

722/AGM/2025 July 30, 2025

The Asst. Vice President,
National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E)
MUMBAI - 400 051

Department of Corporate Services - CR BSE Limited, Floor 25, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street MUMBAI - 400 001

Dear Sir/Madam,

Company's Scrip Code in BSE : 530011

Company's Symbol in NSE : MANGCHEFER ISIN : INE558B01017

Sub: Notice of the 58th Annual General Meeting & Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2025

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015, please find enclosed the Notice of the 58th Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on August 21, 2025 at 2.30 P.M through Video Conferencing ("VC")/Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") and the Annual Report of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025.

The said Notice and Annual Report are also placed on the website of the Company www.mangalorechemicals.com.

We request you to take the above on record.

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully,

For Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited

Vighneshwar G Bhat Company Secretary

Encl: As above



ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25





Directors Akshay Poddar, Chairman

> Nitin M Kantak, Whole-time Director D A Prasanna, Independent Director Marco Wadia, Independent Director

N Suresh Krishnan, Director

Kiran Dhingra, Independent Director

Company Secretary Vighneshwar G Bhat T M Muralidharan **Chief Financial Officer Bankers** State Bank of India

Bank of India

Puniab National Bank Axis Bank Limited

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

RBL Bank Limited IndusInd Bank Limited **IDFC First Bank Limited ICICI Bank Limited IDBI Bank Limited** Yes Bank Limited

Statutory Auditors PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP **Cost Auditor** Y. K. Venkatesh, Bengaluru

Secretarial Auditor Kedarnath & Karthik

Registered Office Level 11, UB Tower, UB City,

No. 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bengaluru - 560 001 Tel. No. 080-4585 5599 Fax No. 080-4585 5588

email: shares.mcfl@adventz.com Website: www.mangalorechemicals.com

CIN: L24123KA1966PLC002036

Works Panambur, Mangaluru - 575 010

> Tel. No. 0824-2220 600 Fax No. 0824-2407 938

Share Transfer Agent Cameo Corporate Services Limited

Subramanian Building

No.1, Club House Road, Chennai – 600 002 Tel. No. 044-4002 0700, Fax No. 044-2846 0129 Queries: https://wisdom.cameoindia.com

Website: www.cameoindia.com

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

To

The Members,

Notice is hereby given that the Fifty Eighth (58th) Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("the Company") will be held on **Thursday, August 21, 2025 at 2.30 P.M. (IST)** through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To declare dividend on the equity shares for the financial year 2024-25.
- 3. To re-appoint Mr. Akshay Poddar (DIN: 00008686), who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment and in this regard, consider and if thought fit pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Akshay Poddar (DIN: 00008686), who retires by rotation at the meeting, being eligible, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

4. Appointment of Secretarial Auditor of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act 2013 (as amended or reenacted from time to time) read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014, as amended and Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and pursuant to the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik, Practicing Company Secretaries (FRN: P2023KR098600), be and are hereby appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company, to hold office for a period of 5 years from April 01, 2025.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to fix the remuneration of Secretarial Auditor and their terms of engagement according to the scope of their services as Secretarial Auditor and other permissible assignments, if any, in line with prevailing rules and regulations made in this regard.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors is authorized to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

5. Payment of remuneration to Directors other than Managing/Whole-Time Directors

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 197, 198 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, Regulation 17(6) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Article 109 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the approval of the members be and is hereby accorded for payment of remuneration to Directors (whether existing or future) other than the Managing / Whole-time Directors, collectively up to 1% of the net profits computed in the manner referred to in Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, for each financial year over a period of three (3) financial years commencing from FY 2025-26 subject to Company achieving budgeted profits for respective financial years, in such proportion / manner as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company and subject to a maximum of INR 5,00,000 per annum per Director, payable at such periodicity as the Board may deem fit and for the period less than a year in any financial year, the amount shall be prorated.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT such remuneration to be paid to its Directors (whether existing or future) other than the Managing/ Whole-time Directors will be in addition to the payment of sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses, if any, to the Directors for attending the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees thereof.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors, or the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board, be and are hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary to give effect to this Resolution and to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.



6. Ratification of payment of remuneration to Cost Auditor

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of the Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), payment of remuneration of INR 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs only) exclusive of applicable tax and other statutory levies, if any, and reimbursement of actual expenses incurred on travel, accommodation and other out-of-pocket expenses to Mr. Y K Venkatesh, Cost Accountant (Membership Number 5294), for conducting audit of cost records of the Company for the financial year 2025-26, be and is hereby ratified and confirmed.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors is authorized to take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution.

By order of the Board of Directors

Registered Office: Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24,

Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore - 560001 CIN: L24123KA1966PLC002036

May 07, 2025

Vighneshwar G BhatCompany Secretary
Membership No.: A16651

NOTES:

- 1. An explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") is annexed hereto. Additional information, pursuant to Regulation 36 of the Listing Regulations in respect of the Director seeking re-appointment at the AGM, forms part of this Notice
- 2. Pursuant to the circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022, Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022, Circular No. 09/2023 dated September 25, 2023 and Circular No. 09/2024 dated September 19, 2024 (hereinafter collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), the Company is convening 58th AGM through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM through the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the AGM by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shares), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc., who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to above mentioned MCA Circulars and Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Circulars dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022 January 05, 2023, October 07, 2023 and October 03, 2024 the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as Body Corporates, Partnership Firms, Company, the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. The Notice of the 58th Annual General Meeting along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 is being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s) in accordance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and circulars issued by SEBI. The Notice calling the AGM and Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.mangalorechemicals.com. The Notice and Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and <a href="https
- 7. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the route map, proxy form and attendance slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 8. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(5) and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013, the dividend amount remaining unclaimed/unpaid for a period of seven years from the due date of payment shall be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)



established by Central Government. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(6) and Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred by the Company to the IEPF within 30 days of they becoming due to be transferred.

The members who have a claim on the above dividends and/or shares may claim the same from the IEPF Authority by submitting an online application in web Form No. IEPF-5 which is available on the website of MCA Authority at www.mca.gov.in and by sending a physical copy of the same, duly signed by them to the Company, along with requisite documents enumerated in the Form IEPF-5.

9. The Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amount lying with the Company as on March 31, 2024 on the website of the Company at http://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/investor_unclaimed_unpaid_dividend as well as on the website of IEPF Authority at www.iepf.gov.in. The unclaimed dividend pertaining to the financial year 2017-18 is due for transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund and the same can be claimed from the Company on or before the due date.

Following are the details of dividends declared by the Company and respective due dates for transfer of unclaimed dividend to IEPF:

Dividend year	Date of declaration of dividend	Due date for transfer to IEPF
31-03-2018	06-09-2018	10-10-2025
31-03-2019	27-08-2019	29-09-2026
31-03-2020	15-09-2020	15-10-2027
31-03-2021	16-09-2021	21-10-2028
31-03-2022	13-09-2022	17-10-2029
31-03-2023	26-09-2023	29-10-2030
31-03-2024	26-09-2024	28-10-2031

- 10. Members who have neither received nor encashed their dividend warrant(s) in respect of the earlier years, are requested to make a request letter to the Company/RTA, mentioning the relevant Folio number or DP ID and Client ID, in order to credit the unpaid/unclaimed dividend to the bank account directly. As and when the amount is due, it will be transferred by the Company to Investor Education and Protection Fund. No claim thereof shall lie against the Company after such transfer.
- 11. Members are advised to avail the facility for receipt of future dividends through National Electronic Clearing Services (NECS). The ECS facility is available at specified locations. Shareholders holding shares in electronic form are requested to contact their respective Depository Participant for availing NECS facility. The Company or its RTA cannot act on any request received directly from the members holding shares in electronic form for any change of bank particulars or bank mandates.
- 12. As per Master Circular for Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents dated May 07, 2024 issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for all holders of physical shares in the Company to furnish PAN, Nomination, Contact details (Postal Address with PIN and Mobile Number), Bank account details and specimen signatures for their corresponding folio numbers of physical securities. The concerned members holding shares of the Company in physical form, are required to submit forms duly completed in all respects, to the Company or RTA for registration/updation of their details. A copy of such forms can be downloaded from the website of the Company at http://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/investor forms format or from the website of our RTA at https://cameoindia.com/registry-and-share-transfer. Members holding shares in demat mode may register/update their email address and/or bank account details through their DP.

The shareholders who are holding the shares in physical mode may note that, the dividend declared at the AGM will be paid only through electronic mode. In case any of the aforesaid documents/details are not submitted/updated, the dividend declared by the Company will not be paid until such shareholder furnish the aforesaid KYC details/documents. Upon updation of the KYC, the dividend will be remitted directly to the bank account of such shareholder.

- 13. The Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available electronically for inspection by the Members through the login credentials for attending the meeting during the time of AGM.
- 14. To support the 'Green Initiative' and to receive all documents, Notices, including Annual Reports and other communications of the Company, investors should register their e-mail addresses with RTA if shares are held in physical mode or with the Depository Participant, if the shares are held in electronic mode.
- 15. On and from April 1, 2019, requests for effecting transfer of securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the



dematerialised form. In addition to that, as per the recent amendments to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR) effective January 24, 2022 and SEBI's Circular dated January 25, 2022, it has been mandated that listed companies shall henceforth issue the securities in dematerialized form only while processing the service requests for (a) issue of duplicate securities certificate; (b) claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account; (c) renewal/exchange of securities certificate; (d) endorsement; (e) sub-division/splitting of securities certificate; (f) consolidation of securities certificates/folios; (g) transmission and (h) transposition.

In accordance with the said Circular, our RTA shall verify and process the service requests and thereafter issue a 'Letter of confirmation' in lieu of physical securities certificate(s), to the securities holder/claimant. Such 'Letter of Confirmation' shall be valid for a period of 120 days from the date of its issuance, within which the securities holder/claimant shall make a request to the Depository Participant for dematerializing the said securities, failing which the Company/RTA will credit the securities to the Suspense Escrow Demat Account of the Company.

- 16. The Record date is August 14, 2025 and Register of Members and Share Transfer Books will remain closed from August 15, 2025 to August 21, 2025 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determination of members who are entitled to receive the dividend for the financial year 2024-25, if declared.
- 17. Members may note that the Income Tax Act, 1961, ("the IT Act") as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, mandates that dividends paid or distributed by a Company after April 01, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of members. The Company shall therefore be required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the time of making the payment of final dividend. In order to enable us to determine the appropriate TDS rate as applicable, members are requested to submit the requisite documents in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act.

For resident shareholders, taxes shall be deducted at source under Section 194 of the IT Act as follows:

Members having valid PAN	10%* or as notified by the Government of India (GOI)
Members not having PAN/valid PAN	20% or as notified by the GOI

*As per Section 139AA of the IT Act, every person who has been allotted a PAN and who is eligible to obtain Aadhaar, shall be required to link the PAN with Aadhaar. In case of failure to comply with this, the PAN allotted shall be deemed to be invalid/inoperative and he shall be liable to all consequences under the IT Act and tax shall be deducted at the higher rates as provided in section 206AA of the IT Act, 1961 i.e., 20% of tax deduction at source.

However, no tax shall be deducted on the dividend payable to resident individual shareholders if the total dividend to be received by them during Financial Year 2025-26 does not exceed INR 10,000 and also in cases where members provide Form 15G/Form 15H (Form 15H is applicable to resident individual shareholders aged 60 years or more), subject to conditions specified in the IT Act. Resident shareholders may also submit any other document as prescribed under the IT Act to claim a lower/nil withholding of tax. PAN is mandatory for members providing Form 15G/15H or any other document as mentioned above.

For non-resident shareholders, taxes are required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of Section 195 and other applicable sections of the IT Act, at the rates in force. The withholding tax shall be at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or as notified by the GOI on the amount of dividend payable. However, as per Section 90 of the IT Act, non-resident shareholders have the option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Tax Avoidance Agreement (DTAA), read with Multilateral Instrument (MLI) between India and the country of tax residence of the shareholders, if they are more beneficial to them. For this purpose, i.e. to avail the benefits under the DTAA read with MLI, non-resident shareholders will have to provide the following:

- Copy of the PAN card allotted by the Indian income tax authorities duly attested by the shareholders or details as prescribed under rule 37BC of the Income-tax Rules, 1962.
- Copy of the Tax Residency Certificate for Financial Year 2025-26 obtained from the revenue or tax authorities of the country of tax residence, duly attested by shareholders.
- Electronic Form 10F as per notification no. 03/2022 dated July 16, 2022 issued by the Central Board of Direct Tax [Notification can be read under notification no 3-2022-systems.pdf (incometaxindia.gov.in)]. Form 10F can be obtained electronically through the e-filing portal of the income tax website at https://www.incometax.gov.in/iec/foportal.
- Self-declaration by the shareholders of having no permanent establishment in India in accordance with the applicable tax treaty.
- Self-declaration of beneficial ownership by the non-resident shareholder.
- Any other documents as prescribed under the IT Act for lower withholding of taxes, if applicable, duly attested by the shareholders.

In case of Foreign Institutional Investors (FII)/Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI), tax will be deducted under Section 196D of the IT Act at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or the rate provided in relevant DTAA, read with MLI, whichever is more beneficial, subject to the submission of the above documents, if applicable.

The aforementioned documents are required to be sent to Company or to the Share Transfer Agent before August 20, 2025.

The resident shareholders can upload the above said Form on the registrar's website – http://investors.cameoindia.com or by emailing the same to investor@cameoindia.com by August 20, 2025.



18. Voting Process:

A. Process and manner for members opting to vote electronic means:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.

a. THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- (i) The remote e-voting period begins on Monday, August 18, 2025 at 9.00 A.M. (IST) and ends on Wednesday, August 20, 2025 at 5.00 P.M. (IST). During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of August 14, 2025 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote during the meeting.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email ID in their demat accounts in order to access e-voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of Shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi/Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi/Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab.
with CDSL Depository	2) After successful login the Easi/Easiest user will be able to see the e-voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by Company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-voting page of the e-voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-voting service providers' website directly.



	 If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-voting services. Click on "Access to e-voting" under e-voting services and you will be able to see e-voting page. Click on Company name or e-voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	 If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS" Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReq.jsp.
	3) Visit the e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-voting page. Click on Company name or e-voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-voting option. Once you click on e-voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-voting feature. Click on Company name or e-voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/Password are advised to use Forgot User ID and Forgot Password option available at above mentioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022 - 4886 7000 and 022 - 2499 7000.



- **Step 2**: Access through CDSL e-voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- (v) Login method for e-voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID.
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any Company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat	
PAN	 Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable to both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participal are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Compan RTA. 	
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	 Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the Company records in order to login. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or Company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field. 	

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other Company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that Company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN of MCFL.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.



(xvii) Additional Facility for Non-Individual Shareholders and Custodians -For Remote Voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk. evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued
 in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the
 same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/
 Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are
 authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer at sudhir.compsec@gmail.com and to the Company at the email address viz;
 shares.mcfl@adventz.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system
 for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

b. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM AND E-VOTING DURING THE MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting and e-voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops/iPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email ID, mobile number at shares.mcfl@adventz.com.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending upon the availability of time.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.



c. PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- **1. For shareholders holding shares in physical mode** A signed copy of request letter in Form ISR-1 mentioning details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, Mobile No., email ID, that is to be registered along with scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), copy of PAN (self attested), copy of AADHAR (self attested) may be sent by email to Company at shares.mcfl@adventz.com /RTA at investor@cameoindia.com. Members may download the prescribed form from the Company's website at https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/investor forms format.
- **2. For shareholders holding shares in Demat mode** Please contact your Depository Participant (DP) and register your email address and bank account details in your demat account, as per the process advised by your DP.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-voting from the CDSL e-voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 21 09911.

B. General instruction/information for Members for voting on the Resolutions:

- a) The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company, subject to the provisions of the Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, as amended, as on the cut-off date, being August 14, 2025. The person who is not a member as on cut-off date should treat this notice for information purpose only. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after dispatch of the Notice of AGM and holding shares as on the cut-off August 14, 2025, may please refer the voting instructions in the AGM Notice for remote e-voting/e-voting.
- b) Mr. Sudhir V Hulyalkar, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. FCS 6040 and CP No. 6137) has been appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company as the Scrutinizer for scrutinizing the remote e-voting process as well as voting during the meeting, in a fair and transparent manner.
- c) The Scrutinizer shall immediately after conclusion of the Annual General Meeting, shall count votes casted on the day of the meeting, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting.
- d) The Scrutinizer will submit, within two working days of conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report, of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman of AGM or any other Director or Company Secretary authorized by the Chairman of the AGM in writing who will countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith, which shall be displayed on the Notice Board of the Company at its Registered Office. The result will also be displayed on the website of the Company at www.mangalorechemicals.com, besides being communicated to Stock Exchanges.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

(Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013)

Item No. 4: Appointment of M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik, Practicing Company Secretaries as Secretarial Auditor of the Company

Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (LODR) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024, dated December 12, 2024, with effect from April 1, 2025, the Company, on the basis of recommendation of Board of Directors shall appoint an individual as Secretarial Auditor for not more than one term of five consecutive years or a Secretarial Audit firm as Secretarial Auditor for not more than two terms of five consecutive years, with the approval of the shareholders at its Annual General Meeting.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on May 07, 2025, recommended the appointment of M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik, Practicing Company Secretaries (FRN: P2023KR098600, PRN: 5307/2023) as the Secretarial Auditor to hold office for a period of 5 years w.e.f. April 01, 2025, subject to the approval of Shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Company has received written consent from M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik, Practicing Company Secretaries stating that their appointment, if made, shall be in accordance with the statutory requirements under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.

Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for appointment of M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik, Practicing Company Secretaries as the Secretarial Auditors for a term of five years.



Disclosure pursuant to Regulation 36(5) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is as follows:

Proposed fees payable to Secretarial Auditor	The Board of Directors is authorized to fix the remuneration of Secretarial Auditor.
Terms of Appointment	Appointment for a term of 5 years w.e.f. April 01, 2025
Any material change in the fee payable to such auditor from that paid to the outgoing auditor along with the rationale for such change	
Basis of Recommendation of Appointment	The Audit Committee and Board of Directors have considered various criteria with respect to qualification, experience, exposure, skillset & governance and recommended their appointment to the Shareholders of the Company.
Details in relation to and credentials of the Secretarial Auditor	M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik is a Corporate Advisory and Practicing Company Secretaries firm. They provide service in the areas of compliances under corporate laws including secretarial audit, capital structuring, FEMA Regulations, corporate law advisory etc.

The Board of Directors recommends the passing of resolution at item No. 4 as an Ordinary Resolution.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) or relatives of Directors and KMP are concerned or interested in this resolution.

Item No. 5: Payment of remuneration to Directors other than Managing/Whole-Time Directors

The Non-Executive Directors are paid sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee meetings and reimbursement of expenses incurred for attending the meetings of the Board or its Committees. The increasing demand for the independent and professional Directors, to compensate for their contribution for the growth of the Company and the ever changing regulatory environment, it is advisable to appropriately compensate, attract and retain professionals on the Board. In order to remunerate the Non-Executive Directors (whether existing or future) for rendering their services to the Company, it is proposed to pay remuneration to the Directors (whether existing or future) other than the Managing / Whole-time Directors, collectively up to 1% of the net profits computed in the manner referred to in Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013, for each financial year over a period of three (3) financial years commencing from FY 2025-26 subject to the Company achieving budgeted profits for the respective financial years, in such proportion/ manner as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company, subject to a maximum of INR 5,00,000 per annum per Director, payable at such periodicity as the Board may deem fit. For the period less than a year in any financial year, the amount shall be prorated. The above remuneration will be in addition to the sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses, if any, for attending the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees thereof.

Accordingly, approval of the Shareholders is sought by way of an Ordinary Resolution for payment of remuneration to the Directors of the Company other than the Managing / Whole-time Directors. The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution set out under Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the members.

The Whole-time Director and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are not concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice. Directors other than the Managing / Whole-time Directors of the Company and their relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company.

Item No. 6: Ratification of payment of remuneration to Cost Auditor

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Board has approved the appointment of Mr. Y K Venkatesh, Cost Accountant (Membership Number 5294), as Cost Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2025-26 on a remuneration of INR 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs only) exclusive of applicable tax and other statutory levies, if any, and reimbursement of actual expenses incurred on travel, accommodation and other out-of-pocket expenses.

In terms of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditor) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the cost auditor has to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company.

Accordingly, consent of members is sought by an Ordinary Resolution for the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2025-26.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel of the Company/their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in this matter except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company.



Additional information on Director seeking re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings:

Name of the Director	Mr. Akshay Poddar		
Date of Birth	July 20, 1976		
Age	49 years		
Inter-se relationship with Directors of the Company	None		
Date of First Appointment	September 29, 2015		
Qualification	Master of Science in Leadership & Strategy from London Business School. Honors in Accounting and Finance from London School of Economics and Political Science, University of London.		
Functional Expertise & Experience including brief resume.	Over 24 years of track record of p industries like fertilizers, agri-inputs, estate, investments and furniture etc.	heavy engineering,	
In case of Independent Directors, Skills and capabilities required for the role	NA		
Terms and Conditions of re-appointment	Re-appointment on retirement by rot	tation	
Directorship held in other companies (excluding foreign companies & Section 8 companies) as on 31st March, 2025.	 Adventz Securities Enterprises Lt Lionel Edwards Limited Lionel India Limited Texmaco Infrastructure & Holding Texmaco Rail & Engineering Ltd. Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited Zuari Farmhub Limited Abhishek Holdings Pvt. Ltd. Adventz Finance Pvt. Ltd. Hettich India Private Ltd. TouaxTexmaco Railcar Leasing Poly Adventz Homecare Pvt. Ltd. Hepo India Pvt. Limited Adventz Kenventer Capital Adviso Adventz Kenventer Realty Adviso Indian Chamber of Commerce Capital Commerce Capital Chamber of Commerce Capital Chamber of India 	gs Ltd. vt. Ltd. ors Private Limited rs Private Limited alcutta	
Listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past 3 years Membership/Chairmanship of Committees	Nil	Audit Committee	Stakeholders' Relationship
of public Companies (includes only Audit	. ,		Committee
Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee) as on 31st March, 2025	Texmaco Infrastructure & Holdings Ltd.	Member	Member
	Texmaco Rail & Engineering Ltd.	-	Chairman
Shareholding in the Company, including shareholding as a beneficial owner	14,02,431 equity shares		
Remuneration proposed to be paid	Sitting fees for attending Board and Committee Meetings and the remuneration as approved by the members at the Annual General Meeting held on September 16, 2021.		

For other details such as number of meetings of Board of Directors attended during the year and remuneration last drawn i.e. as on March 31, 2025, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report (Annexure 5 of Directors' Report).

By order of the Board of Directors

Registered Office: Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24,

Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore - 560001 CIN: L24123KA1966PLC002036

May 07, 2025

Vighneshwar G Bhat Company Secretary

Membership No.: A16651



DIRECTORS' REPORT

To the Members.

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Fifty Eighth Annual Report of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("Company") together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

(INR in crore)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from operations	3,331.90	3,795.44
EBITDA	358.56	417.18
Finance Costs	76.39	104.93
Depreciation	76.12	71.58
Profit before tax	206.05	240.67
Tax expense	62.33	85.86
Profit after tax	143.71	154.81
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(0.94)	(0.54)
Total Comprehensive Income	142.78	154.27
Earnings Per Share (Basic & Diluted) INR	12.13	13.06
Net Worth	1,064.68	939.68

2. DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors recommended a dividend of INR 1.50 (15%) per equity share of INR 10 each. The Dividend Distribution Policy is available on the website of the Company i.e. https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/assets/frontend/pdfs/16DividendDistributionPolicyNew.pdf

3. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

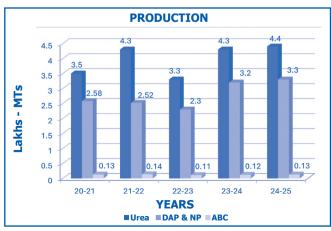
The revenue from operations for the year ended March 31, 2025 was INR 3,331.90 crore as compared to INR 3,795.44 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024.

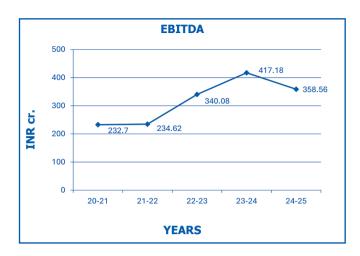
The profit before tax for the year ended March 31, 2025 was INR 206.05 crore as compared to INR 240.67 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024. Total Comprehensive Income stood at INR 142.78 crore for the year ended March 31, 2025 compared to INR 154.27 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024.

4. PRODUCTION

Urea

Your Company achieved production of 4,43,322 MTs during the year against the reassessed capacity of 3,79,500 MTs compared to 4,34,697 MTs during the previous year with necessary approval.





Phosphatic Fertilizers

Your Company produced 3,25,135 MTs of Phosphatic Fertilizers during the year compared to 3,20,423 MTs in the previous year, based on the availability of raw materials.

Ammonium Bi-Carbonate (ABC)

Your Company has produced 13,130 MTs of ABC during the year compared to 12,490 MTs in the previous year.

5. SALES

During the year, your Company sold 4,42,926 MTs of Urea compared to 4,34,700 MTs in the previous year. Sale of manufactured Phosphatic Fertilizers were 3,06,986 MTs compared to 3,20,425 MTs in the previous year. Sale of imported fertilizers were 35,368 MTs against 1,16,403 MTs in the previous year.

Sulphonated Naphthalene Formaldehyde (SNF)

The Company sold 15,557 MTs of SNF during the year, compared to 13,800 MTs in the previous year. The Company has continued with new product variants for applications in newer areas to improve plant utilization, in order to de-risk its focus on construction chemical industry.





Agri Advisory Service

The Company provides a comprehensive range of Agri Advisory Services designed to educate and inform farmers and Agri input dealers on various topics, including fertilizer use efficiencies, integrated nutrient management, soil health and other agricultural techniques. To accomplish this, it regularly organize market development programs that cater to both farmers and dealers. These programs include its Farmer-Connect initiatives such as Soil Health Days, Farmers Meetings, Crop Seminars, Method Demonstrations, Field Days and Intensive Farmer Connect Programs. Additionally, the Company actively engage with rural school children through its "Mangala Raitha Prathibe" project, aiming to educate them about farming and modern agriculture, thereby inspiring them to pursue agriculture as a profession or develop a connection with the agricultural sector.

Expansion of Sulphuric Acid Production Capacity

The Sulphuric Acid production expansion project is progressing and it is scheduled for completion in Q2 of FY26. The sulphuric acid shall be used for captive consumption for production of NP 20:20:00:13 and other products, substituting import / purchase of the acid significantly. Surplus steam generated from the sulphuric acid plant shall be utilized in Urea production.

Certification of ISO 50001: 2018 Energy Management System

Company has been certified under ISO:50001:2018 for energy management system. The certification marks a significant step forward in the Company's commitment to sustainable operations, energy efficiency and continual improvement.

6. WORKING CAPITAL

The subsidy receivables decreased during the year on account of improved liquidity despite hardening commodity prices and volatile foreign exchange rates. The estimated interest cost on account of delay in subsidy payment was INR 6.28 crore for the year 2024-25.

7. FERTILIZER POLICY

The New Pricing Scheme is notified by Government of India [GOI] for Urea and various policies are issued from time to time under the Scheme and we are governed by the extant policy guidelines.

The Nutrient Based Subsidy Scheme (NBS) was introduced by the GOI with effect from April 1, 2010 after de-controlling the DAP/complex fertilizers, where annual/bi-annual concession rates are announced leaving the market realization to reflect the fluctuations in respective commodity prices. However, the GOI is monitoring the market realization with guidelines and its reasonableness.

8. SAFETY, HEALTH, ENVIRONMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL

Safety

During the year, periodic audits of Safety, Health and Environment Management System were carried out by M/s. Det Norske Veritas (DNV).

Your Company has taken measures to further strengthen safety systems inside the factory.

 5 Nos. of Ammonia gas detectors were installed at the Synthesis Gas Wash Column area in the Synthesis Gas Compressor House in Ammonia Plant. Also, the old control panel of the Ammonia detection system in the Main Control Room, was replaced with a new PLC-based control panel. Newly installed Ammonia gas detectors as well as the existing ammonia gas detectors in Ammonia and Urea plants were connected to the new control panel.

- 3 Nos. of Natural Gas leak detectors were installed at the Natural Gas (NG) Mass Flow Meter area near NG Pressure Reducing Station.
- 1 No. of each gas leak detectors for Methane, Hydrogen and Carbon Monoxide gases were installed in the Mass Spectrometer Room, Ammonia Plant. The detectors are connected to the existing NG leak detection system control panel in the Main Control Room to give alarm in the event of any gas leak.
- Gas Detection system consisting of 2 Nos. each gas leak detectors for LPG, Hydrogen and Acetylene gases were installed in the newly built Gas Cylinder Storage Sheds in Stores Yard. The detectors are connected to a control panel installed in the Stores Yard office room to give alarm in the event of any gas leak. Alarm indication in the control panel is also connected to our existing addressable fire alarm system to receive alarm during non-working hours of the Stores Yard office.
- Emergency water spray system was provided for the new Gas Cylinder Storage Sheds in the Stores Yard area.
- 22 Nos. of obsolete portable radios were replaced with new intrinsically safe portable radios.
- Horizontal anchorage lifeline system was installed at the HSD Road Tanker Unloading Area, adjacent to HSD Pump House near CPP.
- Revamped fire hydrant system for the main plant was commissioned in November 2024. The revamped fire hydrant system covers Ammonia Plant, Urea Plant, Utilities, Urea Bagging Plant, Imported Fertilizer Handling Facility, Main Plant Substation, Extra High Volage Substation, Stores, Stores Yard and Workshop areas. New header pipes have been laid and pumping capacity has been enhanced considering the expansions. Additional 2 Nos. of 410 m3/hr capacity pumps have been installed, backed by 2 Nos. of engine driven pumps as stand-by. All hydrant posts in Ammonia, Urea plants have been changed to double-hydrant posts at 30 mtr distance apart.

Third party safety audit of the entire factory was carried out. Extensive training programs related to fire prevention and basic firefighting, usage of breathing apparatus, usage of personal protective equipment, emergency management, work permit system, Safety, Health and Environment management system, were organized for employees. Internal Auditor Training on ISO-14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018 standards by M/s. DNV was organized for a batch of 26 employees. Regular mock drills were conducted to check the emergency preparedness. Promotional campaigns like National Safety Day, Fire Service Week and Chemical Disaster Prevention Week were undertaken.

Firefighting training is being conducted regularly to train the employees and also contractors' workman.

The Company has conducted a public awareness programme regarding operations of the Company and handling the emergency situations at NITK, Surathkal.



The Company was awarded Safety award for the "Best Safe Industry (1st Prize) – Large Industries category" in the State Level Safety Awards - 2025 instituted by the Department of Factories, Boilers, Industrial Safety and Health, Govt. of Karnataka.

Medical services

Periodical medical examinations for 2024-25 were conducted for all employees which included general physical examination, systemic examination and laboratory investigations. Special tests like Pulmonary function test, Audiometry and Vision test were also conducted for identified employees exposed to the hazards as per Statutory requirement.

Medical examination of the canteen workers was conducted covering tests for communicable diseases. Employees of Ammonium Bi Carbonate Plant were examined for communicable / skin diseases and were immunized against diseases like Hepatitis B, Typhoid and Tetanus as per schedule.

Health awareness programme on subjects like ergonomicsgood working practices, heart attack and management of high cholesterol, cancer-facts and myths were conducted by experts for employees and contract employees.

First aid training programmes were conducted for employees and contract workers regularly by professional faculty. Awareness programmes on "Health and Personal Hygiene" were conducted regularly for canteen workers and ABC plant employees.

Environmental management

As an ISO 14001 certified Company, many environmental management programs have been implemented to improve the environmental performance of the Company. The Company was conferred with the prestigious Best Environment Protection Award for a Nitrogenous Fertilizer Plant at the 60th annual seminar of the Fertilizer Association of India, held in December 2024 at New Delhi.

Switching over to NG as feedstock and fuel from naphtha and furnace oil in December 2020 has reduced Sulphur Dioxide & CO₂ emissions.

Your Company has achieved zero liquid discharge status in 2010 by upgrading its effluent and sewage treatment plants to recover and reuse the treated waters. The rainwater harvesting system and sewage treatment plants are already installed at township for employees. In addition to the existing 64 acres of green belt in manufacturing site, your Company has planted 3,000 saplings during 2024-25.

Environmental Management System (EMS) in line with the new version, ISO 14001:2015 was adopted during the year 2017 and was recertified by M/s. Det Norske Veritas, Bangalore during the year 2020. Your Company has installed Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (CAAQM) station inside factory premises for continuous monitoring of ambient air quality. Your Company has also installed Continuous Online Monitoring Systems in Urea prill tower, Di Ammonium Phosphate plant stack, Sulphuric Acid plant stack. Online analyser for Nox measurement in Captive Power Plant stacks and main plant Boiler stacks were installed and commissioned during the year 2020-21 as per the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) guidelines.

Data from all the online analysers are continuously being transmitted to CPCB.

In-house Environment Laboratory at factory has been assessed and accredited in accordance with standard ISO/ IEC 17025:2017 by National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL). Lighting in the entire complex including hazardous area lighting has been now converted to LED lighting. Over 5,750 LED light fittings were installed over past three years with focus on reducing energy consumption. Installed "Solar water heater" for our Industrial canteen. The Company has installed roof top solar PV plant of capacity 251.23 KWP. "E-waste Collection Facility" has been provided inside factory and also at MCF Township for collection and disposal of E-waste generated in a scientific manner. A Biogas plant installed to generate cooking gas from canteen food waste is operational and is contributing towards savings of natural resources. Company has installed organic waste composting facility at its township to treat the wet waste generated in the colony houses.

The Company has registered itself with CPCB with respect to Plastic Waste Management Rule 2016 as a brand owner and importer and has engaged a waste management agency for collection, transportation and recycling of the plastic waste generated in the market where the Company is operating. EPR requirements under Plastic Waste Management Rules notified by CPCB is being complied with.

The Company has installed and commissioned highly efficient oxidizing biocide generating system based on most advanced technology available in market to produce chlorine dioxide for treatment of circulating water of cooling tower, replacing the conventional generators. It has improved the circulating water quality further, reduced blow down quantity and hence generation of trade effluent.

A biodiversity study was conducted across MCF factory and its outskirts by a third party agency revealed a vibrant and resilient ecosystem. The premises supports diverse native flora and fauna, with mature tree canopies providing habitat for birds, butterflies and essential pollinators. This thriving green cover enhances ecological balance, supports biodiversity and contributes to climate change mitigation through carbon sequestration.

Green Power

Your Company has taken up initiative by commissioning Roof Top Solar Photo Voltaic System with a capacity of 251.23 kWp at plant in Mangalore in January 2019. During the year, 2,66,390 kWh and since commissioning, 19,02,338 kWh, of solar power was generated.

9. ANNUAL RETURN

Annual Return referred to in Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available on the website of the Company i.e. https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/ annual return

10. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

a) BOARD MEETINGS

During the year, five Board Meetings were held on May 23, 2024, July 29, 2024, October 28, 2024, November 25, 2024 and February 04, 2025. The details of the composition of the Board and attendance of the Directors at the Board Meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report attached as Annexure 5.



b) AUDIT COMMITTEE

During the year under review, six Audit Committee Meetings were held and all the recommendations of the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board. The details of the composition of the Audit Committee and details of committee meetings are given in the Corporate Governance Report attached as Annexure 5.

11. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any:
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively;
- f) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

12. STATEMENT ON DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS & MEETING OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received declaration of independence from the Independent Directors and the same have been noted by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on May 07, 2025. Separate meetings of the Independent Directors were held on May 23, 2024 and November 25, 2024.

13. DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. Marco Wadia (DIN: 00244357), was appointed as a Non-executive Independent Director effective 13.05.2022 for a period of three years. Accordingly, the first tenure of Mr. Marco Wadia would end on May 12, 2025. It is proposed to re-appoint Mr. Marco Wadia as a Non-executive Independent Director for a further period of 5 years from May 13, 2025 up to May 12, 2030, not liable to retire by rotation, subject to approval of the members by way of special resolution at the ensuing General Meeting or through postal ballot.

Mr. Akshay Poddar (DIN: 00008686) is retiring by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

There was no change in Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company during the year under review.

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, all the Independent Directors possess requisite expertise and experience on the roles, rights and responsibilities of Independent Directors.

14. DIRECTORS TRAINING & FAMILIARIZATION

The Company, in compliance with Regulation 25(7) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, formulates programs to familiarize new Independent Directors inducted on the Board with the Company, nature of the industry, business model and their roles and responsibilities.

15. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Section 134, 178 and Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the following performance evaluations were carried out:

- Performance evaluation of the Board, Chairman and non-Independent Directors by the Independent Directors;
- Performance evaluation of the Board, its committees and Independent Directors by the Board of Directors;
 and
- c. Performance evaluation of every Director by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The evaluation process covered adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, disclosure of information to the Board and Committees, performance of duties and obligations, governance parameters, participation of the members of the Board/Committees and fulfilment of independence criteria and maintaining independence from the management by the Independent Directors.

Based on the evaluation done by the Directors, the performance of the Board, its Committees and the Directors was satisfactory and the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the management and the Board was appreciable.

16. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board has approved the Nomination and Remuneration Policy. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy provides for constitution & role of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, guidelines on procedure for appointment/removal of Director, Key Managerial Personnel or at Senior Management level, recommendation for remuneration, compensation and commission to be paid to the Managing Director/Whole-time Director/Non-executive Directors and carrying out evaluation of performance of every Director and Key Managerial Personnel.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is placed on the website of the Company i.e. https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/assets/frontend/pdfs/8NominationandRemunerationPolicyNew.pdf

17. SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATE COMPANIES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture.

18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board of Directors have constituted a CSR Committee. Based on the recommendation of the CSR Committee, the Company has formulated a comprehensive CSR policy. During the year under review, two CSR Committee Meetings were held. The details of the composition of the CSR Committee and



details of committee meetings are given in the Corporate Governance Report attached as Annexure 5.

A report on the Corporate Social Responsibility activities carried out by the Company during the year 2024-25 is attached to this report as Annexure 1.

19. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has established a vigil mechanism through Whistle Blower Policy and the Audit Committee of the Company is responsible to review periodically the efficient and effective functioning of the vigil mechanism, to deal with instances of fraud and mismanagement and suspected violations if any, of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

The Whistle Blower Policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who express their concerns. The Company has also provided direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee on reporting issues concerning the interests of the employees and the Company. The Whistle Blower Policy is placed on the website of the Company i.e., https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/assets/frontend/pdfs/11WhistleBlowerPolicynew.pdf

20. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has the requisite processes and procedures in place to identify and assist in minimizing exposure to risk that threaten the existence of the Company. Based on the recommendation of the Risk Management Committee, the Board has put in place a risk management policy to monitor and review potential risks.

The heads of departments regularly review and assess the departmental policies/procedures and identify risks, perform analysis of the frequency and severity of potential risks, select the best techniques to manage risk, implement appropriate risk management techniques and monitor, evaluate and document results.

21. LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The Company has not given any loans or guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year. The details of the investments made by Company are given in the notes to the financial statements.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions that were entered into during the year were at arm's length. All related party transactions were approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. The details of related party transactions as per Form AOC–2 is enclosed as Annexure 2 to the Directors' Report. There were no related party transactions made by the Company with the Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

23. DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits in the past or during the year.

24. STATUTORY AUDIT

The Statutory Auditors, M/s. PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP, were appointed to hold office from the conclusion of 55th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 60th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

25. SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company appointed M/s. Kedarnath & Karthik, Practicing Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the year 2024-25. The Secretarial Audit report is annexed herewith as Annexure 3.

26. COST RECORDS & COST AUDIT

The Company is required to maintain cost records as per Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, and accordingly such accounts & records are made and maintained. The Company has appointed Mr. Y K Venkatesh, Cost Accountant, Membership No. 5294, as the Cost Auditor for the year 2024-25. The Cost Audit Report for the year ended March 31, 2024 was filed by the Company with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs on August 27, 2024.

27. AUDITORS' REPORT

There were no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by the Statutory Auditor, Secretarial Auditor and Cost Auditor in their respective reports. No frauds have been reported by the Auditors during the year.

28. MATERIAL CHANGES & COMMITMENTS

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

29. SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS

No significant and material orders were passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

30. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has adequate systems of internal control in place, which is commensurate with its size and the nature of its operations. The Company has designed and put in place adequate Standard Operating Procedures and Limits of Authority Manuals for conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, safeguarding its assets, prevention and detection of fraud and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

These documents are reviewed and updated on an ongoing basis to improve the internal control systems and operational efficiency. The Company uses a state-of-the-art ERP (SAP) system to record data for accounting and managing information with adequate security procedure and controls.

31. COMPLIANCE OF SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all applicable mandatory Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

32. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information pertaining to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings



and outgo as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is furnished in Annexure 4 attached to this report.

33. DISCLOSURE AS PER SECTION 22 OF THE SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The details of the receipt of the complaints and redressal are given below:

- i. number of complaints of sexual harassment received in the year nil
- ii. number of complaints disposed off during the year nil
- iii. number of cases pending for more than ninety days nil

34. DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO THE COMPLIANCE OF THE PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT 1961

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the Maternity Benefit Act 1961.

35. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to good corporate governance practices. The Board endeavors to adhere to the standards set out by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) on corporate governance practices and accordingly has implemented all the mandatory stipulations.

A detailed Corporate Governance Report in line with the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 regarding the corporate governance practices followed by the Company and the certificate from Practicing Company Secretary relating to compliance of mandatory requirements along with Management Discussion and Analysis report are given as Annexure 5 and 6 respectively. A statement regarding opinion of the Board, with regard to integrity, expertise and experience (including proficiency) of the Independent Directors appointed during the year is given in Corporate Governance Report annexed as Annexure 5.

36. OTHER DISCLOSURES UNDER RULE 8 OF THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014 AND SCHEDULE V OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS & DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

No application was made or any proceedings filed against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the Financial Year 2024-25. The Company has not given any Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which Directors are interested. There were no one time settlement against any of the loan availed by the Company from the Banks or Financial Institutions during the Financial Year 2024-25.

37. DETAILS PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Details pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies

(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company, are provided in Annuexure 7 to this report. However, in terms of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, this report is being sent to all the members of the Company excluding the information required pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. The said particulars are available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company.

38. BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

Pursuant to amended Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report is annexed as Annexure 8.

39. COMPOSITE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on February 07, 2024 approved the composite scheme of arrangement amongst the Company, Paradeep Phosphates Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme") under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013. Pursuant to the observations made by SEBI, limited modifications was carried out to the Scheme and accordingly the modified scheme was placed before the Board at its meeting held on November 25, 2024 and the same was approved. The BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limied, have issued their no adverse observation letter and no objection letter on February 27, 2025 and February 28, 2025 respectively. As on the date, the Company is in process of obtaining the other regulatory approvals.

The Scheme along with the relevant documents are available on the website of the Company.

40. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors take this opportunity to acknowledge the continued support and co-operation extended by the Shareholders.

Your Directors thank the Company's clients, vendors, investors and bankers for their support. Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation of the excellent performance of the employees.

Your Directors express their gratitude to the Government of India, the State Governments, the Customs and Excise Departments and other government agencies for their support and look forward to their continued support in the future.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Akshay Poddar Chairman

DIN: 00008686

May 07, 2025



Annexure 1

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited (MCFL) encompasses the Company's philosophy to discharge its social responsibility in the up-liftment/development of the communities in its operating territory and mechanism for undertaking CSR activities/projects/programs with reference to provisions and Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

Pursuant to the CSR policy of the Company, the Company focuses on the areas as mentioned below:

Key Focus Areas	Activities
Promoting special education on basic agriculture, modern agriculture for young school children	Mangala Raitha Pratibhe
Promoting health care including preventive health	Project Eye Care and Health Care
Promoting education, school infrastructure for better learning environment	Mangala Akshara Mitra
Promoting health and hygiene in schools, clean drinking water and clean toilets	Swatcha Vidyalaya
To improve livelihoods, drinking water, health & sanitation in rural area	Community Development and Rural Development Projects
Promoting environmental sustainability, animal welfare, agro-forestry and maintain quality of water	Environmental Sustainability
Training women to become drone pilots for agricultural purposes - getting feedback on utility of drone/impact study	Women Empowerment

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation/ Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Ms. Kiran Dhingra	Chairperson	2	2
2.	Mr. D A Prasanna	Member	2	2
3.	Mr. Nitin M Kantak	Member	2	2

- 3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company: https://www.mangalorechemicals.com.
- 4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact Assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8, if applicable: Not applicable
- 5. (a) Average net profit of the Company as per Sub-Section (5) of Section 135: INR 18,625.30 lakh
 - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Sub-Section (5) of Section 135: INR 372.51 lakh
 - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years: Nil
 - (d) Amount required to be set off for the Financial Year, if any: INR 96.72 lakh
 - (e) Total CSR obligation for the Financial Year [(b)+(c)-(d)]: INR 275.79 lakh
- 6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both ongoing project and other than ongoing project):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)
SI.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in	Local area (Yes/		area project (Yes/		Amount allocated for the project Mode of Implementation-Direct		Mode of mentation – Through Dementing Agency
	110,000	Schedule VII to the Act	No)	State	District	(INR in lakh)	(Yes/No)	Name	CSR Registration number
1.	Mangala Raitha Pratibhe	Promoting special education on basic agriculture, modern agriculture for young school children	Yes	Karnataka	Bellary, Raichur, Hassan, Dharwad, Bangalore Rural, Dakshina Kannada	14.35	Yes	Not applicable	



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)		(8)
SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to	Local area (Yes/		ocation of the project	Amount allocated for the project	Mode of Imple- mentation- Direct	Imple T Imp	Mode of mentation – Through Ilementing Agency
	_	the Act	No)	State	District	(INR in lakh)	(Yes/No)	Name	CSR Registration number
2.	Project Eye Care and Health Care	Promoting health care including preventive health	Yes	Karnataka	Dakshina Kannada, Udupi, Hassan	28.20	Yes	Not	applicable
3.	Mangala Akshara Mitra	Promoting education, school infrastructure for better learning environment	Yes	Karnataka & Maharashtra	Shimoga, Vijayanagara, Haveri, Tumkur, Bellary, Udupi, Dakshina Kannada, Solapur	89.11	Yes	Not	applicable
4.	Swatcha Vidyalaya	Promoting health and hygiene in schools, clean drinking water and clean toilets	Yes	Karnataka	Dakshina Kannada, Shimoga, Hassan	66.42	Yes	Not	applicable
5.	Community Development and Rural Development Projects	To improve livelihoods, drinking water, health & sanitation in rural area	Yes	Karnataka	Dakshina Kannada, Haveri	27.67	Yes	Not	applicable
6.	Environmental Sustainability	Promoting environmental sustainability, animal welfare, agro-forestry and maintain quality of water	Yes	Karnataka	Dakshina Kannada	45.06	Yes	Not	applicable
7.	Women Empowerment	Training women to become drone pilots for agricultural purposes - getting feedback on utility of drone/impact study	Yes	Karnataka	Raichur, Bellary, Koppal, Bidar, Shimoga, Dharward, Belgaum, Haveri, Chikballapur, Chamarajanagar, Kolar	8.70	Yes	Not	applicable
	Total					279.51			

- (b) Amount spent on Administrative Overheads: Nil
- (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not applicable
- (d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]: INR 279.51 lakh
- (e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the Financial Year:

		Amount unspent (in INR)								
Total Amount spent for the Financial Year (in INR)	CSR Account as	nnsferred to unspent per sub-section (6) ction 135	VII as per seco							
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer					
2,79,51,394			Nil							



(f) Excess amount for set-off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in INR)
(1)	(2)	(3)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) Section 135	372.51 lakh
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	279.51 lakh
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	3.72 lakh
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous Financial Years, if any	96.72 lakh
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years [(iii)-(iv)]	3.72 lakh

7. Details of unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three Financial Years: Not applicable

1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8		
SI.	Preceding Financial	Amount transferred to unspent CSR Account under	Balance Amount in unspent CSR Account under	Amount spent in the Financial	Amount transfe as specific Schedule VII a proviso to sub- Section 13	ed under as per second section (5) of	Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding	Deficiency,		
140.	Year(s)	sub-section (6) of Section 135 (in INR)	sub-section (6) of Section 135 (in INR)	Year (in INR)	Amount (in INR)	Date of transfer	Financial Years (in INR)	ii aliy		

8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: No

If Yes, enter the number of Capital assets created/acquired: Not applicable

Furnish the details relating to such asset(s) so created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: Not applicable

SI. No.	or asset(s	particulars of th) [including con and cation of the pro	plete address	pro	the operty or sset(s)	Date of creation	of C amo	ount CSR ount ent			ls of entity/ authority/ ry of the registered owner		
(1)		(2)			(3)	(4)	(5	5)		(6)			
									CSR Registra Numbe Applica	tion r, if	Name	Registered address	

(All the fields should be captured as appearing in the revenue record, flat no., house no., Municipal Office/Municipal Corporation/ Gram Panchayat are to be specified and also the area of the immovable property as well as boundaries)

9. Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per sub-section (5) of Section 135: Not applicable

Nitin M Kantak Whole-Time Director DIN: 08029847 Kiran Dhingra Chairperson, CSR Committee DIN: 00425602

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Annexure 2

Form No. AOC - 2

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

There were no contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 which were not at arm's length basis during the year ended March 31, 2025.

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

There were no material contracts/arrangements or transactions entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company has entered into transactions with related parties at arm's length, the details of which are given in the notes to financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors,

Akshay Poddar Chairman

DIN: 00008686

May 07, 2025



Annexure 3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To
The Members
Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited
Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24,
Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore, Karnataka, India – 560001

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited bearing CIN: L24123KA1966PLC002036 having its registered office at Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore, Karnataka, India - 560001, (hereinafter called 'the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed, and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025, according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and byelaws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings, if any;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and as amended from time to time.
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

- b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 including the requirements with regard to the disclosure of information on the Company's website and other disclosure and reporting requirements to the Stock Exchanges during the Financial Year;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993;
- d. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Investor Protection and Education Fund) Regulations, 2009 and
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018.

There were no occasions during the financial year requiring specific compliance under the provisions of the following Regulations and Guidelines:

- a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Banker to Issue) Regulations, 1994;
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments and Security Receipts) Regulations, 2008;
- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity shares) Regulations, 2021;
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations 2018 and
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations 2021.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.



(ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited Stock Exchange(s).

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period the Company has the following event/action having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.:

(i) The Board of Directors of the Company have approved the composite Scheme of Arrangement amongst the Company, Paradeep Phosphates Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors.

For Kedarnath & Karthik

Karthik S N Partner

FCS No.: F12078 | CP No.: 17639 ICSI FRN: P2023KR098600 ICSI PRN: 5307/2023

ICSI UDIN: F012078G000224334

Date: April 29, 2025 Place: Bengaluru

This report is to be read with our letter annexed to the secretarial audit report and forms an integral part of the report.

ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT ISSUED BY COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE

To
The Members
Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited
Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24,
Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore,
Karnataka, India - 560001

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc. The compliance under the industry specific laws were examined based on the list of applicable laws provided by the company.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Kedarnath & Karthik

Karthik S N Partner

FCS No.: F12078 | CP No.: 17639 ICSI FRN: P2023KR098600 ICSI PRN: 5307/2023

ICSI UDIN: F012078G000224334

Date: April 29, 2025 Place: Bengaluru



Annexure 4

<u>Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange</u> <u>Earnings and Outgo</u>

A. Conservation of Energy

Power and Fuel Consumption

SL. No.	Description	Unit	Current Year 2024-25	Previous Year 2023-24
1.	Electricity			
	A. Purchased Units	Lakh kWh	165.00	43.37
	Total amount (Including minimum demand charges)	INR lakh	1,507.21	601.30
	Minimum demand charges	INR lakh	257.04	253.22
	Unit rate: (Excluding minimum demand charges)	INR/kWh	7.56	8.03
	B. Own Generation			
	B.1 Through Generator			
	Units	Lakh kWh (net)	2,131.33	2,180.37
	Units per MMBTU (gross) of	kWh/	105.67	105.32
	Natural Gas	MMBTU Gross		
	Unit cost (average)	INR/kWh	13.96	14.14
	B.2 Solar Power Generation	Lakh kWh (Net)	2.66	3.08
2.	Natural Gas (for power)	MMBTU(G)	20,17,011.059	20,70,140.703
	Total amount	INR lakh	25,257.00	26,336.00
	Average rate	INR/ MMBTU(G)	1,252.18	1,272.18

Consumption per unit of production

Products	Unit	Year	Previous Year 2023-24
Electricity (per metric ton)			
- Urea	kWh	425.25	439.78
- DAP/20:20:00:13	kWh	36.73	35.1
Natural gas for steam Fuel (NG & FO) Consumption (per metric ton)	MMBTUG/t of urea	1.498	1.838
- DAP/20:20:00:13	Gcal/t	0.019	0.031

B. Technology absorption, adaptation and innovation

- Efforts in brief, made towards technology absorption, adaptation and innovation
- : 1. Process Simulator is installed for training of plant operators.
 - 2. Auto analyzer is upgraded with latest model in Laboratory for analysis in of Phosphatic fertilizer production.
- 2. Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts e.g. product improvement, cost reduction, product development, import substitution
- : 1. Efficiency improvement, trouble shooting in operation and skill development.
 - 2. Improvement in quality and better process control.
- In case of imported technology following information may be furnished.

Nil

C. Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo during 2024-25

Foreign Exchange earned : INR 0.06 crore
Foreign Exchange used : INR 651.43 crore



Annexure 5

Corporate Governance Report

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The philosophy of the Company on Corporate Governance is aimed at safeguarding and adding value to the interests of various stakeholders and envisages attainment of the highest levels of transparency and accountability in all areas of its operations and interactions with its stakeholders.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors with an optimum combination of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors meets at regular intervals.

During the year, five Board Meetings were held on May 23, 2024, July 29, 2024, October 28, 2024, November 25, 2024 and February 04, 2025.

Attendance of each Director at the Board of Directors' meetings and at the previous Annual General Meeting along with the number of other companies and committees where the Director is a Chairman/Member is given hereunder:

Name of Director	Category^	Category Skills/expertise/competence		No. of Board No. of Meetings shares held	General	No. of I Committee companies 31-03-	s of other s ⁺⁺ as on	Directorship in other Listed entity		
			as on 31-03-2025	Attended		Meeting	Chairman	Member	Name	Category^
Mr. Akshay Poddar	Promoter / Chairman / NED	Honors in Accounting and Finance from London School of Economics and	17	05	14,02,431	Yes	01	02	Adventz Securities Enterprises Ltd.	NED
		Political Science, University of London. Promoting and managing businesses in							Texmaco Infrastructure & Holdings Ltd.	NED
		diversified industries like fertilizers, agri-inputs, heavy engineering,							Texmaco Rail & Engineering Ltd.	NED
		sugar, consumer products, real estate, investments and furniture etc.							Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd.	NED
Mr. Nitin M Kantak	WTD	Chemical Engineer from Institute of Chemical Technology (Formerly UDCT), Mumbai. He has 42 years of experience in Nitrogenous and Phosphatic fertilizer industry in Plant Operations, Project Management & Commissioning, Process Engineering, and Technical Services.	05	05	500	Yes	-	01	Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd.	ED



Name of Director	Category^	Skills/expertise/ competence	No. of Directorships in other companies* as on	No. of Board Meetings Attended	No. of shares held	General	No. of I Committee companies 31-03-	s of other s ⁺⁺ as on 2025	Directorshi Listed (entity
			31-03-2025			Meeting	Chairman	Member	Name	Category^
Mr. D A Prasanna	ID	BE (Mechanical) from The National Institute of Engineering, Mysore, MBA from IIM, Ahmedabad. has	03	05	Nil	No	-	02	Ajax Engineering Limited	ID
		served in executive positions for over 35 years, most of it as CEO, MD, Executive Chairman and								
		grown companies to leadership position in Information Technology, Healthcare,								
		Education and Life Science sectors.								
Mr. Marco Philippus Ardeshir Wadia	ID	Bachelor's degree in law from Bombay University. He has over 32 years of experience in the	07	05	Nil	Yes		01	Stovec Industries Ltd.	ID
		legal profession having specialised in corporate matters and mergers and acquisitions.							Texmaco Rail & Engineering Ltd.	ID
Mr. N Suresh Krishnan	NED	B.E. (Hons.) & M.Sc. from BITS (Pilani), 34 years of corporate experience in fertilizer, energy and cement sectors and has been widely acknowledged for his leadership, vision and commitment. His experience spans corporate finance, corporate strategy, projects planning, operations and business development.	05	04	1000	Yes	-	01	Paradeep Phosphates Limited	MD

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Name of Director	Category^	Skills/expertise/ competence	No. of Directorships in other companies* as on 31-03-2025	Board	No. of shares held	Attendance at previous Annual General Meeting	Committee	s of other s ⁺⁺ as on	Directorshi Listed (
Ms. Kiran Dhingra	ID	Bachelor's degree and a master's degree in English Literature from Meerut University. A retired IAS officer of 1975 batch. Experience & knowledge in Corporate	04	04	Nil	Yes	01	02	Goa Carbon Ltd. Stovec Industries Ltd.	ID
		Governance, Legal compliances, Safety and Corporate Social Responsibility.							Astra Micro Wave Products Ltd.	ID

[^]ID - Independent Director, NED - Non-Executive Director, WTD - Whole Time Director, ED - Executive Director

None of the Directors are related to each other.

Specific skills/expertise/competency identified/required

The following skills/expertise/competencies are identified to be required for the effective functioning of the Company which are currently available with the Directors.

a. Strategic skills

Designing and implementation of effective strategies, ability to think strategically to propose new ideas and future-oriented perspective. Need for clear vision on business models and strategic analysis.

b. Finance skills

The ability to analyse key financial statements, critically assess financial viability and performance, contribute to strategic financial planning and oversee budgets.

c. Regulatory matters

Understanding of the relevant laws, rules, regulation, policies applicable to the organisation/industry/sector and level/status of compliances thereof by the organisation.

d. Industry/Product related

Experience and knowledge of the industry and its dynamics.

e. Risk related

Identification of key risks including legal and regulatory compliance and advising on risk mitigation.

f. Business management

Experience at an executive level including the ability to evaluate the performance of the senior management, strategic human resource management and industrial relations; oversee large scale organisational change.

g. Corporate Governance related

Understanding of the best corporate governance practices, relevant governance codes and governance structure.

h. Personal attributes

Integrity & Ethics, constructive participation, leadership qualities, innovative thinking and critical analysis.

⁺ Includes Directorship in other public and private companies.

⁺⁺Includes Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee only in public companies.



Independent Directors

a. Familiarization Programme

The Company, in compliance with Regulation 25(7) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, formulates programs to familiarize new Independent Directors inducted on the Board of the Company, nature of the industry, business model, their roles and responsibilities. The Independent Directors are having rich experience on the roles, rights and responsibilities of Independent Directors. The details of familiarization programme have been disclosed on the Company's website https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/investor familiarization programme.

b. Separate Meeting

A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on May 23, 2024 to discuss:

- Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole.
- Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors.
- Evaluation of the quality, content and timeliness of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

Further, a Separate Meeting of the Independent Directros was held on November 25, 2024 to approve the modified scheme of arrangement between the Company and Paradeep Phosphates Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors.

c. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, and are independent of the management.

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as given below:

- The Audit Committee shall meet at least 4 times in a year with not more than 120 days gap between two meetings.
- The quorum for the meetings shall be at least 2 Independent Directors and Chairman of the meeting shall be an Independent Director.
- The Audit Committee shall have the powers to investigate any financial activity, seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.
- The role of Audit Committee and the information that the Audit Committee shall review will be as specified in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with Part C of Schedule II.
- · The Audit Committee shall review Policy on Related Party Transactions and Whistle Blower Policy from time to time.
- The Company Secretary shall act as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

Besides the above, the additional terms of reference of Audit Committee as per the Companies Act, 2013 includes reviewing and monitoring auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process, examination of the financial statement and the auditor's report thereon, approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties, scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments, valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, whenever it is necessary.

During the year, six meetings of the Audit Committee were held on April 26, 2024, May 23, 2024, July 29, 2024, October 28, 2024, November 25, 2024 and February 04, 2025.

The composition and the attendance of the members of the Audit Committee was as follows:

Name of the Director	Status	No. of meetings attended	
Mr. Marco Wadia	Chairman	06	
Mr. D A Prasanna	Member	06	
Ms. Kiran Dhingra	Member	06	

Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company is Secretary to the Committee.

4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as given below:

- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall meet at such intervals as may be necessary, but at least once in a year, to discharge its functions.
- The quorum for the meetings shall be at least 2 members including at least one Independent Director and Chairman of the meeting shall be an Independent Director.
- The role of Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall be as specified in Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder and Regulation 19 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with Part D of Schedule II.



- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall review Nomination and Remuneration Policy and Policy on Board Diversity from time to time.
- The Company Secretary shall act as the Secretary to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, two meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee were held on May 23, 2024 and August 06, 2024.

The composition and the attendance of the members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was as follows:

Name of the Director	Status	No. of meetings attended	
Mr. D A Prasanna	Chairman	02	
Mr. Akshay Poddar	Member	01	
Mr. Marco Wadia	Member	02	

Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company is Secretary to the Committee.

Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board have evaluated the performance of every Director and the evaluation process was carried out by circulating questionnaires on performance of duties, participation and contribution to the Board and Committees.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are given below:

- The Committee shall meet at such intervals, as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, amended from time to time.
- The quorum for the meetings of the Committee shall be as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, amended from time to time.
- The Chairman of the Committee shall always be a member of the Board of Directors.
- The Committee shall monitor and review the risk management plan.
- The Committee shall review risk matrix and regulatory risk factors.
- The Committee shall review Foreign Exchange Hedging policy and Risk Management Policy from time to time.
- The Committee shall exercise such powers and duties as may be delegated by the Board of Directors.
- The Company Secretary shall act as the secretary to the Committee.

During the year, two meetings of the Risk Management Committee were held on July 04, 2024 and January 27, 2025.

The composition and the attendance of the members of the Risk Management Committee was as follows:

Name of the Director/ Member	Status	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Nitin M Kantak	Chairman	02
Mr. D A Prasanna	Member	02
Mr.T M Muralidharan	Member	02

Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company is Secretary to the Committee.

6. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are as given below:

- The Stakeholders Relationship Committee shall meet at such intervals as it may be necessary, but at least once in a year, to discharge its functions.
- The quorum for the meetings shall be at least 2 members.
- The Chairman of the meeting shall be a Non-Executive Director and he shall be present at the Annual General Meeting.
- The role of Stakeholders Relationship Committee shall be as specified in Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with Part D of Schedule II.



During the year, one meeting of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was held on February 04, 2025.

The composition and the attendance of the members of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was as follows:

Name of the Director	Status	No. of meetings attended
Mr. D A Prasanna	Chairman	01
Mr. Nitin M Kantak	Member	01
Ms. Kiran Dhingra	Member	01

Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat, Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer and is secretary to the Committee.

During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company has received 12 shareholders' complaints and same were redressed to the satisfaction of the shareholders.

7. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee formulates and recommends to the Board a CSR Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company, as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The Committee also recommends the amount of expenditure to be incurred on CSR activities and monitors the CSR Policy of the Company from time to time. Other terms of reference are given below;

- The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee shall meet at least once in a financial year.
- The guorum for the meetings shall be at least 2 members.
- The Committee shall recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities on an annual basis.
- The Committee shall monitor & recommend to the Board changes to the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy from time to time
- The Company Secretary shall act as the secretary of the CSR Committee.

During the year, the Committee met twice on May 23, 2024 and July 04, 2024.

The composition and the attendance of the members of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was as follows:

Name of the Director	Status	No. of meetings attended	
Ms. Kiran Dhingra	Chairperson	02	
Mr. D A Prasanna	Member	02	
Mr. Nitin M Kantak	Member	02	

Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company is Secretary to the Committee.

8. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company did not had any pecuniary relationship or transaction with any Non-Executive Directors during the year 2024-25 except as detailed below:

Sitting fees and Remuneration as approved by the Board as detailed below were paid/payable to the Non-Executive Directors during/for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees. Payment of remuneration to the Whole-time Director was as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors and Shareholders.

The details of the remuneration to the Directors are given below:

(INR in lakhs)

Name of the Director	Salary	Sitting fees	Perquisites	Stock Options	Bonus	Retirement benefit	Other remuneration*	Terms of service contract
Mr. Akshay Poddar	Nil	2.70	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Director liable to retire by rotation
Mr. Nitin M Kantak	119.73	Nil	20.25	Nil	26.71	15.76	Nil	Appointed as WTD for a period of 3 years w.e.f. 03.11.2022. Termination with 3 months' notice by either party.
Mr. D A Prasanna	Nil	5.80	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5.00	Re-appointed as an Independent Director for a period of 5 years w.e.f 06.05.2021.
Mr. Marco Wadia	Nil	4.80	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5.00	Appointed as an Independent Director for a period of 3 years w.e.f. 13.05.2022.
Mr. N Suresh Krishnan	Nil	2.00	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5.00	Director liable to retire by rotation.
Ms. Kiran Dhingra	Nil	4.50	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	5.00	Appointed as an Independent Director for a period of 3 years w.e.f. 10.07.2023.

^{*}as approved by the members at the AGM held on 16.09,2021.



9. SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Name	Designation
Mr. T M Muralidharan	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. S Girish	Chief Manufacturing Officer
Mr. P T Sudharshan@	General Manager- Marketing
Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

[@] upto 30.09.2024

10. CODE OF CONDUCT FOR PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading in the shares of the Company, pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended. The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the Compliance Officer and authorized the Whole-time Director to monitor the compliance of the aforesaid regulations.

11. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

The Company has in place, a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for its Board members and the senior management, which has been posted on the Company's website. The Board and the senior management affirm compliance with the code, annually. A certificate issued by the Whole-time Director confirming the compliance of Code of conduct by the Senior Management and Directors is attached as Annexure A.

12. GENERAL MEETINGS

The details of location, time and special resolutions passed at the previous three Annual General Meetings are given below:

Date	Time	Venue	Special Resolutions Passed
September 26, 2024	4.30 p.m.	Through Video Conferencing	None
September 26, 2023	4.30 p.m.	Through Video Conferencing	Appointment of Ms. Kiran Dhingra as an Independent Director
September 13, 2022	3.00 p.m.	Through Video Conferencing	None

Details of the Special Resolution passed through Postal Ballot during the financial year 2024-25: None

Note: Details of the Special Resolution proposed to be conducted through Postal Ballot

The Board at its meeting held on May 07, 2025 has accorded its approval to seek consent of the shareholders for re-appointment of Mr. Marco Philippus Ardeshir Wadia as Non-executive Independent Director of the Company through Postal Ballot.

13. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly financial results are normally published in Business Line, an English daily as well as Sanjevani, a vernacular daily. The results are also posted on the Company's website: https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/investor newspaper-publications.

14. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

a. Annual General Meeting

The Fifty Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on **Thursday, August 21, 2025 at 2.30 p.m.** through Video Conferencing ("VC")/Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM").

b. Financial Year

Financial Year - April 1 to March 31.

Financial reporting during the year 2025-26:

Quarter	Declaration of un-audited/audited financial results
Results for the quarter ending June 30, 2025	On or before 14th August 2025 or such prescribed period
Results for the half – year ending September 30, 2025	On or before 14 th November 2025 or such prescribed period
Results for the quarter ending December 31, 2025	On or before 14 th February 2026 or such prescribed period
Audited Annual Results for 2025-26	On or before 30th May 2026 or such prescribed period



- c. Record date: August 14, 2025 and Book closure dates: August 15, 2025 to August 21, 2025 (both days inclusive).
- **d. Dividend payment date:** Within 30 days from the date of approval of shareholders.

e. Listing on the Stock Exchanges

The Company's shares are presently listed on the following Stock Exchanges:

BSE Limited (Bombay Stock Exchange)

National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex

Dalal Street, MUMBAI – 400 023 Bandra (E), MUMBAI – 400 051

The Company has paid the annual listing fees to the Stock Exchanges and the custodial fees to NSDL and CDSL for the financial year 2024-25.

f. The securities were not suspended from trading during the year.

g. Registrars and Share Transfer Agents

M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Subramanian Building, No. 1, Club House Road, Chennai – 600 002, have been engaged to provide both share transfer as well as dematerialization services.

h. Share Transfer System

The Share Transfers in physical mode above 1000 equity shares are approved by Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

The Company has authorized the Company Secretary to approve share transfers involving up to 1000 shares with a view to expedite the process of share transfers.

i. Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2025

Category	No. of Shareholders	No. of Equity Shares	% of shareholding
Promoters & Promoters Group	10	7,18,51,686	60.63
Banks, FIs, Insurance Companies	210	2,14,691	0.18
Foreign Portfolio Investors	20	25,15,736	2.12
Private Corporate Bodies	350	47,81,207	4.03
Indian Public	54,971	2,43,65,727	20.56
NRIs/OCBs	766	7,01,570	0.59
Others	972	1,40,84,533	11.88
Grand Total	57,299	11,85,15,150	100.00

Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2025

	Shareholders	No. of Equity Shares	% of shareholding
Upto 5000	56,711	1,46,27,926	12.34
5001 - 10000	283	21,81,267	1.84
10001 - 20000	140	20,39,120	1.72
20001 - 30000	36	9,16,214	0.77
30001 - 40000	16	5,41,692	0.46
40001 - 50000	21	10,08,758	0.85
50001 - 100000	44	32,28,192	2.72
100001 & above	48	9,39,71,981	79.30
Total	57,299	11,85,15,150	100.00

j. Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity

The Company's equity shares having been mandated for settlement only in dematerialized form by all investors, the Company has signed tripartite agreements with the National Securities Depository Limited [NSDL], the Central Depository Services (India) Limited [CDSL] and Cameo Corporate Services Limited, to offer depository related services to its shareholders. As at March 31, 2025, 98.37% of the equity share capital of the Company has been dematerialized. Investors holding physical share certificates are advised to convert their holding to demat form in view of the various advantages associated with demat holding.



k. The Company has not issued GDRs/ADRs/Warrants and Convertible Instruments.

I. Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities.

During the year, the Company had managed the foreign exchange risk and hedged to the extent considered necessary. The Company enters into forward contracts for hedging foreign exchange exposures. The details of foreign currency exposure are disclosed in Note No. 42 to the Financial Statements.

m. Plant location: Panambur, Mangalore - 575 010

n. Address for Correspondence

Registered Office	Registrars and Transfer Agents
Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited	M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Limited,
Level-11, UB Tower, UB City	Subramanian Building,
24, Vittal Mallya Road	No. 1, Club House Road,
Bengaluru - 560 001	Chennai – 600 002
Ph. No.: +91 80-4585 5599	Ph. No: +91 44-4002 0700
Fax No.: +91 80-4585 5588	Fax No: +91 44-2846 0129
Email: shares.mcfl@adventz.com	Queries: www.wisdom.cameoindia.com
	Email: investor@cameoindia.com

The Company has designated the email ID shares.mcfl@adventz.com for registering investor complaints.

o. Credit ratings

CARE Ratings Limited (CARE), vide its letter dated January 02, 2025, has reaffirmed the rating of Long Term Bank Facilities to CARE A-; (RWD) [read as Single A Minus; Outlook: Rating Watch with Developing Implications] from CARE A-; Stable (read as Single A Minus; Outlook: Stable) and of Long Term/Short Term Bank Facilities to CARE A- / CARE A2+; (RWD) [read as Single A Minus/A Two Plus; Outlook: Rating Watch with Developing Implications) from CARE A-; Stable/CARE A2+ (read as Single A Minus; Outlook: Stable/A Two Plus).

15. OTHER DISCLOSURES

a. Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions

No transaction of material nature has been entered into by the Company with its Promoters, Directors or the Management, their subsidiaries or relatives, etc., that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company. However, please refer to the relevant Notes to the financial statements on related party transactions.

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has approved the Policy on Related Party Transactions and the same is placed on website of the Company https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/assets/frontend/pdfs/2RPTPolicy-20feb2025.pdf.

b. Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, strictures

The Company has complied with all the statutory requirements comprised in the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and there were no penalty/strictures were imposed on the Company by stock exchange(s) or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years.

- c. The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy closely monitored by the management. No personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee.
- d. The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- e. The Company does not have any subsidiary and hence policy on determining material subsidiaries is not applicable.
- f. The subsidy mechanism applicable for Urea appropriately recognizes commodity price fluctuations in respect of the required inputs. Similarly, subsidy mechanism under Nutrient Based Subsidy scheme applicable for DAP, MOP and other complex fertilizers and the market realization reflect the fluctuations in the respective commodity prices.
- g. The Company has not raised any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement.
- h. Certification from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is attached to this Report as Annexure B.



- i. The Board has accepted all the recommendations of the various committees of the Board, in the relevant financial year.
- j. Total fees for all services to the Statutory Auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the Statutory Auditor is a part, is given in Note No. 30 to the Financial Statements.
- k. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:
 - i. number of complaints filed during the financial year: Nil
 - ii. number of complaints disposed off during the financial year: Nil
 - iii. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year: Nil
- I. The Company has adopted para C and E of Part E of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- m. The Company has complied with the corporate governance requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Regulations, 2015.
- n. There are no shares in the demat suspense account or unclaimed suspense account.
- o. The details of unpaid/unclaimed dividend as on March 31, 2025 is provided below:

Year	Unpaid/Unclaimed Amount (INR)	Due date for transfer to IEPF as per Rule 5(1)		
2017-18	23,23,085	10/10/2025		
2018-19	20,82,411	29/09/2026		
2019-20	10,26,025	15/10/2027		
2020-21	18,20,853	21/10/2028		
2021-22	19,49,679	17/10/2029		
2022-23	26,79,948	29/10/2030		
2023-24	32,94,282	28/10/2031		

- p. Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary affirming compliance with the various conditions of corporate governance in terms of the Listing Regulations is given in Annexure C to this report.
- q. CEO/CFO Certificate: The Chief Executive Officer (CEO)/Chief Financial Officer (CFO) certification in terms of the Listing Regulations forms part of the Annual Report.

Annexure A

Declaration regarding compliance with Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

I, Nitin M Kantak, Whole-time Director of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited, hereby declare that all Board members and senior management team have affirmed compliance of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

May 07, 2025

Nitin M Kantak Whole-Time Director DIN: 08029847

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Annexure B

CERTIFICATE REGARDING DISCLOSURES PERTAINING TO DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015 - SCHEDULE V(C)(10)(i)

To,

The Members

Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited

Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore, Karnataka, India – 560001

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("the Company") bearing Corporate Identification Number L24123KA1966PLC002036 and having Registered Office at Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore, Karnataka, India – 560001, produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications [including Directors Identification Number (DIN)] as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other statutory authority.

SI. No.	Name	DIN	Date of Appointment
1.	Mr. Akshay Poddar	00008686	September 29, 2015
2.	Mr. Doddaballapur Prasanna Achutarao	00253371	May 06, 2016
3.	Mr. Nitin Manguesh Kantak	08029847	January 01, 2022
4.	Mr. Marco Philippus Ardeshir Wadia	00244357	May 13, 2022
5.	Mr. Narayanan Suresh Krishnan	00021965	March 25, 2023
6.	Ms. Kiran Dhingra	00425602	July 10, 2023

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment/ continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Kedarnath & Karthik

Karthik S N Partner

FCS No.: F12078 | CP No.: 17639 ICSI FRN: P2023KR098600 ICSI PRN: 5307/2023 ICSI UDIN: F012078G000224279

Date: April 29, 2025 Place: Bengaluru

Annexure C

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SCHEDULE V OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015

To

The Members

Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited

Level 11, UB Tower, UB City 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore, Karnataka, India – 560001

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("the Company") bearing Corporate Identification Number L24123KA1966PLC002036 for the year ended March 31, 2025 as stipulated under regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V of Securities Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) ("LODR") Regulations, 2015.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, we certify that the Company has complied in all material respects with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

We hereby state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Kedarnath & Karthik

Karthik S N Partner

FCS No.: F12078 | CP No.: 17639 ICSI FRN: P2023KR098600 ICSI PRN: 5307/2023

ICSI UDIN: F012078G000224312

Date: April 29, 2025 Place: Bengaluru



Annexure 6

Management Discussion and Analysis

Industry Structure and Developments

The Company has one major business segment, viz. Fertilizers. It manufactures both Nitrogenous and Phosphatic fertilizers and is the only manufacturer of fertilizers in the state of Karnataka. About 71% of the Company's products are sold in the state of Karnataka, which meets about 12% of the needs of the farmers in the State. The Company also operating in the neighbouring states of Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Kerala and Maharashtra.

Threats and Opportunities

The New Pricing Scheme is notified by Government of India [GOI] for Urea and various policies are issued from time to time under the Scheme and we are governed by the extant policy guidelines.

The Nutrient Based Subsidy Scheme (NBS) was introduced by the GOI with effect from April 1, 2010 after de-controlling the DAP/ complex fertilizers, where annual/bi-annual concession rates are announced leaving the market realization to reflect the fluctuations in respective commodity prices. However, the GOI is monitoring the market realization with guidelines on its reasonableness.

From January 2018, the GOI has rolled out Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) for payment of subsidy on sale by the retailers on pan India basis after pilot studies in some selected districts of various States, as against the earlier system of payment of subsidy on receipt basis into the respective districts and sales thereafter. DBT roll out resulted in delayed payment of subsidy which would follow the vagaries of agro climatic conditions, leading to elongated working capital cycle. The delay in payment of subsidy caused by DBT, higher subsidy demand due to higher commodity prices and rupee depreciation would contribute to higher working capital requirement and resultant higher finance cost.

Future Outlook

The demand for both Nitrogenous & Phosphatic fertilizers in India is increasing steadily and expected to grow at a compounded annual rate of about 2-3%. Despite the efforts to augment the domestic production against the increasing demand, the supply deficit has to be met from imports. The Company has planned to import adequate quantity of fertilizers to meet the growing demand and has also finalized supply arrangements with certain suppliers of fertilizers, to augment fertilizer availability in our marketing territory through our own marketing channel.

Financial and Operational Performance

a) Production Performance

Production of 4,43,322 MTs of Urea, 3,25,135 MTs of Complex fertilizers [DAP/NP] and 13,130 MTs of Ammonium Bi-Carbonate was achieved during the year.

b) Operating Results

The revenue from operations for the year ended March 31, 2025 was INR 3,331.90 crore as compared to INR 3,795.44 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024.

The profit before tax for the year ended March 31, 2025 was INR 206.05 crore as compared to INR 240.67 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024. Total Comprehensive Income stood at INR 142.78 crore for the year ended March 31, 2025 compared to INR 154.27 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024.

c) Resource Utilization

The gross fixed assets and capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2025 were INR 1,489.73 crore as compared to INR 1,461.09 crore in the previous year.

d) Working Capital

Net working capital as on March 31, 2025 was INR 307.72 crore.

Risks and Concerns

Due to any changes in Fertilizer policy, Urea production may get curtailed. Possible non-availability of raw materials & fertilizers and their rising prices for non-urea fertilizers and monitoring of reasonableness of market realization are matters of concern. Roll out of DBT, any under provisioning for fertilizer subsidy in the Union Budget and resultant delay in subsidy payment by Govt. of India would contribute to incremental working capital which could impact production and increased finance costs. Considering the Company's plans for higher imports, depreciation of Indian rupee against the US dollar can adversely affect profitability. Increase in operating costs, mainly finance costs on working capital may adversely affect profitability.

Internal Financial Control Systems

Adequate internal financial controls are in place across various functions in the Company. The Company is operating SAP S/4 HANA (high-performance analytic appliance) version and GRC software, which have adequate controls in place.

In addition, Internal Auditor reviews the internal financial control measures on an ongoing basis, whose reports are reviewed by the Audit Committee for continuous improvement of controls.

Human Resources and Industrial Relations

The Company continues to focus on employee training and development and had organized several technical and other soft skills training programs across levels. The Company constantly reviews/revises its policies and practices to stay aligned with the best in the industry.

The total strength of regular employees at the end of the year was 577.



Details of Significant Changes in Key Financial Ratios, along with detailed explanations:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	% change	Reason for variance above 25%
Debtors Turnover Ratio	5.72	5.58	2.58%	-
Inventory Turnover Ratio	8.57	11.52	(25.58%)	Temporary increase in inventory
Interest Coverage Ratio	3.95	3.57	10.83%	-
Current Ratio	1.34	1.23	8.77%	-
Debt- Equity Ratio	0.68	1.08	37.43%	Improved liquidity & profitability
Operating Margin Ratio	8.48%	9.09%	(6.70%)	-
Net Profit Ratio	4.31%	4.08%	5.74%	-
Return on Networth	14.34%	17.77%	(19.28%)	-



Annexure 7

Remuneration Details of Directors and Employees

Statement of particulars pursuant to the provisions of Section 197(12) read with Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

I The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2024-25:

SI. No.	Name of the Director Ratio of the remuneration to the median remainer the employees				
1.	*Akshay Poddar	0.33			
2.	Nitin M Kantak	19.63			
3.	*N Suresh Krishnan	1.33			
4.	*D A Prasanna	1.21			
5.	*Marco Wadia	0.86			
6.	*Kiran Dhingra	1.17			

^{*}Were paid sitting fees for attending meetings and remuneration as approved by the members at the AGM held on 16.09.2021.

II The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager in the financial year:

SI. No.	Name of the Director	Percentage increase in remuneration
1.	Akshay Poddar	(68.60%)
2.	Nitin M Kantak	12.00%
3.	N Suresh Krishnan	-
4.	D A Prasanna	(8.09%)
5.	Marco Wadia	(8.84%)
6.	Kiran Dhingra	20.25%
7.	T M Muralidharan	12.00%
8.	Vighneshwar G Bhat	10.00%

- III The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 11.21%.
- IV The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company:

There are 577 permanent employees on the rolls of the Company.

V Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

The median increase in remuneration to employees other than Managerial Personnel was 11.00%.

VI It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration policy of the Company.

Annexure 8

Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report

SECTION A: GENERAL DISCLOSURES

I. Det	ails of the listed entity	
SI. No.	Required Information	
1.	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Listed Entity	L24123KA1966PLC002036
2.	Name of the Listed Entity	Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited
3.	Year of incorporation	1966
4.	Registered office address	Level 11, UB Tower, UB City, No.24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore – 560001
5.	Corporate address	Level 11, UB Tower, UB City, No.24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bangalore – 560001
6.	E-mail	shares.mcfl@adventz.com
7.	Telephone	91 80 4585 5599
8.	Website	www.mangalorechemicals.com
9.	Financial year for which reporting is being done	April 1, 2024 - March 31, 2025
10.	Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed	(i) BSE Limited (ii) National Stock Exchange of India Limited
11.	Paid-up Capital	INR 1,18,51,51,500
12.	Name and contact details (telephone, email address) of the person who may be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report	Mr. Nitin M Kantak, Whole-time Director Telephone: +91 80 4585 5599 Email: nitinkantak@adventz.com
13.	Reporting boundary - Are the disclosures under this report made on a standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. for the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated financial statements, taken together).	On standalone basis
14.	Name of Assurance Provider	None
15.	Type of Assurance obtained	None

II. Products/Services

16.	Details	of business activities (acc	ounting for 90% of the turnover):	
	SI. No.	Description of Main Activity	Description of Business Activity	% of Turnover of the entity
	1	Manufacturing	Chemical and chemical products, pharmaceuticals, medicinal chemical and botanical products	95.97%
	2	Trade	Wholesale trading	3.85%
17.	Product	s/Services sold by the en	tity (accounting for 90% of the entity's Turnover)	
	SI. No.	Product/Service	NIC Code	% of total Turnover contributed
	1	Fertilizers	20121, 20122	96.89%

III. Operations

18.	Number of locations where plants and/or operations/offices of the entity are situated:									
	Location Number of plants Number of offices Total									
	National	1	7	8						
	International Nil Nil Nil									



9.	Mai		erved by the									
	a.	Numl	per of location	ns								
				Location	าร		Number					
		Natio	nal (No. of St	ates)					6			
			national (No.						Nil			
	b.				orts as a r	percentage of						
	٠.		otal turnover			ocidentage of		No e	xport of ferti	ilizers		
	c.		ef on type of				The Comp	any primarily	serves dis	tributors.	dealers. Sta	
			77				Cooperative who act as	es, and Farm intermediarie e end benefici	ner Produce s in the valu	r Organiza ue chain. F	ations (FPOs armers rema	
. En	nplo	yees										
).	Det	ails as	at the end	of Financial	Year:							
	a. Employees and workers (including differently abled):											
		SI.					_	Male		Fem	ale	
		No.	Pa	rticulars		Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B/	A) N	o. (C)	% (C/A)	
			oyees				140. (D)	70 (B)	A) IV	o. (c)	70 (C/A)	
			-	D)		574	562	98%		12	2%	
		1 Permanent (D)		\	3/4	302	90 70		12	270		
		2 Other than Permanent (E) 3 Total employees (D+E))	- 574	562	98%		12	2%	
				ees (D+E)		5/4	302	90%		12	270	
	Workers		2	1 2	1000/		_					
		4 Permanent (F) 5 Other than Permanent (G) 6 Total workers (F+G)			,	3	3	100%				
)	585	541	92%		44	8%	
		6				588	544	93%		44	7%	
	b.		rently abled	Employees	and wo	rkers:		Mala		F	-1-	
	SI. Particulars Total (A)		Total (A)		Male No. (R) 9/6 (R/A)		Female					
		No.).				No. (B) % (B/A) No. (C)			o. (C)	% (C/A)	
			D 1 /	D)		Dimerenti	y Ablea Emp		1			
		1	Permanent (-	-	-		-		
		2		ermanent (E))	-	-	-		-	-	
		3	Total differen			-	-	-		-	_	
			employees (D+E)		Differen	No. Ablad Ma	ula su s				
		4	D	E \		Differen	tly Abled Wo		1			
		4	Permanent (-	-	-		-	-	
		5	Other than F		,	-	-	-		-	-	
		6	Total differently abled workers (F+G)		-	-	-		-	-		
L.	Pai	rticipa	tion/Inclus	ion/Represe	entation	of women:						
							No	o. and perce	ntage of Fe	males		
					Total	(A)	No. (B)	<u> </u>	T	% (B/	Δ)	
		1 (5			C+			,				
	Воа	rd of D	irectors		6*		1			16.67%	<u>/o</u>	
	Key	Manag	ement Persoi	nnel	3*		0			0%		
ıcluc	ding	one W	hole-time Dir	ector								
					nlovees	and workers	(Disclose tre	nds for the r	ast 3 vear	s)		
-	Tui	HOVE	Tate for per	manent em	pioyees	and Workers	(Disclose tre	ilus foi the p	ast 5 years		22	
			(Turnov	FY 2024-25 er rate in cu) (Turnov	FY 2023-24 er rate in pro		(Turnove	FY 2022- r rate in t the previo	he year pri	
			Male	Female	Tota	l Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		
- 1	Perm	nanent	7.43%	8.33%	7.45%	4.98%	7.70%	5.04%	5.60%	13.79%	5.79%	
		loyees	7.7370	0.5570	7.737	1.5070	7.7070	2.0.70				



V. H	V. Holding, Subsidiary and Associate Companies (including joint ventures)										
23.	23. (a) Name of holding/subsidiary/associate companies/joint ventures										
		SI. No.	Name of the holding/ subsidiary/associate companies/joint ventures (A)	Indicate whether holding/ subsidiary/ associate/ joint venture	% of shares held by listed entity	Does the entity indicated at column A, participate in the Business Responsibility initiatives of the listed entity? (Yes/No)					
		1.	Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited	Holding	54.03%	No					

VI. CSR Details

24.	(i) Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013: (Yes/No)	Yes
	(ii) Turnover (in INR)	3368,54,32,560
	(iii) Net worth (in INR)	1064,68,16,673

VII. Transparency and Disclosure Compliances

25. Complaints/Grievances on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct:

	Grievance Redressal Mechanism in Place			'ear)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)			
Stakeholder group from whom complaint is received (Yes/No) (If Yes, then provide web-link for grievance redress policy)		Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	
Communities	Yes (Community-related grievances are addressed by the Company's CSR team)	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Investors (other than shareholders)	Yes (https://www. mangalorechemicals.com/investor/ investor_cd)	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Shareholders	Yes (https://www. mangalorechemicals.com/investor/ investor_cd)	12	0	Resolved	13	0	Resolved	
Employees and workers	Yes https://www. mangalorechemicals. com/assets/frontend/ pdfs/11WhistleBlowerPolicynew.pdf	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Customers	Yes https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/home/contactus	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Value Chain Partners	Yes https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/home/contactus	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	
Other (cases from Fertilizer Control Order)	NA	2	2	NA	0	0	NA	



26. Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issues

Please indicate material responsible business conduct and sustainability issues pertaining to environmental and social matters that present a risk or an opportunity to your business, rationale for identifying the same, approach to adapt or mitigate the risk along-with its financial implications, as per the following format

SI. No.	Material issue identified	Indicate whether risk or opportunity (R/O)	Rationale for identifying the risk /opportunity	In case of risk, approach to adapt or mitigate	Financial implications of the risk or opportunity (Indicate positive or negative implications)
1.	Energy Management	Risk	Fertilizer manufacturing is energy-intensive and contributes to greenhouse gas emissions and environmental impact due to its reliance on fossil fuels.	The Company is actively adopting energy-efficient practices and integrating renewable energy into its operation through targeted investments like the Ammonia Energy Improvement Project.	Negative: > Upgrading to energy-efficient equipment requires substantial capital upfront. > Installation or retrofitting of energy-saving technologies may cause temporary production downtime, impacting short-term revenue.
2.	Water Use & Management	Risk	Water is a vital yet limited resource for MCFL's water-intensive manufacturing operations. This reliance underscores the need for effective conservation measures to reduce environmental impact and ensure regulatory compliance.	The Company has achieved Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) by upgrading its effluent and sewage treatment plants. It has also adopted initiatives to reduce fresh water usage.	Negative: > Establishing and maintaining advanced water treatment systems involves significant capital upfront expenditure. > Ensuring compliance with water-related environmental regulations entails administrative and consultancy expenses.
3.	GHG emissions and air quality	Risk	The Company operates within a regulated carbon emissions framework, non-compliance with applicable environmental and emissions regulations may lead to financial penalties and reputational damage.	The Company has successfully reduced its carbon emissions through the implementation of the Ammonia Energy Improvement Project. Building on this progress, it aims to further lower its environmental footprint.	Negative: > Installing advanced emission monitoring requires significant investment upfront. > Adhering to environmental regulations entails costs related to emissions monitoring, data tracking systems, third-party audits, and regulatory reporting.
4.	Soil Health	Opportunity	The Company employs fertilizers in a balanced way to promote healthy soil and offers training sessions for farmers on the proper and efficient use of fertilizers.	-	Positive: > The shift towards soil health opens doors for high-margin, value-added products. > Offering soil testing and agronomic advisory services creates additional revenue streams.
5.	Waste Management	Opportunity	Proper management of both hazardous and non-hazardous waste is crucial for Companies aiming to minimize their environmental footprint. Achieving zero waste is a long-term goal for any organization.	-	Positive: > Effective waste management can reduce raw material costs and minimize waste disposal cost. > Adhering to regulatory waste management practices ensures the Company avoiding fines or penalties.



6.	Occupational Health & Safety	Risk	While developing a safe and healthy work environment requires sustained effort and time, the implementation of effective health and safety practices boosts employee morale, enhances operational efficiency, and reflects the company's commitment to corporate responsibility.	The Company is certified with ISO 45001:2018. At Company, we upholds high safety standards through regular third-party audits and comprehensive training programs on safety measures.	Negative: > Accidents or safety incidents can result in delayed product delivery and revenue lost. > Failure to adhere to safety regulations can result in fines or legal action against the Company.
7.	Sustainable/ responsible supply chain	Opportunity	Integrating ESG parameters into raw material sourcing strengthens sustainability efforts by promoting ethical procurement practices, reducing environmental impact, and prioritizing the purchase of products made from recycled or responsibly sourced materials.	-	Positive: > A sustainable supply chain leads to lower operational costs. > Companies with a responsible supply chain can command premium prices for sustainably produced products.
8.	Local communities' engagement & relations	Opportunity	Through open dialogue and continuous engagement, the Company works to understand local concerns and minimize potential conflicts, fostering trust and long-term, harmonious relationships.		Positive: > Strong community relations ensures smoother operations and avoids costly shutdowns or legal issues. > A positive public image strengthens trust with investors, regulators, and customers, potentially increasing access to favourable financing.
9.	Employment, career, talent development and retention	Opportunity	Employee development and engagement programs significantly enhance job satisfaction, empowering individuals to grow within the organization.	-	Positive: > Investing in career development lowers employee turnover, significantly reducing costs associated with hiring. > Regular training reduces the risk of financial liabilities.
10.	Business Ethics and anti- corruption	Risk	A policy-driven approach is implemented to establish an effective control mechanism.	The company has implemented an ABAC policy, with continuous efforts underway to raise awareness among employees and stakeholders.	Negative: Implementing and maintaining ethical standards and anti-corruption frameworks involves significant spending on legal counsel.
11.	ESG oversight	Opportunity	Having ESG oversight is highly beneficial for the company, as integrating it into core business practices strengthens risk management, enhances governance and accountability, improves transparency in reporting, and supports more informed and responsible decision-making.	-	Positive: > Strong ESG practices attract ESG-focused investors and global financial institutions. > Proactive oversight of ESG risks reduces the likelihood of regulatory penalties.



SECTION B: MANAGEMENT AND PROCESS DISCLOSURES This section is aimed at helping businesses demonstrate the structures, policies and processes put in place towards adopting the NGRBC Principles and Core Elements. **P7 P9 Disclosure Questions P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P8** Policy and management processes Whether your entity's 1 policy/policies cover Υ each principle and its core elements of the NGRBCs. (Yes/No) Has the policy been approved by the Board? Υ Υ Υ Υ Υ Υ Υ (Yes/No) Web Link of the Policies, https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/investor_cbc if available https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/code of conduct to regulate monitor and report trading by an insider https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/investor/policies Whether the entity translated the policy Υ Υ Υ Υ Υ into procedures. (Yes / No) Do the enlisted policies extend to your value chain partners? Υ Υ γ Υ Υ Υ Υ Υ (Yes/No) Name of the national 1) ISO 14001:2015 Environmental Management Systems and international codes/ 2) ISO 45001:2018 Occupational Health & Safety Management Systems certifications/ labels/ 3) ISO 22000:2018 Food Safety Management Systems (for production of Ammonium Bi Carbonate) standards (e.g. **Forest** 4) ISO 17025:2017 General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories Stewardship Council, 5) ISO 50001:2018 Energy Management System Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, Trustee) standards (e.g. SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by your entity and mapped to each principle. 5. Specific commitments, goals **Environment:** and targets set by the entity > Aspirational target to achieve a 30% reduction in Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions by with defined timelines, if any. > Expand the coverage of Scope 3 emissions monitoring, with a long-term goal of gradual reduction across the value chain. > Target to achieve ~15% reduction in overall energy consumption by 2030 through efficiency measures and technological upgrades. Transition to renewable energy for non-process energy requirements. > Conduct a comprehensive biodiversity assessment within operational boundaries to understand and mitigate ecological impact. Social: > Ensure zero safety-related incidents through robust health and safety protocols. > Achieve at least 4% representation of women in the workforce by 2030. > Target an employee engagement index of approximately 80% by 2030. > Ensure 100% employee coverage in training programs on health & safety and human rights. > Encourage employees to contribute at least 5% of total working hours to volunteering and community Conduct comprehensive supplier due diligence to uphold ethical, environmental, and human rights standards across the value chain. **Governance:** > Uphold the highest standards of ethical business conduct by ensuring that 100% of employees are trained on the Code of Conduct, anti-corruption and anti-bribery practices. Conduct comprehensive ESG due diligence for over 75% of suppliers. Enhance Board's oversight and accountability through periodic ESG performance reviews and capacity-building sessions.



6.	entity against the specific commitments, goals and	ren > Scc acn > Rec > Wa > Pre Social > Acr > Cor > Into > The	 100% of the electrical energy consumed for non urea operations during the reporting year renewable sources. Scope 3 emissions reporting has been initiated, marking a step toward comprehensive carbon for across the value chain. Reduced carbon emissions through the implementation of the Ammonia Energy Improvement Water conservation and reuse initiatives have been implemented across operational sites. Preparatory activities for a biodiversity assessment at the MCFL plant premises are currently under the value of the plant premises are currently under the value of the value						period NSDGs der or employed.	assesses. ay. to eemploy	ensure yment						
		> The cor > ESC > The	Governance: > The Company reinforced its commitment to ethical governance through mandatory ethics, anti-bribery, and anti-corruption training. > ESG considerations are increasingly integrated into strategic discussions and risk governance frameworks. > The Company has strengthened its corporate governance structures by enhancing ESG disclosures and aligning with emerging regulatory and stakeholder expectations.														
Gove	rnance, leadership and over	rsight												7			
7.	Statement by Director responsible for the business responsibility report, highlighting ESG related challenges, targets and achievements (listed entity has flexibility regarding the placement of this disclosure)	Over the past year, we have taken concrete steps to strengthen our Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) performance. This includes enhancing operational efficiencies, prioritizing employee well-being, adopting resource-conscious practices and fostering inclusive growth in the communities we serve. Our ongoing efforts are aligned with national priorities and global sustainability goals, ensuring that we															
8.	Details of the highest authority responsible for implementation and oversight of the Business Responsibility policy(ies).		tin M	Kantak,	Whole-tir	ne Dir	ector										
9.	Does the entity have a specified Committee of the Board/ Director responsible for decision making on sustainability related issues? (Yes/No). If yes, provide details.	matte	he CS rs rela	R Comn	nittee, wi sustainabi	th req lity an	uisite d drivi	approvals fing the Con	from t npany	the B /'s ES	oard G ag	, has be enda.	en ent	rusted	l with	overs	eeing
10.	Details of Review of NGRBCs b	y the C	Compa	any:											_		
	Subject of Review			Commi		he Bo		taken by Iny other	Free	quer		Annua y other					rly/
		P1	P2	P3 F	P4 P5	P6	P7	P8 P9	P1	P2	2 P	3 P4	P5	Р6	P7	P8	P9
	Performance against above policies and follow up action	Yes	s, the	review i	s underta Directo		y the E	Board of			Ann	nually/as	and w	hen re	equire	d	
	Compliance with statutory requirements of relevance to the principles, and, rectification of any non-compliances		s, the	review i	s underta Directo		y the I	Board of	Quarterly								



11.		s the entity carried out ependent assessment/	P1	P2	Р3	P4	P5	5	P6	P7	P8	P9
	its age	luation of the working of policies by an external ency? (Yes/No). If yes, vide name of the agency	corporate (Board of D	governance	practices, e Board un	these poli dertakes r	cies are p evisions a	eriodically nd amend	reviewe	ed by vario	wever, as pa ous Committ y, to ensure	ees of the
12.	If a	nswer to question (1) abov	e is "No" i.e	e. not all Pri	nciples are	covered b	y a policy,	reasons	to be sta	ted:		
	Qu	estions		P1	P2	Р3	P4	P5	Р6	P7	P8	P9
	a.	The entity does not co Principles material to its (Yes/No)			·			-			·	
	b.	The entity is not at a st it is in a position to forr implement the policies o principles (Yes/No)	nulate and					-				
	C.	The entity does not financial or/human and resources available for (Yes/No)					-					
	d.	It is planned to be done financial year (Yes/No)	in the next					-				
	e.	Any other reason (please					-					

SECTION C: PRINCIPLE WISE PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE

This section is aimed at helping entities demonstrate their performance in integrating the Principles and Core Elements with key processes and decisions. The information sought is categorized as "Essential" and "Leadership".

While the essential indicators are expected to be disclosed by every entity that is mandated to file this report, the leadership indicators may be voluntarily disclosed by entities which aspire to progress to a higher level in their quest to be socially, environmentally and ethically responsible.

PRINCIPLE 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity, and in a manner that is Ethical, Transparent and Accountable

Essential Indicators

1.	Percentage co	Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the Principles during the financial year:									
	Segment	Total number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics/principles covered under the training and its impact	%age of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programmes							
	Board of Directors	The management regularly apprises the Board of Directors on key developments related to the Company, including industry trends, the business model, risk metrics and corresponding mitigation strategies, ESG initiatives, performance indicators, strategic targets and changes in the regulatory landscape, as relevant. As part of the onboarding process, newly appointed Directors undergo a comprehensive induction programme, which provides an overview of the Company's vision, mission, industry landscape, business strategy, risk management framework, ESG commitments, Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management, corporate governance practices and their roles and responsibilities across various Board and Committee functions.									
	Key Managerial Personnel	1	The Company conducts structured training programmes to enhance employee awareness on key topics,	100%							
	Employees	10+	including ESG and Sustainability, the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting (BRSR) framework, health and safety practices –	100%							
	Workers	10+	framework, health and safety practices – covering first aid and emergency response procedures – human rights, and business ethics. Additionally, specialised technical training is provided to strengthen domain knowledge and professional capabilities across functions.	100%							



2.	or by Directors/I following format	enalties/punishment KMPs) with regulate (Note: the entity sh igations and Disclosu	ors/law enforcemental make disclosu	ent agencies/jud res on the basis	licial institution of materiality	ns, in the final as specified	nancial year, in the in Regulation 30 of	
	Monetary							
		NGRBC Principle	Name of the regulatory/ enforcement agencies/judicia institutions	Amoun (In INR	Kriot	of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)	
	Penalty/Fine	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	Nil	
	Settlement	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	Nil	
	Compounding fee	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	Nil	
	Non-Monetary							
		NGRBC Principle		gulatory/enforce udicial institution		of the Case	Has an appeal been preferred? (Yes/No)	
	Imprisonment			Nil	•		NA	
	Punishment			Nil			NA	
3.		disclosed in Question		of the Appeal/ Re	evision preferre	ed in cases w	here monetary or	
	Case Details Name of the regulatory/enforcement agencies/judicial institutions							
				NA				
4.	provide details in	nave an anti-corrupt brief and if available	e, provide a web-li	nk to the policy.	Company's Coo The Code is p official website com/investor/ir	de of Business ublicly accessi e <u>https://www. nvestor_cbc</u>	d integrated within the Conduct and Ethics ble on the Company' w.mangalorechemicals	
5.	agency for the ch	tors/KMPs/employee arges of bribery/cor	ruption:	t whom discipiir	lary action was			
			FY 2024-25 Current Financial	Year)	(Pr	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)		
	Directors	,			_		<u> </u>	
	KMPs							
	Employees		Nil		Nil			
	Workers							
6.	Details of compla	ints with regard to c	onflict of interest:		I			
		(1)	FY 2024-25 Current Financial \	Year)	(Pr	FY 2023- evious Finan		
		Numi	The state of the s	Remarks	Numbe		Remarks	
	Number of con received in relat issues of Confil Interest of the Direct	ion to ict of Nil		NA	Nil		NA	
	Number of con received in relat issues of Confil Interest of the KMP	ion to Nil		NA	Nil		NA	
7.	Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines/penalties/action taken by regulators/law enforcement agencies/judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest.				NA			



8. Number of days of accounts payables ((Accounts payable *365)/Cost of goods/services procured) in the following format:

	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)
Number of days of accounts payable	34	31

9. Open-ness of business

Provide details of concentration of purchases and sales with trading houses, dealers, and related parties along-with loans and advances & investments, with related parties, in the following format:

Parameter	Metrics	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)
	a. Purchases from trading houses/dealers/related parties as % of total purchases	11%	34.87%
Concentration of Purchases	b. Number of trading houses/dealers/related parties where purchases are made from	181	139
	c. Purchases from top 10 trading houses as % of total purchases from trading houses	88%	87.68%
	a. Sales to dealers/distributors as % of total sales	100%	100%
Concentration of Sales	b. Number of dealers/distributors to whom sales are made	2383	2340
Concentration of Sales	c. Sales to top 10 dealers/distributors as % of total sales to dealers/ distributors	9.34%	9.79%
	a. Purchases (Purchases with related parties/total purchases)	12.95%	6.36%
	b. Sales (Sales to related parties/total sales)	1.85%	1.56%
Shares of RPTs in	c. Loans & advances (Loans & advances given to related parties/total loans and advances)	0	0
	d. Investments (Investments in related parties/total investments made)	0	0

Leadership Indicators

1. Awareness programmes conducted for value chain partners on any of the Principles during the financial year:

Total number of awareness programmes held	Topics/principles covered under the training	%age of value chain partners covered (by value of business done with such partners) under the awareness programmes
41	Balanced Use of Fertilizers, Fertilizers Use Efficiency, Organic Farming, Soil reclamation, Soil health, DBT & PoS training.	85%

Does the entity have processes in place to avoid/manage conflict of interests involving members of the Board? (Yes/ No) If Yes, provide details of the same

Yes, all Directors are governed by the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which contains clear and robust provisions on conflict of interest. It requires Directors to act in the best interest of the Company, avoid situations where personal interests could improperly influence their judgment and disclose any potential conflicts in a timely and transparent manner.

PRINCIPLE 2: Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe

Essential Indicators

1. Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively

	Current Financial Year	Previous Financial Year	Details of improvements in environmental and social impacts
R & D	4.6%	3.6%	Closer monitoring of product quality
Capex	12.2%	63%	Energy conservation Gas leak detection system was strengthened to enhance safety Improvements in gas scrubbing system Improvements in effluent and domestic sewage treatment



NIC Code Product/ Service Turnover contributed Life Cycle Perspective/ Assessment was conducted	b	Does the entity hin place for sustai			Yes			
(a) Plastics (including ackaging) Under the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR Management Agency in accordance with the Plastic V amendments) to ensure the responsible collection, to ensure the responsibility (collection Board, in compliance with regulation Control Board, standards. (d) Other waste Non-hazardous waste, such as metal-bearing waste authorised by the Rarnataka State Pollution Control management in line with regulatory requirements. 4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the following the product/Service Service industry)? If yes, provide details in the following the conducted for service industry. Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been conducted for any of the Composition of the risk/concern Not applicable, as Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been conducted for reused input material to total material (by value).	_				energy consumed: (24.84%) fo	or FY 2024-25 and (22.83%)		
ackaging) Management Agency in accordance with the Plastic V amendments) to ensure the responsible collection, t amendments) to ensure the responsible collection, the authorised by the Pollution Control Board, in complia authorised by the Pollution Control Board, in complia authorised by the Pollution Control Board, in complia agencies authorised by the Pollution Control Board, standards. (d) Other waste Non-hazardous waste, such as metal-bearing waste authorised by the Karnataka State Pollution Control Board, standards. 4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folkon or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, pro)I-	ibe the processes in	place to safely re	eclaim your products for re	using, recycling and dispos	ing at the end of life, for;		
authorised by the Pollution Control Board, in complia (c) Hazardous waste Hazardous waste at our manufacturing unit is stored all types of waste are segregated at source, stored a agencies authorised by the Pollution Control Board, standards. (d) Other waste Non-hazardous waste, such as metal-bearing waste authorised by the Karnataka State Pollution Control management in line with regulatory requirements. 4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folked and the contributed Product/ Service Service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folked by the Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folked by the Karnataka State Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Boundary for which the Life Cycle Perspective/Assessment was conducted Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been conducted for any of the Commoducts/services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective/Assessment describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same. Name of Product/Service Description of the risk/concern Not applicable, as Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been conducted for any of the Commoducted for any of the Cycle Perspective/Assessment describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same.			Management Age	ency in accordance with the Pla	stic Waste Management Rules,	2016 (including subsequent		
All types of waste are segregated at source, stored a agencies authorised by the Pollution Control Board, standards. (d) Other waste Non-hazardous waste, such as metal-bearing waste authorised by the Karnataka State Pollution Control management in line with regulatory requirements. 4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its service (LCA) has not been conducted for any of the Company (LCA) has not bee	-1	E-waste						
authorised by the Karnataka State Pollution Contromanagement in line with regulatory requirements. 4. Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folk Interview In	ła	Hazardous waste	All types of waste agencies authoris	e are segregated at source, sto	red appropriately and dispose	d of through waste handling		
(EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes/No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same. Leadership Indicators 1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective/Assessments (LCA) for a or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its service (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its service (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its service (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion or for its services (for services (for services industry)? If yes, provide details in the folion industry)? If yes, provide details in the fo	Ot	Other waste	authorised by the	e Karnataka State Pollution Co	ontrol Board, ensuring enviror			
NIC Code Name of Product/ Service Product/ Turnover contributed Life Cycle Perspective/ Assessment was conducted	tt or	itted to Pollution (provide steps take p Indicators he entity conducted	Control Boards? en to address th	If he ective/Assessments (LCA) 1		manufacturing industry)		
2. If there are any significant social or environmental concerns and/or risproducts/services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective/Assessmedescribe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same. Name of Product/Service Description of the risk/concern Not applicable, as Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been considered. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value)		Name of Product/	% of total Turnover	Boundary for which the Life Cycle Perspective/ Assessment was	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/ No) If yes, provide the web-link		
products/services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective/Assessme describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same. Name of Product/Service Description of the risk/concern Not applicable, as Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been con 3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value)	2.1.2.1.2.2.1.1.1.2							
Not applicable, as Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) has not been con 3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value)		ıcts/services, as ide	entified in the Life	e Cycle Perspective/Asses		-		
3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by valu	cl	e of Product/Servic	e Description	on of the risk/concern	Action	Taken		
	ct b	Not applic	able, as Life Cycle A	Assessment (LCA) has not beer	conducted for the Company's	products		
industry) or providing services (for service industry).	ct b		r reused input ma					
Recycled or re-used inpu	ct b	.,,	rvices (for service	industry).				
Indicate input material FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	ct b		rvices (for service		input material to total mat	erial		
The input raw materials used in the Company's operations are neit	ot b nt	,, ,		Recycled or re-used FY 2024-25	input material to total mat FY 202 (Previous Fin	23-24		



4. Of the products and packaging reclaimed at end of life of products, amount [in metric tonnes (MT)] reused, recycled and safely disposed, as per the following format:

	(Curi	FY 2024-25 ent Financial	Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)		
	Re-Used	Recycled	Safely Disposed	Re-Used	Recycled	Safely Disposed
Plastics (including packaging)	Nil	2022	Nil	Nil	1895	Nil
E-waste	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Hazardous waste	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other waste	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

5. Reclaimed products and their packaging materials (as percentage of products sold) for each product category

Indicate product category

Reclaimed products and their packaging materials as % of total products sold in respective category

The Company's fertilizer products are chemical in nature and cannot be reclaimed, as they are fully consumed during end use. However, the Company reclaims packaging materials used for bagged products in accordance with EPR guidelines.

PRINCIPLE 3: Businesses should respect and promote the well-being of all employees, including those in their value chains

Essential Indicators

1. a. Details of measures for the well-being of employees:

					% of em	ployees co	% of employees covered by										
Category	Total	Health Insurance		Accid insur		Maternity Benefits		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities							
	(A)	Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A)						
Permanent employees																	
Male	562	562	100%	562	100%	NA	NA	562	100%	562	100%						
Female	12	12	100%	12	100%	12	100%	NA	NA	12	100%						
Total	574	574	100%	574	100%	12	100%	562	100%	574	100%						
Other than	Permane	nt employ	ees														
Male	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	-	-						
Female	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-						
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						

b. Details of measures for the well-being of workers:

	3											
					% of w	orkers cov	ered by					
Category	Total (A)	Health Insurance		Accident insurance		Maternity Benefits		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities		
		Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A)	
Permanent workers												
Male	3	3	100%	3	100%	NA	NA	3	100%	3	100%	
Female	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	-	-	
Total	3	3	100%	3	100%	-	-	3	100%	3	100%	
Other than	Permane	nt worker	s									
Male	541	541	100%	541	100%	NA	NA	541	100%	-	-	
Female	44	44	100%	44	100%	44	100%	NA	NA	-	-	
Total	585	585	100%	585	100%	44	100%	541	100%	-	-	



C.	Spending on measures towards well-being of employees and workers (including permanent and other than	l
	permanent) in the following format:	

	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)
Cost incurred on well-being measures as a % of total revenue of the company	0.15%	0.12%

2. Details of retirement benefits, for Current FY and Previous Financial Year.

	((FY 2024-25 Current Financial Ye	ar)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)			
Benefits	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)	
PF	100%	100%	Υ	100%	100%	Υ	
Gratuity	100%	100%	Υ	100%	100%	Υ	
ESI	4.51%	-	Υ	3.42%	-	Y	
Others - Please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Accessibility of workplaces

employees and workers, as per the requirements of the Rights of persons with disabilities. Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard

Are the premises/offices of the entity accessible to differently abled Yes, the premises/offices have been designed to be accessible for

Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Yes, the Company's Equal Opportunity Policy is publicly available on a web-link to the policy.

Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, provide its official website https://www.mangalorechemicals.com/assets/ frontend/pdfs/EqualOpportunityPolicy.pdf

Return to work and Retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave.

Gender	Permanent er	nployees	Permanent workers			
Gender	Return to work rate	Retention rate	Return to work rate	Retention rate		
Male	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Female	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%		

Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the mechanism in brief.

	Yes/No (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)
Permanent Workers	
Other than Permanent Workers	Yes, a grievance redressal mechanism is in place, allowing employees to report concerns through a direct approach to
Permanent Employees	their immediate Head, Supervisor, or Manager, ensuring accessibility and timely resolution of issues.
Other than Permanent Employees	



		(Cur	FY 2024 rent Finan				FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)					
	Category	Total employees/ workers in respective category (A)	emplo work respe catego are p associat	No. of employees/ workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (B)		1)	cal employees/ workers in respective category (C)	No. of employees/ workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (D)		% (D/C)		
P	otal ermanent mployees	574	(0	0%		595	C)	()%	
М	lale	562	(0	0%		582	С)	()%	
F	emale	12	(0	0%		13	С)	()%	
P	otal ermanent Vorkers	ermanent 3 3		3	100%		6	6	j	10	00%	
М	lale	3	(3	100%		6	6		10	00%	
F	emale	0	(0	0%		0	0		()%	
D	etails of trai	ning given to em	ployees an	d workers	5:							
		FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)						FY : Previous	2023-24 Financial	Year)		
Ca	Category	Total (A)	On Health and safety measures		On Skill upgradation		Total (D)	On Health and safety measures		On Skill upgradation		
			No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)	Total (B)	No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. F	% (F/	
Е	mployees										'	
М	lale	562	511	91%	422	75%	582	441	76%	499	86%	
F	emale	12	11	92%	8	67%	13	9	69%	11	85%	
Т	otal	574	522	91%	430	75%	595	450	76%	510	86%	
V	/orkers											
М	lale	3	3	100%	3	100%	6	0	0%	6	0%	
F	emale	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%	
Т	otal	3	3	100%	3	100%	6	0	0%	6	0%	
D	etails of perf	formance and car	eer develo	pment re	views of e	employ	ees and worker	:				
	Category	(C	FY 202 urrent Fina		ır)			FY : Previous	2023-24 Financial	Year)		
		Total (A)	No.	(B)	% (B	/A)	Total (C)	No.	(D)	%	(D/C)	
E	mployees											
М	lale	562	56	62	100	%	582	57	76	9	9%	
F	emale	12	1	.2	100	%	13	1	3	10	00%	
Т	otal	574	57	74	100	%	595	58	89	9	9%	
V	/orkers											
М	lale	3	:	3	100	%	6	6	5	10	00%	
1 7		0		0	0%	_	0	(_		0%	
F	emale	<u> </u>			0 /				,			



10.	Hea	alth and safety managemen	t system:					
	a.	Whether an occupational management system has by the entity? (Yes/No). I such system?	been implemented	Yes, the Company has implemented Management System in compliance certified by the accredited certification certified system includes the manufact fertilizers, ammonium bicarbonate, sulformaldehyde, specialty mixtures of plaspeciality fertilizer mixtures, fertigation	with the ISO 45001:2018 standard, in body, M/s. DNV. The scope of the ture of ammonia, urea, N.P. complex phuric acid, sulphonated naphthalene ant nutrients including micronutrients,			
	b.	What are the processes us related hazards and asses and non-routine basis by t	s risks on a routine	 All plants and sections in the factory have conducted Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) for both routine and non-routine activities. For operations involving significant risks, adequate control measures have been implemented, following the hierarchy of controls, and HIRA is periodically reviewed to ensure ongoing relevance and effectiveness. For new processes, modifications to existing processes or equipment, and installation of new equipment, a Management of Change (MoC) Study is mandatorily conducted to assess and mitigate associated risks. Additionally, a HAZOP (Hazard and Operability) Study is performed for process-related changes to identify and address potential operational hazards. The Fire & Safety Department conducts structured safety inspections across all plant areas, with findings addressed on a priority basis. Employees and contract workers are encouraged to report unsafe conditions or actions through a formal Near Miss Reporting System. A comprehensive third-party Safety Audit of the entire factory is also conducted at regular intervals, and the audit recommendations are diligently implemented, reinforcing the Company's commitment to maintaining a safe and compliant work environment. 				
	C.	Whether you have proc to report the work relat remove themselves from s	ed hazards and to	Yes, employees and contract workers a hazards through the Near Miss Reporting concerns about hazardous conditions and the Central Safety Committee. The and contract workers with the right to personal safety may be at risk, reinforcements.	ng System. Additionally, they can raise through the Plant Safety Committees he Company empowers all employees decline work in situations where their			
	d.	Do the employees/worker access to non-occupation healthcare services? (Yes/	onal medical and	Yes, employees and contract workers have access to free consultation and basic treatment for non-occupational medical issues at the Occupational Health Centre located within the factory premises, supporting their overall health and well-being.				
11.	Det	ails of safety related incide	nts, in the following					
	S	Safety Incident/Number	Category	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)			
		: Time Injury Frequency Rate FR) (per one million-person	Employees	0	0			
	hours worked) Total recordable work-related injuries		Workers	0	0			
			Employees	0	0			
			Workers	0	0			
	No	of fatalities	Employees	0	0			
			Workers	0	0			
		n consequence work-related ry or ill-health (excluding	Employees	0	0			
		lities)	Workers	0	0			



Describe the measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe In addition to measures indicated to ensure a safe and healthy work and healthy work place.

place in the report FY 2023-24, following additional measures have been incorporated during FY 2024-25.

- 1) 3 Nos. "Honeywell Sensepoint XCD" Natural Gas leak detectors were installed and commissioned at the NG Mass Flow Meter area near NG Pressure Reducing Station. 1 No. each "Honeywell Sensepoint XCD" gas leak detectors for Methane, Hydrogen and Carbon Monoxide gases were installed and commissioned in the Mass Spectrometer Room in Ammonia Plant. The detectors are connected to the existing NG leak detection system control panel in the Main Control Room to give alarm in the event of any gas leak.
- 2) Gas Detection system consisting of 2 Nos. each "Detection Technologies DT Ex" gas leak detectors for LPG, Hydrogen and Acetylene gases were installed and commissioned at the New Gas Cylinder Storage area in Stores Yard. The detectors are connected to a control panel installed in the Stores Yard office room to give alarm in the event of any gas leak. Alarm indication in the control panel is also connected to the existing addressable fire alarm system to receive alarms during non-working hours of the Stores Yard office.
- 3) 22 Nos. obsolete Motorola GP-328 portable radios used for emergency communication, were replaced with new Kenwood, Model: NS3220 intrinsically safe portable radios.
- 4) Emergency water spray system for the new Gas Cylinder Storage Sheds in Stores Yard area was commissioned.
- 5) Revamped Fire Hydrant System for Main Plant (Ammonia, Urea, Utilities, Urea Bagging, Imported Fertilizer Handling Area, Electrical Substations, Workshop and Stores area) was commissioned.
- 6) 5 Nos. Honeywell Series 3000 Mk II Ammonia gas detectors were installed at the Syn. Gas Wash Column area in the Syn. Gas Compressor House, Ammonia Plant. Also, the old control panel of the Ammonia detection system placed in the Main Control Room, was replaced with a new PLC-based control panel. Newly installed Ammonia gas detectors as well as the existing ammonia gas detectors in Ammonia and Urea Plants were connected to the new panel.
- 7) Horizontal anchorage lifeline system was installed at the HSD Road Tanker Unloading Area, adjacent to LFO Pump House near

13. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:

	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)				FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)			
	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks		
Working Conditions	0	0	NA	0	0	NA		
Health & Safety	0	0	NA	0	0	NA		

Assessments for the year:

	% of your plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities or third parties)
Health and safety practices	100%
Working Conditions	100%



15.	address sat risks/conce	fety-related incidents (if an erns arising from assessmer nd working conditions.		t As part of the assessment of health & safety practices and working			
Lead	dership Indi	cators		<u> </u>			
1.		tity extend any life insurance the event of death of (A) /N).			Yes		
2.	that statut	e measures undertaken by ory dues have been deduct hain partners.					
3.	reported in		s above), who have b	high consequence work related injury/ill-health/fatalities (as been are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or syment:			
		Total No. of affected	employees/workers		No. of employees/worke and placed in suitable em members have been place	ployment or whose family	
		FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24		FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24	
		(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial	Year)	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)	
	Employees	0	0		0	0	
4.	Workers 0 0 Does the entity provide transition assistance programs to facilitate continued employability and the management or career endings resulting from retirement or termination of employment? (Yes/No)				of No.		
5.	Details on a	assessment of value chain p	partners:				
				% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed			
	Health and s	afety practices			Nil		
	Working Con	ditions			Nil		
6.	Working Conditions Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underwato address significant risks/concerns arising from assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions of value chain partners				y n		



PRINCIPLE 4: Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders

Essential Indicators

1. Describe the processes for identifying key stakeholder groups of the entity

The Company identifies its key stakeholder groups as those internal and external stakeholders who have a direct influence on its operations and activities. The identification process involved conducting stakeholder mapping exercises to evaluate their level of impact and influence, followed by prioritisation based on their significance and degree of engagement. The key stakeholder groups identified include:

- > Investors and shareholders
- > Suppliers and vendors
- > Government Bodies
- > Local communities
- > Customers
- > Employees

Stakeholder Group	Whether identified as Vulnerable & Marginalized Group (Yes/No)	Channels of communication (Email, SMS, Newspaper, Pamphlets, Advertisement, Community Meetings, Notice Board, Website, Other)	Frequency of engagement (Annually/Half yearly/ Quarterly/others – please specify)	Purpose and scope of engagement including key topics and concerns raised during such engagement		
1. Employees	No	Emails, Notice Boards	Continuous	Stakeholder interaction was undertaken as part of the materiality assessment		
2. Local communities	Yes	Newspapers, Meetings and others	As required	process to identify and understand key material issues relevant to the		
3. Customers	No	Pamphlets, Meetings, website	As required	Company. Additionally, regular engagement is carried out to address		
4. Investors and Stakeholders	No	Emails, Newspapers, Notice and website	Quarterly/Half-yearly and Annually	queries, grievances, notices, complaints, suggestions, and concerns		
5. Suppliers and vendors	No	Emails	Continuous	from stakeholders, ensuring timely responses, appropriate solutions and		
6. Government Bodies	No	Emails, website	Continuous	continued assurance.		

Leadership Indicators

 Provide the processes for consultation between stakeholders and the Board on economic, environmental and social topics or if consultation is delegated, how is feedback from such consultations provided to the Board.

MCFL's stakeholders includes internal groups such as employees and management and external stakeholders including customers, suppliers, investors, regulators, communities and industry associations. The Company actively engages with these groups to understand their perspectives and address their requirements effectively. The stakeholder engagement mechanism plays a vital role in strengthening and expanding these relationships, thereby facilitating the identification of key material issues that influence the Company's sustainable growth and strategic direction.



 Whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the identification and management of environmental and social topics (Yes/No). If so, provide details of instances as to how the inputs received from stakeholders on these topics were incorporated into policies and activities of the entity.

Stakeholders played a pivotal role in identifying key material issues for the Company through surveys conducted as part of a comprehensive materiality assessment exercise. Internal stakeholders – including employees, workers as well as external stakeholders such as suppliers, investors and consumers participated in the assessment. The survey outcomes provided both qualitative and quantitative insights, highlighting the most impactful Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) topics. These findings formed the foundation for prioritising material issues, setting relevant targets and developing the Company's ESG roadmap.

3. Provide details of instances of engagement with, and actions taken to, address the concerns of vulnerable/marginalized stakeholder groups.

Instances of engagement with vulnerable and marginalised stakeholder groups by the Company include a range of community development initiatives aimed at improving quality of life and promoting inclusive growth. These include:

- > Organising health and eye camps and distributing artificial limbs and hearing aids in the presence of local public representatives.
- > Conducting adult education programmes as part of a literacy drive.
- > Distributing essential assets and food kits to underserved communities.
- Promoting hygiene and sanitation in rural areas by constructing toilets and providing access to safe drinking water.
- > Offering cattle treatment facilities to support the health and livelihood of farming communities.

PRINCIPLE 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights

Essential Indicators

1. Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:

Tonowing Torrida							
	(Cur	FY 2024-25 rent Financial Y	ear)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)			
Category	Total (A) No. of employees/ workers covered (B)		% (B/A)	Total (C)	No. of employees/ workers covered (D)	% (D/C)	
Employees							
Permanent	574	268	47%	595	429	72%	
Other than permanent	0	0	0%	0	0	0%	
Total Employees	574	268	47%	595	429	72%	
Workers							
Permanent	3	3	100%	6	6	100%	
Other than permanent	585	585	100%	642	642	100%	
Total Workers	588	588	100%	648	648	100%	



2.	Details of minimum wages paid to employees and workers, in the following format:											
				Y 2024-2 t Financia			FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)					
	Category	Total		Equal to Minimum Wage		than n Wage	Total	Equal to Minimum Wage		More Minimun		
		(A)	No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)	(D)	No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. F	% (F/D)	
	Employees				1							
	Permanent	574	0	0%	574	100%	595	0	0%	595	100%	
	Male	562	0	0%	562	100%	582	0	0%	582	100%	
	Female	12	0	0%	12	100%	13	0	0%	13	100%	
	Other than permanent	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%	
	Male	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%	
	Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	-	-	0%	0	0%	
	Workers											
	Permanent	3	0	0%	3	100%	6	0	0%	6	100%	
	Male	3	0	0%	3	100%	6	0	0%	6	100%	
	Female	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0%	0	0%	
	Other than permanent	585	0	0%	585	100%	642	0	0%	642	100%	
	Male	541	0	0%	541	100%	578	0	0%	578	100%	
	Female	44	0	0%	44	100%	64	0	0%	64	100%	
3.	Details of remuneration	/salary/v	vages, in t	he follow	ing format	:						
	a. Median remuneration / v	a. Median remuneration / wages:										
					Male				Female			
			Num		-	nuneration wages of e category	N	lumber	sal	n remune ary/ wage ective cat	es of	
	Board of Directors (BoD)		5*			5,00,00	0	1		5	5,00,000	
	Key Managerial Personnel		3*	3*		1,55,90,688		0		0		
	Employees other than BoD	and KMP	559			7,50,132		2 12		11,41,116		
	Workers		3			6,10,153		0			0	
	* including one Whole-time	e Director										
	b. Gross wages paid to fem	nales as %	of total wag	jes paid by	the entity,	in the follow	wing forma	t:				
	Gross wages paid to female	es as % of	total wages						FY 2023-24 ous Financial Year)			
							2.67%			2.68%		
4.	Do you have a focal responsible for addres issues caused or contril No)	sing hum	an rights	impacts	or			Yes				
5.	Describe the internal n grievances related to hu		-	e to redr	2013, ensurir conduct and org	is responsing a safe acts fair and oganises reg	ble for add and respect confidential ular awarer	ittee was co dressing con tful workpla I inquiries, roness and sen ender equal	mplaints of ce for won ecommends sitisation se	sexual hannen. The Costa appropriates appropriates sexual hanner.	rassment, committee te actions, ecting the	



		(Cur	FY 2024-25 rent Financial	l workers: Year)	(Prev	FY 2023-24 vious Financial	cial Year)
		Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks
	Sexual Harassment	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
	Discrimination at workplace	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
	Child Labour	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
	Forced Labour/ Involuntary Labour	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
	Wages	Nil	Nil	NA	Nil	Nil	NA
	Other Human rights related issues	Nil	Nil	NA NA	Nil	Nil	NA NA
'.	Complaints filed under the Sexual Ha			1		1 111	
	in the following format:			Apiaco (Freren			ui, 7100, 20 21
				FY 24		FY 23	
	Total Complaints reported under Sexual H	laracement on a	of Momon at	(Current Fina	ancial Year)	(Previous Fin	ancial Year
	Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Re			Ni	il	Ni	I
	Complaints on POSH as a % of female en			Ni	il	Ni	
	Complaints on POSH upheld			Ni	il	Ni	
).	Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts? (Yes/No)			confidential inquiry process, promotes awareness throug regular training and upholds the Company's commitment to providing a safe, inclusive and respectful work environment for all employees. Yes, while the specific clause may not be explicitly mentioned in the agreement, the contracts include a general provision requiring compliance with all applicable laws, rules an regulations, thereby ensuring adherence to relevant statutor and regulatory requirements.			
				_			ıs, rules ar
0.	Assessments for the year:			and regulatory r	equirements.		<i>ı</i> s, rules ar
0.	Assessments for the year:			and regulatory r	equirements.	ere assessed	<i>ı</i> s, rules ar
0.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			and regulatory r	equirements. I offices that we authorities of	ere assessed	ıs, rules ar
0.	Child labour			and regulatory r	equirements.	ere assessed	ıs, rules ar
0.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			and regulatory r	equirements. I offices that we authorities of Nil	ere assessed	ıs, rules ar
0.	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour			and regulatory r	offices that was authorities of Nil Nil	ere assessed	ıs, rules ar
0.	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour Sexual harassment			and regulatory r	l offices that w v authorities of Nil Nil Nil	ere assessed	ıs, rules ar
0.	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour Sexual harassment Discrimination at workplace			and regulatory r	offices that we authorities of Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ere assessed	ıs, rules ar
	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour Sexual harassment Discrimination at workplace Wages		(by ent	and regulatory r	equirements. I offices that we authorities of Nil	ere assessed	<i>ı</i> s, rules ar
1.	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour Sexual harassment Discrimination at workplace Wages Others – please specify Provide details of any corrective acti		(by ent	and regulatory r	equirements. I offices that we authorities of Nil	vere assessed r third parties)	ıs, rules ar
1.	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour Sexual harassment Discrimination at workplace Wages Others – please specify Provide details of any corrective actirisks/ concerns arising from the assedership Indicators Details of a business process being in	essments at Q	underway to a uestion 10 ab	and regulatory r your plants and ity or statutory address signific ove.	equirements. I offices that we authorities of Nil	vere assessed r third parties)	<i>ı</i> s, rules ar
1.	Child labour Forced/involuntary labour Sexual harassment Discrimination at workplace Wages Others – please specify Provide details of any corrective actirisks/ concerns arising from the assedership Indicators	essments at Q modified/intro grievances/co	underway to a uestion 10 ab	and regulatory r your plants and ity or statutory address signific ove.	equirements. I offices that we authorities of Nil	vere assessed r third parties)	ıs, rules ar



		% of value chain partners (by value of business done with such path that were assessed	irtners)
Sexual Har	assment	Nil	
Discriminat	tion at workplace	Nil	
Child Labor	ur	Nil	
Forced Lab	our/Involuntary Labour	Nil	
Wages		Nil	
Others – p	lease specify	Nil	
to addres	etails of any corrective actions significant risks/ concentrate of the concents at Question 4 above.		

	PRINCIPLE 6: Businesses should res	pect and make efforts to protect and r	restore the environment						
SS	ential Indicators								
ι.	Details of total energy consumption (in Joules	Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format: (Giga Joules)							
	Parameter	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)						
	From renewable sources								
	Total electricity consumption (A)	60,497*	7,230						
	Total fuel consumption (B)	0	0						
	Energy consumption through other sources (C)	0	0						
	Total energy consumed from renewable sources (A+B+C)	60,497	7,230						
	From non-renewable sources								
	Total electricity consumption (D)	0*	9,508						
	Total fuel consumption (E)	58,50,803	49,95,142 0 50,04,650						
	Energy consumption through other sources (F)	0							
	Total energy consumed from non-renewable sources (D+E+F)	59,10,341							
	Total energy consumed (A+B+C+D+E+F)	59,11,300	50,11,880						
	Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumed/ revenue from operations)	0.00018	0.00013						
	Energy intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total energy consumed / Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	The Company operates exclusively within t exports. Therefore, PPP frameworks are no							
	Energy intensity in terms of physical output (Total energy consumed/production in MT)	5.2	4.6						
	Energy intensity (optional) - the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-						
	*Electrical energy requirement of the plant complex is met from own generation at Captive Power Plant and power purchased from MESCOM. The MESCOM supplies the power from renewable and non-renewable sources based on availability.								
	Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ eval an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the exter	•	No						
•	Does the entity have any sites / facilities identiconsumers (DCs) under the Performance, A (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y/whether targets set under the PAT scheme has In case targets have not been achieved, pro	chieve and Trade scheme. The Compa targets assigned under targets have been	any successfully met the energy saving er PAT Cycle I and II. However, no furth assigned to the fertilizer sector (Ur						



	wing format:						
Parameter	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)					
Water withdrawal by source (in kilolitres)							
(i) Surface water	0	0					
(ii) Ground water	0	0					
(iii) Third party water (tanker)	0	0					
(iv) Sea water/desalinated water	0	0					
(v) Water from municipal corporation	25,11,200	24,32,300					
(vi) Water Bottles/Aquaguard (Ltr X number of bottle) (KL)	0	0					
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kilolitres) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	25,11,200	24,32,300					
Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres)	25,06,182	26,87,711					
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Total water consumption/Revenue from operations)	0.000074	0.000071					
Water intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total water consumption/Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	The Company operates exclusive Indian market and does not enga Therefore, PPP frameworks are no its business operations.						
Water intensity in terms of physical output (Total energy consumed/production in MT)	2.2	2.4					
Water intensity (optional) - the relevant metric may be selected by the entity							
Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/evaluation/assurance has been carrie	ed out by an external agency?	-					
(Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency	ed out by an external agency:	No					
rovide the following details related to water discharged:							
	EV.24.25	FY 23-24					
Parameter	FY 24-25 (Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Parameter Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres)	(Current	(Previous					
	(Current	(Previous					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres)	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment	(Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial Year)					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment	(Current Financial Year) 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water	(Current Financial Year) 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment	(Current Financial Year) 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment	(Current Financial Year) 0 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0 0 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iv) Sent to third-parties	(Current Financial Year) 0 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0 0 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iv) Sent to third-parties No treatment	(Current Financial Year) 0 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0 0 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iv) Sent to third-parties No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment	(Current Financial Year) 0 0 0 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0 0 0 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iv) Sent to third-parties No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (v) Others No treatment	(Current Financial Year) 0 0 0 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0 0 0 0					
Water discharge by destination and level of treatment (in kilolitres) (i) To Surface water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (ii) To Ground water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iii) To Sea water No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iv) Sent to third-parties No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (iv) Sent to third-parties No treatment With treatment – please specify level of treatment (v) Others	(Current Financial Year) 0 0 0 0 0	(Previous Financial Year) 0 0 0 0					



5.	Discharge? If yes, provide details of its coverage and implementation.				The Company's entire plant lo a ZLD facility.	cated at Panambur operates as		
6.	Please provide details of air emissions (other	r than	GHG emis	sions)	by the entity, in the follow	ing format:		
	Parameter	Plea	se specify	unit	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)		
	NOx I		kg/t of Urea		0.45	0.44		
	Sox	kg/t	kg/t of Sulphuric Acid kg/t of Urea		1.03	0.98		
	Particulate matter (PM)				0.7	0.67		
	D : 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	kg/	t of DAP+N	P20	0.31	0.29		
	Persistent organic pollutants (POP)		-		Nil	Nil		
	Volatile organic compounds (VOC)		-		Nil	Nil		
	Hazardous air pollutants (HAP)		-		Nil	Nil		
	Others – please specify		-		Nil	Nil		
	Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/evalued agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency		n/assurance	has be	en carried out by an external	No		
7.	Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions	in the following format:						
	Parameter		Unit		FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)		
	Total Scope 1 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)		tCO ₂ e		2,96,036	2,81,059		
	Total Scope 2 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)		tCO ₂ e		0*	1,891		
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions per rupee of turnover (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions/Revenue from operations)		tCO ₂ e/INR		0.0000088	0.0000075		
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions/Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)					sively within the Indian market orts. Therefore, PPP frameworks ness operations.		
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity terms of physical output (Total energy consume production in MT)	ed/	tCO ₂ e/Tons of production		0.26	0.26		
	Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity (optional) - the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		d -		-	-		
	*Power is procured from MESCOM as per requirement. MESCOM supplies the power from Renewable or non-renewable sources based on availability							
	Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/evaluation/assurance has been agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.					No		
8.	Does the entity have any project related to a House Gas emission? If Yes, then provide de		ing Green	also p require Certific	rocures on-site solar energy ements. In addition, the Compa	rgy through grid purchases and to meet part of its energy any acquires Renewable Energy ort its commitment to clean		



Parameter	FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Ye
Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)		-
Plastic waste (A)	2,278.1	1,895
E-waste (B)	5.5	3.93
Bio-medical waste (C)	0.09	0.09
Construction and demolition waste (D)	0	0
Battery waste (E)	2.5	1.53
Radioactive waste (F)	0	0
Other Hazardous waste (Oil-soaked cotton waste, DG filters, paint cans, chemical cans, paint residue, oil sludge, DG chimney soot, coolant oil and used oil). Please specify, if any. (G)	Spent/Used oil = 3.57 Waste oil = 28.62 Spent Catalyst = 19.28 Discarded container = 6.19 Spent cake = 11.2	Used oil = 43.7 Waste oil = 245.09 Spent catalyst = 112.5 Discarded container = 0 Spent cake = 10.15 Spent carbon = 3.99
Other Non-hazardous waste generated (H). Please specify, if any. (Break-up by composition i.e. by materials relevant to the sector)	Metal & Metal bearing waste = 360.99 Rubber waste = 13.33	Metal and metal bearin waste = 499.61 Rubber waste = 10.20
Total (A+B + C + D + E + F + G + H)	2,729.37	2,826.48
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover (Total waste generated/Revenue from operations)	0.00000081	0.00000074
Waste intensity per rupee of turnover adjusted for Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) (Total waste generated/Revenue from operations adjusted for PPP)	The Company operates exclusion and does not engage in exportance not applicable to its busing	ts. Therefore, PPP framewo
Waste intensity in terms of physical output (Total energy consumed/production in MT)	0.002	0.003
Waste intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	-	-
For each category of waste generated, total waste recovered throu (in metric tonnes)	ugh recycling, re-using or	other recovery operation
Category of waste		
(i) Recycled	2,022	1,895
(ii) Re-used	11.2	10.15
(iii) Other recovery operations	0	0
Total	2,033.2	1,905.15
For each category of waste generated, total waste disposed by natu	re of disposal method (in n	netric tonnes)
Category of waste	•	
(i) Incineration	0	0
(ii) Landfilling	0	0
(iii) Other disposal operations	2,518.56	927.65
Total	2,518.56	927.65
Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/evaluation/assurance has bee	en carried out by an external	No

adopted to manage such wastes.

in your establishments. Describe the strategy adopted by process encompassing collection, sorting, segregation and reuse. It your company to reduce usage of hazardous and toxic engages qualified waste disposal and recycling contractors authorised chemicals in your products and processes and the practices by the Karnataka State Pollution Control Board (KSPCB) to ensure environmentally compliant waste handling. Additionally, the Company is registered with the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) as a Brand Owner under the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 and has partnered with a Waste Management Agency for the collection, transportation and recycling of plastic waste generated in the market. At the manufacturing sites, designated areas are maintained for waste collection, where all types of waste are segregated at source, stored appropriately and disposed of through Pollution Control Boardauthorised waste handling agencies.



11. If the entity has operations/offices in/around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where erapprovals/clearances are required, please specify details in the following format:												
	SI.	No.	Location of operations	/offices	Whether enviror clearar with?					onmental approval/ nnce are being complied (Y/N) If no, the reasons of and corrective action		
					pplicable							
12.	Details current	applicat	ole laws, in the									
	brief de	e and etails of ject	EIA Notification No.	Date	e inde		ducted by t external (es/No)	Result communica public doma No)	ated in	Relevant Web link		
					Not A	pplicable	!					
13.	3. Is the entity compliant with the applicable environmental law/regulations/guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment protection act and rules thereunder (Y/N). If not, provide details of all such non-compliances, in the following format:											
	SI. No.	guideli	the law/regulation/ nes which was not ed with		details of compliance	taken agenci	nes/penaltie by regulator es such as p I boards or	oollution	orrective	action taken, if any		
	1					NA						
Lea	dership	Indicate	ors	<u> </u>								
1.			wal, consumption and d					litres):				
			plant located in areas of w	ater stress	s, provide the	following	information:			None		
	()	ne of the ure of op								None None		
	` '		awal, consumption and dis	scharge in	the following	format:				None		
	,		Parameter					2024-25	(D	FY 2023-24		
	Water	withdray	wal by source (in kilolit	ros)			(Current r	inancial Year) (Prev	rious Financial Year)		
		face wate	• • •	163)				0		0		
	(ii) Gro	und wate	r					0		0		
	(iii) Thir	d party w	vater					0		0		
	(iv) Sea	water/de	esalinated water				0			0		
	(v) Oth	ers						0		0		
	Total v	olume o	f water withdrawal (in	kilolitres	;)		0		0			
	Total volume of water consumption (in kilolitres) Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed/turnover)							0		0		
								-		-		
	Water in entity	ntensity (optional) – the relevant me	etric may	be selected by	the		0		0		
	Water	discharg	e by destination and le	vel of tre	eatment (in I	cilolitres	5)					
	(i) Into	Surface	water					0	0			
	- No	o treatme	ent									
	– W	ith treatr	nent – please specify level	of treatm	ent							



	(ii) Into	Ground water				0		0		
	. ,	o treatment				<u> </u>		0		
		ith treatment – please specify level	of trea	tment						
		Sea water	01 11 00	- Ciricine		0		0		
	` '	treatment				U		U		
			of trea	tment						
		 With treatment – please specify level of treativ) Sent to third-parties 				0		0		
	` '	<u> </u>			0		0			
		treatment								
		ith treatment – please specify level	or trea	tment						
	(v) Oth					0		0		
		treatment								
		ith treatment – please specify level	of trea	tment						
		ater discharged (in kilolitres)				0		0		
	agency?	dicate if any independent assessme (Y/N) If yes, name of the external	agency	<i>'</i>			al	No		
2.	Please	provide details of total Scope 3	emiss	ions & its inte	nsity, in	the following format:				
		Parameter		Unit		FY 2024-25 (Current Financial Yea	r) (Pre	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year)		
	Total Scope 3 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO ₂ , CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)			tCO2e	64,969.07		-			
	turnove	Total Scope 3 emissions per rupee of turnover (Total scope 3 emissions/turnover in Rs.) Total Scope 3 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity		tCO2e/Rs.		0.0000019		-		
	(optiona			-		-		_		
		dicate if any independent assessm (Y/N) If yes, name of the external		nce has b	een carried out by an exte	rnal	No			
3.	above,	spect to the ecologically sensiti provide details of significant o eas along-with prevention and	lirect	& indirect imp	act of t			Not Applicable		
4.	If the entity has undertaken any specific initiatives or used innovative technology or solutions to improve reso efficiency, or reduce impact due to emissions/effluent discharge/waste generated, please provide details of the sam well as outcome of such initiatives, as per the following format:									
	SI. No.	Initiative undertaken		Details of the initiative (Web-link, if any, may be provided along-with summary)				ome of the initiative		
	Revamp of Process Air Heater F-4202 to reduce pressure drop			kg/cm² which in turn resulted in a reduction in steam consumption in the Syngas Turbine Q-5401, thereby enhancing overall energy efficiency.			drop acr been ac correspo consump turbine, overall reducing	oss the fired heater has chieved, leading to a nding decrease in steam otion in the associated thereby improving energy efficiency and operational costs.		
	2.	Replacement of anticorrosion air b	The anticorrosic has been repla- type blower ec Drive (VFD), efficiency and re	ced with quipped v leading	Reduction in air blo	n in energy consumption wer.				



!	induction motor	th energy efficient								
	5. Replacing EP1107 ammonia pump ind mechanical torque energy efficient mot	duction motor and converter with	Urea plant - Savings in electricity	Sa	Saving in electrical energy.					
bu dis pla wo	ses the entity have a siness continuity and saster management an? Give details in 100 ords/web link.	place to ensure oper or natural calamities or natural calamities Business Continui At the factory level, Installation of gas Earthing and bone Safe shutdown sy Plant infrastructu Zone 3. Regular Risk-Bas Assessments (RLA A well-laid fire hy Conducting period Long-term contra A dedicated Fire 8 Disaster Managem Plants are equippe Burner Manageme An On-site Emerg Mutual Aid Agree response efforts.	ctory level, the following systems and procedures have been implemented: lation of gas leak detectors for natural gas and hydrogen leaks. Ing and bonding systems to prevent static charge accumulation. Institution systems and high-pressure vents for emergency response. Infrastructure is designed to withstand wind speeds up to 160 km/hr and is located in Seisming. In Risk-Based Inspections (RBI), Statutory Inspections, Annual Turnarounds, Residual Life syments (RLA), and replacement of ageing equipment. Inlaid fire hydrant system. Inciting periodic mock drills to test emergency preparedness. Item contracts in place to ensure uninterrupted raw material and water supply. Inciting the systems of the systems of the systems of the systems. In a re equipped with Advanced Process Control systems, Safe Shutdown Systems, Trip Interlocks, and are management Systems. In-site Emergency Plan is established and maintained. In Aid Agreements are in place with neighbouring industries to support coordinated emergency.							
val	 Disclose any significant adverse impact to the environment, arising from the value chain of the entity. What mitigation or adaptation measures have been taken by the entity in this regard Not available									
	rcentage of value char rtners) that were asses		Not available							
8. Ho	w many Green Credits	have been generat	ed or procured:							
a. I	By the listed entity				Nil					
	By the top ten (in terms of partners	of value of purchase	s and sales, respectively) value chain	Nil						



	F	PRINCIP	LE 7: B	usinesses, when		ing in influ hat is resp				y polic	y, should do s	so in	a manner
Esse	entia	al Indica	tors										
1.	a.	Numbe		liations with tra	de and	industry o	hambers	5/			10		
	b.			trade and indus			sociation	ıs (deteri	mined base	d on th	ne total memb	oers	of such body)
		SI. No.	Nar	ne of the trade	and ind	ustry chai	mbers/as	sociation	ns R		f trade and in ociations (Sta		ry chambers/ National)
		1	Fertilize	r Association of I	ndia, Del	hi					Nation	nal	
		2	Nationa	l Safety Council							Natior	nal	
3 Construction Chemicals Manufacturers Association											Natior	nal	
4 Institute of Fire Engineers (India)										Natior	nal		
5 National Institute of Personnel Management											Nation	nal	
6 Institute of Engineers											Natior	nal	
		7		Medical Association	n					National			
		8		Chamber of Com		nd Industry					State		
		9		ertilizer Marketing							State		
		10		ka Employers' As							State		
2.	Pro	-		corrective action			av on an	v issues	related to a	nticon			hy the entity
•				orders from regi				ly issues	related to t	incicon	inpedicive con	uucc	by the chary,
		ne of au				Brief of the				Corre	ective action t	akeı	1
	1101	0. 44	citoticy		_			lil		-			•
_	d	bin Todi					''						
_		hip Indi											
١.	Det	alls of p	ublic po	licy positions a	dvocate	ed by the e	entity:						
	SI.		lic polic		7	Whether			equency of			Web	Link, if available
	No.	adv	ocated				le in pub		(Annually				
				advoca	асу	domain	? (Yes/N						
									sp	ecify)			
							N	lil					
			PRI	NCIPLE 8: Busir	nesses s	should pro	mote inc	lusive gr	owth and e	quitab	le developme	nt	
SS	entia	al Indica	tors										
L.		ails of Soncial ye		pact Assessme	nts (SI	A) of proje	cts unde	rtaken b	y the entity	based	on applicable	e lav	s, in the current
		Name and brief SIA Notification Date of details of project No. Notification					cond inde extern	/hether ducted by ependent nal agency /es/No) Results communicated in public domain (Yes/No)		Relevant Web link			
							N						
2.				n on project(s) ving format:	for whic	ch ongoin	g Rehabil	litation a	nd Resettle	ment ((R&R) is being	g und	dertaken by you
				Name of									
	SI. No. Project for which R&R is		S	State Distr		No. of Proje crict Affected Families (PA		ed covered by P8			Amounts paid to PAFs in the FY (In INR)		
	ongoing												(2// 2/41)
							N	IA					
3.				anisms to receiv	e and r	edress gri	evances						rimarily conducted
	of the community.						through in-person meetings, fostering direct and transparen communication. The Company also organizes dedicated events to engage with farmers and suppliers, providing a platform to understand their concerns and address grievances effectively.						



		Parameter		FY 202 (Current Fina	_	FY 2023-24 (Previous Financial Year) 3.80%				
		ctly sourced from MSMEs/small		5.90	0%					
	Direc	ctly sourced within India		73.8	7%		58.38%			
5.	Job	creation in smaller towns –	Disclose w	ages paid to perso	ns employed (includii	employed (including employees or worke				
	a pe	a permanent or non-permanent/on contract basis) in the following locations, as % of total wage cost.								
		Location		FY 202 (Current Fina		(Pr	FY 2023-24 evious Financial Year)			
	Rura	ıl		0%	6		0%			
	Semi	i-urban		799	%		83%			
	Urba	n		2%	6		2%			
	Metr	opolitan		199	%		15%			
ea		hip Indicators								
1.	(Ref	vide details of actions taken ference: Question 1 of Esser ails of negative social impac	tial Indicat	tors above):	Corrective action tak		ial Impact Assessments			
				Ni	-					
2.		vide the following informat ntified by government bodie		R projects underta			ated aspirational districts a			
		SI. No.		State	Aspirational Dist					
_		1		rnataka	Hassan, Haveri & Bellary		25,00,000			
3.		Do you have a preferential purchase from suppliers co	mprising n	narginalized/vulne	rable groups? (Yes/N	lo)	No			
	(b)	From which marginalized/	ulnerable	groups do you pro	cure?		NA			
		What percentage of total p		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			NA			
4.	1	ails of the benefits derived a ncial year), based on traditi			al properties owned or	r acquired	by your entity (in the curren			
			_							
	SI. No.	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge	_	Acquired (Yes/No		res/No)	Basis of calculating benefit share			
_	No.	Intellectual Property bases on traditional knowledge	Owned/	Acquired (Yes/No	- 		share			
5.	No.	Intellectual Property base	Owned/	Acquired (Yes/No Ni erway, based on a	- 		share			
5.	No.	Intellectual Property base on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions ta	Owned/	Acquired (Yes/No Ni erway, based on a	any adverse order in	intellectu	share			
5.	No.	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions ta crein usage of traditional knowledge	Owned/	Acquired (Yes/No Ni erway, based on a involved.	any adverse order in	intellectu	share			
	No. Deta	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions ta crein usage of traditional knowledge	Cen or undowledge is	Acquired (Yes/No Ni erway, based on a involved. Brief of t	any adverse order in	intellectu	share			
5.	No. Deta	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions ta erein usage of traditional knowledge Name of Authority	Cen or undowledge is	Acquired (Yes/No Ni erway, based on a involved. Brief of t Ni No. of persons b	any adverse order in	intellectu	share			
	No. Deta whe	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions taken in usage of traditional knowledge Name of Authority ails of beneficiaries of CSR P	Cen or undowledge is	Acquired (Yes/No Ni erway, based on a involved. Brief of t Ni No. of persons b	any adverse order in he Case	intellectu	share all property related dispute prective action taken eneficiaries from vulnerable			
	Deta whe	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions taken in usage of traditional knowledge Name of Authority ails of beneficiaries of CSR Project	Owned/ ken or und owledge is rojects:	Ni erway, based on a involved. Brief of to Ni No. of persons be Price 3,318 students	he Case	intellectu	share all property related dispute rrective action taken eneficiaries from vulnerable d marginalized groups			
	Deta whe	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions taken in usage of traditional knowledge Name of Authority ails of beneficiaries of CSR Project Managala Raitha Prathibe	Owned/ ken or und owledge is rojects:	No. of persons b Pr 3,318 studed	he Case l benefitted from CSR ojects nt's beneficiaries	intellectu	share ral property related dispute rrective action taken eneficiaries from vulnerable d marginalized groups 100%			
	Deta whee	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions takerein usage of traditional knowledge Name of Authority ails of beneficiaries of CSR Project Managala Raitha Prathibe Project Eye Care and Health Commandation of Managala Akshara Mitra	Owned/ ken or und owledge is rojects:	No. of persons be pro-	any adverse order in he Case l benefitted from CSR ojects nt's beneficiaries beneficiaries	intellectu	share all property related dispute prective action taken eneficiaries from vulnerable d marginalized groups 100% 100%			
	Deta whee	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge alls of corrective actions taken in usage of traditional knowledge alls of corrective actions taken in usage of traditional knowledge alls of beneficiaries of CSR Project Managala Raitha Prathibe Project Eye Care and Health Communication in the com	Owned/ ken or und owledge is rojects:	No. of persons be Promoted 1,269 be 8,000	any adverse order in he Case l penefitted from CSR ojects nt's beneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries peneficiaries	intellectu	share all property related dispute prective action taken eneficiaries from vulnerable d marginalized groups 100% 100% 100% 100%			
	Deta whee	Intellectual Property based on traditional knowledge ails of corrective actions takerein usage of traditional knowledge Name of Authority ails of beneficiaries of CSR Project Managala Raitha Prathibe Project Eye Care and Health Commandation of Managala Akshara Mitra	Owned/ ken or und owledge is rojects:	No. of persons be promoted 1,269 be 8,000 6,100 be No. No. of persons be no. 3,318 students 1,269 be no. 3,000 certain the no. 1,000 be	he Case denomination of the Case denominat	intellectu	share ral property related dispute rrective action taken eneficiaries from vulnerable d marginalized groups 100% 100% 100%			



	PRINCIPLE 9: Busin	accae chould and	age with and	provid	le value to t	heir con	sumars ir	a a responsible mann	or	
F	ential Indicators	csscs should elige	age with and	provid	ic value to t	ileli coli	Junici 3 ii	i a responsible mann	Ci	
1.	1. Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback: Output Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and product a				stomer care contact numbers and email IDs are provided on all our oduct packaging for easy access. Additionally, contact details are ailable on the Company's official website:					
2.	Turnover of products an	d/services as a pe	ercentage of t	turnov	er from all	products	/service	that carry informatio	n about:	
				As a perc		total turnover				
	Environmental and social pa				1009 1009					
	Safe and responsible usage Recycling and/or safe dispo				1009					
3.	Number of consumer con		t of the follo	wing:			1007	0		
			024-25				FY 2	023-24		
			nancial Year)		Damanika	(inancial Year)	Damarka	
		Received during	Pending reso	lution	Remarks		d during	Pending resolution	Remarks	
		the year	at end of y	ear			year	at end of year		
	Data privacy	Nil	Nil		Nil		<u>lil</u>	Nil	Nil	
	Advertising	Nil Nil	Nil Nil		Nil Nil		lil lil	Nil Nil	Nil	
	Cyber-security Delivery of Products	NII Nil	Nil		Nil		<u>III </u>	NII Nil	Nil Nil	
	Quality of Products	Nil	Nil		Nil		lil	Nil	Nil	
	Restrictive Trade Practices	Nil	Nil		Nil		lil	Nil	Nil	
	Unfair Trade Practices	Nil	Nil		Nil		lil	Nil	Nil	
_	Other	Nil	Nil		Nil	<u> </u>	<u>lil</u>	Nil	Nil	
4.	Details of instances of p	roduct recalls on a								
			Nu	umber				Reasons for recall		
	Voluntary recalls			0				0		
	Forced recalls			0				0		
5.	Does the entity have security and risks relate available, provide a web	ed to data privac	y? (Yes/No)	If ht	s. Policy on C tps://www. bersecuritypo	mangalo	rity is avai	ilable on Company's We als.com/assets/fron	bsite: tend/pdfs/	
	Provide details of any co to advertising, and deli privacy of customers; re action taken by regulato Provide the following in	very of essential -occurrence of ins ory authorities on	services; cyl stances of pro safety of pro	ber se duct r ducts/	curity and ecalls; pena	data		NA		
	a. Number of instances of d	lata breaches						Nil		
	b. Percentage of data breach	nes involvina persona	ally identifiable	informa	ation of custo	mers		Nil		
	c. Impact, if any, of the date		<u>,</u>					Nil		
Loa	dership Indicators	a breaches						TVII		
1.	Channels/Platforms wh services of the entity ca if available).	n be accessed (pr	ovide web lin	ık, Co	ompany's We	blink - <u>htt</u>	ps://www.	tes can be accessed thromangalorechemicals.co	m/	
2.		ken to inform and educate consumers about safe onsible usage of products and/or services.			aining session rming efficier nd responsibli itiatives, inc emonstrations	ns to prom ncy. The C e use of i luding fa s, field day	note the op ompany al ts product rmers' m vs, intensiv	farmer education wor timal use of fertilizers a so educates consumers is through various farm eetings, crop semina we customer engagemer aan Farmer App.	and enhance s on the safe her outreach rs, method	
3.	. Mechanisms in place to inform consumers of any risk of disruption/discontinuation of essential services			er ta cc pe pr m	nhance engaginget audiend ommunication eriodic meeting oduct and searchet develop	gement with its a with its a more of the service upon pments. It is a more of the service upon the service u	th farmers arallel, the trade ch e interaction lates, ensi	gital Farmers Connect and expand outreach to Company maintains annel partners, supple ons serve as a channel uring partners remain a ty, farmer awareness proness updates and best proness	to a broader continuous emented by for sharing aligned with rograms are	
4.	Does the entity display p over and above what is r No/Not Applicable) If y your entity carry out any satisfaction relating to the entity, significant lo or the entity as a whole?	mandated as per lo yes, provide deta y survey with rega the major produc cations of operati	ocal laws? (You ils in brief. I ard to consuncts / services	es/ Fe Did ner of				npany's packaging are b Metrology guidelines.	pased on the	



CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

April 25, 2025

To
The Board of Directors

Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizes Limited
Bangalore

We, Nitin M Kantak, Whole-time Director and T M Muralidharan, Chief Financial Officer of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited hereby certify to the Board, that;

- A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading:
 - ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee that
 - i. there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - ii. there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year; and
 - iii. there have been no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware or involvement therein of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Nitin M Kantak Whole-time Director T M Muralidharan Chief Financial Officer



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MANGALORE CHEMICALS & **FERTILIZERS LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2025, the statement of Profit and loss including other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (Ind AS) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 22(g), which states that the Company had recognized urea subsidy income of INR 2,914 lakhs during financial year 2020-21 considering that benchmarking of its cost of production of urea using Naphtha with that of gas-based urea manufacturing units is arbitrary and for which the Company had already filed a writ petition against the Department of Fertilizers before the Hon'ble High court of Delhi. Based on legal opinion obtained, the management believes that the criteria for recognition of subsidy revenue is met.

We draw attention to Note 40 of the financial statements which describes about the proposed merger of the Company with Paradeep Phospates Limited on a going concern basis.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Key Audit Matter SI. No (Refer Note 9 and 22 to the financial statements)

Impact of government policies / notifications Our audit procedures included among others, the following: on recognition of concession income and its • recoverability

The Company recognises concession (subsidy) income receivable from the Department of Fertilizers, Government of India as per the New Pricing Scheme for Urea and as per Nutrient Based Subsidy Policy for Phosphatic and Potassic fertilizers at the time of sale of goods to its customers. During the current year, the Company has recognised concession income of INR 2,21,770.90 Lakhs and as at 31 March 2025 has receivables of INR 39,117.73 Lakhs relating to such income.

We focused on this area because recognition of concession income and assessment of its recoverability is subject to significant judgement of interpretation of various notifications from the Department of Fertilizers and the positions based on various litigations thereof.

The area of judgement includes certainty around the satisfaction of conditions specified in the notifications and policies, collections and provisions thereof, likelihood of variation in the related computation rates, basis for determination of accruals of concession income and timely recoverability thereof.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

- Read the relevant notifications and policies issued by the Department of Fertilizers to ascertain the recognition of concession income, adjustments thereto recognised pursuant to changes in the rates and basis for determination of concession income.
- Obtained an understanding of the process and tested the design and operating effectiveness of controls as established by the management in recognition and assessment of the recoverability of the concession income.
- Evaluated the management's assessment regarding compliance with the relevant conditions as specified in the notifications and policies and collections of concession income.
- Performed substantive procedures to understand and validate the basis of computation of concession income with underlying notifications and policies.
- Tested the ageing analysis and assessed the information used by the management to determine the recoverability of the concession income by considering collections against historical trends.
- Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report, corporate governance, Management Discussion & Analysis Report and business responsibility and sustainability report but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management and Board of Directors for Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books. Attention is also drawn to the matters stated in the paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(q) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
 - (g) The observation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3) (b) of the Act and paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March, 2025 on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 7 and 35 to the financial statements;
 - The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the **Ultimate Beneficiaries**

- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The dividend paid by the Company during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to payment of dividend.
 - As stated in note 13 to the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company has proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend.
- vi. Relying on representations/explanations from the company and software vendor and based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective softwares, except that the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting softwares used for maintaining the books of accounts.
 - Further, for the periods where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year for the respective accounting softwares, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention except for audit trail (edit log) facility at database level as the same was not enabled.
- 3. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act:
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act.

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 003990S/S200018

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership No. 208545

ICAI UDIN: 25208545BMNSJL3316 Place of Signature: Bangalore



ANNEXURE A

Referred to in paragraph 1 on 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the members of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("the Company") on the Financial Statements as of and for the year ended 31 March 2025.

- (i) (a)
- (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all Property, Plant and Equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) The title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in note 3A to the financial statements, as confirmed by bank are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets during the year and hence this clause is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) a) The inventory except goods in transit has been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable in respect of goods-in-transit, subsequent goods receipts have been verified. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. Discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were not noticed on such physical verification.
 - b) Based on our audit procedures & according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company

- has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- (iii) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iii) (a) to (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has neither given any loan, guarantees and security nor made any investment during the year covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act. Therefore paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under Paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under Sub-Section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the products/services of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company as specified under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Act, for maintenance of cost records in respect of the products manufactured by the Company, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not, made a detailed examination of cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Salestax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, Cess and any other material statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of statutory dues were in arrears, as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the



ANNEXURE A

Company, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at 31 March 2025, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute, except as stated below:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount demanded (In Lakhs)	Amount paid (In Lakhs)	Period to which amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income tax	358.04	52.89	FY 2013-14	The High Court of Karnataka
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Excise duty	638.96	23.96	FY 2012-13 to 2015-16	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal
The Customs Act, 1962	Customs duty	224.50	9.17	FY 2011-12 to 2015-16	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal
The Customs Act, 1962	Customs duty	87.61	4.38	FY 2016-17	Commissioners of Customs, Nhava Sheva
The Customs Act, 1962	Customs duty	22.00	-	FY 2017-18	Additional Commissioners of Customs,Nhava Sheva
The Customs Act, 1962	Customs duty	44.97	-	FY 2017-18	Commissioner of Customs, Vijayawada
The Customs Act, 1962	Customs duty	74.93	-	FY 2018-19	Additional Commissioners of Customs,Nhava Sheva
The Finance Act, 1994	Service tax	15.49	1.14	FY 2012-13 to 2015-16	Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal

- (viii) As per the information and explanations given by the management and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no amount has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) (a) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, no funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for long term purposes. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
 - (e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on

- paragraph 3(ix)(e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer/further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and hence the question of whether the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Act have been complied with and the funds raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised does not arise. Accordingly, paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under subsection 12 of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by secretarial auditor or by cost auditor or by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government of India for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no



ANNEXURE A

whistle blower complaints received during the year by the Company.

- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi company in accordance with Nidhi Rules 2014. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) To the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered the reports of the Internal Auditors of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) On the basis of the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934).
 - (b) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and hence the questions of fulfilling criteria of a CIC, and in case the Company is an exempted or unregistered CIC, whether it continues to fulfill such criteria, do not arise. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, none of the group companies are Core Investment Company (CIC) and hence the question of number of CICs which are part of the Group does not arise. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has

- not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly paragraph 3(xviii) is not applicable to the company.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of other than ongoing projects, the Company having spent the required amount, there is no amount pending to be transferred to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to subsection (5) of section 135 of the said Act.
 - (b) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to transfer unspent amount under subsection (5) of section 135 of the said Act, pursuant to ongoing project to special account in compliance with provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 003990S/S200018

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership No. 208545

ICAI UDIN: 25208545BMNSJL3316

Place of Signature: Bangalore



ANNEXURE B

Referred to in paragraph 2(f) on 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the

Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal control with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 003990S/S200018

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership No. 208545

ICAI UDIN: 25208545BMNSJL3316

Place of Signature: Bangalore



BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2025 (All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS		,	•
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3A	1,00,553.86	1,06,580.61
Capital work-in-progress	3A	3,104.52	1,117.25
Right-of-use assets	3B	1,427.12	1,543.94
ntangible assets	4	137.71	104.18
Financial assets	•	137171	10 1110
(i) Investments	5	_	_
(ii) Others	6	597.75	588.74
	U	106.54	99.75
Income tax assets (net)	7		
Other non-current assets	7	6,905.16	2,521.62
Total non-current assets		1,12,832.66	1,12,556.09
Current assets	_		
Inventories	8	27,343.43	16,855.85
Financial assets			
(i) Investments	5	0.10	0.10
(ii) Trade receivables	9	56,090.08	60,425.82
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	6,077.65	27,942.94
(iv) Other bank balances	11	7,172.10	4,886.42
(v) Others	6	6,163.50	5,480.99
Other current assets	7	17,573.10	14,894.71
Total current assets	,	1,20,419.96	1,30,486.83
Total assets		2,33,252.62	2,43,042.92
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	12	11,854.87	11,854.87
Other equity	13	94,613.30	82,113.55
Total equity		1,06,468.17	93,968.42
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
	1.4	22 001 20	20,000,00
(i) Borrowings	14	23,091.28	29,880.96
(ii) Lease liabilities	15	1,813.03	1,862.23
(iii) Others	16		
Provisions	17	1,306.36	1,272.19
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	18	10,926.10	10,396.26
Total non-current liabilities		37,136.77	43,411.64
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	19	49,175.93	72,063.77
(ii) Lease liabilities	15	47.76	55.32
(iii) Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	20	1,626.72	1,115.11
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	20	20,256.57	13,802.30
(iv) Others	16	14,932.37	15,153.08
Liabilities for current tax (net)	10	652.03	752.42
Other current liabilities	21		
	21	1,776.99	1,627.44
Provisions	17	1,179.31	1,093.42
Total current liabilities		89,647.68	1,05,662.86
Total equity and liabilities		2,33,252.62	2,43,042.92
Summary of material accounting policies	2.1		
zammary or material accounting poinces	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP **Chartered Accountants**

Chairman DIN: 00008686 **Nitin M Kantak** Whole-time Director DIN: 08029847

Firm Registration Number: 003990S/S200018

T M Muralidharan **Chief Financial Officer**

Akshay Poddar

Vighneshwar G Bhat Company Secretary

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership Number: 208545 Place of Signature: Bangalore Date: May 07, 2025



STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
INCOME			
Revenue from contracts with customers	22	3,33,189.59	3,79,544.16
Other income	23	3,664.74	4,126.20
Total income		3,36,854.33	3,83,670.36
EXPENSES			
Cost of materials consumed	24	1,85,975.43	1,85,488.98
Purchases of traded goods	25	11,476.30	47,051.99
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods	26	(7,958.93)	3,483.78
Employee benefits expense	27	7,147.65	6,782.89
Finance costs	28	7,639.58	10,492.99
Depreciation and amortisation expense	29	7,611.68	7,157.77
Other expenses	30	1,04,357.93	99,144.94
Total expenses		3,16,249.64	3,59,603.34
Profit before tax		20,604.69	24,067.02
Tax expense	31		
Current tax / Minimum Alternate Tax	31	5,672.00	4,310.00
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		561.42	4,275.50
Total tax expense		6,233.42	8,585.50
Profit for the year		14,371.27	15,481.52
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurement (losses)/gains on defined benefit plan		(125.30)	(83.30)
Income tax effect on above		31.58	29.11
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)		(93.72)	(54.19)
Total comprehensive income for the year		14,277.55	15,427.33
Earnings per equity share (in INR)	32		
[nominal value per share INR 10 (Previous year: INR 10)]	32	,	
Basic		12.13	13.06
Diluted		12.13	13.06
Summary of material accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 003990S/S200018

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership Number: 208545

Place of Signature: Bangalore Date: May 07, 2025

Akshay Poddar Chairman

T M Muralidharan Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 00008686

Nitin M Kantak Whole-time Director DIN: 08029847

Vighneshwar G Bhat Company Secretary



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 (All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
A Operating activities			
Profit before tax		20,604.69	24,067.02
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	29	7,611.68	7,157.77
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	30	817.32	577.78
Impairment of capital work in progress		-	120.20
Provision for impairment of other assets	30	-	1,233.65
Fair value loss/(gain) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		13.91	(222.34)
Unrealised foreign exchange differences (net)		25.62	38.08
Finance costs	28	7,639.58	10,492.99
Interest income	23	(2,226.77)	(3,291.72)
Provisions no longer required written back	23	(217.71)	(656.33)
Operating profits before working capital changes		34,268.32	39,517.10
Working capital changes:			
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories		(10,487.58)	7,258.11
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade receivables		4,335.74	15,298.44
(Increase)/Decrease in Other financial assets		184.61	1,144.07
(Increase)/Decrease in Other assets		(2,644.86)	(3,059.34)
(Decrease)/increase in Trade payables		7,065.36	(9,336.14)
(Decrease)/increase in Other financial liabilities		(170.83)	2,430.18
(Decrease)/increase in Other current liabilities and provisions		362.02	326.59
		(1,355.54)	14,061.91
Cash generated from/ (used in) operations		32,912.78	53,579.01
Income tax paid		(5,779.18)	(3,952.58)
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities (A)		27,133.60	49,626.43
B Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment including capital work-in-progress and capital advances		(8,897.98)	(9,808.51)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		5.24	191.99
Investments in bank deposits (having original maturity of more than three months)		(5,189.95)	(13,057.79)
Redemption/maturity of bank deposits (having original maturity of more than three months)		2,913.12	11,800.21
Interest received		1,375.72	2,630.39
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)		(9,793.85)	(8,243.71)
C Financing activities			
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		1,052.81	204.89
Repayment of long-term borrowings		(6,075.46)	(9,192.49)
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(52.83)	(45.59)
Payment of interest portion of lease liabilities		(193.04)	(198.24)
Proceeds from/(repayment of) short-term borrowings (net)		(24,779.97)	(24,876.48)
Finance cost paid		(7,378.75)	(10,534.09)
Dividend paid to equity shareholders	13	(1,777.80)	(1,777.73)
Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities (C)		(39,205.04)	(46,419.73)



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(21,865.29)	(5,037.01)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	10	27,942.94	32,979.95
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		6,077.65	27,942.94
Components of cash and cash equivalents	10		
Cash on hand		2.16	2.03
Bank balances on current accounts		1,195.49	10,190.91
Bank balances on deposit accounts with original maturity of three months or less		4,880.00	17,750.00
Total cash and cash equivalents		6,077.65	27,942.94
The summary of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities is as below:			
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)			
At beginning of the year	14	35,951.18	44,938.78
Cash flow changes		(5,022.65)	(8,987.60)
Non-cash changes (foreign currency exchange difference)		_	-
At end of the year	14	30,928.53	35,951.18
Current borrowings (excluding current maturities of long term borrowings)			
At beginning of the year	19	65,993.55	90,828.14
Cash flow changes		(24,779.97)	(24,876.48)
Non-cash changes (foreign currency exchange difference)		125.10	41.89
At end of the year	19	41,338.68	65,993.55
Lease Liabilities (including current maturities)			
At beginning of the year	15	1,917.55	1,922.67
Cash flow changes		(52.83)	(45.59)
Non-cash changes		(3.93)	40.47
At end of the year	15	1,860.79	1,917.55
Summary of material accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements.

Membership Number: 208545

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants

Chairman

DIN: 00008686

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Akshay Poddar

Chairman

DIN: 00008686

DIN: 08029847

Vighneshwar G Bhat

Company Secretary

Place of Signature: Bangalore

Date: May 07, 2025

Date: May 07, 2025



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

a) Equity share capital

Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid

	For the yea March 31		For the yea March 31	
	Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
At the beginning of the year	1,18,515,150	11,851.52	1,18,515,150	11,851.52
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the year	1,18,515,150	11,851.52	1,18,515,150	11,851.52
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	1,18,515,150	11,851.52	1,18,515,150	11,851.52

In addition to above, equity share capital as at March 31, 2025 includes Forfeited Shares (amount paid-up) of INR 3.35 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 3.35 Lakhs).

b) Other equity

	Capital redemption reserve	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	Note 13	Note 13	Note 13	
Balance as at April 1, 2023	480.78	5,385.71	62,597.46	68,463.95
Changes in accounting policy / prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	15,481.52	15,481.52
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(54.19)	(54.19)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	15,427.33	15,427.33
Cash dividends (Refer Note 13)	-	-	(1,777.73)	(1,777.73)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	480.78	5,385.71	76,247.06	82,113.55
Balance as at April 1, 2024	480.78	5,385.71	76,247.06	82,113.55
Changes in accounting policy / prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	14,371.27	14,371.27
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(93.72)	(93.72)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	14,277.55	14,277.55
Cash dividends (Refer Note 13)	-	-	(1,777.80)	(1,777.80)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	480.78	5,385.71	88,746.81	94,613.30

Retained earnings - Retained earnings represent profits generated by the Company not distributed to shareholders.

Capital redemption reserve - The said reserve was created by way of transfer from general reserve on redemption of preference shares. This reserve account can be applied in paying up unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

General reserve - Under the erstwhile Companies Act, 1956, general reserve was created through transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. The purpose of these transfers was to ensure that if a dividend distribution in a given year is more than 10% of the paid-up capital of the Company for that year, then the total dividend distribution is less than the total distributable results for that year. Consequent to introduction of the Companies Act, 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Ind AS financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 003990S/S200018

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership Number: 208545 Place of Signature: Bangalore

Date: May 07, 2025

Akshay Poddar Chairman DIN: 00008686

T M Muralidharan Chief Financial Officer

Nitin M Kantak Whole-time Director DIN: 08029847

Vighneshwar G Bhat **Company Secretary**



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

1. Corporate information

Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited ("MCF" or "the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. Its shares are listed on two recognized stock exchanges in India. The registered office of the Company is located at Level 11, UB Tower, UB City, 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bengaluru 560 001, Karnataka, India. The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacture, purchase and sale of fertilisers. The Company has manufacturing facility in India. Information on related party relationships of the Company is provided in Note 38.

The Ind AS financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 07, 2025.

2. Basis of preparation of Ind AS financial statements

The Ind AS financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the Ind AS financial statements.

The Ind AS financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for assets and liabilities which are required to be measured at fair value. The Ind AS financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("INR") and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs (INR 00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

The material accounting policies adopted for preparation and presentation of these Ind AS financial statement have been applied consistently, except for the changes in accounting policy for amendments to the standard that were issued effective for the financial year beginning from on or after April 1, 2024 as stated in Note 2.3.

2.1 Summary of material accounting policies

(a) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- · held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(b) Foreign currencies

The Ind AS financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date, the transaction first qualifies for recognition. However, for practical reasons, the Company uses an average rate, if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI") or the statement of profit and loss are also recognised in OCI or statement of profit and loss, respectively).

(c) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the Ind AS financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and

unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for sale in discontinued operations. External valuers are involved, wherever considered necessary.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy, as explained above.

This note summarizes accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

(d) Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue towards satisfaction of performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the company as a part of contract. The Company has concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements.

Goods and Service Tax (GST) is not received by the Company on its own account and is tax collected on value added to the commodity by the seller on behalf of the government. Accordingly, it is excluded from revenue.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in Note 2.2.

Sale of products

Revenue from sale of product is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on dispatch of the product. The normal credit term is 15 to 120 days upon delivery.

Revenue from the sale of products, including concession receivable from the Government of India under the applicable New Pricing Scheme / Nutrient Based Subsidy Policy, is recognised when control of the products has transferred to the customer and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

acceptance of the products. Revenue towards satisfaction of performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the company as a part of contract.

Concessions in respect of Urea, as notified under the New Pricing Scheme, is recognized with adjustments for escalation/de-escalation in the prices of inputs and other adjustments, as estimated by the management in accordance with the known policy parameters in this regard.

Subsidy for Phosphatic and Potassic (P&K) fertilisers is recognized as per the rates notified by the Government of India in accordance with Nutrient Based Subsidy Policy from time to time.

Freight subsidy on Urea, Complex fertilisers, etc. is recognized in accordance with the specified parameters and notified rates.

In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, and consideration payable to the customer (if any)

(i) Variable consideration

If the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the Company estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception.

(ii) Significant financing component

The Company receives short-term advances from its customers. Using the practical expedient in Ind AS 115, the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if it expects, at contract inception, that the period between the transfer of the promised good or service to the customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.

Sale of services

Service income is recognized, on an accrual basis, at agreed rate in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

Interest Income

Interest income from dealers and others on delayed payments is recognized to the extent the Company is reasonably certain of their ultimate collection.

Other interest income is recognized using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.

Contract balances

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Trade receivables

A trade receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in paragraph (o) Financial Instruments.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

(e) Government grants

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

(f) Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity in correlation to the underlying transaction). Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions, where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity in correlation to the underlying transaction).

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax for the year. The deferred tax asset is recognised for MAT

credit available only to the extent that it is probable that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified year, i.e., the year for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Company recognizes MAT credit as an asset, it is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as part of deferred tax asset. The Company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

Goods and Service Tax (GST) paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

When the tax incurred on purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable. Otherwise, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of taxes paid. The net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

(g) Property, plant and equipment

On transition to Ind AS i.e. 1 April 2015, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment (PPE) recognised as at 1 April 2015 measured as per the Indian GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the PPE.

Property, plant and equipment, capital work-in-progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects, if the recognition criteria are met.

When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement, if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred. Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of Property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost, otherwise, such items are classified as inventories.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets, estimated by the management, as follows:

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	Useful life (years)
Buildings	5 to 60
Railway sidings	15
Roads, drainage and culverts	5 to 30
Plant and equipment (continuous process plant)	25
Computer equipment	3 and 6
Electrical installations and fittings	10
Office equipment	5 and 15
Furniture and fixtures	10
Cranes and locomotives	15
Vehicles	8 and 10

For the purpose of depreciation calculation, residual value is determined as 5% of the original cost for all the assets, as estimated by the management basis independent assessment by an expert. The Company, based on assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, depreciates following assets, not included above, over the estimated useful lives which are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

- (i) The useful lives of components of certain plant and equipment are estimated as 2 to 20 years.
- (ii) Insurance/ capital/ critical stores and spares are depreciated over the remaining useful life of related plant and equipment or useful life of insurance/capital/ critical spares, whichever is lower
- (iii) The useful lives of certain vehicles are estimated as 3 to 5 years.

Leasehold land is amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of lease.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(h) Intangible assets

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets recognised as at 1 April 2015 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as finite.

Intangible assets are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment, whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Research and development costs

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditures are recognised as intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- intention to complete and its ability and intention to use or sell the asset,
- its future economic benefits,
- the availability of resources to complete the asset and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Following initial recognition, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use.

Computer Software

The computer software is amortised on a straightline basis over the useful economic life of 5 years, as estimated by the management.

(i) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

(j) Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section (I) Impairment of non-financial assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset. The Company's lease liabilities are included in Borrowings.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

The Company as a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

(k) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials, packing materials, stores and spares:
 Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- Finished goods and Work-in-progress: Cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs.
- Traded Goods: Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost.

Cost is determined on a moving weighted average basis. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(I) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from

other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Company extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss, net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(n) Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

Retirement benefit in the form of superannuation fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has established a Superannuation Fund Trust to which contributions are made each month. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the superannuation fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. The Company has no other obligations beyond its monthly contributions.

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding

amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss on the earlier of:

- the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- the date that the Company recognizes related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss:

- service costs comprising current service costs, pastservice costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- net interest expense or income

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. The Company presents the leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for twelve months after the reporting date. Where the Company has the unconditional legal and contractual right to defer the settlement for a period beyond twelve months, the same is presented as non-current liability.

(o) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs



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that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost, if both of the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Debt instrument at FVTOCI

A 'debt instrument' is classified as FVTOCI, if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- (ii) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category

are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in OCI. However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses and foreign exchange gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss. On de-recognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to statement of profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity Instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained. Continuing



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involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the financial assets and credit risk exposure.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, twelve month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on twelve-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The twelve-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the statement of profit and loss.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company categorizes them into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3, as described below:

Stage 1: When financial assets are first recognized, the Company recognizes an allowance based on 12 months ECLs.

Stage 1 financial assets also include facilities where the credit risk has improved, and the financial assets has been reclassified from Stage 2.

Stage 2: When a financial asset has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Company records an allowance for the lifetime ECLs. Stage 2 loans also include facilities, where the credit risk has improved, and the financial assets has been reclassified from Stage 3.

Stage 3: Financial assets considered credit impaired.

The Company records an allowance for the lifetime ECLs.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading, unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such



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at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/loss are not subsequently transferred to the statement of profit and loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Loans and borrowings

Borrowings is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no re-classification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a re-classification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets.

A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the re-classification date, which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(p) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, currency and interest rate swaps, to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the statement of profit and loss.

(q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet and cash flow statement comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(r) Cash dividend to equity holders

The Company recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

(s) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Ind AS financial statements.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

(t) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(u) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Company), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Operating segments of the Company are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

2.2 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Ind AS financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future years.

The Company bases its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the Ind AS financial statements are prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control

of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. The judgements, estimates and assumptions management has made which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Ind AS financial statements are as below:

Revenue from contracts with customers

Concessions in respect of urea, as notified under the New Pricing Scheme, is recognized with adjustments for escalation/de-escalation in the prices of inputs and other adjustments, as estimated by the management in accordance with the known policy parameters in this regard. The Company recognises urea concession income from the Government of India ("GOI") based on estimates as per the GOI notification dated June 17, 2015 and changes, if any, are recognised in the year of finalisation of the prices by the GOI under the scheme.

Also, the Company determines and updates its assessment of expected rebates periodically and the accruals are adjusted accordingly. Estimates of expected rebates are sensitive to changes in circumstances and the Company's past experience regarding these amounts may not be representative of actual amounts in the future.

Property, plant and equipment

The depreciation of property, plant and equipment is derived on determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by management at the time of acquisition of asset and is reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life.

Impairment of financial and non-financial assets

Significant management judgement is required to determine the amounts of impairment loss on the financial and nonfinancial assets. The calculations of impairment loss are sensitive to underlying assumptions.

Tax provisions and contingencies

Significant management judgement is required to determine the amounts of tax provisions and contingencies. Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses and MAT credit entitlements to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which these losses and credit entitlements can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit plan and the present value of the obligation are determined using actuarial valuation. An actuarial valuation involves various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds where remaining maturity of such bond correspond to expected term of defined benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using internal valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include

considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

2.3 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

New and amended standards

The Company has applied the following amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing April 1, 2024:

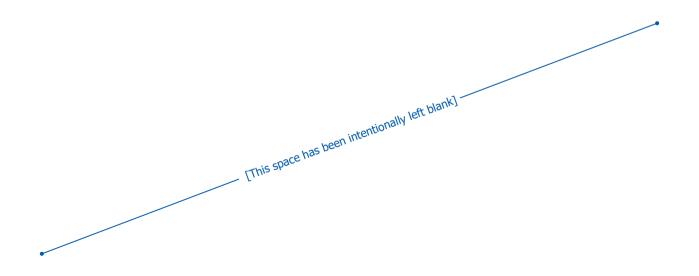
(i) New and amended standards adopted by the Company:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. MCA has notified Ind AS – 117 Insurance Contracts & consequential amendments to the other standards and amendments to Ind AS 116 – Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024.

The Company has reviewed this new pronouncement and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its Standalone Financial Statements.

2.4 New Standards/Amendments notified but not yet effective:

MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.





(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

3A. Property, plant and equipment

		Co	ost			Depre	ciation		Net book value
	As at April 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at April 1, 2024	For the year	On Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at Mar 31, 2025
Freehold land	6,817.79	-	-	6,817.79	-	-	-	-	6,817.79
Buildings	5,100.96	-	-	5,100.96	1,368.65	155.24	-	1,523.89	3,577.07
Railway sidings	733.07	-	-	733.07	447.47	57.68	-	505.15	227.92
Roads, drainage and culverts	449.87	29.96	-	479.83	272.53	21.94	-	294.47	185.36
Plant and equipment (a)	1,27,451.58	1,869.64	1,386.54	1,27,934.68	32,760.03	7,009.37	568.47	39,200.93	88,733.75
Electrical installations and fittings	244.70	-	-	244.70	191.07	16.36	-	207.43	37.27
Office equipment	484.44	17.31	18.93	482.82	324.70	34.76	15.26	344.20	138.62
Furniture and fixtures	328.16	20.03	1.51	346.68	227.62	18.68	1.33	244.97	101.71
Cranes and locomotives	254.02	11.39	6.63	258.78	160.39	15.24	5.99	169.64	89.14
Vehicles - Owned	652.63	293.54	-	946.17	184.15	116.79	-	300.94	645.23
Total	1,42,517.22	2,241.87	1,413.61	1,43,345.48	35,936.61	7,446.06	591.05	42,791.62	1,00,553.86
	Opening	Additions	Capitalised	Impairment	Closing				
Capital work-in-progress (a)	1,117.25	4,229.14	2,241.87	-	3,104.52				

Previous year

		Co	ost			Depre	Net book value		
	As at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	As at March 31, 2024	As at April 1, 2023	For the year	On Disposals	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2024
Freehold land	6,817.79	_	-	6,817.79	_	_	-	_	6,817.79
Buildings	5,100.96	-	-	5,100.96	1,213.40	155.25	-	1,368.65	3,732.31
Railway sidings	733.07	-	-	733.07	388.02	59.45	-	447.47	285.60
Roads, drainage and culverts	412.48	37.43	0.04	449.87	255.34	17.19	-	272.53	177.34
Plant and equipment(a)	1,21,508.89	7,821.30	1,878.61	1,27,451.58	27,258.54	6,622.17	1,120.68	32,760.03	94,691.55
Electrical installations and fittings	244.70	-	-	244.70	174.52	16.55	-	191.07	53.63
Office equipment	446.69	39.67	1.92	484.44	291.75	34.63	1.68	324.70	159.74
Furniture and fixtures	312.63	15.73	0.20	328.16	210.02	17.76	0.16	227.62	100.54
Cranes and locomotives	206.99	47.03	-	254.02	146.40	13.99	-	160.39	93.63
Vehicles - Owned	272.30	408.94	28.61	652.63	147.99	53.25	17.09	184.15	468.48
Total	1,36,056.50	8,370.10	1,909.38	1,42,517.22	30,085.98	6,990.24	1,139.61	35,936.61	1,06,580.61
	Opening	Additions	Capitalised	Impairment	Closing				
Capital work-in-progress (a)	1,408,49	8,199.06	8,370.10	120.20	1,117.25				

⁽a) Capital work-in-progress additions during the period includes INR 475.68 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 96.94 Lakhs), towards capitalisation of borrowing cost. The rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation was 9.47% (March 31, 2024: 9.49%), which is the weighted average interest rate of borrowings.

⁽b) Refer Note 14 and 19 for details of property, plant and equipment pledged as security.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

(c) Capital work in progress (CWIP) Ageing Schedule

As at Mar 31, 2025

	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	2,678.26	426.26	-	-	3,104.52
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,678.26	426.26		-	3,104.52

As at March 31, 2024

Amount	in	CWTP	for a	period	l of
Aillouit		CITI	ioi a	PCITO	

	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years		More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	1,117.25		-	-	-	1,117.25
Projects temporarily suspended	-		-	-	-	-
Total	1,117.25		-	-	-	1,117.25

3B. Right-of-use assets

	Cost				Depre	ciation	Net book value		
	As at April 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at April 1, 2024	For the year	On Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2025	
Right-of-use land (Refer Note 33)	1,989.94	-	-	1,989.94	482.63	96.53	-	579.16	1,410.78
Right-of-use buildings (Refer Note 33)	81.70	17.96	54.18	45.48	45.07	16.36	32.29	29.14	16.34
Total	2,071.64	17.96	54.18	2,035.42	527.70	112.89	32.29	608.30	1,427.12

Previous year

		Cost			Depreciation			Net book value	
	As at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at April 1, 2023	For the year	On Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at Mar 31, 2024
Right-of-use land (Refer Note 33)	1,989.94	-	-	1,989.94	386.10	96.53	-	482.63	1,507.31
Right-of-use buildings (Refer Note 33)	43.12	40.47	1.89	81.70	26.12	20.84	1.89	45.07	36.63
Total	2,033.06	40.47	1.89	2,071.64	412.22	117.37	1.89	527.70	1,543.94



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

4. Intangible assets

		Cost				Amortisation			Net book value
	As at April 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at April 1, 2024	For the year	On Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at Mar 31, 2025
Computer Software	402.61	86.26	1.35	487.52	298.43	52.73	1.35	349.81	137.71
Total	402.61	86.26	1.35	487.52	298.43	52.73	1.35	349.81	137.71

Previous year

	Cost			Amortisation					Net book value
	As at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at April 1, 2023	For the year		As at Mar 31, 2024	
Computer Software	355.51	47.10	-	402.61	248.27	50.16	-	298.43	104.18
Total	355.51	47.10	-	402.61	248.27	50.16	-	298.43	104.18

		Non-c	Non-current		Current		
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024		
5.	Financial assets - Investments						
	(Unquoted)						
	Investments at fair value through profit or loss						
	Bangalore Beverages Limited	20,000.00	20,000.00	-	-		
	[200,000 (March 31, 2024: 200,000) Redeemable cumulative preference shares of Re. 1 each with coupon rate of 10% p.a. repayable after 20 years]						
	Less: Provision for impairment in value of investment	(20,000.00)	(20,000.00)	-	-		
	Aditya Birla Sun Life Low Duration Fund - Growth Regular Plan	-	-	0.10	0.10		
	[22.199 (March 31, 2024: 22.199) units of INR 643.70 (March 31, 2024: INR 600.96) each]						
	Total		_	0.10	0.10		
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investment (gross)	20,000.00	20,000.00	0.10	0.10		
	Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	20,000.00	20,000.00	-	-		



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

		Non-c	urrent	Current		
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
6.	Financial assets - Others					
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
	Derivatives not designated as hedges*	-	-	26.62	1.54	
	Financial assets at amortised cost					
	Security deposits	597.75	588.74	-	-	
	Rebate/discount receivable from suppliers	-	-	125.45	235.10	
	Other receivable			311.82	395.79	
	Less: Provision for impairment of Other Asset			(311.82)	(311.82)	
	Interest accrued on deposits and receivables					
	Related parties (Refer Note 38)	-	-	5,845.51	5,096.63	
	Others	-	-	165.92	63.75	
	Total	597.75	588.74	6,163.50	5,480.99	

^{*}Derivative instruments at fair value through profit or loss reflect the positive change in fair value of those foreign exchange forward contracts that are not designated in hedge relationships, but are, nevertheless, intended to reduce the level of foreign currency risk for expected sales and purchases.

7. Other assets

Total	6,905.16	2,521.62	17,573.10	14,894.71
	-	-	-	-
Less: Provision for impairment of other asset	(1,668.20)	(1,668.20)	(2,077.05)	(2,077.05)
Balance with statutory/government authorities	-	-	2,077.05	2,077.05
Advances to United Breweries (Holdings) Limited	1,668.20	1,668.20	-	-
<u>Unsecured, Credit impaired</u> Advances other than capital advances				
_	6,905.16	2,521.62	17,573.10	14,894.71
Balance with statutory/government authorities	<u>-</u>	-	1,723.15	1,650.21
Goods and Services Tax (GST) refund receivable	-	-	14,412.12	11,379.12
Prepaid expenses	246.96	280.49	1,309.98	1,647.49
Employees and other advances	-	_	11.73	15.55
Advances other than capital advances Advance to suppliers	_	-	116.12	202.34
Capital advances Advances other than capital advances	6,658.20	2,241.13	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	C CER 20	2 241 12		

⁽a) There are no advances to directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or advances to firms or private companies, respectively, in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.

⁽b) The GST authorities have denied and recalled refund of certain GST Credits and the Board of Directors of the company, based on the legal opinion, consider that the refunds are in accordance with the law, the matter is currently sub-judice and no quantification is made.

		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
8.	Inventories		
	(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Raw materials and packing materials	12,457.64	10,029.59
	[includes in transit - INR 4,962.48 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 33.36 Lakhs)]		
	Work-in-progress	2,054.57	1,357.12
	Finished goods	8,639.98	1,691.49
	Traded goods	563.37	250.38
	Stores and spares [includes in transit INR 194.39 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 100.00 Lakhs)]	3,627.87	3,527.27
	Total	27,343.43	16,855.85
	Refer Note 19 for details of charge		



9.

NOTES TO THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade receivables		
Trade receivables	47,566.33	52,000.96
Receivables from related parties (Refer Note 38)	8,523.75	8,424.86
Total	56,090.08	60,425.82
Break-up for security details:		
Trade receivables		
Secured, considered good	4,635.63	4,544.63
Unsecured, considered good	51,454.45	55,881.19
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1,020.53	1,057.03
	57,110.61	61,482.85
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debts)		
Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	(1,020.53)	(1,057.03)
	56,090.08	60,425.82

- (a) Trade receivables include concession/subsidy receivable from the Government of India of INR 39,117.73 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 45,091.91 Lakhs).
- (b) No debts are due from directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person. Also, no debts are due from firms or private companies, respectively, in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- (c) Trade receivables from dealers (other than related parties) are non-interest bearing during normal credit period and are generally on terms of 15 to 120 days. Management is of the view that there are no receivables included above which have significant increase in credit risk other than that already impaired as per management assessment.
- (d) For terms and conditions relating to related party receivables, refer Note 38.
- (e) Trade receivables Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Current but not due*	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	15,416.69	29,194.48	105.35	20.77	-	8,438.79	53,176.08
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	1,020.53	1,020.53
Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	2,914.00	2,914.00
Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Total	15,416.69	29,194.48	105.35	20.77	-	12,373.32	57,110.61

^{*} Includes unbilled subsidy outstanding of INR 7,567.29 Lakhs.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2024

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Current but not due**	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	33,809.80	15,234.49	8.59	0.93	31.47	8,426.54	57,511.82
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	-	_	-	-	15.22	1,041.81	1,057.03
Disputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	2,914.00	-	2,914.00
Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	33,809.80	15,234.49	8.59	0.93	2,960.69	9,468.35	61,482.85

^{**} Includes unbilled subsidy outstanding of INR 26,514.37 Lakhs.

(f) Refer Note 19 for details of charge.

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
10. Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- On current accounts	1,195.49	10,190.91
- On deposits accounts with original maturity of three months or less	4,880.00	17,750.00
Cash on hand	2.16	2.03
Total	6,077.65	27,942.94

Cash and cash equivalent balances don't include any amounts which are not available for use by the Company.

11. Other bank balances

Bank balances on unpaid dividend accounts*	151.76	142.91
Bank deposits with original maturity of 12 months or less but more than 3 months	4,535.00	1,100.00
Margin money deposits	2,485.34	3,643.51
Total	7,172.10	4,886.42

^{*} The Company can utilise these balances only towards settlement of respective unpaid dividend amounts.

Break up of financial assets carried at amortised cost

	Non-c	urrent	Cur	rent
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade receivables (Refer Note 9)	-	-	56,090.08	60,425.82
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 10)	-	-	6,077.65	27,942.94
Other bank balances (Refer Note 11)	-	-	7,172.10	4,886.42
Others (Refer Note 6)	597.75	588.74	6,136.88	5,479.45
Total	597.75	588.74	75,476.71	98,734.63



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
12. Equity share capital		
Authorised share capital		
12,40,00,000 (March 31, 2024: 12,40,00,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	12,400.00	12,400.00
6,00,000 (March 31, 2024: 6,00,000) 13% redeemable cumulative preference shares of INR 100 each	600.00	600.00
	13,000.00	13,000.00
Issued shares		
12,00,00,044 (March 31, 2024: 12,00,00,044) equity shares of INR 10 each	12,000.00	12,000.00
	12,000.00	12,000.00
Subscribed and fully paid-up shares		
11,85,15,150 (March 31, 2024: 11,85,15,150) equity shares of INR 10 each	11,851.52	11,851.52
Forfeited shares (amount originally paid-up)	3.35	3.35
	11,854.87	11,854.87

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	5 5			
	As at March	31, 2025	As at March	1 31, 2024
	Nos.	INR in Lakhs	Nos.	INR in Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	11,85,15,150	11,851.52	11,85,15,150	11,851.52
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	11,85,15,150	11,851.52	11,85,15,150	11,851.52

(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares issued and paid-up having a par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is eligible for one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder —	As at March 3	1, 2025	As at March 31, 2024		
Name or the shareholder —	Nos.	%	Nos.	%	
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid					
Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited (Holding Company)	6,40,28,362	54.03%	6,40,28,362	54.03%	

(d) Details of Shares held by Promoters of the Company As at March 31, 2025

Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Shradha Agarwala	2,00,000	-	2,00,000	0.17%	0.00%
Jyotsna Poddar	1,57,152	-	1,57,152	0.13%	0.00%
Gaurav Agarwala	1,50,000	-	1,50,000	0.13%	0.00%
Akshay Poddar	14,02,431	-	14,02,431	1.18%	0.00%
Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited	6,40,28,362	-	6,40,28,362	54.03%	0.00%
Adventz Finance Private Limited	43,50,361	-	43,50,361	3.67%	0.00%
United Breweries Holdings Limited	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Kingfisher Finvest India Limited	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Mcdowell Holdings Limited	12,57,186	-	12,57,186	1.06%	0.00%
Zuari Industries Limited	3,06,194	-	3,06,194	0.26%	0.00%
Total	7,18,51,686	-	7,18,51,686	60.63%	



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2024

Promoter name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year		lo. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
Shradha Agarwala	2,00,000		-	2,00,000	0.17%	0.00%
Jyotsna Poddar	1,57,152		-	1,57,152	0.13%	0.00%
Gaurav Agarwala	1,50,000		-	1,50,000	0.13%	0.00%
Akshay Poddar	14,02,431		-	14,02,431	1.18%	0.00%
Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited	6,40,28,362		-	6,40,28,362	54.03%	0.00%
Adventz Finance Private Limited	43,50,361		-	43,50,361	3.67%	0.00%
United Breweries Holdings Limited	-		-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Kingfisher Finvest India Limited	-		-	-	0.00%	0.00%
Mcdowell Holdings Limited	12,57,186		-	12,57,186	1.06%	0.00%
Zuari Industries Limited	3,06,194		-	3,06,194	0.26%	0.00%
Total	7,18,51,686		-	7,18,51,686	60.63%	

As per records of the Company, the above shareholding represents legal ownership of shares.

No shares have been issued for consideration other than cash for a period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
13. Other equity		
Capital redemption reserve		
Balance as per last financial statements	480.78	480.78
Changes during the year	-	-
Closing balance	480.78	480.78
General reserve		
Balance as per last financial statements	5,385.71	5,385.71
Changes during the year		
Closing balance	5,385.71	5,385.71
Retained earnings*		
Balance as per last financial statements	76,247.06	62,597.46
Add: Profit for the year	14,371.27	15,481.52
Add: Other comprehensive (loss)/income	(93.72)	(54.19)
Less: Appropriations		
Final equity dividend [amount per share Re. 1.50 (Previous year: Re. 1.50 per share)]	1,777.80	1,777.73
Closing balance	88,746.81	76,247.06
	94,613.30	82,113.55

Distribution made and proposed

Dividends on equity shares declared and paid:

Dividend for the year ended March 31, 2024: Re. 1.50 per share

(Previous year: Re. 1.50 per share)	1,///.00	1,///./3
(1,777.80	1,777.73
Proposed dividends on equity shares: Dividend for the year ended March 31, 2025: Re.1.50 per share (Previous year: Re. 1.50 per share)	1,777.73	1,777.73
(Constant years not 2100 per situacy)	1,777.73	1,777.73

Proposed dividend on equity shares is subject to approval at the annual general meeting and is not recognised as a liability as at year end.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

14. Non-current borrowings

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Secured (at amortised cost)		
Indian currency term loans from banks	30,721.96	35,735.69
Indian currency vehicle loans from bank	206.57	215.49
Total	30,928.53	35,951.18
Less: Amount disclosed under the head "Current Borrowings" (Refer Note 19)	(7,837.25)	(6,070.22)
Non-current borrowings	23,091.28	29,880.96

Secured borrowings

Indian currency term loans

Term loan from a bank of INR 13,334.18 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 2,425.06 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 15,756.30 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 2,424.47 Lakhs)] carries interest in the range of 9.95% p.a to 10.75% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 9.50% p.a. to 10.45% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 28 quarterly installments starting from November 2023 with the last instalment due on August 2030. The loan is secured by first pari-passu first charge on movable fixed assets of the Ammonia Energy Efficiency Project of the urea plant, with other participating lenders and first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders.

Term loan from a bank of INR 5,005.46 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 1,061.50 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 6,055.45 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 1,059.49 Lakhs)] carries interest in the range of 9.90% p.a to 10.40% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 10.00% p.a. to 11.50% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 28 quarterly installments starting from March 2023 with the last instalment due on December 2029. The loan is secured by first pari-passu first charge on movable fixed assets of the Ammonia Energy Efficiency Project of the urea plant, with other participating lenders and first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders.

Term loan from a bank of INR 2,746.46 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 479.48 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 3,203.40 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 476.30 Lakhs)] carries interest in the range of 9.80% p.a. to 9.90% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 9.80% p.a. to 11.20% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 28 quarterly installments starting from January 2024 with the last instalment due on October 2030. The loan is secured by first pari-passu first charge on movable fixed assets of the Ammonia Energy Efficiency Project of the urea plant, with other participating lenders and first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders.

Term loan from a bank of INR 2,419.65 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 882.02 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 3,288.95 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 879.09 Lakhs)] carries interest in the range of 9.80% p.a. to 9.90% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 9.70% p.a. to 10.40% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 18 quarterly installments starting from August 2023 with the last instalment due on November 2027. The loan is secured by first pari-passu first charge over movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company, excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders (including long term loans availed for the energy efficiency capital expenditure).

Term loan from a bank of INR 3,981.08 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 2,492.56 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 4,954.26 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 992.94 Lakhs)] carries interest rate at 9.40% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 8.95% p.a. to 10.40% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 10 quarterly installments starting from April 2024 with the last instalment due on July 2026. The loan is secured by first pari-passu first charge over movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company, excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders (including long term loans availed for the energy efficiency capital expenditure).



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Term loan from a bank of INR 2,297.12 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 435.36 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 2,477.32 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 186.18 Lakhs)] carries interest rate at 9.60% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 9.25% p.a. to 10.25% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 15 quarterly installments starting from September 2024 with the last instalment due on March 2028. The loan is secured by first pari-passu first charge over movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company, excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders (including long term loans availed for the energy efficiency capital expenditure).

Term loan from a bank of INR 938.01 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR NIL) [March 31, 2024: INR NIL (including current maturities of INR NIL)] carries interest rate at 8.75% p.a.. [March 31, 2024: NIL.] The loan is repayable in 20 quarterly installments starting from June 2027 with the last installment due on March 2032. The loan is secured by first pari-passu charge over movable fixed assets of the new 300 tpd Sulphuric Acid Plant with other participating lenders and first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable fixed assets of the Company excluding those exclusively charged to other term lenders.

Indian currency vehicle loans

Vehicle loans from a bank of INR 206.57 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 61.27 Lakhs) [March 31, 2024: INR 215.49 Lakhs (including current maturities of INR 51.75 Lakhs)] carry interest at 8.85% p.a. to 9.35% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 8.85% p.a. to 9.35% p.a.] The loan is repayable in 36 to 60 monthly installments starting from July 2022 with the last instalment due on June 2030 and is secured by first pari-passu charge on moveable fixed assets financed by the said term loans.

15. Lease Liabilities

	Non-c	urrent	Curr	rent
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Lease liabilities (Refer Note 33)	1,813.03	1,862.23	47.76	55.32
	1,813.03	1,862.23	47.76	55.32

16. Financial liabilities - Others

	Non-c	current	Curi	rent
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivatives not designated as hedges	-	-	43.79	4.80
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Liabilities for capital goods	-	-	537.92	703.43
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings				
and others	-	-	150.72	82.93
Security deposits	-	-	5,451.25	5,339.83
Payable to Gas pool operator	-	-	2,432.71	4,492.05
Employee benefits payable	-	-	842.22	768.75
Other expenses payable	-	-	5,322.00	3,618.38
Unpaid dividend*	-	-	151.76	142.91
Total		_	14,932.37	15,153.08

^{*}There are no amounts due for payment to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under the Companies Act, 2013 as at year end.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

17. Provisions

	Non-c	current	Current		
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Provision for employee benefits					
Gratuity (Refer Note 27)	1,306.36	1,272.19	-	3.86	
Compensated absences	-	-	1,179.31	1,089.56	
Total	1,306.36	1,272.19	1,179.31	1,093.42	

18. Deferred tax liabilities (net)

	Balance	e Sheet	Statement of Profit and Loss			
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
Deferred tax liabilities						
Property, plant and equipment, Right-of-use assets and Intangible assets: Impact of difference between		13,225.22	(215.74)	308.61		
tax depreciation and depreciation/amortisation charged for the financial reporting						
Others	82.41	134.63	(52.22)	(27.29)		
	13,091.89	13,359.85	(267.96)	281.32		
<u>Deferred tax assets</u>						
Allowance for doubtful receivables	256.85	265.95	(9.10)	(148.72)		
Allowance for doubtful advances	78.47	78.48	(0.01)	78.48		
Allowance for GST receivable	522.75	522.79	(0.04)	232.03		
Provision for gratuity and compensated absences	625.59	595.42	30.17	16.95		
Lease Liability	468.32	490.30	(21.98)	(1.29)		
Others	213.81	215.83	(2.02)	41.92		
Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") credit entitlement	-	794.82	(794.82)	(4,184.44)		
	2,165.79	2,963.59	(797.80)	(3,965.07)		
Net deferred tax liability	10,926.10	10,396.26				
Deferred tax charge /(credit)			529.84	4,246.39		

Reconciliation of movement in deferred tax liabilities (net)

Balance at the end of the year	10,926.10	10,396.26
	529.84	4,246.39
Recognised in OCI	(31.58)	(29.11)
Recognised in profit and loss	561.42	4,275.50
Tax charge/(credit) during the year		
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,396.26	6,149.86



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
9. Current borrowings		
Secured borrowings		
Foreign currency buyer's credit from banks	8,607.87	10,931.19
Indian currency bills discounted with banks	32,728.55	54,157.33
Indian currency cash credit from banks	-	0.15
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (Refer Note 14)	7,837.25	6,070.22
	49,173.67	71,158.89
<u>Unsecured borrowings</u>		
Indian currency short-term loans from banks	2.26	904.88
	2.26	904.88
Total	49,175.93	72,063.77

Secured borrowings

The facilities are secured by first pari-passu charge on all current assets (both present and future) and second pari passu charge on all property, plant and equipment of the Company, excluding assets which are exclusively charged to other lenders. These facilities are repayable within 12 months period. The interest carried on these facilities are - buyers credits: 4.78% to 5.99% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 5.01% to 5.89% p.a.], bills discounted: 7.05% to 7.25% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 6.55% to 7.75% p.a.], cash credit: 7.45% to 10.78% p.a. [March 31, 2024: 8.95% to 11.80% p.a.]

Unsecured borrowings

The short-term loans are repayable over a maturity period of 45 to 180 days and carry floating interest rate of 7.92% to 8.69% p.a. [March 31, 2024 : 7.84% to 9.48% p.a.]

The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
20. Trade payables		
Trade payables		
- total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note 36)	1,626.72	1,115.11
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	20,256.57	13,802.30
	21,883.29	14,917.41
Trade payables	21,837.50	14,904.17
Trade payables to related parties (Refer Note 38)	45.79	13.24
Total	21,883.29	14,917.41

For explanations on the Company's credit risk management processes, refer Note 41.

Trade payables (other than related parties) are normally non-interest bearing and are settled on 30 to 90 days term. For Terms and condition for related parties refer note 38.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Trade payables Ageing Schedule

As at March 31, 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises** Total outstanding dues of creditors other than	-	1,626.05	-	-	-	0.67	1,626.72
micro enterprises and small enterprises Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small	342.34	19,663.03	234.74	3.17	0.16	13.13	20,256.57
enterprises Disputed dues of creditors other than micro	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
enterprises and small enterprises Total	342.34	21,289.08	234.74	3.17	0.16	13.80	21,883.29

^{**} Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises for more than 3 years of INR 0.67 lakhs pertains to interest provided in earlier years.

As at March 31, 2024

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises***		1,114.44	-	-	-	0.67	1,115.11
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	423.48	13,041.55	313.34	0.51	7.38	16.04	13,802.30
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	_	-		_	_	_	_
Total	423.48	14,155.99	313.34	0.51	7.38	16.71	14,917.41

^{***}Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises for more than 3 years of INR 0.67 lakhs pertains to interest provided in earlier years.

21. Other current liabilities	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Statutory dues payable	357.10	278.48
Contract liabilities - Advances from customers**	1,419.89	1,348.96
Total	1,776.99	1,627.44

^{**}Revenue recognised from amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is INR 667.49 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 930.92 Lakhs).

Break up of financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

	Non-c	Non-current Curre		
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Non-Current Borrowings (Refer Note 14)	23,091.28	29,880.96	-	-
Lease Laibilities (Refer Note 15)	1,813.03	1,862.23	47.76	55.32
Current Borrowings (Refer Note 19)	-	-	49,175.93	72,063.77
Trade Payables (Refer Note 20)	-	-	21,883.29	14,917.41
Others (Refer Note 16)	-	-	14,888.58	15,148.28
Total	24,904.31	31,743.19	85,995.56	1,02,184.78



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
. Revenue from contracts with customers	•	•
Sale of products (including concession/subsidy on fertilisers)		
Manufactured	3,19,771.61	3,18,879.33
Traded	12,844.01	60,342.90
Sale of services	2.77	2.29
Other operating revenues (scrap sales)	571.20	319.64
Total	3,33,189.59	3,79,544.16
(a) Disaggregated revenue information		
<u>Manufactured</u>		
Urea	1,92,643.12	1,81,586.89
Complex fertilizers	1,19,001.90	1,29,693.21
Others	8,126.59	7,599.23
	3,19,771.61	3,18,879.33
<u>Traded</u>		
Complex fertilizers	-	45,611.14
Muriate of Potash (MOP)	10,641.85	12,926.40
Others	2,202.16	1,805.36
	12,844.01	60,342.90
(b) Timing of revenue recognition		
Products transferred for a point in time	3,33,186.82	3,79,541.87
Services rendered at a point in time	2.77	2.29
	3,33,189.59	3,79,544.16
(c) Reconciliation of amount of revenue recognised with contract price		
Revenue as per contracted price (including concession / subsidy on fertilisers)	3,37,291.67	3,90,586.44
Adjustments		
Rebates	(4,102.08)	(11,042.28)
Revenue from contracts with customers	3,33,189.59	3,79,544.16

(d) Performance obligation

The Company recognises revenue from sale of goods at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods. The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the goods and payment is generally due within 15 to 120 days from delivery.

The Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) Scheme entails 100% payment of subsidy to the Company on the basis of actual sales by the retailer to the beneficiary, however, the performance obligation of the Company is satisfied upon delivery of the goods.

(e) Sales of products include government concession / subsidies amounting to INR 221,770.90 Lakhs (Previous year: INR 251,026.70 Lakhs). The urea concession income has been recognized based on the applicable extant policy guidelines, as per management estimate in line with known policy parameters, pending finalization by the Government of India ('GOI').

The subsidy income for phosphatic and potassic fertilisers under Nutrient Based Subsidy Policy has been accounted in line with the applicable extant policy guidelines notified by GOI from time to time, pending finalization by GOI.

(f) Government of India has notified the pooling of Gas in Fertiliser (Urea) sector effective from June 2015. As per the notification, domestic Gas is pooled with Regasified Liquefied Natural Gas (RLNG) to provide natural Gas at uniform delivered price to all Natural Gas Grid connected Urea manufacturing plants.



- (g) The Company had during the year ended March 31, 2021 recognised urea subsidy income of INR 2,914 Lakhs without benchmarking its cost of production using naphtha with that of gas-based urea manufacturing units recently converted to natural gas, as notified by the Department of Fertilizers [DoF] for subsidy income computation, against which the Company had filed a writ petition against the DoF before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi [DHC]. Pending finalization of writ petition before the DHC, the management, based on legal opinion and considering the fact that the energy cost is always a pass through in subsidy computation, believes that artificial benchmarking is arbitrary and discriminatory and is confident of realisation of the aforesaid subsidy income.
- (h) For details of contract balances, refer Notes 9 and 21. Also refer Note 39 for segment information.

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
23. Other income		
Interest income on bank deposits and others	2,226.77	3,291.72
Rental income	87.31	95.19
Insurance claim received	1,112.20	-
Provisions no longer required written back*	217.71	656.33
Other non-operating income	20.75	82.96
Total	3,664.74	4,126.20

^{*} Provision for Impairment of Trade Receivable written back Rs. 36.50 Lakhs [Previous year - Provision for impairment of Trade Receivable written back INR 589.58 Lakhs]

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
24. Cost of materials consumed		
Inventories at the beginning of the year	10,029.59	13,851.83
Add: Purchases during the year	1,88,403.48	1,81,666.74
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	12,457.64	10,029.59
Cost of materials consumed	1,85,975.43	1,85,488.98
Materials consumed		
Natural Gas	92,449.02	86,801.43
Phosphoric acid	58,988.86	62,091.85
Imported ammonia	11,761.00	16,455.75
Others	22,776.55	20,139.95
Total	1,85,975.43	1,85,488.98



	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
25. Purchases of traded goods		
Complex fertilizers	-	34,425.00
Muriate of Potash (MOP)	9,570.24	11,314.78
Others	1,906.06	1,312.21
Total	11,476.30	47,051.99
26. Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods	ods	
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	1,691.49	1,850.61
Traded goods	250.38	4,735.43
Work-in-progress	1,357.12	196.73
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	3,298.99	6,782.77
Finished goods	8,639.98	1,691.49
Traded goods	563.37	250.38
Work-in-progress	2,054.57	1,357.12
	11,257.92	3,298.99
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods	(7,958.93)	3,483.78
27. Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	6,218.63	5,929.10
Gratuity expense [refer note (i) below]	185.00	181.66
Contribution to provident and other funds [refer note (ii) below]	475.77	424.93
Staff welfare expenses	268.25	247.20
Total	7,147.65	6,782.89

⁽i) The Company operates defined benefit plan i.e., gratuity for its employees. Under the gratuity plan, every employee who has completed at least five years of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. The fund has the form of a trust and it is governed by the Board of Trustees who is responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

The following table summarises the components of net benefit expenses and the funded status for the plan:

		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
(a)	Cost charged to the statement of profit or loss under employee cost		
	Current service cost	93.78	85.71
	Interest cost	106.70	101.82
	Return on plan assets	(14.89)	(5.73)
	Net employee benefit expense	185.59	181.80
(b)	Re-measurement (loss)/gain recognised in other comprehensive income		
	Actuarial (loss)/gain		
	Change in financial and demographic assumptions	(79.21)	(49.87)
	Experience variance (actual vs assumption)	(40.30)	(37.12)
	Actuarial (loss) on assets	(5.79)	3.69
	Net actuarial (loss)/gain	(125.30)	(83.30)
(c)	Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation		
	Obligations at beginning of the year	1,482.92	1,363.84
	Current service cost	93.78	85.71
	Interest cost	106.70	101.82
	Benefits paid	(176.02)	(155.44)
	Actuarial (loss)/gain	119.51	86.99
	Obligations at end of the year	1,626.89	1,482.92
(d)	Change in fair value of plan assets		
(4)	Plan assets at the beginning of the year	206.87	76.75
	Return on plan assets	14.89	5.73
	Contributions during the year	280.59	276.14
	Benefits paid	(176.02)	(155.44)
	Actuarial (loss)/gain	(5.79)	3.69
	Plan assets at end of the year	320.54	206.87
(e)	Benefit asset/(liability)		
(=)	Fair value of plan assets	320.54	206.87
	Less: Present value of defined benefit obligations	1,626.89	1,482.92
	Benefit (liability)	(1,306.35)	(1,276.05)
(f)	Major category of plan assets included in fair value of plan assets		
	Fund balance with insurance companies	320.54	206.87
	Total	320.54	206.87



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
(g)	The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligations	for the Company plan are as shown	below:
	Discount rate	7.20%	7.20%
	Salary increase rate	6.50%-8.00%	6.50%-8.00%
	Employee turnover	1.00%-3.00%	1.00%-3.00%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The overall rate of return on assets is determined based on the market price prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

(h) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as below:

	As at March	As at March 31, 2025		31, 2024
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Impact on defined benefit obligation	1			
Discount rate (+/- 0.5%)	(75.19)	81.73	(64.65)	70.23
Salary increase rate (+/- 0.5%)	81.26	(75.44)	69.98	(64.99)
Employee turnover (+/- 50% of attrition rates)	1.76	(2.01)	4.81	(5.38)
Mortality rate (+/- 10% of mortality rates)	0.10	(0.10)	0.25	(0.25)

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable change in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

(i) The following payments are expected contribution to the defined benefit plans in future years:

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Within next 12 months	237.47	210.74
Between 2 to 5 years	412.49	457.35
Between 6 to 10 years	662.65	622.67
More than 10 years	2,445.47	2,227.93
Total	3,758.08	3,518.69

The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting year is 10 years (March 31, 2024: 9 years).

(ii) Contribution to provident and other funds includes the following defined contributions:

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Provident fund	273.22	260.35
Superannuation fund and national pension scheme	193.93	156.07
Others	8.62	8.51
Total	475.77	424.93



	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
28. Finance costs		
Interest expense	6,496.48	8,816.01
Interest on Income Tax	46.07	80.00
Interest on Leases (Refer Note 33)	193.04	198.24
Exchange difference regarded as adjustment to borrowing cost	61.93	141.14
Other borrowing costs	842.06	1,257.60
Total	7,639.58	10,492.99
29. Depreciation and amortisation expense		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7,446.06	6,990.24
Depreciation of right of use assets	112.89	117.37
Amortisation of intangible assets	52.73	50.16
Total	7,611.68	7,157.77
30. Other expenses		
Consumption of stores and spares	1,188.29	1,101.58
Power, fuel and water	76,227.29	70,109.30
Bagging and other contracting charges	1,203.89	1,026.08
Transportation	14,629.78	15,420.50
Repairs and maintenance	21,52511 5	-5,
Buildings	186.42	149.36
Plant and equipment	2,988.16	3,173.53
Others	835.12	690.51
Rent	466.25	472.60
Rates and taxes	12.81	13.18
Insurance	928.99	798.11
Travelling and conveyance	251.14	258.22
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	817.32	577.78
Impairment of capital work in progress	-	120.20
Provision for impairment of other assets	-	1,233.65
Director's sitting fees	19.80	23.85
Auditors remuneration (refer details below)	43.13	38.75
CSR expenditure (refer note 37)	279.51	377.52
Foreign exchange differences (net)	226.87	559.59
Miscellaneous expenses	4,053.16	3,000.63
Total	1,04,357.93	99,144.94
Payment to Auditors		
<u>As Auditor</u>		
Statutory audit fee	25.00	17.00
Limited review fee	9.00	9.00
In other capacity		
Certification fees	7.05	9.00
Others (including reimbursement of expenses)	2.08	3.75
Total	43.13	38.75



	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
1. Tax expenses	•	
Income tax related to items charged or credited to statement of profit and loss	s during the year:	
Profit and loss section		
Current tax/ (Minimum Alternate Tax)	5,672.00	4,310.00
Deferred tax charge/(credit)		
MAT credit utilisation/write off	794.82	4,184.44
Deferred tax charge for prior years	201.09	-
Deferred tax credit on others	(434.49)	91.06
Total	6,233.42	8,585.50
Deferred tax expense for the year includes deferred tax charge/(credit) relating on filing of income tax returns by the Company.	to prior year recognized towa	rds true-up adjustment
Other comprehensive income	(24 50)	(20.44)
Deferred tax (credit)/charge on re-measurement of defined benefit plan	(31.58)	(29.11)
Total	(31.58)	(29.11)
Reconciliation of tax expense with accounting profit multiplied by statutory inc	ome tax rate:	
Accounting profit before income tax	20,604.69	24,067.02
Tax as per statutory income tax rate of 25.17% (Previous period: 34.94%)	5,185.79	8,409.98
Non-deductible expenses for tax purposes		
CSR expenditure	70.35	131.92
MAT credit utilisation/write off	794.82	-
Adjustments of prior years	201.09	-
Other non-deductible expenses	(18.63)	57.04
Impact of change in tax rate for future period*	-	(13.44)
Income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss account	6,233.42	8,585.50
Effective tax rate	30.25%	35.67%
2. Earnings per share (EPS)		
The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted E	PS computation:	
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders	14,371.27	15,481.52
	11,371127	
Weighted average number of equity shares considered for calculating	11,85,15,150	11,85,15,150
•	11,85,15,150 12.13	11,85,15,150 13.06



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

33. Leases

The Company as a lessee

The Company has lease contracts for land, buildings and tanks. The leases for land generally have lease terms between 1 to 30 years, while others generally have lease terms between 1 to 6 years. The Company's obligations under its leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets. Generally, the Company is restricted from assigning and sub-leasing the leased assets. There are several lease contracts that include extension and termination options, which are further discussed below.

The Company also has certain leases with lease terms of 12 months or less and leases with low value. The Company applies the 'short-term lease' and 'lease of low-value assets' recognition exemptions for these leases.

Refer Note 3B for details of carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the year. Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (Refer Note 15) and the movements during the year:

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
At the beginning of the year	1,917.55	1,922.67
Additions	17.96	40.47
Leases terminated	(21.89)	-
Accretion of interest	193.04	198.24
Payments	(245.87)	(243.83)
At the end of the year	1,860.79	1,917.55
Current	47.76	55.32
Non-current Non-current	1,813.03	1,862.23

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in Note 41(c). The following are the amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss:

Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	112.89	117.37
Interest expense on lease liabilities	193.04	198.24
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in rent expense)	466.25	472.60
Total amount recognised in the statement of profit or loss	772.18	788.21

The Company had total cash outflows for leases of INR 712.12 Lakhs (Previous year: INR 716.43 Lakhs). The Company also had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of INR 17.96 Lakhs (Previous year: INR 40.47 Lakhs).

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with the Company's business needs. Management exercises significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 9% - 10%, with maturity between 2025-2042

There are no future rental payments relating to periods following the exercise date of extension and termination options that are not included in the lease term.

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets	-	_
Expense relating to short-term leases	34.67	29.30
Variable lease payments	431.58	443.30
Total Lease Payments not considered as Lease payments under Ind AS 116	466.25	472.60

The Company as a lessor

The Company has entered into cancellable operating leases in respect of a portion of its land and building. These leases have terms of between 10 years and above. The leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions. The total rents recognised as income during the period is INR 87.31 lakhs (Previous year: INR 95.19 Lakhs).



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
34.	Capital and other commitments		
	(a) Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed (net of capital advances) on capital account and not provided for	18,910.01	19,703.49
	(b) For commitments relating to lease arrangements, refer Note 33.		
35.	Contingent liabilities		
	(a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts		
	Income tax	358.04	358.04
	Excise duty	638.96	638.96
	Entry tax	-	382.70
	Customs duty	409.03	499.63
	Service tax	15.49	15.49
	Others	3.50	28.50

The income tax matters under appeal include certain deductions claimed by the Company for financial years 2012-13 and 2013-14 which have resulted in tax losses, on which deferred tax assets have been recognized and utilized against taxable profits of following years, which have been disallowed by the income tax authorities and the differential tax liability (deferred tax / regular tax) that may arise is estimated to be INR 3,315 Lakhs and interest thereon. The Company is contesting aforesaid disallowances and the management, based on independent tax opinions, believes that its position will likely be upheld in the appellate process and accordingly no expense has been accrued in this regard.

The Company is contesting aforesaid demands and the management, based on advise of its advisors, believes that its position will likely be upheld in the appellate process. No expense has been accrued in the financial statements for these demands raised. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position and results of operations. The Company does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.

In addition, the Company is subject to legal proceedings on indirect tax matters relating to subsidy, NBS reasonability guidelines notified from time to time and the assessment thereof. The Company's management does not expect adverse outcome on these which may have a material impact on the financial statements.

(b) Other money for which the Company is contingently liable

Bank quarantees 1,201.31 1,058.16

36. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year		
- Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises*	1,626.05	1,114.44
- Interest due on above	0.67	0.67
Total	1,626.72	1,115.11

^{*}Excluding liabilities for capital goods of INR 185.01 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 307.28 Lakhs).



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year		-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006		-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting period/year	_	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the smal enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	0.67	0.67

The information given above is to the extent such parties have been identified by the Company on the basis of information disclosed by the suppliers.

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
37. Details of CSR expenditure		7
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year	372.51	280.80
b) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	372.51	280.80
c) Amount spent		
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	279.51	377.52
d) Details related to spent / unspent obligations:		
i) Amount spent	279.51	377.52
ii) Unspent amount in relation to:		
- Ongoing project	-	-
- Other than ongoing project	-	-
Total	279.51	377.52

Details of excess amount spent

In case of Sec. 135(5) Excess amount spent							
Opening Balance	Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year	Closing Balance				
97.25	372.51	279.51	4.25				

38. Related Party Disclosures

Names of related parties:

Names of related parties where control exists irrespective of whether transactions have occurred or not:

Holding Company : Zuari Agro Chemicals Limited ("ZACL")

Common Control : Paradeep Phosphates Limited ("PPL")

Zuari Management Services Limited ("ZMSL")

Zuari FarmHub Limited ("ZFL")

Zuari Maroc Phosphates Private Limited ("ZMPPL")



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Promoters/Promoters Group : Zuari Industries Limited

Adventz Finance Private Limited McDowell Holdings Limited United Breweries Holdings Limited Kingfisher Finvest India Limited

Mrs. Jyotsna Poddar Mrs. Shradha Agarwala Mr. Gaurav Agarwala

Names of other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year:

Key Management Personnel : Mr. Nitin Manguesh Kantak, Whole-time Director

Mr. T.M. Muralidharan, Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Vijayamahantesh Khannur, Company Secretary (till 31.07.2023) Mr. Vighneshwar G Bhat, Company Secretary (w.e.f. 20.10.2023)

Directors : Mr. Akshay Poddar

Mr. DA Prasanna

Mrs. Rita Menon (till 28.07.2023)
Mrs. Kiran Dhingra (w.e.f. 10.07.2023)
Mr. Marco Philippus Ardeshir Wadia
Mr. N Suresh Krishnan (w.e.f. 25.03.2023)

Enterprises in which directors/shareholders are interested : Lionel India Limited ("LIL")

Employee benefit trusts : MCF Ltd Employees Gratuity Fund Trust ("MCF Gratuity Trust")

MCF Ltd Employees Superannuation Trust ("MCF Superannuation

Trust")

Summary of transactions entered into with related parties during the period:

	Holding Company		Common	Control	Key Management Personnel and Directors		Others including Promoters & Promoters Group	
	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Sale of goods (net)								
ZFL	-	-	4,911.43	5,803.45	-			
PPL		-	1,261.70	114.89	-	-		-
		-	6,173.13	5,918.34	-	-		-
Purchase of goods (net)								
ZFL		-	54.66	96.89	-	-		
PPL		-	18,941.11	12,302.50	-	-		
ZMPPL		-	6,884.06	1,910.00	-	-		-
	-	-	25,879.83	14,309.39	-	-		
Interest income								
ZACL	748.88	748.18	-	-	-			
ZFL			-	0.29	-			
	748.88	748.18	-	0.29	-	-		-



	Holding	Company	Common	Control	Key Mana Personi Direc	nel and	Others in Promo	ters &
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2025	
<u>Purchase of services</u>								
ZMSL		-						-
			95.10	100.62				
Travel expenses paid								
LIL			_	_	-		182.93	
		-	-	-	-		182.93	141.93
Reimbursement of expenses by the	Company							
PPL	-	-	21.50	18.62	-	-	-	-
Adventz Finance Private Limited		-	-	_			12.05	
		-	21.50	18.62	-	-	12.05	
Reimbursement of expenses to the	Company							
ZFL			27.68	22.12	_	-	_	
PPL		. /.	_	7.04	-	_	-	
		-/ -	27.68	29.16	_		_	-
Sitting fees paid								
Mr. Akshay Poddar		- \	-	-	2.70			•
Mr. DA Prasanna			_	-	5.80			-
Mr. Suresh Krishnan		-	-	_	2.00			-
Mr. Marco Wadia	•		-	-	4.80			-
Ms. Kiran Dhingra			-	-	4.50	4.15	-	
Ms. Rita Menon			-	_	-	1.00		-
		-	-	-	19.80	23.85		•
Directors' Remuneration								
Mr. Akshay Poddar			_	_	_	5.00	_	-
Mr. DA Prasanna			_	_	5.00			-
Mr. Suresh Krishnan			_	_	5.00			
Mr. Marco Wadia			_	_	5.00			
Mr. Kiran Dhingra			_	_	5.00			-
Ms. Rita Menon			_	_	-	1.70		
			_	_	20.00			



	Holding (Company	Commor	n Control	Key Mana Personi Direc	nel and	Others in Promo Promote	ters &
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Dividend paid on equity shares								
ZACL	960.43	960.43			-	-	-	-
Adventz Finance Private Limited	-	-			-	-	65.25	65.25
Zuari Industries Limited	-	-			-	-	4.59	4.59
McDowell Holdings Limited	-	-			-	-	18.86	18.86
Mrs. Jyotsna Poddar	-	-				-	2.36	2.36
Mrs. Shradha Agarwala	-	-			-	-	3.00	3.00
Mr. Gaurav Agarwala	-	-			-	-	2.25	2.25
Mr. Akshay Poddar	-	-			21.04	21.04	-	-
Mr. D A Prasanna	-	-			-	0.17	-	-
Mr. Suresh Krishnan	-	-			0.02	0.02	-	-
Mr. Nitin M Kantak	-	-			0.01	0.01	-	-
Mr. T M Muralidharan	-	-			0.00	0.00	_	-
	960.43	960.43			21.07	21.24	96.31	96.31
Contributions made		7						
MCF Gratuity Trust	-	-				-	280.00	280.25
MCF Superannuation Trust	-	-				-	82.17	74.42
	-	-			-	-	362.17	354.67
							March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Compensation of key management	personnel*							
Short-term employee benefits							343.83	339.92
Post-employment gratuity and medical benefits							-	-
Termination benefits							-	-
Share-based payment transactions							_	
Total compensation paid to key	, managemer	nt personne	l				343.83	339.92

^{*}The amounts disclosed above are the amounts recognised during the reporting period related to key management personnel. As the liabilities for gratuity and compensated absences are provided on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole, the amount pertaining to the key management personnel is not ascertainable and, therefore, not included above.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

	Holding Company		Common	Common Control		Key Management Personnel and Directors		Others including Promoters & Promoters Group	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Summary of balances as at year end:									
Interest receivable									
ZACL	5,845.51	5,096.63	-	-					
	5,845.51	5,096.63	-	-					
<u>Trade receivables</u>									
ZACL	8,073.27	8,038.36	-	-	-				
ZFL	-	-	450.48	386.50					
	8,073.27	8,038.36	450.48	386.50					
Rebate Receivable									
<u>PPL</u>	-	-	125.45	-					
	-	-	125.45	-					
<u>Trade payables</u>									
PPL	-	-	21.53	0.03					
ZMSL	-	—	-	-			8.95	10.31	
LIL	-		-				- 15.31	2.90	
	-	7 / -	21.53	0.03			24.26	13.21	

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions for sale and purchases with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those prevailing in arm's length transactions. The outstanding receivable / payable balances are generally unsecured and interest is charged as per terms agreed with the related parties. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

39. Segment information

The Company is engaged in the manufacture, sale and trading of fertilizers which the management has considered as single business operating segment. Further, the Company operates in India and caters to the needs of only domestic market. Accordingly, no further disclosures are required.

Revenue from single customer i.e. Government of India amounted to INR 2,21,770.90 Lakhs (Previous period: INR 2,51,026.70 Lakhs) arising from the concession/subsidy on fertilizers.

40. Pursuant to the scheme of merger dated February 07, 2024, subsequently modified on November 25, 2024, the Board considered and approved a composite scheme of arrangement amongst the Company, M/s Paradeep Phosphates Limited ("Transferee Company") and their respective creditors and shareholders ("Scheme"), under Sections 230 to 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Companies Act") and other applicable laws, for inter alia, the amalgamation of the Company with and into the Transferee Company by way of a merger. The Company is in the process of obtaining necessary regulatory approvals.

41. Financial instruments fair value measurement

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, as below, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 : Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or

indirectly observable

Level 3 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

The fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities is as below:

	Counting				Fair v	alues			
	Carrying	amount	Lev	Level 1 Level 2			Level 3		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024							
Financial assets measured at fair value									
Derivatives not designated as hedges	26.62	1.54	-	-	26.62	1.54	-	-	
Financial assets for which fair values are disclosed									
Trade receivables	56,090.08	60,425.82	-	-	56,090.08	60,425.82	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	6,077.65	27,942.94	-	-	6,077.65	27,942.94	-	-	
Other bank balances	7,172.10	4,886.42	-	-	7,172.10	4,886.42	-	-	
Security deposits	597.75	588.74	-	-	597.75	588.74	-	-	
Rebate / discount receivable from suppliers	125.45	235.10	-	-	125.45	235.10	-	-	
Other receivable	_	83.97			-	83.97			
Interest accrued on deposits and others	6,011.43	5,160.38	-	-	6,011.43	5,160.38	-	-	

	Carrying	amount			Fair v	alues		
			Lev	el 1	Lev	rel 2	Lev	rel 3
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31,
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Financial liabilities measured at fair value								
Derivatives not designated as hedges	43.79	4.80	-	-	43.79	4.80	-	-
Financial liabilities for which fair values are disclosed								
Borrowings	72,267.21	1,01,944.73	-	-	72,267.21	1,01,944.73	-	-
Lease Liabilities	1,860.79	1,917.55	-	-	1,860.79	1,917.55	; -	-
Trade payables	21,883.29	14,917.41	-	-	21,883.29	14,917.41		-
Liability for capital goods	537.92	703.43	-	-	537.92	703.43	-	-
Interest accrued on borrowings	150.72	82.93	-	-	150.72	82.93	-	-
Security deposits	5,451.25	5,339.83	-	-	5,451.25	5,339.83	-	-
Payable to Gas pool operator	2,432.71	4,492.05	-	-	2,432.71	4,492.05	-	-
Other payables	6,315.98	4,530.04	_	-	6,315.98	4,530.04	-	-

There has been no transfers between levels during the year. The fair values of derivatives are based on derived mark-to-market values. The management has assessed that the carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair values are disclosed, reasonably approximate their fair values because these instruments have short-term maturities.

Borrowings include Indian currency long-term loans wherein interest rates are linked to benchmark rates (Marginal Cost of Lending Rates/ Prime Lending Rates) of respective lenders. These benchmark rates are determined based on cost of funds of the lenders, as well as, market rates. The benchmark rates are periodically revised by the lenders to reflect prevalent market conditions. Accordingly, effective cost of debt for borrowings at any point of time is in line with the prevalent market rates. Due to these reasons, management is of the opinion that they can achieve refinancing, if required, at similar cost of debt, as current effective interest rates. Hence, the discounting rate for calculating the fair value of Borrowings has been taken in line with the current cost of debt.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

42. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include investments, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, security deposits and derivatives that are out of regular business operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's risk management is carried out by a treasury department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument that will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk i.e. interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings, derivatives financial instruments and trade payables.

i. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rate relates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, without considering impact of derivatives not designated as hedges, as follows:

	March 3	31, 2025	March 3	31, 2024
	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease	0.5% increase	0.5% decrease
INR Borrowings	(154.64)	154.64	(179.76)	179.76

ii. Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's foreign currency borrowings and trade payables. The summary of derivative instruments and unhedged foreign currency exposure is as below:

Derivatives (not designated as hedges) outstanding as at the reporting date

		March 3	1, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Туре	Currency	Foreign currency in Lakhs	INR in Lakhs	Foreign currency in Lakhs	INR in Lakhs
Forward contracts	USD	159.99	13,675.25	84.64	7,059.04

<u>Un-hedged foreign currency exposure as at the reporting date:</u>

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Rebate / discount receivable from suppliers	-	235.10
Other receivables	-	83.97
Borrowings	-	3,872.15
Trade payables	139.39	16.69



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates, with all other variables held constant and without considering impact of derivatives not designated as hedges:

	March 3:	1, 2025	March 31, 2024		
	5% increase	5% decrease	5% increase	5% decrease	
Impact on profit before tax					
USD	(0.31)	0.31	(178.29)	178.29	
EURO	(6.66)	6.66	-	-	

iii. Commodity price risk

The Company's operating activities require the ongoing purchase of natural gas. Natural gas being international commodity is subject to price fluctuation on account of the change in the crude oil prices, demand supply pattern and exchange rate fluctuations. The Company is not affected by the price volatility of the natural gas as under the Urea pricing formula the cost of natural gas is pass through if the consumption of natural gas is within the permissible norm for manufacturing of Urea.

The Company's operating activities require the ongoing purchase of phosphoric acid, ammonia, sulphuric acid and muriatic potash. All being international commodities is subject to price fluctuation on account of the change in the demand supply pattern and exchange rate fluctuations. The Company is not affected by the price volatility of the raw materials/imported fertilizers as government on a time to time basis, revises the subsidy rates payable to the fertiliser industry based on the market trend.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments if a counterparty default on its obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises majorly from trade and other receivables. Other financial assets like security deposits and bank deposits are mostly with government authorities and scheduled banks and hence, the Company does not expect any credit risk with respect to these financial assets.

Trade Receivables

The Trade receivables can be classified into two categories, from the customers and from the Government in the form of subsidy/ concession. The concession/subsidy receivable classified under trade receivables amounting to INR 39,117.73 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 45,091.91 Lakhs) is receivable from the Government of India in the form of subsidy and being of sovereign nature credit risk is not perceived. The receivables from customers also include INR 8,523.75 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 8,424.86 Lakhs) receivable from related party on which management does not expect any challenge in realisation. Further, as per terms agreed with related parties, interest is also charged on the overdue balances.

From market receivables from customers, the Company extends credit to customers in the normal course of business. The Company considers factors such as credit track record in the market and past dealings for extending credit to customers. The Company monitors the track record of the payments by the customers and the receivables are regularly monitored. The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, since the customer base is large and located in several jurisdictions and operate in largely independent markets. The Company has also taken security deposits from its customers, which mitigate the credit risk to some extent. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets disclosed in Note 9. The Company holds collateral as security for many of its customers. At March 31, 2025, 8.47% (31 March 2024: 9.49%) of the Company's trade receivables from customers are covered by collateral security.

An impairment analysis is performed at the reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, product type, customer type and rating). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

Reconciliation of provision for doubtful debts and other assets

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Impairment of Trade receivable		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,057.03	1,646.61
Less: Reversal of earlier years provisions	(36.50)	(589.58)
Balance at the end of the year	1,020.53	1,057.03
Impairment of Other assets		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,077.05	1,155.22
Add: Provision made during the year	-	921.83
Balance at the end of the year	2,077.05	2,077.05
Impairment of Other financial assets		
Balance at the beginning of the year	311.82	-
Add: Provision made during the year	-	311.82
Balance at the end of the year	311.82	311.82

(c) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements at all times. The Company relies on a mix of borrowings and excess operating cash flows to meet its needs for funds. The current committed lines of credit are sufficient to meet its short to medium/long term expansion needs. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities on undiscounted basis:

		Maturi	ties		
	Upto 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
March 31, 2025					
Non-current borrowings	7,837.25	13,134.37	8,102.51	1,854.40	30,928.53
Lease liabilities	235.90	480.29	445.59	2,973.73	4,135.51
Current borrowings	41,338.68	-	-	-	41,338.68
Trade payables	21,883.29	-	-	-	21,883.29
Other financial liabilities	14,932.37	-	-	-	14,932.37
Total	86,227.49	13,614.66	8,548.10	4,828.13	1,13,218.38
March 31, 2024					
Non-current borrowings	6,070.22	14,878.76	9,850.59	5,151.62	35,951.18
Lease liabilities	247.21	479.20	470.10	3,186.61	4,383.12
Current borrowings	65,993.55	-	-	-	65,993.55
Trade payables	14,917.41	-	-	-	14,917.41
Other financial liabilities	15,153.08	-	-	-	15,153.08
Total	1,02,381.47	15,357.96	10,320.69	8,338.23	1,36,398.34



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

43. Ratio Analysis and its elements

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	% change	Reason for variance above 25% as per Schedule III requirement
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.34	1.23	8.8%	
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.68	1.08	37.4%	Improved liquidity & profitability
Debt Service Coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	2.26	1.93	17.1%	
Return on Equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	14.34%	17.77%	(19.3%)	
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory	8.57	11.52	(25.6%)	Temporary increase in inventory
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales – sales return	Average Trade Receivable	5.72	5.58	2.6%	
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net credit purchases = Gross credit purchases – purchase return	Average Trade Payables	10.86	11.68	7.0%	
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales – sales return	Working capital = Current assets – Current liabilities	10.83	15.29	29.2%	Improved current ratio due to improved liquidity
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales – sales return	4.31%	4.08%	5.7%	
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	15.80%	17.64%	(10.4%)	

44. Other Statutory Information

(i) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.

(ii) The Struck off Company details

Name of the Struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance Outstanding (INR)
Vaishak Shares Limited		60.00
Pushkar Financial Services Limited		10.00
Eastcoast Investments Limited	Charge hald by atmide off company	1,000.00
Ingita Financial Services Limited	Shares held by struck off company	1,000.00
New Ambadi Investments Private Limited		5,000.00
Usha Holdings Private Limited		500.00

- (iii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Lakhs, except as otherwise stated)

- (v) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any quarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vii) The Company has not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act. 1961.)

45. Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity shareholders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. The Company includes within net debt. all non-current and current borrowings reduced by cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances.

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Non-current borrowings	14	23,091.28	29,880.96
Lease Liabilities	15	1,860.79	1,917.55
Current borrowings	19	49,175.93	72,063.77
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	10	(6,077.65)	(27,942.94)
Less: Other bank balances (excluding unpaid dividend accounts)	11	(7,020.34)	(4,743.51)
Net debt (A)		61,030.01	71,175.83
Equity share capital	12	11,854.87	11,854.87
Other equity	13	94,613.30	82,113.55
Total equity (B)		1,06,468.17	93,968.42
Gearing ratio (A/B)		57%	76%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, also ensures that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing borrowings that define capital structure requirements.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

46. Previous year figures have been regrouped/re-classified wherever necessary, to conform to current period's classification.

As per our report of even date

For PKF Sridhar & Santhanam LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 003990S/S200018

Seethalakshmi M

Partner

Membership Number: 208545 Place of Signature: Bangalore

Date: May 07, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Mangalore Chemicals and Fertilizers Limited

Nitin M Kantak

DIN: 08029847

Whole-time Director

Akshay Poddar Chairman

T M Muralidharan

DIN: 00008686

Vighneshwar G Bhat Chief Financial Officer **Company Secretary**

Date: May 07, 2025





Registered Office: Level 11, UB Tower, UB City, No. 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bengaluru – 560 001 Tel. No. 080-4585 5599, Fax No. 080-4585 5588 email : shares.mcfl@adventz.com Website : www.mangalorechemicals.com

CIN: L24123KA1966PLC002036

CIN : L24123KA1966PLC002

Dear Shareholder,

Sub: Dividend

You will be aware that the Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on May 07, 2025, has recommended a dividend of INR 1.50 per equity share of INR 10 subject to the approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on August 21, 2025.

To avoid loss of dividend warrants in transit and undue delay in respect of receipt of dividend warrants, the Company has provided a facility to the members for remittance of dividend through the National Electronic Clearing Services (NECS). NECS essentially operates on the new and unique bank account number allotted by banks post implementation of Core Banking Solution(CBS) for centralized processing on inward instructions and efficiency in handling bulk transaction. This facility is available at locations identified by Reserve Bank of India from time to time. This is in addition to the existing facility of ECS in other locations.

Members holding shares in electronic mode are requested to intimate all changes pertaining to their bank details to their Depository Participant in order to arrange the dividend payment by NECS or through warrant by printing the bank details, as the case may be.

Members who hold shares in physical form and desirous of availing this facility are requested to use the format below, to furnish the bank details of the first named shareholder and send the same to the Company/Share Transfer Agent, not later than August 18, 2025 to update the bank details and arrange the dividend payment by NECS or through dividend warrant by printing the bank details, as the case may be.



Registered Office: Level 11, UB Tower, UB City, No. 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bengaluru – 560 001 Tel. No. 080-4585 5599, Fax No. 080-4585 5588 email : shares.mcfl@adventz.com Website : www.mangalorechemicals.com

CIN: L24123KA1966PLC002036

NECS/ECS Mandate/Bank details updation Form

For the use of members holding shares in physical form only

I/We hereby provide the Bank account details of the first named shareholder for arranging payment of dividend through NECS/ECS, if available for the location OR to print the bank details on the dividend warrant as the case may be.

1.	Folio number	
2.	Name of the first named shareholder	
3.	Bank name	
4.	Bank account number (Core Banking No.)	
5.	Account type (SB/OD/CURR/NRO)	
6.	Nine Digit MICR code appearing on the cheque issued by the bank	Please attach a photocopy of the cheque leaf pertaining to the above account for verification/acceptance.

I/We hereby declare that the particulars given above are correct and complete. If the transaction is delayed because of incomplete or incorrect information, I/We will not hold the Company responsible.

1.	2.	3.
	Signature of shareholder(s)	





If undelivered, please return to:

Mangalore Chemicals & Fertilizers Ltd.,

Level 11, UB Tower, UB City, 24, Vittal Mallya Road, Bengaluru - 560 001 www.mangalorechemicals.com