

Corporate Presentation: Debut Results of IDFC FIRST Bank (Q3 FY19)

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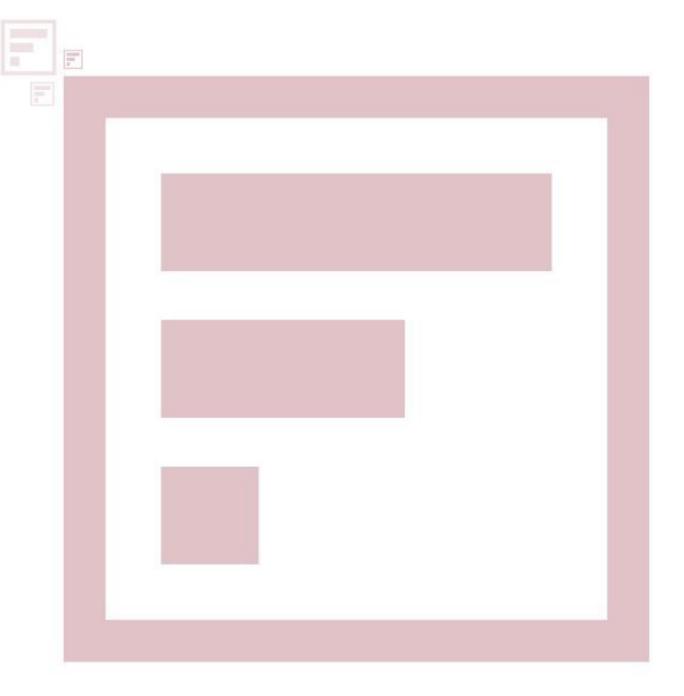
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SECTION 1: The Founding of IDFC FIRST Bank













IDFC FIRST Bank is founded by the merger of Erstwhile IDFC Bank and Erstwhile Capital First on December 18, 2018.

The Founding of IDFC FIRST Bank..

EVENTS LEADING TO THE MERGER in January 2018- At IDFC Bank side.

IDFC Limited was set up in 1997 to finance infrastructure focusing primarily on project finance and mobilization of capital for private sector infrastructure development. Whether it is financial intermediation for infrastructure projects and services, whether adding value through innovative products to the infrastructure value chain or asset maintenance of existing infrastructure projects, the company focused on supporting companies to get the best return on investments. The Company's ability to tap global as well as Indian financial resources made it the acknowledged experts in infrastructure finance.

Dr. Rajiv Lall joined the company in 2005 and successfully expanded the business to Asset Management, Institutional Broking and Infrastructure Debt Fund. He applied for a commercial banking license to the RBI in 2013. Owing to his efforts, in 2014, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) granted an in-principle approval to IDFC Limited to set up a new bank in the private sector. Thus Erstwhile IDFC Bank was created by demerger of the infrastructure lending business of IDFC to IDFC Bank in 2015. The parent entity, IDFC Limited, retained businesses of AMC, Institutional Broking and Infrastructure Debt Fund business through IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited (NOFHC).

The shares of Erstwhile IDFC Bank Limited were listed in the exchanges in November 2015. During the subsequent three years, the bank developed a strong and robust framework including strong IT capabilities and infrastructure for scaling up the banking operations. The Bank designed efficient treasury management system for its own proprietary trading, as well as for managing client operations. The bank diversified from being a predominantly infrastructure financier to wholesale banking operations. Since a large portion (90%) of the bank was wholesale (infrastructure and corporate loans) as a legacy from IDFC Limited until 2017, the company swiftly put together a strategy to retailise its loan book. Retail required specialised skills for the marketplace, seasoning, and scale for profitability, the Bank was looking for a retail lending partner who already had scale, profitability and specialized skills, to merge with.

As part of its strategy to diversify its loan book from infrastructure, the bank was looking for a merger with a retail finance institution with adequate scale, profitability and specialized skills.

The Founding of IDFC FIRST Bank.. Contd.

EVENTS LEADING TO THE MERGER in January 2018- At Capital First side

Around the same time (2010-2017), while these events were playing out at IDFC Group, certain events were playing out in parallel at Capital First. Mr Vaidyanathan who had built ICICI Bank's Retail Banking business from 2000-2009 and was the MD and CEO of ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company in 2009-10, quit the group for an entrepreneurial foray.

During 2010-11, he acquired a significant stake in a listed real-estate financing diversified NBFC and then prepared the ground for a Leveraged Management Buyout of the firm by launching retail financial businesses for small entrepreneurs and consumers. He built a technology-driven retail loan book of Rs. 770 Cr by March 2011, and presented this as proof of concept to global private equity players for a management Buyout. Meanwhile, he exited non-core businesses like retail equity broking, Foreign Exchange Business, and other unrelated business.

In 2012, he concluded India's largest Management Buyout by securing equity backing of Rs. 810 Crores from Warburg Pincus, got fresh equity into the company and founded Capital First as a new entity with new shareholders, new Board, new business lines, and fresh equity infusion.

Between March 31, 2010 to March 31, 2018, the Company's Retail Assets under Management increased from Rs. 94 crores to Rs. 25,243 Cr. The company financed seven million customers through new age technology models. The credit rating increased from A+ to AAA. The Gross and Net NPA reduced from 5.28% and 3.78% respectively to 2% and 1% respectively and the asset quality remained consistently high. Further, the company turned around from losses of Rs. 30 crores and Rs. 32 crores in FY 09 and FY 10 respectively, to Rs. 327 crores by 2018, representing a 5 year CAGR increase of 39.5%. The loan assets grew at a 5 year CAGR of 29%. The ROE steadily rose from 2.5% in 2013 to near 15%. The market cap of the company increased ten-fold from Rs. 780 crores on in March 2012 at the time of the LBO to over Rs. 7800 crores in January 2018 at the time of announcement of the merger. Funding could be a constraining factor, so the company was looking out for a banking license.

Capital First, in the meanwhile, was on the lookout for a commercial banking license in order to access large pool of funds for growth and to access low cost of funds.

The Founding of IDFC FIRST Bank

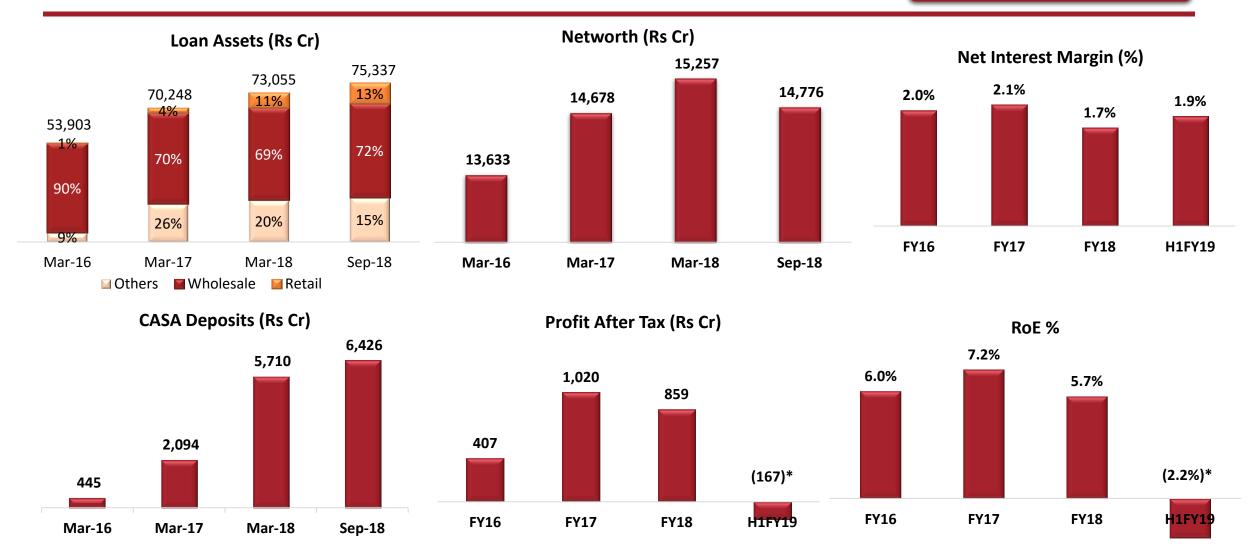
In January 2018, IDFC FIRST Bank and Capital First announced that they had reached an understanding to merge with each other and shareholders of Capital First were to be issued 139 shares of the merged entity for every 10 shares of Capital First.

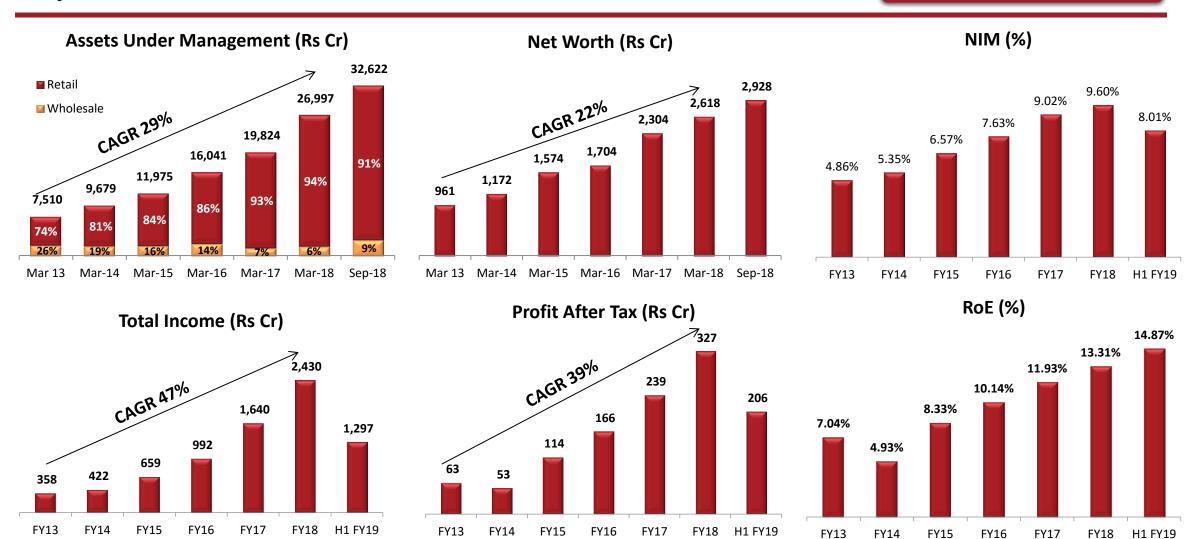
The Competition Commission of India approved the transaction in March 2018. The Reserve bank approved the transaction in June 2018.

Shareholders of IDFC Bank approved the merger with an overwhelming 99.98% votes in favour. Capital First shareholders too approved the merger with an equally overwhelming approval rate of 99.9%. Such overwhelming approval rates for a merger were unprecedented for merger of listed companies in India.

This was also the first merger between an NBFC and a commercial Bank. Mr. Vaidyanathan, who was the Chairman of Capital First prior to the merger, was appointed the first Managing Director and CEO of the new combined Bank, IDFC FIRST Bank.

Thus, IDFC FIRST Bank was founded as a new entity by the merger of IDFC Bank and Capital First on December 18 2018.



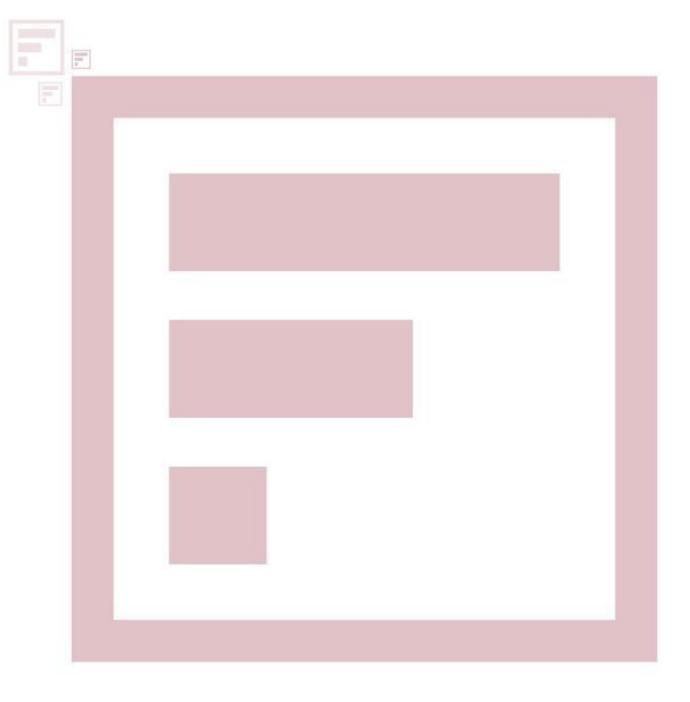


SECTION 1: FOUNDING OF IDFC FIRST BANK

	CAPITAL FIRST LIMITED ¹	IDFC BANK LIMITED
Loan Asset (on-Book)	Rs. 27,351 Cr	Rs. 75,337
% of Retail Loan Assets	89%	13%
Total Borrowing + Deposits	Rs. 24,550 Cr	Rs. 101,232
CASA	-	Rs. 6,426 Cr
Net worth	Rs. 2,928 Cr	Rs. 14,776 Cr
NII	Rs. 615 Cr	Rs. 451 Cr
Total Income	Rs. 695 Cr	Rs. 571 Cr
Орех	Rs. 327 Cr	Rs. 552 Cr
Provisions	Rs. 210 Cr	Rs. 601Cr
PAT	Rs. 105 Cr	Rs370 Cr*
NIM%	7.86%	1.85%
Cost to Income Ratio	47.07%	102.01%
RoA	1.57%	-1.17%
RoE	14.46%	-9.51%

^{*}The bank took one-time provisions relating to stressed infrastructure loans. Without such one-time charge off, the PAT for H1 FY19 would be Rs. 81 Cr.

¹ Capital First Financials are under IND – AS and IDFC Limited Financials and under Indian GAAP.



SECTION 2: PATH AHEAD



Disclaimer

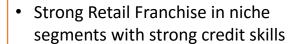
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IDFC FIRST BANK - Path Ahead



- Strong Systems and Processes
- Launched retail liability operations.
 Opened 200 bank branches (Dec 18),
 raised retail CASA of Rs. 2,800 crores (Dec 18).
- Built efficient Treasury Management Systems
- Strong presence in Corporate and Infrastructure financing
- Launched contemporary payment systems, internet and mobile banking
- Launched retail lending businesses successfully





- Track record of continuous growth
- Expanded to more than 220 locations across India supported by 102 branches
- Consistently increasing Profitability (5 year CAGR 39%) and high ROE (15%)
- High Asset quality across cycles including increasing interest rate, Demonetisation and GST
- Customer base of over seven million and 4 million live customers



- Strong Loan assets of more than Rs. 104660 Cr
- 34.62% of loans in retail segment
- Margins increased from 1.7% on standalone to 3.3% post merger
- Diversified asset profile
- Strong platform to grow retail deposits and CASA
- A large retail customer base of more than 70 lacs live customers including 30 lacs rural customers





Asset Strategy

Growth of Assets:

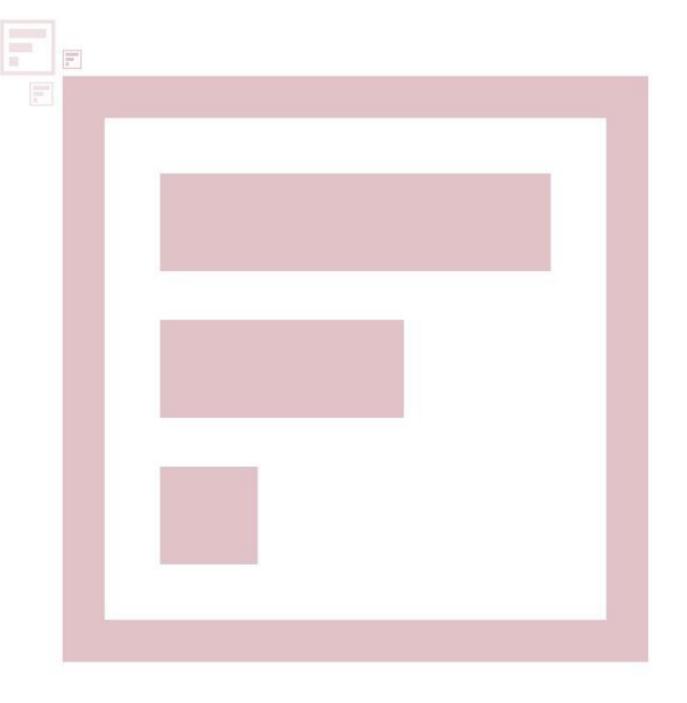
- The Bank plans to grow the retail asset book from Rs. 36,236 Cr (December 31, 2018) to over Rs. 100,000 Cr in the next 5-6 years
- The Bank plans to reduce the loans to infrastructure segments (Rs. 22,710 as of 31 December 2018) as they mature.
- For the Non-Infra Corporate Loans, the bank will continue to grow the loan book, based on opportunities available in the marketplace. The bank does not intend to have a specific target on this count.
- **Diversification of Assets:** The loan book of the bank needs to be well diversified across sectors and a large number of consumers. Currently (December 31, 2018) the retail book contributes to 34.62% of the total funded assets. The Bank plans to increase the retail book composition to more than 70% in the next 5-6 years
- **Gross Yield Expansion:** As a result of the growth of the retail loan assets (at a relatively higher yield compared to the wholesale loans), the gross yield of the Bank's Loan Book is planned to increase from 9.2% (as per Q2-FY19 published financials, before the merger) to ~ 12% in the next 5-6 years. The bank will expand Housing loan portfolio as one of its important product lines.

Liability Strategy

- **CASA Growth:** The key focus of the Bank would be to increase the CASA Ratio from 10.3% (December 31, 2018) on a continuous basis year on year and strive to reach 30% CASA ratio with in the next 5-6 years, as well as set a trajectory to reach a CASA ratio of 40-50% there on. Array of digital savings & current accounts are to be offered to the customer base (more than 7 million customers) of Erstwhile Capital First.
- **Diversification of Liability:** Diversification of Liabilities in favour of the retail deposit (including CASA and Retail Term Deposits) is essential for the bank. As a percentage of the total borrowings, the Retail Term Deposits and CASA is proposed to increase from 10.5% currently (December 31, 2018), to over 50% in the next 5-6 years and set up a trajectory to reach 75% thereafter.
- **Branch Expansion:** In order to grow Retail Deposits and CASA, the bank plans to set up 600-700 more bank branches in the next 5-6 years from the current branch count of 206. This would be suitably supported by the attractive product propositions and other associated services as well as cross selling opportunities.

Profitability

- **Net Interest Margin:** As the retail asset contribution moves towards 70% of the total fund assets, it is planned that the gross yield will continuously increase. Coupled with lower cost of funds (From improved CASA ratio), it is planned to expand NIM to about 5.5% in the next 5-6 years.
- **Cost to Income:** The Bank plans to improve C:I ratio to ~50-55% over the next 5-6 years, down from ~80% (post merger results, Quarter ended December 31, 2018)
- **ROA and ROE:** With the improvement in the NIM and cost to income ratio, the bank aims to reach the following benchmarks in the next 5-6 years.
 - ROA of 1.4%-1.6%
 - ROE of 13%-15%



SECTION 3: PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS



Rs. 1,04,660 Cr

Funded Assets



Rs. 18,376 Cr

Net Worth-Standalone



34.62%

Retail Assets/Total Funded Assets



1.97%, 0.95%

GNPA, NNPA



Rs. 130,529 Cr

Borrowing & Deposits



206

No. of Bank Branches



10.37%, 4.92%

CASA Ratio
(as % of Total Deposit, as % of Total
Borrowing & Deposits)



16.51%

Capital Adequacy ratio

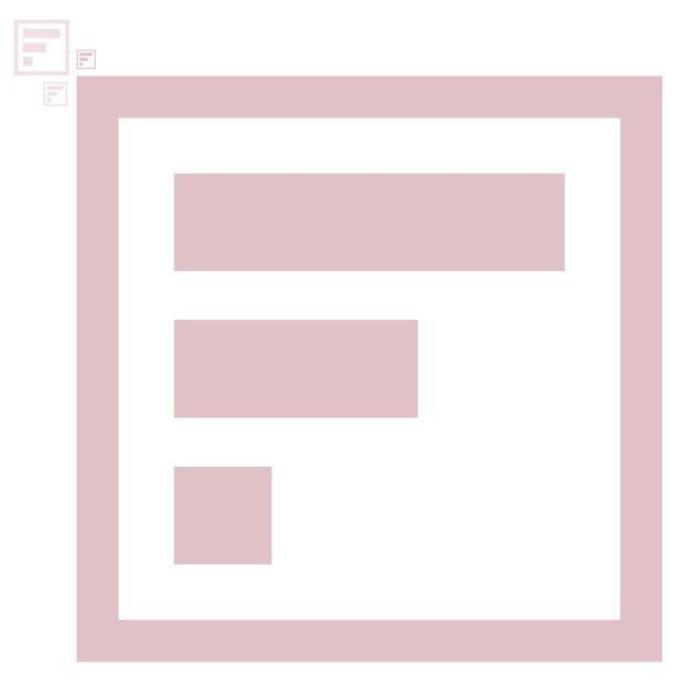


Snapshot of Financial Performance for the Quarter

(For Q3-FY19)

IDFC FIRST Bank is practically a new entity formed by the merger of Capital First and IDFC Bank. Hence the financial results of the quarter are not comparable either with IDFC Bank or with Capital First Quarterly Results, whether for sequential or Corresponding Quarters. The results for the Quarter ended December 31 2018 for IDFC FIRST Bank are as follows:

- The Net Interest Income for the quarter ended on 31 December 2018 was Rs. 1,145 Cr
- The Total Operating Income (net of Interest Cost) for the quarter ended on 31 December 2018 was Rs. 1,449 Cr.
- The Net Interest Margin for the quarter ended on 31 December 2018 was at 3.27%
- The Cost to Income ratio for the quarter ended on 31 December 2018 was at 78.75%
- The **Profit Before Tax** (without considering the exceptional item) for the quarter ended on 31 December 2018 was **Rs. 95 Cr**
- The Bank has accounted for merger in accordance with AS-14 accounting for amalgamation. Goodwill and other intangibles of Rs. 2599 Crores have been recognized. Since there are restrictions on declaring dividend under section 15 of the banking regulation Act in case a bank carries intangible items such as Goodwill on its books, the bank has accelerated the amortization of Goodwill and other Intangibles. This has been disclosed as an Exceptional Item in the Profit and Loss account.
- The **Book Value of the Share** (Net worth considering as of 31 December 2018 and total number of shares adjusted for shares issued pursuant to merger on 5th January 2019) was at **Rs. 38.43 per share**

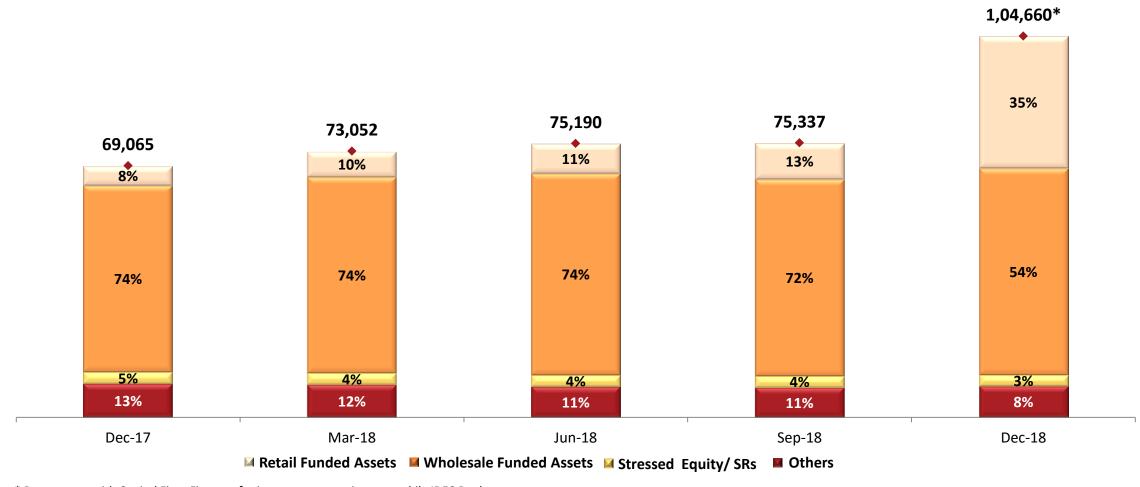


SECTION 5: ASSETS



Breakup of Loan Assets

Funded Assets (In INR Cr)	Dec-17 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Mar-18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank))	Jun-18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Sep-18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Dec-18 (Merged new entity IDFC FIRST Bank)
Retail Funded Assets	5,376	7,043	8,211	9,918	36,236
Rural	2,652	3,218	3,616	4,243	4,704
SME	1,173	1,794	2,151	2,772	13,574
Consumer	1,551	2,031	2,444	2,903	17,957
Wholesale Funded Assets	51,292	53,867	55,411	54,082	56,809
Corporates	22,024	27,039	28,861	30,447	34,098
ELC	5,102	6,829	7,174	7,960	7,886
LC	3,917	5,617	5,473	6,073	5,852
DFIG	4,533	4,668	6,484	6,330	10,645
Others	8,470	9,925	9,730	10,085	9,715
Infrastructure	29,268	26,828	26,550	23,635	22,710
PSL Inorganic	9,203	8,980	8,466	8,256	8,575
Stressed Equity and SRs	3,194	3,162	3,102	3,081	3,040
Total Funded Assets	69,065	73,052	75,190	75,337	1,04,660



^{*} Post merger with Capital First. Figures of prior quarters pertain to erstwhile IDFC Bank.

Spreads - Consolidated	Q3 FY18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Q2 FY19 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Q3 FY19 [#] (Merged new entity IDFC FIRST Bank)
Yields	9.3%	9.4%	11.5%
Retail	16.9%	15.7%	16.6%
Wholesale Bank	9.7%	9.2%	9.5%
Corporate Banking	8.9%	9.0%	9.5%
Infrastructure	10.2%	9.4%	9.6%
PSL Buyout	6.9%	6.5%	6.4%
Stressed Assets	2.8%	3.8%	5.7%*
Average Cost of Funds	7.5%	7.6%	8.0%
CASA + Retail TD	5.8%	5.9%	6.3%
Corporate Deposits	6.4%	7.2%	7.4%
Legacy Borrowings	8.8%	8.8%	8.9%
CFL Borrowings	-	-	8.8%
Spreads	1.9%	1.7%	3.6%

#The numbers for Q3-FY19 are not comparable with numbers of earlier quarters

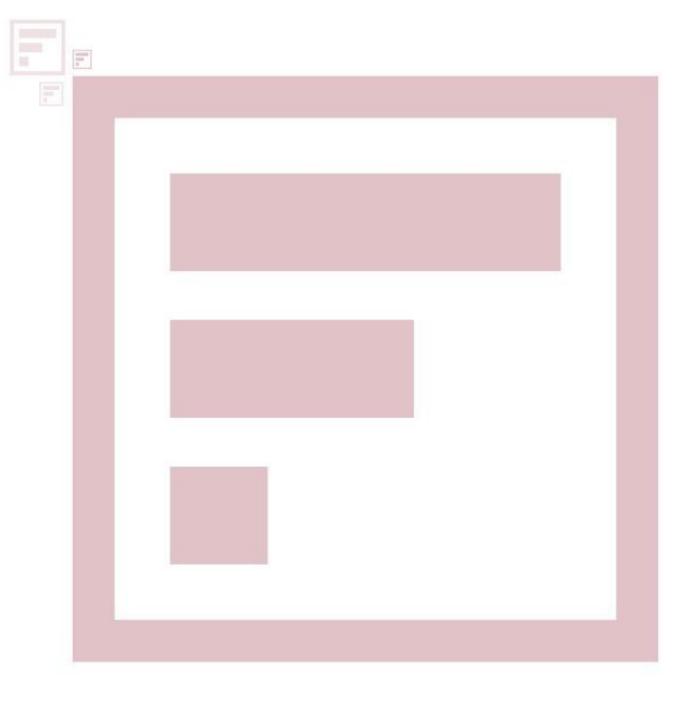
^{*}Excluding one off recovery from stressed case of Rs. 81 Crore.

Stressed Assets

In INR Cr	Dec-17 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Mar-18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank))	Jun-18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Sep-18 (Erstwhile IDFC Bank)	Dec-18 (Erstwhile Capital First + Erstwhile IDFC Bank)
Stressed Assets	5,316	3,884	3,836	3,120	3,826
NPL	2,777	1,779	1,774	895	1,671
Others Loans	1,342	927	918	856	787
Stressed Equity	1,197	1,178	1,144	1,149	1,149
Stressed SRs (NPI)	-	-	-	220	219
Provisions	3,399	2,717	2,726	2,542	2,788
NPL	1,570	888	893	574	874
Others Loans	814	814	825	599	545
Stressed Equity	1,015	1,015	1,008	1,149	1,149
Stressed SRs (NPI)	-	-	-	220	219
PCR	63.9%	70.0%	71.1%	81.5%	72.9%
Security Receipts	1,997	1,984	1,958	1,712	1,672
Provision on SRs	332	349	349	196	196

Investments

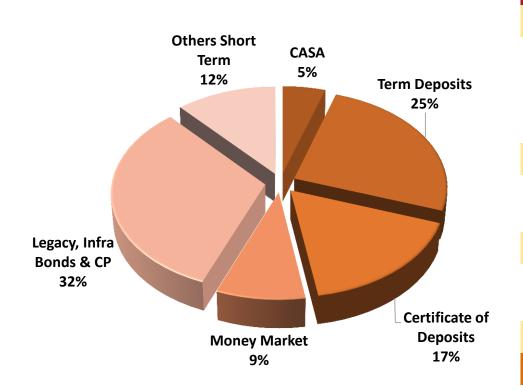
In INR Cr	Dec-17	Mar-18	Jun-18	Sep-18	Dec-18 (Merged entity)
CRR	2,798	3,124	3,089	3,081	3,510
SLR	15,243	16,334	16,483	16,806	17,946
LCR / Others	1,828	1,941	2,998	3,165	6,213
Bonds (Non - Repoable)	5,866	5,438	4,020	3,569	3,203
Certificate of Deposit	-	249	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	638	524	24	24	25
Bonds & Debentures (ex Tax free Bonds)	2,609	2,046	1,367	930	<i>579</i>
Tax Free Bonds	2,619	2,619	2,629	2,615	2,599
HFT Trading Book (Repoable)	17,818	20,548	13,787	12,423	12,604
Central Government Securities	13,264	17,349	10,279	7,670	6,967
State Government Securities	1,904	3,171	1,970	1,139	1,154
Treasury Bills	2,650	28	1,538	3,614	4,483
(Less) MTM Provisions	122	25	104	146	1
Net Investment Assets	43,431	47,358	40,273	38,899	43,475



SECTION 6: LIABILITIES



Borrowings and Deposits



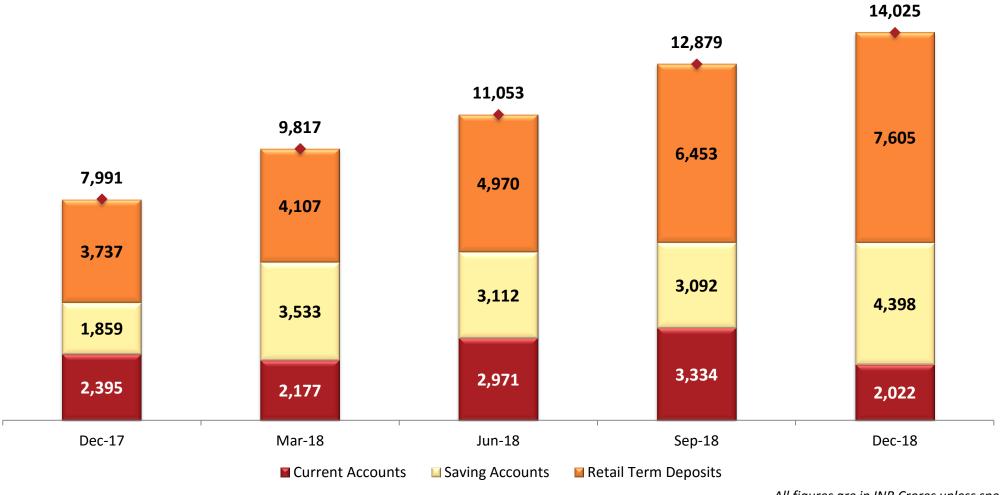
As of 31 December 2018

Rs. 1,30,529 Cr

In INR Cr	Dec-17	Mar-18	Jun-18	Sep-18	Dec-18
Borrowings	36,373	36,483	34,671	37,844	57,403
Legacy Long Term Bonds	23,636	21,405	18,909	18,632	16,385
Infra Bonds	10,434	10,434	10,434	10,434	10,434
Other Borrowings	2,303	4,644	5,328	8,778	30,584*
CASA	4,254	5,710	6,083	6,426	6,421
Current Account	<i>2,395</i>	2,177	2,971	3,334	2,022
Saving Account	1,859	3,533	3,112	3,092	4,398
Term Deposits	23,257	22,826	26,888	29,943	33,182
Retail	3,737	4,107	4,970	6,453	7,605
Wholesale	19,520	18,719	21,918	23,490	25,577
Certificate of Deposits	14,748	19,662	21,086	11,988	22,312
Borrowings + Deposits	78,632	84,681	88,728	86,201	1,19,317
Money Market Borrowings	18,132	20,804	12,921	15,031	11,212
Total Borrowings & Deposits	96,764	1,05,485	1,01,649	1,01,232	1,30,529

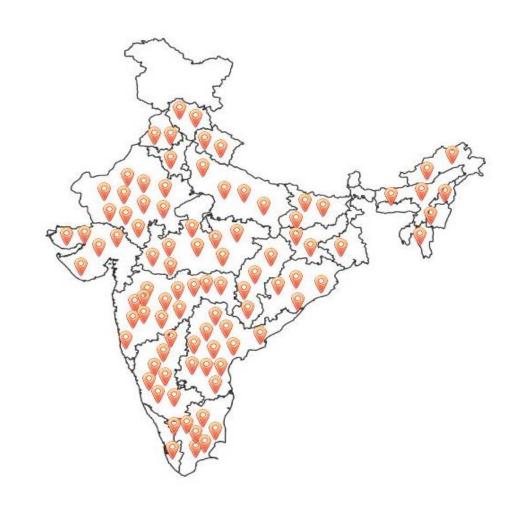
^{*} Includes the borrowing book of Rs. 21,938 Cr of Erstwhile Capital First Limited

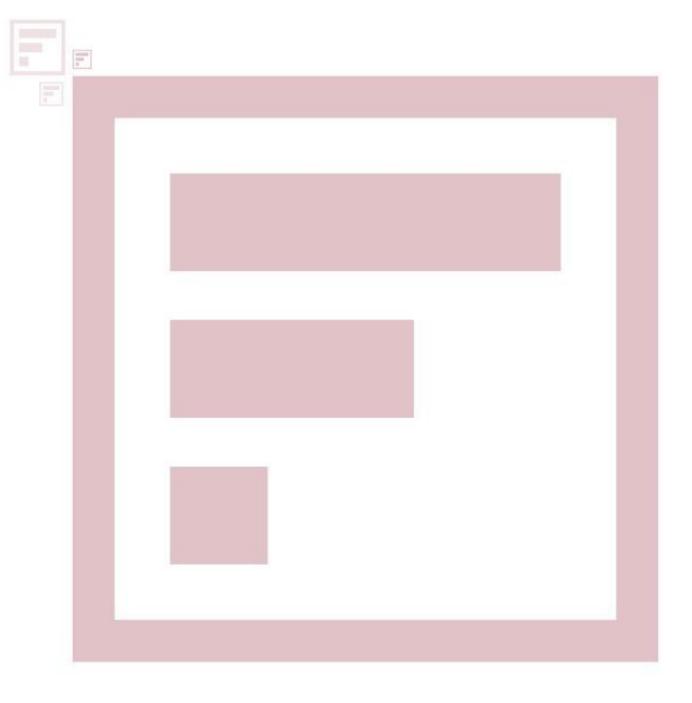




The combined entity has presence across the length and breadth of the country

Urban Bank Branches	114
Rural Bank Branches	92
ATMs	140
Asset Service Branches (Erstwhile Capital First Branches)	102
Rural BC Branches (IBL)	354
Other BC Branches	100





SECTION 7: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Income Statement

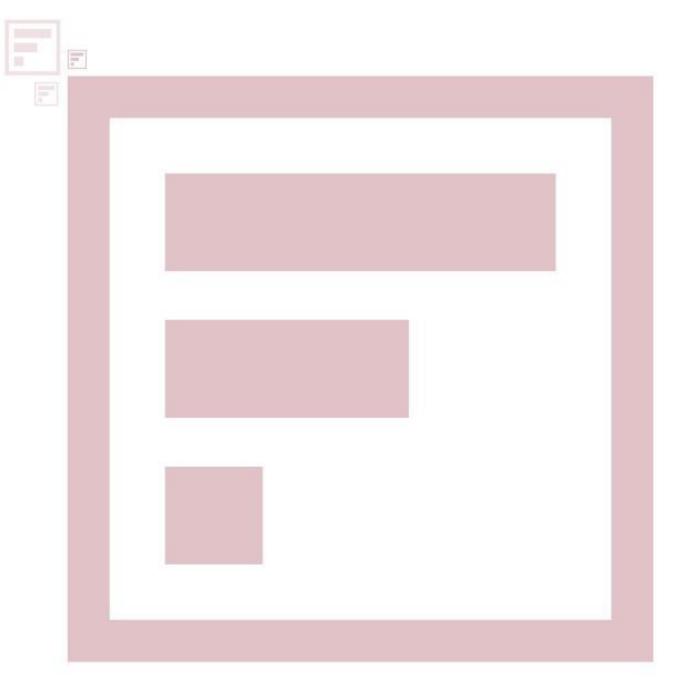
In INR Cr	Q3 FY19*
Interest Income	3,664
Interest Expenses	2,519
Net Interest Income	1,145
Fee & Other Income	301
Core Operating Income	1,446
Operating Expenses	1,142
Core Operating Profit	305
Trading Gain	3
Credit Provisions	338
Treasury MTM Provisions on AFS Book	(125)
Profit Before Tax & Exceptional Items	95
Exceptional Items	2,599
Profit Before Tax	(2,504)
Tax	(966)
Profit After Tax	(1,538)

^{*} The P&L for Q3-FY19 represents the combined financials of both merging entities- IDFC Bank and Capital First and are therefore not comparable with the previous quarters of either entities. Hence no reference has been provided for prior quarter or year. From the succeeding quarter, we will represent sequential and corresponding quarter's financials as applicable. The pro-forma results of both entities pre-merger have been provided earlier in the presentation.

Balance Sheet

In INR Cr	Dec-18*
Shareholders' Funds	18,376
Deposits	61,914
Borrowings	68,614
Other liabilities and provisions	8,012
Total Liabilities	1,56,916
Cash and Bank Balances	1,636
Net Retail and Wholesale Assets	1,01,694
Statutory Investments	21,456
Trading Investments	22,018
Fixed and Other Assets	10,112
Total Assets	1,56,916

^{*} The Balance Sheet as of 31 December 2018 represents the combined financials of both merging entities- IDFC Bank and Capital First and are therefore not comparable with the previous quarters of either entities. Hence no reference has been provided for prior quarter or year. From the succeeding quarter, we will represent sequential and corresponding quarter's financials as applicable. The pro-forma results of both entities pre-merger have been provided earlier in the presentation.



SECTION 8: DIRECTORS & SHAREHOLDERS



V Vaidyanathan, Managing Director & CEO



Mr. V. Vaidyanathan is the first Managing Director and CEO of IDFC FIRST Bank, a bank founded by the merger of Capital First and IDFC Bank in December 2018.

Prior to this role, he founded Capital First Limited by first acquiring an equity stake in an existing NBFC, and then executing a Management Buyout (MBO) by securing an equity backing of Rs. 810 crores in 2012 from PE Warburg Pincus. The MBO included (a) buyout of majority and minority shareholders through Open Offer to public; (b) Fresh capital raise of Rs. 100 crores into the company; (c) Reconstitution of the Board of Directors (d) Change of business from wholesale to retail lending; (e) Creation of a new brand "Capital First".

As part of his entrepreneurial journey, he left ICICI Group in 2010 and acquired a stake in a small start-up NBFC. He then exited legacy businesses of Real estate financing, Foreign Exchange, Broking, Investment management businesses and instead transformed the company into a large retail financing institution with operations in more than 225 locations across India. Between March 2010 to September 2018, he has grown the retail financing book from Rs. 94 crores (\$14 million) to Rs. 29,625 crores (\$4.06 billion), has grown the Equity Capital from Rs. 690 crores (\$106 million) to Rs. 2,928 crores (\$401.1 million) and reduced the Gross NPA and Net NPA from 5.36% & 3.78% to 1.94% & 1.00%. Under his leadership, Company's long term credit rating was upgraded four notches to AAA.

He joined ICICI Limited in early 2000 when it was a Domestic Financial Institution (DFI) and the retail businesses he built helped the transition of ICICI from a DFI to a Universal Bank. He built the Retail Banking Business for ICICI Limited since its inception, and grew ICICI Bank (post merger in 2002) to 1411 Bank branches in 800 cities, 25 million customers, a vast CASA and retail deposit base, branch, internet and digital banking, built a retail loan book of over Rs. 1,35,000 crores (\$20 billion) in Mortgages, Auto loans, Commercial Vehicles, Credit Cards, Personal Loans. In addition, he also built the SME business and managed the Rural Banking Business for the bank. These businesses helped the conversion of the institution to a universal bank renowned for retail banking.

He was appointed the Executive Director on the Board of ICICI Bank in 2006 and later became the Managing Director on the Board of ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Company in 2009. He was also the Chairman of ICICI Home Finance Co. Ltd (2006), and served on the Board of CIBIL- India's first Credit Bureau (2005), and SMERA- SIDBI's Credit Rating Agency (2005). He started his career with Citibank India in 1990 and worked there till 2000, where he learnt the ropes in Consumer Banking.

During his career, he and his organization have received a large number of domestic and international awards including the prestigious, "Transformational Leader 2018" by CFI Awards UK, "Most Inspirational Leveraged Management Buyout, India 2018" by CFI Awards, "Financial Services Company of the Year, 2018 - VC Circle", "Entrepreneur of the Year" Award at APEA 2017, CNBC Asia "Innovative company of the year" IBLA-2017, "Outstanding contribution to Financial Inclusion, India, 2017" from Capital Finance International, London, "Economic Times Most Promising Business Leaders of Asia" 2016, 'Outstanding Entrepreneur Award' in Asia Pacific Entrepreneurship Awards 2016, Greatest Corporate Leaders of India- 2014, Business Today - India's Most Valuable Companies 2016 & 2015, Economic Times 500 India's Future Ready Companies 2016, Fortune India's Next 500 Companies 2016, Dun & Bradstreet India's Top 500 Companies & Corporates 2016 & 2015. During his prior stint, awards included "Best Retail bank in Asia 2001", "Excellence in Retail Banking Award" 2002, "Best Retail Bank in India 2003, 2004, and 2005" from the Asian Banker, "Most Innovative Bank" 2007, "Leaders under 40" from Business Today in 2009, and was nominated "Retail Banker of the Year" by EFMA Europe for 2008. He is an alumnus of Birla Institute of Technology and Harvard Business School and is a regular contributor on Financial and Banking matters in India and international forums.

He is a regular marathoner and has run 22 half-marathons and 8 full marathons.

Board of Directors



DR. RAJIV B. LALL - PART-TIME NON-EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Dr. Rajiv Lall is the Non-Executive Chairman of IDFC Bank. He was the Founder MD & CEO of IDFC Bank from October 1, 2015 till December 18, 2018. Previously, he was the Executive Chairman of IDFC Limited. A veteran economist for 30 years, Dr. Lall has been an active part of the finance and policy landscape, both in India and internationally. In his diverse career, he has also held leadership roles in global investment banks and multilateral agencies.



MS. ANINDITA SINHARAY – NON-EXECUTIVE NON INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR (REPRESENTING THE GOVT. OF INDIA)

Ms. Anindita Sinharay is an Indian Statistical Service (2000) officer working as a Director in the Department of Financial Services, Ministry of Finance. She holds a post graduate degree in Statistics from the University of Calcutta. She has vast working experience of more than one decade in National Accounts Statistics in Central Statistics Office (CSO) and analysis of data of large scale sample surveys conducted by National Sample Survey Office (NSSO).



MR. SUNIL KAKAR - NON-EXECUTIVE NON INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR (REPRESENTING IDFC LIMITED)

Mr. Sunil Kakar is the Managing Director & CEO of IDFC Limited. He started his career at Bank of America where he worked in various roles, covering Business Planning & Financial Control, Branch Administration and Operations, Project Management and Internal Controls. After Bank of America, Mr. Kakar was the CFO at Max New York Life Insurance. He led numerous initiatives including Planning, Investments / Treasury, Finance and Accounting, Budgeting and MIS, Regulatory Reporting and Taxation.



MR. ANAND SINHA - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Anand Sinha joined the Reserve Bank of India in July 1976 and rose to become Deputy Governor in January 2011. He was Adviser in RBI up to April 2014 after demitting the office of Deputy Governor in RBI on 18th January 2014. As Deputy Governor, he was in-charge of regulation of commercial banks, Non-Banking Financial Companies, Urban Cooperative Banks and Information Technology, among others.



MR. HEMANG RAJA - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Hemang Raja, is an MBA from Abeline Christian University, Texas, with a major emphasis on finance. Mr. Raja has also been the head of Capital Market activities in the Institutional and Retail Segments when he started and became the Managing Director and CEO of the then newly formed initiative by IL&FS, namely IL&FS Investsmart Ltd. His last assignment from the year 2006 onwards was in the area of Private Equity and Fund Management business with Credit Suisse and Asia Growth Capital Advisers in India as MD and Head - India.

Board of Directors



DR.(MRS.) BRINDA JAGIRDAR - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Dr. (Mrs.) Brinda Jagirdar, is an independent consulting economist with specialization in areas relating to the Indian economy and financial intermediation. She is on the Governing Council of Treasury Elite, a knowledge sharing platform for finance and treasury professionals. She retired as General Manager and Chief Economist, State Bank of India, based at its Corporate Office in Mumbai. She has a brilliant academic record, with a Ph.D. in Economics from the Department of Economics, University of Mumbai, M.S. in Economics from the University of California at Davis, USA, M.A. in Economics from Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Pune and B.A. in Economics from Fergusson College, Pune. She has attended an Executive Programme at the Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, USA and a leadership programme at IIM Lucknow.



MR. ABHIJIT SEN - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Abhijit Sen recently retired from Citi India after serving as the Chief Financial Officer - India Subcontinent for over 18 years. In this role he was responsible for the Finance function in India, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka for the entire Citi franchise including Controllership, Corporate Treasury, Financial Planning, Product Control and Tax.



MR. DESH RAJ DOGRA - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. D.R. Dogra retired in 2016, as Managing Director and CEO of CARE Ratings, which is the second largest credit rating agency in India in terms of rating income. After a stint of 15 years in Dena Bank, he joined CARE in 1993. He has over 38 years of experience in the financial sector in the areas of banking and credit rating. He holds a Bachelor's and a Master's degree in Agriculture from Himachal Pradesh University and MBA from Faculty of Management Studies, University of Delhi. He is a certified associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers.



MS. VEENA MANKAR - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Ms. Veena Mankar is a Banking and Financial Services professional with expertise in trade and structured finance, financing for MSMEs and microfinance. She has over 35 years of experience in financial services with banks and financial institutions and as a strategic consultant. She was appointed on the Board of IDFC Bank as an Independent Director w.e.f July 27, 2015.

Board of Directors



MR. PRAVIR VOHRA - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Pravir Vohra is a postgraduate in Economics from St. Stephen's College, University of Delhi and a Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers. He began his career in banking with State Bank of India where he worked for over 23 years. He held various senior level positions in business as well as technology within the bank, both in India and abroad. The late 1990s saw Mr. Vohra as Vice President in charge of the Corporate Services group at Times Bank Ltd. In January 2000, he moved to the ICICI Bank group where he headed a number of functions like the Retail Technology Group and Technology Management Group. From 2005 till 2012 he was the President and Group CTO at ICICI Bank.



MR. AASHISH KAMAT - INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Aashish Kamat has over 30 years of experience in the corporate world, with 24 years being in banking and financial services and 6 years in public accounting. Mr. Kamat was the Country Head for UBS India, from 2012 until his early retirement in January 2018. Prior to that he was the Regional COO/CFO for Asia Pacific at JP Morgan based out of Hong Kong. Before moving to Hong Kong, Mr. Kamat was in New York, where is was the Global Controller for the Investment Bank (IB) at JP Morgan in New York; and at Bank of America as the Global CFO for the IB, and, Consumer and Mortgage Products. Mr. Kamat started his career with Coopers & Lybrand, a public accounting firm, in 1988 before he joined JP Morgan in 1994.



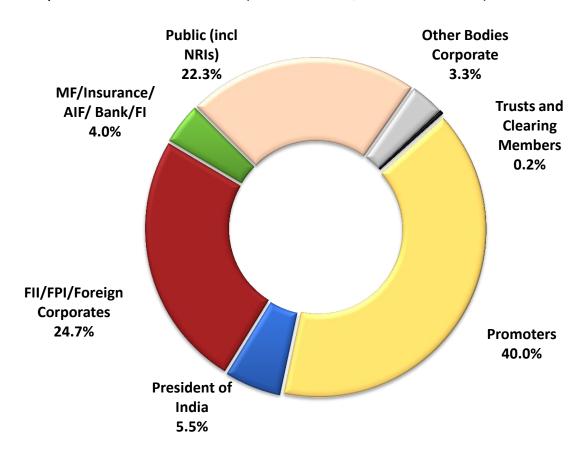
MR. VISHAL MAHADEVIA - NON-EXECUTIVE NON INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Mr. Vishal Mahadevia joined Warburg Pincus in 2006 and is a member of the firm's executive management group. Previously, he was a Principal at Greenbriar Equity Group, a fund focused on private equity investments in the transportation sector. Prior to that, Mr. Mahadevia worked at Three Cities Research, a New York-based private equity fund, and as a consultant with McKinsey & Company. He received a B.S. in economics with a concentration in finance and a B.S. in electrical engineering from the University of Pennsylvania

SECTION 8: BOARD & SHAREHOLDERS

Current Shareholding Pattern

Scrip Name: IDFC FIRST Bank (BSE: 5394437, NSE:IDFCFIRSTB)



Key shareholders	% Holding		
IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited	40.00		
Warburg Pincus through its affiliated entities	9.99		
President of India	5.47		
GIC Singapore	3.94		
Platinum Asset Management	1.85		
Aditya Birla Asset Management	1.75		
Vanguard	1.41		
V Vaidyanathan*	1.19		
Dimensional Fund Advisors	0.81		
iShares	0.68		
LIC	0.61		

Total # of shares as of 5th January 2018: 478,15,21,604 Book Value per Share as of 31st December 2018: Rs. 38.43

^{*}Including shares amounting to 0.14% of the Bank transferred by him to a Social Welfare Trust where he is a Trustee.



Since Capital First business model and profitability trends will form an important part of the new business trajectory, we present to you the business model and financial trends of Capital First Limited. These slides are essentially an extract of the last official investor presentation of Capital First prior to the merger (Period ending Q2 FY18.)



History of Capital First Limited

The Company was first listed on Stock Exchanges in January 2008. Between 2010 to 2012, Mr Vaidyanathan acquired a stake in the company and executed a Management Buyout (MBO) of the Company with equity backing of Rs. 810 Crore from Warburg Pincus, and created a new brand and entity called Capital First. As part of the MBO, the company raised fresh equity, reconstituted a new Board and got new shareholders, including open offer to public. A brief history of the company is as follows:

2008-10	The Company was largely in the business of Wholesale Financing, PE, Asset Management, Foreign Exchange and Retail Equity Broking. The total AUM of the Company was Rs. 935 crores of which Retail AUM was 10%, Rs. 94 crores.
2010-11	Mr. V Vaidyanathan joined the Company and prepared the ground for executing a Management Buyout by taking significant corporate actions including divesting Forex JV to JV partner, merging a subsidiary NBFC with itself, by winding down other non core businesses and launching retail businesses in the Company. The Company launched technology driven financial businesses for the consumer and SME segments. The Retail loan book crossed Rs. 700 crores by March 2011. The Company presented this as proof of concept to many global private equity players for Buyout.
2011-12	The company continued to present the concept to prospective PE players throughout the year. The Company undertook additional corporate actions and further wound down non-core business subsidiaries and launched more retail financing businesses. The concept, model and volume of retail financing businesses gained traction and reached to Rs. 3,660 crores, 44% of the overall AUM.
2012-13	Mr. Vaidyanathan secured equity backing of Rs. 810 billion from Warburg Pincus for an MBO and thus Capital First was founded. As part of the transaction an open offer was launched, the Company raised Rs. 100 Cr of fresh equity capital, a new Board was reconstituted and a new brand and entity "Capital First" was created.
2013-14	The Company further raised Rs. 178 Cr as fresh equity at Rs. 153/ share. It acquired HFC license from NHB and launched housing finance business under its wholly owned subsidiary.
2014-15	Company's Assets under Management reached Rs. ~12,000 Cr and the number of customers financed since inception crossed 10 lacs. The Company raised Rs. 300 Crores through QIP at Rs. 390 per share from marquee foreign and domestic investors.
2015-16	The Company received recognition as "Business Today – India's most Valuable Companies 2015" and "Dun & Bradstreet – India's top 500 Companies, 2015". The Company scrip was included in S&P BSE 500 Index.
2016-17	Company's Assets under Management reached ~ Rs. 20,000 Cr and the number of customers financed since inception crossed 4.0 million. The Company raised fresh equity capital of Rs. 340 Cr from GIC, Singapore through preferential allotment @ Rs. 712 per share. The Company received recognition as "CNBC Asia – Innovative Company of the Year, IBLA, 2017", "Economic Times – 500 India's Future Ready Companies 2016" and "Fortune India's Next 500 Companies, 2016".
2017-18	The Company's Asset Under Management touch ~Rs. 27,000 Cr and number of customers financed crossed 6.0 million. The Company received "Best BFSI Brand Award 2018" at The Economic Times Best BFSI Brand Awards 2018 and "Financial Services Company of the Year 2018" at VC Circle Awards 2018. In January 2018, the Company announced the merger with IDFC Bank subject to regulatory approvals.

History of Capital First Limited

From 31-March-2010 to 31-Mar-2018, the company has transformed across all key parameters including:

•	The total Capital has grown	from Rs. 691 Cr to Rs. 3	3,993 Cr
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The Assets under Management increased from Rs. 935 Cr to Rs. 26,997 Cr

The retail Assets Under Management increased from Rs. 94 Cr to Rs. 25,243 Cr

The long term credit rating has upgraded from A+ to AAA

The number of lenders increased from 5 to 297

• The Gross NPA reduced from 5.28% (180 DPD) to 1.62% (90 DPD)

• The Net NPA reduced from 3.78% (180 DPD) to 1.00% (90 DPD)

Cumulative customers financed reached
 over 60 lacs

The growth of the key parameters are as follows:

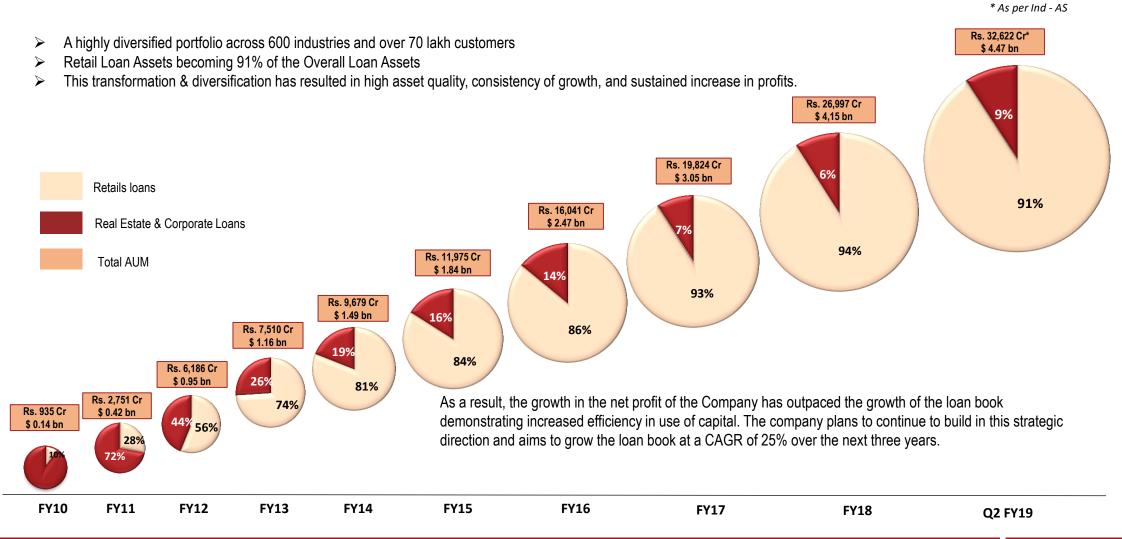
Total Asset Under Management has grown at a CAGR (FY13-FY18) of
 29% from Rs. 7,510 Cr (FY13) to Rs. 26,997 Cr (FY18)

Total Income has grown at a CAGR (FY13-FY18) of 47% from Rs. 357.5 Cr (FY13) to Rs. 2429.6 Cr (FY18)

Profit After Tax has grown at a CAGR (FY13-FY18) of 39% from Rs. 63.1 Cr (FY13) to Rs. 327.4 Cr (FY18)

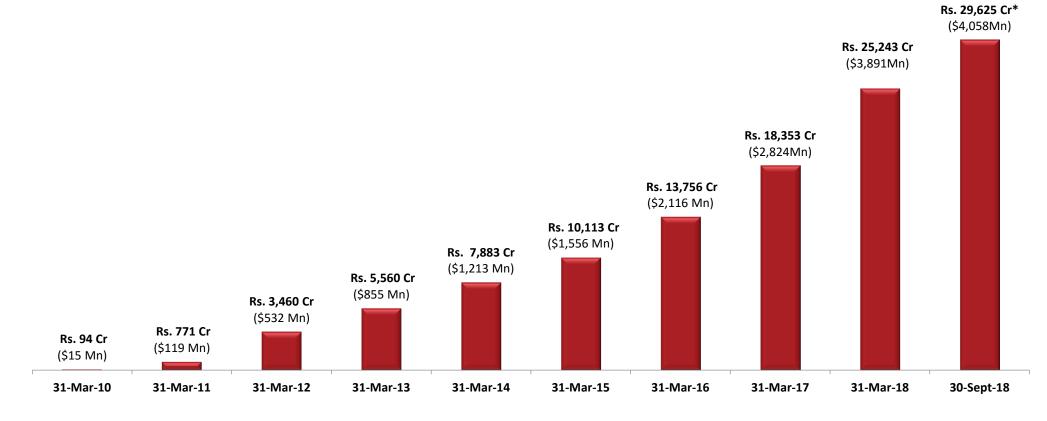
Earning Per Share has grown at a CAGR (FY13-FY18) of
 30% from Rs. 9 (FY13) to Rs. 33 (FY18)

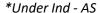
Over the last Eight years the company has consistently stayed with the founding theme of financing self-employed entrepreneurs, MSMEs and consumers through the platform of technology & has grown the retail franchise



Growth in Retail Assets

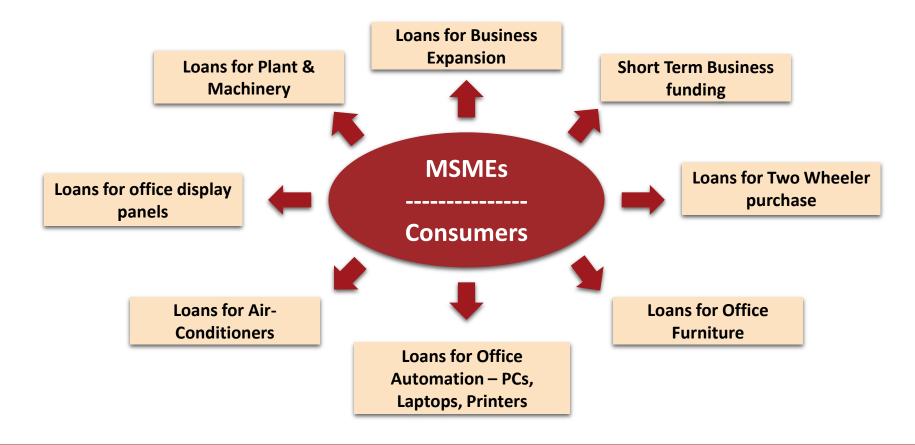
The company's product launches have been highly successful in the marketplace and the company has emerged as a significant player in Indian retail financial services within eight years of inception with the Retail Loan Book crossing Rs. 29,625 Crores (USD 4.06 bn)





Capital First provided financing to select segments that are traditionally underserved by the existing financing system

Traditionally these end uses are underserved by the financial system as ticket sizes are small, credit evaluation is difficult, collections is difficult, and business is often unviable owing to huge operating and credit costs.



MSME Financing – A key area of Focus

Capital First has emerged as a Specialized Player in financing MSMEs by offering different products for their various financing needs

Typical Loan Ticket Size From CFL

Typical Customer Profile

Rs. 10 lacs - Rs. 2 crores

To Small and Medium Entrepreneurs financing based on customised cash flow analysis and references from the SME's customers, vendors, suppliers.

Rs. 1 lakh - Rs. 10 lacs

To Small Entrepreneurs/ partnership firms in need of immediate funds, for say, purchase of additional inventory for an unexpected large order.

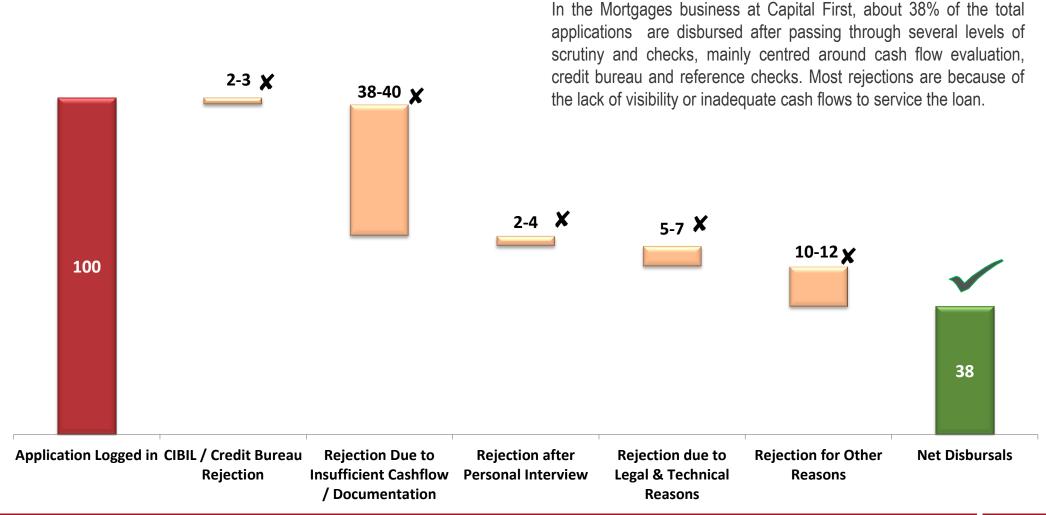
Rs. 15k - Rs. 1 lakh

To Micro business owners and consumers for purchase of office PC, office furniture, Tablets, Two-Wheeler, etc.

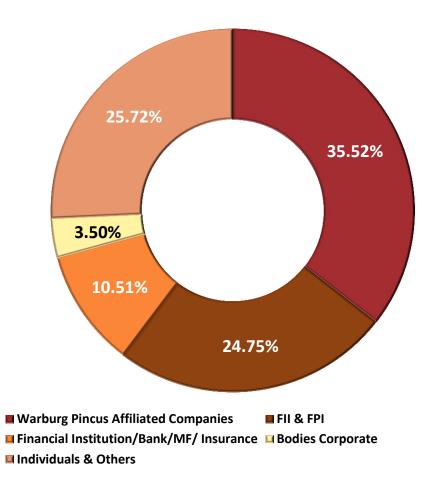
Key Product Offerings

Products		Key Features	Average Loan Average Ticket Size Loan Tenor (Rs.) (Months)		Average Loan to Value Ratio (%)	Challenges	
MSME Loans		 CFL provides long term loans to MSMEs after proper evaluation of cash flows. Backed by collateral of residential or commercial property. Monthly amortizing products with no moratorium. CFL also provides unsecured short tenure working capital loans to MSMEs. 	7,400,000 (\$ 114,000)	60*	45%	Evaluation of cash flows is a key challenge for credit appraisal of MSMEs. Businesses may undergo reverses over lifetime of the loan that may affect repayments	
Two Wheeler Loans		CFL provides financing to salaried segment as well as self employed individuals like small traders, shop keepers for purchase of new two-wheelers.	53,000 (\$815)	24	72%	High collection effort and costs as the collection efforts required are significant due to small ticket size and large number of customers running into millions. Operating expenditure is also very high.	
Consumer Durable Loans		■ CFL provides financing to salaried and self-employed customers for purchasing of LCD/LED panels, Laptops, Air-conditioners and other such white good products. They are also availed by small entrepreneurs for official purposes.	22,000 (\$338)	12	77%	High collection efforts and cost as the collection efforts required are significant due to small ticket size and large number of customers running into millions. Operating expenditure is also very high.	

Rigorous Credit Underwriting Process helps in maintaining high asset quality



Reputed marquee FIIs and DIIs have invested in CFL



Total # of shares as of 30 September, 2018: 9,90,52,644 Book Value per Share as per Ind AS : Rs. 296 (US\$4.05)

Key Shareholders of Capital First Limited (as of 30 September 2018)

Warburg Pincus, through its affiliate entities

V. Vaidyanathan

GIC, Sovereign Wealth Fund, Singapore

Government Pension Fund Global, Norway

Birla Asset Management, India

HDFC Mutual Fund, India

Vanguard, USA

Jupiter Asset Management, UK

TIAA, USA

DSP Blackrock, India

MV SCIF, Mauritius

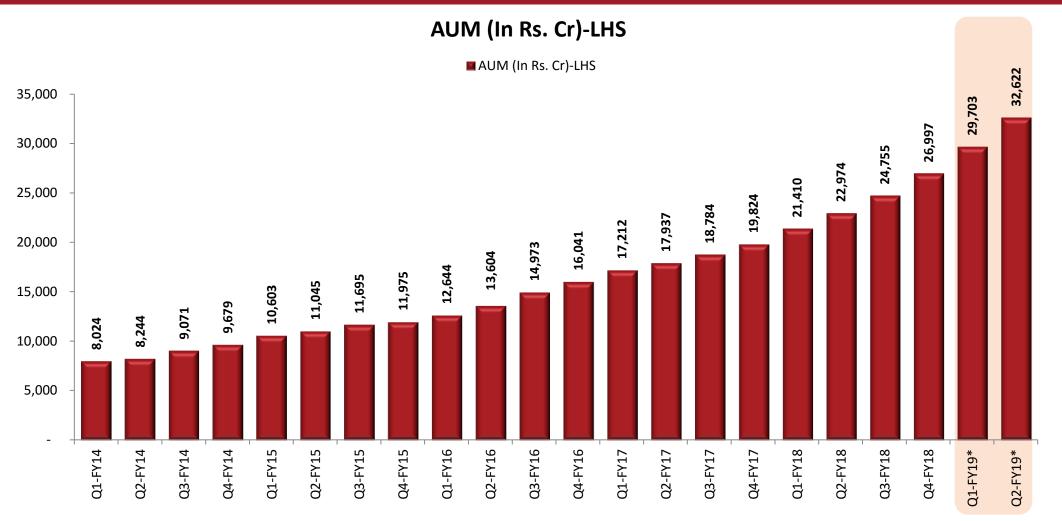
Dimensions Group, USA

Kotak Mutual fund, India

ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund, India

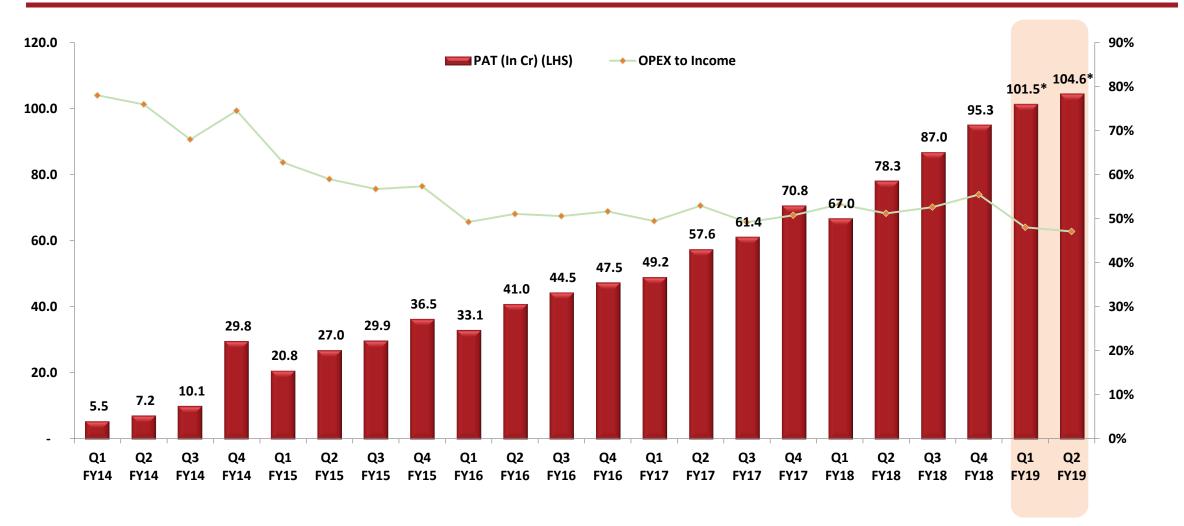
JOM Silkkitie, Finland

The Asset Under Management has consistently grown at a 5 year CAGR of 29%.



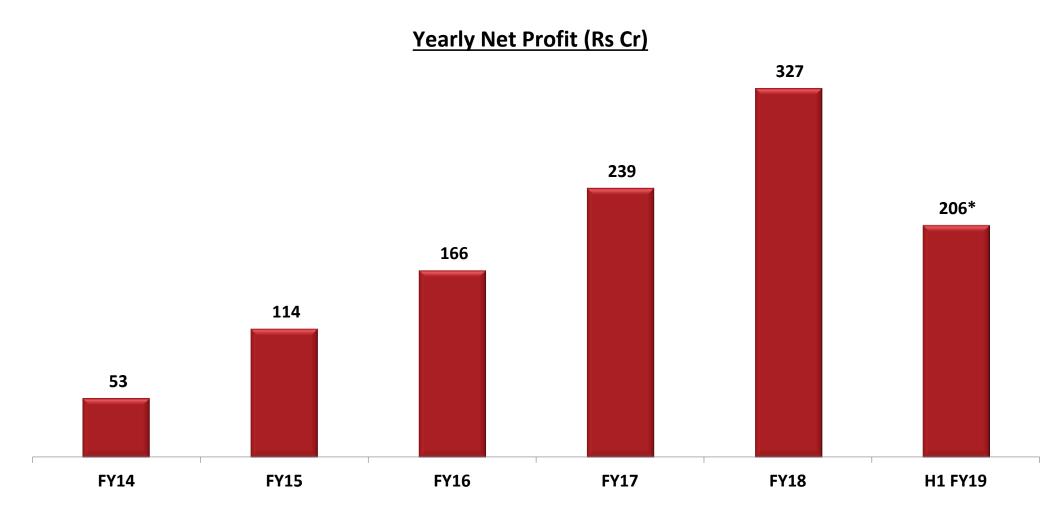
^{*}Highlighted figures are based on Indian AS in comparison to quarterly figures for earlier periods based on Indian GAAP.

The Profit After Tax has grown steadily with improvement in Cost to Income ratio



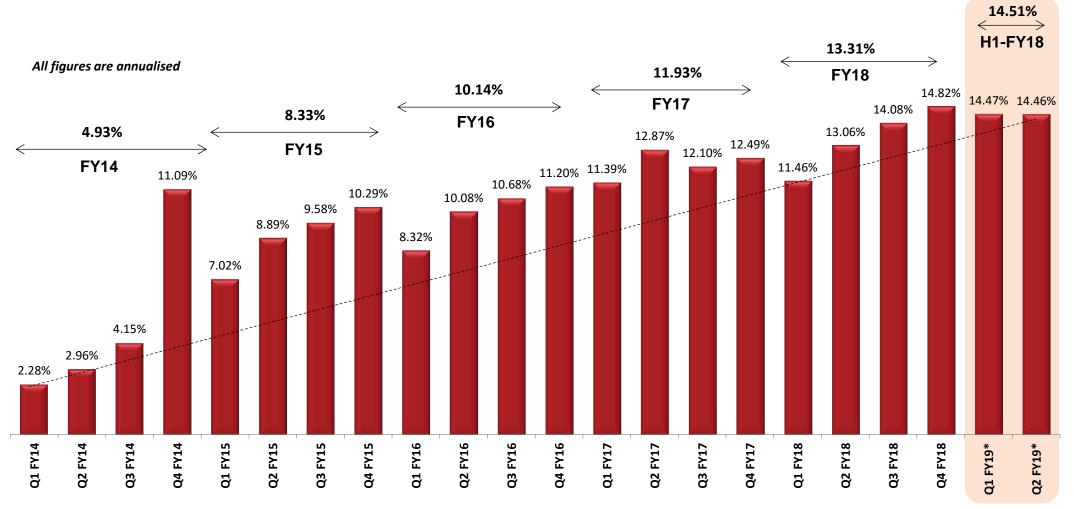
^{*}Figures for Q1 FY19 and Q2 FY19 are based on Ind AS and earlier periods are under Indian GAAP

Yearly Profit Growth Trend..



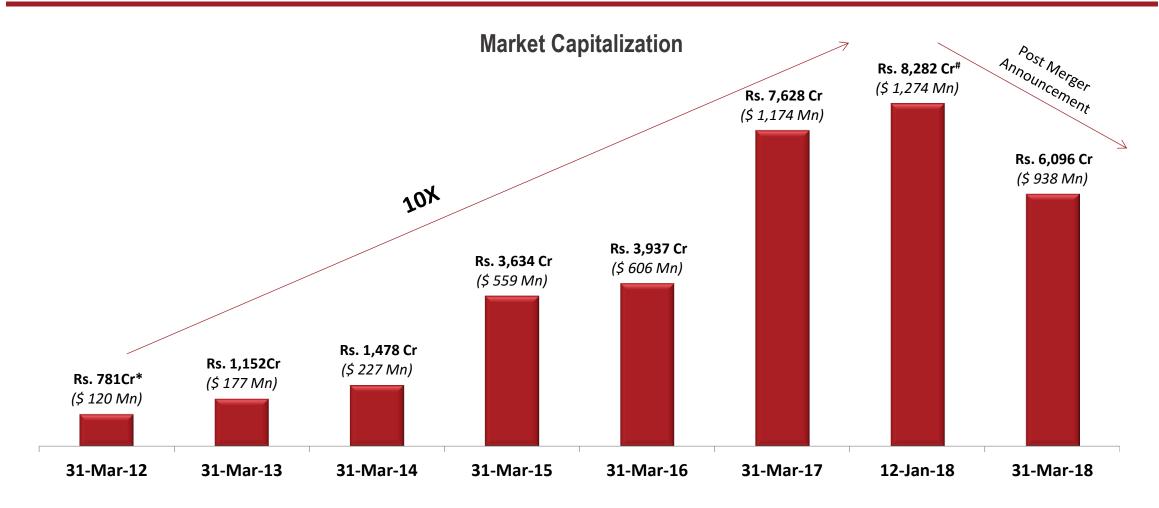
^{*}Figures for H1-FY19 are based on Ind AS and earlier periods are under Indian GAAP

With enhanced business operations, the Return on Equity has continuously improved over the quarters...



^{*}Highlighted figures are based on Indian AS in comparison to quarterly figures for earlier periods based on Indian GAAP.

The Market Cap of the Company grew more than 10X in the last 6 years...

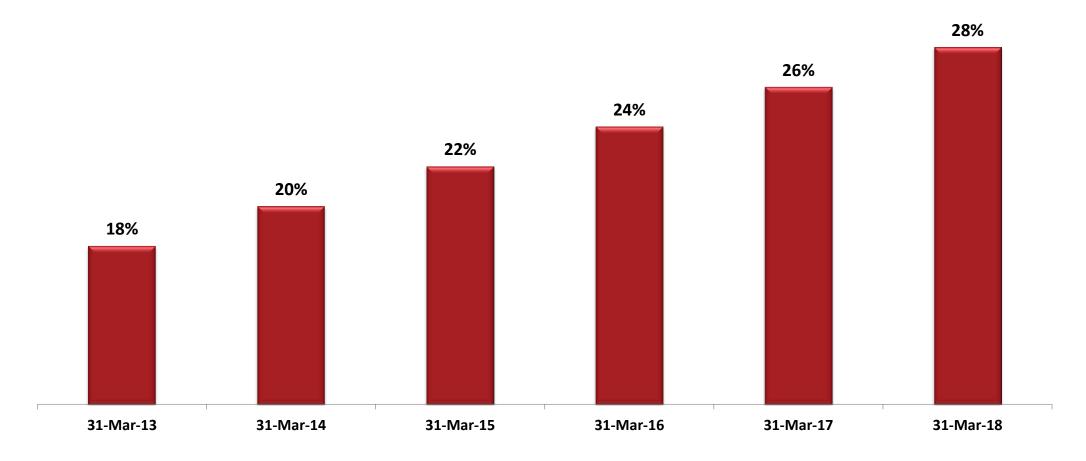


^{*} Last date of Financial Year immediately preceding the Management Buyout # Market Cap on the day before the announcement of merger with IDFC Bank (Jan 13, 2018).



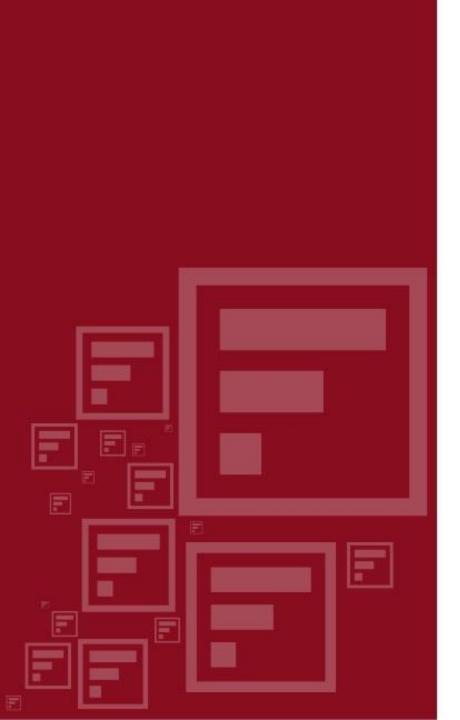
The Company has been steadily increasing dividend pay-out every year..

Dividend (as % of face value per share)



With the increasing assets size, returns have shown a consistent growth over the last six years...

	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	CAGR
AUM (Rs. Cr)	7,510	9,679	11,975	16,041	19,824	26,997	29%
Total Income (Rs. Cr)	357.3	422.2	658.8	991.8	1,640.3	2,429.6	47%
PAT (Rs. Cr)	63.1	52.6	114.3	166.2	238.9	327.4	39%
Earning per Share (Rs.)	9.00	6.37	12.56	18.24	24.53	33.34	30%
Market Cap (Rs. Cr)	1,152	1,478	3,634	3,937	7,628	6,096	40%



THANK YOU

