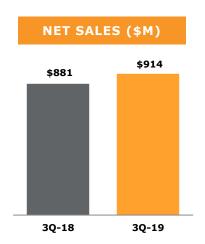


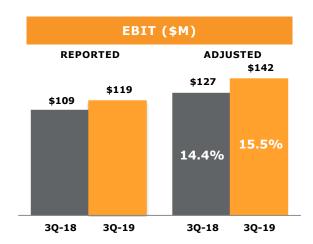
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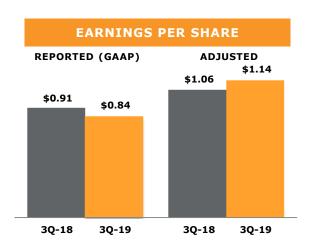
Financial Review and Capital Allocation



3Q 2019 Financial Overview







- Sales of \$914 million, up 3.7% from 3Q-18
 - Primarily driven by the benefit of acquisitions, partially offset by lower organic revenue mainly in the Mobile Industries segment and unfavorable foreign currency translation
- Adjusted EBIT margin at 15.5%, up 110 bps from 3Q-18
- Record third quarter adjusted EPS of \$1.14 per diluted share, up 8% from 3Q-18



Cash Flow, Leverage & Capital Allocation

(\$M)								
	3Q-18	3Q-19		YTD-18	YTD-19	9		
Net Cash from Operations	\$137.2	\$144.9		\$195.0	\$354.8	••••		
Capital Expenditures	(23.2)	(43.7)		(62.8)	(82.9)		
Free Cash Flow (FCF)	\$114.0	\$101.2		\$132.2	\$271.9			
Year-to-date FCF improved \$140 million year-on- year; reflects higher earnings and improved working								

capital performance

<u>Capital Structure:</u>	12/31/18	9/30/19
Cash	\$133.1	\$181.9
Debt	1,681.6	1,650.1
Net Debt	1,548.5	1,468.2
Equity	1,642.7	1,817.5
Net Capital	\$3,191.2	\$3,285.7
Leverage:		
Net Debt/Capital	48.5%	44.7%
Net Debt/Adjusted EBITDA TTM	2.4x	2.0x

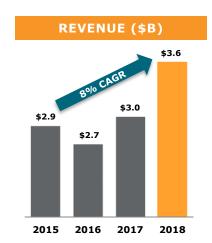


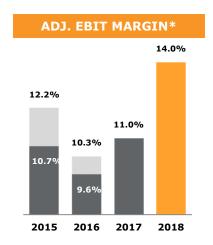
30-19 Update:

- CapEx of \$44M in the quarter (4.8% of sales)
- Paid 389th quarterly dividend in Sept. (\$0.28/share; \$21M total)
- Closed acquisition of BEKA Lubrication in November; continued integration on recent acquisitions
- Repurchased ~750K shares (\$33M) in 3Q-19

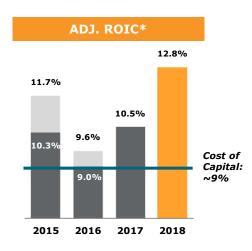


Delivering Next Level Financial Performance









- Revenue growth in 2017-2018 driven by organic growth initiatives and acquisitions
 - Strong market fundamentals; outgrowth initiatives clearly working
- Building track record for margin expansion and increased ROIC
 - Evidence of our focus on operational excellence
- Well-positioned to drive growth and margin expansion in 2019 and beyond
 - Strategy focused on driving growth over the long term



Exceeding Targets...With Room to Go

(Targets from May 2017 Investor Day)



STRATEGY TO DRIVE MEANINGFUL IMPROVEMENT IN FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE GROWTH

- Organic: Market growth plus 100 bps "outgrowth"
- Inorganic: 200+ bps growth from acquisitions

OPERATING MARGINS

- 11-13% adj. EBIT margin
 - Mobile Ind.: 10-12%
 - Process Ind.: 16-19%

FCF AND ROIC

- FCF conversion >100%
- ROIC average 12+%

CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT

- Deploy cash and balance sheet with capital allocation framework
- Net debt to capital: 30-45%
- Drive above-market top-line growth and meaningful margin expansion
 - Target top-end of EBIT margin range (13%)
- Generate strong cash flow and ROIC
- Continue to deploy balance sheet to create value



Disciplined Capital Allocation Strategy Enhances Shareholder Value

INVEST IN CORE BUSINESS

Organic Growth, Margin Improvement, R&D CapEx Target: < 4% of Sales

DIVIDEND

Pay Attractive Dividend Target: 20-35% Payout Ratio Over Cycle

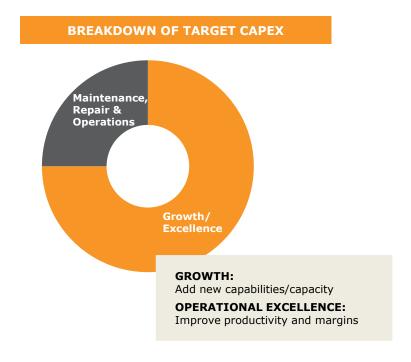
INORGANIC GROWTH	SHARE REPURCHASE
Target Accretive Transactions to Drive Portfolio Expansion	Return Capital to Shareholders Through Stock Buybacks

LEVERAGE TARGET: 1.5X - 2.5X NET DEBT TO EBITDA



Investing in Core Business Remains Top Priority for Growth

- Investing in core business remains top priority for capital allocation
 - Generally produces the highest risk-adjusted returns
- Includes investments in CapEx, R&D, etc.
- CapEx targeted at 4% or less of sales annually over the cycle
 - Includes normal maintenance (\sim 1% of sales)
 - Bulk of spend (~3% of sales) allocated to organic growth and productivity/margin improvement initiatives
 - New capacity/capabilities in lower-cost countries
 - Investments in productivity/automation in higher-cost countries

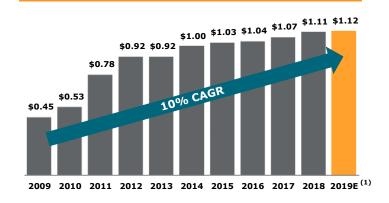




Rich History of Attractive and Growing Dividend

- Goal: Pay an attractive dividend that grows over time with earnings
 - Target 20-35% payout (adj. EPS) over the cycle
- In 2018:
 - Increased quarterly dividend 4% to 28 cents per share in May 2018
 - Reflects the company's financial strength and our confidence in our strategy and future growth prospects
- 2019: expected to be 6th consecutive year of annual dividend increases(1)
 - Paid 389th consecutive quarterly dividend in September 2019
 - One of the longest active streaks on NYSE
- Commitment to dividend will continue

ANNUAL DIVIDEND PAYOUT



DIVIDEND YIELD (AS OF: 10/31/19)

The Timken Company	2.3%
Peer Median ⁽²⁾	1.3%
S&P 500	1.9%
S&P Mid-Cap 400 Industrials	1.1%



Returning Capital Through Share Repurchases

- Share repurchase an important component of capital allocation strategy
- Since June 30, 2014:
 - Repurchased 18.8M shares for \$728M (avg. ~\$39/share)
 - Basic shares outstanding reduced by ~17% since June 30, 2014
- Current share repurchase authorization:
 - 10 million shares authorized for repurchase through February 2021
 - ~5.5 million shares remaining as of 9/30/19





M&A: What We Look To Achieve

Existing **Portfolio**



Industrial Bearings



Adjacent Products



Stronger. Together.

DELIVER FINANCIAL VALUE

Discipline & Returns

Maintain financial discipline & deliver returns

- ROIC earn the cost of capital by Year 3
- FPS accretive in Year 1
- Improve mix margins & growth

STRENGTHEN THE COMPANY'S STRATEGIC POSITION

Customer Reach

Customers, channels, markets & geography

Cost

Scale, operational excellence & business capabilities

Mix

Growth, technology, margins, diversity & cyclicality

Talent

Leverage existing & add new



Timken Is Positioned to Deliver Next-Level Performance

We will:

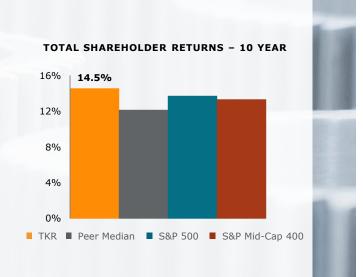
- **Win with customers –** innovate, differentiate, deliver value
- **Outgrow improving end markets** through the differentiators of the Timken Business Model
- Invest in the business to drive competitive advantage
- **Generate strong cash flow and create value through capital allocation –** core business, dividend, M&A and buyback
- **Deliver next-level financial performance –** revenue, margins, EPS and ROIC





Why Invest in Timken?

- Leading market, brand and technical position
- Focused, talented and committed management team
- Strong track record of results; exceeding targets
- Sound strategy to:
 - Grow and improve market position
 - Deliver higher levels of financial performance
- Timken is a compelling investment





TIMKEN

Appendix: Additional Slides



Tariffs and Estimated Impact on Timken

- Timken serves the U.S. market primarily with its U.S. footprint and serves the China market primarily with its China footprint
- Total 2018 impact from tariffs was ~\$8M of additional expense in total
- Estimated 2019 impact is ~\$15M in total, after supply chain mitigation
 - Sourcing, supply chain and other initiatives are helping to mitigating impact
 - Pricing expected to more than offset remaining impact in 2019
 - Includes current exemptions granted on certain of our imports from China

Tariffs Expected to be a Manageable Headwind



Incentive Compensation Plans

	ANNUAL (STIP)	LONG-TERM (LTIP)							
OBJECTIVE	Short-Term Operational Business Priorities	3-Year Strategic Business Priorities							
PARTICIPANTS	~13,000 Associates Globally	~275 Leadership Associates	~275 Leadership Associates	~100 Senior Leadership Associates					
TIME HORIZON	1 Year	3 Years	4-Year Vesting	4-Year Vesting with a 10-Year Term					
METRICS ⁽¹⁾	EBIT Free Cash Flow EBIT Margin	Cumulative EPS ROIC Share Price and Dividend	Share Price and Dividend	Share Price					
AWARD	Cash	Equity – Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units							

Compensation Aligned to Shareholder Value Creation

⁽¹⁾ Represents metrics applicable to participants in the corporate STIP plan. Metrics for individual business unit STIPs can vary.



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Appendix: GAAP Reconciliations



GAAP Reconciliation: Net Income & EPS

Reconciliations of Adjusted Net Income to GAAP Net Income and Adjusted Earnings Per Share to GAAP Earnings Per Share

(Unaudited)

The following reconcilitation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes that the non-GAAP measures of adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share are important financial measures used in the management of the business, including decisions concerning the allocation of resources and assessment of performance. Management believes that reporting adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share is useful to investors as these measures are representative of the Company's core operations.

(Dollars in millions, except share data)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Twelve Months Ended September 30,							
		2019		EPS	2018		EPS		2019		EPS	
Net Income Attributable to The Timken Company	\$	64.2	\$	0.84 \$	71.6	\$	0.91	\$	308.6	\$	4.00	
Adjustments: (1)												
Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (2)	\$	2.3		\$	3.1			\$	7.1			
Property loss and related expenses (3)		0.7			_				6.5			
Acquisition-related charges (4)		2.9			8.8				22.4			
Brazil legal matter (5)		_			_				3.3			
Gain on sale of real estate (6)		_			_				(1.7)			
Corporate pension and other benefit related charges (7)		16.9			5.3				26.6			
Loss on divestiture (8)		_			0.6				0.2			
Noncontrolling interest of above adjustments		0.1			(0.6)				(0.8)			
Tax indemnification and related items		_			0.3				1.4			
Provision for income taxes (9)		0.3			(6.2)				(6.7)			
Total Adjustments:		23.2		0.30	11.3		0.15		58.3		0.75	
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to The Timken Company	\$	87.4	\$	1.14 \$	82.9	\$	1.06	\$	366.9	\$	4.75	

⁽¹⁾ Adjustments are pre-tax, with the net tax provision listed separately

⁽⁹⁾ Provision for income taxes includes the net tax impact on pre-tax adjustments (listed above), the impact of discrete tax items recorded during the respective periods, as well as other adjustments to reflect the use of one overall effective tax rate on adjusted pre-tax income in interim periods.



⁽²⁾ Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (including items recorded in cost of products sold) relate to: (i) plant closures; (ii) the rationalization of certain plants and (iii) severance related to cost reduction initiatives. The Company re-assesses its operating footprint and cost structure periodically, and makes adjustments as needed that result in restructuring charges. However, management believes these actions are not representative of the Company's core operations.

⁽³⁾ Represents property loss and related expenses during the year (net of insurance proceeds) resulting from property loss that occurred during the first quarter of 2019 at one of the Company's warehouses in Knoxville, Tennessee and during the third quarter of 2019 at one of the Company's warehouses in Yantai, China.

⁽⁴⁾ Acquisition-related charges in 2019 related to the ABC Bearings, Apiary Investment Holdings Limited ("Cone Drive"), Rollon, Diamond Chain, and BEKA acquisitions, including transaction costs and inventory step-up impact. In 2018, acquisition charges related to ABC Bearings. Cone Drive and Rollon acquisitions.

⁽⁵⁾ The Brazil legal matter represents expense recorded to establish a liability associated with an investigation into alleged antitrust violations in the bearing industry that was initiated in October 2014. Refer to the Contingencies footnote within the third quarter 2019 Form 10-Q for additional discussion.

⁽⁶⁾ The gain on sale of real estate related to the sale of a manufacturing facility in Pulaski, Tennessee during the first quarter of 2019. This amount was recorded in other income.

⁽⁷⁾ Corporate pension and other postretirement benefit related charges represent actuarial (gains) and losses that resulted from the remeasurement of plan assets and obligations as a result of changes in assumptions. The Company recognizes actuarial (gains) and losses in connection with the annual remeasurement in the fourth quarter, or if specific events trigger a remeasurement. Refer to the Retirement Benefit Plans and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans footnotes within the third quarter 2019 Form 10-Q for additional discussion.

⁽⁸⁾ Loss on divestiture relates to the sale of the Groeneveld Information Technology Holding B.V. (the "ICT Business"), located in Gorinchem, Netherlands.

GAAP Reconciliation: Consolidated EBIT & EBIT Margin

Reconciliation of EBIT to GAAP Net Income, and EBIT Margin, After Adjustments, to Net Income as a Percentage of Sales and EBIT, After Adjustments, to Net Income: (Unaudited)

The following reconciliation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes that the non-GAAP measures of adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share are important financial measures used in the management of the business, including decisions concerning the allocation of resources and assessment of performance. Management believes that reporting adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share is useful to investors as these measures are representative of the Company's core operations.

Three Months Ended

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2019	Percentage to Net Sales	2018	Percentage to Net Sales		2019	Percentage to Net Sales
Net Income	\$ 66.7	7.3% \$	72.3	8.2%	\$	317.7	8.4%
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	35.5	3.9%	25.0	2.8%		129.5	3.4%
Interest expense	18.2	2.0%	12.5	1.4%		74.0	1.9%
Interest income	(1.1)	(0.1)%	(0.6)	-%		(4.1)	(0.1)%
Consolidated EBIT	\$ 119.3	13.1% \$	109.2	12.4%	\$	517.1	13.6%
Adjustments:							
Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (1)	\$ 2.3	0.3% \$	3.1	0.3%	\$	7.1	0.2%
Property loss and related expenses (2)	0.7	- %	_	—%		6.5	0.2%
Acquisition-related charges (3)	2.9	0.3%	8.8	1.0%		22.4	0.6%
Brazil legal matter (4)	_	- %	_	- %		3.3	- %
Gain on sale of real estate (5)	_	- %	_	- %		(1.7)	- %
Corporate pension and other benefit related charges (6)	16.9	1.8%	5.3	0.6%		26.6	0.7%
Tax indemnification and related items	_	- %	0.3	-%		1.4	-%
Loss on divestiture (7)	_	- %	0.6	0.1%		0.2	- %
Total Adjustments	22.8	2.4%	18.1	2.0%		65.8	1.7%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 142.1	15.5% \$	127.3	14.4%	\$	582.9	15.3%

⁽¹⁾ Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (including items recorded in cost of products sold) relate to: (i) plant closures; (ii) the rationalization of certain plants and (iii) severance related to cost reduction initiatives. The Company re-assesses its operating footprint and cost structure periodically, and makes adjustments as needed that result in restructuring charges. However, management believes these actions are not representative of the Company's core operations.

⁽⁷⁾ Loss on divestiture relates to the sale of the ICT Business, located in Gorinchem, Netherlands.



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GAAP Reconciliation: Segment EBIT & EBIT Margin

Reconciliation of segment EBIT Margin, After Adjustments, to segment EBIT as a Percentage of Sales and segment EBIT, After Adjustments, to segment EBIT:

(Unaudited)

The following reconcilitation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's Mobile Industries and Process Industries segment performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes that non-GAAP measures of adjusted EBIT margin for the segments are useful to investors as they are representative of each segment's core operations and are used in the management of the business, including decisions concerning the allocation of resources and assessment of performance.

Mobile Industries

	Twelve Months Ended	
(Dollars in millions)	September 30, 2019	Percentage to Net Sales
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	\$ 215.0	11.3%
Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (1)	3.1	0.2%
Loss on divestiture (2)	0.2	—%
Gain on sale of real estate (3)	(1.7	(0.1)%
Property loss and related expenses (4)	6.5	0.3%
Acquisition-related charges (5)	2.8	0.1%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 225.9	11.8%

Process Industries

irment, restructuring and reorganization charges (1)	Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2019	Percentage to Net Sales
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	\$ 384	4.6 20.3%
Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (1)	4	1.0 0.2%
Acquisition-related charges (5)	14	4.5 0.8%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 403	3.1 21.3%

⁽¹⁾ Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (including items recorded in cost of products sold) relate to: (i) plant closures; (ii) the rationalization of certain plants and (iii) severance related to cost reduction initiatives. The Company reassesses its operating footprint and cost structure periodically, and makes adjustments as needed that result in restructuring charges. However, management believes these actions are not representative of the Company's core operations.

⁽⁶⁾ Acquisition-related charges in 2019 primarily related to the inventory step-up impact for the Rollon and Diamond Chain acquisitions. In 2018, acquisition charges primarily related to the inventory step-up impact for the ABC Bearings, Cone Drive and Rollon acquisitions.



⁽²⁾ Loss on divestiture relates to the sale of the ICT Business, located in Gorinchem, Netherlands.

⁽⁹⁾ The gain on sale of real estate related to the sale of a manufacturing facility in Pulaski, Tennessee during the first quarter of 2019. This amount was recorded in other income.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents property loss and related expenses during the year (net of insurance proceeds) resulting from property loss that occurred during the first quarter of 2019 at one of the Company's warehouses in Knoxville, Tennessee and during the third quarter of 2019 at one of the Company's warehouses in Yantai, China.

GAAP Reconciliation: Consolidated EBITDA

Reconciliation of EBIT, EBIT, After Adjustments, and EBITDA, After Adjustments, to GAAP Net Income:

(Unaudited)

The following reconciliation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes consolidated earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) is a non-GAAP measure that is useful to investors as it is representative of the Company's performance and that it is appropriate to compare GAAP net income to consolidated EBIT. Management also believes that non-GAAP measures of adjusted EBIT and adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) is useful to investors as they are representative of the Company's core operations and are used in the management of the business, including decisions concerning the allocation of resources and assessment of performance.

(Dollars in millions)	Ended September Twelve Mont , 2019	hs Ended December 1, 2018
Net Income	\$ 317.7 \$	305.5
Provision for income taxes	129.5	102.6
Interest expense	74.0	51.7
Interest income	(4.1)	(2.1)
Consolidated EBIT	\$ 517.1 \$	457.7
Adjustments:		
Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (1)	\$ 7.1 \$	7.1
Acquisition-related charges (2)	22.4	20.6
Brazil legal matter (3)	3.3	_
Gain on sale of real estate (4)	(1.7)	_
Loss on divestiture (5)	0.2	0.8
Corporate pension and other postretirement benefit related charges (6)	26.6	12.8
Property loss and related expenses (7)	6.5	_
Tax indemnification and related items	1.4	1.5
Total Adjustments	65.8	42.8
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 582.9 \$	500.5
Depreciation and amortization	160.5	146.0
Adjusted EBITDA (8)	\$ 743.4 \$	646.5

⁽¹⁾ Impairment, restructuring and reorganization charges (including items recorded in cost of products sold) relate to: (i) plant closures; (ii) the rationalization of certain plants and (iii) severance related to cost reduction initiatives. The Company re-assesses its operating footprint and cost structure periodically, and makes adjustments as needed that result in restructuring charges. However, management believes these actions are not representative of the Company's core operations.

⁽⁸⁾ Twelve months trailing adjusted EBITDA reflects results from acquired companies from the acquisition date through September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.



⁽²⁾ Acquisition-related charges in 2019 related to the ABC Bearings, Apiary Investment Holdings Limited ("Cone Drive"), Rollon, Diamond Chain, and BEKA acquisitions, including transaction costs and inventory step-up impact. In 2018, acquisition charges related to ABC Bearings, Cone Drive and Rollon acquisitions.

⁽³⁾ The Brazil legal matter represents expense recorded to establish a liability associated with an investigation into alleged antitrust violations in the bearing industry that was initiated in October 2014. Refer to the Contingencies footnote within the third quarter 2019 Form 10-Q for additional discussion.

⁽⁴⁾ The gain on sale of real estate related to the sale of a manufacturing facility in Pulaski, Tennessee during the first quarter of 2019. This amount was recorded in other income.

⁽⁵⁾ Loss on divestiture relates to the sale of Groeneveld Information Technology Holding B.V. located in Gorinchem, Netherlands.

⁽⁶⁾ Corporate pension and other postretirement benefit related charges represent actuarial (gains) and losses that resulted from the remeasurement of plan assets and obligations as a result of changes in assumptions. The Company recognizes actuarial (gains) and losses in connection with the annual remeasurement in the fourth quarter, or if specific events trigger a remeasurement.

⁽⁷⁾ Represents property loss and related expenses during the year (net of insurance proceeds) resulting from property loss that occurred during the first quarter of 2019 at one of the Company's warehouses in Knoxville, Tennessee and during the third quarter of 2019 at one of the Company's warehouse in Yantai, China.

GAAP Reconciliation: Net Debt, Net Debt to Capital and Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA

Reconciliation of Total Debt to Net Debt, the Ratio of Net Debt to Capital, and the Ratio of Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA:

(Unaudited)

These reconciliations are provided as additional relevant information about the Company's financial position deemed useful to investors. Capital, used for the ratio of net debt to capital, is a non-GAAP measure defined as total debt less cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash plus total shareholders' equity. Management believes Net Debt, the Ratio of Net Debt to Capital, Adjusted EBITDA (see below), and the Ratio of Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA are important measures of the Company's financial position, due to the amount of cash and cash equivalents on hand.

(Dollars in millions)

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Short-term debt, including current portion of long-term debt	\$ 96.6	\$ 43.0
Long-term debt	1,553.5	1,638.6
Total Debt	\$ 1,650.1	\$ 1,681.6
Less: Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(181.9)	(133.1)
Net Debt	\$ 1,468.2	\$ 1,548.5
Total Equity	\$ 1,817.5	\$ 1,642.7
Ratio of Net Debt to Capital	44.7%	48.5%
Adjusted EBITDA for the Twelve Months Ended	\$ 743.4	\$ 646.5
Ratio of Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA	2.0	2.4



GAAP Reconciliation: Consolidated EBIT & EBIT Margin

Reconciliation of EBIT to GAAP Net Income, and EBIT Margin, After Adjustments, to Net Income as a Percentage of Sales and EBIT, After Adjustments, to Net Income: (Unaudited)

The following reconciliation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes consolidated earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) is a non-GAAP measure that is useful to investors as it is representative of the Company's performance and that it is appropriate to compare GAAP net income to consolidated EBIT. Management also believes that non-GAAP measures of adjusted EBIT and adjusted EBIT margin are useful to investors as they are representative of the Company's core operations and are used in the management of the business, including decisions concerning the allocation of resources and assessment of performance.

Twelve Months Ended December 31,								
2018	2017	2016	2016 As Reported ⁽¹⁾	2015	2015 As Reported ⁽¹⁾			
\$ 3,580.8 \$	3,003.8 \$	2,669.8	\$ 2,669.8	\$ 2,872.3	\$ 2,872.3			
305.5	202.3	14 1.1	152.9	191.4	(68.0)			
102.6	57.6	60.5	69.2	26.3	(121.6)			
51.7	37.1	33.5	33.5	33.4	33.4			
(2.1)	(2.9)	(1.9)	(1.9)	(2.7)	(2.7)			
\$ 457.7 \$	294.1 \$	233.2	\$ 253.7	\$ 248.4	\$ (158.9)			
12.8%	9.8%	8.7%	9.5%	8.6%	-5.5%			
-	-	(59.6)	(59.6)	-	-			
12.8	18.1	67.0	28.1	100.0	465.0			
7.1	13.1	28.0	28.0	15.9	15.9			
8.0	(3.6)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(28.7)	(28.7)			
20.6	9.0	4.2	4.2	5.7	5.7			
1.5	(1.0)	-	-	-	-			
-	(0.7)	2.9	2.9	-	-			
-	-	-	-	9.7	9.7			
42.8	34.9	42.0	3.1	102.6	467.6			
\$ 500.5 \$	329.0 \$	275.2	\$ 256.8	\$ 351.0	\$ 308.7			
14.0%	11.0%	10.3%	9.6%	12.2%	10.7%			
\$	305.5 102.6 51.7 (2.1) \$ 457.7 \$ 12.8% - 12.8 7.1 0.8 20.6 1.5 - 42.8 \$ 500.5 \$	2018 2017 \$ 3,580.8 \$ 3,003.8 \$ 305.5 102.6 57.6 51.7 37.1 (2.1) (2.9) \$ 457.7 \$ 294.1 \$ 12.8% - - - 12.8 18.1 7.1 13.1 0.8 (3.6) 20.6 9.0 1.5 (1.0) - (0.7) - 42.8 34.9 \$ 500.5 \$ 329.0 \$	2018 2017 2016 \$ 3,580.8 \$ 3,003.8 \$ 2,669.8 305.5 202.3 141.1 102.6 57.6 60.5 51.7 37.1 33.5 (2.1) (2.9) (1.9) \$ 457.7 \$ 294.1 \$ 233.2 12.8% 9.8% 8.7% - - (59.6) 12.8 18.1 67.0 7.1 13.1 28.0 0.8 (3.6) (0.5) 20.6 9.0 4.2 1.5 (1.0) - - (0.7) 2.9 - - - 42.8 34.9 42.0 \$ 500.5 \$ 329.0 275.2	2018 2017 2016 2016 As Reported (1) As Reported (1) \$ 3,580.8 \$ 3,003.8 \$ 2,669.8 \$ 2,669.8 305.5 202.3 141.1 152.9 102.6 57.6 60.5 69.2 51.7 37.1 33.5 33.5 (2.1) (2.9) (1.9) (1.9) \$ 457.7 \$ 294.1 \$ 233.2 \$ 253.7 12.8% 9.8% 8.7% 9.5% (59.6) -	2018 2017 2016 2014 2014 2016 2014 2014 2016 2014 2014 2014 2017 2017 2014 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 <th< td=""></th<>			

⁽²⁾ Pension related charges represent curtailments, professional fees associated with pension de-risking and actuarial gains and losses that resulted from the remeasurement of pension plan assets and obligations as a result of changes in assumptions. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses through earnings in connection with the annual remeasurement in the fourth guarter, or on an interim basis if specific events trigger a remeasurement. Pension related charges also include pension settlement charges.

⁽³⁾ Impairment and restructuring charges, including items recorded in cost of products sold, are related to plant closures, the rationalization of certain plants and severance related to cost reduction initiatives. The Company re-assesses its operating footprint and makes adjustments as needed that result in restructuring charges. However, management believes these actions are not representative of the Company's core operations.



GAAP Reconciliation: Net Income & EPS

Reconciliations of Adjusted Net Income to GAAP Net Income and Adjusted Earnings Per Share to GAAP Earnings Per Share: (Unaudited)

The following reconciliation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes that the non-GAAP measures of adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share are important financial measures used in the management of the business, including decisions concerning the allocation of resources and assessment of performance. Management believes that reporting adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share is useful to investors as these measures are representative of the Company's core operations.

(Dollars in millions, except share data) Net Income (Loss) Attributable to The Timken Company	Twelve Months Ended December 31,											
		2 0 18		2017		2016	2016 As Reported ⁽¹⁾			2 0 15	2015 As Reported ⁽¹⁾	
	\$	302.8	\$ 20	3.4	\$	140.8	\$	152.6	\$	188.6	\$	(70.8)
Adjustments:												
CDSOA income, net of expense		-				(59.6)		(59.6)		-		-
Pension related charges ⁽²⁾		12.8		8.1		67.0		28.1		100.0		465.0
Impairment and restructuring charges ⁽³⁾		7.1		3.1		28.0		28.0		15.9		15.9
Loss (gain) on divestitures and sale of real estate		8.0	(3.6)		(0.5)		(0.5)		(28.7)		(28.7)
Acquisition related charges		20.6		0.0		4.2		4.2		5.7		5.7
Tax Indemnification and related items		1.5		1.0)		-		-		-		-
Health care plan modification costs		-	(0.7)		2.9		2.9		-		-
Fixed asset write-off		-	-			-		-		9.7		9.7
Noncontrolling interest		(1.3)				-		-		-		-
Provision for income taxes		(16.8)	(3	(8.0		(13.8)		0.5		(74.6)		(207.7)
Total Adjustments		24.7		4.1		28.2		3.6		28.0		259.9
Adjusted Net Income	\$	327.5	\$ 20	7.5	\$	169.0	\$	156.2	\$	216.6	\$	189.1
Diluted Earnings per Share (EPS) - Continuing Operations	\$	3.86	\$ 2	58	\$	1.78	\$	1.92	\$	2.21	\$	(0.84)
Adjusted EPS - Continuing Operations	\$	4.18	\$ 2	63	\$	2.13	\$	1.97	\$	2.54	\$	2.21
Diluted Shares	•	78,337,481	78,911, ²	49		79,234,324	·	79,234,324	·	85,346,246	,	85,346,246

^{(1) 2015-2016} results depicted above are as originally reported and prior to the adoption of mark-to-market accounting.

⁽³⁾ Impairment and restructuring charges, including items recorded in cost of products sold, are related to plant closures, the rationalization of certain plants and severance related to cost reduction initiatives. The Company re-assesses its operating footprint and makes adjustments as needed that result in restructuring charges. However, management believes these actions are not representative of the Company's core operations.



⁽²⁾ Pension related charges represent curtailments, professional fees associated with pension de-risking and actuarial gains and losses that resulted from the remeasurement of pension plan assets and obligations as a result of changes in assumptions. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses through earnings in connection with the annual remeasurement in the fourth guarter, or on an interim basis if specific events trigger a remeasurement. Pension related charges also include pension settlement charges.

GAAP Reconciliation: Adjusted ROIC

Reconciliation of Adjusted Return on Invested Capital: (Unaudited)

The following reconciliation is provided as additional relevant information about the Company's performance deemed useful to investors. Management believes adjusted return on invested capital ("ROIC") is useful to investors as it is representative of the Company's performance. Adjusted ROIC is defined as adjusted net operating profit after taxes ("ANOPAT") divided by average invested capital. The Company uses ANOPAT/Average Invested Capital as a non-GAAP ratio that indicates return on invested capital, which is useful to investors as a measure of return on their investment.

(Dollars in millions) Twelve Months Ended December 31. 2016 2015 2014 2014 2018 2017 2016 2015 As Reported (1) As Reported (1) As Reported (1) Adjusted EBIT \$ 500.5 \$ 329.0 \$ 275.2 \$ 256.8 \$ 351.0 \$ 308.7 Adjusted tax rate 26.5% 30.0% 30.5% 30.5% 31.0% 31.0% Calculated income taxes 1326 98.7 83.9 78.3 108.8 95.7 Adjusted net operating profit after taxes (ANOPAT) \$ 367.9 \$ 230.3 \$ 191.3 \$ 178.5 \$ 242.2 \$ 213.0 Total debt \$ 1.681.6 \$ 962.3 \$ 659.2 \$ 659.2 \$ 656.5 \$ 656.5 \$ 526.4 \$ 526.4 1.642.7 1.474.9 1.310.9 1.306.0 1.349.6 1.344.6 1.594.3 1.589.1 Total equity Invested capital (Total debt + Total equity) 3.324.3 2.437.2 1.970.1 1.965.2 2.006.1 2.001.1 2.120.7 2,115.5 Invested capital (two-point average) \$ 2,880.8 \$ 2,203.7 \$ 1,988.1 \$ 1,983.2 \$ 2,063.4 \$ 2,058.3 ANOPAT \$ 242.2 \$ 213.0 367.9 \$ 230.3 \$ 191.3 \$ 178.5 \$ Invested capital (two-point average) 2.880.8 2.203.7 1.988.1 1.983.2 2.063.4 2.058.3 12.8% 10.5% 9.6% 10.3% Adjusted return on invested capital (ROIC) 9.0% 11.7%

(1) 2014-2016 results depicted above are as originally reported and prior to the adoption of mark-to-market accounting.

