

Registered Office:

9th Floor, Block 1, My Home Hub,

Hitech City, Madhapur,

Hyderabad, Telangana - 500 081. Phone: +91 9281119436

URL: www.aiontech.ai GSTIN: 36AAACG7478F1ZF CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211 E-mail Id: corporate@aiontech.ai

2nd September, 2025

The Secretary

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Exchange Plaza, Plot C/1, G-Block,

Bandra – Kurla Complex,

Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051.

Scrip Code: GOLDTECH

The Secretary, **BSE Limited**Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,

Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001 Scrip Code: **531439**

Sub: Submission of the Notice of the 31st Annual General Meeting (AGM) and Annual Report for the Financial Year 2024-25 under Regulation 30 and 34(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015: – Reg.

Dear Sir(s) / Madam(s),

Pursuant to Regulation 30 and 34(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are submitting herewith the Annual Report of the Company along with the Notice of Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2024-25.

The following are the requisite details for the purpose of the ensuring Annual General Meeting:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Date and Timings
1.	31st Annual General Meeting (AGM)	On Monday, 29th September, 2025 at 4:30 pm IST through Video Conference and Other Audio Means, without the physical presence of the members at a common venue, in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read in accordance with Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated 14th December, 2021, Circular No. 3/2022 dated 5th May 2022, Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December, 2022, Circular No. 09/2023 dated 25th September, 2023 and Circular No. 09/2024 dated 19th September, 2024 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), and other relevant circulars issued in this regard and in compliance with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").
2.	E – Voting	Remote e-voting will commence on Thursday, 25th September, 2025 at 9.00 a.m. (IST) and ends on Sunday, 28th September, 2025 at 5.00 p.m. (IST). The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. The e-voting window shall also be enabled during the AGM to only those shareholders who are



		present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system available during the AGM.
3	Cut – off Date	Friday, 19th September, 2025
4	Book Closure	Monday, 22 nd September, 2025 to Monday, 29 th September, 2025 (both days inclusive)

The Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 is also available on the website of the Company i.e. <u>www. aiontech.ai</u>

Kindly take the aforementioned submissions on your records.

Thanking You.

Yours faithfully, For AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED 1770

Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary & Compliance Officer F-7101

Encl.: a/a



THIRTY FIRST

ANNUAL REPORT

2024 - 2025

SPECIALIST, FULL STACK BI,
DATA ANALYTICS &
IT SERVICES

- Cloud Strategy & Implementation
- Data Engineering
- Data Science
- Analytics Consulting
- Business Intelligence
- Analytics Training

contact us www.aiontech.ai





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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors:

Mr. Deepankar Tiwari

Mrs. Deepa Chandra

Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam

Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell

Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke

Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand

Mrs. P Mounika Reddy (w.ef. August 11,2025)

Board Committees:

Audit Committee:

Mr. Deepankar Tiwari

Mrs. Deepa Chandra

Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam

Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

Mrs. Deepa Chandra

Mr. Deepankar Tiwari

Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam

Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

Mrs. Deepa Chandra

Mr. Deepankar Tiwari

Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam

Key Managerial Personnel:

Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand

: Whole-Time Director

Mr. Vithal VSSNK Popuri : Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Adalat Srikanth : Company Secretary

& Compliance Officer

Statutory Auditors:

M/s. P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants

6-3-655/2/3, Somajiguda,

Hyderabad-500 082.

Principal Bankers:

Union Bank of India

ICICI Bank Limited

State Bank of India

Registrars & Share Transfer Agents:

M/s. Aarthi Consultants Private Limited,

1-2-285, Domalguda, Hyderabad — 500 029

Tel: 91-40-27638111, 4445

E-mail: info@aarthiconsultants.com

Stock Exchanges where Company's Securities are listed:

BSE Limited

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Registered Office:

My Home Hub, Block-I,

9th Floor, Hitech City,

Madhapur, Hyderabad - 500 081

Telangana, India.

Tel. +91-40-66284999

Website: www.aiontech.ai

E-Mail: cs@aiontech.at

Investors E-mail: cs@aiontech.ai

CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

ISIN: INE805A01014



AION - TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Regd. Off: My Home Hub, Block-I,9th Floor, Hitech City, Madhapur, Hyderabad-500 081, Telangana, Tel: +91-40-66284999, Website: www.aiontech.ai, E-Mail: cs@aiontech.ai

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Thirty First Annual General Meeting of the Members of AION-TECH Solutions Limited will be held on Monday, the September 29, 2025 at 04:30 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing ('VC')/Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') facility to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

ITEM No. 1 – ADOPTION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

To receive, consider and adopt the:

- (a) audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon; and
- (b) audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 together with the report of Auditors thereon and, in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT the audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the members, be and are hereby approved and adopted.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2025 together with the report of the Auditors thereon, as circulated to the members, be and are hereby approved and adopted."

ITEM No. 2 – TO APPOINT MR. BERND MICHAEL PERSCHKE (DIN: 10194539) AS DIRECTOR, LIABLE TO RETIRE BY ROTATION AND BEING ELIGIBLE, OFFERS HIMSELF FOR RE-APPOINTMENT:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke (DIN 10194539), who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby reappointed as a director liable to retire by rotation."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

ITEM No. 3: TO APPROVE ONETIME PAYMENT TO MR. SEETEPALLI VENKAT RAGHUNAND (DIN: 10267020), WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY:

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section, 196, 197, 198, and 203 read with Schedule-V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") (including any statutory modifications or reenactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration) Rules, 2014, the articles of association and such other consents and permissions as may be necessary, and as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, the consent of the Members be and is hereby



accorded for payment of Rs.9,00,000 (Rupees Nine Lakhs only) as onetime performance bonus to Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand (DIN: 10267020), Whole-Time Director of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorized, subject to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, to make payment of up to Rs.20,00,000 (Rupees Twenty Lakhs only) to Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand, Whole-Time Director of the Company for the Financial Year 2025-26, subject to Company's achieving such turnover and profitability, as may be decided by the Board of Directors."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT all the other terms and conditions including the tenure of Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand, as Whole-Time Director of the Company for a period of 3 (Three) years with effect from August 10, 2023, as approved by the members by way of Special Resolution passed at the 29th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 28th September, 2023 shall remain unchanged.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any of the Directors or the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby severally authorized to perform all such acts and deeds as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

ITEM No. 4: APPOINTMENT OF MS. PAMMI MOUNIKA REDDY (DIN: 11111376) AS A NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and 160 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 and the applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations

and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) and/or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) (hereinafter referred to as "the SEBI Listing Regulations") and on the basis of recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, the approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for appointment of Ms. Pammi Mounika Reddy (DIN: 11111376), as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, who has submitted a declaration that she meets the criteria for independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and in respect of whom a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act has been received from a Member proposing her candidature for office of the Director of the Company be and is hereby appointed as a Non- Executive Independent Director on the Board of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive years with effect from August 11, 2025, who shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors and/ or the Company Secretary, be and are hereby severally authorized to do the necessary filings with the Registrar of Companies and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this Resolution."

ITEM No. 5: RE-APPOINTMENT OF MS. DEEPA CHANDRA (DIN: 08952233) AS A NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY FOR SECOND TERM.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and 160 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 and the applicable



regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) and/or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) (hereinafter referred to as "the SEBI Listing Regulations") and on the basis of recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors, the approval of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for appointment of Ms. Deepa Chandra (DIN: 08952233), as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, who has submitted a declaration that she meets the criteria for independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 proposing her candidature for office of the Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director on the Board of the Company for a second term of five (5) consecutive years with effect from November 13, 2025, who shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors and/ or the Company Secretary, be and are hereby severally authorized to do the necessary filings with the Registrar of Companies and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this Resolution."

ITEM No. 6: APPOINTMENT OF M/S. PRATHAP SATLA & ASSOCIATES, COMPANY SECRETARIES (MEMBERSHIP NO:F11086 & CP NO.11879) AS SECRETARIAL AUDITORS OF THE COMPANY.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and other applicable provisions, if any, (including any statutory modifications, amendments or re-enactments thereto), and based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Company Secretaries (Membership No.F11086 & Peer Review No.2188/2022), be and is hereby appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 consecutive years, from financial year 2025-26 to financial year 2029-30 ('the Term'), on such terms & conditions, including remuneration as may be determined by the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board' which expression shall include any Committee thereof or person(s) authorized by the Board)

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT approval of the Members is hereby accorded to the Board to avail or obtain from the Secretarial Auditor, such other services or certificates or reports which the Secretarial Auditor may be eligible to provide or issue under the applicable laws at a remuneration to be determined by the Board.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors (including any Committee thereof) and/or the Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things and to settle all questions or difficulties that may arise in this regard and to execute any documents, papers, etc. as may be necessary or desirable in connection with or incidental to give effect to this resolution."

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD For AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Sd/-Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary & Compliance Officer FCS: 7101

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.08.2025



NOTES:-

- 1. In view of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated 14th December, 2021, Circular No. 3/2022 dated 5th May 2022, Circular No. 10/2022 dated 28th December, 2022, and Circular No. 09/2023 dated 25th September, 2023 and Circular No. 09/2024, dated 19th September, 2024 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars"), and other relevant circulars issued in this regard and in compliance with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), the 31st AGM of the Company is being conducted through VC/OAVM facility, without physical presence of members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the 31" AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
- PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE **ACT, MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND** VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS/HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. SINCE THIS AGM IS BEING HELD PURSUANT TO THE MCA CIRCULARS THROUGH VC/OAVM, THE REQUIREMENT OF PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH. ACCORDINGLY, IN TERMS OF THE MCA CIRCULARS AND THE SEBI CIRCULAR, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THIS AGM AND HENCE THE PROXY FORM, ATTENDANCE SLIP AND ROUTE MAP OF THE AGM VENUE ARE NOT ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.
- A Statement pursuant to the provisions of Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to the Special Business as

- mentioned under Item no. 3, 4, 5 & 6 of this notice is annexed hereto.
- 4. The relevant details as required under regulation 36 (3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) in respect of persons seeking appointment/reappointment at this AGM are annexed hereto as ANNEXURE- A and forms part of Notice.
- The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and 15 minutes after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. However, large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first serve basis. The detailed instructions for joining the Meeting through VC/OAVM forms part of this Notes.
- 6. Institutional Investors, who are Members of the Company, are encouraged to attend the 31" AGM through VC/OAVM mode and vote electronically. Corporate Members intending to appoint their authorized representatives pursuant to Sections 112 and 113 of the Act, as the case may be, to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM or to vote through remote e-Voting, are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution to the Scrutinizer by e-mail



at <u>cs@pjco.info</u> with a copy marked to cs@aiontech.ai

- The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 8. In case of joint holders attending the AGM, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- In line with aforementioned MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2024-25 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (RTA)/ Depositories. The Notice convening the 31st AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.aiontech.ai and may also be accessed from the relevant section of the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting and e-Voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 10. The Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Monday, 22nd September, 2025 to Monday, 29th September, 2025 (both days inclusive).
- 11. As per Regulation 40 of the Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition and relodged transfers of securities. Further, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/

MIRSD/RTAMB/CIR/P/2020/236 dated December 2, 2020 had fixed March 31, 2021 as the cut-off date for relodgment of transfer deeds and the shares that are relodged for transfer shall be issued only in demat mode. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company or Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents, M/s. Aarthi Consultants Private Limited, 1-2-285, Domalguda, Hyderabad, Telangana, India- 500029, Email Id:: www.aarthiconsultants.com ("RTA" or "Registrar") for assistance in this regard.

- 12. Members are also requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/mobile numbers, PAN, registering of nomination, power of attorney registration, Bank Mandate details, etc. to Registrar/their DPs. Further, Members may note that SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN by every participant in securities market.
- 13. Nomination facility: As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, the facility for making nominations is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them.

Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH- 13. If a Member desires to cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, he may submit the same in Form SH-14 through their registered email id. Members are requested to submit the said form to their respective DPs in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the Registrar at info@aarthiconsultants.com with a copy marked to cs@aiontech.ai in case the shares are held in physical form, quoting your folio no.



- 14. Consolidation of Physical Share Certificates: Members holding shares in physical form, in identical order of names, in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or Registrar, the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holdings in one folio. A consolidated share certificate will be issued to such Members after making requisite changes.
- 15. Members who wish to inspect the relevant documents referred to in the Notice can send an e-mail to <u>cs@aiontech.ai</u> from their registered e-mail id by mentioning their DP ID & Client ID/Physical Folio Number.
- 16. To prevent fraudulent transactions, Members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any Member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned DPs and holdings should be verified from time to time.
- Details of Unclaimed Shares: The company doesn't have any shares remaining unclaimed in the unclaimed suspense account.
- 18. PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE E-MAIL ADDRESSES/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES/ COMPANY FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:
 - In case shares are held in physical form:
 please provide Folio No., Name of
 shareholder, scanned copy of the share
 certificate (front and back), self attested scanned copy of PAN card,
 self-attested scanned copy of
 Aadhaar Card, by e-mail to the RTA at
 info@aarthiconsultants.com with a
 copy marked to cs@aiontech.ai

- In case shares are held in demat form: please provide DP ID-Client ID (8 digit DP ID + 8 digit Client ID or 16 digit Beneficiary ID), name, client master or copy of consolidated account statement, self-attested scanned copy of PAN card, self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card, by email to the RTA at info@aarthiconsultants.com with a copy marked to cs@aiontech.ai.
- The RTA/Company shall co-ordinate with CDSL and provide the login credentials to the above mentioned Shareholders. Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

A. VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS:

I. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020, the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting as well as



- the e-Voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- iii. Members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in electronic form as of the close of business hours on Friday, 19th September, 2025 i.e. cutoff date may cast their vote by remote e-Voting. A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purpose only. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-Voting before the AGM as well as remote e-Voting during the AGM.
- iii. Any person who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after the dispatch of the Notice and holding shares as on the cutoff date i.e. as of the close of business hours on Friday, 19th September, 2025 may obtain a copy of AGM Notice by sending a request to info@aarthiconsultants.com or can also be downloaded from the Company's website www.aiontech.ai and participate in remote e-Voting or e-Voting at AGM by following the instructions provided herein.
- iv. The remote e-Voting period commences on Thursday, 25th September, 2025 at 9.00 a.m. (IST) and ends on Sunday, 28th September, 2025 at 5.00 p.m. (IST). The remote e-Voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date.

- v. Members will be provided with the facility for voting through electronic voting system during the VC/ OAVM proceedings at the AGM and Members participating at the AGM, who have not already cast their vote by remote e-Voting, will be eligible to exercise their right to vote at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, upon announcement by the Chairperson. Members who have cast their vote on resolution(s) by remote e-Voting prior to the AGM will also be eligible to participate at the AGM through VC/OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote on such resolution(s) again.
- vi. The remote e-Voting module on the day of the AGM shall be disabled by CDSL for voting 15 minutes after the conclusion of the Meeting.
- vii. Mr. Navajyoth Puttaparthi, Partner of M/s. Puttaparthi Jagannatham & Co, Practicing Company Secretaries (M. No. FCS 9896, CP No. 16041), Hyderabad have been appointed as the Scrutinizer(s) to scrutinize the e-Voting process in a fair and transparent manner and he has communicated his willingness to be appointed and will be available for the purpose.
- viii.The Scrutinizer will submit his report to the Company Secretary or to any other person authorized by the Company Secretary after completion of the scrutiny of the e-Voting (votes cast during the AGM and votes cast through remote e-Voting), not later than 48 hours from the conclusion of the AGM. The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's report shall be communicated to the Stock Exchanges on which the Company's shares are listed and will also be



displayed on the Company's website at www.aiontech.ai.

Login method for remote e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode:

Pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on "e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies", e-Voting process has been enabled to all the individual demat account holders, by way of single login

credential, through their demat accounts/websites of Depositories/DPs in order to increase the efficiency of the voting process. Individual demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the e-Voting service provider (ESP) thereby not only facilitating seamless authentication but also ease and convenience of participating in e-Voting process.

Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and e-mail ID with their DPs in order to access e-Voting facility.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.
	2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-Voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
	3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration.
	4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & E-mail as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-Voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.



Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with **NSDL Depository**

- If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the meeting.
- 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
- 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their **Depository Participants** (**DP**)

You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.



Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

- ix. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical Shareholders and other than individual Shareholders holding shares in Demat		
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)		
	 Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA. 		
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.		
OR Date of Birth (DOB)	 If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field. 		



- After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- 8) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-Voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- 9) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-Voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- 10) Click on the EVSN for the relevant "AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED".
- 11) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- 12) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- 13) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- 14) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- 15) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

- 16) If a Demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- 17) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.
- 18) Additional Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians – For Remote Voting only
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@ cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically and can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; cs@aiontech.ai if they have voted from individual tab & not



uploaded same in the CDSL e-Voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

B. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-Voting.
- The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-Voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Members may join the meeting through laptops, smartphones, tablets and iPads for better experience. Further, members will be required to use internet with a good speed/band to avoid buffering/disconnections during the meeting. Please note that participants connecting from mobile devices or tablets or through laptops connecting via mobile hotspot may experience audio/video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any glitches.
- 5. Members who would like to express their views/ask questions as a speaker at the Meeting may pre-register themselves by sending a request from their registered email address mentioning their names, DP ID and Client ID/folio number, PAN and mobile number at cs@aiontech.ai before 3.00 p.m. (IST) on Thursday, 25th September, 2025. Only those Members who have preregistered themselves as a speaker will be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

- 6. Members are encouraged to submit their questions in advance with regard to the financial statements or any other matter to be placed at the 31st AGM, from their registered e-mail address, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID number/folio number and mobile number, to reach the Company's e-mail address at cs@aiontech.ai before 3.00 p.m. (IST) on Thursday, 25th September, 2025. Such questions by the Members shall be suitably replied by the Company.
- Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 8. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 9. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 1800 22 55 33.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD For **AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED**

Sd/-Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary & Compliance Officer FCS: 7101

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.08.2025



Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made there under setting out all the material facts pertaining to each of the Special Resolutions.

ITEM NO. 3

Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand (Venkat), was appointed as Whole-Time Director (in the designation of Executive Director) of the Company with effect from August 10, 2023 and the same was subsequently approved by the members by way of Special Resolution passed by the members at the 29th Annual General Meeting held on 28th September, 2023.

Further, considering the contribution of Mr. Venkat and progress made by the Company under his leadership and guidance and as per the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board at its Meeting held on May 12, 2025, approved onetime payment of Rs.9,00,000 (Rupees Nine Lakhs only) as performance bonus to Mr. Venkat.

This onetime payment is over and above the approved remuneration by the Member earlier. Further, while this Rs.9 lakhs is the performance bonus for the financial year 2024-25, members approval is also being sought for payment of up to Rs.20,00,000 as performance bonus for the financial year 2025-26 subject to Company achieving certain parameters as may be decided by the Board.

During the financial year 2024-2025, Mr. Venkat was entitled to attend 9 (Nine) meetings of the Board of Directors and all the meetings were attended by him.

Your Board confirms that the Company has not made any default in repayment of any of its debts as specified in sub-clause (ii) of the second proviso to clause (B) of Section II of Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

Disclosures as per sub clause (iv) of the second proviso to clause (B) of Section II of Part-II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.

I. GENERAL INFORMATION:

- Nature of Industry: The operations of the Company would come under the purview of Information Technology and Software Services.
- Date or expected date of commencement of commercial production: The Company is in operation since 1994.
- iii) In case of new companies expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus: Not Applicable.
- iv) Standalone Financial performance based on given indicators

(Rs. In Millions)

S.No.	Particulars	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	Q1
					(2025-26)
1	Revenue from Operations	748.60	790.08	868.09	158.12
2	Profit before Tax	38.09	28.63	178.86	127.30
3	Profit after Tax	26.49	23.39	148.13	105.75
4	Paid-up Capital (including share application money)	345.82	345.82	345.82	522.62

v) Foreign investments or collaborations if any. The company do not have any foreign investments or collaborations except has a subsidiary company i.e., M/s. Staytop Systems Inclocated at North Carolina, United States.



II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE APPOINTEE:

- i) Background details:
 - Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand holds a Bachelor's Degree in Science (BSc. Computers). He has been associated with the Company since more than 10 years in various designations, handling Business Operations, Sales, Programs. Consulting Services business, Program Management, Partner relationship Management. He has an overall experience of 20+ years in IT/ITes industry ranging from end user technical support service, enterprise software support in large ESV's to managing reselling, staffing, and consulting services business lines at Aion-Tech Solutions.
 - PMP Certified Professional, offering over 2 decades of rich & diversified experience in heading multiple functional areas such as Sales, Business Development, Project Management, P&L, Operations Management, Quality Management, Performance Management and People Leadership
 - Excellent record of developing annual business, monitoring performance with insights on variances, re-structuring sales strategy, establishing large teams to drive business, engaging with clients for business development of sales operations, participating in business reviews and driving operational initiatives.
 - Business Leader with hands-on experience in directing the implementation & delivery of multi-million dollars' projects/ programs for large organizations/

- clients across geographical locations.
- Capability in leading end-to-end operations, process, people, stakeholder and customer management, continuous improvement in metrics, SLA, automation, training & performance management
- Key People Leader, successfully led and motivated team towards growth and success in the organization.
- ii) Past remuneration: Mr. Venkat's past annual remuneration was Rs.50,00,000 (Rupees Fifty Lakhs only) and up to an amount of Rs.10,00,000/-(Rupees Ten Lakhs Only) as variable pay.
- iii) Recognition or awards: Delivered excellence in heading Data Analytics, Analytics Consulting services, driving efforts towards augmenting the revenue of INR 86+ crores, impacting organization profitability through effective strategic management decisions, and new business development.
 - Proven success in developing annual business, monitoring performance with insights on variances, re-structuring sales strategy, establishing large teams to drive business, engaging with clients for business development of sales operation, participating in business reviews and driving operational initiatives.
 - Result-driven professional with excellent team management skills and the capability to manage change with ease.
- iv) Job profile and suitability: Mr. Venkat as Whole-Time Director has been looking after the overall affairs and operations of the Company. His vast experience in handling business operations, Programs, Project Management, Partner



relationship Management, would help the Company in various aspects. He is involved in policy planning, vision, strategy and long term development activities for the benefit of employees as well as for the growth of the Company.

- Remuneration proposed: As set out in the resolution under Item No.3 of the Notice.
- vi) Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the Company, profile of the position and person: Taking into consideration the size, performance and complexity of the business of the Company, the profile of Mr. Venkat, his past background and remuneration, the responsibilities shouldered by him and the industry benchmarks, the remuneration proposed to be paid to Mr. Venkat as Executive is commensurate with the remuneration packages paid to similar senior level counterpart(s) in other companies with similar responsibilities.
- vii) Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel, if any: Mr. Venkat has no other pecuniary relationship with the company other than being an employee of the Company either directly or indirectly or any relationship with the managerial personnel.

III. OTHER INFORMATION:

- Reasons for loss or inadequate profits: Not applicable, as the Company has posted a net profit after tax of Rs.148.13 million (on a standalone basis) for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. As the Company's focus is growth oriented, it is majorly incurring capital expenditures for its capacity expansion to cope with the ever increasing customer demands.
- Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement: The Company is focusing on geographic expansion of its business;

adding new customers base, apart from other things, which may improve the performance of the Company in the years to come.

Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms: In view of the steps taken by the Company as stated above, the Company believes that there will be significant increase in profitability in the years to come.

In view of the above, Board recommends the resolution set out at Item No.3 for approval of the Members. None of the Directors or KMPs or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the said resolution, except Mr. Venkat Raghunand.

ITEM NO. 4

Pursuant to recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), the Board of Directors of the Company appointed of Ms. P Mounika Reddy (DIN: 11111376) as an Additional Director (designated as Non-Executive Independent Director) of the Company effective August 11, 2025. Considering Ms. Mounika's extensive knowledge, expertise, experience and skillsets and based on the recommendation of the NRC, the Board of Directors appointed Ms. Mounika as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company for the period of five (5) years with effect from August 11, 2025.

The Company has received a declaration from Ms. Mounika that she meets the criteria of independence prescribed under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 16 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

The Company has also received her consent to act as an Independent Director and declaration that she is not disqualified or debarred from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and Listing Regulations.



The Company has received notice in writing from a Member as per Section 160 of the Act proposing the candidature of Ms. Mounika for the office of Independent Director of the Company.

The brief profile and areas of expertise of Ms. Mounika is annexed to the Notice as Annexure A.

Additional information pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India as applicable are annexed to the Notice as Annexure. Copy of the draft Letter of Appointment of the Independent Director setting out the terms and conditions of her appointment is available for inspection electronically, basis the request being sent to the Company for inspection of documents.

In the opinion of the Board, Ms. Mounika fulfils the conditions for appointment as an Independent Director as specified in the Act and the Listing Regulations. Ms. Mounika is independent of the management.

Accordingly, it is proposed to appoint Ms. Mounika as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation and to hold office for a term of five (5) consecutive years w.e.f. August 11, 2025.

Except Ms. Mounika being the appointee and/or her relatives, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution.

In view of the above, on the recommendation of the NRC, the Board of Directors recommends Special Resolution as set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice, for approval of the Members of the Company.

ITEM NO. 5

As per Section 149(10] of the Act, an Independent Director shall hold office for a term of upto 5

(five] consecutive years on the Board of a Company but shall be eligible for reappointment on passing a special resolution by the Company for another term of upto 5 (five] consecutive years on the Board of a Company. The Members of the Company had at the Annual General Meeting held on September 27, 2021 approved the appointment of Ms. Deepa Chandra as Independent Directors for a period of 5 years commencing from November 13, 2020.

Based on the performance evaluation and recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in terms of the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 read with Schedule IV and all other applicable provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations, and as per Article 131 of Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Deepa Chandra is eligible for reappointment as Independent Directors and had offered herself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors recommends the proposal to reappoint her as Independent Director for a term as mentioned in the special resolution.

The Company has received notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from Ms. Deepa Chandra, signifying her candidature as an Independent Director of the Company. The Company has also received a declaration of independence from her.

In the opinion of the Board, Ms. Deepa Chandra fulfils the conditions specified under the Act, the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors] Rules, 2014 and Regulation 16(1 l(b) of the Listing Regulations for re-appointment as an Independent Director of the Company and is independent of the management. A copy of the draft Letter of Appointment for Independent Director is available for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on any working day. The Board considers that the re-appointment of Ms. Deepa Chandra as Independent Director would be of immense benefit to the Company considering her expertise and experience and it is desirable



to avail services of her as Independent Director.

The brief profile and areas of expertise of Ms. Deepa Chandra is annexed to the Notice as Annexure A.

The remuneration to the Independent Directors shall be governed by the policies of the Company as specified in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

Ms. Deepa Chandra is not holding by herself or for any other person on a beneficial basis, any shares in the Company. She is also not related to any Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives. Except for the appointee Director for the purpose of her own resolution, none of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolutions set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice.

This Explanatory Statement together with the accompanying Notice of the AGM may also be regarded as a disclosure under Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) of ICSI. For detailed information please refer to the Corporate Governance Report and Profile of Directors forming part of this Report.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 5 for the approval of Members.

ITEM NO. 6

Pursuant to the Regulation 24A & other applicable Provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") read with provisions of Section 204 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, if any ("the Act"), the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors at their

respective meetings held on August 29, 2025 have approved, subject to approval of Members, appointment of M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Company Secretaries (Membership No.F11086 & Peer Review No.2188/2022) as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of 5(Five) consecutive years from financial year 2025-26 to financial year 2029-30.

M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Company Secretaries is a firm of Company Secretaries having professional experience spanning over more than 10 years specializing in Secretarial Audit, Due Diligence, Assurance Audit, Corporate Compliance Management, Representation services and Transaction Advisory Services to the Corporate world on various matters.

M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Company Secretaries have provided their consent to be appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive Financial Years (FY) commencing from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30 and also confirmed that they are not disqualified to be appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company. They also confirmed that they have subjected themselves to the peer review process of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the ICSI.

None of the Directors or KMP's or their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the said resolution.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD For AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Sd/-Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary & Compliance Officer FCS : 7101

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.08.2025



ANNEXURE-A

Additional information on Directors/Chief Executive Officer seeking appointment/reappointment at the Annual General Meeting as required under Secretarial Standard on General Meeting and Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Name of the Director	Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke
DIN/PAN	10194539
Date of Birth	26.07.1967
Nationality	German
Qualification	Master of Business Administration (MBA) – Strategy, Marketing, General Business Management from University of Hagen
	Executive Education Course for Top Management Talent Development from Daimler Corporate University, IMD Business School.
	Executive Education program from Harvard Business School.
Date of first appointment on the Board of Directors of the Company	10.08.2023
No. of shares held including shareholding as a beneficial owner (As on 31.03.2025)	NIL
Brief Resume/Expertise in functional areas	Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke is a leading EV Investor and reputed EV Founder. He was the Ex-CEO, Member of the Board, and Investor in Quantron AG & also was the Ex-CEO of NAD (New Automobile Development) Capital – Growth Holding with Focus on New Mobility Investments – Investor in Rimac Formula E and QEV Tech. He has held various C-level and managing director roles, including central functions at Audi AG (including responsibility for the strategic sales launch of the Audi eTron brand), sales director for Mitsubishi in Europe and Mercedes-Benz in India, and the areas of finance, IT and organization for Mercedes-Benz in China. As the Founder-CEO of Automobili Pininfarina, Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke successfully launched an emissions-free luxury car brand, gaining more than 10



	years of electric vehicle experience in leading roles.	
List of Directorships in Companies (other than AION-TECH Solutions Limited) as on 31.03.2025	NIL	
Chairman/ Member of the Committee of the Board of Directors of Companies (other than AION-TECH Solutions Limited) on which he is a Director as on 31.03.2025	NIL	
Listed entities from which he has resigned in the past three years	NIL	
Remuneration proposed to be paid	Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke shall not be receiving any remuneration for his services rendered to the Company other than sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board & Committees	
Key Terms and conditions of appointment/ re-appointment	As per the resolution at Item no. 2 of this Notice, Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke's office as Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation.	
Relationship between Directors inter-se	NIL	
In case of independent directors, the skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the proposed person meets such requirements	Not Applicable	



ANNEXURE-A

Additional Information of the Director seeking appointment/re-appointment as required under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India are provided herein below:

Name of the Director	Deepa Chandra	Mounika Reddy	
Date of Birth/Age	February 16, 1958/65 years	June 17, 1983/42 years	
Director Identification Number (DIN)	08952233	11111376	
Nationality	Indian	Indian	
Date of the first appointment on the Board	November 13, 2020	August 11, 2025	
Terms and Conditions of Appointment	Subject to the approval of the Members, appointed as an Independent Director for a further period of Five (5) consecutive years, not liable to retire by rotation, from November 13, 2025.	Subject to the approval of the Members, appointed as an Independent Director for a period of Five (5) consecutive years, not liable to retire by rotation, from August 11, 2025.	
Capacity / Position	Non-executive Independent Director	Non-executive Independent Director	
Remuneration last drawn (including sitting fees, if any) / Remuneration proposed to be paid	As per Explanatory Statement of Item No. 5	As per Explanatory Statement of Item No. 4	
Relationship with other Directors, Manager and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	None	None	
Qualification(s)	Post Graduate Degree in Science and an M.Phil (Micro Biology)	Post Graduate Degree in Marketing (MBA)	
Experience and expertise in specific functional areas	She has started her career as a Science Officer with All India Radio Bhopal and retired as an Additional Director General (Programmes) in Doordarshan (National Public Television) under aegis of Prasar Bharati, she had worked in various positions with All India Radio Bhopal, Doordarshan	Pammi Mounika Reddy is an accomplished professional with over 15 years of leadership experience spanning marketing, administration, insurance, CSR fund management and strategic consulting. She holds an MBA in Marketing and a proven track record in operational efficiency and business development, she brings a high degree of strategic insight and governance capability to the boardroom.	



Kendra Mumbai, Delhi and Headquarters. She is Member of Prasar Bharati Recruitment Board.

She has been invited as an expert to facilitate and evaluate documentaries commissioned by IGNCA, New Delhi. She has also held lectures on media for students in IGNCA, Public sector organizations like BHEL as a guest faculty to address their young Managers on management techniques. She has also a Guest faculty in various universities like Delhi University, Jamia Millia Islamia University New Delhi, National Academy of Broadcasting and Multimedia, New Delhi.

Ms. Reddy previously served as the Managing Director of MNRG Technologies, where she led various innovation-driven initiatives aligned with national priorities. Her broad exposure to corporate leadership, combined with her consulting background, equips her to offer independent oversight, critical thinking, and business foresight as a board member.

Her career includes senior roles across leading insurance companies, where she consistently delivered strong business outcomes, built high-performing teams, and led multi-location operations with compliance and efficiency.

A passionate advocate for social development, she led the PMKEY Scream Project (2014–2016), creating employment and sustainable livelihoods for over 200 women. Her professional journey demonstrates an unwavering commitment to ethical leadership, transparency, and stakeholder value creation.

Skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the proposed Independent Director meets such requirements

Mrs. Deepa Chandra is a professional having top management level exposures and has sufficient breadth of skills in areas of Administration, strategy formulation, and Management. The Company believes that her skills, knowledge, and experience on the Board will complement the effective functioning of the Company.

Mrs. Mounika is an accomplished professional with over 15 years of leadership experience spanning marketing, administration, insurance, CSR fund management and strategic consulting. The Company believes that her skills, knowledge, and experience on the Board will complement the effective functioning of the Company.



Committee Positions held in the Company	1. Chairperson of Nomination & Remuneration Committee 2. Member of Audit Committee; and 3. Chairperson of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee	Nil
List of Directorships in other companies as on August 29, 2025	Nil	1.Variman Global Enterprises Limited 2. Ortin Global Limited 3. Cura Technologies Limited 4. Bandaram Pharma Packtech Limited 5. Soma Paper Industries Limited 6. Midland Polymers Limited
List of Membership/ Chairmanship of Committees of other companies as on August 29, 2025 (Includes only Audit & Stakeholders' Relationship Committee)	Nil	1. Chairperson of Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of Soma Paper Industries Limited 2. Member of Audit Committees of Ortin Global Limited; Cura Technologies Limited; Bandaram Pharma Packtech Limited & Midland Polymers Limited. 3. Member of Stakeholders' Relationship Committees of Ortin Global Limited; Cura Technologies Limited; Bandaram Pharma Packtech Limited & Midland Polymers Limited.
Listed entities from which the Director has resigned in the past three years	Nil	Nil
Number of Shares held in the Company as on August 29, 2025	Nil	Nil
Number of meetings of the Board attended during the financial year	Nine Board Meetings held during the financial year 2024-25 and she has attended all the Board Meetings.	Not Applicable, since appointed on August 11, 2025



DIRECTORS' REPORT

To
The Members
AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

The Board of Directors are pleased to present the Company's 31st Annual Report and the Company's audited financial statements (standalone and consolidated) for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

The financial highlights of the Company for the year ended on 31st March, 2025 are summarized as below:

(Rs. In Millions Except Otherwise Stated)

	Stando	lone	Consolidated	
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24
Revenue from Operations	868.09	790.08	889.00	932.76
Other Income	33.95	12.33	34.17	12.46
Total Expenses	849.26	<i>75</i> 2.13	915.54	934.40
Operating Profit (PBIDT)	52.78	50.28	7.63	10.82
Interest	7.32	5.70	10.69	10.18
Depreciation & Amortization expense	22.95	15.95	23.51	17.07
Profit before Exceptional Items & Tax	22.51	28.63	(26.57)	(16.43)
Exceptional Items – Profit on sale of land	156.35	00.00	156.35	00.00
Profit before Tax	178.86	28.63	129.78	(16.43)
Current Tax	30.17	7.80	30.19	7.94
Previous Year Taxes	0.48	(1.16)	0.49	(1.16)
Deferred Tax	0.08	(1.40)	0.08	(1.40)
Profit for the year	148.13	23.39	99.02	(21.81)
Other Comprehensive Income – Net of Taxes	71.08	0.17	74.69	(0.75)
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	219.21	23.56	173.71	(22.56)
Equity Share Capital (3,45,82,066 Shares of Rs 10/- each)	345.82	345.82	345.82	345.82
E.P.S (After Prior Period Items) (Rupees)	4.29	0.68	2.86	(0.63)
Net Worth	818.98	599.78	958.48	670.73
Book Value in Rs. (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	23.68	17.34	27.72	19.40



STATE OF AFFAIRS/GENERAL REVIEW OF OPERATIONS:

Standalone:

During the year under review, your Company has achieved Standalone turnover of Rs. 868.09 million as against a turnover of Rs. 790.08 million during the previous year. The Standalone Net Profit was Rs. 148.13 million during the year in comparison to Net Profit of Rs. 23.39 million during the previous year. Current year profit includes Rs. 156.35 million, which was on account of profit on sale of land.

Consolidated:

During the year under review, your Company has achieved a consolidated turnover of Rs. 889 million as compared to Rs. 932.76 million for the previous financial year. This slight reduction in turnover was due to sale of entire stake in Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited, which happened during the year under report. The Consolidated Net Profit for the year 2024-25 was Rs. 99.02 million in comparison to Net Loss Rs.21.81 million during the previous year. Current year profit includes Rs.156.35 million, which was on account of profit on sale of land.

TRANSFER TO GENERAL RESERVES:

No amount has been transferred to General Reserves during the year.

DIVIDEND:

With a view to conserve cash for future growth opportunities, your Board has not recommended any dividend for the financial year 2024-25.

SHARE CAPITAL:

On March 10, 2025, the Authorized Share Capital of the Company has been increased from Rs.50 crore to Rs.80 crore. Hence, as at the end of the financial year, the Authorized Share Capital of the company is Rs. 80,00,00,000 (Rupees Eighty Crores Only) divided into 8,00,00,000 (Eight Crores Only) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each and the Paid-up capital of the company is Rs. 34,58,20,660/- (Rupees Thirty

Four Crores, Fifty Eight Lakhs, Twenty Thousand, Six Hundred and Sixty Only) divided in to 3,45,82,066 (Three Crores Forty Five Lakhs Eighty Two Thousand Sixty Six Only) equity shares of Rs 10/- each.

However, post the financial year end date, on May 12, 2025, the Board had allotted 1,76,79,770 equity shares of Rs.10/- each at a valuation of Rs. 110/- per share. The Board at its meeting held on February 13, 2025 took a decision to acquire controlling stake in ETO Motors Private Limited by acquiring the equity shares from the existing shareholders of ETO Motors by way of swap of shares. AION-Tech's decision to take a controlling stake in ETO Motors aligns with its long-term strategy to build a comprehensive zero-emissions and clean energy platform. This move strengthens its position in the sustainable mobility and energy sector, accelerates innovation, and provides significant long-term value for investors, stakeholders, and the broader market. Pursuant to this arrangement, the existing shareholders of ETO Motors were issued one share against their one share in ETO Motors Private Limited. Post this acquisition, the holding of the Company in ETO Motors stood at 58.50%, thus ETO Motors has become a subsidiary of the Company with effect from May 12, 2025.

As on March 31, 2025, except Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam having 757 shares, none of the other Directors of the Company hold shares or convertible instruments of the Company.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN (ESOP):

As the members are already aware, the Company had already obtained the necessary approvals for 'Goldstone Technologies Limited Employee Stock Option Plan-2022' ('GTLESOP 2022'). The Company has also received Inprincipal Approval for listing of upto maximum of 17,29,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to be allotted pursuant to the Goldstone Technologies Employees Stock Option Scheme, 2022 from the Stock Exchanges namely BSE Ltd and National Stock Exchange of India Limited



on 15th December, 2023. The company has not made any allotment during the year under review under the Scheme. Any further updates on the same will be disseminated to the members through announcements to the stock exchanges.

ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

There is no change in accounting treatment in the year under review, as compared to previous Financial Year.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

During the year under the review the following changes took place:

Appointments:

- Based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approval of the Board, Mr. Adalat Srikanth has been appointed as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer (Key Managerial Personnel) of the Company, with effect from November 15, 2024.
- After the closure of the financial year 2024-25, Ms. Mounika Reddy (DIN: 11111376) was appointed as an Additional Director in the category of Independent Director with effect from August 11, 2025 in the Board Meeting held on August 11, 2025. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, Ms. Mounika will hold office up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Moreover, in terms of Regulation 17(1C) of the Listing Regulations, the Company is required to obtain approval of shareholders for the appointment of an Independent Director at the next general meeting or within a time period of three months from the date of appointment, whichever is earlier. The board recommends the Special Resolution set out at item no. 4 of the Notice for the 31st

Annual General Meeting for approval of the members. Brief profile of Ms. Mounika has been given in the Notice convening the 31st Annual General Meeting.

Resignations:

- Mrs. Niralee Rasesh Kotdawala, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer (Key Managerial Personnel) of the Company, has resigned with effect from September 5, 2024
- Mr. Pavan Chavali has resigned as Managing Director and also as Director of the Company with effect from September 26, 2024;
- Mr. K S Sarma, Independent Director ceased to be the Director of the Company with effect from September 26, 2024 consequent to the expiry of his second term as Independent Director.

Retire by Rotation:

• Based on the terms of appointment, executive directors and the non-executive and non-Independent chairman are subject to retirement by rotation. Accordingly, Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke (DIN 10194539) retires by rotation at the 31st Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. Brief profile of Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke has been given in the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting. Based on performance evaluation and the recommendation of the nomination and remuneration committee, the Board recommends his re-appointment.

Key Managerial Personnel

In accordance with the provisions of Section(s) 2(51), and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the following are the Key Managerial Personnel as on the Board's Report date:



- Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand Whole-Time Director
- Mr. Vithal VSSNK Popuri Chief Financial Officer
- Mr. Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

BOARD EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable regulations of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination & Remuneration and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in the Corporate Governance Report.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was completed during the year under review. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') vide Notification No. G.S.R. 804(E) dated October 22, 2019 and effective from December 01, 2019 has introduced the provision relating to inclusion of names of Independent Directors in the Data Bank maintained by Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs ('IICA'). All Independent Directors of your Company are registered with IICA.

In the opinion of the Board, the independent directors possess the requisite integrity, experience, expertise, proficiency and qualifications.

REMUNERATION POLICY:

The Board has on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed and adopted a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees and their remuneration. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is placed on website of the Company at https://www.aiontech.ai/investor-corner/other-polices.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act and Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Report.

MEETINGS:

During the year under review, 9 (Nine) Board Meetings, 6 (Six) Audit Committee Meetings, 3 (Three) Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting, 5 (Five) Stakeholder Relationship Committee Meetings and 1 (One) Independent Directors Meeting were convened and held. The details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2).

The intervening gap between the Meetings were within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

There are various Board constituted Committees as stipulated under the Act and Listing Regulations namely Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee. Brief details pertaining to composition, terms of reference, meetings held and attendance of these Committees during the year have been enumerated in the Corporate Governance Report.

AUDIT COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS:

During the year, all recommendations of Audit Committee were approved by the Board of Directors.



FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The details on the familiarization program for Independent Directors are reported in the Corporate Governance Report.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In terms of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the directors would like to state that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES:

Members may note that in line with the Company's vision to expand its product offerings and contribute to sustainable development, the Company has initiated the development of a SaaS-based zero emissions fleet solutions product three quarters ago. The product is now in advanced stage of development and is on track for a pilot launch. With a view to complete the development of this product by an independent entity, the Company has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary during the financial year and this Subsidiary has come into existence on December 19, 2024.

As on March 31, 2025, the Company has two wholly owned subsidiary Companies:

- a) Staytop Systems Inc., having its Registered Office situated at 9660 Falls of Neuse Rd., Ste. 138 Unit 161, Raleigh, North Carolina, 27615 and
- b) Roqit Green Fleet Digital Solutions Private Limited, having its Registered Office at 6th Floor, AIC Atal Incubation, Wing C, Plot 1/C, Survey No. 83/1, Madhapur, Shaikpet, Hyderabad – 500 081, Telangana, India.

During the year under review, Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as Equitas Technologies Private Limited) having its Registered Office situated at 601, 6th Floor, Phase I, Spencer Plaza, 769, Anna Salai, Mount Road, Chennai – 600002, Tamil Nadu, has ceased to be the Subsidiary of the Company with effect from October 03, 2024 on account of sale of entire stake by the Company.

During the year under review, the Company has invested Rs.61 lakhs in Roqit Greenfleet Digital Solutions Private Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Apart from this, no further investments were made in the subsidiaries. Other than the above no other company is Associate or Joint Venture during the year under review.



Out of the above two subsidiaries, M/s. Staytop Systems Inc is a material subsidiary of the Company as per the thresholds laid down under Regulation 16 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015. The Company has framed a policy on Material Subsidiaries as approved by the Board and the same has been uploaded on the Company's website https://www.aiontech.ai/investorcorner/other-polices.

Pursuant to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Act, the statement containing the salient feature of the financial statement of a company's subsidiary or subsidiaries, associate company or companies and joint venture or ventures is in the prescribed format AOC-1 are appended as "ANNEXURE-1" to the Board's report.

As informed in the previous paragraphs, post the financial year end date, consequent to the acquisition of controlling stake in ETO Motors Private Limited by the Company, ETO Motors Private Limited has become the subsidiary of the Company with effect from May 12, 2025. Since ETO Motors Private Limited has a wholly owned subsidiary by the name ETO Mobility Services Private Limited, this company has become a step-down subsidiary of the Company with effect from May 12, 2025.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Board of Directors ('the Board') reviewed the affairs of the Subsidiaries. In accordance with Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable Accounting Standards, the Company has prepared consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries which will form part of the Annual Report.

In accordance with Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Audited financial statements including the consolidated financial statements and related information of the Company and audited accounts of each of its subsidiaries are available on website of the Company https://www.aiontech.ai/

investor-corner/result-reports. These documents will also be available for inspection during the business hours at the registered office of the Company.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

At AION-TECH, we maintain a system of wellestablished policies and procedures for internal control of operations and activities. We constantly strive to integrate the entire organization, strategic support functions, such as finance, human resources, and regulatory affairs into core operations, such as Analytics segment, consulting services and license reselling, technical, support, and the supply chain. The internal audit function is further strengthened in conjunction with the statutory auditors to monitor statutory and operational matters. Adherence to statutory compliance is a key focus area for the entire leadership team of the Company.

The Audit Committee deliberated with the members of the management, considered the systems as laid down and met the internal auditors and statutory auditors to ascertain their views on the internal financial control systems. The Audit Committee satisfied itself to the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal financial control system as laid down and kept the Board of Directors informed. Internal Audit system brings significant issues to the attention of the Audit Committee for periodic review. However, the Company recognizes that no matter how the internal control framework is, it has inherent limitations and accordingly, periodic audits and reviews ensure that such systems are updated on regular intervals.

DEPOSITS:

The deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 were neither accepted during the year nor remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the financial year 2024 – 25. As such, there has been no default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest



thereon at the beginning or at the end of the year.

COST RECORDS:

Maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable on the Company. Accordingly, such records are not made and maintained.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

As per the provisions of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013, every company having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more, during immediately preceding financial year shall constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board. During the year under review, the provisions of Section 135 of the Act relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) were not applicable to the Company.

INSURANCE:

All the properties of your Company including its building, systems, servers & Machinery has been covered by adequate Insurance Coverage. The Company has in place a D&O Policy which is renewed every year. It covers directors (including independent directors) and officers of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Board is of the opinion that the quantum and risks presently covered are adequate.

AUDITORS:

Statutory Auditors:

M/s. P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad were appointed as the statutory auditors of the Company by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on May 27, 2022 for a term of 5 (Five) consecutive years commencing from the conclusion of the 28th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 33rd Annual General Meeting. The appointment was also approved by the members of the Company by way

Ordinary Resolution in the 28th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 28th September, 2022.

Pursuant to the amendments made to Section 139 by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, effective from May 7, 2018, the requirement of seeking ratification of the members for appointment of Statutory Auditors has been withdrawn. In view of the same, the ratification of members for continuance of appointed M/s. P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, will not be sought in the ensuing Annual General Meetings.

The Audit Committee of your Company meets periodically with Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors to review the performance of the Internal Audit, to discuss the nature and scope of statutory auditors functions, and to discuss auditing, internal control and financial reporting issues. To ensure complete independence, the statutory auditor and the internal auditor have full access to the Members of the Audit Committee to discuss any matter of substance.

The Report of the Auditors for the year ended March 31, 2025 forming part of this Annual Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, observation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

Internal Auditors:

M/s. CKS & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad were appointed as internal Auditors for conducting the internal audit of the company for the financial year 2024-25. The main thrust of internal audit is to test and review controls, appraisal of risks and business processes, besides benchmarking controls with best practices in the industry.

The summary of Significant Audit Observations along with recommendations and its implementations are reviewed by the Audit Committee on a periodical basis and concerns, if any, are reported to Board. There were no adverse remarks or qualification on accounts of the Company from the Internal Auditor.



Secretarial Auditor:

The company had appointed M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Hyderabad to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 pursuant to provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. The Secretarial Audit report for the financial year 2024-25 is annexed herewith as "ANNEXURE - 3" to the Board Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. During the year under review, the Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the Secretarial Standards.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of the Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and basis the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors of your Company appointed M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Hyderabad as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive financial years (FY) commencing from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30, subject to the approval of Members in ensuing Annual General Meeting.

M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, have provided their consent to be appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive Financial Years (FY) commencing from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30 and also confirmed that they are not disqualified to be appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company. They have also confirmed that they have subjected themselves to the peer review process of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the ICSI.

The appropriate resolution seeking approval of the Members of the Company for the appointment of M/s. Prathap Satla &

Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Hyderabad as Secretarial Auditors of the Company is being placed in the Notice of 31st Annual General Meeting

Annual Secretarial Compliance Report:

M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Hyderabad had undertaken an audit for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and accordingly issued the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for the year ended 31" March, 2025, with all applicable compliances as per SEBI's Regulations and Circulars/Guidelines issued thereunder. The Annual Secretarial Compliance Report issued by M/s. Prathap Satla & Associates, Practising Company Secretaries, Hyderabad had been submitted to the Stock Exchanges.

Reporting of frauds by auditors:

During the year under review, neither the statutory auditors nor the secretarial auditor has reported any instances of fraud committed against the Company by its officers or employees to the audit committee, under Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Board has devised proper systems and processes for complying with the requirements of applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of The Companies Act, 2013 are given in Note no. 32 of Standalone Financial Statements and to Note no. 32 of Consolidated Financial Statements.

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES:

There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Key Managerial Personnel or with



entities where promoter/KMPs /Directors are interested and other related parties who may have potential conflict of interest with the Company. All the related party transactions which were entered into by the Company during the year under review, were on arms' length basis and in the ordinary course of business. The related party transactions are disclosed in the notes to the accounts, as per the relevant accounting standards.

The Company has not entered into any Material Related Party Transactions, other than what is disclosed in this Report elsewhere, as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and a confirmation to this effect as required under section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 is given in Form AOC-2 as **ANNEXURE - 2**, which forms part of this Annual Report.

During the year, pursuant to Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, all related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee for approval and also disclosed to the stock exchanges as per requirement. The same are also available on the website of the Company.

A Policy on materiality of RPTs stipulating the threshold limits and also on dealing with, pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations has been placed on the Company's website https://www.aiontech.ai/investor-corner/.

RISK MANAGEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (n) and Regulation 21 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 read with relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the Company is implementing all measures to mitigate and manage the risk including identification therein of elements of risk if any which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the company.

At present the company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the company.

PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING:

Pursuant to SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended, the Company has adopted the Code of Internal Procedures and Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trading by Designated Persons and their Immediate Relatives along with Code of Fair Disclosures and a copy of the same are available on company's website at https://www.aiontech.ai/investor-corner.

The Company has also implemented a structured digital database for maintaining records of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information and to ensure compliance with Regulation 3 (5) of SEBI (PIT) Regulations, 2015.

POLICIES UNDER SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS 2015:

We seek to promote and follow the highest level of ethical standards in all our business transactions guided by our value system. The Board has formulated and adopted, inter alia, the following policies as required under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

- Code of Conduct for Board of Directors and Senior Management.
- Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading.
- Policy on Materiality of Related Party Transactions and on dealing with Related Party Transactions
- Policy on Material Subsidiary
- Archival Policy
- Determination of Materiality of Events
- Preservation of Documents Policy

All the policies adopted are hosted on the website of the Company https://www.aiontech.ai/investor-corner. The policies are reviewed periodically by the Board and updated as needed.



VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

As per the provisions of the Section 177 (9) & (10) of the Companies Act 2013, and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board adopted a Vigil Mechanism called `Whistle Blower Policy' for directors and employees to report the management /Audit Committee instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of company's code of conduct or ethics policy. There were no allegations / disclosures / concerns received during the year under review in terms of the vigil mechanism established by the Company.

The Vigil Mechanism also provided adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit committee in exceptional cases further it has also been uploaded in the Company's web site; https://www.aiontech.ai/investor-corner/

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE:

Your Company strongly supports the rights of all its employees to work in an environment free from all forms of harassment. In order to comply with provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder, the Company has formulated and implemented a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment of women at the workplace. All women employees permanent, temporary or contractual are covered under the above policy. The policy aims to provide protection to Employees at the workplace.

An Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) has been set up in compliance with the said Act. To build awareness in this area, the Company has been conducting awareness sessions during induction. During the year under review, no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment of women employees were reported.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) (a) and 134 (3) (a) of the Act and the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return for the financial year 2024-25 is available on the website of the Company at www.aiontech. at/investor-corner

LISTING ON STOCK EXCHANGES:

Presently, the Company's Shares are listed on BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). The Company confirms that it has paid Annual Listing Fees due to all the Stock Exchanges where the Company's securities are listed for the year 2025-26.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORTS:

As per the Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 the Corporate Governance and Management Discussion & Analysis Report, which form an integral part of this Report, are attached as "ANNEXURE - 4" and "ANNEXURE - 5" respectively, together with the Certificate from the auditors of the Company regarding compliance with the requirements of Corporate Governance.

WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR AND CFO CERTIFICATION:

As required under the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Whole-Time Director and the CFO Certification is attached to Corporate Governance Report.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND STATEMENT ON COMPLIANCE OF CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has received necessary declaration from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he/ she meets the criteria of



independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with Schedule IV of the Act and the Company's Code of Conduct.

In terms of Regulations 25(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that he/ she meets the criteria of independence as provided in clause (b) of subregulation (1) of regulation 16 and that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence.

During the year, Independent Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees, commission and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board of Directors and Committee(s). The Directors possess integrity, expertise and experience in their respective fields.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION AND DISCLOSURES:

None of the Independent / Non-Executive Directors have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company which in the Judgment of the Board may affect the independence of the Directors.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company that have occurred between the end of the financial year i.e. 31st March, 2025 to which the financial statements relate and the date of the Report except for the fact that as

approved by the Board at its meeting held on February 13, 2025 and also as approved by the Members at their meeting held on March 10, 2025, the Company has completed the Preferential Allotment of shares for consideration other than cash, i.e., by way of swap of shares, and acquired controlling stake in ETO Motors Private Limited. As this allotment was made by the Company on May 12, 2025, ETO Motors Private Limited has become the subsidiary of the Company with effect from that date. The Company has received all the required approvals from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY / TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGOINGS:

Information on conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange and outgo as required under sec 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the companies (Account) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as "ANNEXURE-6".

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 ('Rules') are enclosed as "ANNEXURE-7" to the Board's report.

During the year, none of the employees is drawing a remuneration of Rs. 1,02,00,000/- and above per annum or Rs. 8,50,000/- and above in aggregate per month, the limits specified under the Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

In terms of the first proviso to Section 136 of the Act, the Reports and Accounts are being sent to the Shareholders excluding the information



required under Rule 5(2) and (3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Members who are interested in obtaining the same may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company. The said information is available for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company on any working days of the Company upto the date of the 31st Annual General Meeting.

PERSONNEL:

Personnel relations have remained very cordial during the period.

GOING CONCERN STATUS:

There were no significant and material orders passed by Regulators or Courts or Tribunal impacting the Company's going concern status and / or its future operations.

OTHER DISCLOSURES:

a) Withdrawal of Rights Issue:

The Board, at its meeting held on February 13, 2025 has decided to withdraw the Rights Issue proposal which was earlier approved by the Board of Directors at their meetings held on April 29, 2024 and on November 09, 2023.

b) <u>Termination of Joint venture with</u> Quantron AG:

The Board, at its meeting held on February 13, 2025 has decided to terminate the Joint Venture Agreement dated November 09, 2023 entered into

with Quantron AG, Germany by the Company, consequent to the initiation of insolvency proceedings against Quantron in Germany.

C. Demat of Promoter Holding:

As on March 31, 2025, 100% of the Promoter and Promoter Group shareholding of the Company is held in dematerialization form in compliance with Regulation 31 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors convey their sincere thanks to ICICI Bank and State Bank of India for their support, guidance and assistance.

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation, for the contribution made by the employees at all levels but for whose hard work, and support, your Company's achievements would not have been possible. Your Directors also wish to thank its customers, dealers, agents, suppliers, consultants, investors for their continued support and faith reposed in the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Sd/Paul Sashikumar Lam
Director

(DIN: 00016679)

Seetepalli Venkat
Raghunand
Whole-Time Director
(DIN: 10267020)

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.08.2025



Annexure- 1

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs.)

SI.No.	Particulars	1	2
1.	Name of the Subsidiary	STAYTOP SYSTEMS, INC.	ROQIT GREENFLEET DIGITAL SOLUTION PRIVATE LIMITED
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	April 2024 to March 2025	19 Dec. 2024 to 31 March 2025
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	For Profit & Loss Each US\$ is Rs. 84.58 & For Balance Sheet Each US\$ is Rs. 85.58	Not Applicable
4.	Share capital	INR 79,599	INR 61,00,000
5.	Reserves & Surplus	INR 13,97,63,336	INR (2,58,027)
6.	Total Assets	INR 13,98,42,935	INR 64,36,819
7.	Total Liabilities	INR 13,98,42,935	INR 64,36,819
8.	Investments	NIL	NIL
9.	Turnover	INR 0	INR O
10.	Profit before taxation	INR (1,40,772)	INR (54,027)
11.	Provision for taxation	INR 22,430	INR 0
12.	Profit after taxation	INR34,47,840	INR (54,027)
13.	Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL
14.	% of Shareholding	100%	100%

Names of Subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: Nil

Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year: Wowtruck Technologies Pvt Ltd (Formarly known as Equitas Technologies Private Ltd.) and transaction completed on 03.10.2024.

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures - NIL

Statement Pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures - **Not Applicable**

for **P Murali & Co.**For and on behalf of the Board of **Chartered Accountants**AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Firm's Registration No: 007257\$

Sd/Mukund Vijayrao Joshi
Partner
Membership No. 024784

Sd/Paul Sashikumar Lam
Director
(DIN: 00016679)

Sd/Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand
Whole-Time Director
(DIN: 00016679)
(DIN: 10267020)

UDIN No.: 25024784BMIXXD4667

Place: Hyderabad Date: 22.08.2025



FORM AOC -2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of subsection (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso thereto:

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationshipName of the Related Party: ETO Motors Private Limited.	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transaction	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any
Relationship and Nature of interest: M / s . Trinity Infraventures Limited, promoter of Aion-Tech Solutions Limited, is also a s u b s t an t i a I shareholder of ETO Motors Private Limited, and other substantial shareholders who are the promoters of Trinity Infraventures Limited together, hold majority stake in ETO Motors Private Limited. The promoter of Trinity Infraventures Limited namely Mahita Prasad Caddell is the wife of Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell, the director of Aion Tech Solutions Limited and also a substantial shareholder of ETO Motors Private Limited	1,76,79,770 Equity Shares of Rs.10/-each at an issue price of Rs.110/-per share (including premium of Rs.100/-per share) constituting approx. 54.34% stake from the shareholders of	from the date of Members approval in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting subject to the	Lakhs Seventy-Nine Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy)



Mr. Karthik Sanjay Ponnapula also is the son of Mr. Ponnapula P a r t h a s a r t h y Sanjeeva who is one of the promoters of Trinity Infraventures Limited and also a shareholder of ETO Motors Private Limited

Aion-Tech Solutions Limited is also one of the shareholders of ETO Motors Private Limited.

Post-acquisition, ETO Motors Private Limited would become a Subsidiary of Aion-Tech Solutions Limited. Shares of Rs.10/- each constituting approx., 54.34% stake in ETO Motors Private Limited, based on the Valuation Report of both the Companies obtained from the Independent Registered Valuer

Value: Aggregating to Rs.1,94,47,74,700 for consideration other than cash to the shareholders of ETO Motors Private Limited on swap basis for a c q u i s i t i o n o f 1,76,79,770 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in ETO Motors Private Limited

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

There were no material contacts or arrangements or transactions entered into during the year ended March 31, 2025 as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, thus this disclosure is not applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Date: 29.08. 2025 Place: Hyderabad

> Sd/-S Venkat Raghunand Whole-Time Director (DIN .: 10267020)





MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,2024

(Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To
The members of
AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED
(Formerly Known as Goldstone Technologies Limited)
My Home Hub, Block-I, 9th Floor, Hitech City,
Madhapur, Hyderabad, Telangana-500081, India.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act 2013, on the compliance of applicable Statutory Provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED) (hereinafter called as "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

- 1. Based on our verification of the books, papers, minutes books, forms, returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided, explanations furnished and representations made to us by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives and according to the examinations carried out by us during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.
- 2. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 ("Audit Period") according to the provisions of:
 - i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there-under;
 - ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
 - iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there-under;
 - Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the Extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
 - v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act, 2103 and dealing with client;



- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period);
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period);
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2009 (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period);
- vi) The management has identified and confirmed the following laws as being specifically applicable to the Company:
 - a) Information Technology Act, 2005 and the Rules made there under,
 - b) Software Technology Parks of India Rules made there under,
 - c) The Employees Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952,
 - d) The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972,
 - e) The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948,
 - f) Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (POSH), 2013,
 - g) Digital Personal data protection Act, 2023 (DPDP),
 - h) Environment Protection Act, 1986 and E-Waste Rules, 2022.

We report that during the period under review the company has complied with provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulation, and Guidelines etc., mentioned above.

3. We, further report that:

- The company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- ii. The Company has complied with the Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

4. We, further report that:

- a. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- b. Adequate notice was given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance.
- c. All the decisions at the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings have been carried out unanimously as recorded in the Minutes of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.



- d. It is also noted that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
- e. During the year under review, the company had passed special resolution through postal ballot for disinvestment of entire 100% stake in M/s. Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (Wholly Owned Subsidiary).
- f. During the year under review, the company had passed special resolution in the Annual General Meeting held on 27th September, 2024 for Continuation of Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam (DIN: 00016679) as Non-Executive Non Independent Director, on completion of 75 years of age.
- g. The company has taken approval from the shareholders in the Extra-ordinary General meeting held on 10/03/2025:
 - by way of ordinary resolution for:
 - a) Increase in the Authorized Share Capital and Consequent Alteration of the Capital Clause in the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
 - b) Approval of Related Party Transaction
 - by way of special resolution for:
 - approval of the overall limits u/s 186 for Investments by the company in ETO Motors Private Limited.
 - d) for Preferential Issue upto 1,76,79,770 Equity Shares on swap basis for acquisition of Equity shares in ETO Motors Private Limited.
- 5. We further report that the Company has complied with other laws applicable to the Company as per the representations made by the Management.

For Prathap Satla & Associates

Company Secretaries

Sd/-

(Prathap Satla)

Proprietor M.No. F11086 C P No. 11879

Peer Review No. 2188/2022

UDIN: F011086G001107434

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.08.2025

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.



Annexure-A to MR - 3

To
The members of
AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED
(Formerly Known as Goldstone Technologies Limited)
My Home Hub, Block-I, 9th Floor, Hitech City,
Madhapur, Hyderabad, Telangana-500081, India.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **Prathap Satla & Associates**

Company Secretaries

Sd/-(**Prathap Satla**) Proprietor M.No. F11086 C P No. 11879

Peer Review No. 2188/2022 UDIN: F011086G001107434

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.08.2025



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. Company's Philosophy on Code of Governance:

AION-TECH Solutions Limited ("The Company") governance philosophy is based on trusteeship, professionalism, transparency and accountability. As a good corporate citizen, our business fosters a culture of ethical behavior and disclosures aimed at building trust and confidence of our stakeholders.

Your Company aims to achieve the objective of enhancing the shareholders' value by ensuring effective relationship with stakeholders and protecting their interests. The Company believes that good Corporate Governance is a continuous process and strives to improve the Corporate Governance practices to meet shareholder's expectations.

The Company's Code of Ethics and Business Conduct serves as a guide to the employees on the values, ethics and business principles expected of them. This ensures effective control and management of business.

The company's objective is to adopt the best emerging practices, adhering to not just the regulatory requirements but also to be committed to the sound corporate governance principles and practices.

2. Date of Report:

The information provided in the Report on Corporate Governance for the purpose of uniformity is as on 31st March, 2025. The Report is updated as on the date of report wherever applicable.

3. Board of Directors:

The Board of Company consists of an optimal blend of Executive and Non-Executive Directors with an appropriate balance of skills, experience, diversity and independence. The Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors on the Board are experienced, competent and renowned persons having requisite qualifications and competencies in the areas of finance, accounting, regulatory matters, sustainability, operations, strategy, governance and other disciplines related to the Company's business. They actively participate at the Board and Committee meetings by providing valuable guidance to the Management on various aspects of business, policy direction, governance, compliance etc.

a) Composition and category of Directors

The composition of the Board of Directors of AION-TECH Solutions Limited (formerly known as Goldstone Technologies Limited) is an appropriate combination of executive and non-executive Directors with right element of independence. As on the date of this report, the Board comprises of Seven (7) Directors to ensure transparent and professional conduct of board procedures in all aspects and related thereto. 3 out of 7 Directors are Independent Directors. Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 17 (1) (a) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the board of directors of a listed company shall have an optimum combination of executive and non-executive directors and not less than 50% of the board of directors shall comprise of non-executive directors. Regulation 17(1)(b) of the SEBI (LODR), 2015 further specifies that where the regular chairperson of the board of directors is a non-executive director, at least



one-third of the board of directors shall comprise of Independent Directors. Till 11th August, 2025, the Company's board consisted of 6 directors out of which 2 directors namely Mr. Deepankar Tiwari and Mrs. Deepa Chandra were Independent Directors; Mr. S Venkat Raghunand is the Whole-Time Director and the remaining 3 directors were non-independent non-executive Directors. However, w.e.f. 11th August, 2025, the board appointed Mounika Pammi as an Independent Director on the board. Hence, w.e.f. 11th August, 2025, the company's board comprises of Seven (7) Directors out of which 3 directors are Independent. As per the Regulation 17 & 25(6) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 read with Regulation 17(IE) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023 any vacancy in the office of a director which includes Independent Director shall be filled by the listed entity at the earliest and in no case later than three months from the date of such vacancy. Accordingly, the composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015.

The Constitution of the Board as on date of this report is as follows:

Name of the Director	Category & Designation
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Non-Executive, Independent Director, Chairman
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Non-Executive, Independent Director
Mr.Paul Sashikumar Lam	Promoter & Non-Executive Director
Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	Promoter & Non-Executive Director
Mr. Bernd Michael Pershcke	Non-Executive & Non Independent Director
Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	Whole-Time Director
Mrs. Mounika Pammi [@]	Non-Executive, Independent Director

[®]Appointed on 11.08.2025

The Directors bring with them rich and varied experience in different fields of corporate functioning. The Board meets at regular intervals for planning, assessing and evaluating all important business activities.

b) Attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings and the last AGM

The table hereunder gives the attendance record of the Directors at the Nine (9) Board Meetings held during the year 2024-25 and the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 27th September, 2024:

Name of the Director	Number of Board Meetings held	Number of Board Meetings attended	Attendance at the last AGM
Mr. K.S. Sarma(1)	7	7	NA
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	9	9	No
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	9	9	Yes
Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam	9	9	Yes



Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	9	1	No
Mr. Pavan Chavali (2)	7	6	NA
Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke	9	8	Yes
Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	9	9	Yes

- (1) Ceased to be the Director on September 26, 2024 consequent to the expiry of second term as Independent Director
- (2) Resigned as Managing Director & also as Director on September 26, 2024

Number of other Boards or Board Committees in which he/she is a member or Chairperson

	Number of Other	Number Board, Cor	nmittees ^{\$}	List of Directorship held in other	
Name of the Director	Directorships in other companies [#]	Chairman ship	Member ship	Listed Companies & Category of Directorship	
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	NIL	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam	2	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Mr. Bernd Michael Parschke	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand ^{\$}	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

[#] Excluding AION-TECH Solutions Limited, Private Companies, Foreign Companies and Companies under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.

None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 committees or Chairperson of more than 5 committees as specified in Regulation 26 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 across all the Companies in which he/she is a Director. Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions have been made by the Directors.

c) Number of Board Meetings held, dates on which held

During the Financial Year 2024-25, the Board of Directors met 9 (Nine) times on the following dates:

- 29th April, 2024, 23rd May, 2024, 19th July, 2024, 08th August, 2024, 13th August, 2024, 29th August, 2024, 26th September, 2024, 14th November, 2024 and 13th February, 2025. The maximum gap between any of two consecutive meetings did not exceed 120 days and proper notices were given for all the Board meetings and proceedings were properly recorded and signed in the Minutes Book maintained for the purpose.
- **d)** There are no Inter-Se relationships between the Board Members except Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam and Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell, who are relatives.

Only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of companies other than AION-TECH Solutions Limited are considered as per Regulation 26 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.



e) Shares held by Non-Executive Directors

S. No.	Name of the Director	Number of Equity Shares
1.	Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke	Nil
2.	Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	Nil
3.	Mr. L.P. Sashikumar	757
4.	Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Nil
5.	Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Nil

f) The letter(s) of appointment(s) to the Independent Directors and the details of the familiarization programs imparted to the Independent Directors are disclosed on the website of the company i.e. www.aiontech.ai

4. Audit Committee:

a) Brief description of terms of reference:

The terms of reference stipulated by the Board of Directors to the Audit Committee as contained in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, are as follows:

- Recommend appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company;
- ii) Approve payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by them;
- iii) Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- iv) Examine the financial statement(s) and the auditors' report thereon;
- v) Approve or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties;
- vi) Oversight the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- vii) Review, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- viii) Review, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a) matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d) significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;



- e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
- f) disclosure of any related party transactions;
- g) modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- ix) Review, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;
- x) Scrutinize inter-corporate loans and investments;
- xi) Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
- xii) Evaluate internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- xiii) Review, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- xiv) Review the adequacy of internal audit function, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- xv) Discuss with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- xvi) Review the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- xvii) Discuss with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- xviii) Look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- xix) Review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- xx) Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- xxi) Carry out any other function as is referred by the Board from time to time or enforced by any statutory notification / amendment or modification as may be applicable;
- xxii) reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision;
- xxiii) Review management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- xxiv) Review statement of significant related party transactions, submitted by management;
- xxv) Review management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;



xxvi) Review internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses;

xxvii) Review the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor; xxviii Review statement of deviations:

- a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015;
- b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

b) The composition of the Audit Committee and particulars of meetings attended by the members are as follows:

The Audit Committee consists of Three (3) Directors, all of them were Independent Director up to 26-09-2024. Post retirement of Mr. K.S Sarma, the Committee was reconstituted with three (3) Directors, out of which 2 directors are independent Director. Accordingly, the Composition of the Audit Committee is in conformity with Regulation 18 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and section 177 of the Companies Act 2013. All the members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and have accounting or related financial management expertise.

c) During the Financial Year 2024-2025, Six (6) Audit Committee meetings were held the dates are: 23rd May, 2024, 08th August, 2024, 13th August, 2024, 29th August, 2024, 14th November, 2024 and 13th February, 2025. The necessary quorum was present at all meetings.

Name	Designation	No. of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Chairperson	6	6
Mr. K.S. Sarma [@]	Chairperson	4	4
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Member	6	6
Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam	Member	2	2

[®] retired on 26.09.2024

- d) Previous Annual General Meeting of the Company was held on 27th September, 2024. The then Chairperson of the Audit Committee, Mr. K S Sarma has retired on 26th September, 2024 and Mr. Deepankar Tiwari has been appointed as the Chairman of the Audit Committee with effect from 26th September, 2024. Due to other pre-occupations, the Chairman of the Audit Committee could not attend the AGM, however, he authorized the CFO to answer the queries of the Shareholders during the AGM.
- e) On quarterly basis, the members of the audit committee meet and interact with both the statutory auditors and internal auditors without the presence of the management.
- f) The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary of the Audit Committee and all other Committees of the Board.



5. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

a) Brief description of terms of reference

The terms of reference stipulated by the Board of Directors to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as contained in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 and Sub Section (1) of Section 178 of the Companies Act 2013, are as follows:

- Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, attributes, and Independence of a director
- Identify the persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors.
- Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors.
- Recommend to the Board appointment and removal of directors and senior management and carry out evaluation of every director's performance.
- Review the remuneration policy of the company, relating to the remuneration for the directors, Key Managerial Persons and other employees from time to time.
- whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.
- Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

b) The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and particulars of meetings attended by the members are as follows:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consist of Four (4) Directors of which three (3) are Independent Directors up to 26-09-2024. Post retirement of Mr. K.S Sarma. the Committee was re constituted with three (3) Directors, out of which 2 directors are independent Directors and the following is the constitution of this Committee:

Name	Designation	No. of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Chairperson	3	3
Mr. K.S. Sarma [®]	Member	2	2
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Member	3	3
Mr. Paul Sashikumar	Member	3	3

[®] retired on 26.09.2024

c) Three (3) meetings of the Committee were held during the financial year 2024-2025 i.e. on 19th July, 2024, 28th August, 2024 and 14th November, 2024. The necessary quorum was present at all meetings.



d) Evaluation:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination and Remuneration and Stakeholders' Relationship Committees.

A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration various parameters such as attendance and participation in meetings, monitoring corporate governance practices, independence of judgment, culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and safeguarding the interests of the company etc.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgment, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors who also reviewed the performance of the Secretarial Department. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

i) Separate Meeting of Independent Directors:

A separate meeting of Independent Directors of the Company, without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of management, held on 13th February, 2025 all the Independent Directors attended the meeting. As required under Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 (Code for Independent Directors) and Regulation 25 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

ii) Evaluation by Board:

The Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually (excluding the director being evaluated) as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees. A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, effectiveness in developing Corporate Governance structure to fulfill its responsibilities, execution and performance of specific duties etc. The Board decided that the performance of individual directors, its own performance and working of the committees is good. The Board has confirmed that in its opinion the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in these regulations and are independent of the management.

iii) Confirmation of Independence:

All Independent Directors have furnished a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 and during the year under review, no independent Director has resigned before the expiry of his tenure.



iv) Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors:

The Independent Directors of Company are eminent personalities having wide experience in the field of business, finance, education, industry, commerce and administration. Their presence on the Board has been advantageous and fruitful in taking business decisions.

Independent Directors have been appointed as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the applicable regulations of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015. All Independent Directors have been given induction and orientation with respect to the Company's vision, strategic direction, core values, including ethics, corporate governance practices, financial matters, business operations, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, Code for the Independent Directors and the Board Members, updates on business model, nature of industry, operations and financial performance of the Company along with the significant developments in the Company, policies of the Company on Remuneration Criteria, Vigil Mechanism, Related Party Transactions, Risk Management etc, updates on significant amendments in corporate and other laws and its impact on the Company. All Independent Directors were also requested to access the necessary documents / brochures, Code of Conducts, Letter of Appointments, Annual Reports and internal policies available at our website www.aiontech.ai to enable them to familiarize with the Company's procedures and practices.

Periodic presentations are made by Senior Management and Internal Auditors, invitees at the Board/Committee meetings on business and performance updates of the Company, global business environment, business risks and its mitigation strategy, impact of regulatory changes on strategy etc.

A formal familiarization programme was conducted about the amendments in the Companies Act, Rules prescribed thereunder, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and all other applicable laws to the Company.

It is the general practice of the Company to notify the changes in all the applicable laws from time to time in Board Meetings conducted.

The details of the Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors is disclosed on the Company's website at www.aiontech.ai

v) Subsidiary Companies:

In accordance with Regulation 16(1)(c) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has formulated and adopted a Policy for determining 'Material Subsidiary'. This Policy is available on the Company's website and can be accessed at: https://www.aiontech.ai/disclosure_regulation46_sebi_lodr_2015.html

As on March 31, 2025, the Company does not have any material subsidiary companies

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board has periodically noted and reviewed all significant transactions entered into by the subsidiaries. Investment proposals beyond threshold values are executed by the subsidiary companies only after positive recommendation by the Board/Audit Committee of the Company.



vi) List of Core Skills/Expertise/Competencies identified by the Board of Directors:

The Board of Directors of your Company comprises of qualified and proficient Members who bring appropriate expertise and competence enabling them to make effective contribution to the Board and its committees. The skill sets identified by the board along with its availability assessment collectively for the board and individually for each Director are as under:

Core skills/ Experience/ Competence	Mr. K.S., Sarma IAS (Retd.)*		Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Mr. Paul Sashi kumar Lam	Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	Chavali [@]	Mr. Seetaplli Venkat Raghu nand	Mr Bernd Michale Perschke	Ms. Mounika Pammi [#]
Information Technology, software services, video conference technology and Computers	√	√	√	√	✓	√	√	✓	✓
Management and Strategy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Legal/ Finance/ Accountancy	√	√	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
IT Business Operations	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	√	√
Stakeholder Engagement	√	✓	_	√	✓	✓	√	√	✓
Audit and Risk Management	✓	✓	√	√	✓	√	√	√	✓
Leadership	√	✓	√	√	√	✓	✓	√	✓
Regulatory, Government and Security matters	✓	√	√	<	√	√	√	√	✓

[#] Appointed w.e.f. 11.08.2025, @ Resigned w.e.f. 26.09.2024,* Retired w.e.f. 26.09.2024



6. Remuneration of Directors

- a) There are no pecuniary transactions with any non-executive director of the Company.
- b) Policy for selection and appointment of Directors/KMPs and their Remuneration;

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has adopted a policy namely Nomination and Remuneration Policy which, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of Board of Directors, Managing Director & KMP's evaluation of their performance and their remuneration. The policy is hosted on the website of the Company www.aiontech.ai.

Criteria of selection of Non-Executive Directors

The Non-Executive Directors shall be of high integrity with relevant expertise and experience so as to have a diverse Board with Directors having expertise in the fields of manufacturing, marketing, finance, taxation, law, governance and general management.

In case of appointment of Independent Directors, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the independent nature of the Directors vis-à-vis the Company so as to enable the Board to discharge its function and duties effectively.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall ensure that the candidate identified for appointment as a Director is not disqualified for appointment under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall consider the following attributes / criteria, whilst recommending to the Board the candidature for appointment as Director.

- i. Qualification, expertise and experience of the Directors in their respective fields;
- ii. Personal, Professional or business standing;
- iii. Diversity of the Board.

In case of re-appointment of Non-Executive Directors, the Board shall take into consideration the performance evaluation of the Director and his engagement level.

c) Remuneration

The Non-Executive Directors shall be entitled to receive remuneration by way of sitting fees, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board meetings. Commission may be paid with in monitoring limit approved by the shareholders subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the profits of the Company computed as per applicable provisions of the Act.

A Non-Executive Director shall be entitled to receive sitting fees for each meeting of the Board attended by him, of such sum as may be approved by the Board of Directors within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014;

Non-Executive Directors are paid sitting fee for attending the Board and Committee meetings.

Apart from receiving the Sitting Fees from the Company the Non-Executive Directors do not have any pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

CEO & Managing Director (MD)/ Whole-Time Director (WTD) - Criteria for selection / appointment

For the purpose of selection of the CEO & MD/WTD, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall identify persons of integrity who possess relevant expertise, experience and



leadership qualities required for the position and shall take into consideration recommendation, if any, received from any member of the Board. The Committee will also ensure that the incumbent fulfills such other criteria with regard to age and other qualifications as laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 or other applicable laws.

Remuneration for the Managing Director (MD)/Whole Time Director (WTD)

At the time of appointment or re-appointment, the MD/WTD shall be paid as may be recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Company and the Whole Time Director/Managing Director shall be within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand - Whole-Time Director

Based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 10th August, 2023 appointed Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand (DIN 10267020) as an Additional Director of the Company w.e.f. 10th August, 2023 to hold the office upto the date of the Annual General Meeting. He was also appointed as an Executive Director of the Company from the same date i.e. 10th August, 2023, for a period of 3 (three) years with the same remuneration as he was drawing as a Senior Director, Sales and Business Operations, subject to the approval of the members. Accordingly, in terms of section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 approval for appointment of Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand, as an Executive Director (Whole Time Director) was approved by the members of the Company by way of Special resolution under the Notice for the General Body Meeting (AGM) held on 28.09.2023 for the further term of 3 years, as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The remuneration of the MD/WTD comprises of both fixed and variable component. The fixed component comprises salary, allowances, perquisites, amenities and retrial benefits.

The remuneration paid to Mr. S Venkat Raghunand, Whole-Time Director, during the year review is well within the limits prescribed under Section 196 and 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto and the relevant Rules.

Remuneration Policy for the Senior Management Employees

In determining the remuneration of the Senior Management Employees (i.e. KMPs and Executive Committee Members) the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall ensure the relationship of remuneration and performance benchmark is clear.

The Managing Director/Whole-Time Director will carry out the individual performance review based on the standard appraisal matrix and shall take into account the appraisal score card and other factors mentioned herein above, whilst recommending the annual increment and performance incentive to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee for its review and approval.

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy is to pay compensation and benefits adequately, so as to attract, motivate and retain talent. The Company follows a compensation of fixed pay. Performance of the individuals measured through the annual appraisal process. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is also hosted on the website of the Company www.aiontech.ai.



Details of Remuneration and other terms of appointment of Directors

All the Non-Executive Directors (NEDs), they are paid sitting fees for attending either Board or its Committee meetings except Shareholders/Investors' Grievance Committee Meeting. The Company reimburses the out of pocket expenses incurred by the Directors for attending meetings.

Shareholdings of the Directors in the Company as on March 31, 2025:

Name	Category	No. of Shares of Rs.10/- each
Mr. Paul Sashikumar lam	Promoter & Non-Executive Director	757

Remuneration of Directors

Details of remuneration paid to Directors during the financial year 2024-25:

(Rs. in millions)

Name of the Director	Category	Sitting Fee	Salary	Benefits	Total
Mr. K.S. Sarma (1)	Independent Director	0.24	-	-	0.24
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Independent Director	0.30	-	-	0.30
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Independent Director	0.30	-	-	0.30
Mr. L.P. Sashikumar	Non-Executive Director	0.29	-	-	0.29
Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	Non-Executive Director	-	-	-	-
Mr. Pavan Chavali (2)	Managing Director	-	4.63	0.12	4.75
Mr. Seetepalli Venkat					
Raghunand	Whole-Time Director	-	4.90	0.56	5.46
Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke	Director	0.12	-	-	-

- (1) Retired on 26.09.2024
- (2) Resigned on 26.09.2024

The management is keen on implementing the equity based compensation to its' employees in this regard the Board again in their meeting held on 11th February, 2022 has discussed on implementation of the 'Goldstone Technologies Limited Employee Stock Option Plan-2022' ('GTLESOP 2022') and in view of the same and in pursuance of the Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules thereof, SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and other relevant provisions, the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 11th February, 2022 has approved the 'Goldstone Technologies Limited Employee Stock Option Plan-2022' ('GTLESOP 2022'), and the same was also approved by the shareholders vide special resolution passed through postal ballot notice dated 28th March, 2022 the resolution was deemed to approved by the members as on 15th May, 2022 (Last date of E-Voting for Postal Ballot). The management is taking further steps to implement 'Goldstone Technologies Limited Employee Stock Option Plan-2022' ('GTLESOP 2022') in the best interest of the Company as well as its' Employees. The Company has also received In-principal Approval for listing of upto maximum of 17,29,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to be allotted pursuant to the Goldstone Technologies Employees Stock Option Scheme, 2022 from the Stock Exchanges namely BSE Ltd and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on 15th December, 2023. The company has not made any allotment during the year under review under the

[#]Benefits include contribution to Provident Fund, Gratuity Fund, payment of Perquisites and Commission.



Scheme. Any further updates on the same will be disseminated to the members through announcements to the stock exchanges.

Mechanism for Evaluation of the Board

Pursuant to provisions of Regulation 17(10) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, The Board of Directors of the Company on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, adopted Board Evaluation Policy to comply with the various provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the SEBI circular dated January 5, 2017 which provides further clarity on the process of Board Evaluation ("SEBI Guidance Note") and SEBI circular dated February 5, 2019.

Evaluation of Independent Directors, in their absence, by the entire Board was undertaken, based on their performance and fulfilment of the independence criteria prescribed under the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations; and

Evaluation of the Board of Directors, its Committees and individual Directors, including the role of the Board and Chairman.

An Independent Director's meeting, in accordance with the provisions of Section 149(8) read with Schedule IV of the Act and Regulation 25(3) and 25(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, was convened on 13th February, 2025 and the performance of Independent Directors and the Chairman & Managing Director and also the Board as a whole was reviewed. All IDs were present at the said meeting.

The above evaluation was done keeping in view the following factors:

- (I) Board: Composition, responsibilities, stakeholder value and responsibility, Board development, diversity, governance, leadership, directions, strategic input, etc.
- (ii) Executive Directors: Skill, knowledge, performance, compliances, ethical standards, risk mitigation, sustainability, strategy formulation and execution, financial planning & performance, managing human relations, appropriate succession plan, external relations including CSR, community involvement and image building, etc.
- (iii) Independent Directors: Participation, managing relationship, ethics and integrity, Objectivity, bringing independent judgement, time devotion, protecting interest of minority shareholders, domain knowledge contribution, etc.
- (iv) Chairman: Managing relationships, commitment, leadership effectiveness, promotion of training and development of directors etc.
- (v) Committees: Terms of reference, participation of members, responsibility delegated, functions and duties, objectives alignment with company strategy, composition of committee, committee meetings and procedures, management relations.

The evaluation process elicited responses from the directors in a judicious manner ranging from composition and induction of the board to effectiveness and governance. It also sought feedback on board and committee charters, strategy, risk management and quality of discussion and deliberations at the board. The evaluation process also ensures the fulfilment of independence criteria as specified in the applicable regulations and that the latter are independent of the management. Performance evaluation was done on the scale of 1 to 4, 1 being very poor and 4 being outstanding. The outcome of performance evaluation is given below:



Categories	Rating (Out of 4)
Board as a whole	4.00
Mr. Pavan Chavali [@]	4.00
Mr. L.P. Sashikumar	3.95
Mr. K.S. Sarma*	4.00
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	4.00
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	4.00
Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	3.00
Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke	3.50
Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	4.00
Audit Committee	3.95
Nomination & Remuneration Committee	3.95
Stakeholder Relationship Committee	3.90

[®] Resigned w.e.f. 26.09.2024,* Retired w.e.f. 26.09.2024

Disclosures as prescribed under SEBI circular dated May 10, 2018 are given below:

Observations of Board evaluation carried out for the year	No observations
Previous year's observations and actions taken	Not applicable as there were no observations
Proposed actions based on current year observations	Not applicable as there were no observations

7. Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee is to perform all the functions relating to handling of all sorts of shareholders' grievances like non-transfer of shares, loss of share certificates, non-receipt of notices/annual reports etc., and to look after share transfers/transmissions periodically. The Committee *inter-alia* also approves issue of duplicate share certificates and oversees and reviews all matters connected with the securities transfers.

- The Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company consists of three directors, two of them are Independent Directors.
- ii. The Composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee and the number of meetings attended by its members is given below.

Name	Designation	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. K.S. Sarma [@]	Chairperson	3	3
Mrs. Deepa Chandra [#]	Chairperson	2	2
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Member	5	3
Mr. L.P.Sashikumar	Member	5	5

[®] retired on 26.09.2024, [#] appointed w.e.f. 27-09-2024



- iii. Five (5) Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meetings were held during the financial year 2024-25 on 23rd May 2024, 26th June 2024,13th August 2024, 14th November, 2024 and 13th February 2025. The necessary quorum was present at all meetings.
- iv. Details of investor complaints received and redressed during the year 2024- 25 are as follows.

Complaints as on 1 st April, 2024	Received during the Year	Resolved during the Year	Number of pending Complaints as on 31 st March, 2025
Nil	3	3	Nil

- v. Scores: The Securities Exchange Board of India has initiated a platform for redressing the investor grievances through SCORES, a web-based complaints redressal system. The system processes complaints in a centralized web-based mechanism. The company is in compliance with this system.
- vi. Name and Designation of Compliance Officer: Mr. Srikanth Adalat is Company Secretary & Compliance Officer.

8. Senior Management:

Particulars of Senior Management including the changes therein during the financial year 2024-25 are as under:

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Change during the year
1	Jagrit Gangotra	Chief Business Officer	
2	Vithal V.S.S.N.K Popuri	Chief Financial Officer	
3	Niralee Rasesh Kotdawala	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	Resigned with effect from September 05, 2024
4	Adalat Srikanth	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	Appointed with effect from November 15, 2024
5	Murali Krishna Veerisetty	Senior Manager - Sales	
6	Bhanutej Mallangi	Product Head	Resigned with effect from January 31, 2025.
7	Rahul Mallampati	Senior Director - Sales	
8	Niyaz Wafar	AVP - Business Operations	
9	Kalpit Goyal	Manager - Technical Delivery	
10	Ravi Shanker	Manager L&D	
11	G. Satyanarayana	Manager IT & Infrastructure	
12	Afroze Banu	Director – HR	Resigned with effect from December 13, 2024
13	Krishnaveni Chitrala	Sr. Manager - HR	Appointed with effect from December 9, 2024



9. General Body Meetings

General Body Meetings: The Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2023-2024 was held through Video Conferencing ('VC')/Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') and previous two Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2021-22 & 2022-23 were also held through Video Conferencing ('VC')/Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') as detailed below:

I) Location, date and time of last three Annual General Meetings:

Year	No. of Meeting	Venue of the Meeting	Day, Date and Time of the Meeting
2023-24	30 th AGM	Held through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means ("VC/ OAVM") pursuant to notifications issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, hence deemed venue being the Registered Office: My Home Hub, Block I, 9th Floor, Hitech City, Hyderabad, Rangareddi-500081, Telangana, India.	Friday, the 27 day of September, 2024 at 4.30 P.M
2022-23	29 th AGM	Held through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means ("VC/ OAVM") pursuant to notifications issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, hence deemed venue being the Registered Office: My Home Hub, Block I, 9th Floor, Hitech City, Hyderabad, Rangareddi-500081, Telangana, India.	Thursday, September 28, 2023 at 4.30 P.M
2021-22	28 th AGM	Held through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means ("VC/ OAVM") pursuant to notifications issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, hence deemed venue being the Registered Office: 1" Floor, GNR's RV Insignia Building, Image Garden Road, Madhapur, Hyderabad, Rangareddi-500081, Telangana, India.	Wednesday September 28, 2022 at 3.00 P.M

ii) During the previous three Annual General Meetings of the Company, Special Resolutions were passed as specified below.



No. of AGM	Item on which special resolution was passed
30 th AGM (2023-24)	Yes ○ continuation of Mr. Paul Sashikumar Lam (DIN: 00016679) as a non executive non independent director of the company on completion of 75 years of age.
29 th AGM (2022-23)	Yes O Appointment of Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand (DIN: 10267020) as a Whole-Time Director of the Company. O Change of the Name of the Company
28 th AGM (2021-22)	No Special Resolutions passed.

iii) Resolutions passed during the year through Extraordinary General Meetings:

1 st EGM of FY	0	increase in the authorised share capital and consequent
2024-25 held on		alteration of the capital clause in the memorandum of
Monday, 10th		association of the company
Day of March,	0	approval for material related party transaction
2025 at 4.30 P.M.	0	to approve the overall limits u/s 186 for investments by the company in ETO motors private limited
	0	preferential issue upto 1,76,79,770 equity shares on swap basis for acquisition of equity shares in ETO motors private limited

iv) Resolutions passed during the year through Postal Ballot: The following resolutions were passed through Postal Ballot during the year under review:

Sr. No.	Description of Resolution	Details of E- Voting Period	Last Date of E-voting (Approval Date)	Scrutinizer	Voting Pattern
1	Approval for Divestment of 100% Stake in M/s. Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (wholly owned subsidiary)	Monday 12, August 2024 from 9.00 am (IST) to Tuesday 10 September 2024 at 5.00 p.m (IST).	10 Septmeber 2024	Mr. Navajyoth Puttaparthi, Partner of M/s. Puttaparthi Jagannatham & Co, Practicing Company Secretaries (M.No. FCS 9896, CP No. 10641)	The Favour - 99.69% Against- 1.31%



10. Means of Communication

a) Quarterly results:

The quarterly Unaudited and the Annual Audited Financial Results as approved and taken on record are immediately intimated to the stock exchanges, where the equity shares of the Company are listed.

b) Newspapers wherein results normally published:

These financial results are normally published in the Financial Express / Business Standard (National Newspaper) and Nava Telangana (Regional Newspaper).

c) Any website, where displayed:

Quarterly / Half Yearly / Annual Audited Results, Annual Reports, Investor information, Policies etc., are displayed on the Company's website www.aiontech.ai under the Investors section.

- d) Whether it also displays official news releases: No
- e) Presentations made to institutional investors or to the analysts: Nil

11. General Information for Shareholders

a) Day & Date

Annual General Meeting will be held on Monday,
 29th September, 2025 at 4.30 p.m. (IST)

b) Venue

- Video Conferencing ('VC') / Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM')
- c) Financial Year
- 2024-2025 (1st April to 31st March)

Tentative calendar for declaration of financial results in financial year 2025-26

First Quarterly Results	On or before 14.08.2025
Second Quarterly Results	On or before 14.11.2025
Third Quarterly Results	On or before 14.02.2026
Fourth Quarterly Results	On or before 30.05.2026

- d) Dividend Payment date Not Applicable
- e) **Dates of Book Closure** Monday 22ndSeptember, 2025 to Monday 29th September, 2025

f) Listing on Stock Exchanges:

Stock Exchange	Address	Security Id / Symbol	Scrip Code
BSE Limited (BSE)	Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400 001	GOLDTECH	531439
National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE)	Exchange Plaza, Bandra- Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai-400 051	GOLDTECH	NA

The Annual Listing Fee for the FY 2025-26were paid to both the Stock Exchanges.



g) Electronic Connectivity

Demat ISIN number: INE805A01014

NATIONAL SECURITIES DEPOSITORY LIMITED

Trade World, Kamala Mills Compound, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400 013

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY SERVICES (INDIA) LIMITED

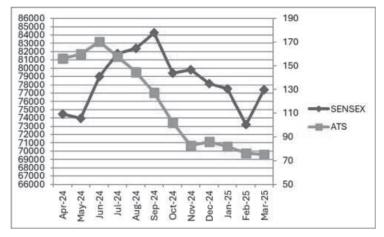
25th Floor, A Wing, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mills Compaund, NM Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (E), Mumbai – 400 013

- h) There was no suspension of trading in securities of the Company during the year under review.
- I) Market Price Data: Monthly high and low, volume of Company's shares on BSE Limited & National Stock Exchange of India Limited during the financial year 2024-25

2024-25		BSE			NSE	
Month	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	Volume (Nos.)	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	Volume (Nos.)
Apr 2024	156.5	122.95	0.82	156.50	123.30	6.28
May 2024	160.00	114.10	1.2	158.90	114.60	9.43
June 2024	170.20	96.45	3.52	171.00	94.55	24.63
July 2024	158.05	122.80	4.28	158.80	121.81	24.93
Aug 2024	144.75	117.85	2.48	147.00	116.41	22.52
Sep 2024	127.20	93.00	3.41	126.90	92.00	27.29
Oct 2024	102.00	61.52	0.99	99.00	61.75	7.49
Nov 2024	82.59	70.11	0.55	83.90	69.70	0.92
Dec 2024	86.00	69.01	1.09	86.50	68.55	5.38
Jan 2025	82.00	60.80	0.74	81.00	61.00	3.42
Feb 2025	76.50	55.00	1.99	76.49	54.16	11.68
Mar 2025	75.00	46.00	5.46	74.83	46.55	33.87

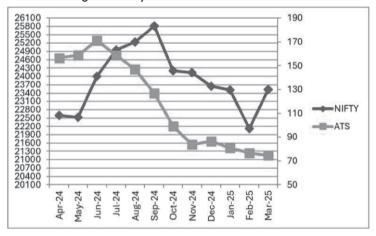
j) Performance of the Share Price of the Company in comparison to the BSE Sensex and NSE Nifty:

ATS Share price performance against Sensex





ATS Share price performance against Nifty



k) Registrar and Transfer Agents:

Name & Address : Aarthi Consultants Private Limited,

1-2-285, Domalguda, Hyderabad – 500 029,

Tel: 91 - 40-27638111 / 4445;

Fax: 91 - 40-27632184

E-mail: info@aarthiconsultants.com

Contract Person : Mr. Jagan Mohan Gobburi

I) Share Transfer System:

The Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent is the common agency to look after physical and Demat share work. Trading of equity shares on BSE and NSE is permitted only in dematerialized form. The shares lodged for transfer at the registrar are processed and returned to shareholders within the stipulated time.

m) Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2025:

i) According to Category of Shareholders

SI.	Category	No. of Shareholders		No. of Shares		
No.		Total	%	Total	Amount	%
1	1 – 5000	14349	83.52	1 <i>5</i> 3391 <i>7</i>	15339170	4.44
2	5001 – 10000	1211	7.05	978345	9783450	2.83
3	10000 – 20000	703	4.09	1084219	10842190	3.14
4	20000 – 30000	273	1.59	698911	6989110	2.02
5	30001 – 40000	135	0.79	485477	4854770	1.40
6	40001 – 50000	105	0.61	496460	4964600	1.44
7	50001 – 100000	198	1.15	1469782	14697820	4.25
8	100001 and above	206	1.20	27834955	278349550	80.49
	Total:	1 <i>7</i> 180	100.00	34582066	345820660	100.00



ii) According to number of equity shares held:

Category	No. of shares	% to share capital	
Promoters	1,86,34,698	53.89	
Mutual Funds and UTI	0	0.00	
Insurance Companies	0	0.00	
Banks	2,900	0.01	
Foreign Portfolio Investors	34,572	0.1	
FIIs	0	0.00	
Private Corporate Bodies	17,26,552	4.99	
Indian Public	1,35,32,045	39.13	
NRIs / OCBs	4,70,208	1.36	
Trust	2,100	0.01	
Clearing Members	3,910	0.01	
NBFC	0	0.00	
IEPF	1,75,081	0.51	
Grand Total	3,45,82,066	100	

n) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:

3,44,46,237 Equity Shares representing 99.6% of the company's share capital are dematerialized as on March 31, 2025.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India has mandated that shares which are lodged for transfer are mandatorily be in dematerialized form with effect from 01st April, 2019.

The particulars of dematerialization are as follows:

SI. No.	Category	Total No. of Shares	% of Equity
1	CDSL	2,37,23,861	68.60
2	NSDL	1,07,22,376	31.00
3	PHYSICAL	1,35,829	0.40
	Total	3,45,82,066	100.00

Company's shares are regularly traded on BSE Limited & The National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

o) As on March 31, 2025, the company did not have any outstanding GDRs / ADRs / Warrants or any convertible instruments.

p) Compliance Officer : Adalat Srikanth

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Tel: +91-040-27807640 E-mail: sadalat@aiontech.ai Membership No. FCS: 7101



q) Location of Software Divisions/facilities:

Registered Office : My Home Hub, Block-1,

9th Floor, Hitech City Madhapur,

Hyderabad-500081 Telangana, India.

U.S Office : 9660 Falls of Neuse Rd, Ste. 138 Unit 161, Raleigh,

North Carolina, 27615, United States of America.

r) Address for Correspondence : AION-TECH Solutions Limited

My Home Hub, Block-1, 9th Floor, Hitech City,

Madhapur, Hyderabad-500081

Telangana, India.

s) Investor Relations: All the queries received from shareholders during the financial year 2024-25 have been responded to. The Company generally replies to the queries within a week of their receipt.

- t) Credit Ratings: There are no debt instruments, or any fixed deposit programme or any scheme or proposal of the Company involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad and therefore no credit ratings was required to be obtained by the Company during the financial year under review.
- u) Nomination Facility: Shareholders holding shares in physical form and desirous of making a nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company, as permitted under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, are requested to contact the Company's Share Transfer Agents M/s. Aarthi Consultants Private Limited, 1-2-285, Domalguda, Hyderabad – 500 029.
- v) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities: The Company has not undertaken any hedging activities for commodity price risk and foreign exchange risk.

12. Other Disclosures:

a) Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of company at large

The Company has not entered into any materially significant transactions with the related parties that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large. Transactions with related parties are being disclosed in Note No. 47 to the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company forming part of the Annual Report and are transacted after obtaining applicable approval(s), wherever required. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company have formulated the Policy on dealing with RPTs which can be accessed at the Company's website at:

https://www.aiontech.ai/assets/pdf2/Policy%20on%20dealing%20with%20related%20party%20transactions/RPT%20Policy.pdf

b) Details of non-compliance by the company, penalties, strictures imposed on the company by Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years



During the last three years, there were no strictures or penalties imposed on the Company either by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI, or any other statutory authority for non-compliance of any matter related to capital markets.

A statement of Compliance with all laws and regulations as certified by the designated Director is placed before the Board for its review on quarterly basis. The Board reviews the compliance of all the applicable laws and gives appropriate directions wherever necessary.

c) Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower policy and affirmation that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee

In pursuant to the provisions of the Section 177 (9) & (10) of the Companies Act 2013, read with the Regulation 22 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, the Company has formulated `Whistle Blower Policy' for directors and employees to report the management /Audit Committee instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The Vigil Mechanism also provided adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit committee in exceptional cases further it has also been uploaded on the Company's website;

https://www.aiontech.ai/assets/pdf2/Details%20of%20establishment%20of%20vigil%20mechanism%20Whistle%20Blower%20policy/Policy.pdf.

d) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the nonmandatory requirements

During the year the Company complied with all mandatory requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015. The Board has taken cognizance of the non-mandatory requirements of Regulation 27 of the Listing Regulations and shall consider adopting the same at an appropriate time

e) The Board of Directors of the Company have formulated a policy for determining "material" subsidiaries. The said Policy has been placed on the website of the Company at: https://www.aiontech.ai/assets/pdf2/Policy%20for%20determining%20%E2%80%98 material%E2%80%99%20subsidiaries/Policy.pdf

Details of Material Subsidiary:

As on March 31, 2025, Staytop Systems Inc is the material subsidiary of the Company as per Regulation 16 of SEBI (LODR).

f) During the financial year 2024-25, the Board has accepted all the recommendations of its Committees.

g) Management Discussion and Analysis Report:

The Report on Management Discussion and Analysis is annexed to the Directors' Report and forms part of this Annual Report.

h) Share Capital Audit:

A firm of qualified Company Secretaries is conducting the Secretarial Audit on quarterly basis to reconcile the total admitted equity capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total



issued and listed equity capital. The Secretarial Audit Report confirms that the total issued/paid-up capital is in agreement with the total number of shares in physical form and the total number of dematerialized shares held with NSDL and CDSL.

I) Code of conduct:

The Company has laid down a Code of Conduct for all Board members and the Senior Management of the Company, containing duties of Independent Directors as provided under schedule IV to the Act. The said Code of Conduct is also posted on the website of the Company at www.aiontech.ai

In terms of Regulation 26(3) of the Listing Regulations, all Directors and Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the financial year 2024-25. A declaration to this effect, signed by the Executive Director of the Company has been annexed to this Corporate Governance Report.

i) Risk Management:

The Board of Directors reviews the reports of compliance to all applicable laws and regulations on a quarterly basis. Any non-compliance is seriously taken up by the Board and the action taken for rectification of non-compliance is reported to the Board.

k) Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A):

During the year the company has not raised any funds through QIP as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of Listing Regulations. However, during the FY 2024-25, the company issued 1,76,79,770 equity shares through preferential issue on Swap basis (for consideration other than cash) for acquisition of equity shares in ETO Motors Private Limited, and hence there was no receipt of funds in actual as it was swap of shares. No further equity funding has been received by the company during the year under report.

 A certificate from a Company Secretary in practice certifying that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority:

The Certificate of Company Secretary in practice is annexed herewith as a part of the report.

m) Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part:

Details relating to fees paid to the Statutory Auditors are given in Note 29 & 34 to the Standalone Financial Statements and Note 28 & 33 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

n) Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:

In compliance of the terms of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ("the POSH Act") and Rules made thereunder, the Company has in place a policy to prevent and deal with sexual harassment at workplace. On a quarterly basis, the Audit Committee reviews the complaints received under this policy. However, during the year no complaint was received by the Company.



o) Remuneration Policy:

The remuneration policy is to pay compensation and benefits adequately, so as to attract, motivate and retain talent. The Company follows compensation of fixed pay. Performance of the individuals is measured through the annual appraisal process. No shares have been allotted to any of the employees under the Employee Stock Option Scheme during the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

12. The status of compliance with discretionary requirements as specified in Part E of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is provided below:

- a. Non-Executive Chairman's Office: The Board in its meeting held on September 26, 2024 had appointed Mr. Deepankar Tiwari, Non-executive Independent Director as the Regular Chairman of the Board.
- b. Shareholders' Rights: The quarterly and half-yearly financial performance are submitted to the Stock Exchange(s), published in newspapers and hosted on the website of the Company. Even the significant events are promptly and immediately informed to the Stock Exchange(s). Hence, none of these are sent to the shareholders separately.
- c. Modified opinion(s) in audit report: The Company's financial statements for the year 2024-25 do not contain any audit qualification.
- d. Separate posts of Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer: The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 26, 2024, had designated Mr. Deepankar Tiwari as the regular Chairman of the Board.
- e. The Company has appointed Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand as the Whole-Time Director.
- f. Reporting of Internal Auditor: The Internal Auditors report directly to the Audit Committee.

13. Compliance with Corporate Governance:

The Company has complied with the Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and Regulation 46(2)(b) to (i) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

14. Certificate from Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company:

Pursuant to Part B of Schedule II under Regulation 17(8) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the compliance certificate from the Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer was placed before the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 29th May, 2025 and the same is annexed to this Corporate Governance Report.

15. Declaration signed by Executive /Whole Time Director:

The Declaration, in terms of Part D of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 from the Whole-Time Director is annexed to the Corporate Governance Report.

16. Compliance Certificate from a Practicing Chartered Accountant:

The Company has obtained, in terms of Part E of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a



Compliance Certificate from a Practicing Chartered Accountant is annexed to the Corporate Governance Report.

The Company has complied with corporate governance requirements specified in regulation 17 to 27 and Clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

- 17. Disclosure with respect to demat suspense account / unclaimed suspense account: There are no shares which are lying in demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account.
- 18. Disclosure with respect to funds transferred to IEPF Account:

As per Section 124 of The Companies Act, 2013 read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 any dividend remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of 7 years from the date of transfer to the unpaid dividend account is to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

Company has not issued any dividend in Financial Years 2017-18; 2018-29 and 2019-20 therefore no such amount was due which should be transferred to IEPF Account.

19. Particulars of loans/advances/investments pursuant to Para A of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations:

The particulars of loans/advances/investments required to be disclosed pursuant to Para A of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations are furnished separately in the Board Report and forms part of the Annual Report.

20. Particulars of Loans and Advances:

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 29.08.2025

During the year under review, and other than what is mentioned elsewhere in this Report, the Company and/ or its subsidiaries have not given any Loans and advances, whether directly or indirectly to firms/companies in which any of the Director is interested

21. Disclosure on certain types of Agreements binding the Listed entity: In terms of Regulation 30A read with Clause 5A of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, there are no such agreements entered which will impact the management or control of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Sd/-Paul Sashikumar Lam Director

(DIN: 00016679)

Sd/-Seetepalli Venkat Rahunand Whole-Time Director

(DIN: 10267020)



CERTIFICATE FROM THE WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR & CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

To, The Board of Directors of AION-TECH Solutions Limited Hyderabad

We, Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand, Whole-Time Director and Vithal VSSNK Popuri, Chief Financial Officer certify that we have reviewed audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 and the cash flow statement for the year and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (1) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- (2) these statements together present a true and fair view of the listed entity's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.

There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.

We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.

We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee:

- (1) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
- (2) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
- (3) instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the listed entity's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/S. Venkat Raghunand Vithal VSSNK Popuri

Whole-Time Director Chief Financial Officer

Place: Hyderabad Date: 26.05.2025

Declaration as required Pursuant To Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015

I hereby declare that all the Directors and Senior Management of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Company's Code of Conduct for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-**S Venkat Raghunand**Whole-Time Director

Place: Hyderabad Date: 26.05.2025



CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

То

The Members

AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

(Formerly Known as Goldstone Technologies Limited)

My Home Hub, Block-I, 9th Floor, Hitech City, Madhapur, Hyderabad, Telangana-500081, India.

We, Prathap Satla & Associates, Company Secretaries in practice, have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of M/s. AION-TECH Solutions Limited (formerly known as Goldstone Technologies Limited) having CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211 and having registered office at My Home Hub, Block-I, 9th Floor, Hitech City, Madhapur, Hyderabad-500081, Telangana (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

SI. No.	Name of the Director	DIN	Designation	Cessation
1.	Pavan Chavali	08432078	Managing	26.09.2024
			Director	-
2.	Paul Sashikumar Lam	00016679	Director	-
3.	Clinton Travis Caddell	01416681	Director	-
4.	Kambhampati Subramanya Sarma	01505787	Independent Director	26.09.2024
5.	Deepakar Tiwari	07621583	Independent Director	-
6.	Deepa Chandra	08952233	Independent Director	-
7.	Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	010267020	Whole-time Director	-
8.	Bernd Michael Perschke	01094539	Director	-



Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this, based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Prathap Satla & Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/Prathap Satla
Proprietor
Peer Review No. 2188/2022
M. No. F11086
CP No. 11879

UDIN: F011086G001035043

Place: Hyderabad Date: 19.08.2025



CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To
The Members of
AION-TECH Solutions Limited
Hyderabad

- We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by M/s. AION-TECH Solutions Limited (formerly known as Goldstone Technologies Limited) ("the Company"), for the year ended on March 31, 2025, as per the relevant provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- 2. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
- We have examined the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards in India, to the extent relevant, and as per the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- 4. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to our examination of the relevant records and the explanations given to us and the representations made by the Directors and the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned Regulations.
- We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

P. Murali & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 007257S

Sd/- **Mukund Vijayrao Joshi** Partner Membership No. 024784 UDIN: 25024784BMIXXE5065

Place: Hyderabad Date: 22.08.2025



Annexure - 5

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION ANALYSIS AND BUSINESS OUTLOOK

(This review contains Management's discussion of the Company's operational results and financial condition and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited financial statements and associated notes).

Industry Structure, Development and Outlook

Global Economy:

In FY 2025–26, the global economy is expected to maintain steady but moderate growth, with the IMF projecting a 3.0% expansion in 2025, slightly lower than the previous year's performance. Growth remains uneven across regions, shaped by evolving trade policies, inflation dynamics, and geopolitical uncertainties.

The U.S. economy continues to show resilience, supported by consumer spending, services growth, and a strong labor market, although high interest rates and fiscal tightening are beginning to moderate corporate earnings growth. Europe is navigating sluggish demand and structural headwinds, with Germany still grappling with weak manufacturing activity and energy-transition pressures. China is projected to grow at around 4.5%–4.8%, as government stimulus measures attempt to offset the slowdown in real estate and industrial overcapacity.

Emerging markets remain the engine of global expansion, with GDP growth estimated at 4.0%-4.2%, far outpacing advanced economies (projected at $\sim 1.7\%$). Robust domestic demand, infrastructure investment, and digital transformation continue to drive their momentum.

Global inflation has eased further, with the IMF expecting headline inflation to fall from 5.7% in 2024 to around 4.5% in 2025, approaching pre-pandemic levels. Proactive monetary policy by central banks, a more stable energy supply, and softening commodity prices have been instrumental in anchoring price stability.

Alongside these macroeconomic shifts, major technology firms worldwide are doubling down on sustainability, Al adoption, and cybersecurity as long-term value drivers. Managing environmental impact and ensuring data security have become not just compliance imperatives but also competitive differentiators.

With these dynamics, the global **IT and digital services industry is positioned for sustained growth and transformation over the next five years.** Increasing demand for Al-driven automation, data analytics, and secure cloud solutions is reshaping client priorities. By combining our industry expertise with the technical capabilities of our delivery teams and leveraging our products, platforms, and partnerships, the Company remains well-placed to capture emerging opportunities, stay ahead of industry shifts, and deliver value to our stakeholders.

Indian Economy:

India continues to strengthen its position as one of the fastest-growing major economies globally, with GDP growth projected at 6.4%–6.5% in FY 2025–26, according to the IMF and the Reserve Bank of India. The country remains firmly on track to becoming the world's third-largest economy in the coming years, driven by robust domestic demand, strong government-led infrastructure investment, and the growing adoption of digital technologies across sectors.



Key macroeconomic indicators remain supportive: the real investment rate is steady at \sim 33%, the current account deficit is narrowing, and foreign exchange reserves remain healthy, providing resilience against external shocks. Inflation has eased significantly, falling within the Reserve Bank's target range, creating room for sustained consumption growth.

India's demographic dividend continues to be a major growth enabler, with a young workforce fueling consumption and driving innovation. Government initiatives such as the "Aatmanirbhar Bharat" vision, the India Al Mission, and Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes are supporting manufacturing, technology, and renewable energy sectors.

At the same time, India has navigated external headwinds such as global trade uncertainties, elevated geopolitical risks, and supply chain disruptions better than many advanced economies. The recent sovereign credit rating upgrade by S&P to BBB (August 2025) reflects global confidence in India's growth resilience and fiscal consolidation efforts.

Looking ahead, sustaining momentum will require addressing challenges such as job creation, skill development, and infrastructure bottlenecks, while also ensuring inclusive growth. Nonetheless, the Indian economy is poised to remain a key driver of global expansion in FY 2025–26 and beyond, supported by its structural strengths and policy reforms.

General Outlook:

In FY 2025–26, the Indian economy is projected to maintain its position as the fastest-growing major economy, with GDP growth estimated at 6.4%–6.5%, according to the IMF and RBI. This strong performance comes despite a challenging global environment marked by slower world trade, tariff uncertainties, and geopolitical tensions.

Inflation is expected to remain benign, averaging between 3.1%–3.7%, comfortably within the Reserve Bank of India's target band, aided by easing commodity prices and stable food supply conditions. The government's continued emphasis on fiscal prudence and consolidation is expected to strengthen macroeconomic stability.

Exports are anticipated to improve, led by engineering goods, electronics, and petroleum products, though external demand volatility remains a risk. Meanwhile, domestic consumption and infrastructure investment will remain the primary growth drivers, supported by urban demand recovery, rural consumption revival, and continued government capital expenditure.

Government initiatives such as "Aatmanirbhar Bharat," the IndiaAl Mission, PLI schemes, and accelerated renewable energy adoption will play a critical role in enhancing productivity and fostering innovation. The recent sovereign rating upgrade by S&P is also expected to boost investor sentiment and attract greater foreign inflows.

Challenges remain in the form of job creation, skilling, and bridging infrastructure gaps, but the overall macroeconomic trajectory is firmly positive. With strong fundamentals, demographic advantages, and sustained policy support, India is set to retain its status as the fastest-growing large economy in FY 2025–26, reinforcing its path toward becoming the world's third-largest economy.

What Lies Ahead?

India's economy is set to continue its robust growth in FY 2025–26, with GDP projected at 6.4%–6.5%, supported by resilient domestic demand, sustained government infrastructure spending, and strong services sector performance. Manufacturing activity is expected to gain further traction, driven by Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes, digital adoption, and global supply chain diversification.



Key growth sectors include technology, financial services, pharmaceuticals, electric mobility, and renewable energy, all benefiting from supportive policies and rising domestic and export demand. The IndiaAl Mission and accelerated digital infrastructure rollout will provide further momentum to the technology and innovation ecosystem.

While the outlook remains positive, external challenges such as global trade headwinds, tariff uncertainties, and geopolitical risks could weigh on exports and investment sentiment. On the domestic front, ensuring job creation, workforce upskilling, and addressing infrastructure gaps will be vital to sustain inclusive growth.

Importantly, inflation has eased significantly, remaining within the Reserve Bank of India's comfort band, and India's sovereign credit rating was upgraded by S&P to BBB in August 2025, the first upgrade in 18 years. This reflects growing confidence in the country's fiscal consolidation and structural growth resilience.

Overall, India's economic landscape in FY 2025–26 is marked by stability, strong fundamentals, and policy-driven momentum, reinforcing its trajectory toward becoming the world's third-largest economy in the coming years.

Outlook for Data Analytics, Business Intelligence (BI), AI, ML and NLP in India (FY 2025 – 26):

1. Data Analytics and Business Intelligence (BI):

Growth Prospects: The Indian Data Analytics and BI market is projected to expand at a CAGR of 18–22% over the next three to five years, supported by strong demand for real-time insights, self-service analytics, and predictive modeling. Adoption is accelerating across banking, healthcare, retail, manufacturing, and government services, with enterprises increasingly shifting to cloud-based and augmented analytics platforms.

2. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML)

Growth Prospects: The AI and ML market in India is expected to grow at a CAGR of 28–32% during FY 2025–26 and beyond. These technologies are being embedded into critical processes such as risk management, supply chain optimization, customer experience personalization, fraud detection, and predictive maintenance. The IndiaAI Mission, backed by \$1.2 billion in government investment, is accelerating AI adoption across public and private sectors.

3. Natural Language Processing (NLP)

Growth Prospects: NLP adoption in India is forecast to grow at a CAGR of 22–27%, with increasing use in customer service, BFSI, healthcare, and e-commerce. Applications include Aldriven chatbots, sentiment analysis, multilingual support, automated compliance, and clinical documentation. Healthcare providers are increasingly leveraging NLP for diagnostic support and patient record management, enhancing care delivery efficiency.

Overall Outlook:

The Data Analytics, BI, AI, ML, and NLP sectors in India are entering a phase of scaled adoption, driven by rapid digital transformation, enterprise cloud migration, and strong policy support. Demand is shifting from experimental pilots to enterprise-wide deployments with measurable ROI, particularly in financial services, healthcare, retail, and manufacturing.



As organizations adopt Al-driven automation, augmented analytics, and advanced NLP tools, these technologies are expected to transform decision-making, boost productivity, and drive innovation. With government backing, private investment, and a maturing digital ecosystem, India is positioned to emerge as a global hub for advanced analytics and Al innovation in FY 2025–26 and beyond.

Economic Outlook for India (FY 2025 – 26)

GDP Growth: India's GDP growth for FY 2025–26 is projected at 6.4%–6.5%, according to the Reserve Bank of India and IMF estimates, reaffirming its position as the fastest-growing major economy. Growth will be driven by resilient domestic consumption, strong services sector performance, continued government-led infrastructure spending, and rising private sector investment. The Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes and expanding digital economy are expected to further boost industrial and manufacturing growth.

Inflation and Fiscal Deficit: Inflation has eased significantly and is expected to remain within the 3.1%-3.7% range, comfortably below the RBI's upper tolerance limit. This moderation is supported by stable commodity prices, robust agricultural output, and effective monetary management. On the fiscal side, the government remains committed to consolidation, with the fiscal deficit expected to improve further, potentially nearing 5.1%-5.3% of GDP, aided by buoyant tax collections and disciplined expenditure management.

Global Influence: India's economic trajectory will continue to be shaped by global trade dynamics, evolving tariff policies, and geopolitical developments. Monetary tightening in advanced economies, energy market volatility, and external demand conditions remain key variables. However, the recent sovereign credit rating upgrade by S&P to BBB reflects international confidence in India's fiscal and economic resilience. If external uncertainties ease, India's growth momentum could surpass projections, providing additional upside to the outlook.

Trends in Data Analytics, Business Intelligence, and AI (FY 2025–26):

Al & Machine Learning (ML): In FY 2025–26, Al and ML will become deeply integrated into enterprise workflows, moving from pilot projects to scaled deployments. Predictive analytics, generative Al applications, and Al-driven automation will be central to supply chain resilience, financial forecasting, and customer experience personalization. Increasingly, companies will launch Al-powered products and domain-specific solutions, creating measurable business impact.

Natural Language Processing (NLP): NLP capabilities are advancing toward multilingual, context-aware, and industry-specific solutions. Adoption is accelerating in customer engagement, compliance automation, healthcare diagnostics, and marketing analytics, with GenAl-powered assistants redefining conversational interfaces and customer interactions.

Data Storytelling & Visualization: Businesses will increasingly prioritize real-time visualization and narrative-driven dashboards to make complex insights accessible to decision-makers. The convergence of GenAl with BI platforms will enable automated insights and simplified data storytelling for executives and business users.

Augmented Analytics: Wider adoption of augmented analytics is expected across finance, healthcare, retail, and manufacturing, where real-time, Al-augmented decision-making is critical. These tools will empower frontline managers and analysts with faster, context-rich insights.



Cloud and Hybrid Analytics: The migration to cloud-native platforms will accelerate, with enterprises adopting hybrid and multi-cloud strategies to balance scalability, cost optimization, and regulatory compliance. Cloud-based analytics will also power AI/ML model deployment at scale.

Data Security & Governance: With the rollout of India's Digital Personal Data Protection (DPDP) Act and global tightening of data laws, organizations will prioritize data governance, access control, encryption, and Al model risk management. Continuous monitoring and regulatory compliance will be embedded into analytics programs.

Democratization of Data: Self-service analytics will expand further, with intuitive platforms enabling non-technical employees to explore, visualize, and act on data. Organizations will focus on creating enterprise-wide data literacy and embedding analytics into day-to-day workflows, making decision-making more inclusive.

Al Market Growth Projections (FY 2025-26):

Global Al Market:

The global Al market is projected to maintain its rapid expansion, with estimates placing its value at around USD 1.2 trillion by FY 2025–26, supported by a CAGR of \sim 35–37%. Growth is being fueled by widespread adoption of generative Al, Al agents, and domain-specific Al solutions across industries such as financial services, healthcare, automotive, and manufacturing. Enterprises are moving beyond experimentation, embedding Al into core business processes, supply chains, and customer interactions.

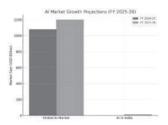
Al in India:

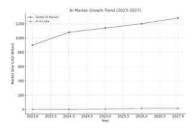
India's Al market is expected to grow at a robust pace, reaching USD 16–18 billion by 2027, driven by digital transformation initiatives, government support, and the IndiaAl Mission (USD 1.2 billion program). Adoption is strongest in banking, insurance, retail, healthcare, and manufacturing, with increasing deployment of Al for risk management, compliance automation, fraud detection, personalized customer experiences, and predictive maintenance.

Al Applications:

The most significant growth areas for Al adoption in FY 2025–26 include:

- Generative Al-powered assistants and copilots for customer service, software development, and knowledge management.
- Al-driven automation in operations, procurement, and supply chain optimization.
- Predictive analytics and forecasting models for financial services and retail.
- Al in healthcare, including clinical diagnostics, medical imaging, and patient engagement.
- Cybersecurity and fraud detection, with Al-enabled threat detection and real-time monitoring.







Industry-Specific Outlook (FY 2025–26):

1) Electric Vehicles (EVs):

The Indian EV market is set to expand rapidly in FY 2025–26, supported by strong government incentives, expanding charging infrastructure, and rising consumer adoption of two- and three-wheelers. Analytics will be increasingly critical for battery lifecycle management, smart charging optimization, energy efficiency, and fleet performance monitoring. As adoption scales, data-driven platforms will play a pivotal role in predictive maintenance and route optimization for commercial EV fleets.

2) Sustainability and Green Tech:

Sustainability has become a strategic priority for enterprises, driven by regulatory compliance, ESG commitments, and cost efficiencies. In FY 2025–26, businesses will invest more heavily in green technologies and carbon-reduction strategies. Analytics solutions will be central to energy optimization, carbon footprint tracking, resource efficiency, and reporting frameworks. Companies offering sustainability-driven platforms and digital twins will be well-positioned to support the transition toward greener operations.

3) Smart Grids:

With large-scale rollouts under the Revamped Distribution Sector Scheme (RDSS) and rising integration of renewable energy, India's smart grid ecosystem will continue to expand. Utilities are investing in IoT-enabled infrastructure, advanced metering, and big data analytics to reduce losses and enhance reliability. Advanced data management, real-time demand forecasting, and predictive grid analytics will be critical to support grid stability and integrate renewable sources effectively.

4) Healthcare & Life Sciences:

Al and analytics adoption in healthcare is accelerating, with applications in diagnostics, electronic health records, patient engagement, and drug discovery. NLP-driven clinical documentation and Al-assisted imaging solutions are enhancing efficiency and patient care. Analytics in supply chain visibility and real-world evidence (RWE) studies will also expand significantly.

5) Financial Services (FinTech & Banking):

The BFSI sector continues to lead in AI, ML, and advanced analytics adoption. Growth areas include fraud detection, risk modeling, credit scoring, compliance automation, customer personalization, and AI-powered financial assistants. The rapid rise of digital lending, payments, and neo-banking will create demand for scalable, secure, and real-time analytics platforms.

6) Manufacturing & Industry 4.0:

Manufacturing is witnessing a shift toward smart factories, predictive maintenance, digital twins, and IoT-driven quality monitoring. Analytics will be pivotal in process optimization, demand forecasting, and supply chain resilience. Al-enabled visual inspection and robotics analytics will drive efficiency and cost competitiveness.



Opportunities, Threats, Risks, and Concerns

India's technology sector continues to offer immense opportunities, particularly in the fields of data analytics, artificial intelligence, machine learning, and cloud-driven digital solutions. The acceleration of GenAl adoption, government initiatives such as the IndiaAl Mission, and rising enterprise investments in automation and advanced analytics are expected to create new avenues for growth. Increasing digital adoption across financial services, healthcare, retail, manufacturing, and public services will further drive demand for data-driven platforms and skilled talent.

At the same time, several risks and challenges remain. Data privacy, cybersecurity, and compliance with the evolving Digital Personal Data Protection (DPDP) Act present both operational and reputational risks. The rapid pace of technological change has heightened the urgency for continuous upskilling and workforce readiness, while global trade uncertainties and geopolitical tensions could impact investment flows and demand patterns.

The sector also faces the challenge of talent shortages in advanced areas such as Al engineering, NLP, data governance, and cloud-native development. In addition, as enterprises scale Al deployments, concerns related to model governance, ethical Al, and regulatory oversight are expected to intensify.

Navigating these headwinds while capitalizing on emerging opportunities will require organizations to focus on responsible Al adoption, strong data governance frameworks, proactive cybersecurity strategies, and sustained investments in talent development. Companies that successfully balance innovation with compliance and risk management will be best positioned to capture growth in FY 2025–26 and beyond.

Conclusion

India's economic outlook for FY 2025–26 remains resilient and promising, with GDP growth projected at 6.4%–6.5%, inflation well within the Reserve Bank's target band, and renewed global confidence following the recent sovereign credit rating upgrade. Robust domestic demand, government-led infrastructure spending, and strong momentum in technology-driven sectors will continue to underpin growth.

The Data Analytics, Business Intelligence, AI, ML, and NLP markets are poised for rapid expansion, moving from pilot projects to scaled enterprise adoption. These technologies are set to play a pivotal role in enhancing efficiency, driving innovation, and shaping India's transition toward a digital-first economy. Key industries such as EVs, renewable energy, financial services, healthcare, and manufacturing will provide significant opportunities for growth and innovation.

At the same time, challenges such as global trade headwinds, evolving data protection regulations, cybersecurity threats, and the need for continuous talent upskilling must be addressed proactively. The balance between innovation and responsible governance will determine long-term success.

Overall, India enters FY 2025–26 with strong fundamentals, supportive policies, and a maturing digital ecosystem. While uncertainties remain, the opportunities far outweigh the risks. With strategic investments in technology, sustainability, and human capital, India is well-positioned to reinforce its role as a key driver of global economic growth and advance toward its vision of becoming the world's third-largest economy in the coming years.



Data Source Appendix: FY 2025 - 26

Category	Source / Institution	Key Data / Insight Referenced
Global Economy	International Monetary Fund (IMF), World Economic Outlook Update, July 2025	Global GDP growth 3.0% (2025), 3.1% (2026); global inflation easing to \sim 4.5%.
	UNCTAD, World Investment Report 2025	Outlook on FDI flows, digital & climate- aligned investments.
India Economy	Reserve Bank of India (RBI)Monetary , Policy Committee Minutes, Aug 2025	GDP growth forecast at 6.5%; CPI projection 3.1–3.7%.
	IMF, World Economic Outlook Database, 2025	India's GDP growth projected at ~6.4%.
	Standard & Poor's (S&P), Sovereign Rating Report, Aug 2025	India sovereign rating upgraded to BBB (from BBB-).
Technology & Digital Outlook	McKinsey, State of Al 2025 Survey least one	71% of organizations using GenAl in at function.
	NASSCOM, GenAl in India 2025 Report	3.7x increase in GenAl startups; adoption trends in India.
	Government of India, IndiaAl Mission (2024)	\$1.2 billion investment in Al infrastructure and innovation.
	Market Research Future / Mordor Intelligence (2024–25)	Global Data Analytics & BI market: ~\$82B (2025)! \$403B (2032), CAGR ~25.5%.
	Fortune Business Insights / Research & Markets	India Data Analytics CAGR ~35–36% (2025–2030).
	Precedence Research (2025)	NLP in Finance CAGR ~25%(2025–2035).
Industry-Specific Outlook	NITI Aayog, EV Roadmap 2030 (2025 update)	EV penetration target 30% by 2030; EV sales \sim 2.08 M in 2024.
	Ministry of Power, Revamped Distribution Sector Scheme (RDSS), 2025	₹3 trillion investment outlay; 1.3 trillion sanctioned for smart metering.
	Central Electricity Authority (CEA), National Electricity Plan, 2025	~50% of installed capacity non-fossil; 500 GW renewable target by 2030.
	ET, Mint, Reuters (Aug 2025 reports)	Renewable energy execution bottlenecks and stranded projects.
Regulatory & Risks	MeitY, Draft Digital Personal Data Protection Rules, Jan 2025	DPDP Act compliance framework; data localization, consent, retention.
	CERT-In, Cybersecurity Guidelines, 2025	Incident reporting, risk management, sector advisories.
	Business Standard / Reuters, Aug 2025	Trade/tariff risks impacting exports and IT services.

Analysis of financial performance of the company:

There is a decrease of (4.69%) in Consolidated revenues for the current FY2024-25 i.e. INR889.00 Million as against the previous FY2023-24 revenue of INR932.76 Million due to the fact that 100% Equity stake in subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited sold during the



year and the transaction completed on 3-October-2024. Also, there is an increase of 9.87% in the Standalone revenues for the Current FY2024-25 INR868.09 million as against of INR 790.08 million in the previous FY2023-24. The Consolidated Net Profit after Tax for the current FY2024-25 is INR 99.02 million, 10.73% against Consolidated Net (Loss) of INR (21.81) million, (2.31%) during the previous FY 2023-24. The Standalone Net Profit after Tax in the current FY 2024-25 INR148.13 million, 16.42% as against INR23.39 million, 2.91% in the previous FY 2023-24. The higher Net Profit in FY2024-25 (in both standalone and consolidated financials) is due to the fact that, the company earned Profit on Sale of part of Land for INR156.35 Million and earned INR5.29 Million profit on sale of 100% Equity stake in the Subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.

Segment-wise performance: In Standalone Financials, there is an increase of 16.13% in the revenue segment - Software License Sale in the current FY 2024-25 INR749.97 million in comparison to INR 645.79 million in the previous FY 2023-24. Also, in the revenue segment Information Technology Software Services there is a decrease in revenue by (18.14%) i.e. in current FY 2024-25 INR118.12 million in comparison to INR144.29 million in previous FY 2023-24. Whereas in Consolidated Financials, there is an increase of 16.14% in revenue segment - Software License Sale in the current FY 2024-25 INR748.95 million in comparison to INR644.88 million in the previous FY 2023-24. In the consolidated Financials, India - Information Technology / Software Services segment there is a decrease of (18.14%) i.e. INR118.12 million in current FY 2024-25 in comparison to INR144.30 million in previous FY2023-24. There is a decrease in Goods Transport revenue in Consolidated Financials for (84.73%) due to fact that 100% Equity stake in Subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited has been sold and the transaction completed on 3-October-2024. Regarding segment profitability, in Standalone Financials segment profit for Information Technology / Software Services has decreased by (15.35%) i.e. in current FY2024-25 INR33.75 Million in comparison to INR39.87 Million in previous FY2023-24. The segment profit in Software Licenses Sale segment increased by 82.80% i.e. in current FY2024-25 INR19.03 million in comparison to INR 10.41 million in previous FY 2023-24. In Consolidated Financials, the India -Information Technology / Software Services segment profit decreased by (18.08%) to INR32.66 million in current FY2024-25 from INR39.87 million in the previous FY2023-24. Further, the Software License Sale segment profit has increased by 77.52% i.e. INR18.48 million in current FY2024-25 in comparison to INR10.41 million in previous FY2023-24.

During the current financial year 2024-25 the Company sold 100% of the Equity Capital of Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited for a total purchase consideration of INR 85.29 and the transaction completed on 3-October-2024.

Liquidity and capital resources:

In the Consolidated Financials secured loans as at 31-March-2025 stood at INR23.56 Million as against INR95.47 million as at the previous financial year end 31-March-2024. In the Standalone Financials secured loans as at 31-March-2025 stood at INR23.56 Million as against INR36.00 million as at the previous financial year end 31-March-2024.

The Company's ability to generate funds from operating activities, including product and service sales, equity funds and debt financing from its banks and others are expected to provide sufficient liquidity to meet current and future fund requirements.



Details of significant changes in key financial ratios:

Debtors Turnover: In Standalone Financials, this Ratio has increased from 3.95 in FY2023-24 to 4.25 in current FY2024-25. The increase in Debtors Turnover Ratio is 7.53% in comparison to previous FY. The increase in standalone financials is due to company strengthening its process to realize the Accounts Receivable (AR) particularly from the Sale of Software Licenses during the current financial year. Also in Consolidated Financials, this Ratio has increased from 3.75 in FY2023-24 to 4.04 in current FY2024-25.

Interest Coverage Ratio: In Standalone Financials - Interest coverage ratio decreased to 19.08 in current FY2024-25 from 30.81 in previous FY2023-24. The percentage decrease is (38.08%) in comparison to the previous FY. This decrease is because the company has given discounts to the large sized Software License Sale orders resulting in decrease in margin on Software License Sale. In Consolidated Financials, this ratio has increased to 1.14 in current FY2024-25 from 0.60 in previous FY2023-24. The said increase is because sale 100% Equity State of loss making Subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited on 03 October 2024. The increase in percentage is 90%.

Current Ratio: In Standalone Financials - Current Ratio increased to 2.22 in current FY2024-25 from 2.11 in previous FY2023-24. The said increase is 5.24% due to increase in the Other Bank Balances because of sale of company's part of Land situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and sale of 100% Equity Stake of subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited. In Consolidated Financials, this ratio increased to 2.77 in current FY2024-25 from 2.28 in the previous FY2023-24. The said increase is 21.50% due to increase in the Other Bank Balances because of sale of company's part of Land situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and sale of 100% Equity Stake of subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.

Debt /**Equity Ratio:** In Standalone Financials – this Ratio has decreased by 46.66% to 0.06 in current FY2024-25 from 0.11 in the previous FY2023-24 because low utilization of Overdraft Credit facility. The utilization of Overdraft Credit facility stood at INR23.56 Million as on 31-March-2025 as against a sanctioned limit of INR69.00 million. Also in Consolidated Financials, the same Ratio has decreased by 68.43% to 0.06 in Current FY2024-25 from 0.19 in the previous FY2023-24.

Operating Profit Margin Ratio: In Standalone Financials – this Ratio has decreased by >100% to (0.47%) in current FY2024-25 from 2.24% in the previous FY2023-24. The said decrease in Standalone is due to decrease in margins in Software License Sale as the company has given discounts to the large sized Software License Sale orders. Also in Consolidated Financials, the same Ratio has decreased by >100% to (5.63%) in Current FY2024-25 from (2.47%) in the previous FY2023-24. The said decrease is due to decrease in margin on Software License Sale due to discount given on large sized Software License Sale orders.

Net Profit Margin (%): In Standalone Financials - there is increase in Net Profit Ratio by >100% to 16.42% in current FY2024-25 in comparison to 2.91% in previous FY2023-24 because of Profit on sale of part of Land owned by the company situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity Stake in subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited. In Consolidated Financials, the Net Profit Ratio in current FY2024-25 stood at 10.73% against (2.31%) in previous FY 2023-24 an increase of >100% because Profit on sale of part of Land owned by the company situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity Stake in subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.



Details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year along with a detailed explanation thereof: Net Profit / Net Worth: In Standalone Financials - there is an increase in this Ratio to 20.88% in current FY2024-25 in comparison to 3.98% in previous FY2023-24, an increase of >100% because of because Profit on sale of part of Land owned by the company situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity Stake in subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited, The same Ratio in Consolidated Financials in current FY2024-25 stood at 12.16% against (3.20%) in previous FY2023-24 because Profit on sale of part of Land owned by the company situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity Stake in subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.

Internal Control & Systems and their adequacy:

The Company has proper and adequate system of internal controls commensurate with its size and nature of operations to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded, transactions are authorized, recorded and reported properly and applicable statutes & corporate policies are duly complied with, the internal audit function has been structured to continuously review adequacy and efficacy of the internal controls. The statutory auditors and internal auditors while conducting the statutory audit, review and evaluate the internal controls and their observations are discussed with the Audit committee of the Board.

Human Resource Development:

The Company considers its human capital as the greatest component at work in the organization. This includes a robust mix of experience and young talent which provides an all-round point of view to various challenges and development of informed solutions. Continuous enrichment of knowledge of employees is a core value of the company and emphasis has been laid on the training and development of the human capital of the company. The skill levels of the workforce have been honed continuously by conducting in-house training programs such as effective operating & maintenance of machinery, which has ensured in high productivity of manpower and low maintenance costs. To enhance the Positive Team Dynamics at the workplace, Development Programs such as Team Building, Communication, Super Leadership for Super Success, Effective Management Skills, etc. have been conducted. Company has successfully resumed working from office, post successfully battling the COVID period.

Disclosure of Accounting Treatment:

The Company has complied with the appropriate accounting policies and has ensured that they have been applied consistently. There have been no deviations from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the relevant rules.

Cautionary Statement:

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's Objectives, projections, estimates, expectations may be forward looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results would differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include economic conditions affecting demand, supply and price conditions in the domestic/overseas markets in which the Company operates, changes in the Government regulations, tax laws and other statutes and other incidental factors.



PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY / TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Particulars in respect of Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo required as per Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are as follows:

A. Conservation of Energy:

Your Company's operations are not energy intensive. Adequate measures have been taken to conserve energy wherever possible by using energy efficient computers, Electric Bulbs, servers. There was no major capital investment on energy conservation equipment's during the year.

B. Technology Absorption:

Your company regularly strives to utilize newer technologies with the view to conserve the energy and create and environmentally friendly work environment. The company continues to use state-of-the-art technology for improving the quality services. To create adequate infrastructure, your company continues to invest in the latest hardware and software.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

Rs. In Millions

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Foreign Exchange Earnings	211.03	131. <i>57</i>
Foreign Exchange Outgo	139.91	115.34



Annexure -7

Information as required under Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of Chapter XIII, Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014.

a) The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year;

Non Executive Director®	Ratio to Median Remuneration
Mr. Deepankar Tiwari	Not Applicable
Mrs. Deepa Chandra	Not Applicable
Mr. L.P.Sashikumar	Not Applicable
Mr. Clinton Travis Caddell	Not Applicable
Mr. Bernd Michael Perschke	Not Applicable
Executive Director	
Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	8.5 times

Non-Executive directors are not receiving any specific remuneration other than receiving sitting fees for attending the Board & Committee Meetings.

b) the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year;

Name of the person	Designation	Percentage increase in remuneration
Mr. S Venkat Raghunand	Whole-Time Director	No Change in Salary
Mr. Vithal V S S N K Popuri	Chief Financial Officer	No Change in Salary
Ms. Adalat Srikanth	Company Secretary	Not Applicable, since joined on November 15, 2024.

- c) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 8.54%
- d) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company: 116 on March 31, 2025.
- e) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration

The average increase in salaries of employees other than managerial personnel in the FY 2024-25 was 8.54% and there was no increase in remuneration paid to managerial personnel during the FY 2024-25 except as mentioned above.

f) The Key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the Directors.



Not applicable as there is no variable component of remuneration availed by all the other directors except Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand, Whole-Time Director of the Company. Mr. Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand, Whole-Time Director of the Company was entitled to a variable pay of Rs. 10,00,000 for the FY 2024-25. The payment of variable pay depends on individual and company performance parameters as per the rules framed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in this regard.

g) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company

The Company affirms that the remuneration paid to the employees is as per the remuneration policy of the Company. The Company's remuneration policy is driven by the success and performance of the individual employees and the Company. Through its compensation package, the Company endeavours to attract, retain, develop and motivate a high performance staff Individual performance pay is determined by business performance and the performance of the individuals measured through the annual appraisal process.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF M/s AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED)

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS standalone financial statements of M/s Aion-Tech Solutions Limited (formerly Known as Goldstone Technologies Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended, and notes to Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its profit including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2025.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India(ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Depending on the facts and circumstances of the entity and the Audit, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
The Company has obtained leasehold land by entering into lease agreement with individual parties attracting the adoption of Ind AS 116 "Leases".	Our audit procedures included the following: • Obtained an understanding of the Company's adoption of Ind AS 116 and identified the internal controls including entity level control adopted by the Company for accounting, processes and systems under the accounting standard;



Significant judgement is required in the assumptions and estimates used in order to apply the definition of lease, application of discount rate, and lease term for computation of ROU asset and lease liability.

We considered this a key audit matter due to the inherently judgmental nature to determine the lease liabilities.

- Assessed the discount rates applied in determining lease liabilities;
- We assessed and evaluated the reasonableness of lease terms used for computation lease liabilities and right-of -use assets;
- We obtained the company's quantification of ROU
 assets and lease liabilities. We agreed the inputs
 used in the quantification to the lease agreements
 and performed re-computation of lease liabilities
 and ROU asset in accordance with the lease
 registration documents;
- We assessed whether the related presentations and disclosures within the financial statements are appropriate in compliance with the requirements of Ind AS 116 "Leases".

Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards(Ind AS) Specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in This responsibility also maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making



judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraudor error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficientand appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the



related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, includingany significant deficiencies ininternal control that we identify during our audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on

our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best o four knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.



- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31,2025taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act
- With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our

information and according to the explanations given tous:

- The Company does not have pending litigations which would impact on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- The Management has iv. represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- v. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by



- the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vi. Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material misstatement

- vii. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- viii. The Company has used such accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants FRN:007257S

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner M.No: 024784

UDIN: 25024784BMIXVF1734

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025



ANNEXURE'B'

ANNEXURE TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE

IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED)

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED) ("the Company") of even date)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and on the basis of the books of accounts and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- I. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B)The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets
 - (b) All Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals; as informed to us no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
 - (c) The title deeds of immovable properties(other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee)

- included in property, plant and equipment are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The company has not revalued the Property Plant and Equipment or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2025.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988.
- ii. (a) The Company is in the business of providing software services and does not have any physical inventories.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, during the year, the company has not made, except as stated below, any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
 - a) The details of the loans granted during the year and balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date of such loans is as under,
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of loans granted by the company, are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company



(Rs. in millions)

Particulars	Loans
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year:-	
- Subsidiaries (Incl. Fellow Subsidiaries)	80.00
- Associates	Nil
- Joint Ventures	Nil
- Other Parties	75.00
Balance outstanding as at the Balance sheet date	
in respect of the above cases	
-Subsidiaries (Incl. Fellow Subsidiaries)	80.00
- Associates	Nil
- Joint Ventures	Nil
- Other Parties	75.00

- c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as per stipulation.
- d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- e) There are no Loans or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans are granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.
- f) During the year, Company has not granted any loans or advances in nature of loans to promoters or related parties which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the

- company has not granted any loans to the parties covered under section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of Guarantees or security provided and Investments made by the Company.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits within the meaning of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act,2013 and the rules framed there under to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and



- other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
- b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, goods and service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, customs duty and other statutory dueswhich have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of accounts, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- ix. a) Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records, the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year.
 - d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an

- overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on examination of the financial statements, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary or associate.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary or associate.
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us,
 - The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments).
 - b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year ended 31st March 2025.
- x. a) No fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - b) During the year, no report under subsection (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.



- c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Standalone financial statements as required under Indian Accounting standard (Ind AS) 24, related party disclosures specified under section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued there under.
- xiv. a) In our opinion the company has an adequate internal audit system which commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - The reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were duly considered by us in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures
- xv. The Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him.
- xv. a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities.
 - c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
 - d) The Company is not part of any group (as per the provisions of the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as amended).

- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The Company is not covered under the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- xxi. XXXXX

For P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants FRN:007257S

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner M.No: 024784

UDIN: 25024784BMIXVF1734

Place: Hyderabad Date: 23.05.2024



"ANNEXURE B"

ANNEXURE TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE

IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED)

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date on the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause(i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as "GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED ("the Company")) as of March 31, 2025in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that we reoperating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business,

including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our gudit of internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements. assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company: and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting,

including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of anyevaluationoftheinternalfinancialcontrolsover financialreportingtofutureperiodsare subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

For P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants FRN: 007257\$

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner M.No:024784

UDIN: 25024784BMIXVF1734

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29-05-2025



STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Don't all and	Note	As at	As at
Particulars	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Assets			
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	50.33	93.98
Intangible Assets	4	24.90	16.90
Right of Use Assets	5	45.45	57.92
Financial Assets			
Investments	6	247.92	240.46
Loans	7	155.00	-
Other Financial Assets	12	6.24	5.75
Deferred Tax Assets, net	8	-	8.42
Other Non-Current Assets	14	52.1 <i>7</i>	25.15
Officer 140H Correll 7 (33CH)		582.01	448.58
Current Assets			
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	9	1 <i>93.57</i>	190.01
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	10.26	2.02
Other Bank Balances	ii	279.36	198.73
Loans	7	2/ /.50	13.40
Other Financial Assets	12	8.02	5.80
Current Tax Assets, net	13	36.63	49.60
Other Current Assets	14	26.14	4.00
Officer Correlli Assers	14	553.98	463.56
Total Assets		1,135.99	912.14
Equity and Liabilities		1,133.77	712.14
Equity			
	15	345.82	245.02
Equity Share Capital	16		345.82 253.96
Other Equity Total Equity	10	473.16 818.98	599.78
Non-Current Liabilities		010.70	399.76
Financial Liabilities	17		
Borrowings	17		-
Lease Liabilities	18	39.15	50.24
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	8	3.75	-
Provisions	19	11.90	12.00
Other Non-Current Liabilities	22	12.26	30.01
		67.06	92.25
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities		l	
Borrowings	17	23.56	36.00
Lease Liabilities	18	5.56	9.42
Trade Payables			
Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	20	-	-
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro			
Enterprises & Small Enterprises	20	130.75	118.70
Other Financial Liabilities	21	-	-
Provisions	19	4.11	3.04
Other Current Liabilities	22	85.97	52.95
		249.95	220.11
Total Liabilities		317.01	312.36
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,135.99	912.14
Summary of Material Accounting Policies	3		

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

for **P Murali & Co**

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

Sd/-

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner

Membership No.: 024784

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025 Sd/-

Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand Whole Time Director

> DIN: 10267020 Sd/-

Vithal V S S N K Popuri Chief Financial Officer

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Aion-Tech Solutions Limited

CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211 Sd/-

> L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679 Sd/-

Adalat Srikanth
Company Secretary

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STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Income			
Revenue from Operations	23	868.09	790.08
Other Income	24	33.95	12.33
Total Income		902.04	802.41
Expenses			
Cost of Materials Consumed	25	649.92	543.92
Employee Benefits Expense	26	149.49	169.64
Finance Costs	28	7.32	5.70
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	27	22.95	15.95
Other Expenses	29	49.85	38.57
Total Expense		879.53	773.78
Profit before Tax Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items		22.51	28.63
Profit on Sale of Land	24	156.35	-
Profit Before Tax		178.86	28.63
Tax Expense			
Current Tax	30	30.17	7.80
Taxes of Earlier Years	30	0.48	(1.16)
Deferred Tax	30	0.08	(1.40)
Total Tax Expense		30.73	5.24
Profit for the year		148.13	23.39
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	1		
Fair Valuation changes in Equity Instruments	1	81.36	-
Re-measurement gains on Defined Benefit Plan	1	1.82	0.24
Income-tax Relating to items that will not be reclassified to	1		
Profit or Loss	30	(12.10)	(0.07)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of Tax	1	71.08	0.17
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		219.21	23.56
Earnings Per equity Share (nominal value of INR 10) in INR	38		
Basic		4.29	0.68
Diluted		4.29	0.68

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

for P Murali & Co

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aion-Tech Solutions Limited** CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner

Sd/-

Membership No.: 024784

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025

Sd/-Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand

Whole Time Director DIN: 10267020

Sd/-Vithal V S S N K Popuri

Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679

Sd/-Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary



STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
I. Cash flows from Operating Activities		
Profit Before Tax	178.86	28.63
Adjustments to reconcile Profit before Tax to net Cash Flows:		20.00
Depreciation of Tangible Assets	3.40	4.34
Depreciation of Intangible Assets	8.45	1.53
Depreciation of Right to Use Assets	11.10	10.08
Interest Income	(23.20)	(12.20)
Other Income	-	(0.13)
Notional Gain on Lease Modification	(5.43)	· ,
Finance Costs	' '	
i. Interest on Borrowings and Charges	2.73	1.40
ii. Interest on Lease Liabilities	3.91	3.80
iii. Bank Charges	0.68	0.50
Profit on Sale of Land	(156.35)	-
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	24.15	37.95
Changes in Working Capital:		
Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in Operating Assets		
Trade Receivables	(3.58)	(18.13)
Loans - Current	(141.60)	(5.95)
Other Financial Assets - Current	(2.22)	(3.69)
Other Financial Assets - Non Current	(0.49)	(5.75)
Other Assets - Current	(22.14)	2.24
Other Assets - Non Current	(27.01)	(25.15)
Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in Operating Liabilities		
Trade Payables	12.05	30.12
Other Non-current Liabilities	(17.75)	(2.00)
Other Current Liabilities	33.02	29.17
Provisions	2.78	0.29
Cash generated from Operations	(142.79)	39.10
Income Taxes paid	(17.69)	(13.39)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(160.48)	25.71
II. Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangibles (including		
Capital Work in Progress)	181.51	(40.62)
Investments in Equity Shares	73.90	(40.02)
(Investments in)/ redemption of Bank Deposits (having	/ 3.70	-
originalmaturity of more than three months) - net	(80.62)	(42.41)
Interest Received (Finance Income)	23.20	12.20
Other Income (Finance Income)	23.20	0.13
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	197.99	(70.70)
itel Cash used in miveshing Achivines	17/.77	(70.70)



STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
III. Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from/(repayment of) Long-term Borrowings, net	-	-
Proceeds from/(repayment of) Short-term Borrowings, net	(12.44)	35.95
Payment of lease liabilities	(13.42)	10.28
Interest paid Borrowings and Charges	(2.73)	(1.40)
Bank Charges	(0.68)	(0.50)
Net Cash provided by Financing Activities	(29.27)	44.33
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III)	8.24	(0.66)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	2.02	2.68
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (refer note below)	10.26	2.02
Note:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise:		
Cash on Hand	0.02	0.05
Balances with Banks:		
- in current accounts	10.24	1.97
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents:	10.26	2.02

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date for **P Murali & Co** Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aion-Tech Solutions Limited** CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Sd/- **Mukund Vijayrao Joshi** Partner Membership No.: 024784

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025 Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand Whole Time Director DIN: 10267020 Sd/-Vithal V S S N K Popuri

Sd/-

Vithal V S S N K Popuri Chief Financial Officer Sd/-L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679 Sd/-

Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary



STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

a. Equity Share Capital				No. of Shares		Amount	
Balance as at 31 March 2024				34,582,066	2,066	345.82	
Balance as at 31 March 2025				34,582,066	2,066	345.82	
b. Other equity							_
			Rese	Reserves and Surplus	rplus OCI	_	
Particulars	Capital	Securities	General	Retained	Re-measurement	F	Total
	Reserve	Premium	Reserve	Earnings	gains/ (losses) on Equity Defined benefit plansInstruments	Equity	
At 31 March 2023	59.78	286.31	18.30	(135.11)	1.13		230.41
Profit/(Loss) for the year				23.39			23.39
Additions during the year		ı			,		,
Other Comprehensive Income							
Ke-medsurement Gains / (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans					0.24		0.24
Income-tax relating to items that will not be							!
reclassified to Profit or Loss					(0.07)		(0.07)
Balance as of 31 March 2024	59.78	286.31	18.30	(111.72)	1.30		253.96
Profit/(Loss) for the year				148.13			148.13
Additions during the year		,			1		
Other Comprehensive Income							
Ke-measurement Gains / (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans. net of Tax					1.82		1.82
Income-tax relating to items that will not be							l !
Reclassified to Profit or Loss					(0.47)	(11.63)	(12.10)
Balance as of 31 March 2025	59.78	286.31	18.30	36.41	2.65	69.73	473.16
Summary of Material Accounting Policies	8						
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone Financial Statements.	standalone Fin	ancial Statemer	ıts.				
As per our report of even date			-	-			
tor P Murali & Co		tor and	on behalt of	tor and on behalf of the Board of Directors of	irectors of		
Chartered Accountains ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S		U	Alon-lecn 50	Alon-1ech 3010f1ons Limited	. =		
Sd/-		Sd/-		-/ps			
Mukund Vijayrao Joshi	Seetepalli	Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	and	L.P. Sashikumar	umar		
Partner	Whol	Whole Time Director		Director	or 		
Membership No.: 024784	ZIO	DIN: 10267020		DIN: 00016679	629		
Place: Hyderabad	Vithal	Sd/- Vithal V S S N K Popuri	•=	Sd/- Adalat Srikanth	kanth		
Date: 29,05,2025	Chief F	Chief Financial Officer		Company Secretary	cretary		



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

1 General Information

Aion-Tech Solutions Limited (Formerly Known as Goldstone Technologies Limited) ('the Company') is a Public Limited Company incorporated in India, having its registered office at Hyderabad, India. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of IT and ITES services. The Company is listed in the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE).

2 Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act. The Standalone Financial Statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 29 May 2025. Details of the Accounting Policies are included in Note 3.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items in the Statement of Financial position:

- Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities are measured at Fair Value;
- Employee Defined Benefit Assets/(Liability) are recognized as the net total of the fair value of Plan Assets, plus Actuarial Losses, less Actuarial Gains and the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation;

 Long Term Borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

2.3 Functional Currency

The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees Millions, which is the functional currency of the Company. Functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. All amounts are in Indian Rupees Millions except share data, unless otherwise stated.

2.4 Current and Non-current classification

All the Assets and Liabilities have been classified as Current or Non-current as per the Company's Normal Operating Cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Assets:

An Asset is classified as Current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's Normal Operating Cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is Cash or Cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a Liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities:

A Liability is classified as Current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:



- a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's Normal Operating Cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the Liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a Liability that could, at the option of the counter party, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current Assets / Liabilities include the current portion of Non-current Assets / Liabilities respectively. All other Assets/ Liabilities are classified as Non-current.

2.5 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's Accounting Policies, which are described in note 3, the management of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of Assets and Liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's Accounting Policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Financial Statements:

Provision and Contingent Liability

On an ongoing basis, Company reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other contingencies. For Contingent Losses that are considered probable, an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in Financial Statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the Financial Statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the Financial Statements. Gain Contingencies are not recognized until the Contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.

Useful lives of Depreciable Assets

Management reviews the useful lives of Depreciable Assets at each reporting. As at 31 March 2025 management assessed that the useful lives represent the expected utility of the assets to the Company. Further, there is no significant change in the useful lives as compared to previous year.

2.6 Measurement of Fair Values

A number of the Company's Accounting Policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both Financial and Non-financial Assets and Liabilities.

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted Prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical Assets or Liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than Quoted Prices included in Level 1 that are observable



for the Asset or Liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

 Level 3: inputs for the Asset or Liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an Asset or a Liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an Asset or a Liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

3 Material Accounting Policies

3.1 New Standards adopted by the Company

On 24 July 2020, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued amendments to certain Ind AS as summarised below:

Amendments to Ind AS 1 and Ind AS 8: Definition of Material

The amendments provided a new definition to the word material as follows:

'Information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.'The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or

magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users.

An information is considered to be obscured if it is communicated in a way that would have a similar effect for primary users of financial statements to omitting or misstating that information. The amendments provided examples of circumstances that may result in information being obscured.

An entity should apply the amendments prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020.

The amendments to the definition of material had no impact on the standalone financial statements of the Company.

3.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised licenses or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the company expects to receive in exchange for those licenses or services.

The company's revenues are derived from sale of goods and services.

- Revenue from sale of licenses is recognized where control is transferred to the company's customers at the time of receipt of licenses by the customers.
- Service income, is recognized as and when the underlying services are performed. Upfront non-refundable payments received under these arrangements continue to be deferred and are recognized over the expected period that related services are to be performed.



- Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the income is established.
- Difference between the sale price and carrying value of investment is recognized as profit or loss on sale / redemption on investment on trade date of transaction.
- Interest income is accrued on, time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

3.3 Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate standalone price of the non-lease components.

The Company recognizes right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in

dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of rightof-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognized in the statement of profit and

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying



amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised insubstance fixed lease payments. The Company recognizes the amount of the remeasurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the rightof-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognizes any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.4 Foreign Currencies

In preparing the Financial Statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (Foreign Currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in Foreign Currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a Foreign Currency are not retranslated. Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in Profit or Loss in the period in which they arise

3.5 Borrowing Cos

Specific Borrowing Costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use and borrowing costs are being incurred. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing Cost includes Interest Expense, Amortization of Discounts, Ancillary Costs incurred in connection with borrowing of funds and exchange difference arising from Foreign Currency Borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the Interest Cost.

3.6 Taxation

Income Tax expense consists of Current and Deferred Tax. Income Tax expense is recognized in the Income Statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in Equity, in which case it is recognized in Equity.

Current tax

Current Tax is the expected tax payable on the Taxable Income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax

Deferred Tax is recognized using the Balance Sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of Assets and Liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred Tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of Assets or Liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit; differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and



jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and taxable temporary differences arising upon the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred Tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset Current Tax Liabilities and Assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax Liabilities and Assets on a net basis or their Tax Assets and Liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A Deferred Tax Asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred Tax Assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.7 Earnings Per Share

The Company presents Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ("EPS") data for its ordinary Shares. The Basic Earnings Per Share is computed by dividing the Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders for the year relating to the dilutive potential Equity Shares, by the weighted average number of Equity Shares considered for deriving basic Earnings Per Share and the weighted

average number of Equity Shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential Equity Shares. Potential Equity Shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to Equity Shares would decrease the Net Profit Per Share.

3.8 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

The initial cost of PPE comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an asset to working condition and location for its intended use, including relevant borrowing costs and any expected costs of decommissioning, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Expenditure incurred after the PPE have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the costs are incurred.If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of PPE.Material items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and service equipment are classified as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE as specified in Ind AS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment.

3.9 Expenditure during construction period

Expenditure during construction period (including financing cost related to borrowed funds for construction or acquisition of qualifying PPE) is included under Capital Work-in-Progress, and the same is allocated to the respective PPE on the completion of their construction. Advances given towards acquisition or construction of PPE outstanding at each reporting date are disclosed as Capital Advances under "Other Non-current Assets".



3.10 Depreciation

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of PPE over its useful life and is provided on a straightline basis over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act or as per technical assessment.

Depreciable amount for PPE is the cost of PPE less its estimated residual value. The useful life of PPE is the period over which PPE is expected to be available for use by the Company, or the number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by the Company.

The Company has componentized its PPE and has separately assessed the life of major components. In case of certain classes of PPE, the Company uses different useful lives than those prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. The useful lives have been assessed based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the PPE and the estimated usage of the asset on the basis of management's best estimation of obtaining economic benefits from those classes of assets. Such classes of Assets and their estimated useful lives are as under:

Particulars	Useful life
Buildings	30 years
Plant and Machinery	15 years
Electrical Equipment	5 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computers - Laptops & Desktops	3 years
Computers - Servers	6 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles - Four Wheelers	8 years
Vehicles - Two Wheelers	10 years

Depreciation on additions is provided on a pro-rata basis from the month of

installation or acquisition and in case of Projects from the date of commencement of commercial production. Depreciation on deductions/disposals is provided on a prorata basis up to the date of deduction/disposal.

3.11 Intangible Assets and Amortization

Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible Assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use.

Internally generated assets for which the cost is clearly identifiable are capitalised at cost. Research expenditure is recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Development costs are capitalised only after the technical and commercial feasibility of the asset for sale or use has been established. Thereafter, all directly attributable expenditure incurred to prepare the asset for its intended use are recognised as the cost of such assets. Internally generated brands, websites and customer lists are not recognised as intangible assets.

Amortization

The estimated useful life of an identifiable Intangible Asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

Software is amortized over a period of three to five years.

3.12 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise Cash at Bank and in Hand and Short-term Deposits with Banks that



are readily convertible into Cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting Short-term Cash commitments.

3.13 Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net Profit Before Tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The Cash Flows from Operating, Investing and Financing activities of the Company are segregated.

3.14 Government Grants

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

Where the Company receives nonmonetary grants, the asset and the grant are accounted at fair value and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the expected useful life of the Asset.

3.15 Impairment of non Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's Non-financial Assets, Inventories and Deferred Tax Assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the Asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an Asset or Cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future Cash Flows are discounted to their present value using a Pre-tax Discount Rate that reflects current

market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or the cash-generating unit. For the purpose of impairment testing, Assets are grouped together into the smallest group of Assets that generates Cash Inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the Cash Inflows of other Assets or groups of Assets (the "cash-generating unit").

An Impairment Loss is recognized in the Income Statement if the estimated recoverable amount of an asset or its Cashgenerating unit is lower than its carrying amount. Impairment Losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An Impairment Loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An Impairment Loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of Depreciation or Amortization, if no Impairment Loss had been recognized. Goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an Investment in an Associate is not recognized separately, and therefore is not tested for impairment separately. Instead, the entire amount of the investment in an associate is tested for impairment as a single Asset when there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate may be impaired.

An Impairment Loss in respect of Equity accounted investee is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of investment with its carrying amount. An Impairment Loss is recognized in the Income Statement, and reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.



3.16 Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A Liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined Contribution Plans

The Company's contributions to Defined Contribution Plans are charged to the Income Statement as and when the services are received from the employees.

Defined Benefit Plans

The liability in respect of Defined Benefit Plans and other Post-employment Benefits is calculated using the projected unit credit method consistent with the advice of qualified actuaries. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality Corporate Bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related defined benefit obligation. In countries where there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on Government Bonds are used. The current service cost of the Defined Benefit Plan, recognized in the Income Statement in Employee Benefit expense, reflects the increase in the Defined Benefit Obligation resulting from employee service in the current year, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements. Past service costs are recognized immediately in income. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the Defined Benefit Obligation and the fair value of Plan Assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Income Statement. Actuarial Gains and Losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to Equity in Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise.

Termination Benefits

Termination Benefits are recognized as an expense when the Company is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Company has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably.

Other Long Term Employee Benefits

The Company's net obligation in respect of other Long Term Employee Benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and previous periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Re-measurements are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

3.17 Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by



discounting the expected Future Cash Flows at a Pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

3.18 Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets

A disclosure for a contingent Liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent Assets are not recognized in the Financial Statements. However, Contingent Assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the Asset and related Income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

3.19 Financial Instruments

a. Recognition and Initial recognition

The Company recognizes Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All Financial Assets and Liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issues of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

A Financial Asset or Financial Liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that

are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

b. Classification and Subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a Financial Asset is classified as measured at

- Amortized Cost;
- -FVTPL

Financial Assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing Financial Assets.

A Financial Asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold Assets to collect contractual Cash Flows; and
- the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to Cash Flows that are solely payments of Principal and Interest on the Principal amount outstanding.

All Financial Assets not classified as measured at amortized cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a Financial Asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial Assets: Business Model Assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a Financial Asset is held at a



portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated Policies and Objectives for the Portfolio and the operation of those Policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual Interest Income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the Financial Assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the Assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the Business Model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of Financial Assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of Financial Assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the Assets.

Financial Assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial Assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of Principal and Interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'Principal' is defined as the fair value of the Financial Asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the Principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of Principal and Interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the Financial Asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of Cash Flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features;
 and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified Assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of Principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of Principal and Interest on the Principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a



Financial Asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial Assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any Interest or Dividend Income, are recognized in Profit or Loss.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost: These Assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest Income, Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses and Impairment are recognized in Profit or Loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in Profit or Loss.

Financial Liabilities: Classification, Subsequent measurement and Gains and Losses

Financial Liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A Financial Liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial Liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net Gains and Losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in Profit or Loss. Other

Financial Liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange Gains and Losses are recognized in Profit or Loss. Any Gain or Loss on derecognition is also recognized in Profit or Loss.

c. Derecognition

Financial Assets

The Company derecognizes a Financial Asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the Financial Asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the Financial Asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers Assets recognized on its Balance Sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred Assets, the transferred Assets are not derecognized.

Financial Liabilities

The Company derecognizes a Financial Liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognizes a Financial Liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new Financial Liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the Financial Liability extinguished and the new Financial Liability with modified terms is recognized in Profit.



d. Offsetting

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Balance Sheet when and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the Liability simultaneously.

e. Impairment

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on Financial Assets measured at amortized cost:

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether Financial Assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) are credit impaired. A Financial Asset is 'credit- impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the Financial Asset have occurred.

Evidence that a Financial Asset is creditimpaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

In all cases, the maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a Financial Asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.



Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in the balance sheet

Loss allowances for Financial Assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the Assets.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a Financial Asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the trade receivable does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write- off. However, Financial Assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land*	Build	Plant and Machi- nery	Electrical Equip ment	Office Equip ment	Compu	Office Compu Furniture Equip ters and ment Fixtures	Vehicles	Lease hold Improve ments	Total Tangi ble Assets	Soft	Total In Tangi ble Assets
Gross Carrying Value												
At 1 April 2024	78.67	78.67 13.35	1.27	0.71	1.15	13.22	3.04	8.57	0.53	120.51 18.43	18.43	18.43
Additions	'	'	1	•	0.01	0.28	0.02	•	1	0.31	0.31 16.44	16.44
Deletions*	40.55	'	1	•	'	'	•	•	1	40.55	'	'
At 31 March 2025	38.12	13.35	1.27	0.71	1.16	13.50	3.06	8.57	0.53	80.27	34.87	34.87
Accumulated Depreciation												
At 1 April 2024	'	6.64	0.72	0.10	0.62	09.6	2.36	5.97	0.52	26.53	1.53	1.53
Charge for the year Less: Adjustments	' '	0.83	0.10	1 1	0.02	1.66	0.06	0.73	0.01	3.41	8.44	8.44
At 31 March 2025	'	7.47	0.82	0.10	0.64	11.26	2.42	6.70	0.53	29.94	76.6	9.97
Net Block												
At 1 April 2024	78.67	6.71	0.55	0.61	0.53	3.62	0.68	2.60	0.01	93.98	93.98 16.90	16.90
At 31 March 2025	38.12	5.88	0.45	0.61	0.52	2.24	0.64	1.87	1	50.33	50.33 24.90	24.90

situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally VIIIage, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., * Note: During the FY2024-25 Company completed Sale of part of the Land on 26-July-2024 for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. TS State 501301.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

5 Right of Use Assets

Particulars	Buildings (Leasehold)	Total
Leasehold Property		
Gross Block		
At 1 April 2024	70.95	70.95
Additions	48.13	48.13
Deletions	49.50	49.50
At 31 March 2025	69.58	69.58
Accumulated Depreciation		
At 1 April 2024	13.03	13.03
Charge for the year	14.26	14.26
Less: Adjustments	3.16	3.16
At 31 March 2025	24.13	24.13
Net Block		
At 1 April 2024	57.92	57.92
At 31 March 2025	45.45	45.45

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
6 Investments		
Non-current Investments		
Investments carried at cost		
Unquoted Equity Shares		
Investments in Subsidiaries		
10,000 (31 March 2024: 10,000) Equity Shares in Staytop Systems Inc, USA	92.66	92.66
*Nil (31 March 2024: 2,50,96,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each,	92.00	92.00
fully paid-up of Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (formerly		
known as Equitas Technologies Private Limited)		
* 100% Equity stake in subsidiary company named Wowtruck		
Technologies Private Limited sold during the year and the transaction completed on 3-October-2024.		80.00
Investments in Other Companies:	_	80.00
13,55,976 (31March 2024:13,55,976) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each,		
fully paid-up of ETO Motors Private Limited	149.16	67.80
6,10,000 (31 March 2024: Nil) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each, fully		
paid-up of Roqit Greenfleet Digital Solutions Private Limited.	6.10	-
Total Investments	247.92	240.46
7. Loans (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Non-current		
Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs)	155.00	-
ICD to Subsidiary Company name ETO Motors Private Limited	155.00	-
For and amount of INR 80.00/- with interest rate of 10.15%		
Per Annum.		
ICD to Holding Company name Trinity Infraventures Limited		
For and amount of INR 75.00/- with interest rate of 10.15%		
Per Annum.		
Current		12.40
Security Deposits	-	13.40
	-	13.40



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
8. Deferred Tax Asset, net		
Deferred Tax Asset		
- Tangible and Intangible Assets	0.64	3.57
- Provision allowed under tax on payment basis	7.24	4.85
Total	7.88	8.42
Deferred Tax Liability		
- Tangible and Intangible Assets	11.63	-
Deferred Tax Asset, net	(3.75)	8.42
9. Trade Receivables		
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	206.34	192.41
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	12.77	2.40
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	193.57	190.01
Total Trade Receivables	193.57	190.01

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the	e year ei	nded as on	March 31	, 2025			
	Outsta	nding for fo	llowing pe	riods fro	m due d	ate of payr	nent
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) Undisputed Trade receivables — considered good	146.81	38.13	5.32	2.41	0.90	12.77	206.34
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowances for bad and doubtful trade receivables	_	_	-	_	_	12.77	12.77
Total Trade Receivables	146.81	38.13	5.32	2.41	0.90	-	193.57



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2024

	Outstai	nding for fo	llowing pe	riods fro	m due d	ate of payn	nent
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) Undisputed Trade receivables — considered good	143.07	18.01	19.24	3.65	6.04	2.40	192.41
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	1	1	1	1	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	1	1	•	1	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowances for bad and doubtful trade receivables	-		-			2.40	2.40
Total Trade Receivables	143.07	18.01	19.24	3.65	6.04	-	190.01

Particulars Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
10 Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances with Banks:		
- On Current Accounts	10.24	1.97
Cash on Hand	0.02	0.05
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	10.26	2.02
11 Other Bank Balances	.=	
Term deposits with Banks	279.36	198.73
Total Other Bank Balances	279.36	198.73
*Includes Margin Money Deposits of INR 2.64/- million which are lien marked against Performance BGs obtained by company from SBI, Commercial Branch, Hyderabad & Union Bank of India, Hyderabad.		
12 Other Financial Assets (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated) Non-Current		
Security Deposits	6.24	5.75
Security Deposits	6.24	5.75
Current	<u> </u>	
Interest accrued on Deposits	8.02	5.80
	8.02	5.80
13 Current Tax Assets, net		
Advance Taxes and TDS	66.80	57.39
Less: Provision for Taxes	30.17	7.79
	36.63	49.60



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

14	Other Assets		
	Non-Current Assets		
	Software Product Development Expenses Incurred during the		
	year: the Company has incurred certain directly attributable		
	expenses related to the technical development of a Software		
	as a Service (SaaS) product, ROQIT which is designed as a comprehensive technology ecosystem for large fleet operators,		
	Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) in the automotive		
	industry, and logistics companies, with a particular emphasis on		
	zero-emission fleets (electric and hydrogen fuel cell-powered).		
	The platform offers world-class fleet management solutions	52.1 <i>7</i>	25.15
	and advanced data analytics. Additionally, it provides		
	partner-based services such as Insurance as a Service,		
	Roadside Assistance, Carbon Accounting, and Greenhouse Gas		
	(GHG) quota management.		
	Current Assets	52.17	25.15
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Advance to Suppliers	1.01	2.19
	Prepaid Expenses	14.55	1.81
	Balances with Government Departments	10.58	-
	Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э Э	26.14	4.00
15	Share Capital	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Authorized Share Capital		
	50,000,000 (31 March 2024: 50,000,000)		
	Equity Shares of INR 10/- Each	500.00	500.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up		
	34,582,066 (31 March 2024: 34,582,066) Equity Shares		
	•	345.82	345.82

(a) Reconciliation of Shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year

31 Mai	rch 2025	31 Ma	rch 2024
No. of Equity	INR	No. of Equity	INR
Shares	Million	Shares	Million
34,582,066	345.82	34,582,066	345.82
-	-	-	-
34,582,066	345.82	34,582,066	345.82
	No. of Equity Shares 34,582,066	Shares Million 34,582,066 345.82 - -	No. of Equity INR Million No. of Equity Shares Million Shares 34,582,066 345.82 34,582,066 - - -



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

(b) Terms / rights attached to the Equity Shares

Equity Shares of the Company have a par value of INR 10/- Per Share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining Assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the Shareholders.

(c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	31 Mar	ch 2025	31 Ma	rch 2024
Particulars		% holding	No. of Equity Shares held	% holding
	Snares neia	in the class	Snares neia	in the class
Trinity Infraventures Limited	18,520,417	53.55%	18,520,417	53.55%

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
16 Other Equity		
Capital Reserve:		
Opening Balance	59.78	59.78
Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	59.78	59.78
Securities Premium:		
Opening Balance	286.31	286.31
Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	286.31	286.31
Securities Premium consists of the difference between the face		
value of the Equity Shares and the consideration received in		
respect of Shares issued.		
General Reserve:		
Opening Balance	18.30	18.30
Add: Transfers during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	18.30	18.30
The General Reserve is used from time to time to transfer Profits from Retained Earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General Reserve is created by a transfer from one component of Equity to another and is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income, items included in the General Reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to Profit or Loss		
Retained Earnings:		
Opening Balance	(111.72)	(135.11)
Profit /(Loss) for the year	148.13	23.39
Closing Balance	36.41	(111.72)



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans		
Opening Balance	1.30	1.30
Actuarial gain/(loss) on employee net defined benefit obligations		
(net of tax)	1.35	0.17
Closing Balance	2.65	1.30
FVTOCI Equity Instruments		
Opening Balance		
FVTOCI Equity Instruments (net of tax)	69.73	-
Closing Balance	69.73	-
Total Other Equity	473.16	253.96

Retained Earnings reflect Surplus / Deficit after Taxes in the Profit or Loss. The amount that can be distributed by the Company as Dividends to its Equity Shareholders is determined based on the balance in this reserve and also considering the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
17 Borrowings		
Non-current Borrowings		
Secured Loans		
- From Banks	-	-
Total Non-current Borrowings	-	-
Current Borrowings		
Secured Loans repayable on demand		
- Overdraft facility against Fixed Deposit (ODFD)		
Loans from Banks (refer note A below)	23.56	36.00
Total Current Borrowings	23.56	36.00

A. Overdraft Credit Facility against Fixed Deposit:

During the FY 2024-25, the Company availed INR.50,000,000/- Overdraft Credit facility with a interest rate of 10.15% per annum (EBLR+0.90%) from Union Bank of India, Somajiguda Branch, Hyderabad, TS State, India.

Also during the FY 2024-25, the Company availed INR.19,000,000/- Overdraft Credit facility with a interest rate of 7.55% per annum against Fixed Deposit of INR.20,000,000/- (interest rate on FD is 7.00% per annum) from ICICI Bank Limited, M.G.Road Branch, Secunderabad, TS State, India.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
18 Lease Liability		
Leasehold Property		
Opening Balance	59.66	45.57
Additions during the Year	46.43	21.17
Deletions during the Year	(47.75)	-
Interest on Lease Liability	3.91	3.80
Payments during the year	(12.13)	(10.88)
Notional Gains on Lease Modification	(5.41)	-
	44.71	59.66
- Non-Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	39.15	50.24
-Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	5.56	9.42



130.75

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
19. Provisions		
Non-Current		
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Gratuity (Non-funded, refer note 35)	11.90	12.00
-Compensated Absences	-	-
·	11.90	12.00
Current		
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Gratuity (Non-funded, refer note 35)	1.18	0.50
-Compensated Absences	2.93	2.54
·	4.11	3.04
20 Trade payables		
Trade Payables		
- Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small		
Enterprises (refer note 36)	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro		
Enterprises and Small Enterprises	130.75	118.70
	130.75	118.70

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2025 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment **Particulars** 6-12 1-2 Not Less than 2-3 More than Total due 6 months months **Years** years 3 years (I) MSME 77.80 49.96 2.99 130.75 (ii) Others (iii) Disputed dues - MSME (iv) Disputed dues — Others

49.96

2.99

77.80

Total

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2024							
	Outsta	nding for fo	llowing p	eriods f	rom due	date of pay	ment
Particulars		Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	67.53	47.96	3.21	-	-	-	118.70
(iii) Disputed dues — MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues — Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	67.53	47.96	3.21	-	-	-	118.70



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

21 Other Financial Liabilities Other Financial Liabilities Other Financial Liabilities Non-current Advance received from Customers Current Statutory Dues Payable Advance received from Customers Advance received gagainst Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
22 Other Liabilities Non-current Advance received from Customers 12.26 30.01 Current Statutory Dues Payable Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million.	21 Other Financial Liabilities		
Non-current Advance received from Customers 12.26 30.01 Current Statutory Dues Payable Advance received from Customers Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million.	Other Financial Liabilities	-	-
Current Statutory Dues Payable Advance received from Customers Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).	Non-current	12.26	30.01
Current Statutory Dues Payable Advance received from Customers Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).	Advance received from Costomers		
Statutory Dues Payable Advance received from Customers Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).	Current	12.20	00.01
Advance received from Customers Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).		13.71	11.82
Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).		12.26	1.13
	Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr. Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an		
85.97 52.95	,	85.97	52.95



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
23	Revenue from Operations		
	Revenue from Information Technology /		
	Software Services and Sale of Software Licenses		
	Export	181.32	154.82
	Domestic	686.77	635.26
		868.09	790.08
	Disaggregated Revenue Information		
	Revenues by type of goods and service		
	- Sale of Software	749.97	645.79
	- IT Consulting Services	118.12	144.29
		868.09	790.08
	Revenues by geography		
	- India	686.77	635.26
	- Outside India	181.32	154.82
		868.09	790.08
	Revenues by timing of revenue recognition		
	- Services transferred over time	868.09	790.08
		868.09	790.08
	Contract balances		
	- Trade receivables	193.57	190.01
	- Contract liabilities (Advance from customers)	24.52	1.13
l		218.09	191.14
24	Other Income		
	Finance Income	00.00	1000
	Interest on Deposits	23.20	12.20
	Miscellaneous Income	5.46	0.13
	Profit on Sale of Investments	5.29	-
		33.95	12.33
	Profit on Sale of Land	156.35	
	Troni on Sale of Land		
		156.35	-
25	Cost of Materials Consumed	,,,,,,,	[[
	Purchase cost of Software Licenses	649.92	543.92
		649.92	543.92
26	Employee Benefits Expense		
	Salaries, Wages and Bonus	140.79	159.53
	Contribution to Provident and other Funds	2.91	3.83
	Gratuity Expenses (Refer Note 35)	3.64	3.62
	Staff Welfare Expenses	2.15	2.66
		149.49	169.64
27	Depreciation and Amortization Expense		
	Depreciation of Tangible Assets	3.40	4.34
	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	8.45	1.53
	Depreciation of Right to Use Asset	11.10	10.08
		22.95	15.95
	[120]		

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
28 Finance Costs		
Interest on Borrowings	2.73	1.40
Bank Charges	0.68	0.50
Interest on Lease Liability	3.91	3.80
	7.32	5.70
29 Other Expenses		
Power/Electricity & Fuel	2.00	1.87
Rent	2.48	1.57
Repairs to Office Equipment	0.01	0.70
Insurance	0.41	0.45
Car Hire Charges & Transportation		0.38
Telephone, Postage and Others	0.39	0.42
Business Promotion Expenses	0.82	1.46
Conveyance & Travelling Expenses	5.51	4.09
Office Maintenance	4.30	5.61
	0.73	
Printing & Stationery Expenses		0.84
Security Charges	0.58	0.51
Rates & Taxes	3.84	0.86
Listing Fee	5.01	1.40
Professional Consultancy Fee	10.11	15.44
Audit Fee	0.45	0.48
Reimbursement of expenses Auditors	0.02	0.02
Director Sitting Fee	1.25	1.20
Vehicle Maintenance Charges	0.24	0.23
Secretarial Expenses	0.02	0.05
Bad Debts Written-off	10.37	0.45
Foreign Exchange Loss	0.80	0.49
Other Expenses	0.51	0.05
	49.85	38.57
30 Tax Expenses		
Current Income Tax:	20.17	7.00
Current Year Previous Year Taxes	30.1 <i>7</i> 0.48	7.80
Deferred Tax:	0.48	(1.16) (1.40)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Income Tax Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss	30.73	5.24
Deferred Tax related to items considered in OCI during the year		
Re-measurement Gains / (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plan	0.46	(0.07)
Deferred Tax on Re-measurement of Employee Benefit Expenses	(11.64)	(0.07)
Income Tax charge to OCI	(12.10)	(0.07)
Reconciliation of Tax Expense with the Accounting		
Profit multiplied by Domestic Tax Rate:		



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Accounting Profit before Income Tax	178.86	28.63
Tax on accounting profit at statutory income tax rate 25.17%		
(31 March 2024 : 27.82%)	45.02	7.96
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(14.84)	(0.16)
Others	12.65	(2.50)
Tax Expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	42.83	5.30
Effective Tax Rate	23.94%	18.53%
31 Contingent liabilities and commitments		
i) Contingent liabilities:		
 Corporate Guarantees given on behalf of 		
Related Parties (Refer Note below)	-	-
- Bank Guarantees	2.64	2.73
ii) Commitments:		
- Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on		
Capital Account and not provided for, net of Advances	Nil	Nil

32 Related Party disclosures

a) The following table provides the Name of the Related Party and the nature of its relationship with the Company:

Name of the Parties	Relationship
Subsidiary Companies:	
Staytop Systems, Inc.	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
Equitas Technologies Private Limited)	- 100% Equity stake in
	subsidiary company named
	Wowtruck Technologies Private
	Limited sold during the year and
	the transaction completed
	on 3-October-2024.
Trinity Infraventures Limited	Entity Belonging to the
	Promoters group and holding
	53.55% in the Shareholding of
	the Company
ETO Motors Private Limited	Sister Concern
Roqit Greenfleet Digital Solutions Private Limited	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
Key Management Personnel (KMP):	
Pavan Chavali	Managing Director
	(till 26-September-2024)
Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	Whole-Time Director
Vithal V S S N K Popuri	Chief Financial Officer
Niralee Rasesh Kotdawala	Company Secretary
	(till 05-September-2024)
Adalat Srikanth	Company Secretary
	(from 15-November-2024)



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

b) Details of all transactions with Related Parties during the year:				
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
I)	Revenue from Subsidiary: Staytop Systems, Inc.	-	2.95	
ii)	Revenue from Subsidiary: Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited	1.03	2.22	
iii)	Revenue from Sister Concern: ETO Motors Private Limited	0.02	0.50	
iv)	Managerial Remuneration / Consultancy Fee to Key Managerial Personnel *	17.08	19.70	

^{*}Does not include Insurance, which is paid for the Company as a whole and Gratuity and Compensated Absences as this is provided in the books of accounts on the basis of Actuarial Valuation for the Company as a whole and hence individual amount cannot be determined.

c) Details of balances receivable from and payable to Related Parties are as follows:

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
I)	Trade Receivables: Staytop Systems, Inc.	-	14.47
ii)	Trade Receivables: Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited	-	0.30
iii)	Trade Receivables: ETO Motors Private Limited	0.01	2.05
iv)	Financial Liabilities - Others: Trinity Infraventures Limited	-	30.01
v)	Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs) given to Wholly Owned Subsidiary Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as Equitas Technologies Pvt. Ltd.)	-	13.40
vi)	Fixed Deposits of Holding Company: Aion-Tech Solutions Limited given fixed deposits for Obtaining Overdraft Facility against Fixed Deposit (ODFD) for INR 59.75 Millions by its Wholly Owned Subsidiary Wowtruck Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as Equitas Technologies Pvt. Ltd)	_	65.00
	Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs) to Trinity Infraventures Ltd	75.00	-
	Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs) to ETO Motors Private Limited	80.00	-
	Salary Advance to Whole-Time Director (Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand)	1.09	-
	Investment in Wholly Owned Subsidiary Roqit Greenfleet Digital Solutions Pvt Ltd	6.10	-



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

d) Terms and conditions of transactions with Related Parties:

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free.

33 Segment Information

Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" ("Ind AS 108") establishes standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about Operating and Geographical Segments and related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas, and major customers. Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, Operating Segments and Geographical Segments are to be reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources on overall basis.

During the year, the Company has two reportable segments i.e. Information Technology / Software Services and Software License

The Segment Revenue, Profitability, Assets and Liabilities are as under:

Revenue by Segment	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
a) Information Technology / Software Services	118.12	144.29	
b) Sale of Software License	749.97	645.79	
Total Revenue	868.09	790.08	
Segment Results			
Profit before Tax & Interest:			
a) Information Technology / Software Services	33.75	39.87	
b) Sale of Software License	19.03	10.41	
Total:	52.78	50.28	
Less: (i) Interest	7.32	5.70	
(ii) Unallocable Expenditure (Net of			
Un-allocable Income)	22.95	15.95	
Total Profit Before Tax	22.51	28.63	

Segment Assets, Segment Liabilities & Segment Capital Employed:

Segment Capital Employed: Segregation of assets, liabilities, depreciation and other non-cash expenses into various primary segments has not been done, as the assets are used interchangeably between segments. Accordingly no disclosure relating to segmental assets and liabilities has been made.

34 Auditors' Remuneration include:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024		
	INR			
Statutory Audit Fee (in INR)	450,000	450,000		
Tax Audit Fee (in INR)	25,000	25,000		
Total	475,000	475,000		



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

35 Gratuity (Non-Funded)

The Company provides its employees with benefits under a defined benefit plan, referred to as the "Gratuity Plan". The Gratuity Plan entitles an employee, who has rendered at least five years of continuous service, to receive 15 days salary for each year of completed service (service of six months and above is rounded off as one year) at the time of retirement/exit, restricted to a sum of INR 2,000,000

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss and the amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the plan:

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligations:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening Balance	12.50	11.55
Current Service Cost	2.76	2.77
Past Service Cost	-	-
Interest Cost	0.88	0.85
Benefits Paid	(1.24)	(2.43)
Actuarial Gain	(1.82)	(0.24)
Closing Balance	13.08	12.50
Present value of Projected Benefit Obligation at		
the end of the year	13.08	12.50
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	-	-
Net Liability recognized in the Balance Sheet	13.08	12.50
Current Provision	1.18	0.50
Non Current Provision	11.90	12.00
Expenses recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Service Cost	2.76	2.78
Interest Cost	0.88	0.85
Gratuity Cost	3.64	3.63
Re-measurement Gains/ (Losses) in OCI		
Actuarial Loss / (Gain) due to demographic assumption changes	-	-
Actuarial Loss / (Gain) due to financial assumption changes	0.51	0.38
Actuarial Loss / (Gain) due to experience adjustments	(2.32)	(0.62)
Return on Plan Assets greater (less) than discount rate	-	-
Total expenses routed through OCI	(1.81)	(0.24)
Key Actuarial Assumptions:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Discount Rate (per annum)	6.80%	7.20%
Future salary increases	7.00%	7.00%



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption and its impact in percentage terms on projected benefit obligation are as follows:

	31 March 2025			
	Discount Rate	Salary Escalation Rate		
Impact of increase in 50 bps on projected benefit obligation	-4.81%	3.88%		
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on projected benefit obligation	5.23%	-3.61%		

These sensitivities have been calculated to show the movement in projected benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions.

36 Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2025 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('The MSMED Act') is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a)	the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
b)	the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
c)	the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this MSMED Act	Nil	Nil
d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	Nil	Nil
e)	the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	Nil	Nil



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

37 Leases

Where the Company is a Lessee:

Effective 1-April-2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116, Leases. This standard brings most leases on-balance sheet for lessees under a single model, eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. Company has recognized Right of use asset or Lease liability in accordance of this standard.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to certain short term leases of some of the assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases amounting to INR2.48 Million (Previous Year: INR1.57 Million) are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

38 Earnings Per Share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the Profit for the year attributable to Equity Holders by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the Profit attributable to Equity Holders by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity Shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity Shares into Equity Shares.

38 Earnings Per Share (Continued)

The following table sets out the computation of Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit for the year attributable to Equity Share Holders	148.13	23.39
Shares		
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding		
during the year – basic	34,582,066	34,582,066
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding		
during the year – diluted	34,582,066	34,582,066
Earnings Per Share		
Earnings per share of par value INR 10 – basic (INR)	4.29	0.68
Earnings per share of par value INR 10 – diluted (INR)	4.29	0.68

39 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance and support Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include inventory, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and refundable deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

and borrowings and refundable deposits. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt.

The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post retirement obligations; provisions.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's short-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of variable rate borrowings. The Company does not enter into any interest rate swaps.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

	Increase/decrease in interest rate	Effect on Profit Before Tax in INR
31 March 2025		
INR	+1%	(0.24)
INR	-1%	0.24
31 March 2024		
INR	+1%	(0.36)
INR	-1%	0.36

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The credit risk arises principally from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. The collection from the trade receivables are monitored on a continuous basis by the receivables team.

The Company establishes an allowance for credit loss that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables based on the past and the recent collection trend. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at reporting date is primarily from trade receivables amounting to INR 193.57 Millions (31 March 2024: INR 190.01 Million). Basis the estimate, there is allowance for Bad and doubtful depts provided by the Company of INR 12.77 Million (31 March 2024: INR 2.40 Million).



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

The top 5 customers account for around 20% of the revenue as of 31 March 2025 and around 25% of the revenue as of 31 March 2024 as the Company has diversified business in the areas of IT Consulting, IT Staffing, Off-shore Technical Support and Big Data Analytics Software License Sales. Credit risk on Cash and Cash equivalent is limited as the Company generally transacts with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

c) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Year ended 31 March 2025						
Borrowings	23.56	-	-	-	-	23.56
Trade Payables	-	130.75	-	-	-	130.75
Year ended 31 March 2024						
Borrowings	36.00	-	-	-	-	36.00
Trade Payables	-	118.70	-	-	-	118.70

Foreign Currency Risk:

The year end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as under:

	In	In foreign currency			In Rupees	
Particulars	Currency	Currency 31-Mar-25 31-Mar-24 3		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
		US\$	US\$	INR	INR	
Trade payables	US\$	0.19	0.15	15.85	12.54	
Trade receivables	US\$	0.65	0.68	55.99	56.68	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	US\$	0.12	0.02	10.07	1.87	
Total		0.96	0.85	81.91	71.09	

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

Change in USD rate	31 March 2025 31 March			
	US\$			
5% increase	0.05	0.04		
5% decrease	(0.05)	(0.04)		



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

40 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a stable Capital base so as to maintain Investor, Creditor and Market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors Capital on the basis of Return on Capital Employed as well as the Debt to Total Equity Ratio.

For the purpose of Debt to Total Equity Ratio, Debt considered is Long-term and Short-term Borrowings. Total Equity comprise of issued Share Capital and all other Equity Reserves.

The Capital Structure as of 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 was as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Total Equity attributable to the Equity Shareholders		
of the Company	818.98	599.78
As a percentage of Total Capital	97.20%	94.34%
Long Term Borrowings including Current Maturities	-	-
Short Term Borrowings	23.56	36.00
Total Borrowing	23.56	36.00
As a percentage of total Capital	2.80%	5.66%
Total Capital (Equity and Borrowings)	842.54	635.78

41 Other Statutory Information

- 41.1 The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- 41.2 The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- 41.3 The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 41.4 The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- 41.5 The Company have no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- 41.6 The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 41.7 The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 41.8 The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:



- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 41.9 The company is not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

42 Ratio Analysis

S.No	Particulars	Measure ment	Numerator	Denominator	2024-25	2023-24	% Change	Explanation for Significant Change
1	Current Ratio	In Times	Current Asset	Current Liabilities	2.22	2.11	5.24%	Note 42.1
2	Debt - Equity Ratio	In Times	Debt = Long Term Borrowings + Short Term Borrowings	Total Equity	0.06	0.11	46.66%	Note 42.2
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	In Times	Earnings for Debt Service = Net Profit after Taxes + Non Cash Operating Expenses + Finance Cost	Debt Service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal P ayments	19.08	30.81	-38.08%	Note 42.3
4	Return on Equity Ratio	In Percentage	Profit after Tax	Average Shareholder's Fund	20.88%	3.98%	424.63%	Note 42.4
5	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	In Times	Net Credit Sales = Gross Credit Sales - Sales Return (Excluding Other Income)	Average Trade Receivable	4.25	3.95	7.53%	Note 42.5
6	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	In Times	Operating Expenses + Other Expenses	Average Trade Payable	3.54	4.04	-12.38%	Note 42.6
7	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	In Times	Net Sales = Total Sales - Sales Return (Including Other Income)	Working Capital = Current Assets - Current Liabilities	2.97	3.30	-10.00%	Note 42.7
8	Net Profit Rat	o In Percentage	Profit After Tax	Net Sales = Total Sales - Sales Return (Including Other Income)	16.42%	2.91%	464.27%	Note 42.8
9	Return on Capital Employed	In Percentage	Earnings Before Interest and Tax	Capital Employed= Net Worth + Total Debt	2.84%	4.74%	-40.09%	Note 42.9
10	Return on Investment	In Percentage	Profit After Tax	Total Assets	13.04	2.56%	409.38%	Note 42.10



Note

- 42.1 The increase in Current Ratio of 5.24% due to increase in the Other Bank Balances because of sale of company's part of Land situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and sale of 100% Equity Stake of subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.2 The decrease in Debt Equity Ratio due to low utilization of Overdraft Credit facility. The utilization of Overdraft Credit facility stood at INR23.56 Million as on 31-March-2025 as against a sanctioned limit of INR69.00 million.
- 42.3 The decrease in Debt Service coverage ratio is because the company has given discounts to the large sized Software License Sale orders resulting in decrease in margin on Software License Sale.
- 42.4 Increase in Return on Equity Ratio due to Profit on sale of part of Land owned by the company situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity Stake in subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.5 Increase in Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio is due to timely collection of Accounts Receivable.
- 42.6 The decrease in Trade Payable Turnover Ratio is due to timely payment to suppliers of Software licenses
- 42.7 The decrease in net Capital Turnover Ratio is due to increase in Other Bank Balances due to Sale of part of land owned by Company in Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity stake in the subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.8 Increase in Net Profit Ratio due to profit on Sale of part Land owned by Company in Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity stake of Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.9 Decrease in Return on Capital Employed due to decrease in margins because discount given to large sized customer orders in Software License Sales segment.
- 42.10 Increase in Return on Investment Ratio due to profit on Sale of part Land owned by Company in Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity stake of Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.

43 Significant Accounting Estimates, Judgements and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

43(a) Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:IThe Company determines the lease term as non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).



43(b)E stimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

I. Deferred tax assets (including MAT credits) are recognised for unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the credits can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Refer Note 30.

II. Defined benefit plan

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

III. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives and residual values of all its property, plant and equipment estimated by the management. The management believes that depreciation rates currently used fairly reflect its estimate of the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment, which are equal to the life prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

IV. The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset or a group of assets comprising a cash generating unit may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. For an asset or group of assets that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the carrying amount of asset does not exceed the net book value that would have been determined, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

V. Leases-Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company presently pays on Borrowings availed by the Company.



44 Standards issued but not yet effective

I. Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

II. Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. The Company is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

III. The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations. Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.

45 The Indian Parliament has approved the code on Social Security, 2020 which could impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and the rules for quantifying the financial impact are yet to be framed. The company will complete evaluation and will give appropriate impact in the financial results in the period in which, the code and related rules become effective.

46 Prior Year comparatives

The figures of the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary, to conform with the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date for **P Murali & Co** Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aion-Tech Solutions Limited** CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Sd/- **Mukund Vijayrao Joshi** Partner Membership No.: 024784 Sd/-Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand Whole Time Director DIN: 10267020 Sd/-L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025 Sd/-Vithal V S S N K Popuri Chief Financial Officer Sd/-Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of M/s AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED) ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date ,and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "the consolidated Ind AS financial statements").

The Consolidated Financial Statements includes the Following Entities:

- 1) Staytop Systems, Inc, USA,
- 2) Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited (Formerly known as Equitas Technologies Private Limited) [The sale of 100% equity Investment was completed on 03-10-2024. Financial Results of this entity are considered in the consolidated financial results accordingly].
- 3) Roqit Greenfleet Digital Solutions Private Limited

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013(the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting

Standards) Rules ,2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India , of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025, the consolidated Profit, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in "other Matter" paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Information Other than the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon:

- The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- Our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



- In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the Consolidated financial position, Consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, Consolidated Statement of changes in equity and Consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair

view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. Which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate



to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(I) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated Financial Results. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial results of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated Financial Results, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report



because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter Paragraph:

We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of 3 subsidiaries included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements. whose Financial Statements / Financial information after Inter Company eliminations reflect Group's share of total assets of Rs. 146.28 million as at 31st March 2025, Group's share of total revenue is of Rs. 22.16 million and Group's share of total net profit/(loss) after tax is of Rs. (49.10) million and Total comprehensive income of Rs. (45.49) million for the period from 01-04-2024 to 31-03-2025 respectively, as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in respect of the subsidiaries whose financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. This financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose report have furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of subsection (3) of section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the audit report of the other auditor.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and to the Extent possible, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS

financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the company and its subsidiaries, none of the directors of the group companies is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the Auditor's reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company



- to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Group does not have pending litigations as at March 31 st, 2025 which would have impact on its consolidated financial position of the group.
 - The group does not have any longterm contracts, including derivate contracts and did not have any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to thelnvestor Education and Protection Fund by the Company and its subsidiary companies.
 - iv. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or group companies to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - v. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company or group companies from any persons or

- entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or group companies shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vi. Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material misstatement.
- vii.The company or group companies has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- viii.The company or group companies has used such accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the software and the audit trail feature has not been tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the company or group companies as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For P. Murali & Co, Chartered Accountants FRN:007527S

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi Partner

M.No:024784 UDIN: 25024784BMIXVG1257

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025



ANNEXURE "A"

ANNEXURE TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF M/S AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED)

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report on Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of M/S AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (Formerly Known as GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED) for the year ending March 31 st, 2025.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under clause (i) of the Sub- section 3 of the Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('The Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of M/S AION-TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS GOLDSTONE TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED) (herein after referred to as "Company") and its subsidiary company, which is incorporated in India, as of that date. We have not audited the internal financial controls of the Foreign Subsidiary.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design,

implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary companies based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement



of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its Subsidiary Companies.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statement

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting:

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company and its subsidiary companies, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For P. Murali & Co., Chartered Accountants FRN: 007257S

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner M.No: 024784

UDIN: 25024784BMIXVG1257

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025



CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Assets			
Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment	4	50.33	95.04
Intangible Assets	4	30.33	75.04
Software	4	24.90	16.90
Goodwill	4	92.58	101.49
Intangible Assets under Development	_	5.07	16.16
Right of use Assets	5	45.45	57.92
Financial Assets			
Investment	6	149.16	67.80
Loans	7	155.00	-
Other Financial Assets	12	6.27	7.77
Deferred Tax Assets, net	8	-	8.42
Other Non Current Assets	14	52.17	25.15
		580.93	396.65
Current Assets			
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	9	193.57	219.76
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	12.04	5.33
Other Bank Balances	11	279.35	198.73
Loans	7	139.41	153.18
Other Financial Assets	12	8.02	5.80
Current Tax Assets, net	13	36.63	61.14
Other Current Assets	14	26.14	11.79
		695.16	655.73
Total Assets		1,276.09	1,052.38
Equity and Liabilities		,	,
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	15	345.82	345.82
Other Equity	16	612.66	324.91
Equity attributable to the owners of the company		958.48	670.73
Non-Controlling Interest		750.40	07 0.7 3
Non-current Liabilities		_	_
Financial Liabilities			
	1.7		
Borrowings	17		-
Lease Liabilities	18	39.15	50.24
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	8	3.75	-
Provisions	19	11.90	13.83
Other Current Liabilities	22	12.26	30.01
		67.06	94.08
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	17	23.56	95.47
Lease Liabilities	18	5.56	9.42



Trade Payables			
Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and small			
Enterprises	20	-	-
Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro			
Enterprises and small Enterprises	20	130.78	124.06
Other Financial Liabilities	21	-	2.63
Provisions	19	4.11	3.04
Other Current Liabilities	22	86.54	52.95
		250.55	287.57
Total Liabilities		317.61	381.65
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,276.09	1,052.38

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

3

Sd/-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date for **P Murali & Co** Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aion-Tech Solutions Limited** CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Sd/- **Mukund Vijayrao Joshi** Partner Membership No.: 024784

Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand
Whole Time Director
DIN: 10267020
Sd/Vithal V S S N K Popuri
Chief Financial Officer

L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679 Sd/-Adalat Srikanth

Sd/-

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 29.05.2025

Vithal V S S N K Popuri
Chief Financial Officer

Adalat Śrikanth
Company Secretary



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Income Revenue from Operations 23 Other Income 24 Total Income Expenses Operating Expenses 25 Employee Benefits Expense 26 Finance Costs 28 Depreciation and Amortization Expense 27 Other Expenses 29 Total Expense 29 Total Expense 29 Total Expense 29 Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years 30 Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss: Fair Valuation changes in Equity Instruments	889.00 34.17 923.17 669.44 156.30 10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57) 156.35	932.76 12.46 945.22 673.32 192.72 10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Other Income Total Income Expenses Operating Expenses Employee Benefits Expense Employee Benefits Expense Finance Costs Depreciation and Amortization Expense Other Expenses Total Expense Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	34.17 923.17 669.44 156.30 10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	12.46 945.22 673.32 192.72 10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Other Income Total Income Expenses Operating Expenses Employee Benefits Expense Finance Costs Depreciation and Amortization Expense Other Expenses Total Expense Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	923.17 669.44 156.30 10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	945.22 673.32 192.72 10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Expenses Operating Expenses Operating Expenses Employee Benefits Expense Finance Costs Depreciation and Amortization Expense Other Expenses Total Expense Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	669.44 156.30 10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	673.32 192.72 10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Operating Expenses 25 Employee Benefits Expense 26 Finance Costs 28 Depreciation and Amortization Expense 27 Other Expenses 29 Total Expense 29 Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense 20 Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years 30 Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense 20 Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest 27 Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest 37 Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent 38 Other Comprehensive Income 38 Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	156.30 10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	192.72 10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Employee Benefits Expense 26 Finance Costs 28 Depreciation and Amortization Expense 27 Other Expenses 29 Total Expense 29 Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense 20 Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years 30 Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	156.30 10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	192.72 10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Finance Costs Depreciation and Amortization Expense Other Expenses Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	10.69 23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	10.18 17.07 68.36 961.65
Depreciation and Amortization Expense 27 Other Expenses 29 Total Expense 29 Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items 24 Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense 20 Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years 30 Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense 27 Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest 27 Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest 37 Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent 37 Other Comprehensive Income 38 Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	23.51 89.80 949.74 (26.57)	17.07 68.36 961.65
Other Expenses Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	89.80 949.74 (26.57) 156.35	68.36 961.65
Total Expense Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	949.74 (26.57) 156.35	961.65
Profit Before Exceptional Items and Tax Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	(26.57) 156.35	
Exceptional Items Profit on Sale of Land 24 Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	156.35	(16.43)
Profit on Sale of Land Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:		_
Profit Before Tax Tax Expense Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:		_
Tax Expense Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	129.78	
Current Tax 30 Taxes of Earlier Years 30 Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	· I	(16.43)
Taxes of Earlier Years Deferred Tax 30 Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:		
Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	30.19	7.94
Total Tax Expense Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	0.49	(1.16)
Profit/(Loss) for the Year before Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	0.08	(1.40)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling Interest Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	30.76	5.38
Profit/(Loss) attributable to Owners of the Parent Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	99.02	(21.81)
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	99.02	- (21.81)
Re-measurement gains on Defined Benefit Plan Income-Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss 30	81.36 1.82 (12.10)	- 0.46 (0.07)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of Tax	71.08	0.39
Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss:	71.00	0.37
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Income-tax Effect	3.61	(1.14)
Total items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	3.61	(1.14)
Other Comprehensive Income before Non-controlling Interest Other Comprehensive Income attributable to Non Controlling Interest	74.69	(0.75)
Other Comprehensive Income attributable to Owners of the Parent	74.69	(0.75)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year before Non Controlling Interest	173.71	(22.56)
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to Non controlling Interest Total Comprehensive Income attributable to Owners of the Parent	173.71	(22.56)
Earnings Per equity Share (nominal value of INR 10) in INR 38	1	
Basic		(0.63)
Diluted	2.86	(0.63)

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 29.05.2025

for **P Murali & Co** Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aion-Tech Solutions Limited** CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Sd/- **Mukund Vijayrao Joshi** Partner Membership No.: 024784 Sd/Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand
Whole Time Director
DIN: 10267020
Sd/Vithal V S S N K Popuri
Chief Financial Officer

3

Sd/-L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679 Sd/-Adalat Srikanth

Company Secretary



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
I. Cash Flows from Operating activities		
Profit Before Tax	129.78	(16.43)
Adjustments to reconcile Profit Before Tax to Net Cash Flows:		
Depreciation of Tangible Assets	3.96	5.46
Depreciation of Intangible Assets	8.45	1.53
Depreciation of Right to Use Assets	11.10	10.08
Interest Income	(23.20)	(12.33)
Other Income	-	(0.13)
Notional Gain on Lease Modification	(5.43)	- -
Finance Costs	, ,	
i. Interest on Borrowings and Charges	2.73	5.88
ii. Interest on Lease Liabilities	3.91	3.80
iii. Bank Charges	4.05	0.50
Profit on sale of land	(156.35)	_
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	(3.61)	1.14
Operating Profit before Working Capital changes	(24.61)	(0.50)
Changes in Working Capital:		
Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in Operating Assets		
Trade Receivables	21.20	17.07
Loans	(141.23)	5.89
Other Financial Assets - Current	(2.22)	(3.69)
Other Financial Assets - Non Current	1.51	(4.43)
Other Assets - Current	(14.42)	12.05
Other Assets - Non Current	(27.01)	(25.15)
Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in Operating Liabilities		
Trade Payables	67.17	32.46
Other Financial Liabilities - Current	(3.83)	0.50
Other Non-current Liabilities	(17.75)	(2.00)
Other Current Liabilities	33.58	19.50
Provisions - Non Current	1.54	(1.85)
Provisions - Current	1.07	1.46
Cash generated from Operations Income Taxes paid	(105.00) (17.91)	51.31 (15.04)
Net Cash generated from/(used in) Operating Activities	(122.91)	36.27
Net Cush generaled from/(Used in) Operating Activities	(122.71)	30.2/
II. Cach Flows from Investing Activities		
II. Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangibles		
(including Capital Work in progress)	175.61	(48.57)
(Investments in)/ redemption of Bank Deposits (having original maturity	1/3.01	(40.57)
of more than three months) - net	(80.62)	(42.41)
Cash Inflow on Sale of Subsidiary	85.29	(72.71)
Interest Received	23.20	12.33
Other Income		0.13
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	203.48	(78.52)



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
III. Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from/(repayment of) Long-term Borrowings, net	-	-
Proceeds from/(repayment of) Short-term Borrowings, net	(53.66)	35.68
Lease Liability	(13.42)	10.29
Interest paid on Borrowings and Charges	(2.73)	(5.88)
Bank Charges	(4.05)	(0.50)
Net Cash provided by Financing Activities	(73.86)	39.59
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III)	6.71	(2.66)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	5.33	7.99
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (refer note below)	12.04	5.33
Note:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise:		
Cash on Hand	0.02	0.05
Balances with Banks:		
- in Current Accounts	12.02	5.28
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents:	12.04	5.33

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date for **P Murali & Co** Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Aion-Tech Solutions Limited** CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Sd/-

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi

Partner

Membership No.: 024784

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025 Sd/-Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand Whole Time Director DIN: 10267020 Sd/-

> Vithal V S S N K Popuri Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-L.P. Sashikumar Director DIN: 00016679 Sd/-

Adalat Srikanth Company Secretary



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

b. Other equity

		Reserves	Reserves and Surplus	Sí	IDO		Items of Other			
							Comprehensive Income			
Particulars	Capital	Securities General	General	Retained	Re-	FVTOCI	Foreign	Total other		Total
	Reserve	Premium	Reserve	Earnings	measurement Equity	Equity	Currency	Equity	controlling	
					gains/(losses) Instru on defined ments	Instru	Translation Reserve		Interest	
					benefit plans					
At 31 March 2023	59.78	286.31	18.30	(101.33)	1.13	-	81.00	345.19	,	345.19
Profit / (Loss) for the year				(21.81)				(21.81)	•	(21.81)
Addition during the year				2.28				2.28		2.28
Other Comprehensive Income								•		
Re-measurement Gains/(Losses) on Defined					0.46			0.46		0.46
Foreign Currency Translation adjustments							(1.14)	(1.14)		(1.14)
Income tax relating to items that will not										
be reclassified to Profit or Loss					(0.07)			(0.07)		(0.07)
At 31 March 2024	59.78	286.31	18.30	(120.86)	1.52	•	79.86	324.91	•	324.91
Profit / (Loss) for the year				99.02				99.02		99.02
Addition during the year										
Other Comprehensive Income								•		•
Re-measurement Gains/(Losses) on Defined					1.82			1.82		1.82
Reversal of losses pertaining to Subsidiary Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited upon										
Sale of 100% it's Equity stake on 03-Oct-2024,				114.04				114.04		114.04
Foreign Currency Translation adjustments							3.61	3.61		3.61
Income tax relating to items that will not					į,	11 4 2)		0.01		()
De reclassified to Profit of Loss Net change in fair value of equity					(0.47)	(50.1		(12.10)		(12.10)
Instruments (FVTOCI) (net of tax)						81.36		81.36		81.36
Balance as of 31 March 2025	59.78	286.31	18.30	92.20	2.87	69.73	83.47	612.66	•	612.66
Control of the state of the sta						c				

Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date for **P Murali & Co**

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S SA/-

Mukund Vijayrao Joshi Partner Membership No.: 024784

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025

Aion-Tech Solutions Limited
CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211
Sd/Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand
Whole Time Director
DIN: 10267020
Sd/Vithal V S S N K Popuri

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Sd/-Adalat Srika

Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 00016679 Sd/-**Adalat Srikanth** Company Secretary

Sd/-L.P. Sashikumar

Director



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

1 General Information

Aion-Tech Solutions Limited (Formerly Known as Goldstone Technologies Limited) ('the Company') is a Public Limited Company incorporated in India, having its registered office at Hyderabad, India. The Company along with its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Group") is primarily engaged in the business of IT and ITES services. The Company is listed in the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and the BSE Ltd. (BSE).

2 Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 notified under Section 133 of Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The Group's financial statements up to and for the year ended 31 March 2025 were prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2006, notified under Section 133 of Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The Consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 29 May 2025.

Details of the accounting policies are included in Note 3.

2.2 Group Information

The consolidated financial statements of the Group includes subsidiaries listed in the table below:

Name of Investee	Principal Activities	Country of Incorporation	_	wnership/ voting hts
			31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Staytop Systems, Inc.	IT and ITES	USA	100%	100%
Wowtruck Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (formerly known as Equitas Technologies Pvt. Ltd.)	Goods Transport Services	India	During FY2024-25 Stake of the subsid completed on 03-C	iary and transaction
Roqit Greenfleet Digital Solution Private Limited	Software Development	India	100%	100%

2.3 Basis of Consolidation

(I) The Consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the financial statements of the Parent Company and its Subsidiaries. For this purpose, an entity which is, directly or indirectly, controlled by the Parent Company is treated as Subsidiary. The Parent Company together with its Subsidiaries constitute the Group. Control exists when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, has power over the investee, is exposed

to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

(ii) Consolidation of a subsidiaries begins when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, obtains control over the Subsidiary and ceases when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, loses control of the Subsidiary. Income and expenses of a Subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in the Consolidated Statement



of Profit and Loss from the date the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, gains control until the date when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, ceases to control the Subsidiary.

- (iii) The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group combines Financial Statements of the Parent Company and its Subsidiary line-by-line by adding together the like items of Assets, Liabilities, Income and Expenses. All intra-group Assets, Liabilities, Income, Expenses and Unrealized Profits/Losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation. The Accounting Policies of Subsidiaries have been harmonized to ensure the consistency with the policies adopted by the Parent Company.
- (iv) The Consolidated Financial Statements have been presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as Parent Company's Standalone Financial Statements. Profit or Loss and each component of other Comprehensive Income are attributed to the owners of the Parent Company and to the noncontrolling interests and have been shown separately in the Financial Statements.
- (v) Non-controlling interest represents that part of the total Comprehensive Income and net assets of Subsidiaries attributable to interests which are not owned, directly or indirectly, by the Parent Company.(vi) Goodwill on consolidation as on the date of transition represents the excess of cost of acquisition at each point of time of making the investment in the Subsidiary over the Group's share in the net worth of a Subsidiary. For this purpose, the Group's share of Net Worth is determined on the basis of the latest Financial Statements, prior to the acquisition, after making necessary adjustments for material events between the date of such Financial

Statements and the date of respective acquisition. Capital Reserve on consolidation represents excess of the Group's share in the Net Worth of a Subsidiary over the cost of acquisition at each point of time of making the Investment in the Subsidiary. Goodwill arising on consolidation is not amortized, however, it is tested for impairment annually. In the event of cessation of operations of a Subsidiary, the unimpaired goodwill is written off fully.

(vI) Goodwill on consolidation arising on acquisitions on or after the date of transition represents the excess of the cost of acquisition at each point of time of making the investment in the Subsidiary, over the Group's share in the fair value of the Net Assets of a Subsidiary.

Goodwill on consolidation is allocated to cash generating units or group of cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition.

2.4 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- certain Financial Assets and Liabilities are measured at Fair Value;
- employee defined benefit Assets/ (Liability) are recognized as the net total of the fair value of Plan Assets, plus Actuarial Losses, less Actuarial Gains and the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation;
- Long Term Borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.



2.5 Functional Currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees Millions, which is the functional currency of the Group. Functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates.

All amounts are in Indian Rupees Millions except Share data, unless otherwise stated.

2.6 Current and Non-current classification

All the Assets and Liabilities have been classified as Current or Non-current as per the Group's normal Operating Cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Assets:

An Asset is classified as Current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Group's Normal Operating Cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date;
 or
- d) it is Cash or Cash Equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a Liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities:

A Liability is classified as Current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the Group's Normal Operating Cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or

d) the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the Liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a Liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current Assets / Liabilities include the current portion of Non-current Assets / Liabilities respectively. All other Assets / Liabilities are classified as Non-current.

2.7 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the management of the Group are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of Assets and Liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's Accounting Policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Financial Statements:



Provision and Contingent liability

On an ongoing basis, Group reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other contingencies. For Contingent Losses that are considered probable, an estimated Loss is recorded as an accrual in Financial Statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent Liabilities in the Financial Statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the Financial Statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.

Useful lives of Depreciable Assets

Management reviews the useful lives of Depreciable Assets at each reporting. As at 31 March 2025 management assessed that the useful lives represent the expected utility of the assets to the Group. Further, there is no significant change in the useful lives as compared to previous year.

2.8 Measurement of Fair Values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both Financial and Non-financial Assets and Liabilities.

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted Prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical Assets or Liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than Quoted Prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the Asset or Liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

- Level 3: inputs for the Asset or Liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an Asset or a Liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an Asset or a Liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

3.1 New Standards adopted by the Company

On 24 July 2020, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has issued amendments to certain Ind AS as summarised below:

Amendments to Ind AS 1 and Ind AS 8: Definition of Material

The amendments provided a new definition to the word material as follows:

'Information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primaryusers of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.'

The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if



it could reasonably beexpected to influence decisions made by the primary users.

An information is considered to be obscured if it is communicated in a way that would have a similar effect for primary users of financial statements to omitting or misstating that information. The amendments provided examples of circumstances that may result in information being obscured.

An entity should apply the amendments prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020.

The amendments to the definition of material had no impact on the standalone financial statements of the Company.

3.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised licenses or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Group expects to receive in exchange for those licenses or services.

The Group's revenues are derived from sale of goods and services.

- Revenue from sale of licenses is recognized where control is transferred to the Group's customers at the time of receipt of licenses by the customers.
- Service income, is recognized as and when the underlying services are performed. Upfront non-refundable payments received under these arrangements continue to be deferred and are recognized over the expected period that related services are to be performed.
- Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the income is established.

- Difference between the sale price and carrying value of investment is recognized as profit or loss on sale / redemption on investment on trade date of transaction.
- Interest income is accrued on, time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

3.3 Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group recognizes right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost



less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

The Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Group, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease

modifications or to reflect revised insubstance fixed lease payments. The Group recognizes the amount of the remeasurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognizes any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Group has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.4 Foreign Currencies

In preparing the Financial Statements of the Group, transactions in currencies other than the Group's functional Currency (Foreign Currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in Foreign Currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of Historical Cost in a Foreign Currency are not retranslated. Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in Profit or Loss in the period in which they arise.

3.5 Borrowing Costs

Specific Borrowing Costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of such asset till such time the Asset is ready for its



intended use and borrowing costs are being incurred. A qualifying Asset is an Asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other Borrowing Costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing Cost includes Interest Expense, Amortization of Discounts, ancillary costs incurred in connection with borrowing of funds and exchange difference arising from Foreign Currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the Interest Cost.

3.6 Taxation

Income Tax expense consists of Current and Deferred tax. Income Tax expense is recognized in the Income Statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in Equity, in which case it is recognized in Equity.

Current Tax

Current Tax is the expected Tax payable on the Taxable Income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to Tax payable in respect of Previous Years.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized using the Balance Sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of Assets and Liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for Taxation purposes. Deferred Tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of Assets or Liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit; differences relating to Investments in Subsidiaries and jointly controlled Entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and taxable temporary differences arising upon the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred Tax is measured at the Tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset Current Tax Liabilities and Assets, and they relate to Income Taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle Current Tax Liabilities and Assets on a net basis or their Tax Assets and Liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A Deferred Tax Asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred Tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.7 Earnings Per Share

The Group presents Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ("EPS") data for its ordinary shares. The Basic Earnings Per Share is computed by dividing the Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders for the period by the weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted Earnings Per Share is computed by dividing the Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders for the year relating to the dilutive potential Equity Shares, by the weighted average number of Equity Shares considered for deriving Basic Earnings Per Share and the weighted average number of Equity Shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential Equity Shares. Potential Equity Shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to Equity



Shares would decrease the Net Profit per Share.

3.8 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

The initial cost of PPE comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, and any directly attributable costs of bringing an Asset to working condition and location for its intended use, including relevant borrowing costs and any expected costs of decommissioning, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Expenditure incurred after the PPE have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the costs are incurred.

If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of PPE.

Material items such as spare parts, standby equipment and service equipment are classified as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE as specified in Ind AS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment.

3.9 Expenditure during construction period

Expenditure during construction period (including financing cost related to borrowed funds for construction or acquisition of qualifying PPE) is included under Capital Work-in-Progress, and the same is allocated to the respective PPE on the completion of their construction. Advances given towards acquisition or construction of PPE outstanding at each reporting date are disclosed as Capital Advances under "Other Non-current Assets".

3.10 Depreciation

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of PPE over its useful life and is provided on a straight-line basis over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act or as per technical assessment.

Depreciable amount for PPE is the cost of PPE less its estimated residual value. The useful life of PPE is the period over which PPE is expected to be available for use by the Group, or the number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by the Group

The Group has componentized its PPE and has separately assessed the life of major components. In case of certain classes of PPE, the Group uses different useful lives than those prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. The useful lives have been assessed based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the PPE and the estimated usage of the asset on the basis of management's best estimation of obtaining economic benefits from those classes of assets.

Such classes of Assets and their estimated useful lives are as under:

Particulars	Useful life
Buildings	30 years
Plant and Machinery	15 years
Electrical Equipment	5 years
Office Equipment	5 years
Computers-Laptops & Desktops	3 years
Computers - Servers	6 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles - Four Wheelers	8 years
Vehicles - Two Wheelers	10 years

Depreciation on additions is provided on a pro-rata basis from the month of installation or acquisition and in case of Projects from the date of commencement of commercial production. Depreciation



on deductions/disposals is provided on a pro-rata basis up to the date of deduction/disposal

3.11 Intangible Assets and Amortization

Intangible Assets are stated at Cost less Accumulated Amortization and Impairment. Intangible Assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives on a Straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use.

Internally generated assets for which the cost is clearly identifiable are capitalised at cost. Research expenditure is recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Development costs are capitalised only after the technical and commercial feasibility of the asset for sale or use has been established. Thereafter, all directly attributable expenditure incurred to prepare the asset for its intended use are recognised as the cost of such assets. Internally generated brands, websites and customer lists are not recognised as intangible assets.

Amortization

The estimated useful life of an identifiable Intangible Asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset.

Software is amortized over a period of three to five years.

3.12 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise Cash at Bank and in Hand and Short-term Deposits with Banks that are readily convertible into Cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting Short-term Cash commitments.

3.13 Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby Net Profit Before Tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The Cash Flows from Operating, Investing and Financing activities of the Group are segregated.

3.14 Government Grants

Government Grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

Where the Group receives non-monetary grants, the asset and the grant are accounted at fair value and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the expected useful life of the Asset.

3.15 Impairment of Non Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's Nonfinancial Assets, Inventories and Deferred Tax Assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the Asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an Asset or Cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future Cash Flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the Asset or the cash-generating unit. For the purpose of impairment testing, Assets are grouped together into the smallest group of Assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely



independent of the cash inflows of Other Assets or Groups of Assets (the "Cashgenerating unit").

An Impairment Loss is recognized in the Income Statement if the estimated recoverable amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit is lower than its carrying amount. Impairment Losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An Impairment Loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the Asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of Depreciation or Amortization, if no Impairment Loss had been recognized. Goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an Investment in an Associate is not recognized separately, and therefore is not tested for impairment separately. Instead, the entire amount of the Investment in an Associate is tested for impairment as a Single Asset when there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate may be impaired.

An Impairment Loss in respect of Equity accounted investee is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of investment with its carrying amount. An Impairment Loss is recognized in the Income Statement, and reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

3.16 Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee Benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A Liability is recognized for the

amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the Employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Defined Contribution Plans

The Group's contributions to Defined Contribution Plans are charged to the Income Statement as and when the services are received from the employees.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Liability in respect of Defined Benefit Plans and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the projected unit credit method consistent with the advice of qualified actuaries. The present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related defined benefit obligation. In countries where there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on Government Bonds are used. The current service cost of the Defined Benefit Plan, recognized in the Income Statement in Employee Benefit Expense, reflects the increase in the Defined Benefit Obligation resulting from employee service in the current year, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements. Past service costs are recognized immediately in income. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the Net Balance of the Defined Benefit Obligation and the fair value of Plan Assets. This cost is included in Employee Benefit Expense in the Income Statement. Actuarial Gains and Losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are



charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense when the Group is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Group has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably.

Other Long-term Employee Benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of other Long Term Employee Benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and previous periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Re-measurements are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

3.17 Provisions

A Provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future Cash Flows at a Pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the

passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

3.18 Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets

A disclosure for a Contingent Liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent Assets are not recognized in the Financial Statements. However, Contingent Assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

3.19 Financial Instruments

a. Recognition and Initial recognition

The Group recognizes Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All Financial Assets and Liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issues of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities that are not at fair value through Profit or Loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

A Financial Asset or Financial Liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.



b. Classification and Subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a Financial Asset is classified as measured at

- amortized cost;
- -FVTPL

Financial Assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing Financial Assets.

A Financial Asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the Asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual Cash Flows; and
- the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to Cash Flows that are solely payments of Principal and Interest on the Principal amount outstanding.

All Financial Assets not classified as measured at amortized cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a Financial Asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial Assets: Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a Financial Asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is

managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the Financial Assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing Cash Flows through the sale of the Assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the Assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of Financial Assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of Financial Assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the Assets.

Financial Assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.



Financial Assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of Principal and Interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'Principal' is defined as the fair value of the Financial Asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of Principal and Interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the Financial Asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional

compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a Financial Asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial Assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial Assets at FVTPL: These Assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in Profit or Loss.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost: These Assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in Profit or Loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in Profit or Loss.

Financial Liabilities: Classification, Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial Liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A Financial Liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-fortrading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value



and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in Profit or Loss. Other Financial Liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses are recognized in Profit or Loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in Profit or Loss.

c. Derecognition

Financial Assets

The Group derecognizes a Financial Asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the Financial Asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the Financial Asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the Financial Asset.

If the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers Assets recognized on its Balance Sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred Assets, the transferred Assets are not derecognized.

Financial Liabilities

The Group derecognizes a Financial Liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Group also derecognizes a Financial Liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new Financial Liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The

difference between the carrying amount of the Financial Liability extinguished and the new Financial Liability with modified terms is recognized in profit

d. Offsetting

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Balance Sheet when and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

e. Impairment

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on Financial Assets measured at amortized cost;

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether Financial Assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit- impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the Financial Asset have occurred.

Evidence that a Financial Asset is credit- impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or



 the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses:

 debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and

- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

In all cases, the maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial Asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Group considers reasonable and

supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

Presentation of allowance for expected credit losses in the balance sheet

Loss allowances for Financial Assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the Assets.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a Financial Asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the trade receivable does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write- off. However, Financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land*	Build	Plant and Machi- nery	Electrical Equip ment	Office Equip ment	Compu	Office Compu Furniture Equip ters and ment Fixtures	Vehicles	Lease hold Improve ments	Total Tangi ble Assets	Soft	Total Intan gible Assets
Gross Carrying Value	4)											
At 1 April 2024	78.67	78.67 13.35	1.27	0.71	2.52	16.40	3.36	11.72	1.43	129.43 33.12 33.12	33.12	33.12
Additions	'	'	'	'	0.01	0.28	0.02	•	1	0.31	0.31 16.44 16.44	16.44
Deletions*	40.55	'	1	'	1.37	3.16	0.32	3.15	0.90	49.46	49.46 14.69 14.69	14.69
At 31 March 2025	38.12	13.35	1.27	0.71	1.16	13.50	3.06	8.57	0.53	80.27	80.27 34.87 34.87	34.87
Accumulated Depreciation												
At 1 April 2024	'	6.64	0.72	0.10	1.62	12.84	2.47	8.59	1.41	34.39	34.39 16.22 16.22	16.22
Additions:	'	'	,	'	ı	ı	•	•	•	'	'	'
Charge for the year	-	0.83	0.10	•	0.02	1.66	90.0	0.73	0.02	3.42	8.44	8.44
Less: Adjustments	-	-	-	-	1.00	3.25	0.11	2.62	06'0	7.88	7.88 14.69 14.69	14.69
At 31 March 2025	-	7.47	0.82	0.10	0.64	11.26	2.42	6.70	0.53	29.94	86.6	9.98
Net Block												
At 31 March 2024	78.67	6.71	0.55	0.61	0.90	3.56	0.89	3.13	0.02	95.04	95.04 16.90	16.90
At 31 March 2025	38.12	5.88	0.46	0.61	0.52	2.25	0.64	1.87	-	50.33	50.33 24.90 24.90	24.90

* Note: During the FY2024-25 Company completed Sale of part of the Land on 26-July-2024 for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

5 Right of Use Assets

Particulars	Buildings (Leasehold)	Total
Leasehold Property		
Gross Block		
At 1 April 2024	70.95	70.95
Additions	48.13	48.13
Deletions	49.50	49.50
At 31 March 2025	69.58	69.58
Accumulated Depreciation		
At 1 April 2024	13.03	13.03
Charge for the year	14.26	14.26
Less: Adjustments	3.16	3.16
At 31 March 2025	24.13	24.13
Net Block		
At 1 April 2024	57.92	57.92
At 31 March 2025	45.45	45.45

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
6	Investments		
	Non-Current Investments 13,55,976 (31 March 2024 : 13,55,976) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid-up of ETO Motors Private Limited	149.16	<i>67</i> .80
	Total Investments	149.16	67.80
7	Loans (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated) Non-current		
	Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs)	155.00	-
	ICD to Subsidiary Company name ETO Motors Private Limited	155.00	-
	For and amount of INR 80.00/- with interest rate of 10.15% Per Annum ICD to Holding Company name Trinity Infraventures Limited For and amount of INR 75.00/- with interest rate of 10.15% Per Annum		
	Current		
	Security Deposits	-	-
	Other Advances	139.41	153.18
		139.41	153.18
8	Deferred Tax Asset, Net Deferred Tax Asset		
	- Tangible and Intangible Assets	0.64	3.57
	- Provision allowed under tax on payment basis	7.24	4.85
	Total	7.88	8.42
	Deferred tax liability - Fair valuation of financial liabilities	11.63	_
	Deferred Tax Asset, net	(3.75)	8.42



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
9. Trade Receivables		
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured Less: Allowance for expected credit loss Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful trade receivables	206.34 - 12.77	223.71 - 3.95
Trade Receivables considered good - Unsecured	193.57	219.76
Total Trade Receivables	193.57	219.76

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2025							
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				nent		
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) Undisputed Trade receivables — considered good	146.81	38.13	5.32	2.41	0.90	12.77	206.34
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	12.77	12.77
Total Trade Receivables	146.81	38.13	5.32	2.41	0.90	-	193.57

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2024							
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) Undisputed Trade receivables — considered good	172.82	18.01	19.24	3.65	6.04	2.40	222.16
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables — considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	•	-	1	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	2.40	2.40
Total Trade Receivables	172.82	18.01	19.24	3.65	6.04	-	219.76



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
10 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with Banks:	1000	5.00
- On Current Accounts	12.02	5.28
Cash on Hand	0.02	0.05
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	12.04	5.33
11 Other Bank Balances		
Term deposits with Banks	279.35	198.73
Total Other Bank Balances	279.35	198.73
*Includes Margin Money Deposits of INR 2.64/- million which are lien marked against Performance BGs obtained by company from SBI, Commercial Branch, Hyderabad & Union Bank of India, Hyderabad.		333113
12 Other Financial Assets (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Non-Current		
Security Deposits	6.27	7.77
	6.27	7.77
Current	8.02	5.80
Interest accrued on Deposits		
13 Current Tax Assets, net	8.02	5.80
Advance Taxes and TDS	66.80	68.94
Less: Provision for Taxes	30.17	7.80
	36.63	61.14
	30.03	01.14
14 Other Assets		
Non- Current Assets		
SoftwareProductDevelopmentExpensesIncurredduringtheyear:the Companyhasincurredcertaindirectly attributable expenses related to the technical development of a Software as a Service (SaaS) product, ROQIT which is designed as a comprehensive technology ecosystem for large fleet operators, Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) in the automotive industry, and logistics companies, with a particular emphasis on zero-emission fleets (electric	52.17	25.15
and hydrogen fuel cell-powered). The platform offers world-class fleet management solutions and advanced data analytics. Additionally, it provides partner-based services such as Insurance as a Service, Roadside Assistance, Carbon Accounting, and Greenhouse Gas (GHG) quotamanagement.		
	52.17	25.15



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current Assets		
Unsecured, considered good		
Advances other than Capital Advances		
Advance to Suppliers	1.01	7.76
Prepaid Expenses	14.55	2.52
Balances with Government Departments	10.58	1.51
	26.14	11.79
15 Share Capital		
Authorized Share Capital		
50,000,000 (31 March 2024: 50,000,000)		
Equity Shares of INR 10/- each	500.00	500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up		
34,582,066 (31 March 2024: 34,582,066) Equity Shares		
of INR 10/- Each fully paid-up	345.82	345.82
	345.82	345.82

(a) Reconciliation of Shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year

	31 Ma	rch 2025	31 Ma	rch 2024
Particulars	No. of Equity Shares	INR Million	No. of Equity Shares	INR Million
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	34,582,066	345.82	34,582,066	345.82
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	34,582,066	345.82	34,582,066	345.82

(b) Terms / rights attached to the Equity Shares

Equity Shares of the Company have a par value of INR10/- per share. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays Dividend in Indian Rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the Shareholders.

(c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	31 Ma	rch 2025	31 Ma	arch 2024
Particulars Particulars	No. of Equity	, , , , ,		0
	Shares held	in the class	Shares held	in the class
Trinity Infraventures Limited	18,520,417	53.55%	18,520,417	53.55%

31 March 2025	31 March 2024
59.78	59.78
-	-
59.78	59.78
	59.78 -



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Securities Premium:		
Opening Balance	286.31	286.31
Additions during the year	-	-
Closing Balance	286.31	286.31
Securities Premium consists of the difference between the face value of the Equity Shares and the consideration received in		
respect of Shares issued.		
General Reserve: Opening Balance	18.30	18.30
Add: Transfers during the year	-	- 10.50
Closing Balance	18.30	18.30
The General Reserve is used from time to time to transfer Profits from		
Retained Earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General		
Reserve is created by a transfer from one component of Equity to		
another and is not an item of Other Comprehensive Income, items included in the General Reserve will not be reclassified subsequently		
to Profit or Loss		
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve:		
Opening balance	79.86	81.00
Add: Transfers during the year	3.61	(1.14)
Closing balance	83.47	79.86
Retained Earnings:		
Opening Balance	(120.86)	(101.33)
Additions during year	-	2.29
Profit /(Loss) for the year	99.02	(21.82)
Reversal of losses pertaining to Subsidiary Wowtruck Technologies		
Private Limited upon Sale of 100% it's Equity stake on 03-Oct-2024	114.04	-
Less: Transfers to General Reserve	-	(100.04)
Closing Balance	92.20	(120.86)
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		
Opening Balance	1.52	1.13
Actuarial gain/(loss) on employee net defined benefit		
obligations (net of tax)		
Closing Balance	1.35	0.39
Total Other Equity	2.87	1.52
FVTOCI Equity Instruments		
Opening Balance		
FVTOCI Equity Instruments (net of tax)	69.73	-
Closing Balance	69.73	-
Total Other Equity	612.66	324.91

Retained Earnings reflect Surplus / Deficit after Taxes in the Profit or Loss. The amount that can be distributed by the Company as Dividends to its Equity Shareholders is determined based on the balance in this reserve and also considering the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
17 Borrowings		
Non-current Borrowings		
Secured Loans		
- From Banks	-	-
Total Non-current Borrowings	-	-
Current Borrowings		
Secured Loans repayable on demand		
- Overdraft facility against Fixed Deposit (ODFD)		
Loans from Banks (refer note A below)	23.56	95.47
Total Current Borrowings	23.56	95.47

A. Overdraft Credit Facility against Fixed Deposit:

During the FY 2024-25, the Company availed INR.50,000,000/- Overdraft Credit facility with a interest rate of 10.15% per annum (EBLR+0.90%) from Union Bank of India, Somajiguda Branch, Hyderabad, TS State, India.

Also during the FY 2024-25, the Company availed INR.19,000,000/- Overdraft Credit facility with a interest rate of 7.55% per annum against Fixed Deposit of INR.20,000,000/- (interest rate on FD is 7.00% per annum) from ICICI Bank Limited, M.G.Road Branch, Secunderabad, TS State, India.

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
18	Lease Liability		
	Leasehold Property		
	Opening Balance	59.66	45.57
	Additions during the Year	46.43	21.1 <i>7</i>
	Deletions during the Year	(47.75)	-
	Interest on Lease Liability	3.91	3.80
	Payments during the year	(12.13)	(10.89)
	Notional Gains on Lease Modification	(5.41)	-
		44.71	59.65
	- Non-Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	39.15	50.24
	- Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	5.56	9.41
19.	Provisions		
	Non-Current		
	Provisions for Employee Benefits		
	- Gratuity (Non-Funded refer note 35)	11.90	13.41
	- Compensated Absences	-	0.42
		11.90	13.83
	Current		
	Provisions for Employee Benefits		
	- Gratuity (Non-Funded refer note 35)	1.18	0.50
	- Compensated Absences	2.93	2.54
		4.11	3.04



Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
 Trade payables Trade Payables Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (refer note 36) Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises 	- 130.78 130.78	124.06 124.06

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2025							
	Out	tstanding fo	r following	periods	from du	date of pa	yment
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) MSME	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	77.83	49.96	2.99	-	-	-	130.78
(iii) Disputed dues — MSME	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues — Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	77.83	49.96	2.99	-	-	_	130.78

Trade payables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2024							
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					ment	
Particulars	Not due	Less than 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(I) MSME	1.14	-	-	-	-	-	1.14
(ii) Others	71.75	47.96	3.21	-	-	-	122.92
(iii) Disputed dues — MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues — Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	72.89	47.96	3.21	-	-	-	124.06

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
21	Other Financial Liabilities		
	Current maturities of Long-term Debts	-	-
	Employee Salaries payable	-	-
	Provision for Expenses	-	2.63
		-	2.63



	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
22	Other Liabilities		
	Non-current		
	Advance received from Customers	12.26	30.01
		12.26	30.01
	Current		
	Advance received from Customers	12.26	1.13
	Others	-	-
	Statutory Dues Payables	14.28	11.82
	Advance received against Sale of Assets Advance received against Sale of Asset: Company entered into Agreements of Sale for Sale of Land & Building with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR60.00 Million. (Previous year - Company entered into two Agreements of Sale with Mr.Pabba Upender Gupta (buyer) i.e. one Agreement of Sale for Sale of open Land for 13,376.23 Sq. Yds. For INR212.70 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received advance an amount of INR35.00 Million. Another Agreement of Sale signed with the above said buyer for Sale of Land & Building for 11,088.10 Sq. Yds. For INR176.30 Millions situated in survey No.249 (part), 250 (part) in Cherlapally Village, Ghatkesar Mandal, Kapra Municipality, Rangareddy Dist., TS State 501301 and received	60.00	40.00
	advance an amount of INR5.00 Million).	86.54	52.95
23	Revenue from Operations Revenue from Information Technology / Software Services and Sale of Software Licenses Export Domestic	181.32 707.68 889.00	154.82 777.94 932.76
	Disaggregated Revenue Information		
	Revenues by type of goods and service		
	- Sale of Software	749.97	644.89
	- IT Consultancy Services	118.12	144.29
	- Goods Transport Services	20.91	143.58
		889.00	932.76



	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Revenues by geography		
	- India	707.68	777.94
	- Outside India	181.32	154.82
		889.00	932.76
	Revenues by timing of revenue recognition		
	- Services transferred over time	889.00	932.76
		889.00	932.76
	Contract balances		
	- Trade receivables	193.57	219.76
	- Contract liabilities (Advance from customers)	24.52	1.13
		218.09	220.89
24	Other Income		
	Finance Income		
	Interest on Deposits	23.20	12.33
	Miscellaneous Income Profit on Sale of Investments	5.68 5.29	0.13
	From on Sale or investments		-
		34.17	12.46
	Profit on Sale of Land	156.35	-
		156.35	-
25	Operating Expenses		
	Purchase cost of Software Licenses	649.92	542.03
	Goods Transport Expenses	19.52	131.29
		669.44	673.32
26	Employee Benefits Expense		
	Salaries, Wages and Bonus	146.79	178.32
	Contribution to Provident and other Funds	3.29	5.89
	Gratuity Expenses (Refer Note 35)	3.64	3.62
	Staff Welfare Expenses	2.58	4.89
	·	156.30	192.72
27	Depreciation and Amortization Expense	130.30	172.72
	Depreciation of Tangible Assets	3.96	5.46
	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	8.45	1.53
	Depreciation on Right to Use Asset	11.10	10.08
	Depreciation on right to ode / dde		
20	Finance Costs	23.51	17.07
4 5	Finance Costs	6.08	5.88
	Interest on Borrowings Bank Charges		
	· ·	0.70 3.91	0.50 3.80
	Interest on Lease Liability		
		10.69	10.18



	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
29	Other Expenses		
	Power/Electricity & Fuel	2.36	2.58
	Rent	3.51	3.99
	Repairs to Office Equipment	0.15	1.03
	Insurance	0.41	0.46
	Car Hire charges & Transportation	-	0.38
	Telephone, Postage and Others	0.79	1.16
	Business Promotion Expenses	0.82	1.51
	Conveyance & Travelling Expenses	6.03	5.58
	Office Maintenance	4.59	5.93
	Printing & Stationery Expenses	0.78	0.92
	Security Charges	0.58	0.51
	Rates & Taxes	5.77	1.14
	Listing Fee	5.01	1.40
	Professional Consultancy Fee	13.58	18.14
	Audit Fee	0.52	0.94
	Reimbursement of expenses Auditors	0.02	0.02
	Director Sitting Fee	1.25	1.20
	Vehicle Maintenance Charges	0.24	0.23
	Secretarial Expenses	0.04	0.05
	Bad Debts written off	42.04	20.43
	Foreign Exchange Loss	0.80	0.49
	Other Expenses	0.51	0.27
		89.80	68.36
30	Tax Expenses		
	Current Income Tax:		
	Current Year	30.19	7.94
	Previous Year Taxes Deferred Tax:	0.49 0.08	(1.16)
			(1.40)
	Income Tax Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss	30.76	5.38
	Deferred Tax related to items considered in OCI during the year		
	Re-measurement Gains / (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plan	0.46	(0.07)
	Deferred Tax on Re-measurement of Employee Benefit Expenses	(11.64)	-
	Income Tax charge to OCI	(12.10)	(0.07)
	Reconciliation of Tax Expense with the Accounting		
	Profit multiplied by Domestic Tax Rate:		47.4.40
	Accounting Profit before Income Tax	129.77	(16.43)
	Tax on accounting profit at statutory income tax rate 25.17%	20.77	(4.57)
	(31 March 2024: 27.82%)	32.66	(4.57)
	Expenses not Deductible for tax purpose Others	(2.47) 12.67	12.58 (2.56)
	Tax Expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	42.86	5.45



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

31	Contingent liabilities and commitments		
	Particulars Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
I)	Contingent liabilities:	Amo	ount
	 Corporate Guarantees given on behalf of Related Parties (Refer Note below) 	-	-
	- Bank Guarantees	2.64	2.73
ii)	Commitments:		
	 Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account and not provided for, net of Advances 	Nil	Nil

32 Related Party disclosures

The following table provides the Name of the Related Party and the nature of its relationship with the Group:

Name of the Parties	Relationship
Trinity Infraventures Limited	Entity Belonging to the Promoters group and holding 53.55% in the Shareholding of the Company
Key Management Personnel (KMP):	
Pavan Chavali	Managing Director (till 26 September - 2024)
Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand	Whole-Time Director
Vithal V S S N K Popuri	Chief Financial Officer
Niralee Rasesh Kotdawala Company Secretary (till 05 September - 20	
Adalat Srikanth	Company Secretary (from 15 November - 2024)

b) Details of all transactions with Related Parties during the year:

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
I)	Managerial Remuneration/consultancy fee to		
	Key Managerial Personel*	1 <i>7</i> .08	19.70

^{*}Does not include Insurance, which is paid for the Company as a whole and Gratuity and Compensated Absences as this is provided in the books of accounts on the basis of Actuarial Valuation for the Group as a whole and hence individual amount cannot be determined.

33 Segment Information

Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" ("Ind AS 108") establishes standards for the way that public Business Enterprises report information about Operating and Geographical Segments and related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas, and major customers. Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, Operating Segments and Geographical Segments are to be reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The CODM evaluates the Group's performance and allocates resources on overall basis. During the year, the Company has three Reportable Segments , i.e. USA - Information Technology / Software Services, India - Information Technology / Software Services and Software License.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

During the year, the Company has three Reportable Segments, i.e. USA - Information Technology / Software Services, India - Information Technology / Software Services and Software License.

The Segment Revenue, Profitability, Assets and Liabilities are as under:

Revenue by Segment	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a) USA - Information Technology / Software Services	-	-
b) India - Information Technology / Software Services	118.12	144.30
c) Sale of Software Licenses	749.98	655.98
d) Goods Transport	21.93	143.58
Less: Inter Company Sales	(1.03)	(11.10)
Total Revenue	889.00	932.76
Sommont Popults	East the year anded	For the year ended
Segment Results	For the year ended	_
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit Before Tax & Interest:		
a) USA - Information Technology / Software Services	-	-
b) India - Information Technology / Software Services	32.66	39.87
c) Sale of Software Licence	18.48	10.41
Less: (I) Interest	7.34	5.73
(ii) Unallocable Expenditure (Net of Un-allocable Income)	22.96	15.95
Segment Profit	20.84	28.60
d) Goods Transport	(43.51)	(39.46)
Less: (I) Interest	3.35	4.45
(ii) Unallocable Expenditure (Net of Un-allocable Income)	0.55	1.12
Segment Profit	(47.41)	(45.03)
Total Profit Before Tax	(26.57)	(16.43)
Segment Assets, Segment Liabilities	For the year ended	For the year ended
& Segment Capital Employed	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Segment Assets*		
a) USA - Information Technology Service/Software Services	1276.092	966.842
b) India - Information Technology Service/Software Services		
c) Sale of Software Licenses		
d) Goods Transport	_	85.536
Total Assets	1276.092	1052.378
Seament Liabilities*		
Segment Liabilities* a) USA - Information Technology Service / Software Services		
a) USA - Information Technology Service / Software Services		301 044
a) USA - Information Technology Service / Software Services b) India - Information Technology Service / Software Services	317.612	301.846
 a) USA - Information Technology Service / Software Services b) India - Information Technology Service / Software Services c) Sale of Software Licenses 		
a) USA - Information Technology Service / Software Services b) India - Information Technology Service / Software Services		301.846 79.801 381.647



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Segment Assets, Segment Liabilities & Segment Capital Employed	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
Segment Capital Employed*			
a) USA - Information Technology Service / Software Services			
b) India - Information Technology Service / Software Services	1025.539	757.245	
c) Software Licenses Resale			
d) Goods Transport	-	7.556	
Total Capital Employed	1025.539	764.801	

^{*} Note: For the segments of USA Information Technology Software Services, India Information Technology Software Services and Software License Resale segments Assets and Liabilities are often deployed interchangeably across these segments hence no bifurcation is given. Accordingly combined total amount of Segment Profit, Assets, Liabilities and Capital Employed are provided.

34 Auditors' Remuneration include:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Amou	nt INR
Statutory Audit Fee (in INR)	520,000	570,000
Tax Audit Fee (in INR)	50,000	50,000
Total	570,000	620,000

35 Gratuity (Non-Funded)

The Group provides its employees with benefits under a defined benefit plan, referred to as the "Gratuity Plan". The Gratuity Plan entitles an employee, who has rendered at least five years of continuous service, to receive 15 days salary for each year of completed service (service of six months and above is rounded off as one year) at the time of retirement/exit, restricted to a sum of INR 2,000,000

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss and the amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the plan:

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligations:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance	12.50	12.60
Current service cost	2.76	3.32
Past service cost	-	-
Interest cost	0.88	0.94
Benefits paid	(1.24)	(2.49)
Actuarial gain	(1.82)	(0.46)
Closing balance	13.08	13.91
Present value of projected benefit obligation at the end of		
the year	13.08	13.91
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
Net liability recognized in the balance sheet	13.08	13.91
Current provision	1.18	0.73
Non current provision	11.90	13.18



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

Expenses recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Service Cost	2.76	3.32
Interest Cost	0.88	0.94
Gratuity Cost	3.64	4.26
Re-measurement Gains/ (Losses) in OCI		
Actuarial Gain / (Loss) due to demographic assumption changes	-	-
Actuarial Gain / (Loss) due to financial assumption changes	0.51	(0.37)
Actuarial Gain / (Loss) due to experience adjustments	(2.32)	(1.42)
Return on Plan Assets greater (less) than discount rate	-	-
Total expenses routed through OCI	(1.81)	(1.79)
Assumptions:	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Aion-Tech Solutions Limited:		
Discount Rate (per annum)	6.80%	7.20%
Future Salary increases	7.00%	7.00%
Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited:		
Discount Rate (per annum)	0.00%	7.15%
Future Salary increases	0.00%	10.00%

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption and its impact in percentage terms on projected benefit obligation are as follows:

	31 March 2025		
	Discount Rate	Salary Escalation Rate	
Aion-Tech Solutions Limited:			
Impact of increase in 50 bps on projected benefit obligation	-4.81%	3.88%	
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on projected benefit obligation	5.23%	-3.61%	
Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited:			
Impact of increase in 50 bps on projected benefit obligation	0.00%	0.00%	
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on projected benefit obligation	0.00%	0.00%	

These sensitivities have been calculated to show the movement in projected benefit obligation in isolation and assuming there are no other changes in market conditions.

36 Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 March 2025 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Group. Further in view of the management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('The MSMED Act') is not expected to be material. The Group has not received any claim for interest from any supplier.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a)	the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
b)	the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
c)	the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this MSMED Act	Nil	Nil
d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	Nil	Nil
e)	the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	Nil	Nil

37 Leases

Where the Group is a lessee:

Effective 1-April-2019, the Group adopted Ind AS 116, Leases. This standard brings most leases on-balance sheet for lessees under a single model, eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. As per the AS 116 the Group has recognized Right of use asset or Lease liability in accordance of this standard.

The Group has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to certain short term leases of some assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases amounting to INR3.51 million (Previous Year: INR3.99 Million) are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

38 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity Shares.



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

38 Earnings Per Share (Continued)

The following table sets out the computation of Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit for the year attributable to Equity Share Holders	99.02	(21.81)
Shares		
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding		
during the year – basic	34,582,066	34,582,066
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding		
during the year – diluted	34,582,066	34,582,066
Earnings Per Share		
Earnings per share of par value INR 10 – basic (INR)	2.86	(0.63)
Earnings per share of par value INR 10 – diluted (INR)	2.86	(0.63)

39 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's Principal Financial Liabilities comprise Loans and Borrowings, Trade and Other Payables. The main purpose of these Financial Liabilities is to finance and support Group's operations. The Group's Principal Financial Assets include Inventory, Trade and Other Receivables, Cash and Cash Equivalents and Refundable Deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Group is exposed to Market Risk, Credit Risk and Liquidity Risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and refundable deposits. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt.

The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post retirement obligations; provisions.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

Interest Rate risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's short-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of variable rate borrowings. The Group does not enter into any interest rate swaps.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

	Increase/decrease in interest rate	Effect on Profit Before Tax
31 March 2025		
INR	+1%	(0.24) 0.24
INR	-1%	0.24
31 March 2024		
INR	+1%	(0.95)
INR	-1%	0.95

b) Credit risk

Credit Risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The credit risk arises principally from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Credit Risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and credit worthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. The collection from the trade receivables are monitored on a continuous basis by the receivables team.

The Group establishes an allowance for credit loss that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables based on the past and the recent collection trend. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at reporting date is primarily from trade receivables amounting to INR 193.57 Million (31 March 2024: INR 219.76 Million). Basis the estimate, there is allowance for bad and doubtful debts provided by the Group of INR 12.77 Million (31 March 2024: INR 2.40 Million).

The top 5 customers account for around 20% of the revenue as of 31 March 2025 and around 25% of the revenue as of 31 March 2024 as the Company has diversified business in the areas of IT Consulting, IT Staffing, Off-shore Technical Support and Big Data Analytics Software License Sales. Credit risk on Cash and Cash equivalent is limited as the Company generally transacts with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

c) Liquidity Risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual un-discounted payments:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
Year ended 31 March 2025						
Borrowings	23.56	-	-	-	-	23.56
Trade Payables	-	130.78	-	-	-	130.78
Year ended 31 March 2024						
Borrowings	95.47	-	-	-	-	95.47
Trade Payables	-	124.06	-	-	-	124.06

Foreign Currency Risk:

The year end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as under:



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

	In foreign currency			In Ru	pees
Particulars	Currency	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
		US\$	US\$	INR	INR
Trade payables	US\$	0.19	0.15	15.85	12.54
Trade receivables	US\$	0.65	0.68	55.99	56.68
Cash & Cash Equivalents	US\$	0.12	0.02	10.07	1.87
Total		0.96	0.85	81.91	71.09

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

Change in USD rate	(31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
		US\$		
5% increase		0.05	0.04	
5% decrease		(0.05)	(0.04)	

40 Capital Management

The Group's policy is to maintain a stable Capital base so as to maintain Investor, Creditor and Market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors Capital on the basis of return on Capital Employed as well as the Debt to Total Equity Ratio.

For the purpose of Debt to Total Equity Ratio, Debt considered is Long-term and Short-term Borrowings. Total Equity comprise of issued Share capital and all Other Equity Reserves.

The capital structure as of 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 was as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Total Equity attributable to the Equity Shareholders of the Group	958.48	670.73
As a percentage of Total Capital	97.60%	87.54%
Long Term Borrowings including Current Maturities	-	-
Short Term Borrowings	23.56	95.47
Total Borrowings	23.56	95.47
As a percentage of total Capital	2.40%	12.46%
Total Capital (Equity and Borrowings)	982.04	766.20

41 Other Statutory Information

- 41.1 The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- 41.2 The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- 41.3 The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- 41.4 The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- 41.5 The Company have no such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- 41.6 The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 41.7 The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:



(All amounts in Indian Rupees Millions, except Share data and where otherwise stated)

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 41.8 The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 41.9 The company is not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

42 Ratio Analysis

S.No	Particulars	Measure ment	Numerator	Denominator	2024-25	2023-24	% Change	Explanation for Significant Change
1	Current Ratio	In Times	Current Asset	Current Liabilities	2.77	2.28	21.50%	Note 42.1
2	Debt - Equity Ratio	In Times	Debt = Long Term Borrowings + Short Term Borrowings	Total Equity	0.06	0.19	68.43%	Note 42.2
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	In Times	Earnings for Debt Service = Net Profit after Taxes + Non Cash Operating Expenses + Finance Cost	Debt Service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal P ayments	1.14	0.60	90.00%	Note 42.3
4	Return on Equity Ratio	In Percentage	Profit after Tax	Average Shareholder's Fund	12.16%		480.00%	Note 42.4
5	Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	In Times	Net Credit Sales = Gross Credit Sales - Sales Return (Excluding Other Income)	Average Trade Receivable	4.04	3.75	7.74%	Note 42.5
6	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	In Times	Operating Expenses + Other Expenses	Average Trade Payable	3.75	4.76	-21.22%	Note 42.6
7	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	In Times	Net Sales = Total Sales - Sales Return (Including Other Income)	Working Capital = Current Assets - Current Liabilities	2.08	2.57	-19.07%	Note 42.7
8	Net Profit Ratio	In Percentage	Profit After Tax	Net Sales = Total Sales - Sales Return (Including Other Income)	10.73%	-2.31%	564.51%	Note 42.8
9	Return on Capital Employed	In Percentage	Earnings Before Interest and Tax	Capital Employed= Net Worth + Total Debt	-2.09%	-1.38%	-51.45%	Note 42.9
10	Return on Investment	In Percentage	Profit After Tax	Total Assets	7.76%	-2.07%	474.88%	Note 42.10



Note

- 42.1 The increase in Current Ratio by 21.50% due to increase in the Other Bank Balances because of sale of company's part of Land situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and sale of 100% Equity Stake of subsidiary company named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.2 The decrease in Debt Equity Ratio due to low utilization of Overdraft Credit facility. The utilization of Overdraft Credit facility stood at INR23.56 Million as on 31-March-2025 as against a sanctioned limit of INR69.00 Million.
- 42.3 Increase in Debt Service coverage ratio is due to sale of 100% Equity Stake of subsidiary company Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited which is incurring cash losses.
- 42.4 Increase in Return on Equity Ratio due to Profit on sale of part of Land owned by the company situated at Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity Stake in subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.5 Increase in Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio is due to timely collection of Accounts Receivable.
- 42.6 The decrease in Trade Payable Turnover Ratio is due to timely payment to suppliers of Software Licenses.
- 42.7 The decrease in net Capital Turnover Ratio is due to increase in Other Bank Balances due to Sale of part of land owned by Company in Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity stake in the subsidiary named Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.8 Increase in Net Profit Ratio due to profit on Sale of part Land owned by Company in Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity stake of Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.
- 42.9 Decrease in Return on Capital Employed due to decrease in margins because discount given to large sized customer orders in Software License Sales segment.
- 42.10 Increase in Return on Investment Ratio due to profit on Sale of part Land owned by Company in Cherlapally, Hyderabad and Sale of 100% Equity stake of Wowtruck Technologies Private Limited.

43 Significant Accounting Estimates, Judgements and Assumptions

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from 1 April 2022.

43 (a) Judgements

The Group determines the lease term as non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).



43(b) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

I. Deferred tax assets (including MAT credits) are recognised for unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the credits can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Refer Note 30.

II. Defined benefit plan

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

III. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives and residual values of all its property, plant and equipment estimated by the management. The management believes that depreciation rates currently used fairly reflect its estimate of the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment, which are equal to the life prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

IV. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset or a group of assets comprising a cash generating unit may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. For an asset or group of assets that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciable historical cost. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the carrying amount of asset does not exceed the net book value that would have been determined, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

V Leases-Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group presently pays on Borrowings availed by the Group.

44 Standards issued but not yet effective

1. The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use



measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

II. Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures. The Group is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

45 The Indian Parliament has approved the code on Social Security, 2020 which could impact the contributions by the Group towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and the rules for quantifying the financial impact are yet to be framed. The Group will complete evaluation and will give appropriate impact in the financial results in the period in which, the code and related rules become effective.

46 **Prior year comparatives**

The figures of the previous year have been regrouped/reclassified, where necessary, to conform with the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date for P Murali & Co **Chartered Accountants** ICAI Firm Registration Number: 007257S

Sd/-Mukund Vijayrao Joshi Partner Membership No.: 024784

Place: Hyderabad Date: 29.05.2025

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aion-Tech Solutions Limited CIN: L72200TG1994PLC017211

Sd/-Seetepalli Venkat Raghunand Whole Time Director DIN: 10267020 Sd/-Vithal V S S N K Popuri Chief Financial Officer

Director DIN: 00016679 Sd/-Adalat Srikanth

Sd/-

L.P. Sashikumar

Company Secretary



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If undelivered please return to:

Aion-Tech Solutions Limited, 9th floor, My Home Hub, Madh pur, Patrika Nagar, HITEC City, Hyderabad, Telangana 500081.

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