

#### B.A.G. Films and Media Limited

"CIN: L74899DL1993PLC051841" FC-23, Sector 16A, Film City,

Noida 201 301

Tel.: 0120 4602424 | Fax : 0120 3911401

Mail: info@bagnetwork.in www.bagnetwork24.in

### BAG/STX/letters/2025-26/AM/44 August 13, 2025

Scrip Code: 532507	SYMBOL: BAGFILMS
Dalal Street, Mumbai-400 001	(E), Mumbai-400 051
<b>BSE Limited,</b> Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,	National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra
Corporate Relationship Department	Listing Compliance Department
To,	To,

Sub: Annual Report for the Financial Year 2024-25 along with Notice of 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company

Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 30 read with Regulation 34 and other applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the SEBI Listing Regulations"), as amended, please find enclosed herewith the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual Report of the B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("**Company**") for the financial year 2024-25 along with the Notice convening the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") of Members of the Company scheduled to be held on **Thursday, September 11, 2025, at 4:00 P.M. (IST)** through Video Conferencing('VC')/Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM').

Further, we wish to inform you that in compliance with Regulation 36(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, electronic copies of the Notice convening the 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM along with Annual Report for Financial Year 2024-25 ("Annual Report") is sent via email to only by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company or Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or Depository Participants.

The Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25 containing the Notice of 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM is also available on the Company's website at:

https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/B.A.G. Films and Media Limited Annual Report 2024-25.pdf

This is for your information and record please.

Thanking You

Yours sincerely

For B.A.G. Films and Media Limited

(Ajay Mishra) Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Encl: a/a

CC: National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL)







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32 ANNUAL REPORT

2024-25





### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

**Board of Directors:** Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla Chairperson and Managing Director

Ms. Anamika Sood Independent Director
Mr. Sudhir Shukla Non-Executive Director
Mr. Arshit Anand Independent Director
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain Independent Director
Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey Non-Executive Director

**Chief Financial Officer:** Mr. Ajay Jain

**Company Secretary** 

and Compliance Officer: Mr. Ajay Mishra

**Statutory Auditors:** M/s Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Secretarial Auditors: M/s Balika Sharma & Associates

Internal Auditors: M/s Gaurav Saxena & Co.

Registered Office: 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No. 8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110 096

Corporate Office: FC-23, Sector-16A, Film City, Noida-201 301 (U.P.)

**Registrar and Share** 

Transfer Agent: Alankit Assignments Limited

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#### **B.A.G. FILMS AND MEDIA LIMITED**

CIN: L74899DL1993PLC051841

Reg. Off: 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No. 8, Kondli, New Delhi-110096 Corporate Off: FC-23, Film City, Sector-16A, Noida-201301, (U.P.) Tel: 91 120 460 2424, E-mail: info@bagnetwork.in Web: www.bagnetwork24.in

#### **NOTICE**

Notice is hereby given that the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Members of **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited** ("Company") will be held on Thursday, September 11, 2025 at 4:00 P.M. (IST) through Video Conferencing('VC')/Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Stanalone Financial Statements (including Consolidated Financial Statements) of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

3. Appointment of Secretarial Auditor and fixing their remuneration:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 24A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), as amended from time to time read with the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, including any amendment(s), statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof for the time being in force and based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company ('Board'), M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No: 3222 and Peer Review Certificate No. PRC: 5813/2024), who have given their consent and have confirmed their eligibility to be appointed as Secretarial Auditors, in terms of provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, be and is hereby appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company, for a period of five consecutive years from the financial year 2025-26 till the financial year 2029-30, on such remuneration as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board, based on the recommendation(s) of the Audit Committee, and the Secretarial Auditor of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board (including any Committee thereof) be and is hereby authorised to take all decisions, including finalizing the remuneration of the Secretarial Auditor, from time to time, to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, expedient and desirable for the purpose of giving effect to this Resolution."

### 4. Approval of Material Related Party Transactions with its Subsidiaries

To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation(s) 23, 2(1) (zc) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), read with rules made thereunder, if any, as amended from time to time and Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions and based on the prior approval of the Audit Committee, the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (herein after referred to as the 'Board,' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/empowered/ to be constituted by the Board from time to time to exercise its power conferred by this resolution), for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing contracts / arrangements / transactions or modification(s) of earlier / arrangements / transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), with subsidiaries and related parties of the Company, during the financial year 2025-26 as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transaction(s) may exceed the prescribed thresholds as per provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations as applicable from time to time, provided, however, that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its subsidiaries.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board, be and is hereby authorised to execute all such agreements, documents,









instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts/ arrangements / transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s) or Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorised Representative(s) of the Company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all actions taken by the Board or any person so authorised by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in this resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

### 5. Approval of Material Related Party Transactions with its Related Parties

To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation(s) 23, 2(1) (zc) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), read with rules made thereunder, if any, as amended from time to time and Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions and based on prior approval of the Audit Committee, approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (herein after referred to as the 'Board,' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/empowered/to be constituted by the Board from time to time to exercise its power conferred by this resolution) for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing contracts / arrangements / transactions or modification(s) of earlier / arrangements / transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), with its related parties, during the financial year 2025-26 as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transaction(s) may exceed the prescribed thresholds as per provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations as applicable from time to time, provided, however, that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company and its related parties.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to execute all such agreements, documents,

instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts/ arrangements / transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board, be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s) or Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorised Representative(s) of the Company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all actions taken by the Board or any person so authorised by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in this resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

#### Approval of Material Related Party Transactions by News24 Broadcast India Limited with its Related Parties

To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to Regulation(s) 23, 2(1) (zc) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations') the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), read with rules made thereunder, if any, as amended from time to time and Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions and based on the prior approval of the Audit Committee, the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (herein after referred to as the 'Board,' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/empowered/to be constituted by the Board from time to time to exercise its power conferred by this resolution) for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing contracts / arrangements / transactions or modification(s) of earlier / arrangements / transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), by News24 Broadcast India Limited (News24), a subsidiary of the of the Company with related parties of the Company as well as related parties of the News24, during the financial year 2025-26 as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transaction(s) may exceed the prescribed thresholds as per provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations as applicable from time to time, provided, however, that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the News24 and its related parties.









**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to execute all such agreements, documents, instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts/ arrangements / transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board, be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s) or Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorised Representative(s) of the Company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all actions taken by the Board or any person so authorised by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in this resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

7. Approval of Material Related Party Transactions by E24 Glamour Limited with its Related Parties

To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:** 

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to Regulation(s) 23, 2(1) (zc) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), read with rules made thereunder, if any, as amended from time to time and Company's Policy on Related Party Transactions and based on the prior approval of the Audit Committee, the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (herein after referred to as the 'Board,' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/empowered/to be constituted by the Board from time to time to exercise its power conferred by this resolution) for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing contracts / arrangements / transactions or modification(s) of earlier / arrangements / transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), by E24 Glamour Limited (E24), a subsidiary of the of the Company with related parties of the Company as well as related parties of the E24, during the financial year 2025-26 as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transaction(s) may exceed the prescribed thresholds as per provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations as applicable from time to time, provided, however, that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) shall be carried out at an

arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the E24 and its related parties.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to execute all such agreements, documents, instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts/ arrangements / transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board, be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s) or Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorised Representative(s) of the Company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all actions taken by the Board or any person so authorised by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in this resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

8. Approval of Material Related Party Transactions by Skyline Radio Network Limited with its Related Parties
To consider, and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to Regulation(s) 23, 2(1) (zc) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations'), the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), read with rules made thereunder, if any, as amended from time to time and Company's Policy on Relaited Party Transactions and based on the prior approval of the Audit Committee, the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (herein after referred to as the 'Board,' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/empowered/to be constituted by the Board from time to time to exercise its power conferred by this resolution) for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with existing contracts / arrangements / transactions or modification(s) of earlier / arrangements / transactions or as fresh and independent transaction(s) or otherwise (whether individually or series of transaction(s) taken together or otherwise), by Skyline Radio Network Limited (SRNL), a subsidiary of the of the Company with related parties of the Company as well as related parties of the SRNL, during the financial year 2025-26 as per the details set out in the explanatory statement annexed to this notice, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transaction(s) may exceed the prescribed thresholds as per provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations as applicable from time









to time, provided, however, that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the SRNL and its related parties.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to execute all such agreements, documents, instruments and writings as deemed necessary, with power to alter and vary the terms and conditions of such contracts/ arrangements / transactions, settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board, be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred, to any Director(s) or Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary or any other Officer(s)/ Authorised Representative(s) of the Company, to do all such acts and take such steps, as may be considered necessary or expedient, to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** all actions taken by the Board or any person so authorised by the Board, in connection with any matter referred to or contemplated in this resolution, be and are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed in all respects."

By Order of the Board of Directors **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited** 

Place : Noida **Ajay Mishra**Date : June 27, 2025 Company Secretary

ACS: 21096

#### **Registered Office:**

352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096 CIN: L74899DL1993PLC051841 Tel: + 91 1204602424

Email: <u>info@bagnetwork.in</u> <u>www.bagnetwork24.in</u>

#### **NOTES:**

Pursuant to Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021, Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022, Circular No. 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022, Circular No. 09/2023 dated September 25, 2023 and latest being Circular No. 09/2024 dated September 19, 2024 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars") and Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020, Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/ CIR/P/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021, Circular No. SEBI/ HO/CFD/ CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022, Circular No. SEBI/ HO/CRD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated January 05, 2023, Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/167 dated October 07, 2023 and latest being

Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/133 dated October 03, 2024 issued by the Securities Exchange Board of India ("SEBI Circular") prescribing the procedures and manner of conducting the Annual General Meeting through VC/OVAM without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the SEBI Listing Regulations"), MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars, the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members will be held through VC/OAVM on Thursday, September 11, 2025 at 4:00 P.M. (IST). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/ OAVM only. The detailed procedure for participation in the meeting through VC/OAVM is as per note no. 26 and available at the Company's website www. bagnetwork24.in. The deemed venue for the 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM will be the Company's Registered Office at B.A.G. Films and Media Limited, 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096.

- 2. PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS/HER BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. SINCE THIS AGM IS BEING HELD PURSUANT TO THE MCA CIRCULARS THROUGH VC/OAVM, THE REQUIREMENT OF PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH. ACCORDINGLY, IN TERMS OF THE MCA CIRCULARS, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THIS AGM AND HENCE THE PROXY FORM, ATTENDANCE SLIP AND ROUTE MAP OF AGM ARE NOT ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.
- 3. As per the provisions of clause 3.A.II. of the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, issued by the MCA, the matters of Special Business as appearing from Item Nos. 3 to 8 of the accompanying Notice, are considered to be unavoidable by the Board and hence, form part of this Notice.
- 4. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act setting out material facts concerning the business under Item Nos. 3 to 8 of the notice is annexed hereto. The relevant details, pursuant to Regulation 36(3) and 36(5) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('Secretarial Standard') in respect of the Directors seeking re-appointment at this AGM are also annexed hereto. Requisite declarations have been received from Director and Secretarial Auditor seeking appointment/re-appointment.
- The Company has appointed National Securities Depositories Limited (NSDL) to provide VC / OAVM Facility & e-voting facility for the AGM.
- 6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 113 of the Act, Body









Corporates/ Institutional / Corporate members intending for their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send to the Company, on <a href="mailto:info@bagnetwork.in">info@bagnetwork.in</a> with a copy marked to <a href="mailto:balikasharma@gmail.com">balikasharma@gmail.com</a> and <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.com">evoting@nsdl.com</a> from their registered Email ID, a scanned copy (PDF / JPG format) of certified copy of the Board Resolution / Authority Letter authorizing their representative.

- 7. Members (including a duly authorised representative of a body corporate) attending the 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 8. As per the MCA Circulars, at least 1,000 Members will be able to join AGM on a first-come-first-served basis. However, the large shareholders (i.e. shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, Auditors, etc. can attend AGM without any restriction on account of first-come-first- served principle.
- The Register of Members and Share Transfer Register of the Company will remain closed from Friday, September 05, 2025 to Thursday, September 11, 2025 (both days inclusive).
- 10. The Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2024-25 is being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company or Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) or Depositories. A letter providing the web-link, including the exact path, where complete details of the Notice of AGM and Annual Report 2024-25 are available, being sent to those Members who have not registered their email addresses. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2024-25 will also be available on the Company's corporate website at <a href="https://bagnetwork24">https://bagnetwork24</a>. in. The same can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia. com and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia.com respectively and the Notice of 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM is also available on the e-voting website of NSDL at www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 11. We encourage members to support our commitment to environmental protection by choosing to receive the Company's communication through email. Members holding shares in demat mode, who have not registered their email addresses are requested to register their email addresses with their respective DP, and members holding shares in physical mode are requested to update their email addresses with the Company or RTA or Dipository to receive copies of the Annual Report 2024-25 in electronic mode.

#### 12. Updation of PAN and other details

SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSDPoD-1/P/CIR/2023/37 dated March 16, 2023, mandated furnishing

of PAN, KYC details (i.e. postal address with pin code, email address, mobile number, bank account details) and Nomination details by holders of physical securities through Form ISR-1. It may be noted that any service request or complaint can be processed only after the folio is KYC compliant.

The timeline for furnishing the above mentioned details were further extended till December 31, 2023 vide SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSDPoD- 1/P/CIR/2023/158 dated September 26, 2023.

In this connection, shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to update their PAN, KYC, Nomination details. The Forms for updating KYC can be downloaded from our website <a href="www.bagnetwork24.in.">www.bagnetwork24.in.</a> under shareholder's corner of Investor Relation.

We urge the shareholders for registration and/ or updation of their email id, Permanent Account Number (PAN), address and bank mandate with the Company to ensure receipt of Annual Report, dividend and/ or any other consideration and other communication timely, faster and easier and more importantly to avoid fraudulent encashment of dividend warrants.

Accordingly, to update the KYC details with the Company or intimate about change in their KYC, the following procedure may be followed:

#### **Demat Holding:**

Update the PAN and KYC (i.e. postal address with pin code, email address, mobile number, bank account details) through your Depository Participants (DPs).

#### **Physical Holding:**

PAN and KYC documents can be sent directly to the RTA in any of the following manner:

**Through 'In Person Verification' (IPV):** Shareholders can submit their required documents at the office of the RTA.

**Through hard copies:** Shareholders can send duly self-attested and dated hard copies of the required documents to below mentioned address of the RTA.

**Electronic Mode:** Shareholders can send the required documents with E-sign from their registered email ID, as prescribed by SEBI.

The Company has also issued public notice urging the shareholders for registration and/or Updation of their email id, Permanent Account Number (PAN) and bank mandate with the Company to ensure receipt of Annual Report, dividend and/or any other consideration and other communication timely, faster and easier and more importantly avoids fraudulent encashment of warrants.

To mitigate unintended challenges on account of freezing of folios, SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/ CIR/2023/181 dated November 17, 2023, has done away with the provision regarding freezing of folios not having PAN, KYC, and Nomination details.

In terms of SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/POD-1/P/









CIR/2024/81 dated June 10, 2024 and other applicable provisions, the Members of the Company (who have not opted for the nomination) are encouraged, in their own interest, to provide 'choice of nomination' for ensuring smooth transmission of shares held by them as well as to prevent accumulation of unclaimed assets in securities market. To avail the facility of nomination or to opt out or cancel/ make any variation in the already submitted nomination, Members are requested to reach out to Alankit Assignments Limited in case of shares held in physical mode and to their respective DPs in case of shares held in demat form.

- Awareness about Online Resolution of Disputes in the Indian Securities Market through Online Dispute Resolution ('ODR') Portal:
  - I. This is to inform the members that Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") vide circular no. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE\_IAD1/P/CIR/2023/131 dated July 31, 2023 issued guidelines for online resolution of disputes in the Indian securities market through establishment of a common ODR Portal which harnesses online conciliation and online arbitration for resolution of disputes arising between investors/ clients and listed companies (including their RTA's) or specified intermediaries/ regulated entities in the securities market.
  - II. SEBI vide circular no. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE\_ IAD-1/P/ CIR/2023/135 dated August 4, 2023 has further clarified that the investor shall first take up his/her/ their grievance with the Market Participant (Listed Companies, specified intermediaries, regulated entities) by lodging a complaint directly with the concerned Market Participant. If the grievance is not redressed satisfactorily, the investor may escalate the same through the SCORES Portal <a href="https://scores.gov.">https://scores.gov.</a> in/scores/Welcome.html in accordance with the process laid out. After exhausting the above options for resolution of the grievance, if the investor is still not satisfied with the outcome, he/she/they can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal.
  - III. The SMART ODR Portal can be accessed at: <a href="https://smartodr.in/login">https://smartodr.in/login</a> and the same can also be accessed though the Company website <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in">www.bagnetwork24.in</a>.
- 14. The Company has provided the facility to Members to exercise their right to vote by electronic means through both remote e-voting and e-voting during the AGM. The process of remote e-voting with necessary User ID and password is given in subsequent paragraphs. Such remote e-voting facility is in addition to the voting that will take place at the 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM, being held through VC / OAVM.
- 15. Members joining the Meeting through VC / OAVM, who have not already cast their vote by means of remote e-voting, shall be able to exercise their right to vote

- through e-voting at the AGM. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also join the AGM through VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- 16. The Company has fixed **Thursday**, **September 4**, **2025** as the cut-off date for identifying the Members who shall be eligible to vote through remote e-voting facility and for participation and voting in the AGM. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date shall be entitled to vote on the resolutions through the facility of Remote e-Voting or participate and vote in the AGM.
- 17. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holding to dematerialized form to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease in portfolio management, Members can contact the Company or RTA, for assistance in this regard.
- 18. Members who are holding shares in physical form in identical order of names in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holding in one folio. The share certificates will be returned to the Members after making requisite changes, thereon.
- 19. The Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of contracts or arrangements in which the Directors are interested under Section 189 of the Act and all other documents referred to in the Notice of 32nd AGM will be made available for inspection in electronic mode at our website <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/">https://bagnetwork24.in/</a> up to the date of this AGM and upon login to NSDL Portal at <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/">https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</a> during the AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to <a href="mailto:info@bagnetwork.in">info@bagnetwork.in</a>.
- 20. In terms of the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716) Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company, retire by rotation at the AGM and being eligible she has indicated their willingness for the proposed re-appointment. The Board of Directors of the Company recommended her reappointment for the approval of the Members.
- 21. As per Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended mandates that transfer, transmission and transposition of securities of listed companies held in physical form shall be effected only in demat mode. Further, SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD\_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022, has clarified that listed companies, with immediate effect, shall issue the securities only in demat mode while processing investor service requests pertaining to issue of duplicate securities certificate, claim from unclaimed suspense account, renewal/exchange of securities certificate,









endorsement, sub-division/splitting of securities certificate, consolidation of securities certificates/ folios, transmission, transposition etc. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled in and signed Form ISR – 4. The said form can be downloaded from the Company's website at <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/shareholders-corner/">https://bagnetwork24.in/shareholders-corner/</a>. Any shareholder who is desirous of dematerializing their securities may write to the RTA at <a href="rta@alankit.com">rta@alankit.com</a> and to the Company at <a href="info@bagnetwork.in">info@bagnetwork.in</a> for any clarifications, if needed.

- 22. Pursuant to regulation 44(6) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, the Company is providing VC / OAVM facility to its members to attend the AGM.
- Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM facility, the Attendance slip and Route Map are not annexed to this Notice
- 24. Under Section 125 of the Act read with rules made there under the amount of unclaimed or unpaid dividend for the period of seven year or more from the due date is required to be deposited in the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) constituted by the Central Government.
- The annual accounts of the subsidiary companies along with the related detailed information are available for inspection at the Company website <u>www.bagnetwork24</u>. in.
- 26. Instructions for E-voting and Joining the AGM are as follow:

### A: PROCESS AND MANNER FOR VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS:

- i. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations (as amended) and the MCA Circulars, the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with NSDL for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorised agency. The facility of casting votes by a Member using remote e-Voting system as well as remote e-Voting during the AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- ii. Members whose names are recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the Cut-off date i.e. Thursday, September 4, 2025, shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as e-voting system on the date of the AGM.
- iii. A person who has acquired the shares and has become a Member of the Company after the dispatch of the Notice of the AGM and prior to the Cut-off date i.e. Thursday, September 4, 2025, shall be entitled to exercise his/her vote either electronically i.e. remote

- e-voting or e-voting system on the date of the AGM by following the procedure mentioned in this part.
- iv. The remote e-voting period will commence on **Sunday, September 07, 2025** at 9:00 am (IST) and ends on **Wednesday, September 10, 2025** at 5:00 pm (IST). The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the Member casts the vote on a resolution, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e. Thursday, September 4, 2025.
- v. Members will be provided with the facility for voting through electronic voting system during the VC/OAVM proceedings at the AGM and Members participating at the AGM, who have not already cast their vote on the resolution(s) by remote e-voting, will be eligible to exercise their right to vote on such resolution(s) upon announcement by the Chairperson. Members who have cast their vote on resolution(s) by remote e-voting prior to the AGM will also be eligible to participate at the AGM through VC/OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote on such resolution(s) again.
- vi. The remote e-voting module on the day of the AGM shall be disabled by NSDL for voting 15 minutes after the conclusion of the Meeting.

# B: INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM AND REMOTE E-VOTING (BEFORE AND DURING THE AGM) ARE AS UNDER:

- Members will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. with the facility to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access the same by following the steps mentioned hereinbelow for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, Members will see link of "VC / OAVM" placed under "Join Meeting" menu against company name. Members are requested to click on VC / OAVM link placed under "Join Meeting" menu. The link for VC / OAVM will be available in Shareholder / Member login where the EVEN of the Company will be displayed. Please note that Members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in this Notice to avoid last minute rush.
- b) Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- Further, Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.









- d) Please note that participants connecting from mobile devices or tablets or through laptop connecting via mobile hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate any kind of this glitches.
- e) Members are encouraged to submit their questions in advance with respect to the finance or the business to be transacted at the AGM. These queries may be submitted from their registered e-mail address, mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/folio number and mobile number, to reach the Company's e-mail address at <a href="mailto:info@bagnetwork.in">info@bagnetwork.in</a> before 5.00 p.m. (IST) on Friday, September 05, 2025. Queries will be appropriately respond to, by the Company.
- f) Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may pre-register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered e-mail address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID/ folio number, PAN, mobile number at <a href="mailto:info@bagnetwork.in">info@bagnetwork.in</a> between Monday, September 01, 2025 9:00 a.m. (IST) to Friday, September 05, 2025 5.00 p.m. (IST). **Those Members who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the AGM.** The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
- g) Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, can contact NSDL Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager NSDL on evoting@nsdl.com or call on 022 4886 7000.
- C: INSTRUCTIONS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING BEFORE/DURING THE AGM:

The instructions for remote e-voting before the AGM are as under:

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system consists of 'Two Steps' which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

### A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	For OTP based login you can click on <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp</a> . You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID,8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	2. Existing <b>IDeAS</b> user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the " <b>Beneficial Owner</b> " icon under " <b>Login</b> " which is available under ' <b>IDeAS</b> ' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on " <b>Access to e-Voting</b> " under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	3. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com">https://eservices.nsdl.com</a> . Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</a>	









4.	Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL:
	https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the
	home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available
	under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter
	your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/
	OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication,
	you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click
	on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to
	e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or
	joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

5. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "**NSDL Speede**" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.

#### **NSDL** Mobile App is available on









### Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL

- Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing
  user id and password. Option will be mde available to reach e-Voting page without any
  further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website
  www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then user your
  existing my easi username & password.
- 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
- 3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System My easi Tab and then click on registration option.
- 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <a href="www.cdslindia.com">www.cdslindia.com</a> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

Individual
Shareholders
(holding
securities in
demat mode)
login through
their depository
participants

You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.









**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.com or call at 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800-21-09911

B) <u>Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.</u>

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/ Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

	nner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) Physical	Your User ID is:
a)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12****** then your user ID is IN300***12******.
b)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12************ then your user ID is 12************************************
c)	For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
  - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.









- c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
  - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
  - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
  - a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on <u>www.</u> evoting.nsdl.com.
  - Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
  - c) If you are still unable to get the password by this two options, you can send a request at <u>evoting@</u> <u>nsdl.com</u> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
  - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join Annual General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

# How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

 After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.

- Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/ OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".
- Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### **General Guidelines for Shareholders**

- I. Institutional investors, who are members of the Company, are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM through VC/OAVM facility (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority Letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to t to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to <a href="mailto:balikasharma@gmail.com">balikasharma@gmail.com</a> with a copy marked to <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.com">evoting@nsdl.com</a>. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of <a href="www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a> or call on toll free no. 022 4886 7000 or send a request to Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager at evoting@nsdl.com.









Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories/RTA for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to the Company's email at info@bagnetwork. in or Company's RTA email id at info@alankit.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to info@bagnetwork. in. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.com for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.
- 27. The Board of Directors has appointed M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. FCS 4816 and COP No. 3222) as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-Voting during the AGM and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 28. The Chairperson shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting, by use of remote e-voting system for all those Members who are present during the AGM through VC/OAVM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-Voting facility.
- 29. The Scrutinizer shall immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the vote cast through

- remote e-voting in the presence of at least 2(two) witness not in the employment of the Company and shall within two working days of the conclusion of the AGM, submit a Consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favor or against, if any, to the Chairperson or a person authorised by her in writing who shall countersign the same and declare the results of voting forthwith.
- 30. The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the website of the Company's website www.bagnetwork24.in and on the website of NSDL www.evoting.nsdl.com immediately after the result is declared by the Chairperson or any other person authorised by the Chairperson. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.
- 31. Subject to the receipt of requisite number of votes, the resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM i.e. September 11, 2025.

# **EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102**OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), given hereunder sets out all material facts relating to the special business mentioned at Item Nos. 3, to 8 of the accompanying Notice of 32nd Annual General Meeting dated June 27, 2025.

#### **FOR ITEM NO.3**

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 24A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the SEBI Listing Regulations") read with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024, and Section 204 of the Act and Rules made there under and on the basis of recommendation of Board of Directors, a listed company is required to appoint or re-appoint an individual as Secretarial Auditor for not more than one term of five consecutive years, or a Secretarial Audit firm as Secretarial Auditor for not more than two terms of five consecutive years, with the approval of the shareholders in annual general meeting.

In view of the above, on the basis of recommendations of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on May 28, 2025 have appointed M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No: 3222 and Peer Review Certificate No. PRC: 5813/2024) as Secretarial Auditor of the Company to conduct secretarial audit for a period of five consecutive years from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30. The appointment is subject to approval of the Members of the Company.

While recommending M/s Balika Sharma & Associates for appointment, the Audit Committee and the Board considered the past audit experiences of the particularly in auditing









large companies, valuated various factors, including the M/s Balika Sharma & Associates capability to handle a diverse and complex business environment, his existing experience in the various business segments, the clientele it serves, and his technical expertise.

M/s Balika Sharma & Associates is peer reviewed (Peer Review No.: 5813/2024) have submitted their eligibility certificate and consent to act as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company and have confirmed that their proposed appointment, if made, will be in accordance with the conditions prescribed under Regulation 24A (1A) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Pursuant to Regulation 36(5) of the SEBI Listing Regulations as amended, the credentials and terms of appointment of M/s Balika Sharma & Associates are as under:

#### **Profile:**

M/s Balika Sharma & Associates (Unique Code Number S2007DE097200 and Peer Review Certificate No 5813/2024), located in New Delhi, is a professionally managed Company Secretary sole proprietorship firm established in year 20.10.1999 with an aim to be a leading firm in promoting good Corporate Governance.

It is established with an objective to provide wide spectrum of quality professional services in the field of Compliance and Secretarial with an aim to facilitate value addition to its clients. We are passionate about our quality of services as we care our Clients profoundly.

M/s Balika Sharma & Associates offers a full spectrum of corporate, secretarial, regulatory, compliance services, and regulatory services relating to various Corporate Laws and SEBI Laws and stock exchange related matters. As specializes in Corporate Consultancy in the areas of Legal Compliances, Board Management, Secretarial Audits, Corporate Governance Audit, Legal Due Diligence, Mergers, Acquisitions, Takeovers, Joint ventures and Collaborations.

M/s Balika Sharma & Associates is peer reviewed (Peer Review No.: 5813/2024) is eligible to be appointed as Secretarial Auditor of the Company and are not disqualified in terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with SEBI Circular dated December 31, 2024.

M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary is proposed to be appointed for the term of five consecutive years for conducting secretarial audit from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30.

The proposed fees payable to M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, is Rs 1.00 lakh per annum. The said fees shall exclude GST, certification fees, applicable taxes, reimbursements and other outlays. The proposed fee is based on the knowledge, expertise, industry experience and the time and efforts required to be put in by the Secretarial Auditors. The remuneration for the subsequent financial years during the tenure of their appointment shall be decided by the Audit

Committee/ Board is proposed to be authorised to revise the secretarial audit fee, from time to time.

Further, the Company will also avail or obtain from the Secretarial Auditor, such other services or certificates, reports, or opinions which the Secretarial Auditors may be eligible to provide or issue under the applicable laws, at a remuneration to be determined by the Audit committee/Board.

The Board of Directors recommended the ordinary resolution as set out in item 3 of this Notice for your approval.

None of the Directors or key managerial personnel or their relatives is in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the said resolution.

#### FOR ITEM NO 4 TO 8:

The provisions of Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the SEBI Listing Regulations"), as amended, mandates prior approval of members by means of an ordinary resolution for all material related party transactions and subsequent material modifications as defined by the audit committee, even if such transactions are in the ordinary course of business of the concerned company and at an arm's length basis.

As per Regulation 2(1)(zc) of the SEBI Listing Regulations as amended, Related Party Transaction means a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between (i) a listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or (ii) a listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit any related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries, regardless of whether a price is charged or not.

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a transaction with a related party shall be considered as material if the transaction(s) to be entered into, either individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, whether directly and/or through its subsidiary (ies), exceed(s) Rs. 1,000 crore, or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

During the financial year 2025-26, the Company and few of its subsidiary(ies), propose to enter into certain related party transaction(s) as given in item no. 4 to 8 of Annexure II of this Notice, on mutually agreed terms and conditions, and the aggregate of such transaction(s), is expected to cross the applicable materiality thresholds. Accordingly, as per the SEBI Listing Regulations, prior approval of the Members is being sought for all such arrangements / transactions proposed to be undertaken by the Company and its subsidiaries. All the said transactions shall be in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis.









The Company has in place a requisite process for approval of Material Related Party Transactions and on dealing with related parties. As per the process, necessary details for related party transactions as applicable along with the justifications are provided to the Audit Committee in terms of the Company's Policy on Materiality and dealing with related party transactions and as required under SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Audit Committee has, on the basis of relevant details provided by the management as required by the law, reviewed and approved the said transaction(s), subject to approval of the Members, while noting that such transaction shall be on arms' length basis and in the ordinary course of business and are in accordance with the Related Party Policy of the Company.

The Board of Directors recommend the said ordinary resolutions, as set out in item no. 4 to 8 of this Notice, for your approval.

The Members may note that in terms of the provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the related parties as defined thereunder (whether such related party(ies) is a party to the this transactions or not), shall not vote to approve the said resolutions.

Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla, Mr. Sudhir Shukla and Mr. Ajay Jain and their relatives are deemed to be concerned or interested in these resolutions. None of the other Directors,

Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the proposed resolutions, as set out in Item nos. 4 to 8 of this Notice.

Considering the quantum of transactions and the extended framework for related party transactions under the amended SEBI Listing Regulations, approval of the Members is sought as per the requirement of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with SEBI Master Circular dated November 11, 2024 are given in Annexure II to this Notice.

By Order of the Board of Directors **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited** 

Ajay Mishra

Place : Noida Company Secretory
Date : May 28, 2025 ACS: 21096

#### **Registered Office:**

352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096 CIN: L74899DL1993PLC051841

Tel: + 91 1204602424 Email: info@bagnetwork.in www.bagnetwork24.in









### **ANNEXURE-I TO THE NOTICE**

### Details of Director seeking re-appointment at 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting

[Pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings issued by ICSI]

### Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716)

Chairperson and Managing Director	
62 Years	
08.12.1962	
Indian	
January 22, 1993	
Master Degree in Political Science from Delhi University.	
Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla is a promoter of the Company. She possesses a Master Degree in Political Science from Delhi University. Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla started her career in the electronic media at PTI. She subsequently worked in various positions with the Observer Channel and also headed the Observer Channel. She has also worked with Network East, department of BBC Network.	
Working with top professionals of the industry, both national and international, Ms. Anuradha has produced, directed, conceived, scripted, reported and anchored many television programs, and most of these have been under the banner of B.A.G Films. Since its inception in 1993, under her capable leadership, the Company has grown tremendously.	
Her immense experience in the field of media, which includes print media, electronic media and digital media, gives her an edge over others. Her vast experience in TV production and news and current affairs, not only help the company but the entire media industries in India.	
In a journey spanning more than three decades; Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla has become of the most influential person in the Indian media industry.	
She is having sound experience of Corporate management and possesses all the required competencies and is ideally suited for the job.	
Not applicable	
Rs. 140.00 Lakhs for the FY 2024-25	
<ol> <li>B.A.G. Convergence Limited.</li> <li>Skyline Radio Network Limited.</li> <li>E24 Glamour Limited.</li> <li>News24 Broadcast India Limited.</li> <li>Skyline Tele Media Services Limited.</li> <li>ARVR Communications Private Limited.</li> </ol>	









Membership and Chairmanship of the Committee of the Board of the Company	She is Chairperson of ESOP Compensation Committee
Chairmanships/ Memberships of Committees in other Companies	NIL
No. of Board Meeting attended during the financial year 2024-25	5 (Five)
Terms and conditions of Appointment(if any)	Re-appointed in terms of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.
Relationship with other Directors	Not related to any directors and key managerial personnel of the Company
No. of equity shares held in the Company	23,049,190 equity shares
Name of the listed companies from which the Director has resigned in past three years	NIL









### **ANNEXURE-II TO THE NOTICE**

The details as required under Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with read with SEBI Master Circular dated November 11, 2024 are given hereunder as annexure to this Notice.

Item No. 4: Particulars of the Material Related Party Transactions between B.A.G. Films and Media Limited and its Subsidiaries

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
	Material Relat	ed Party Transactions by the Company
1.	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	<ol> <li>News24 Broadcast India Limited (News24)         News24 is a subsidiary of the Company and hold 51.15% equity shares of News24 as on March 31, 2025.     </li> <li>E24 Glamour Limited (E24)         E24 is a subsidiary of the Company and hold 63.27% equity shares of E24 as on March 31, 2025.     </li> <li>Skyline Radio Network Limited (SRNL)         SRNL is a subsidiary of the Company and hold 71.05% equity shares of SRNL as on March 31, 2025.     </li> </ol>
2.	Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any and nature of relationship	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla serve as a Promoter, Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company. She also plays a pivotal role as a Promoter, Director and Member in its Subsidiary companies, i.e. News24, E24 and SRNL.  Mr. Sudhir Shukla is a Promoter and Member of the Company. He also serve as a Director of E24 and SRNL.  Mr. Ajay Jain, Chief Financial Officer (KMP) of the Company. He also serve as a Chief Financial Officer of News24.
3.	Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transactions	<ul> <li>a) Availing services primarily related to broadcasting, television programming, sharing of content of news and non-news and other categories, radio programming, distributions, digital media, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> <li>b) Sharing or usage of each other's resources like employees, infrastructure including IT assets, cloud, IOT and digital engineering, digital transformation, analytics, cyber security, manpower, management services, owned / third party services and reimbursements;</li> <li>c) Purchase / sale / transfer / exchange / lease of business assets including property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets, transfer of technology to meet the business objectives and requirements;</li> <li>d) Purchase/ sale/transfer of any security(ies) - equity, debt or otherwise;</li> <li>e) Providing fund based and non-fund based support including equity/debt /Inter-corporate deposits (ICD)/convertible instruments/ Guarantee, etc. and interest thereon, if any;</li> <li>f) Receipt/payment of royalty towards usage of Trade Mark/trade name;</li> <li>g) Any transfer of resources, services or obligations to meet its objectives/ requirements.</li> <li>Material terms and conditions are based on the contracts which are based on prevailing market price and commercial terms as on the date of entering in to contract(s).</li> </ul>
4.	Tenure of the transactions	During the Financial Year 2025-26
5.	Value of the transactions (not to exceed)	Rs. 50 Crores with each subsidiary









7.	The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year 2024-25, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally  If the transaction relates to any loans, inter-	Approx. 36.98% of annual consolidated turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25
7.	corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:	
	i) details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;	Not Applicable
	ii) where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercorporate deposits, advances or investments,	Not Applicable
	iii) applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and	Not Applicable
	iv) the purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT	Not Applicable
8.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	The Board considers that the proposed related party transactions are necessary for the growth and continuity of business operations of the company.  Subsidiaries of the Company are in the field of media and entertainment industry and covers healthy percentage of the market.  The rich experience of subsidiaries enables the Company to bring operational synergies, cost optimization, assurance of service, etc.  Subsidiaries of the Company are premised in the land and building owned by the Company. In addition, the Company owns large base of capital assets and other media equipment's, which are shared across subsidiaries to achieve operational efficiencies, cost optimisation and business synergies.  Financial assistance would drive growth in subsidiary's business and will enable them to innovate, scale up and pursue growth opportunities in a more focused manner.  Keeping in mind the potential quantum of transaction with subsidiaries over the year, it is proposed to seek approval for related party transaction entered/to be entered into with subsidiaries.
9.	Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable
10.	Any other information that may be relevant	All relevant / important information forms part of this Explanatory Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations









Item No. 5: Particulars of the Material Related Party Transactions between B.A.G. Films and Media Limited and its Related Parties

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
	Material Relat	ed Party Transactions by the Company
1.	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	<ol> <li>B.A.G. Convergence Limited (BCL)         BCL is an Indian company owned and controlled by one of the Promoter of the Company.</li> <li>Skyline Tele Media Services Limited (STMSL)         STMSL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company.</li> <li>B.A.G. Live Entertainment Limited (BLEL)         BLEL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company.</li> </ol>
2.	Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any and nature of relationship	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla is a Promoter, Chairperson and Managing Director and Member of the Company. She also serve as Promoter, Member and Director of BCL and SLTMSL.  Mr. Sudhir Shukla is a Promoter, Director and Member of the Company. He also serve as a Promoter, Director and Member of BLEL and STMSL.
3.	Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transactions	<ul> <li>a) Availing services primarily related to broadcasting, television programming, distributions, digital media, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> <li>b) Availing and rendering services primarily related to digital content of news and non-news and other categories, website development, convergence of traditional media to digital media, broadcasting, television programming, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> <li>c) Sharing or usage of each other's resources like employees, infrastructure including IT assets, cloud, IOT and digital engineering, digital transformation, analytics, cyber security, manpower, management services, owned / third party services and reimbursements;</li> <li>d) Purchase / sale / transfer / exchange / lease of business assets including property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets, transfer of technology to meet the business objectives and requirements;</li> <li>e) Purchase/ sale/transfer of any security(ies) - equity, debt or otherwise;</li> <li>f) Providing fund based and non-fund based support including equity/debt /Inter-corporate deposits (ICD)/convertible instruments/ Guarantee, etc. and interest thereon;</li> <li>g) Receipt/payment of royalty towards usage of Trade Mark/trade name;</li> <li>h) Any transfer of resources, services or obligations to meet its objectives/ requirements.</li> <li>Material terms and conditions are based on the contracts which are based on prevailing market price and commercial terms as on the date of entaring in to contract(s).</li> </ul>
4.	Tenure of the transactions	During the Financial Year 2025-26
5.	Value of the transactions (not to exceed)	Rs. 25 Crores with each related party









6.	The percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year 2024-25, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction (and for a RPT involving a subsidiary, such percentage calculated on the basis of the subsidiary's annual turnover on a standalone basis shall be additionally	Approx 18.49% of annual consolidated turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25
7.	If the transaction relates to any loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:	Not Applicable
	i) details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;	Not Applicable
	ii) where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercorporate deposits, advances or investments,	Not Applicable
	iii) applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and	Not Applicable
	iv) the purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT	Not Applicable
8.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	The Board considers that the proposed related party transactions are necessary for the growth and continuity of business operations of the company.  The above-related parties of the Company are in the field of media and entertainment industry and covers healthy percentage of the market.  The rich experience of these related parties enables the Company to bring operational synergies, cost optimization, assurance of service, etc.  The above related parties of the Company are premised in the land and building owned by the Company. Further, the Company owns large base of capital assets and other media equipment's, which are shared across subsidiaries to achieve operational efficiencies, cost optimisation and business synergies.  Keeping in mind the potential quantum of transaction with s above related parties over the year, it is proposed to seek approval for related party transaction entered/to be entered into with above related parties
9.	Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable
10.	Any other information that may be relevant	All relevant / important information forms part of this Explanatory Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations









# Item No. 6: Particulars of the Material Related Party Transactions between News24 Broadcast India Limited and its Related Parties

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details		
	Material Related Party Transactions by the News24 Broadcast India Limited			
1.	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	<ol> <li>E24 Glamour Limited (E24)         E24 and New24 are subsidiaries of the Company.</li> <li>Skyline Radio Network Limited (SRNL)         SRNL and News24 are subsidiaries of the Company.</li> <li>B.A.G. Convergence Limited (BCL)         BCL is an Indian company owned and controlled by one of the promoter of the News24.</li> <li>Skyline Tele Media Services Limited (STMSL)         STMSL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company as well as of News24.</li> <li>B.A.G. Live Entertainment Limited (BLEL)         BLEL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company as well as of New24.</li> </ol>		
2.	Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any and nature of relationship	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla serve as a Promoter, Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company. She also plays a pivotal role as a Promoter, Director and Member in News24, E24 and SRNL.  Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh serve as Whole Time Director (KMP) of News24. He also serve as Director of SRNL.  Mr. Ajay Jain, Chief Financial Officer (KMP) of the Company. He also serve as a Chief Financial Officer of News24.		
3.	Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transactions	<ul> <li>a) Availing services primarily related to broadcasting, television programming, teleport, uplinking and downlinking of channel, radio programming, distributions, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> <li>b) Availing and rendering services primarily related to digital content of news and non-news and other categories, website development, convergence of traditional media to digital media, broadcasting, television programming, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> <li>c) Sharing or usage of each other's resources like employees, infrastructure including IT assets, cloud, IOT and digital engineering, digital transformation, analytics, cyber security, manpower, management services, owned / third party services and reimbursements;</li> <li>d) Purchase / sale / transfer / exchange / lease of business assets including property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets, transfer of technology to meet the business objectives and requirements;</li> <li>e) Purchase/ sale/transfer of any security(ies) - equity, debt or otherwise;</li> <li>f) Providing fund based and non-fund based support including equity/debt /Inter-corporate deposits (ICD)/convertible instruments/ Guarantee, etc. and interest thereon;;</li> <li>g) Any transfer of resources, services or obligations to meet its objectives/ requirements.</li> <li>Material terms and conditions are based on the contracts which are based on prevailing market price and commercial terms as on the date of entering in to contract(s).</li> </ul>		
4.	Tenure of the transactions	During the Financial Year 2025-26		
5.	Value of the transactions (not to exceed)	Rs. 25 Crores with each related party		









6.	The percentage of the News24 annual audited standalone turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year 2024-25, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	Approx 23.01% of annual consolidated turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25
7.	If the transaction relates to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:	
	i) details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;	Not Applicable
	ii) where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercorporate deposits, advances or investments,	Not Applicable
	iii) applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and	Not Applicable
	iv) the purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT	Not Applicable
8.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	The Board considers that the proposed related party transactions are necessary for the growth and continuity of business operations of the News24.  The above-related parties of the Company are in the field of news and current affairs, digital media and entertainment industry and covers healthy percentage of the market.
		Keeping in mind the potential quantum of transaction by News24 and its related parties over the year, it is proposed to seek approval for related party transactions entered/to be entered into by News24 with its above mentioned related parties.
9.	Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable
10.	Any other information that may be relevant	All relevant / important information forms part of this Explanatory Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations









Item No. 7: Particulars of the Material Related Party Transactions between E24 Glamour Limited and its Related Parties

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details	
140.	Material Related Party Transactions by the E24 Glamour Limited		
1.	Name of the related party and its relationship	1. News24 Broadcast India Limited (News24)	
	with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including	News24 and E24 are subsidiaries of the Company.	
	nature of its concern or interest (financial or	2. Skyline Radio Network Limited (SRNL)	
	otherwise)	SRNL and E24 are subsidiaries of the Company.	
		3. B.A.G. Convergence Limited (BCL)	
		BCL is an Indian company owned and controlled by one of the promoter of the E24.	
		4. Skyline Tele Media Services Limited (STMSL)	
		STMSL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company as well as of E24.	
		5. B.A.G. Live Entertainment Limited (BLEL)	
		BLEL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company as well as of E24.	
2.	Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any and nature of relationship	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla serve as a Promoter, Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company. She also plays a pivotal role as a Promoter, Director and Member in News24, E24, BCL and SRNL.	
		Mr. Ashwani Kumar is Whole Time Director (KMP) of News24. He also serve as Director of SRNL.	
		Mr. Sudhir Shukla is a Promoter and Member of the Company. He is also Director of E24 and Promoter and Director of BLEL, Member and Director of STMSL and Director of SRNL.	
		Mr. Ajay Jain, Chief Financial Officer (KMP) of the Company. He also serve as a Chief Financial Officer of News24.	
3.	Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transactions	<ul> <li>Availing services primarily related to broadcasting, television programming, radio programming, teleport, uplinking and downlinking of channel, distributions, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Availing and rendering services primarily related to digital content of news and non-news and other categories, website development, convergence of traditional media to digital media, broadcasting, television programming, placements, marketing, stores and line feed, and other services;</li> </ul>	
		c) Sharing or usage of each other's resources like employees, infrastructure including IT assets, cloud, IOT and digital engineering, digital transformation, analytics, cyber security, manpower, management	
		services, owned / third party services and reimbursements; d) Purchase / sale / transfer / exchange / lease of business assets including property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets, transfer of technology to meet the business objectives and requirements; e) Purchase/ sale/transfer of any security(ies) - equity, debt or otherwise;	
		f) Providing fund based and non-fund based support including equity/debt /Inter-corporate deposits (ICD)/convertible instruments/ Guarantee, etc. and interest thereon;	
		6) Any transfer of resources, services or obligations to meet its objectives/requirements.	
		Material terms and conditions are based on the contracts which are based on prevailing market price and commercial terms as on the date of entering in to contract(s).	
4.	Tenure of the transactions	During the Financial Year 2025-26	









5.	If the two-section veletor to any loons into	Do 25 Croves with Nove 24 and CDNI
5.	If the transaction relates to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments	Rs. 25 Crores with News24 and SRNL
	made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:	Rs. 10 Crores with BCL, STMSL and BLEL
6.	The percentage of the E24 annual audited standalone turnover, for the immediately	News24 and SRNL: Approx 146.76% of annual standalone turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25
	preceding financial year 2024-25, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	BCL, STMSL and BLEL: Approx 58.71% of annual standalone turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25
7.	If the transaction relates to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:	
	i) details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;	Not Applicable
	ii) where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercorporate deposits, advances or investments,	Not Applicable
	iii) applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and	Not Applicable
	iv) the purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT	Not Applicable
8.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	The Board considers that the proposed related party transactions are necessary for the growth and continuity of business operations of the E24.
		The above-related parties of the Company are in the field of news and current affairs, digital media and entertainment industry and covers healthy percentage of the market.
		Keeping in mind the potential quantum of transaction with subsidiary E24 and its related parties over the year, it is proposed to seek approval for related party transactions entered/to be entered into by E24 with its above mentioned related parties.
9.	Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable
10.	Any other information that may be relevant	All relevant / important information forms part of this Explanatory Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations









Item No. 8: Particulars of the Material Related Party Transactions between Skyline Radio Network Limited and its Related Parties

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details		
	Material Related Party Transactions by the Skyline Radio Network Limited (SRNL)			
1.	Name of the related party and its relationship with the listed entity or its subsidiary, including nature of its concern or interest (financial or otherwise)	<ol> <li>News24 Broadcast India Limited (News24)         News24 and SRNL are subsidiaries of the Company.</li> <li>E24 Glamour Limited (E24)         E24 and SRNL subsidiaries of the Company.</li> <li>B.A.G. Convergence Limited (BCL)         BCL is an Indian company owned and controlled by one of the promoter of the SRNL.</li> <li>Skyline Tele Media Services Limited (STMSL)         STMSL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company as well as of SRNL.</li> <li>B.A.G. Live Entertainment Limited (BLEL)         BLEL is an Indian Company belonging to the promoter group of the Company as well as of SRNL.</li> </ol>		
2.	Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any and nature of relationship	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla serve as a Promoter, Chairperson and Managin Director of the Company. She also plays a pivotal role as a Promoter, Director and Member in SRNL, News24, E24, BCL and STMSL.  Mr. Sudhir Shukla is a Promoter and Member of the Company. He is also Director of E24 and Promoter and Director of BLEL, Member and Director of STMSL an Director of SRNL.  Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh is Non-executive Director of SRNL. He also serve a Whole Time Director (KMP) of News24.  Mr. Ashwani Kumar is Non-executive Director of SRNL. He also serve as Whole Time Director (KMP) of E24.  Mr. Ajay Jain, Chief Financial Officer (KMP) of the Company. He also serve as Chief Financial Officer of News24.		
3.	Type, material terms and particulars of the proposed transactions	<ul> <li>a) Availing services primarily related to broadcasting, radio programming, marketing, stores and line feed, digital media, pre-outbound, and other services;</li> <li>b) Sharing or usage of each other's resources like employees, infrastructure including IT assets, cloud, IOT and digital engineering, digital transformation, analytics, cyber security, manpower, management services, owned / third party services and reimbursements;</li> <li>c) Purchase / sale / transfer / exchange / lease of business assets including property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets, transfer of technology to meet the business objectives and requirements;</li> <li>d) Purchase/ sale/transfer of any security(ies) - equity, debt or otherwise;</li> <li>e) Providing fund based and non-fund based support including equity/debt /Inter-corporate deposits (ICD)/convertible instruments/ Guarantee, etc. and interest thereon;</li> <li>f) Any transfer of resources, services or obligations to meet its objectives/ requirements.</li> <li>Material terms and conditions are based on the contracts which are based on prevailing market price and commercial terms as on the date of entering in to contract(s).</li> </ul>		









4.	Tenure of the transactions	During the Financial Year 2025-26	
5.	Value of the transactions (not to exceed)	Rs. 25 Crores with News24 and E24	
		Rs. 10 Crores with BCL, STMSL and BLEL	
6.	The percentage of the E24 annual audited standalone turnover, for the immediately preceding financial year 2024-25, that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	News24 and E24: Approx 214.35 % of annual standalone turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25  BCL, STMSL and BLEL: Approx 85.74% of annual standalone turnover of the Company for Financial Year 2024-25	
7.	If the transaction relates to any loans, inter- corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed entity or its subsidiary:		
	i) details of the source of funds in connection with the proposed transaction;	Not Applicable	
	ii) where any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercorporate deposits, advances or investments,	Not Applicable	
	iii) applicable terms, including covenants, tenure, interest rate and repayment schedule, whether secured or unsecured; if secured, the nature of security; and	Not Applicable	
	iv) the purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate beneficiary of such funds pursuant to the RPT	Not Applicable	
8.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	The Board considers that the proposed related party transactions are necessary for the growth and continuity of business operations of the SRNL.  The above-related parties of the Company are in the field of news and current	
		affairs, digital media and entertainment industry and covers healthy percentage of the market.	
		Keeping in mind the potential quantum of transaction with subsidiary SRNL and its related parties over the year, it is proposed to seek approval for related party transactions entered/to be entered into by SRNL with its above mentioned related parties.	
9.	Any valuation or other external report relied upon by the listed entity in relation to the transactions	Not Applicable	
10.	Any other information that may be relevant	All relevant / important information forms part of this Explanatory Statement setting out material facts pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations	









#### **BOARD'S REPORT**

To,

The Members of,

#### **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited**

The Board of Directors ("the Board") is delighted to present the 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual Report on business and operations of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("the Company") along with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

#### 1. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The financial performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, is summarized as below:

(Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24
Total Income	3,817.80	3,672.68	13,996.31	13,357.99
Total Expenditure other than Financial Costs and Depreciation	3,160.33	2,969.43	11,523.60	11,031.67
Profit before Depreciation & Financial Charges	657.48	703.25	2,472.71	2,326.32
Financial Charges	364.58	378.18	837.16	1,005.84
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	138.72	173.55	411.29	478.33
Profit before Tax	154.18	151.52	1,224.26	842.15
Provision for Tax	45.23	46.71	225.23	165.02
Profit after Tax	108.95	104.81	999.03	677.13
Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

#### **Notes:**

- I. There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.
- II. Previous year figures have been regrouped / re-arranged wherever necessary.
- III. There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

# 2. RESULT OF OPERATIONS AND STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

During the year under review, the Standalone revenue from operations of the Company was Rs. 3,814.28 Lakhs against Rs. 3,595.08 Lakhs during the previous financial year. As per the Consolidated Accounts, the total income increased from Rs. 13,357.99 Lakhs to Rs. 13,996.31 Lakhs during the year. There was standalone EBIDTA of Rs. 657.48 Lakhs as against Rs. 703.25 Lakhs in previous year, whereas the Consolidated EBIDTA increased from Rs. 2326.32 Lakhs to Rs. 2,472.71 Lakhs during the year.

The Consolidated Profit after Tax improved by 47.53% from year 2023-24 to 2024-25 due to fall in financial charges and rise in the total revenue.

The Company holds the unique distinction of producing programmes of all genres. We are proactive with our

content pipeline and endeavor to hit new genres before the market evolves. The Company continues to focus on digital medium in every part of the business to stay in tune with technological advancements and drive efficiencies across the value chain. We are looking forward to an opportunity of renewed growth in the sector, which will allow us to deliver better quality content to consumers.

The Company with a rich industry presence of over 30 years, remains committed to its purpose of quality content for different age groups, formats, media and news and non-news platforms.

Our in house expertise along with strong partnerships in the content creation, aggregation and distribution system enabled us to remain competitive and sustain in these unprecedented times. The Company plays a crucial role in better placement and distribution of TV channels and thereby optimizes costs for the Company.









BAG create content across mediums i.e. TV, Movies and OTT as well as across genres to cater to the entertainment needs of our viewers across age groups.

BAG continues to shape regional media narratives while adapting to digital trends. Want a visual timeline of their growth or a comparison with other Indian media companies.

During the year under review, the Company has produced successful programmes like Amne Samne, Sabse Bada Sawal, News Shatak, Mahaul kya hai, Rastra Ki Baat, 10 ki 10 Breaking, Kalchakra, Bollywood Reporter, U, Me aur TV, Insta Stalker, Bollywood Top 10, Aradhana, Jhakaas Morning, Bhangra Junction, Hots Hits, Party on my mind, Karaare Hits, Dil Dhadhakne Do across different channels and strengthened its presence.

#### 3. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual audited standalone and consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year 2024-25, which form a part of this Annual Report, have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), Regulations 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('the SEBI Listing Regulations') and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

#### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, there was no change in the authorized and paid-up equity share capital of the Company. The paid up equity share capital as on March 31, 2025 was Rs. 395,836,180/- (including calls in arrear of Rs. 170,341/-) divided into 197,918,090 equity shares of Rs. 2/- each.

During the year under review, the Company has not issued any:

- a) shares with differential voting rights
- b) sweat equity shares.

#### 5. DIVIDEND

The Directors are of the view that resources of the Company need to be conserved for its future growth plan and hence do not recommend any dividend for the financial year 2024-25.

#### 6. GENERAL RESERVE

The Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserve for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

#### 7. DEPOSITS

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted or renewed any amount falling within the

purview of Section 73 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014. Hence, the requirement of providing details relating to deposits as also of deposits which are not in compliance with Chapter V of the Act, is not applicable.

# 8. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCTION AND PROTECTION FUND

During the year under review, the Company has no unclaimed and/or unpaid dividend amount, which remain unclaimed or unpaid for a period of seven years or more.

Any shareholder whose shares or unclaimed dividend have been transferred to the Fund, may claim under provision to Section 124(6) or apply for refund under Section 125(3) or under proviso to Section 125(3), as the case may be, to the Authority by making an application in Web Form IEPF - 5 available on website at www.iepf. gov.in.

#### 9. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

#### (i) Composition of Board of Directors:

As on March 31, 2025, the Company has six Directors comprising of three Independent Directors, two Non-Executive Directors and one executive as a Chairperson and Managing Director (CMD), details thereof have been provided in the Corporate Governance Report. Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla, CMD, and Ms. Anamika Sood, Non-Executive Independent Director are women Directors in the Board of the Company.

In the opinion of the Board, all the directors, as well as the directors appointed / re-appointed during the year under review, possess the requisite qualifications, experience and expertise and hold high standards of integrity. Criteria for determining qualification, positive attributes and independence of a director is given under the NRC Policy.

In terms of the requirement of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has identified core skills, expertise, and competencies of the Directors in the context of the Company's businesses for effective functioning. The list of key skills, expertise and core competencies of the Board of Directors is detailed in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### (ii) Key Managerial Personnel:

As on March 31, 2025, the Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) of the Company as per Section 2(51) read with section 203 of the Act were as follows:









Name	Designation
Ms. Anuradha Prasad	Chairperson and
Shukla	Managing Director
Mr. Ajay Jain	Chief Financial Officer
Mr. Ajay Mishra	Company Secretary and
	Compliance Officer

During the year under review, Mr. Rajeev Parashar has resigned from his post of Company Secretary and Compliance officer with effect from May 31, 2024 and the Board has appointed Mr. Ajay Mishra as new Company Secretary and Compliance officer of the Company with effect from June 1, 2024.

#### (iii) Appointment/Re-appointment of Directors

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), the Board approved/recommended the appointment/reappointment of the following Directors, during the FY 2024-25 and such appointment/ re-appointment were also approved by the Members of the Company at the 31st Annual General Meeting held on August 28, 2024 ("31st AGM"):

1. Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) was appointed by the Board as an Additional Director under the category of Non-Executive Independent Director with effect from May 29, 2024, and she was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company at the 31st AGM. The Members also approved the appointment of Ms. Anamika Sood as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of five years commencing from May 29, 2024 up to May 28, 2029.

The Board affirmed that Ms. Anamika Sood meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act, including rules framed thereunder, as well as Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

- Mr. Arshit Anand (DIN: 08730055), Non-Executive Independent Director, was re-appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director by the Members of the Company at the 31<sup>st</sup> AGM, for a second term of five years commencing from April 01, 2025 up to March 31, 2030.
- 3. Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey (DIN 03533543), Non-Executive Director of the Company, who retired by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Act was re-appointed at the 31st AGM.

4. Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN:00010716) Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company was further re-appointed as Chairperson and Managing Director by the Members of the Company at the 31st AGM for a period of five years commencing from April 01, 2025 up to March 31, 2030.

In line with the provisions of section 152 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716), Director liable to retires by rotation at the ensuing 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company and being eligible, has offered herself for re-appointment.

Brief details of Directors proposed to be appointed / re-appointed as required under Regulation 36 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard 2 will be provided in the Notice of the ensuing 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company.

#### (iv) Declaration from Independent Directors

The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors under Section 149(7) of the Act and Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed thereunder.

The Independent Directors have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed under Schedule IV of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience and expertise and they hold highest standards of integrity.

In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation that exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence. The Directors have further confirmed that they were not debarred from holding the office of the director under any SEBI order or any other such authority.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, performance of the Board as a whole and performance of the chairperson was evaluated, taking into account the views of executive director and non-executive directors. Performance evaluation









of independent directors was done by the entire Board, excluding the independent director being evaluated. Details of Familiarization Programme for the Independent Directors are provided separately in the Corporate Governance Report which forming part of this Annual Report.

The Company familiarizes the Independent Directors of the Company with their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model and related risks of the Company, etc. The brief details of the familiarization programme are put up on the website of the Company at https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Familiarization-Program-for-Independent-Directors.pdf.

#### 10. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for constituting, reconstituting, appointing the Committee Members and also defining its Charters. The Board Committees play a crucial role in the governance structure of the Company and have been constituted to deal with specific areas/activities which concern the Company and needs a closer review.

The Board Committees are set up under the formal approval of the Board to carry out clearly defined roles which are considered to be performed by members of the Board. The terms of reference of Board Committees are determined by the Board from time to time. All decisions and recommendations of the Committees are placed before the Board for information or approval.

As mandated by the SEBI Listing Regulations and applicable provisions of the Act, the Company has constituted the following statutory committees:

- A. Audit Committee
- B. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- C. Stakeholders Relationship Committee
- D. Risk Management Committee

The functioning of these Committees is regulated by the mandatory terms of reference, roles and responsibilities and powers as provided in the Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and other applicable regulations.

Other key Committees constituted by the Company are:

- E. Securities Committee
- F. ESOP Compensation Committee

In addition, the Board also constitutes specific committees, from time to time, depending on the business exigencies. The terms of reference of the Committees are reviewed and modified by the Board from time to time. Meetings of each Committee are convened by the respective Committee Chairman.

The minutes of the meetings of all these Committees are placed before the Board for noting. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of these Committees.

Details of all the Committees such as terms of reference, composition, and meetings held during the year under review are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forming part of this Annual Report.

#### 11. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The Board meets on regular interval to discuss and decide on the Company/business policy and strategy apart from other Board matters. During the year under review, the Board of Directors of your Company met six times. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. The details of Board meetings and the attendance of the Directors are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forming part of this Annual Report.

#### 12. DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to requirements of Section 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Act with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, the Directors confirm that: -

- a) In the preparation of the annual financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation related to material departures;
- b) They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and of the profit of the Company for that year ended on that date;
- They have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) They have prepared the annual accounts of the Company on a 'going concern' basis;
- e) They have laid down proper internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- f) They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.









#### 13. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Company has four subsidiaries as on March 31, 2025. There is no associate company within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Act.

There is no changes in number of subsidiaries of the Company either by acquisition or otherwise during the year under review. The details of the business of key operating subsidiaries during FY 2024-25 are given in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report, which forms part of this Annual Report.

#### **News24 Broadcast India Limited**

**News24,** a 24 hours National Hindi free to air Hindi news channel operating under its subsidiary, News24 Broadcast India Limited, has consistently maintained healthy market share in Hindi News Genre and is available throughout India on cable and DTH platforms includes Tata Play, Dish TV, and Airtel Digital. In the age of social media, News24 has been able to maintain its credibility and has gained immense of popularity.

News24 is immensely popular on digital and social platform like Facebook, YouTube, Twitter, etc.

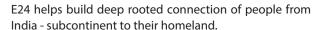
News24, is also available throughout West Asia and the MENA Region on DU network across Middle East and North Africa including Algeira, Baharin, Chad, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Iran, Jorda, Kuwait, Lebnan, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudia Arabia, Somalia, North Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, U.A.E. & Yemen.

The Company further strengthened its presence in the Hindi heartland with the populority of its regional News channel – NEWS24 MPCG through its subsidiary News24 Broadcast India Limited. Madhya Pradesh (MP) & Chhattisgarh (CG) is one of the key news markets which have a population of roughly more than 150 million and their news appetite has been growing unceasingly. NEWS24 MPCG has become the leading Hindi News Channel in Madhya Pradesh & Chattisgarh.

#### **E24 Glamour Limited**

**E24,** a 24 hours Entertainment channel operating through its subsidiary E24 Glamour Limited. E24 is available throughout Hindi speaking market (HSM) on cable and on DTH platforms such as Airtel & Tata Play.

E24, is also available throughout West Asia and the MENA Region on DU network across Middle East and North Africa including Algeira, Baharin, Chad, Djibouti, Egypt, Iraq, Iran, Jorda, Kuwait, Lebnan, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Saudia Arabia, Somalia, North Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, U.A.E. & Yemen.



The music and news genre has been facing considerable heat and stiff competition from digital and social media platforms. This competition along with increased cost of music royalties has rendered streaming music and related content unviable, forcing a re-jig into content planning. Your channel focused on regional movies and content to reduce costs and dependence on Bollywood contents.

#### **Skyline Radio Network Limited**

The Company has FM radio stations, on frequency 106.4 operating through its subsidiary Skyline Radio Network Limited in Hissar, Karnal, Patiala, Ranchi, Muzaffarpur, Dhule, Jalgaon, Ahemednagar, Simla and Jabalpur. The management is exploring various options to sustain and build revenues. The Company is exploring collaboration with other radio players in order to increase revenues and optimise costs.

#### **BAG Network Limited**

The BAG Network Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The Company is dormant and like previous year has not carried out any business during the year.

The Company has adopted a Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries in terms of Regulation 16(1) (c) of the SEBI Listing Regulations as amended from time to time. The Policy as approved by the Board has been uploaded on the Company's website at the web link <a href="http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy">http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy</a> for Detarmining Material Subsidiaries.pdf.

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129, 134 and 136 of the Act read with rules framed there under and Regulation 33 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has prepared consolidated financial statements of the Company with its subsidiaries and a separate statement containing the salient features of financial statement of subsidiaries in Form AOC-1 which forms part of this Annual Report. The details of basis of preparation and consideration, principle of consolidation are disclosed in Notes of Consolidated Financial Statement.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of section 136 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company including the consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited financial accounts in respect of subsidiaries, are available on the company's website <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in">www.bagnetwork24.in</a>. The subsidiary companies'documents will also be available for inspection at Company's website at <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in">www.bagnetwork24.in</a>.









#### 14. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, is hosted on the website of the Company and can be accessed at <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/B.A.G">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/B.A.G</a> Films Form No MGT-7 31.03.2025.pdf.

# 15. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

#### **Energy Conservation Measures Taken by the Company**

The provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Act read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, relating to Conservation of Energy do not apply to the Company. However, significant measures are taken to reduce energy consumption by using energy-efficient computers and by purchasing energy efficient equipment. We purchase computers, laptops, air conditioners etc. that meet environmental standards, wherever possible and regularly upgrade old equipment with energy-efficient equipment.

#### **Technology Absorption**

The provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, relating to Technology Absorption do not apply to the Company. The Company's research and development initiative mainly consists of ideation of new subjects for our content production business, which are used in the creation of new storyline and tracks. The expenses incurred on such initiatives are not practically quantifiable.

The Company is an integrated player in the media & entertainment industry and our business is such that there is limited scope for new technology absorption, adaptation and innovation. However, the Company uses the latest technology, wherever possible to deliver superior production value, as a regular process.

#### 16. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO

During the financial year 2024-25, the Company have not earned and expend any amount in foreign currency.

#### 17. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS

During the year under review, no orders have been passed by any Regulator, Court, or Tribunal, which can have a significant impact on the going concern, status and the Company's operations in future.

# 18. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an internal control system, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The Company has in place adequate controls, procedures and policies, ensuring orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and systems of compliance which are established and maintained by the Company, audits conducted by the Internal, Statutory and Secretarial Auditors including audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting by the Statutory Auditors and reviews by the Management and the Audit Committee, the Board is of the opinion that the Company's internal financial controls were adequate and effective during the finencial year 2024-25.

### 19. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided, along with the purpose, as required under section 134(3)(g) of the Act, for the Financial Year 2024-25 are given in the Financial Statements forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **20. DISCLOSURE RELATED TO POLICIES**

#### A. Nomination and Remuneration Policy

The Company has adopted a Nomination and Remuneration Policy to identify persons who are qualified to become Directors on the Board of the Company and who may be appointed in senior management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend their appointment and removal and also for the appointment of Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company, who have the capacity and ability to lead the Company towards achieving sustainable development.

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees (NRC Policy) of the Company is a comprehensive policy which is in consonance with the industry practices. The policy ensures equality, fairness and consistency in rewarding the employees on the basis of performance against set objectives.









While recommending a candidate for appointment, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall assess the appointee against a range of criteria including qualifications, age, experience, positive attributes, independence, relationship, gender diversity, background, professional skills and personal qualities required to operate successfully in the position and has discretion to decide adequacy of such criteria for the concerned position. All candidates shall be assessed on the basis of merit, skills and competencies without any discrimination on the basis of religion, caste, creed or gender.

In terms thereof, the size and composition of the Board should have:

- an optimum mix of qualifications, skills, gender and experience as identified by the Board from time to time:
- an optimum mix of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors;
- minimum six number of Directors or such minimum number as may be required by the SEBI Listing Regulations and / or by the Act;
- maximum number of Directors as may be permitted by the SEBI Listing Regulations and / or by the Act or as per Articles; and

The Company regards its employees as the most valuable and strategic resource and seeks to ensure a high performance work culture through a fair compensation structure, which is linked to Company and individual performance. The compensation is therefore based on the nature of job, as well as skill and knowledge required to perform the given job in order to achieve the Company's overall objectives.

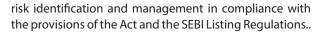
The Company's Nomination and Remuneration Policy is available on our website at <a href="http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Nomination">http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Nomination</a> and Remuneration Policy.pdf

#### B. Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

The Company believes in voluntary commitment to Corporate Social Responsibility initiatives though mandatory contribution is not yet applicable on the company. The Company shall report the same and shall submit the relevant report as and when they become applicable.

#### C. Risk Management Policy

The Company has duly approved a Risk Management Policy aimed to ensure resilience for sustainable growth and sound corporate governance by having a process of



The Policy lays down broad guidelines for timely identification, assessment and prioritisation of risks affecting the Company in the short and foreseeable future. The Policy suggests framing an appropriate response action for the key risks identified, so as to make sure that risks are adequately addressed or mitigated. The audit committee has additional oversight in the area of financial risks and controls. At present, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, there are no risks which may threaten the existence of the Company.

Pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 21 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and applicable provision of the Act, the Company has constituted a committee of Directors called the Risk Management Committee to oversee the Enterprise Risk Management framework. The Risk Management Committee periodically reviews the framework including cyber security, high risks items, mitigation plans and opportunities which are emerging or where the impact is substantially changing.

The said Risk Management Policy is also available on the company's website at www.bagnetwork24.in.

#### D. Whistle Blower Policy and Vigil Mechanism

The Company has a vigil mechanism through Whistle Blower Policy and has established the necessary vigil mechanism for Directors and employees of the Company in conformation with section 177(9) of the Act and Regulation 22 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Policy has been framed with a view to provide a mechanism, inter alia, enabling stakeholders including Directors, individual employees of the Company and their representative bodies, to freely communicate their concerns about illegal or unethical practices and to report genuine concerns or grievances as also to report to the management their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. The details of the Whistle Blower Policy are posted on the website of the Company at the web link <a href="http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Whistle Blower Policy.pdf">http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Whistle Blower Policy.pdf</a>

#### E. Performance Evaluation Policy

Policy for Annual Performance Evaluation of Directors, Committees and Board Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has framed a Policy for Performance Evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors which includes criteria for performance evaluation of the Non – Executive Directors









and the Executive Directors on the basis of the criteria specified in this Policy, evaluation of the performance of Individual Directors, Independent Directors, its own performance and that of the working of its Committees during the financial year 2024-25 was carried out by the Board.

### F. Material Subsidiary Policy

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 16(1) (c) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has adopted a Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries laying down the criteria for identifying material subsidiaries of the Company.

Accordingly, News24 Broadcast India Limited and E24 Glamour Limited have been determined as the material subsidiaries of the Company during the financial year 2024-25. The Policy may be accessed on the website of the Company at <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy\_for\_Detarmining\_Material\_Subsidiaries.pdf">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy\_for\_Detarmining\_Material\_Subsidiaries.pdf</a>.

The updated policies adopted by the Company as per statutory and governance requirements are uploaded on website of the Company at <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in">www.bagnetwork24.in</a>.

### 21. AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

### (i) Statutory Auditors

As recommended by the Audit Committee and the Board of the Company and in accordance with Section 139 of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, M/s Joy Mukherjee & Associates, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration No. 006792C) as Statutory Auditor of the Company has been appointed by the Members of the Company at the 29th Annual General Meeting held on August 29, 2022 for a period of five years from the conclusion of 29th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Representative of Statutory Auditors of the Company attended the previous AGM of your Company held on August 28, 2024.

# (ii) Qualification in Auditors reports

M/s Joy Mukherjee & Associates, the Statutory Auditor has issued Audit Reports with unmodified opinion on the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. The Notes on the Financial Statements referred to in the Audit Report are self-explanatory and therefore, do not call for any further explanation or comments from the Board under Section 134(3) (f) of the

### (iii) Secretarial Auditors and their Reports

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, the Board had appointed M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, a firm of Company Secretaries in Practice (C.P.No. 3222), to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company for FY 2024-25.

Pursuant to the provision of section 204 of the Act and Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Secretarial Audit Report in Form No. MR-3, issued by M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, a firm of Company Secretaries in Practice, for the financial year 2024-25 confirms that the Company has complied with the provisions of the applicable laws and regulations and does not contain any observation or qualification requifing explanation or comments from the Board under Section134(3) of the Act except as mentioned in the report in Form No. MR-3 annexed as **Annexure –I**, which forms as internal part of this Board Report.

As per the requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations, News24 Broadcast India Limited and E24 Glamour Limited, material subsidiaries of the Company have undertaken secretarial audit for the financial year 2024-25. The Secretarial Audit Report in Form No. MR-3 for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 of the material subsidiaries issued by M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, a firm of Company Secretaries in Practice, does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark and the report in Form MR-3 of material subsidiaries of the Company are annexed as **Annexure II** and **Annexure-III** respectively, which forms as internal part of this Board Report.

A Secretarial Compliance Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 on compliance of applicable SEBI Listing Regulations and circulars / guidance issued there under was obtained from M/s Balika Sharma & Associates and submitted to the stock exchanges with in prescribed timelines. The remark provided in the report are self explanatory.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and Rules made thereunder and Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Audit Committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on May 28, 2025, have recommended the appointment of M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No: 3222 and Peer Review Certificate No. PRC: 5813/2024), as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a period of five years commencing from financial year 2025-26 till financial year 2029-30, to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company in terms of Section 204 and other applicable provisions of the Act read with Regulation 24A and other applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations.









The resolution seeking approval of the Members for the appointment of M/s Balika Sharma & Associates will be provided in the Notice of the ensuing 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company.

# Secretarial Auditors' observation(s) in Secretarial Audit Report and Directors' explanation thereto:

- The number of Directors on the Board were less than the minimum number of directors required on the Board as per Regulation 17(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. As per the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Listed Entity shall be comprised of not less than six directors. Accordingly, the composition of the Board of Directors was not as per Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations for a period of 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024.
- For the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board of Directors was not duly constituted and had members less than minimum three members as required under Section 178 of the Act read with Regulation 20(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.
- During the period under review, BSE and NSE has imposed fines for non-compliance of Regulations 17(1) and Regulation 20(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Company within time limit duly paid the fines.

#### Response

The non-compliance regarding the composition of the Board of Directors and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee was not willful. It arose due to inadvertent circumstances. Appointment term for one of directors had come to and end on March 31st 2024, and the Board was looking for a suitable replacement, which took longer time than expected, causing this unintended.

The Board and the management have always made conscious efforts to comply with all the applicable laws and regulations, including SEBI Listing Regulations, the Act. It is stated that the non-compliance of certain provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Act, which occurred during the period under review occurred inadevertently. While the Company has paid the penalty in the prescribed timelines, the Board/Stakeholders Relationship Committee in its capacity has always taken requisite and timely steps to ensure compliance with respect to the minimum number of Directors required

on the Board / Committees of the Company. The management has taken note of the issue and assures that appropriate measures have been implemented to ensure such non-compliance does not occur in the future.

### (v) Reporting of Frauds by Auditors

During the year under review, the Statutory Auditors, Internal Auditor and Secretarial Auditor have not reported any instances of frauds committed in the Company by its Officers or Employees, to the Audit Committee under Section 143(12) of the Act, details of which needs to be mentioned in this Report.

# 22. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts/arrangements/transactions that were entered by the Company with related parties, during the financial year under review, were on arm's length basis, in the ordinary course of business and were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Policy on Materiality of Related Party Transactions and dealing with Related Party Transaction as approved by the Board of Directors, in line with the requirements of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations, has been uploaded on the Company's website at the web link <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Related Party Transactions-Policy.pdf">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Related Party Transactions-Policy.pdf</a>. None of the directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions vis-à-vis the Company except remuneration and sitting fees.

The Policy intends to ensure that proper reporting approval and disclosure processes are in place for all transactions between the Company and related parties. Omnibus approval was obtained on a yearly basis for transactions, which are of repetitive nature and/or entered in the ordinary course of business and are at Arm's Length Price.

The particulars of related party's transactions referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Act and Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations as amended including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto are disclosed in Form No. AOC-2 in **Annexure-IV** which forms as internal part of this Board Report.

### 23. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

In terms of Section 134(3)(I) of the Companies Act, 2013, except as disclosed elsewhere in this Report, no material changes and commitments which could affect the Company's financial position have occurred between the









end of the financial year of the Company and date of this Report.

### 24. LISTING

The equity shares of the Company are listed with BSE Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE). There are no arrears on account of payment of listing fee to the Stock Exchanges.

### 25. CYBER SECURITY

In view of increased cyberattack scenarios, the cyber security maturity is reviewed periodically and the processes, technology controls are being enhanced inline with the threat scenarios. Your Company's technology environment is enabled with real time security monitoring with requisite controls at various layers starting from end user machines to network, application and the data.

During the year under review, your Company did not face any incidents or breaches or loss of data breach in cyber security.

### **26. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of Corporate Governance and adhere to the Corporate Governance requirements.

As per Regulation 34(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a separate section on corporate governance practices followed by your Company, together with a certificate from company's Statutory Auditors certify on compliance with corporate governance norms under the SEBI Listing Regulations, is annexed and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

### 27. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARD

During the year under review, applicable provisions of Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India i.e., SS-1 and SS-2 relating to 'Meetings of the Board of Directors' and 'General Meetings', respectively have been followed by the Company. Further, the Company has in place proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of applicable Secretarial Standards and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

### 28. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

In terms of Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Management Discussion and Analysis Report on your Company's performance, industry trends and other material changes with respect to your Company and its subsidiaries, wherever applicable, is provided in separate

section and forms an integral part of this Annual Report.

### 29. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has in place a comprehensive Code of Conduct (the Code) applicable to Directors, Independent Directors and Senior Management Personnel. The Code gives guidance and support needed for ethical conduct of business and compliance of law. The Code reflects the values of the Company. A copy of the Code has been put on the Company's website www.bagnetwork24.in.

The Company has formulated a Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor, report trading by designated persons to deter the insider trading in the securities of the Company based on the unpublished price sensitive information. The said Code envisages procedures to be followed and disclosures to be made while dealing in the securities of the Company. The said policy was updated and adopted by the Board of Directors pursuant to SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018.

The Company has also formulated code of Practice and Procedures for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information in addition therewith pursuant to Regulation 8 of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015. These codes are applicable to Directors/officers/connected person/designated employee of the Company and their immediate relatives. The full text of the Code is available on the website of Company under "Code of Conduct & Policies" and can be accessed at Company's website <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in">www.bagnetwork24.in</a>.

# 30. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The requisite details containing the names and other particulars of employees in accordance with the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is annexed as **Annexure V** as part of this Board's report.

The information required pursuant to Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of your Company is available for inspection on company website at www.bagnetwork24. in up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. If any member is interested in obtaining a copy thereof, such member may write to the Company Secretary in this regard.

31. PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL OF









### SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

As per the requirement of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, your Company has laid down a Prevention of Sexual Harassment (POSH) Policy and has constituted Internal Complaints Committees (ICC), at all relevant locations across India to consider and resolve the complaints related to sexual harassment.

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for every individual working in Company's premises through various interventions and practices. The Company always endeavors to create and provide an environment that is free from discrimination and harassment including sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary and trainees) are covered under this policy.

All new employees go through a detailed personal orientation on anti-sexual harassment policy adopted by your Company.

During the year under review, your Company has not received any complaint pertaining to sexual harassment.

### 32. MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT

The Company has complied the provisions as applicable under of Maternity Benefit Act, 1961. During the year under review, no complaints has been received by the Company from any of the employee in this regard.

### 33. IBC CODE & ONE-TIME SETTLEMENT

There are no proceeding pending against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC Code). There has not been any instance of one-time settlement of the Company with any bank or financial institution.

# 34. BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY & SUSTAINABILITY REPORT (BRSR)

In accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulations, the provisions of the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR) is not applicable on your Company for the financial year 2024-25.

#### 35. APPRECIATION AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors would like to express their appreciation for the co-operation and assistance received from the Government authorities, banks and other financial institutions, viewers, vendors, suppliers, customers, shareholders and all other stakeholders during the year under review.

Your Directors also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the committed services of all the employees.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited** 

**Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

Place: Noida Chairperson and Managing Director

Date: May 28, 2025 DIN: 00010716









# ANNEXURE "I" TO THE BOARD'S REPORT Form No. MR-3

### **SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members of, B.A.G. Films and Media Limited [CIN L74899DL1993PLC051841] 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.-8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year commencing from April 1, 2024 and ended on March 31, 2025 ("Audit Period") generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder to the extent notified and came into force;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA) & the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings, wherever applicable;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; {Not applicable during the Audit Period)
  - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
  - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; {Not applicable during the Audit Period)









- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015; and
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018; {Not applicable during the Audit Period).
- i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; {Not applicable during the Audit Period)
- j) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; {Not applicable during the Audit Period)
- (vi) As informed by the management, being a programs and content provider, there is no sector specific law applicable to the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i. Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- ii. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited read with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- Codes and Polices adopted by the Company.

**We report that** during the Audit Period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Acts, Laws and Regulations and guidelines, to the extent applicable, as mentioned above. However, during the Audit Period:

- 1. The number of Directors on the Board were less than the minimum number of directors required on the Board as per Regulation 17(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. As per the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Listed Entity shall be comprised of not less than six directors. Accordingly, the composition of the Board of Directors was not as per Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations for a period of 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024.
- 2. For the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board of Directors was not duly constituted and had members less than minimum three members as required under Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 20(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.
- 3. During the period under review, BSE and NSE has imposed fines for non-compliance of Regulations 17(1) and Regulation 20(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Company within time limit duly paid the fines.

### We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors except the above said period of 58 days. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and Committees thereof that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decisions were carried out with unanimous consent and therefore no dissenting views were captured and recorded as part of the minutes









We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines as stated above.

**We further report that** during the Audit Period, there were few specific events/ actions in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, standards, etc. having a major bearing on the Company's affairs, details of which are as stated below:

- 1. In Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on August 28, 2024, the Company has taken approval from its Members for reappointment of Mr. Arshit Anand (DIN: 08730055) as an Independent Director of the Company.
- 2. In the said AGM dated August 28, 2024, the Company has also taken approval from its Members for appointment of Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) as a Director and as an Independent Director of the Company.
- In the said AGM dated August 28, 2024, the Company has also taken approval from its Members for Re-appointment of Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716) as Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company.

For Balika Sharma & Associates
Company Secretaries

Peer Review Certificate No. 5813/2024

**Balika Sharma** 

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

Place : Noida

Date : May 28, 2025

UDIN: F004816G000438678

This report is to be read with our letter of even date, which is annexed as **Annexure 1** and forms an integral part of this report.







### **Annexure 1**

To,
The Members of,
B.A.G. Films and Media Limited
[CIN L74899DL1993PLC051841]
352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.-8, Kondli,
East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintianence of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial Records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations & happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Balika Sharma & Associates
Company Secretaries
Peer Review Certificate No. 5813/2024

Balika Sharma

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

UDIN: F004816G000438678

Place: Noida

Date : May 28, 2025









# ANNEXURE-"II" TO THE BOARD'S REPORT Form No. MR-3

### **SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

# for the financial year ended March 31, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members of, News24 Broadcast India Limited [CIN U32204DL2007PLC162094] 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.-8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **News24 Broadcast India Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year commencing from April 1st, 2024 and ended on March 31st, 2025 ("Audit Period") complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder to the extent notified and came into force;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- 3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA) & the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- 5) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations');
- 6) Laws specifically applicable to the industry to which the Company belongs, as identified and compliance whereof as confirmed by the management, that is to say:
  - a. The Policy Guidelines for Uplinking of Television Channels issued by the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting;
  - b. The Policy Guidelines for Downlinking of Television Channels issued by the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting;
  - c. The Cable Television Network (Regulations) Act, 1995 and rules, regulations made there under read with amendments;
  - d. The Cable Television Network Rules, 1994 read with amendments;
  - e. The Telecommunication (Broadcasting and Cable Services) Interconnection (Addressable Systems) Regulations, 2012;
  - f. The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India Act, 1997 r/w Standards of Quality of Service (Duration of Advertisements in Television Channels) Regulations 2012;
  - g. The Standard of Quality of Service (Duration of Advertisements in Television Channels) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013 issued by Telecom Regulatory Authority of India;









- h. The Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.
- i. The DTH Guidelines regulated by the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI);
- j. The Policy Guidelines and regulations issued by the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting (To the extent applicable to the Company)

**We report that** during the Audit Period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines etc. mentioned above.

### We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decisions were carried out with unanimous consent and therefore no dissenting views were captured and recorded as part of the minutes

**We further report that** there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines as stated above.

We further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- (i) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (ii) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction etc.
- (iii) Foreign technical collaborations.

**We further report that** during the Audit Period, the Members of the Company inter-alia has passed the following Special Resolution:

1. To Approve Related Party Transactions.

For Balika Sharma & Associates Company Secretaries

Balika Sharma

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

UDIN: F004816G000439118

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure 1** and forms an integral part of this report.



Place: Noida

Date: May 28, 2025







### **Annexure 1**

To,
The Members of,
News24 Broadcast India Limited
[CIN U32204DL2007PLC162094]
352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.-8, Kondli,
East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintianence of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial Records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations & happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Balika Sharma & Associates Company Secretaries Peer Review Certificate No. 5813/2024

**Balika Sharma** 

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

UDIN: F004816G000439118

Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025









# ANNEXURE-"III" TO THE BOARD'S REPORT Form No. MR-3

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members, E24 Glamour Limited [CIN: U92419DL2007PLC160548] 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No-8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **E24 Glamour Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year commencing from April 1st, 2024 and ended on March 31st, 2025 ("Audit Period") complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder to the extent notified and came into force;
- 2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- 3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- 4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA) & the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- 5) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations');
- 6) Laws specifically applicable to the industry to which the Company belongs, as identified and compliance whereof as confirmed by the management, that is to say:
  - The Policy Guidelines for Uplinking of Television Channels issued by the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting;
  - b. The Policy Guidelines for Downlinking of Television Channels issued by the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting;
  - c. The Cable Television Network (Regulations) Act, 1995 and rules, regulations made thereunder;
  - d. The Cable Television Network Rules, 1994 read with Amendments;
  - e. The Telecommunication (Broadcasting and Cable Services) Interconnection (Addressable Systems) Regulations, 2012;
  - f. The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India Act, 1997 read with Standards of Quality of Service (Duration of Advertisements in Television Channels) Regulations 2012;
  - g. The Standard of Quality of Service (Duration of Advertisements in Television Channels) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013 issued by Telecom Regulatory Authority of India;
  - h. The Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.
  - i. The DTH Guidelines regulated by the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI);









j. The Policy Guidelines and regulations issued by the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting (To the extent applicable to the Company)

**We report that** during the Audit Period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines etc. mentioned above.

### We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Majority decisions were carried out with unanimous consent and therefore no dissenting views were captured and recorded as part of the minutes

**We further report that** there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines as stated above.

We further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- (i) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (ii) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction etc.
- (iii) Foreign technical collaborations.

**We further report that** during the Audit Period, the Members of the Company inter-alia has passed the following Special Resolution:

1. To Approve the Related Party Transactions

For Balika Sharma & Associates Company Secretaries Peer Review Certificate No. 5813/2024

**Balika Sharma** 

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

Place : Noida

Date : May 28, 2025

UDIN: F004816G000439041

This report is to be read with our letter of even date, which is annexed as Annexure 1 and forms an integral part of this report.









#### **Annexure 1**

To,
The Members,
E24 Glamour Limited
[CIN: U92419DL2007PLC160548]
352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No-8, Kondli,
East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintianence of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial Records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations & happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Balika Sharma & Associates
Company Secretaries
Peer Review Certificate No. 5813/2024

**Balika Sharma** 

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

UDIN: F004816G000439041

Place: Noida

Date: May 28, 2025









# **ANNEXURE "IV" TO BOARD'S REPORT**

**FORM NO. AOC-2** 

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transaction under third proviso is given below:

# 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

There were no contracts or arrangements or transactions entered during the year ended March 31, 2025, which were not at arm's length basis.

# 2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sr. No.	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of contracts or arrangements or transaction	Duration of contracts or arrangements or transactions	Salient Terms	Amount (in Rs.)
1.	News24 Broadcast India Limited	Subsidiary	Leasing/ Television Programming	Continuing	As per Related Party Transaction Policy	282,541,550
2.	E24 Glamour Limited	Subsidiary	Leasing/ Television Programming	Continuing	As per Related Party Transaction Policy	69,672,562
3.	B.A.G. Convergence Limited	Promoter owned	Leasing/ Programming	Continuing	As per Related Party Transaction Policy	19,499,439
4.	Skyline Radio Network Limited	Subsidiary	Leasing/ Programming	Continuing	As per Related Party Transaction Policy	47,454,966

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited

**Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

Chairperson and Managing Director

DIN: 00010716







Place: Noida

Date: May 28, 2025



# ANNEXURE "V" TO THE BOARD'S REPORT

Disclosure of Managerial Remuneration pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

A. Remuneration of each Director and Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) along with particulars of increase during the financial year, ratio of remuneration of Directors to the Median remuneration of employees and comparison of remuneration of each KMP against Company's performance:

Relevant Clause u/r 5(1)	Prescribed Requirement	Particulars
(i)	Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year	Ratio of remuneration of Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla, Chairperson and Managing Director (CMD) to the median remuneration of the employees was 16.28:1
(ii)	Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla, CMD, received Rs. 140.00 Lakh as remuneration for the financial year 2024-25, with zero percentage increase.
	financial year	Mr. Ajay Jain, CFO of the company did not get any increment in his remuneration for the financial year 2024-25.
		Mr. Ajay Mishra, CS of the company did not get any increment in his remuneration for the financial year 2024-25.
(iii)	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	-2.41%
(iv)	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of company as at March 31, 2025.	14
(v)	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial	Average increase in remuneration of Managerial personnel-Nil
	personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	Average increase in remuneration of employees other than the Managerial Personnel- Nil
(vi)	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company	The remuneration is as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Other Employees of the Company, formulated pursuant to the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(Note: No remuneration was paid to Non-Executive Directors except sitting fee).









Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025

- B. Disclosures relating to remuneration drawn by employees in terms of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
  - 1. Employed throughout the year and in receipt of remuneration aggregating Rs. 1.02 Crores or more per annum:

1.	Name	Anuradha Prasad Shukla
2.	Age	62 Years
3.	Designation	Chairperson and Managing Director
4.	Remuneration received	Rs. 140.00 Lakh
5.	Qualification	Master Degree in Political Science
6.	Date of Joining	Since incorporation
7.	Last Employment	Observer Channel
8.	Percentage of Equity Shares held	11.65%
9.	Nature of Employment	Contractual
10.	Related to any Director of these Companies	She is not related to any of the Directors

<sup>\*</sup>Remuneration includes Salary, Allowances, Variable Pay, Company's Contribution to Provident Fund, Medical Benefits, Leave Travel Allowance & other Perquisites and benefits valued on the basis of Income Tax Act, 1961.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **B.A.G. Films and Media Limited** 

**Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

Chairperson and Managing Director

DIN: 00010716









# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

[Pursuant to Part C of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

"Creating an ethical culture means instilling and maintaining a commitment to doing the right thing, this time and every time-so much so that it becomes entwined in the essential DNA of the firm"

# 1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance is an ethically driven business process and practices to ensure that the affairs of the Company are being managed in a way, which ensures accountability, transparency, and fairness in all its transactions in the widest sense, and meet its stakeholders' aspirations and societal expectations. B.A.G. Films and Media Limited (herein after referred as "the Company") philosophy on Corporate Governance is to conduct business and its dealings with all stakeholders in compliance with laws and high standard of business ethics for effective control and management system in organizations, which leads to enhancement of shareholders and other stakeholders' value. The Company has a duty towards all its stakeholders to operate the business of the Company based on the core principles of good governance, accountability, transparency, integrity, societal, environment and regulatory compliances while creating long-term value for all its stakeholders. These elements collectively enable an organization to operate efficiently and ethically. The Board of directors (herein after referred as "the Board") considers itself as a Trustee of its shareholders and acknowledges its responsibilities towards them for creating and safeguarding their wealth. The Company has always believed in complying with the law Rules and Regulations not only in letter but in spirit as well. The Company, strives to do better in all aspects of its functioning, highlighting its focus on better governance. Corporate Governance is the balance between economic and social goals and between individual and societal goals which the Company strives to uphold at all times.

As a media organization, we recognize our unique role in society — upholding the right to information, protecting freedom of expression, and fostering public trust. We are committed to maintaining editorial independence, ethical reporting standards, and compliance with all applicable laws and regulations governing the media industry.

Our governance practices is designed to ensure a balanced representation of executive and non-executive directors on our Board, robust oversight through board committees, and adherence to ethical codes that reflect both corporate and editorial integrity.

The Company firmly believes that sound Corporate Governance is essential for enhancing and maintaining stakeholder trust, and consistently strives to align its performance goals with the governance principles. Your Company's essential charter is shaped by the objectives of transparency, professionalism and accountability. The Company continuously endeavors to improve on these aspects on an ongoing basis.

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees, including the executive director. In addition, the Company has also adopted a Code of Conduct for its non-executive directors, which includes Code of Conduct for Independent Directors, which suitably incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013 (herein after referred as "the Act"). The Company confirms compliance with the applicable provisions relating to Corporate Governance stipulated in the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 (herein after referred as "the SEBI Listing Regulations") the details of which are given below.

### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board comprises of eminent and distinguished personalities with an optimum mix of proficiency and vast experience in the media and entertainment sector, management, corporate, legal and financial experts thereby ensuring the best interest of the stakeholders and the Company. The Board is constituted with a high level of integrated, knowledgeable and committed professionals. The Board provides strategic guidance and independent views to the Company's senior management while discharging its fiduciary responsibilities. The Board also provides direction and exercises appropriate control to ensure that the Company is managed in a manner that fulfils stakeholders' aspirations and societal expectations.

### 2.1 Size and Composition of the Board of Directors

The Composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, read with Section 149 of the Act, as 50% of the Board comprises of Independent Directors, which is an optimum mix of Executive and Non-Executive Directors. As of March 31, 2025, the Board consists of six Directors, comprising one Executive Director serving as the Chairperson and Managing Director and five Non-Executive Directors, three of whom are Independent Directors, including one Woman Independent Director.

Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla, Chairperson and Managing Director and Ms. Anamika Sood Independent Director are woman directors in the Board of the Company.









The Board's strength is enhanced by its diversity in terms of skills, gender and experience. This inclusive composition reflects a judicious balance of professionalism, competence, and deep sectoral knowledge—enabling the Board to provide robust leadership and informed oversight.

The present strength of the Board reflects a judicious mix of professionalism, competence and sound knowledge, which enables the Board to provide effective leadership and oversight to the Company. The Chairperson is the Managing Director and one of the Promoter of the Company. The total Board strength comprises of:

Executive Director	Non-Executive Director	Independent Director	Total Strength
1	2	3	6

During the year under review, the non-executive directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them for attending meetings of the Board / Committee of the Company.

None of the Directors has any inter-se relation among themselves or any employees of the Company.

No Director holds directorships in more than 10 public companies or in more than 7 listed companies. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, all Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstances or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in the SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management. No Executive Director of the Company serves as an Independent Director in any listed company. The rich and vast professional expertise of Independent Directors gives immense benefits to the Company.

None of the Directors is a Member of more than 10 committees and Chairperson of more than 5 committees as specified in Regulation 26(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, across all the public companies in which they are Directors. The necessary disclosures regarding committee positions have been made by the Directors. All the Independent Directors have registered themselves with the Independent Director's Databank. The necessary disclosures regarding other Directorship(s)/Committee Membership(s)/ Chairmanship(s) have been made by all the Directors in the first Board Meeting of the financial year commence from April 1, 2025.

### 2.2 Skills and Competencies

The Board ensures that the expertise, knowledge and experience needed to effectively steer the Company forward are represented on the Board. The selection and appointment process for Directors is designed to identify individuals whose specific skills and professional background complement the overall competency matrix of the Board. While it is recognized that not every Director will possess all the required competencies individually, the Board as a whole must reflect a comprehensive and balanced set of skills. Moreover, as the Company continues to evolve and grow, the expertise required at the Board level may also change to meet new challenges and opportunities. In considering candidates for appointment to the Board, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC) and the Board prioritize individuals with integrity and strong ethical values, along with relevant skills, industry experience and governance capabilities essential for Board effectiveness.

In terms of the requirement of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board has identified core skills, expertise, and competencies of the Directors in the context of the Company's businesses for effective functioning. The list of key skills, expertise and core competencies of the Board of Directors, which are available hereunder:

Name of the Directors	Expertise in specific functional area
Ms. Anuradha Prasad	Entrepreneur, Media and Entertainment, Communications, Business Development, Expansion,
Shukla	Diversification, Strategy and Corporate Management
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	Operations, logistics, Liaison, Human Resources, Administration
Ms. Anamika Sood*	Academics, Encompassing in the field of Arts and Media.
Mr. Arshit Anand	Corporate Law, Communication Law, Constitutional Law, Insolvency & Bankruptcy Law
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	Income Tax, Direct and Indirect Tax, Corporate Law, Communication Law and Constitutional
	Law.
Mr. Sanjeev Kumar	Constitutional Law, Corporate Law, Family Law, Communication Law, Insolvency & Bankruptcy
Dubey	Law, Arbitration Law, Mines Law, Criminal Law and allied law.

<sup>\*</sup>Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) has been appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director in the Board w.e.f. 29.05.2024.









### 2.3 Appointment of Directors

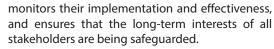
- Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), the Board approved the appointment/re-appointment of the following Directors, during FY 2024-25 and such appointment/ re-appointment were also approved by the Members at the 31<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting held on August 28, 2024 ("31<sup>st</sup> AGM"):
- 1. Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) who was appointed by the Board as an Additional Director under the category of Non-Executive Independent Director with effect from May 29, 2024, and she was appointed as a Non- Executive Director of the Company at the 31st AGM. The Members also approved the appointment of Ms. Anamika Sood as an Independent Director of the Company for a term of five years commencing from May 29, 2024 up to May 28, 2029.

The Board affirmed that Ms. Anamika Sood meet the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act, including rules framed thereunder, as well as Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

- Mr. Arshit Anand (DIN: 08730055) Non-Executive, Independent Director, was re-appointed by the Members of the Company as Non-Executive Independent Director at the 31st AGM for a second term of five years commencing from April 01, 2025 up to March 31, 2030.
- 3. Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey (DIN 03533543), Non-Executive Director of the Company, who retired by rotation in terms of Section 152(6) of the Act was re-appointed at the 31<sup>st</sup> AGM.
- 4. Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN:00010716) Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company was further re-appointed by the Members of the Company as Chairperson and Managing Director at the 31st AGM for a period of five years commencing from April 01, 2025 up to March 31, 2030.
- In line with the provisions of section 152 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716) retires by rotation at the ensuing 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company and being eligible, has offered her-self for re-appointment.

### 2.4 Number of Board Meetings

The Board oversees the overall functioning and gives strategic direction to the Company. It evaluates and guides management policies,



The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on Company policy and strategy apart from other regular business. Dates of the Board meetings are decided in advance in consultation with the Directors to facilitate their attendance at the meetings. The meetings and the agenda items taken up during the meetings were in compliance with the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations read with various circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Securities and Exchange Board of India in this regard.

To ensure Board effectiveness, the Directors are expected to attend and actively participate in all the meetings of the Board of Directors / Board committees of which he/she is a member and the general meetings. The meetings of the Board are generally held at the Corporate Office of the Company at FC-23, Film City, Sector-16A, Noida -201301, Uttar Pradesh.

**Reviews:** The Board regularly reviews interalia, industry environment, annual business plans and performance against the plans, business opportunities including investments/ divestment, compliance processes including material legal issues, strategy, risk management practices, approval of quarterly/annual results and compliance reports on applicable laws. Senior executives are invited to provide additional inputs at the Board meetings for the items discussed by the Board, as and when required.

In addition to items, which are mandated to be placed before the Board for its noting and / or approval, information is provided on various significant issues. The Board is also provided with Audit Committee's observations on the internal audit findings.

**Meetings:** Six Board Meetings were held during the year and the gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. The dates on which the said meetings were held on May 29, 2024; July 25, 2024, August 12, 2024; November 14, 2024, February 12, 2025 and March 28, 2025. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings.

**Recorded Proceeding:** Post meeting, all-important decisions taken at the meeting are communicated to the members of the Board by way of draft minutes for their confirmation/comments within the stipulated time. The









finalized Minutes are entered in the Minutes Book and thereafter signed by the Chairperson, in due compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Secretarial Standards. The Company Secretary keeps a record of the proceedings of each meeting. Support and Role of Company Secretary: The Company Secretary is responsible for convening the Board and Committee meetings, preparation and distribution of Agenda and other documents and recording of the Minutes of the meetings. He acts as interface between the Board and the Management and provides required information and documents.

### 2.5 Attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The attendance record of the Directors at the Board Meetings held during financial year 2024-25 and at the last AGM are as under:

Sr.	Name of Directors	Number of Bo	oard Meetings	Attendance at the AGM held	
No.		Held	Attended	on August 28, 2024	
1.	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla	6	5	Present	
2.	Mr. Sudhir Shukla	6	6	Present	
3.	Ms. Anamika Sood*	6	6	Present	
4.	Mr. Arshit Anand	6	5	Present	
5.	Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	6	6	Present	
6.	Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey	6	6	Absent	

<sup>\*</sup>Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) has been appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director in the Board w.e.f. 29.05.2024.

### 2.6 Details of Directors' Positions in other Companies:

The details of Director's position in other companies as on March 31, 2025 are given below:

Name of Directors	Date of Category of Director	Directorships in other Indian Public Limited	No. of Board Committees in which Chairman / Member		List of Directorship held in Other Listed Companies and Category	
			Companies**	Chairman	Member	Category
Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla DIN: 00010716	22.01.1993	Promoter/Executive/ Chairperson and Managing Director	5	-	1	-
Mr. Sudhir Shukla DIN: 01567595	12.08.2011	Promoter/ Non- Executive Director	4	-	2	-
Ms. Anamika Sood* DIN: 10629116	29.05.2024	Non-Promoter/ Non-Executive Independent Director	2	-	-	-
Mr. Arshit Anand DIN: 08730055	01.04.2020	Non-Promoter/ Non-Executive Independent Director	3	-	4	-
Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey DIN: 03533543	30.05.2022	Non-Promoter/ Non-Executive Director	-	-	-	-
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain: DIN:09605901	30.05.2022	Non-Promoter/ Non-Executive Independent Director	1	1	-	-

#### **Notes:**

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Committees considered for the purpose are those prescribed under explanation to Regulation 26(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations viz. Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of Indian public limited companies excluding B.A.G. Films and Media Limited.







<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) has been appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director in the Board w.e.f. 29.05.2024.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Excludes private limited companies, foreign companies and companies registered under section 8 of the Act and B.A.G. Films and Media



## 2.7 Information placed before the Board

The Board agenda, along with the explanatory notes, is usually circulated at least 7 days in advance along with the minimum information required to be made available to the Board as specified in Part A of Schedule II to the SEBI Listing Regulations for facilitating meaningful and focused discussions and effective decision making at the meeting. Where it is not feasible to circulate any document in advance, the same is tabled / presented at the meeting with the permission of the Chairman and Directors. In special and exceptional circumstances, additional item(s) are also considered.

# 2.8 Independent Directors

The Independent Directors are the Board members who are required to meet the baseline definition and criteria on 'independence' as set out in Regulation 16 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, Section 149(6) of the Act read with rules and Schedule IV thereto and other applicable regulations. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstances or situation, which exist or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

Accordingly, based on the declarations received from all the Independent Directors, the Board has confirmed that the Independent Directors of the Company fulfill the conditions specified in the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the management. Further, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they have enrolled themselves in the Independent Directors' Databank maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. As mentioned earlier in this report, the Board includes 3 (three) Independent Directors as on March 31, 2025.

A formal letter of appointment to Independent Directors as provided in the Act has been issued and disclosed on website of the Company at <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/2023/Code-of-Conduct-for-Independent-Directors.pdf">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/2023/Code-of-Conduct-for-Independent-Directors.pdf</a>.

### **Declaration by Independent Directors**

The Company has received necessary declarations from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Act, that he / she meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 25 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board confirms that, in its opinion, the independent directors fulfil the conditions as

specified in the Regulation 16 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and they are independent of the management.

### Separate Meeting of Independent Directors:

Pursuant to Regulation 25 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Schedule IV of the Act, read with the Rules made thereunder, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on February 22, 2025 without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of the Management. All the Independent Directors were present for this meeting.

The Independent Directors, inter-alia, reviewed the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, the Board as a whole and the performance of the Chairperson of the Board, taking into account the views of the Executive and the Non-Executive Directors. They also assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the Management and the Board.

## 2.9 Evaluation of the Board's Performance:

The Board has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, Board committees, and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairperson of the Board who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution and independence of judgment thereby safeguarding the interest of the Company. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance questionnaires of the Chairperson and the Non Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The exercise of board evaluation for the Financial Year 2024-25 was duly carried out through a structured evaluation process covering various aspects of the Board's functioning, such as composition of the Board & committees, performance, experience & competencies, performance of specific duties & obligations, governance issues etc.

### 2.10 Familiarization Programme for Directors:

The Board members of the Company (Independent and Non-Independent) are afforded every opportunity to familiarize themselves with the Company, its management and its operations and above all the Industry perspective & issues. They









are made to interact with senior management personnel and are given all the documents sought by them for enabling a good understanding of the Company, its various operations and the industry of which it is a part.

The Company will impart Familiarization Programmes for new Independent Directors inducted on the Board of the Company. The Familiarization Programme of the Company will provide information relating to the Company, media and entertainment industry, business model of the Company, geographies in which Company operates, etc. The programme also intends to improve awareness of the Independent Directors on their roles, rights, responsibilities towards the Company. Further, the Familiarization Programme also provides information relating to the financial performance of the Company and budget, control process of the Company. The Chairperson and Managing Director or such other authorized officer(s) of the Company shall lead the Familiarization Programme on aspects relating to business/industry. The details of the familiarization programme of the Independent Directors are available on the website of the Company https:// bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Familiarization-Programfor-Independent-Directors.pdf.

### 2.11 Code of Conduct:

The Board has laid down a comprehensive Code of Conduct for all Board members and senior management of the Company which is available on the Company's website <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in/investor">https://www.bagnetwork24.in/investor</a>. All Board members and senior management i.e. Company's executives' one level below the Chairperson and Managing Director have affirmed compliance with the said Code as per Regulation 26(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. A declaration signed by the Chairperson and Managing Director to this effect is annexed to this Corporate Governance Report.

### 2.12 Prevention of Insider Trading Code:

The Company has in place a Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by designated persons. The designated persons and immediate relatives of the designated persons in the Company are governed by said code of conduct governing dealing in securities.

The trading window is closed from the end of every quarter till 48 hours after the declaration of financial results and on happening of any other material event which require closing of trading window. The Company Secretary is responsible for setting forth procedures and implementation of the code for trading in Company's securities.

### 3. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for constituting, reconstituting, appointing the Committee Members and also defining its Charters. The Board Committees play a crucial role in the governance structure of the Company and have been constituted to deal with specific areas/activities which concern the Company and needs a closer review

The Board Committees are set up under the formal approval of the Board to carry out clearly defined roles which are considered to be performed by members of the Board. The terms of reference of Board Committees are determined by the Board from time to time. All decisions and recommendations of the Committees are placed before the Board for information or approval.

As mandated by the SEBI Listing Regulations and applicable provisions of the Act, the Company has constituted the following statutory committees:

- A. Audit Committee
- B. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- C. Stakeholders Relationship Committee
- D. Risk Management Committee

The functioning of these Committees is regulated by the mandatory terms of reference, roles and responsibilities and powers as provided in the Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and other applicable regulations.

Other key Committees constituted by the Company are:

- E. Securities Committee
- F. ESOP Compensation Committee

In addition, the Board also constitutes specific committees, from time to time, depending on the business exigencies. The terms of reference of the Committees are reviewed and modified by the Board from time to time. Meetings of each Committee are convened by the respective Committee Chairman.

The minutes of the meetings of all these Committees are placed before the Board for noting. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of these Committees.









### 4. STATUTORY COMMITTEES

### 4.1 AUDIT COMMITTEE

## A. Composition:

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors (the Audit Committee) is constituted in accordance with Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Directors and one Non-Independent Director as on March 31, 2025. All the members of the Audit Committee possess financial, management and accounting knowledge/ expertise. It functions in accordance with the terms of reference and reporting function. Presently the members of the Audite Committee are:

Name of Directors	Position	Category
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	Chairman	Non- executive Independent Director
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	Member	Non- Executive Director
Ms. Anamika Sood	Member	Non- executive Independent Director
Mr. Arshit Anand	Member	Non- executive Independent Director

# B. Terms of reference, Power and Scope:

The broad terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as under:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommendation for appointment, reappointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- iii. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- iv. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditors' report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
- Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of

- clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Act.
- Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
- Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
- Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
- Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
- Disclosure of any related party transactions.
- Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- v. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- vi. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- vii. Review and monitor the auditors' independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- viii. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- ix. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- x. Examination of the financial statement and the auditors' report thereon;
- vi. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
- xii. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- xiii. Establish a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns in such manner as may be prescribed;
- xiv. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by internal auditors into









- matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- xv. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit, as well as post-audit discussions to ascertain any area of concern;
- xvi. Reviewing with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- xvii. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- xviii. to review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- xix. To look into the reasons for substantial default in the payment of the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders and creditors;
- xx. Reviewing the utilisation of loan and / or advances from / investment by the holding company in the subsidiaries;

- xxi. Consider and comment on rationable, cost benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the company and its shareholders;
- xxii. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant finding and follow up thereon;
- xxiii. Approval of appointment of CFO after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- xxiv. To review management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- xxv. To review, examine and deliberate on all the concerns raised by and out-going auditors and to provide views to the Management and Auditors;
- xxvi. To review internal audit reports relating to internal control weakness;
- xxvii. To review the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor;
- xxviii. To review periodic statement of deviations;
- xxix. Such other functions as may be delegated by the Board from time to time; and
- xxx. The audit committee shall review the information required as per the SEBI Listing Regulations.

### C. Number of meetings attended by the Members: -

During the year, five Audit Committee meeting were held on May 29, 2024; August 12, 2024; November 14, 2024, February 12, 2025 and March 28, 2025 respectively. The attendance details of the Audit Committee meetings are as follows.

Name of Directors	Position	Category	No. of Meeting held	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	Chairman	Non- Executive Independent Director	5	5
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	Member	Non- Executive Director	5	5
Ms. Anamika Sood*	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	4	4
Mr. Arshit Anand	Member	Non- Executive Independent Director	5	4

<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Anamika Sood has been eligible to attend only four meetings of audit committee as her appointment was effective from 29.05.2024.

The Audit Committee invites such executives as it considers necessary (and particularly the head of the finance function) to be present at its meetings. The Chief Financial Officer, Internal Audit attended the meetings. The Statutory Auditor was also invited to the meetings, as and when required. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

The minutes of each Audit Committee meeting are placed and discussed in the meeting of the Board.

Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain, Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at 31st Annual General Meeting held on August 28, 2024 to answer the shareholders queries.









### 4.2 NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

### A. Composition

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC) comprises four Directors, all of them are Non-Executive Directors. The Committee's composition meets the requirements of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Presently, the NRC comprises of four Non-Executive Directors. Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain, Chairman cum Non-Executive Independent Director. Other members are Ms. Anamika Sood, Non-Executive Independent Director, Mr. Sudhir Shukla, Non-Executive Director, and Mr. Arshit Anand, Non-Executive Independent Director. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

#### B. Terms of Reference:

Brief terms of reference of Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as under:

 The NRC shall evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description on the

- role and responsibilities required of an Independent Director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as Independent Director shall have the capabilities identified in such description.
- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- iii. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board;
- iv. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- v. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.
- vi. Recommendation of remuneration, in whatever form, payable to directors and senior management.
- vii. Such other matters as may be required under the Act/the SEBI Listing Regulations.

# C. Number of meetings attended by the Members: -

During the year, two meetings of NRC were held on May 29, 2024 and July 25, 2024 respectively.

Name of Directors	Position	Category	No. of meeting held	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	Chairman	Non-executive Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Arshit Anand	Member	Non-executive Independent Director	2	2
Ms. Anamika Sood	Member	Non-executive Independent Director	1	1
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	Member	Non-Executive Director	2	2

<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Anamika Sood has eligible to attend only one meeting of NRC as her appointment was effective from 29.05.2024 in the Board.

The NRC assists the Board of Directors of the Company in fulfilling its responsibilities for corporate governance and oversight of Company's nomination and remuneration policies and practices which enables it to attract and retain senior management of the Company and such other individuals as the Committee determines from time to time (Senior Management) and appropriately align their interests with those of key stakeholders.

All the matters relating to finalization of remuneration to executive/non-executive director is being taken in the meeting of said Committee for their consideration and approval.

The Chairman of the Committee was present at 31st Annual General Meeting held on August 28, 2024 for answer the shareholders queries.

## D. Board Membership Criteria:

While screening, selecting and recommending to the Board new members, the Committee ensures

that the Board is objective, there is absence of conflict of interest, ensures availability of diverse









perspectives, business experience, legal, financial & other expertise, integrity, leadership and managerial qualities, practical wisdom, ability to read & understand financial statements, commitment to ethical standards and values of the Company and there are healthy debates & sound decisions.

While evaluating the suitability of a Director for reappointment, besides the above criteria, the NRC considers Board evaluation results, attendance & participation in and contribution to the activities of the Board by the Director.

### E. Board Evaluations:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairperson of the Board who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution and independence of judgement thereby safeguarding the interest of the Company. The exercise of board evaluation for the Financial Year 2024-25 was duly carried out through a structured questionnaires covering various aspects of the Board's functioning, such as composition of Board & committees, performance, experience & competencies, performance of specific duties & obligations, governance issues, etc. The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company.

# F. Remuneration Policy and Details of Remuneration Paid to the Directors

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees of the Company is performance driven and is structured to motivate employees, recognize their merits and achievements and promote excellence in their performance. In line with this requirement, the Nomination and Remuneration Policy is available on the Company's website at https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Nomination\_and\_Remuneration\_Policy.pdf

The remuneration of the Board Members is based on the Company's size, its economic & financial position, industrial trends, compensation paid by the peer companies, etc. Compensation reflects each Board member's responsibility and performance.

The remuneration to the Executive director comprises of fixed Component viz salary, perquisites and allowances and variable component based on the recommendation of the NRC, approval of the Board and the shareholders.

Apart from receiving sitting fees, independent directors do not have any other material pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, its promoters, and its management, which in the judgment of the Board may affect independence of judgment of directors.

None of the Independent Directors or their relatives has any material pecuniary relationship with the Company, its holding, subsidiary Company or their promoters or directors during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year.

Company does not pay any remuneration to the non-executive directors except sitting fee. During the year the Company duly paid sitting fees to Non-Executive Directors for attending meeting. The Company has not granted any stock option to any of its Non-Executive Directors.

Details of the sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors for attending the Board / Committee Meetings held during the financial year 2024-25 and paid are as under:

Name of Directors	Sitting Fees (in Rs.)
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	1,27,500
Ms. Anamika Sood*	1,20,000
Mr. Arshit Anand	1,05,000
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	1,27,500
Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey	90,000

<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Anamika Sood appointed as an Independent Director with effect from 29.05.2024.

Besides above, the Company does not pay any other commission or remuneration to its Non-Executive Directors.

No sitting fees was paid to Independent Directors for attending the separate meeting of the Independent Directors or the Annual General Meeting.

The Company does not pay any sitting fees to Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla- Executive Director on the Board. The remuneration package of the Chairperson and Managing Director comprises of salary, perquisites, allowances etc. as approved by the shareholders at the general meeting, details whereof are given elsewhere in the Annual Report of the Company.









### 4.3 STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

### A. Composition

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with section 178 of the Act.

Presently, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee consists of three Members viz. Mr. Sudhir Shukla-Chairman, Non-executive Director, Mr. Arshit Anand, Non-executive Independent Director and Ms. Anamika Sood, Non- executive Independent Director. The Board has designated Mr. Ajay Mishra, Company Secretary as the Compliance Officer.

### B. Terms of Reference, Power and Scope:

The Board approved terms of reference of the stakeholders' relationship committee. The Committee look in to the matter of shareholder's/ investor grievances along with matters listed below:

- Resolution of grievances of security holders of the Company including redressal of investor complaints such as transfer or credit of securities, non-receipt of dividend / notice / annual reports, etc. and all other securities-holders related matters.
- Transfer and transmission of securities, the dematerialsation, rematerialisation etc. of securities.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Review measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.

# C. Number of meetings attended by the Members: -

During the year, three meeting of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meetings were held on August 12, 2024, November 14, 2024, and February 12, 2025 respectively. The attendance of Members at the meetings are as follow:

Name of Directors	Position	Category	No. of Meeting held	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	Chairman	Non- Executive Director	3	3
Ms. Anamika Sood	Member	Non- executive Independent Director	3	3
Mr. Arshit Anand	Member	Non- executive Independent Director	3	3

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is responsible for the satisfactory redressal of investors' complaints and recommends measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services.

Mr. Ajay Mishra, Company Secretary is designated as the Compliance Officer who oversees the redressal of the investors' grievances and generally processes the grievance within the prescribed period from the date of receipt.

The Chairman of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee was present at 31st Annual General Meeting held on August 28, 2024 to answer the shareholders queries.

# D. Name, designation and address of Compliance Officer:

Mr. Ajay Mishra, Company Secretary, is the Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from June 1, 2024 in terms of Regulation 6 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. Details of Company Secretary

and Compliance Officer is hereunder:

Mr. Ajay Mishra,

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Corporate Office: FC-23, Sector-16A,

Film City, Noida-201301

Tel: 91 120 4602424

The shareholders may directly e-mail to the Company at info@bagnetwork.in for early redressal of their queries.

# E. Number of Requests/Complaints

During the year ended on March 31, 2025 the Company received 34 complaints/queries from shareholders, relating to non-receipt of annual reports, dividend, change of address and bank details, etc. all of them except one have been redressed/answered to the satisfaction of shareholders. There was no investor grievance remaining unattended or pending as on March 31, 2025.









### 4.4 RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

### A. Composition and attendance of the Committee

The Risk Management Committee ("the RMC") of the Board of Directors of the Company has been framed in compliance with the erstwhile SEBI Listing Regulations to ensure that the affairs of the Company are carried out in a sound and a prudent manner by managing its business, operating, strategic and financial risk by adopting appropriate risk identification, assessment, control and mitigation measures.

As on March 31, 2025, the RMC comprises of three Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman of the Committee is Mr. Sudhir Shukla, a Non-Executive Director and other members of the Committee are Mr. Arshit Anand, Non-executive Independent Director and Ms. Anamika Sood, Non-Executive Independent director. The Company Secretary acts as the secretary of the Committee. There was no change in senior management of the Company during the year under review.

### **B.** Terms of Performance

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee, inter-alia, include the following:

 Frame and review the Risk Management Policy including Business continuity plan.

- Review the risk management framework and recommend any measures as appropriate from time to time for consideration of the Board.
- c) Ensure that appropriate methodology, processes, and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the company.
- Monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluation of the adequacy of risk management systems.
- Review the policy periodically, at least once in two years, considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity.
- f) Keep the Board informed about the nature and content of Risk Management Committee discussions and recommendations, as well as the actions to be taken.
- g) Assist the Board with the identification and management of risks to which the Company's group is exposed.
- h) Pays sufficient attention and ensures that adequate deliberations are held before approving related party transactions.

The Policy is uploaded on the website of the company www.bagnetwork24.in

### C. Number of meetings attended by the Members: -

During the financial year 2024-25, two meetings were held on July 25, 2024 and December 4, 2024:

Name of Director	Position	Category	No. of Meeting held	No. of meeting attended
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	Chairman	Non-Executive Director	2	2
Ms. Anamika Sood	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	2	2
Mr. Arshit Anand	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	2	2

### 5. OTHER GOVERNANCE COMMITTEES

# **5.1 SECURITIES COMMITTEES**

### A. Composition of the Committee

As on March 31, 2025 the Securities Committee comprises of three Non- Executive Directors. The Chairperson of the Committee is Ms. Anamika Sood, Independent Non-Executive Director and other members of the Committee are Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain, Non-executive Independent Director and Mr. Sudhir Shukla, a Non- Executive Director. Mr. Ajay Mishra, Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

### **B.** Terms of Reference

The broad terms of reference of the Securities Committee are to allot equity shares, warrants, and other securities and such other things as decide by the Board.

During the financial year, no meeting of the Securities Committee has been held.

## **5.2 ESOP COMPENSATION COMMITTEE**

The Committee for allotment of shares under ESOPs was constituted as per the requirement of relevant regulations to expedite the process of allotment and issue of eligible shares to the employee of









the Company under the BAG ESOP Scheme of the Company.

The ESOP Compensation Committee comprises three Directors of the Board. They are Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla, Chairperson and Mr. Arshit Anand, Non-executive Independent Director and Mr. Sudhir

Shukla, Non-executive Director as a member. The Committee is constituted for approval, issue and allotment of shares under the ESOP, pursuant to and in terms of "the BAG ESOP Scheme". No meeting was held during the year.

### 6. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS: -

### (i) The details of Annual General Meetings (AGMs) of Members held in last three years are as under: -

AGM	Date	Time	Location	
31 <sup>st</sup>	August 28, 2024	4:30 P.M.	Through Video Conferencing ('VC')/ Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM')	
30 <sup>th</sup>	September 27, 2023	4:30 P.M.		
29 <sup>th</sup>	August 29, 2022	4:30 P.M.		

### (ii) Details of Special Resolutions passed in the previous three AGMs:

AGM	Particulars of Special Resolutions passed thereat
31 <sup>st</sup>	<ol> <li>Re-appointment of Mr. Arshit Anand (DIN: 08730055) as an Independent Director of the Company.</li> <li>Appointment of Ms. Anamika Sood (DIN: 10629116) as a Director and as an Independent Director of the Company.</li> <li>Re-appointment of Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716) as Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company.</li> </ol>
30 <sup>th</sup>	NIL
29 <sup>th</sup>	1. Appointment of Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain (DIN: 09605901) as a Director and as an Independent Director.
	2. Approval of remuneration of Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla (DIN: 00010716) as Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company.

a. There was no any special resolution passed through postal ballot during the Financial Year 2024-25. None of the businesses proposed to be transacted require passing a special resolution through postal ballot.

### b. Extraordinary General Meeting:

No Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members was held during FY 2024 -25.

 Details of the meeting convened in pursuance of the order passed by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT):

No meeting convened in pursuance of the order passed by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) during FY 2024-25.

### 7. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

## a. Quarterly Results:

The quarterly and annual results of the Company

are duly submitted to the Stock Exchanges after approved by the Board.

### b. News Release

The quarterly and annual results of the Company are published in the prescribed proforma within 48 hours of the conclusion of the meeting of the Board in which they are considered and approved, in one English newspaper circulating in the whole or substantially the whole of India (usually Business Standard) and in one vernacular newspaper (usually Business Standard in Hindi) of the State where the Registered Office of the Company is situated and hosted on the Company's website.

The Company has its own website and all vital information relating to the Company and its performance, including quarterly and yearly results and presentation or official news and release, if any, to analysts are posted on the company's website www.bagnetwork24.in.









#### c. Website

The Company's website www.bagnetwork24.in has a separate dedicated section 'Investor Relations' where the latest information required under Regulation 46 and other applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations is available. Other than the quarterly and annual results, comprehensive information about the Company, its business and operations, press releases, shareholding pattern, corporate benefits, contact details, forms, etc. are hosted on the website.

### d. Online filings

The Company electronically files data such as shareholding pattern, corporate governance report, quarterly and annual financial results, corporate announcements, etc. on the portals of BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited viz. <a href="https://listing.bseindia.com">https://listing.bseindia.com</a> and <a href="https://neaps.nseindia.com/NEWLISTINGCORP/">https://neaps.nseindia.com/NEWLISTINGCORP/</a> respectively within the time frame prescribed in this regard.

### e. Annual Report

The Annual Report containing, inter alia, Audited Financial Statement, Consolidated Financial Statements, Cash Flow Statements, Board's Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to members. The Management's Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of the Annual Report. The Annual Report is also available on the Company's website at <a href="http://www.bagnetwork24.in">http://www.bagnetwork24.in</a>, and on the websites of BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

We would greatly appreciate and encourage more Members to register their email address with their Depository Participant or the RTA/Company, to receive soft copies of the Annual Report and other information disseminated by the Company. Shareholders who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far are requested to do the same. Those holding shares in demat form can register their e-mail address with their concerned DPs. Shareholders who hold shares in physical form are requested to register their e-mail addresses with the RTA/Company, by sending KYC updation forms duly signed by the shareholder(s) with required details.

### f. Investor complaints and redressal system

The investor complaints are processed in a centralized web-based complaints redress system. The salient features of this system are: centralized database of all complaints, online upload of Action Taken Report (ATRs) by concerned companies and online viewing by investors of actions taken on the complaint and its current status.

SEBI vide its circular dated July 31, 2023 has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal") for resolution of disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market. In accordance with the said circular, Members, after exhausting the option to resolve their grievances with the RTA / Company directly and through the existing SCORES platform, can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal.

### 8. DISCLOSURES

# (a) Related Party Transactions

All transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under the Act and Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

The Board has approved a Policy on Related Party Trasactions and the same was last reviewed by the Board on March 28, 2025.

Details of all related party transactions is available on the Company's website at www.bagnetwork.in and Related Party Transaction policy is available on its web link at <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Related-Party Transactions">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Related-Party Transactions Policy.pdf</a>

The Company has adopted policy for determining material subsidiaries and is available on <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy</a> for Detarmining <a href="https://Material\_Subsidiaries.pdf">Material\_Subsidiaries.pdf</a>

(b) Details of non-compliances by the Company, penalties and strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges or SEBI, or any other statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years:

There has been no instance of non-compliance by the Commpany and the Company has not being penalized nor have the stock exchanges, SEBI or any statutory authority imposed any strictures on any matter related to capital markets during financial year 2022-23 & 2023-24.

During the Financial Year 2024-25, the details of non-compliances and reasons thereof are as under:









Non-compliance of certain provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Act in respect of Composition of the Board and Board Committees:

- a) The number of Directors on the Board were less than the minimum number of directors required on the Board as per Regulation 17(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. As per the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Listed Entity shall be comprised of not less than six directors. Accordingly, the composition of the Board of Directors was not as per Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations for a period of 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024.
- b) For the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024, the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board of Directors was not duly constituted and had members less than minimum three members as required under Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 20(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The non-compliance regarding the composition of the Board of Directors and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee was not willful. It arose due to inadvertent circumstances.

# Details of penalties imposed by the Stock Exchanges during the financial year 2024-25 are as under:

- Non-compliance with the requirements pertaining to the composition of the Board for quarter ended June 30, 2024, i.e.(for the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024);
  - Rs. 3,42,200/- by each stock Exchange. The Company has paid the fine to NSE and BSE on August 30, 2024.
- Non-compliance with the requirements pertaining to the composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee for quarter ended June 30, 2024, i.e. (for the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024);

Rs. 1,36,880/- by each stock Exchange. The Company has paid the fine to NSE and BSE on August 30, 2024.

It is also mentioned that the Stock Exchanges viz. National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited, imposed penalty on the Company on account of the above referred non-compliances in terms of the SOP's of the exchanges. While the Company has paid the penalty in the prescribed timelines, the Board/Stakeholders Relationship Committee in its capacity has always taken requisite

and timely steps to ensure compliance with respect to the minimum number of Directors required on the Board / Committees of the Company.

### (c) Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to section 177 of the Act and Regulation 22 of the SEBI Listing Regulations the Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism for all the Directors and employees to report instances of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the employment rules, working of the Company or ethics policy, genuine concerns and grievances. No personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The said policy has been displayed on the Company's website <a href="https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Whistle Blower Policy.pdf">https://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Whistle Blower Policy.pdf</a>

(d) Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

During the year, the Company has not raised any funds through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

e) A certificate from a Company Secretary in Practice regarding disqualification etc. of Directors

A certificate received from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority is annexed herewith as a part of the Report.

### f) Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

These financial statements have been prepared under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 as specified under the section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and other accounting pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. There are no audit qualifications in the Company's financial statements for the year under review.

g) There was no such recommendation of any committee of the board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year, was not accepted by the Board.









## Insider Trading Code in terms of SEBI (Insider-Trading) Regulations, 2015

The Company has in place the Code of Practice for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information in accordance with Regulation 8 of Insider Trading Regulations 2015 as amended and the Code of Conduct, as per Regulation 9 for regulating, monitoring and reporting of Trading of Shares by Designated Persons.

# i) Information Required Under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees are covered under this policy. No complaint has been registered with the Company during the year.

# j) Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part.

Details relating to fees paid to the Statutory Auditors are given in Notes to the Financial Statements of the

Company forming part of this Annual Report.

# k) Details of Loans and Advances by the Company and its Subsidiaries in the nature of loans to firms/ companies in which Directors are interested

The details are provided in the financial statements of the Company forming part of this Annual Report.

#### (I) Material Subsidiaries

The Company has adopted a policy on determination of material subsidiaries in line with the SEBI Listing Regulations. The policy aims to determine the Material Subsidiaries and Material Unlisted Indian Subsidiaries of the Company and to provide the governance framework for such subsidiaries. The policy can be accessed at http://bagnetwork24.in/pdf/Policy\_for\_Detarmining\_Material\_Subsidiaries.pdf

In accordance with Regulation 16(1)(c) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, your Company has the following material subsidiary companies during FY 2024-25:

- News24 Broadcast India Limited ("News24"), an unlisted subsidiary;
- 2. E24 Glamour Limited ("E24") an unlisted subsidiary.

Further, the SEBI vide SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2023, requires additional details to be provided for material subsidiaries. The details are as follows:

Particulars	Material Subsidiary		
	News24	E24	
Date of Incorporation	April 16, 2007	March 15, 2007	
Place of Incorporation	Delhi	Delhi	
Name of Statutory Auditors	Joy Mukherjee & Associates	Joy Mukherjee & Associates	
Date of Appointment of Statutory Auditors	29th August 2022	29th August 2022	

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 24(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, during the FY 2024-25, Ms. Anamika Sood, Non-Executive Independent Director and Mr. Arshit Anand, Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company was appointed in the Board of News24 and E24, unlisted material subsidiaries.

The Company is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations for its subsidiary companies during FY 2024-25.

# m) Compliance Report on Non-mandatory requirements

Compliance Report on non-mandatory requirements as adopted/complied by the Company under Regulation 27(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulation is

given below:

# (i) The Board

The Company has an Executive Chairperson. None of the Independent Directors has a tenure exceeding those as prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations. All the Directors of the Company possess requisite qualification to contribute effectively to the Company in their respective capacity as Director.

### (ii) Shareholders' Rights

The quarterly financial results are published in the newspapers as mentioned under the heading "Means of Communication" herein below and also displayed on the website of the Company. The quarterly/half yearly results are not separately circulated to









the shareholders. The NEAPS/BSE Listing Centre is a web-based application designed by NSE/BSE for corporate. All periodical compliance filings like shareholding pattern, corporate governance report, media releases, among others are filed electronically on NEAPS/ BSE Listing Centre platform.

### (iii) Auditors' Qualifications

The Company's financial statements for the financial year 2024-25 do not contain any audit qualification.

### (iv) Separate post of Chairperson and CEO

Presently, Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla is a Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company. There is no separate post of Chairperson and CEO in the Company.

#### (v) Report of Internal Auditor's

The Internal Auditors of the Company make presentation to the Audit Committee on their reports and report directly to Audit Committee.

# n) Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and Regulation 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations

The Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Your Company specifically confirms compliance with Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

## o) Disclosure of certain types of agreements binding listed entities:

Information disclosed under clause 5A of paragraph A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Listing Regulations: Not applicable during the year under review

### 9. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

### i) Annual General Meeting

Details of Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2024-25 will be mentioned in the Notice of the ensuing 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company.

As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard 2, particulars of Director seeking appointment and/or re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM to be given in the Notice of the AGM.

### ii) Financial Year

The Financial year of the Company starts from 1st April of a year and ends on 31st March of the

following year (April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026).

Financial Calendar for 2025-26 (Tentative): The financial calendar for 2025-26, the results will be announced on following tentative dates:

For Quarter Ending	On or Before
30 June, 2025	14 August, 2025
30 September, 2025	14 November, 2025
31 December, 2025	14 February, 2026
31 March, 2026	30 May, 2026

### iii) Date of Book Closure/Record Date: -

Date of Book Closure/Record date will be mentioned in the Notice of the 32<sup>nd</sup> AGM of the Company.

#### iv) Dividend Payment Date: -

The Company has not declared any dividend during the financial year 2024-25.

### v) Listing on Stock Exchanges and Stock Code: -

The Company's equity shares are listed on the following stock exchanges in India:

Name	Address	Stock Code
BSE Limited	Phiroze	532507
(BSE)	Jeejeebhoy	
	Towers, Dalal	
	Street Mumbai	
	- 400 001	
National Stock	Exchange	BAGFILMS
Exchange	Plaza Bandra-	
of India	Kurla Complex,	
Limited (NSE)	Bandra (East),	
	Mumbai - 400	
	051	

The Company has paid the requisite annual listing fees to the above Stock Exchanges for the financial year 2024-25 within the prescribed timelines.

# vi) In case the securities are suspended from trading, the Directors Report shall explain the reasons thereof.

The Securities of the Company was not suspended during the year under review.

### vii) Registrar and Transfer Agent:-

Alankit Assignments Limited Alankit House, 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi-110055

Tel: 011-42541234, 23541234 Web: www.alankit.com E-mail: info@alankit.com









### viii) Share Transfer/Transmission System

The Company has appointed M/s Alankit Assignments Limited as Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company. The share transfers/ transmissions received in physical form are processed through RTA, within stipulated time from the date of receipt, subject to the documents being valid and complete in all respects. The Company ensures a predetermined process to expedite the share transfers. The shares for transfers received in physical form are transferred expeditiously. The share certificate duly endorsed, if any, is returned immediately to shareholders.

During the year under review, the Company obtained certificates regarding reconciliation of the share capital audit of the Company on quarterly basis from M/s Balika Sharma & Associates, a Practicing Company Secretary and submitted the same to the stock exchanges within stipulated time:

All share transfer and other communication regarding share certificates, change of address, dividend etc. should be addressed to R & T Agents of the Company at the address given above.

ix) As per Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, during the year under review, no shares were credited by the company to the demat suspense account.

# x) Distribution of Shareholdings as on March 31, 2025

Category	No. of Shareholders		No. of Shares	
From - To	Holders	%Total	Total Shares	%Total
1 - 500	64415	82.07	5571398	2.82
501 - 1000	5876	7.49	5066610	2.56
1001 – 2000	3395	4.33	5398582	2.73
2001 – 3000	1305	1.66	3398180	1.72
3001 – 4000	647	0.82	2341705	1.18
4001 – 5000	800	1.02	3845613	1.94
5001 – 10000	1082	1.38	8276224	4.18
10001-20000	483	0.62	6925865	3.50
Above 20000	488	0.62	157093913	79.37
Total	78491	100.00	197918090	100.00

# xi) Shareholding of Non-Executive Directors in the Company as on March 31, 2025

Name of Non-Executive Director	No. of shares	Percentage of holding
Mr. Sudhir Shukla	26700	0.01
Ms. Anamika Sood	-	-
Mr. Arshit Anand	-	-
Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	-	-
Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey	-	-

### xii) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

The equity shares of the Company are tradable in compulsory dematerialized segment of the Stock Exchanges and are available in depository system of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL). As on March 31, 2025, 99.86 % of fully paid up equity share capital and 78.86 % of partly paid equity share capital are held in electronic form with NSDL and CDSL.

The Company's equity shares are regularly traded on the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

# xiii) Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants/ Convertible Instruments

There were no outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments as at March 31, 2025.

## xiv) Address for correspondence:

Registered Office:	352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No. 8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096 Tel: 91 120 4602424 E-mail: info@bagnetwork.in	
Corporate Office	FC-23, Sector 16A, Film City, Noida-201 301 (Uttar Pradesh) Tel: 91 120 4602424 E-mail: info@bagnetwork.in	









### xv) Plant Location

N.A.

### xvi) Unclaimed Dividend

During the year under review, the Company did not have any unclaimed or unpaid dividend.

## xvii) Commodity Price Index or Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging Activities

The Company has adequate risk assessment and minimization system in place. The Company does not have material exposure of any commodity and accordingly, no hedging activities for the same are carried out.

# xviii) During the year under review, the Company has not obtained any credit rating.

### 10. OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION TO SHAREHOLDERS

#### **Updation of PAN, Bank Mandate and Contact Details**

Shareholders are requested to update their email ids, PAN and Bank Mandate with the Company to ensure faster communication and credit of amounts. Regular reminders are also sent to shareholders in this regard. The shareholders having physical shares can avail the facility to update the details. The forms for updation of above details are available on the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24.in">www.bagnetwork24.in</a> and the demat holders can contact their respective depository participant for updating the details.

SEBI vide Circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD\_RTAMB/P/CIR/2021/655 dated 03 November 2021, introduced common and simplified norms for processing investor's service request wherein all members holding securities of the Company in physical mode were mandatorily required to furnish the PAN and Nomination (for all eligible folios) to the Company's RTA by 31 March 2023 which has been further extended to 30 September 2023 vide SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/37 dated 16 March 2023.

Shareholders are requested to furnish the above details to enhance the ease of doing business in the securities market. A letter was also sent to the shareholders detailing the above requirements. The forms can be downloaded from the website of the Company at <a href="https://www.bagnetwork24">www.bagnetwork24</a>. in and from the website of the RTA at <a href="https://www.alankit.com">www.alankit.com</a>.

It is mandatory for all holders of physical securities to furnish their

- PAN,
- · Nomination,
- Bank Details,
- Complete Postal address with PIN,
- Email,

- Mobile No.,
- Signatures

to the RTA (Registrar and Share Transfer Agent) of the Company in respect of all concerned Folios and the Folio wherein even any one of the said details are not available on or after October 01, 2024, shall be frozen by the RTA.

SEBI has prescribed standardized Forms for updation of the above said details and the same are available on the website of the Company in the Investor Relation section.

Nomination is compulsory and in case a security holder does not wish to nominate, then a specific declaration for opting out of nomination has to be furnished in the prescribed Form.

Updation of Email address enables the Company to better service shareholder correspondence.

Shareholder(s) holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to notify change in their bank details/address/email ld etc. directly with their respective Depository Participants.

#### 11. INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

Pursuant to the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, as amended, the dividend/shares on which dividend remains unpaid/unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the IEPF after giving due notices to the concerned shareholders.

## 12. DECLARATION

The declaration by the Chairperson and Managing Director stating that all the Board Members and senior management personnel have affirmed their compliance with the laid down code of conduct for the year ended March 31, 2025, is annexed to the Corporate Governance Report.

### 13. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

The Compliance Certificate as required under Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations from Chairperson and Managing Director (CMD) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company is annexed to the Corporate Governance Report.

# 14. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As stipulated in Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with clause E of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Compliance Certificate from Practicing Company Secretaries regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance is annexed to the Corporate Governance Report.









#### **CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,

The Members,

B.A.G. Films and Media Limited [CIN L74899DL1993PLC051841]

352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.-8, Kondli,

East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited having CIN L74899DL1993PLC051841 and having registered office at 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers. We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment
1.	Ms. Anuradha Prasad Shukla	00010716	22.01.1993
2.	Mr. Sudhir Shukla	01567595	12.08.2011
3.	Ms. Anamika Sood*	10629116	29.05.2024
4.	Mr. Arshit Anand	08730055	01.04.2020
5.	Mr. Chandan Kumar Jain	09605901	30.05.2022
6.	Mr. Sanjeev Kumar Dubey	03533543	30.05.2022

<sup>\*</sup> Ms. Anamika Sood was appointed as Independent Director of the Company with effect from May 29, 2024.

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Balika Sharma & Associates Company Secretaries

Balika Sharma

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

UDIN: F004816G000438975

Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025









### **DECLARATION BY CHAIRPERSON AND MANAGING DIRECTOR**

I, Anuradha Prasad Shukla, Chairperson and Managing Director of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited, hereby confirm pursuant to Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V (D) of the SEBI, (Listing Obligations and disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 that:

The Board of Directors of the B.A.G. Films and Media Limited has laid down a code of conduct for all Board members and senior management of the Company. The said code of conduct has also been posted on the Company's website viz. www.bagnetwork24. in. All the Board members and senior management personnel have affirmed their compliance with the said code of conduct for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Anuradha Prasad Shukla

Chairperson and Managing Director

DIN: 00010716

Place: Noida

Date: May 28, 2025

#### **CMD AND CFO CERTIFICATION**

We, the undersigned in our respective capacities as Chairperson and Managing Director (CMD) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ('the Company') certify that:

- We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:
- These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- ii. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. We further states that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- c. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, wherever applicable, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee
- i) There are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
- ii) There is no significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
- iii) There is no instance of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

**Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

**Ajay Jain** 

Place: Noida Chairperson and Managing Director Date: May 28, 2025 DIN: 00010716 **Chief Financial Officer** 









#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE**

Under SEBI (Listing Obligations and disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members,
B.A.G. Films and Media Limited
[CIN L74899DL1993PLC051841]
352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.-8, Kondli,
East Delhi, New Delhi-110096

We have examined the compliance of condition of Corporate Governance by B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("the Company"), for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (collectively referred to as the 'SEBI Listing Regulations'). This report is required by the Company for annual submission to the Stock exchange and to be sent to the Shareholders of the Company.

#### **Managements Responsibility**

The compliance with the terms and conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company.

#### **Practicing Company Secretary's Responsibility**

Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

Pursuant to the requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations, it is my responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended March 31, 2025.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and Para C, D and E of Schedule V to the SEBI Listing Regulations except in the following matters.

- i. In default of Regulation 17(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, for quarter ended June 30, 2024, i.e.(for the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024), the number of Directors on the Board were lesser than the minimum number of directors required on the Board i.e. the Board of Directors of the Listed Entity is to be comprised of not less than six directors;
- ii. In default of Regulation 20(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, for quarter ended June 30, 2024, i.e. (for the period 58 days from the commencing from April 01, 2024 to May 28, 2024).

#### Other Matters and Restricted on use

This report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

This report is addressed to and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose of enabling it to comply with its obligations under the SEBI Listing Regulations and should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. We have no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

For Balika Sharma & Associates Company Secretaries

**Balika Sharma** 

Proprietor FCS No: 4816 C P No: 3222

UDIN: F004816G000438865

Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025









#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

[Pursuant to part B of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

We present a comprehensive report on Management Discussion and Analysis Report focusing on business performance and outlook within the competitive landscape set by B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("BAG/the Company").

#### A. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT

The Indian Media and Entertainment (M&E) industry is one of the important sector for the Indian economy and is making significant strides. The Indian M&E sector saw a transformative growth in 2024, fuelled by cuttingedge technology adoption, a surge in regional content demand, and the convergence of traditional and digital platform.

In 2024, generative AI (GenAI) tools created an impact in the Indian M&E sector, driving innovation across content creation, postproduction and distribution. However, the best is yet to come, as these tools increase their adoption in 2025 and 2026.

The adoption of Al-powered search engine across various M&E platforms is revolutionizing user experiences through personalized content suggestions. Al driven algorithms have improved the accuracy of content recommendations by 25%, enhancing user engagement. This improved performance is not only boosting audience engagement but is also expanding the user base. Thus, reflecting the industry's commitment to innovation.

The media and entertainment industry is undergoing significant transformations in 2024-25, driven by technological advancements, shifting consumer behaviour, and evolving business models. Here are an overview of the industry's structure and development:

#### **Key Trends:**

**Digitalization:** The industry is increasingly shifting towards digital platforms, with streaming services and social media playing a central role in content consumption.

**Generative AI:** Al-powered content creation is gaining traction, with applications in video, text, animation, and audio production. This trend is expected to continue, with 54.54% annual growth rate in generative AI adoption.

**Immersive Entertainment:** Augmented reality (AR), virtual reality (VR), and mixed reality (MR) are becoming more prominent, with the immersive entertainment market expected to grow.

**Streaming Services:** Streaming services are looking to consolidation, live sports, and ad-based revenue to drive growth, with the global OTT video market projected to reach INR 4.05 Trillion by 2030.

#### **Industry Structure:**

**Segmentation:** The media and entertainment industry can be segmented into broadcasting, digital media, film and television, music, gaming, publishing, sports, and advertising.

#### **Growth Drivers:**

**5G Networks:** The adoption of 5G networks is expected to drive growth in mobile video consumption, with average mobile video session length increasing to 35 minutes in fully covered 5G markets.

**Increasing Internet Penetration:** Growing internet penetration is changing the way people consume media and entertainment, with digital platforms becoming increasingly popular.

**Changing Consumer Behaviour:** Consumers are shifting towards online entertainment, with streaming services and social media becoming more popular.

In 2024, digital media is poised for explosive growth, potentially overtaking television to become the leading segment of the M&E sector. This surge in digital media is forecasted to propel the M&E sector's growth to a 10% annual rate, crossing INR 3.1 trillion by 2027. This growth is buoyed by a robust digital infrastructure, widespread adoption of OTT platforms, significant growth in the gaming segment, and the availability of cost-effective options for consumers.









#### **MEDIA GROWTH ESTIMATES\***

Segment	2019	2022	2023	2024	2025E	2027E	CAGR 2024- 2027
Television	788	726	711	679	676	667	(-)0.6%
Digital Media	308	571	686	802	903	1,104	11.2%
Print	296	250	259	260	262	267	0.9%
Online gaming	64	222	236	232	260	316	10.8%
Filmed Enter- tainment	191	172	197	187	196	213	4.3%
Animation and VFX	95	107	114	103	113	147	12.5%
Live events	83	73	88	101	119	167	18.2%
Out of Home Media	51	48	54	59	66	79	10.2%
Music	15	46	54	53	60	78	13.4%
Radio	31	21	23	25	27	30	6.6%
Total	1922	2237	2422	2502	2682	3067	7.0%
Growth		23.3%	8.3%	3.3%	7.2%		

All figures are gross of taxes (INR in billion) for calendar years | FICCI-EY Report 2025 estimates

Indian M&E industry continued to grew by 3.3% in 2024, reaching INR 2.5 Trillion, 30% above its pre-pandemic levels in 2019 level. Digital media overtook television for the first time to become the largest segment, contributing 32% of M&E sector revenues. We expect the M&E sector to grow 7.2% in 2025 to reach INR 2.68 Trillion, and then grow at a CAGR of 7% to reach INR 3.07 trillion by 2027.

During the year 2024, the M&E sector contributes 0.73% to India's GDP. The share of traditional media (television, print, filmed entertainment, live events, OOH, music, radio) together saw their revenues drop by 3% and their shares stood at 41% of M&E sector revenues in 2024.

New media, comprising digital and online gaming, led the growth in 2024, contributing INR 113 billion and consequently, increased its contribution to the M&E sector from 38% in 2023 to 41% in 2024.

While traditional media, such as television and radio, continue to dominate the market reaching 800 and 400 million consumers respectively, digital has truly caught up, recording a reach of 600 million. While print, with a reach of 300 million, and cinema with 100 million, may appear smaller, they continue to remain essential in shaping the future of the industry.

Experiential (outside the home and interactive) segments continued their strong growth in 2024, even as online gaming, filmed entertainment, live events, and OOH media segments grew at a combined 18%, contributing 48% of the total growth.

#### **Challenges:**

The industry is highly competitive, with streaming services and social media platforms competing for audience attention and advertising dollars.

#### **INDUSTRY SIZE AND PROJECTION**

Everyone wants to stay entertained, especially in a world filled with uncertainty and media and entertainment companies are facing uncertainties of their own. After robust 10.6% growth in 2021 and a notable surge in industry growth after the pandemic receded, the pace of growth in the entertainment and media industry is projected to decline in each of the next four years 2024 – 2027. The analysts expect the annual industry growth rate to level out at 2.8% by 2027, underscoring a recalibration in the media and entertainment industry.

Amidst this recalibration, digitalization continues to shape the media and entertainment industry. Equip yourself with valuable insights into media and entertainment industry trends that will affect the industry.

Companies are aggressively expanding vernacular content to tap into deeper and previously underserved markets. As a result, despite an increase in the time spent accessing entertainment and media content, consumer spending per capita in the digital entertainment and media industries is expected to decrease in upcoming years.

The M&E sector has entered an era of innovation and transformation as organisations seek to increase their relevance and appeal to both popular and more niche consumers. Traditional businesses – print, radio, broadcasting – are witnessing the greatest change with digital platform companies emerging as the primary disruptors. The biggest beneficiaries are the Indian consumers who have greater flexibility and choice in their M&E consumption and have finally found their place at the centre of the entire ecosystem.

#### **Television**

The Television has always been a way for families to spend time together and build discuss stories and character. The future of the Indian television market looks promising with continuous technological advancements and increasing consumer demand for high-quality content and smart TV features. The market is expected to see further growth in UHD and smart TV segments, driven by innovations and expanding internet penetration across the country.









During the year under review, the number of television channels increased from 899 to 936 channels. Total TV screens will increase from 190 million in 2024 to 214 million by 2026, with the mix changing significantly in favor of connected TVs today. The situation post 2026 could be quite different, once wired broadband crosses 60 million to 70 million homes and 5G connections scale significantly. At this point, we expect connected TVs to start scaling more quickly, and reach 100 million by 2030, while linear TV homes drop to 140 million, of which 57 million would be free TV homes.

#### Television continued to degrow in 2024

Segment	2022	2023	2024	2026E
Advertising	334	312	294	330
Distribution	392	398	385	435
Total	726	711	679	765

INR billion (gross of taxes) | FICCI-EY Report 2025 analysis

Television revenues fell for the second year in a row, despite viewership remaining largely flat. Advertising revenue fell 6% on the back of a corresponding fall in ad volumes and a 10%+ fall in advertisers on the medium. Subscription revenues fell 3% due to a reduction in six million Pay TV homes as both Free TV and Connected TV homes grew. Connected TVs (whose revenues are included under digital media) grew to around 30 million, up from 23 million in December 2023.

TV segment revenues fell 4.5% in 2024, for the second year in a row after a 2% fall in 2023. TV advertising revenue fell 6% on the back of similar ad volume reduction and a 12% reduction in brands using television Distribution revenue fell 3% on the back of a 6% reduction in Pay TV households (a loss of 6 million paying subscribers to 111 million) and a small increase in ARPU to INR281 (gross of taxes Active connected TV sets reached 50 million, of which around 30 million connected to the internet weekly

Factors impact growth of time spent on television include:

- Rising popularity of YouTube, which has around 467 million monthly users as of end of 2024 and provides a relatively free multi-lingual and individually curated Indian and global content palette, including certain premium content from broadcasters and studios.
- Growth of social media, short video and gaming, which all compete for the consumer's free time, and have achieved a reach in excess of 400 million.

- Availability of high quality and niche content on OTT streaming platforms, which caters to niche and more affluent audiences.
- Growth of wired and wireless broadband to around 38 million households, and sale of smart TVs, which are growing consumption on that distribution channel BARC.

#### **Digital Media**

Digital media has completely reshaped how the media industry creates, distributes, and monetizes content. It is not just a shift in format but it is a full-blown revolution. Digital media has not just added new tools but it is rewritten the rules. Traditional media outlets are adapting fast, but digital-native platforms are leading the charge.

Platforms like YouTube, Instagram, and Facebook allow individuals to produce and share content globally. Now day's Digital tools make it easier and cheaper to create high-quality videos, podcasts, and graphics. Newsrooms use Al for writing reports, editing videos, and even generating headlines. Media companies now distribute content across websites, apps, social media, and smart TVs.

#### **Growth in Digital Media Sector:**

Digital media grew 17% in 2024 and was the fastest growing segment of the Indian M&E sector. For the first time in 2024, the digital media segment became the largest segment of the Indian M&E sector at INR802 billion, overtaking television. Digital media now accounts for 32% of the Indian M&E sector and India has, in effect, reached its digital inflection point. Subscription accounted for just 13% of total revenues, due to the large advertising models in play in India, led by Google and Meta, as well as the growing advertising revenues earned by e-commerce platforms. Enhanced digital engagement led to different patterns in content consumption and advertising.

#### Digital Media grew 17% in 2024

Service	2021	2022	2023	2024
Advertising	383	499	597	700
Subscription	56	72	89	102
Total	439	571	686	802

INR billion (gross of taxes), including SME ad spends |FICCI-EY Report 2025 analysis

Here are some factors supporting digital growth under media and entertainment industry:









- Telecom subscriptions remained stable at 1.2 billion in 2024. 5G adoption crossed 270 million subscriptions, though 4G subscriptions still dominated. 4G and 5G subscriptions are estimated to grow 92% of all mobile subscriptions by 2030, which will grow the base of content consumers.
- Growth of e-commerce advertising, which provides rich consumer data to enable segmentation and attribution accuracy across India's top 50 million affluent households.
- According to data published by Ookla in December 2024, India ranked 23rd in the world for mobile speeds and 93rd for fixed broadband speeds, with the median mobile internet connection speed via cellular networks at 103.75 Mbps and the median fixed broadband connection speed being 62.62 Mbps.
- Time spent on media (including social media, films, entertainment, music and casual games) increased to 779 billion hours (69% of total time spent) in 2024.
- Growth in 5G consumers, which provides the ability to improve the video and audio consumption experience.
- Easy digital payment options facilitate online transactions and subscription-based models.
- The mobile phone has thus become the go-to medium for large, national awareness campaigns as well as more targeted regional and local ones.
- Popular streaming platforms like Netflix, Amazon Prime, and Disney+ Hotstar are changing content consumption habits.
- E-commerce advertising grew 50% to reach INR147 billion to garner 21% of total digital advertising as more brands used online channels like Amazon, Flipkart, Jio, Nykaa, Myntra etc., to drive brand awareness and sales, these platforms seen as being closest to the point of consideration and purchase.

The 5G technology will unlock the potential of entertainment for Communications Service Providers (CSPs) enabling them to capitalize on mobile media growth and provide content over the internet without the involvement of an IPTV, cable, or satellite provider. Technical limitations, including slow and unreliable networks, have historically made it difficult to deliver digital media, entertainment, and advertising content. 5G will help companies serve higher-quality, interactive, and immersive experiences across a wider variety of connected devices. It will also enable marketers to

collect more accurate and granular data to personalize messaging.

#### **Advertisement**

India's media and entertainment (M&E) industry is undergoing a dramatic transformation and advertising is right at the heart of it. The Indian entertainment industry, one of the largest and most dynamic sectors globally, is significantly influenced by advertising. In 2024, advertising continues to play a pivotal role in shaping the industry's landscape, driven by technological advancements, evolving consumer preferences, and the proliferation of digital platforms.

Digital surpassed traditional advertising for the first time this year, and will drive growth in the sector moving forward. Several factors, including the growth of 5G, rising per capita income of Indians and the growing SME advertiser base, are driving digital ad spends. That said, traditional print, radio and cinema advertising trends also indicate healthy growth in the coming times. The advertising expenditure in India substantially grow in 2024, driven by the resurgence of economic activities post-pandemic. The Indian ad market is expected to see a double-digit growth rate, reflecting strong consumer demand and business confidence.

Advertising growth is keeping pace with India's nominal GDP growth across 2023 and 2024. In 2024, advertising grew 8.1% compared to the nominal GDP growth of 8.7%.

Advertising reached its highest ever level in 2024, of INR1.28 trillion. Advertising comprises 51% of the total M&E sector in 2024, and 0.38% of India's GDP Internet advertising in India is projected to grow at a 15.9% CAGR, making it the fastest in Asia-Pacific and second-fastest globally. Revenues from connected TV ads are forecast to reach USD 51 billion globally by 2029, with India contributing significantly.

In 2025, the Indian entertainment industry's advertising landscape is marked by rapid growth, digital transformation, and evolving consumer behaviour. While digital platforms are leading the charge, traditional media continues to hold significant value. The key to success for advertisers lies in leveraging technology, embracing innovative ad formats, and maintaining a consumercentric approach to create impactful and engaging advertising campaigns.

Digital advertising is set to overtake traditional media, accounting for a significant share of the total ad spend. With the increasing internet penetration and smartphone usage, brands are leveraging digital platforms to target specific audiences effectively. Despite the rise of digital,









television remains a dominant medium for advertisers due to its extensive reach and impact. Innovations such as addressable TV and interactive ads are enhancing viewer engagement and providing better ROI for advertisers.

Platforms like Facebook, Instagram, and Twitter are witnessing a surge in ad revenues. Influencer marketing continues to be a powerful tool, with brands collaborating with popular influencers to reach younger demographics. OTT (Over-The-Top) Services: The growth of OTT platforms like Netflix, Amazon Prime, and local players such as Jio Hotstar and Zee5 has opened new avenues for advertising. These platforms offer targeted advertising opportunities through data-driven insights.

Advertising revenues grew 8.1%, led by: (i) performance advertising on digital media, including spends on e-commerce platforms, (ii) growth in demand for premium and digital OOH media, (iii) resilience of print and radio retail revenues.

However, there was a fall in both subscription and animation and VFX revenues. Subscription revenues were impacted by a reduction in Pay TV homes of six million falling theatrical admissions and a relatively poor performance by films at the box office, with revenues falling 5.6% fall in transaction gaming revenues post the implementation of a higher GST on real money games. Content and content services volumes were also impacted by the drop in subscription revenues.

Television advertising dragged growth down by 20%, driven by a decline in ad volumes and a shift in viewership to connected TVs, whose revenues are counted under digital media.

#### Distribution

Television subscription revenues in India decreased 3% in 2024, despite a reduction of 6.4 million in pay TV homes, due to an approximately 2.5% increase in TV subscription ARPUs, which reached INR 281 (gross of taxes) at end-customer prices during the year. While broadcasters increased channel prices uniformly, ARPU increased differently across markets, in some cases resulting in an increase in under-declared households/pirated households, as LCOs could not pass on price increases to end consumers.

The fall in pay television homes has been attributed to continued movement to connected TVs at the top end of the market, growth of alternate entertainment options and digital platforms, as well as availability of a sizeable content bouquet for Hindi speaking markets on free television, which grew in 2024

Broadcasters whom earned revenues for between 111 to 160 million paid subscriptions in 2024, as compared to 118 to 163 million reported in 2023, indicating a potential base of pirated connections between 10 and 15 million homes.

#### Active paid subscriptions continued to reduce in 2024

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Cable	72	68	64	63	60
DTH	56	55	54	52	49
HITS	2	2	2	2	2
Total Pay TV	131	125	120	118	111
Free TV	40	43	45	45	49
Total	171	168	165	163	160

Television subscriptions (in million) | Industry discussions, billing reports, TRAI data, FICCI-EY Report 2025 analysis

#### **Radio**

Radio segment of M&E Industry revenues grew 9% in 2024 to INR25 billion on the back of a growth in ad volumes, and alternate revenue streams. On an average, 20% of radio revenues are related to events, content production and other revenue streams. Radio had higher reach than television. During the year Radio FM reach more than 95 million households. The Free Dish service also delivers All India Radio's audio programming content of 25 satellite radio channels.

As audiences evolve, radio is transforming— blending audio, digital, and experiential engagement.

Growth will be driven by solutions-led sales, innovative content, and government policy support, ensuring radio's relevance and impact in a dynamic media landscape.

All India Radio generates programming in 23 languages and 179 dialects across 591 radio stations, covering 98% of India's population whereas India had 1,478 operational radio stations, an increase of 165 stations over previous year, including 388 private FM stations and 499 community radio stations.

The government is rolling out 730 new FM channels across 234 cities as part of the Phase III FM Radio Policy. This expansion supports the "vocal for local" initiative and focuses on enhancing local content, particularly in smaller tier-II and III cities.

The proposed 4% license fee for new stations could help the auctions, but there is a need to understand the overall state of the FM radio segment, and build proactive regulation to assist its survival.









Radio companies are focusing on integrated solutions, including content production, event IPs, social media, commissioned podcasts, audio stories, influencer marketing, etc., to their retail advertisers as a one-stop shop. Creating event IPs, brand activation, building communities, international music streaming, content production, digital marketing and influencer marketing were the top contributors to such revenues for radio companies we surveyed.

#### Radio segment revenues grew 9 % in 2024

#### **RADIO SEGMENT REVENUE**



Billion (gross of taxes) FICCI-EY Report 2025 estimates

Radio segment revenues grew 9% in 2024 to INR 25 billion, but were still just 81% of 2019 revenues. Ad volumes increased marginally by 3% in 2024 as compared to the previous year, while ad rates remained stressed.

Radio companies are focusing on building regional shows, with novel and engaging content, which are multi-media in nature, and non-FCT revenues contributed an average 20% of total revenues. Lack of unified and independent third party monitoring continues to be an industry issue.

Radio companies will increase their focus on non-metros, where the presence of less expensive smartphone which have FM receivers is relatively higher, and feature phones still exist in large numbers

The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) has released recommendations on issues related to FM radio broadcasting, including private FM Radio operators being allowed to broadcast news and current affairs programs, limited to 10 minutes in each clock hour.

The government has been considering the launch of digital terrestrial audio and video in certain cities, which does not consume data. However, new receivers would be needed in phones and cars, which could take some years to gain scale, and issues in moving from analogue to digital radio would need to be carefully addressed. We believe that digital radio could help more than double radio segment revenues within four years of its launch.

We expect that FM radio stations, whose music curation capabilities and stationality are second to none, will

provide their linear feeds (or curated versions of the feeds) on paid streaming platforms, creating a win-win situation for both radio broadcasters and audio OTT platforms.

#### **Broadcasting**

The Indian broadcasting sector, comprising television and radio, has continued to expand. According to industry reports, the television segment alone is projected to grow at a CAGR of 8.1% from 2024 to 2029. This growth is primarily fueled by the increasing penetration of smart TVs, the rising popularity of OTT (Over-The-Top) platforms, and higher investments in content creation.

The 2024 amendments to India's broadcasting and cable regulations reshape the industry by enforcing pricing, interconnection, and service quality standards.

Broadcasting is witnessing phenomenal technological development. We have to enable a regulatory and governance framework that facilitates technological innovation and growth, maintains a level playing field across diverse players; enhances consumer choice & experience, yet ensures responsible content dissemination.

Broadcasting in India spans **television**, **radio**, **and digital platforms**, forming a major part of the country's media ecosystem.

- Television broadcasting remains a dominant force, with diverse content across languages and genres.
   While traditional TV still reaches millions, it's facing stiff competition from streaming services.
- Radio broadcasting, led by Prasar Bharati and private FM stations, continues to engage urban and rural audiences—especially for music, talk shows, and public service messaging.
- Digital broadcasting and OTT platforms are fast becoming the new norm, with mobile internet driving growth. Giants like Netflix, Hotstar, and Amazon Prime are revolutionizing content consumption.
- The sector operates within a regulated framework governed by TRAI and the Ministry of Information & Broadcasting, balancing innovation with content standards.

The Indian broadcasting sector has witnessed substantial transformation and growth during 2024-2025, driven by technological advancements, changing viewer preferences, and regulatory developments. This period has been marked by a significant increase in digital content consumption, the emergence of new business models, and intensified competition among broadcasters.









There has been a significant shift towards digital platforms, with OTT services gaining substantial traction. The proliferation of high-speed internet and affordable data plans has accelerated the adoption of digital streaming services, leading to a surge in online viewership.

Al tools streamline storytelling by generating scripts, identifying plot gaps, and creating storyboards. Multilingual content production was enhanced with Al powered voice cloning and automatic lip-syncing.

Regional content continues to be a major growth driver. The demand for content in regional languages has increased, leading broadcasters to invest heavily in producing localized content to cater to diverse linguistic audiences. Despite the rise of digital platforms, linear TV remains dominant, especially in rural areas where internet penetration is lower. However, urban viewers are increasingly shifting towards digital platforms for their content consumption, creating a dual growth trajectory for both linear and digital TV.

By 2026, automated scriptwriting will be a cornerstone for Indian cinema, enabling smaller production houses to scale quickly and craft stories that resonate with diverse cultural nuances. This can be adapted by regional film production, ad agencies, OTT series, and has the potential to reduce pre-production costs by 20% to 30%, significantly enhance productivity, and streamline content workflows.

Television advertising remains a significant revenue stream for broadcasters. Innovations such as addressable TV advertising, which allows targeted ads based on viewer data, are enhancing the effectiveness of TV ads and providing better ROI for advertisers.

#### **Out of Home Media**

Out-of-home (OOH) media in India refers to advertising that reaches consumers while they are outside their homes—through billboards, transit ads, digital screens, and public installations. Key categories like real estate, education, organized retail, consumer services, FMCG and other premium categories continued their spending on OOH assets. It's a dynamic and evolving segment of the advertising industry.

- Traditional formats like billboards and posters remain widespread, especially in high-traffic urban areas.
- Digital OOH (DOOH) is growing rapidly, with interactive screens, 3D LED displays, and augmented reality campaigns becoming more common

Out of Home (OOH) media is on a growth trajectory

as transit and digital media continue to grow along with traditional media. Although traditional media constitutes a bulk of the segment, transit and digital media are growing and would soon outnumber premium traditional media in the coming years. Macro-economic factors such as urbanization and growth of affluence are also contributing to the growth of the segment.

It is estimated that there are 185,000 active DOOH screens across around 50 cities in India today, of which around 15% are of the large-format premium variety.

Transit media grew as India invested in more airports, railway stations, metro lines and bus stands. Station naming rights were also popular and provided assured long-term cash flows to licensorsTransit Media comprises 28% of total OOH segments.

However, some respondents expressed concerns that traditional billboards could see some decline due to a slowdown in consumer spending, and felt that fiscal policies of the government, government OOH spending and metro consumer spending would be critical parameters.

#### **Podcast**

Podcasting has rapidly emerged as a dynamic and influential segment within India's digital media landscape, blending storytelling, education, and entertainment in an audio-first format. The podcasting landscape in India has seen remarkable growth and transformation during 2024-2025, driven by increased internet penetration, smartphone adoption, and changing content consumption patterns. This period has been marked by the rise of diverse content genres, new monetization strategies, and the entry of major global players into the Indian market.

- India is the third-largest podcast market globally, with over 200 million listeners expected by 2025.
- The industry is projected to grow to ₹17,895 crore in revenue by 2025, driven by smartphone penetration and low data costs.
- Popular genres include self-improvement, spirituality, comedy, business, and regional storytelling.
- Regional language content is booming, with podcasts now available in Hindi, Tamil, Telugu, Bengali, and more.
- Platforms like Spotify, YouTube, Facebook and Kuku FM are democratizing access and

The primary audience for podcasts in India consists of young urban professionals and students, with a significant









portion of listeners falling in the age group of 18-35 years. The increasing demand for on-the-go, personalized content is driving this trend. With over 40 million monthly active podcast listeners, India is becoming a significant market for audio content. The convenience of consuming content while commuting, working, or multitasking has contributed to the popularity of podcasts.

Educational and self-improvement podcasts focusing on topics such as personal finance, mental health, and professional development are increasingly popular. Podcasts like "The Habit Coach" and "The Ranveer Show" are notable examples. There is a growing demand for podcasts in regional languages, reflecting the diverse linguistic landscape of India. Platforms are investing in creating content in languages such as Hindi, Tamil, Telugu, Marathi, and Bengali.

A growing number of independent podcasters and content creators are entering the market, producing content across various genres such as news, storytelling, comedy, health, business, and technology. Celebrities and influencers are also leveraging podcasts to engage with their audiences.

#### **BAG NETWORK MARCHES AHEAD**

BAG is a prominent player in India's media and entertainment industry, known for its diverse operations across television, radio, and digital content. Over the past three decades, the Company has grown from a small media start up to one of the most influential media and production houses in India. Our journey, marked by innovation, resilience, and a commitment to quality, reflects the dynamic evolution of the Indian entertainment industry. This chronicles our milestones, achievements, and the impact we've made on the media landscape in India.

BAG holds the unique distinction of producing programs of all genres for a range of channels and audiences. Realizing the potential in the digital market, we have intensive plans to produce content specifically for digital platforms.

BAG has a unique reputation for producing programs across all genres for a wide range of channels and audiences. We also have extensive plans to produce for digital platforms, recognizing the market's potential.

With over 30 years in the industry, BAG is committed to consistently delivering quality and engaging content for various age groups, formats, media, and both news and non-news platforms.

The Company's extensive expertise and experience is testified in its numerous successful TV shows and milestones, well received by viewers across the country.

BAG plans to create and deliver popular, high-quality programming for catering to not only domestic but also to the demands of international viewership and expects to earn high returns for its stakeholders. We have a strong presence in Hindi General Entertainment Channels (GECs) and Regional GECs across India. We have demonstrated an exceptional ability to consistently create high quality content to excite the Indian audience. We ensure proper and strategized distribution of our content in collaboration with our channel partners.

BAG create content across mediums i.e. TV, Movies and OTT as well as across genres to cater to the entertainment needs of our viewers across age groups.

BAG continues to shape regional media narratives while adapting to digital trends. Want a visual timeline of their growth or a comparison with other Indian media companies.

We realized that to scale up in a meaningful way, we would need to make, own and broadcast our own content and be present across the entire value chain of the media and entertainment industry.

During the year under review, the Company has produced successful programmes like Amne Samne, Sabse Bada Sawal, News Shatak, Mahaul Kya hai, Tajas-24, Rastra Ki Baat, 10 ki 10 Breaking, kalchakra, Bollywood Reporter, U, Me aur TV, Insta Stalker, Bollywood Top 10, Aradhana, Jhakaas Mornings, Bhangra Junction, Hots Hits, Party on my mind, Karaare Hits, Dil Dhakne Do across different channels and strengthened its presence.

With the change of time, the world-view of people also changes. By aligning ourselves to the aspirations of evolving audiences, we strive to deliver content that grips and entices them. Our legacy is of our stories, expressed to viewers in the most appealing of ways. We continue to deliver the same as we understand what ticks, placing our creative zeal in all that we do.

#### **OUR SUBSIDIARIES**

#### **News24 Broadcast India Limited**

**News24,** a news channel operated by News24 Broadcast India Limited one of its subsidiary, has carved out a strong presence in India's media landscape. It's a 24-hour national Hindi news channel that's widely available across the country via both cable networks and DTH platforms like Airtel Digital TV, DishTV, and d2h.









Its reach and consistent viewer engagement have helped it become a trusted source for Hindi-speaking audiences across India. Want a quick comparison of News24 with other Hindi news channels.

The digital revolution has significantly amplified our reach. News24's presence on YouTube, Facebook, Instagram, and other social media platforms has garnered an impressive subscriber base. The total subscriber base of News24 reached 24 million across various YouTube channels. Notably, News24 achieved the prestigious Diamond Play Button from YouTube—an accolade bestowed upon channels with over 10 million subscribers. This achievement stands as a testament to our digital popularity

On the television front, programs like Amne Samne, Sabse Bada Sawal, News Shatak, Mahaul Kya hai, Tajas-24, 4 baje 24 Reporters, Rastra Ki Baat, 10 ki 10 Breaking, Nispakash News, kalchakra, amongst others cover a gamut of genres in news reporting and have been received exceptionally well with the audiences across the nation. "Kalchakra", "Sabse Bada Sawal", "Mahaul Kya Hai" and "Aamne Saamne" are achieve remarkable TRPs and viewership on News24.

These shows continue to reflect the innovative ways of reporting news that has given the maximum viewership and rating to our channel making its marked presence felt in the whole Media Industry.

The Company further strengthened its presence in the Hindi heartland with the populority of its regional News channel – NEWS24 MPCG through its subsidiary News24 Broadcast India Limited. Madhya Pradesh (MP) & Chhattisgarh (CG) is one of the key news markets which have a population of roughly more than 150 million and their news appetite has been growing unceasingly. NEWS24 MPCG has become the leading Hindi News Channel in Madhya Pradesh & Chattisgarh.

#### **E24 Glamour Limited**

E24 Glamour Limited is an unlisted media company based in New Delhi, and part of the BAG group. It operates primarily in the television broadcasting and entertainment space.

E24, a 24 hours Entertainment channel operating under the subsidiary E24 Glamour Limited focused on Bollywood news, celebrity gossip, music, and lifestyle content. During the year it produced successful programmes like Bollywood Reporter, U, Me or TV, Insta Stalker, Bollywood Top 10, Jakass Mornings, Bhangda Junction, Hots Hits, Party on my mind, Karaare Hits, Dil Dhakne Do etc. Apart from the above programmes, E24 procured rights to movies and started telecasting movies songs. The channel has been researching and experimenting different ideas and revenue models.

The rise of social media has enabled artists to engage directly with their fans, leading to new marketing opportunities and revenue streams. Artists are now able to build their personal brands and connect with their audience in new ways.

Despite financial challenges, E24 Glamour continues to contribute to India's entertainment media landscape with a niche focus on glamour and celebrity culture

E24 is targeting new audiences and adding a subscriber base to enhance the business model. This includes the use of subscription-based services and new marketing strategies. Rapid growth of digital platforms has hit the growth of music-based channels, forcing most of the players in this segment tore strategies their content and sales pitch.

#### **Skyline Radio Network Limited**

Your FM radio station, on frequency 106.4 in the name of "Dhamaal24 - Har Khushi hai Jahan" is now the voice of the regions and its many shows are household names in all ten cities where it is operational i.e. Hissar, Karnal, Patiala, Ranchi, Muzaffarpur, Dhule, Jalgaon, Ahemednagar, Simla and Jabalpur.

Dhamaal24 believes that life must be lived to the fullest and celebrated. Dhamaal24 is a channel with a slice of life and approach to the infotainment & entertainment programming. Various programs are purposely aligned for maximum listenership. Our content entices regional listeners.

Differences in music royalty rates prevent FM radio companies from creating and airing their radio channels on internet streaming platforms — an issue which the industry needs to resolve to mutually benefit broadcasters and music licensors — as curated content with RJ interactions are largely missing online, and migrant population cannot enjoy radio stations in the language of their choice

#### **B. OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS**

The Indian media and entertainment (M&E) industry is buzzing with potential and driven by a combination of factors such as digital transformation, increasing internet penetration, and a diverse and dynamic consumer base.









However, the industry also faces several challenges that could impact its growth trajectory. This note provides a detailed analysis of the opportunities and threats in the Indian M&E industry.

#### **Opportunities for Indian Media Industry**

Here's a segment-wise breakdown of the key opportunities in the Indian Media and Entertainment Industry:

#### Television

- Regional channel growth: Audiences increasingly prefer content in local languages.
- Connected TVs: Higher adoption of smart TVs is driving hybrid consumption—mix of linear TV and streaming.
- Ad revenue recovery: Post-pandemic normalization has sparked brand spending in key categories like FMCG and automotive.

#### Film & Cinema

- Multiplex expansion: Tier 2 & 3 cities are seeing new cinema infrastructure.
- Regional cinema success: Films in Telugu, Tamil, Malayalam, and Kannada are performing well across geographies.
- Global tie-ups: Co-productions and OTT premieres on global platforms are making Indian films internationally visible.

#### **☐** Digital & OTT

- Boom in OTT platforms: Subscription growth and ad-supported models are surging, especially in vernacular content.
- Influencer economy: Social media creators are emerging as micro media houses.
- Podcast & audio streaming: Growing popularity among young audiences, especially in infotainment and comedy.

### Gaming & Esports

- Massive user base: India has the world's secondlargest internet population, fueling online gaming growth.
- Government support: Recognition of esports as part of multi-sports events is boosting legitimacy and investment.
- Local game development: "Made in India" games and studios are slowly gaining traction.

#### Music & Live Entertainment

 Music streaming: Regional and indie music is thriving on platforms like Spotify, JioSaavn, and Gaana.

- Concerts & festivals: Return of live events post-COVID is rejuvenating the event economy.
- Virtual performances: New formats like VR concerts and interactive live streams are on the rise.

#### **Threats for Indian Media Industry**

Here's a detailed breakdown of the key challenges and threats facing different segments of India's Media and Entertainment industry:

#### Television

- Audience fragmentation: Rapid growth in digital platforms is pulling viewers away from traditional TV.
- Ad revenue volatility: Brands are shifting budgets to digital, creating uncertainty for broadcasters.
- Content piracy: Unauthorized distribution of cable and satellite broadcasts still poses economic losses.

#### Film & Cinema

- High production costs: Budgets are rising, but returns are unpredictable—especially for theatrical releases.
- OTT cannibalization: Direct-to-streaming releases are reducing footfall in cinemas.
- Limited theatrical screens: Compared to the audience size, India has fewer cinema screens per capita.

#### **☐** Digital & OTT

- Subscription fatigue: With multiple platforms, users are becoming selective—impacting monetization.
- Regulatory scrutiny: Content on OTT platforms is under growing government regulation and censorship pressure.
- Cybersecurity risks: Data breaches and platform hacking threaten user trust and brand value.

#### Gaming & Esports

- Online addiction concerns: Rising screen time among youth is attracting parental and policy scrutiny.
- Payment and fraud issues: Microtransactions and unregulated third-party payments have led to misuse.
- Lack of robust IP protection: Indian gaming IPs are vulnerable to imitation and lack enforcement mechanisms.

#### Music & Live Entertainment

Copyright infringement: Music piracy, sampling









- without credit, and unauthorized re-uploads plague creators.
- Event unpredictability: Weather, security, and permissions make live events risky investments.
- Platform monopoly: Dominance of global streaming platforms challenges independent music discovery.

#### AI & Personalization

- Al is reshaping TV through personalized recommendations, automated editing, and even script generation.
- Content localization using Al (subtitling/ dubbing) is expanding global reach

#### **Regulatory Challenges**

- The evolving regulatory landscape for digital content poses a challenge. Stricter regulations on content standards and censorship could impact creative freedom and operational efficiency.
- Changes in advertising regulations, such as restrictions on certain types of advertisements, can affect revenue streams.
- The widespread issue of digital piracy threatens revenue and undermines the value of original content. Efforts to combat piracy through technology and legal measures are essential but remain a significant challenge.

#### C. SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE

The segment wise performance has been shown elsewhere in the Annual Report.

#### D. OUTLOOK

The Indian media and entertainment (M&E) industry is diverse and dynamic, encompassing various segments such as television, film, digital media, print, music, radio, and live events.

#### Our main businesses are:

- 1. Creating original and diverse show content;
- 2. Exploring opportunities across channels, languages;
- 3. Building our marketing and distribution capabilities;
- 4. Creating newer show formats for television content;
- 5. Leveraging opportunities in regional markets by expanding network.

The Indian media and entertainment industry is undergoing a transformative phase, with digital media leading the growth trajectory. While traditional segments like television and print face challenges from digital disruption, they continue to hold



#### E. RISK AND CONCERNS

The Indian media and entertainment (M&E) industry is a rapidly evolving sector with significant growth potential. However, it also faces several risks and concerns that could impact its progress.

Being a content driven entity, we are strengthening our intellectual property to ensure cost optimization at all levels. The four key pillars that continue to influence the digital Media and Entertainment space are infrastructure; mobility, government policy and digital technologies. We continue to have a readily available database of our IP, such as scripts, dialogues, clips and other content. The following risks and challenges are affecting our business:

- Censorship and Content Standards: Stringent content regulations and censorship laws can limit creative freedom and affect the type of content produced. The lack of clear guidelines can lead to arbitrary decisions, impacting the industry's ability to innovate and address diverse audience interests.
- 2. OTT Regulation: The increasing scrutiny and potential regulation of OTT platforms could affect the flexibility and variety of content offered. New policies might impose restrictions on content types, age ratings, and advertisements, posing challenges for content creators and distributors.
- **3. Digital Piracy:** Piracy remains a significant concern, especially with the easy availability of pirated content online. This not only affects revenue but also undermines the value of original content.
- 4. Data Breaches: Increasing digital consumption exposes the industry to cybersecurity threats, including data breaches and hacking. Ensuring robust cybersecurity measures is essential to protect sensitive content and consumer data.
- 5. Cyber risk in the Entertainment Industry: M&E companies will need to develop efficient detection and continuous monitoring systems to identify personal data breaches promptly. Companies will need to invest in cyber resilience programs to manage the identification of affected individuals, and reporting to the data protection board and data principals within specified time.









- **6. IP Protection:** Weak intellectual property enforcement can discourage investment in high-quality content production and impact the overall growth of the industry.
- 7. Impact on Advertising Revenue: Economic downturns can lead to reduced advertising budgets, impacting the primary revenue source for many media companies. This can lead to a contraction in spending on content production and innovation.

While the Indian media and entertainment industry is poised for continued growth, it must navigate a landscape filled with regulatory, technological, economic, audience behavior, and operational risks. Addressing these challenges through strategic planning, innovation, and adaptive measures will be crucial for sustaining growth and maintaining competitiveness in this dynamic sector.

Broadcasting companies pay transponder charges to satellite companies for transmission of their TV signals. The tax authorities contend that payments made towards transponder charges are in the nature of royalty.

India boasts a comprehensive data privacy law, the Digital Personal Data Protection Act (DPDPA) 2023, M&E companies stand at the threshold of a new compliance era. While the government is in the process of rolling

out rules to operationalize DPDPA, M&E companies must grasp the impact and adapt swiftly to the evolving landscape of data privacy.

# F. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has established a robust internal control framework, commensurate with the size and nature of its business operations. These controls are designed to address governance, compliance, audit, control, and reporting concerns that may impact its operations. These internal controls play a vital role in ensuring regulatory compliance, protecting assets, preventing fraud, and ensuring the accuracy of financial reporting. The Company's internal auditors are responsible for regularly monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of these internal control systems. Any significant findings are promptly reported to management for swift corrective action.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is active in checks and balances that ensure the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control systems. This committee suggests improvements to strengthen the internal controls and ensure their ongoing effectiveness.

The CMD/CFO Certification provided elsewhere in the report discusses about the adequacy of our internal control systems and procedures.

### G. DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

The Company has prepared its standalone and consolidated audited financial statements as per Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) for the financial year 2024-25. The standalone and consolidated performance of the Company and its subsidiaries, for the year under review along with previous year figures are given below:

(Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	Stand	alone	Consolidated		
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	
Total Income	3,817.80	3,672.68	13,996.31	13,357.99	
Total Expenditure other than Financial Costs and Depreciation	3,160.33	2,969.43	11,523.60	11,031.67	
Profit before Depreciation & Financial Charges	657.48	703.25	2,472.71	2,326.32	
Financial Charges	364.58	378.18	837.16	1,005.84	
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	138.72	173.55	411.29	478.33	
Profit before Tax	154.18	151.52	1,224.26	842.15	
Provision for Tax	45.23	46.71	225.23	165.02	
Profit after Tax	108.95	104.81	999.03	677.13	
Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

The details of the financial performance of the Company are appearing in the Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss Account and other financial statements appearing separately.









#### H. MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT IN HUMAN RESOURCES

BAG considers Human Resources to be one of the key elements to sustain competitive advantage in the News Media Sector. Media organizations are human driven; its growth depends upon the quality contribution made by the people in the organization. Therefore, your Company recognizes human resources as a key component for facilitating organizational growth.

BAG understands that the M&E industry is rapidly evolving and it is crucial to keep up with the latest trends and technologies to stay competitive. The Company provides regular training and development programs to its employees to ensure that they are equipped with the necessary skills and knowledge to perform their roles efficiently. These programs include on-the-job training, mentoring, coaching and leadership development programs.

BAG aims to recruit, nurture and retain quality professionals and provide them with a high performance environment. Knowledge and intellectual assets are being strategically shared across BAG. The Company has 14 permanent employees on the roll of the Company as on March 31, 2025. At BAG, we have understood the potential of the human resource and its contribution to the financial standing of your company. Therefore, the human asset is highly valued and regarded by your company.

We would like to thank all our employees for their contribution and we look forward to their continued support in maintaining our leadership position in the industry. We would also like to thank all our shareholders for continuing to trust and believe in the Company and look forward to your continued support as we scale new heights with BAG.

#### I. KEY FINANCIAL RATIO

As per the SEBI Listing Regulations, the company is required to give details of significant changes (i.e. 25% or compared to the immediately previous financial year in key-sector-specific financial ratio. The Company has no significant changes in any key financial ratio during FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25. Details of movement in key financial ratios are here under:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24	Growth (in %)
Revenue from Operation	3,814.28	3,595.08	6.10
Gross Margin	0.23	0.26	(8.25)
EBIDTA	657.48	703.25	(6.51)
PBT	154.18	151.52	1.76
PAT	108.95	104.81	3.95
Current Ratio	1.01	0.96	5.57
Net Profit Margins	2.86	2.92	(2.02)
Debt Equity Ratio	0.13	0.12	9.02
Interest Coverage Ratio	1.42	1.40	1.59
Return on Net Worth	0.41	0.40	3.44
Debtors Turnover	4.04	3.89	3.72
Inventory Turnover	0.99	1.03	(4.07)

#### **Cautionary statement**

We acknowledge that certain projections within this discussion are 'forward-looking' and may be subject to variations due to dynamic factors such as regulatory shifts, economic fluctuations, and market competition. Our analysis includes internal estimates regarding market size and growth rates across various segments, other internally developed data, publicly available information, and additional sources the Company considers reliable. We also remain committed to transparency and aim to provide stakeholders with a comprehensive understanding of our financial trajectory and strategic initiatives, ensuring sustainable growth and value creation.

(\*Source of information: Shape the Future, FICCI-EY-Report Indian M & E Sector, 2025)









#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Members of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited, Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as the standalone financial statements).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the this standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31<sup>st</sup> 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole,

and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### **Revenue recognition**

#### The key audit matter

Revenue is measured net of any trade discounts and volume rebates to customers ("discounts and rebates"). Material estimation by the Company is involved in recognition and measurement of rebates and discounts. This includes establishing an accrual at year end, particularly in arrangements with varying terms which are based on annual contracts or shorter-term arrangements. In addition, the value and timing of promotions for products varies from period to period, and the activity can span beyond the year end.

We identified the evaluation of accrual for rebates and discounts as a key audit matter.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included:

- Understanding the process followed by the Company to determine the amount of accrual for discounts and rebates.
- Evaluating the design and implementation and testing operating effectiveness of Company's general IT controls, key manual and application controls over the Company's IT systems including controls over rebates agreements / arrangements, rebate payments / settlements and Company's review over the rebate accruals.
- Inspecting on a sample basis, key customer contracts.
   Based on the terms and conditions relating to discounts and rebates, assessing the Company's revenue recognition policies with reference to the requirements of the applicable accounting standards
- Performing substantive testing by selecting samples of discounts and rebates transactions recorded during the year as well as period end discounts and rebates accruals and matching the parameters used in the computation with the relevant source documents.
- Examining historical rebate accrual together with our understanding of current year developments to form an expectation of the rebate accrual as at year end and comparing this expectation against the actual rebate accrual, completing further inquiries and obtaining underlying documentation, on a sample basis, as appropriate. Further, we also performed retrospective review to evaluate the precision with which management makes estimates.









- Checking completeness and accuracy of the data used by the Company for accrual of discounts and rebates,
- Testing actualisation of estimated accruals on a sample basis
- Testing a selection of rebate accruals recorded after 31 March 2025 and assessing whether the accrual is recorded in the correct period.
- Testing a selection of payments made after 31 March 2025 and where relevant, comparing the payment to the related rebate accrual.
- Critically assessing manual journal entries posted to revenue, on a sample basis, to identify unusual items and examining the underlying documentation.

# Provisions and contingent liabilities relating to taxation, litigations and claims

#### The key audit matter

The provisions and contingent liabilities relate to ongoing litigations and claims with various authorities and third parties. These relate to direct tax, indirect tax, transfer pricing arrangements, claims, general legal proceedings, environmental issues and other eventualities arising in the regular course of business.

As at the year ended March 31, 2025, the amounts involved are significant. The computation of a provision or contingent liability requires significant judgement by the Company because of the inherent complexity in estimating future costs. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure. The provisions and contingent liabilities are subject to changes in the outcomes of litigations and claims and the positions taken by the Company. It involves significant judgement and estimation to determine the likelihood and timing of the cash outflows and interpretations of the legal aspects, tax legislations and judgements previously made by authorities.

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included:

- Understanding the process followed by the Company for assessment and determination of the amount of provisions and contingent liabilities relating to taxation, litigations and claims.
- Evaluating the design and implementation and testing operating effectiveness of key internal controls around the recognition and measurement of provisions and reassessment of contingent liabilities.
- Involving our tax professionals with specialised skills and

- knowledge to assist in the assessment of the value of significant provisions and contingent liabilities relating to taxation matter, on sample basis, in light of the nature of the exposures, applicable regulations and related correspondence with the authorities.
- Inquiring the status in respect of significant provisions and contingent liabilities with the Company's internal tax and legal team, including challenging the assumptions and critical judgements made by the Company which impacted the computation of the provisions and inspecting the computation.
- Assessing the assumptions used and estimates of outcome and financial effect, including considering judgement of the Company, supplemented by experience of similar decisions previously made by the authorities and, in some cases, relevant opinions given by the Company's advisors.
- Testing data used to develop the estimate for completeness and accuracy.
- Evaluating judgements made by the Company by comparing the estimates of prior year to the actual outcome.
- Evaluating the Company's disclosures in the standalone financial statements in respect of provisions and contingent liabilities.

# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.









#### Management's and Board of Director's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement

of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the standalone financial statements made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
  of the standalone financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the standalone financial
  statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may









reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone statement of changes in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the this standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these Standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate

- Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2025 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses during the year ended March 31, 2025.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025.
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding









Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year and has not proposed final dividend for the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the softwares. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being

- tampered with and the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act read with Schedule V of the Act.

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number. 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Place: Noida Membership Number.074602 Dated: May 28, 2025 UDIN: 25074602BMICCQ5308

### Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of B.A.G Films and Media Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment:
- (a) (i) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (ii) The company is not having any intangible asset. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (i)(a)(B) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable

- having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.









- ii. (a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records for each class of inventory.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.

The Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limit from financial institutions.

iii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit procedures, the Company has provided a guarantee to a bank on behalf of a promoter owned group company. The aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans and guarantees to subsidiaries and to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are as per the table given below:

Particulars	Guarantees ( in lakhs)
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year	
Others	1000.00
Balance outstanding (gross) as at balance sheet date in respect of the above cases	
Others	1000.00

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the terms and conditions of such guarantee are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(c) to of the Order are not applicable.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the company, in respect of investments made and loans and guarantees given by the Company, in our

- opinion the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act have been complied with.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) The Company does not have liability in respect of Service tax, Duty of excise, Sales tax and Value added tax during the year since effective 1 July 2017, these statutory dues has been subsumed into GST.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion, the undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues have been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Duty of Customs or Cess or other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) As of the year-end, according to the records of the Company and information and explanations given to us, there are no disputed statutory dues outstanding on the company.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.









- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, the Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Act. The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2025.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries (as defined under the Act). The Company does not hold any investment in any associate or joint venture (as defined under the Act) during the year ended 31 March 2025.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x) (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books

- and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, the Company has not received whistle-blower complaints during the year.
- xii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.









- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and

expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

xx. There is no liability of the company under the provisions of section 135 of the Act, relating to Corporate Social Responsibility. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number. 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Place: Noida Membership Number.074602 Dated: May 28, 2025 UDIN: 25074602BMICCQ5308









### Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of B.A.G. films and Media Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with the ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any









evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**Opinion** 

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company

considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number. 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Place: Noida Membership Number.074602 Dated: May 28, 2025 UDIN: 25074602BMICCQ5308









### **BALANCE SHEET**

as at March 31, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
	No.	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	1,466.45	1,604.87
Investment in subsidiaries	4	24,747.33	24,747.33
Financial assets			
Investments	4	88.13	88.70
Deferred tax assets (net)	5	191.74	236.98
		26,493.65	26,677.88
Current assets			
Inventories	6	3,125.99	2,778.48
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	7	1,034.64	854.30
Cash and cash equivalents	8	57.24	71.87
Other financial assets	9	435.26	430.02
Other current assets	10	875.65	787.62
		5,528.78	4,922.29
Total		32,022.43	31,600.17
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	11	3,956.66	3,956.66
Other equity	12	22,520.47	22,390.40
		26,477.13	26,347.06
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilties	13	2.85	2.85
Provisions	14	89.28	125.10
		92.13	127.95
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	15	_	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises	15	774.93	596.21
and small enterprises			
Other financial liabilities	16	3,416.80	3,118.81
Other current liabilities	17	1,261.44	1,410.14
		5,453.17	5,125.16
Total		32,022.43	31,600.17

The above Balance Sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

### As per our report of even date

#### For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner Membership Number: 074602

Place : Noida Date: May 28, 2025 **Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

Ajay Jain

Chief Financial Officer

**Sudhir Shukla** Director

DIN: 01567595

Ajay Mishra **Company Secretary** 











### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

for the year ended March 31,2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
	No.	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
Sales	18	2,993.94	2,799.58
Other operating revenue	18	820.34	795.50
Revenue from operations		3,814.28	3,595.08
Other income	19	3.52	77.60
Total Income		3,817.80	3,672.68
Expenses			
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods	20	(347.50)	(365.23)
Employee benefits expense	21	238.64	291.31
Finance costs	22	364.58	378.18
Depreciation and amortisation expense	23	138.72	173.55
Other expenses	24	3,269.18	3,043.35
Total Expenses		3,663.62	3,521.16
Profit before tax		154.18	151.52
Tax expense			
Deferred tax		45.23	46.71
Total tax expense		45.23	46.71
Profit for the year		108.95	104.81
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Acturial gains/losses of defined benefit plans		21.11	(4.22)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		21.11	(4.22)
Total comprehensive income for the year		130.06	100.59
Nominal value per share Rs.2/- each			
Earnings per equity share			
Basic earnings from operations attributable to share holders		0.07	0.05
Diluted earnings from operations attributable to share holders		0.07	0.05
Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies	2		

The above Statement of Profit and Loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Membership Number: 074602

Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025 Anuradha Prasad Shukla

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

**Ajay Jain** Chief Financial Officer Sudhir Shukla Director

DIN: 01567595

**Ajay Mishra** Company Secretary



Partner







### **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

#### for the year ended March 31, 2025

#### A. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	Balance
At the beginning of the year		3,956.66
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
At the end of the year	11	3,956.66
D OIL F 'I		( <del>**</del> : 1 -1-1)

B. Other Equity (₹ in Lakhs)

Reserves and surplus

			Reserves and	d surplus		Items of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	
Particulars	Note No.	Capital Reserves	General Reserves	Securities Premium Reserves	Retained earnings	Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans	Total other equity
Balance as at 1 April 2023	12	1,129.35	379.27	24,601.07	(3,733.20)	(86.68)	22,289.81
Profit for the year		-	-	-	104.81	-	104.81
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	(4.22)	(4.22)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2024		1,129.35	379.27	24,601.07	(3,628.39)	(90.90)	22,390.40
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners							
Transfer from Retained earnings to General reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	_	1,129.35	379.27	24,601.07	(3,628.39)	(90.90)	22,390.40
Profit for the year	_	-	-	-	108.95	-	108.95
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	21.11	21.11
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2025	_	1,129.35	379.27	24,601.07	(3,519.43)	(69.79)	22,520.47
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	_						-
Transfer from Retained earnings to General reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	_	1,129.35	379.27	24,601.07	(3,519.43)	(69.79)	22,520.47

The above Statement of Change in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Membership Number: 074602

Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025 Anuradha Prasad Shukla

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

**Ajay Jain** Chief Financial Officer Sudhir Shukla

Director DIN: 01567595

**Ajay Mishra** Company Secretary









## **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW**

for the Year ended March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2025		For the Year ended March 31, 2024	
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax		175.29		147.31
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation	138.72		173.55	
Finance costs	364.58		378.18	
Interest income	(3.52)		(75.99)	
Net (gain) / loss on sale of investments	0.57		(1.50)	
Liabilities / provisions no longer required written back	-		(0.10)	
		500.35	_	474.14
Cash generated from operations before working capital changes				
Changes in working capital:				
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:				
(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories	(347.50)		(365.23)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade receivables	(180.33)		138.07	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other financial assets	(5.24)		67.55	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets	(88.03)		(62.09)	
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade payables	178.73		442.59	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current financial liabilities	297.98		(561.59)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current liabilities	(148.70)		190.63	
(Increase)/ Decrease in provisions	(35.82)	(328.91)	4.22	(145.85)
Cash generated from operations		346.73		475.60
Net cash flows generated from operating activities - [A]		346.73		475.60









(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2025		For the Year ended March 31, 2024	
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Payment for purchase of Property , plant and Equipment (PP&E)	(0.30)		(17.19)	
Interest received				
- Others	3.52	3.22	75.99	58.80
Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)		3.22		58.80
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Repayment of long-term borrowings	-		(138.89)	
Finance cost	(364.58)	(364.58)	(378.18)	(517.07)
Net cash flows used in financing activities - [C]		(364.58)		(517.07)
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents- [A+B+C]		(14.63)		17.33
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		71.87		54.54
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 8)		57.24	_	71.87

Note: The above Cash Flows Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows. The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Membership Number: 074602

Place : Noida Date: May 28, 2025 **Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

> **Ajay Jain Chief Financial Officer**

**Sudhir Shukla** Director DIN: 01567595

Ajay Mishra **Company Secretary** 









### **Notes to Standalone Financial Statements**

#### for the year ended March 31, 2025

#### 1. COMPANY INFORMATION

B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("the Company") is a public Limited company incorporated on January 22, 1993 under the Companies Act,1956 having registered office at 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096, India. The Equity shares of the Company are listed on the BSE Limited [BSE] and National Stock Exchange of India Limited [NSE].

The Company is primerly engaged in the business of content production, distribution and allied activities and leasing. The Company also provides infrastructural support for content production.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION, MEASUREMENT AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of Preparation and Measurement

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Act.

An asset is treated as current when it is

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle:
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;

- ➤ It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities

Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupee (INR), the functional currency of the Company. Items included in the standalone financial statements of the Company are recorded using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the 'functional currency'). Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses from settlement of these transactions are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, the gain or loss arising from such translations are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in lakhs of Indian rupees except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not add up precisely to the totals and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

The standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025 were approved and adopted by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 28th May, 2025.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated.

The accounting policies adopted are the same as those which were applied for the previous financial year.

### 2.2 Use of Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of standalone financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management of the Company to make estimates and judgements that affect









the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of standalone financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

The Company uses the following critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions in preparation of its standalone financial statements:

#### Impairment of Investments in Subsidiaries

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost (net of impairment, if any) annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

#### **Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment**

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

#### **Valuation of Deferred Tax Assets**

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

#### **Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments**

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

#### **Provisions and Contingent Liabilities**

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement

benefits and compensated absences) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. A contingent asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **Employee benefits**

The accounting of employee benefit plans in the nature of defined benefit requires the Company to use assumptions. These assumptions have been explained under employee benefits note.

#### 2.3 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

#### 2.4 Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in preparation of the standalone financial statements have been included in the relevant notes to the standalone financial statements

#### (a) Revenue Recognition

#### Ind AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" related to revenue recognition which replaces all existing revenue recognition standards and provide a single, comprehensive model for all contracts with customers. The revised standard contains principles to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognised.

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable All revenues are accounted on accrual basis except to the extent stated otherwise.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Unearned and deferred revenue ("contract liability") is









recognised when there is billings in excess of revenues.

In accordance with Ind AS 37, the Company recognises an onerous contract provision when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under a contract exceed the economic benefits to be received.

Contracts are subject to modification to account for changes in contract specification and requirements. The Company reviews modification to contract in conjunction with the original contract, basis which the transaction price could be allocated to a new performance obligation, or transaction price of an existing obligation could undergo a change. In the event transaction price is revised for existing obligation a cumulative adjustment is accounted for. The Company disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers by geography and nature of services.

- Revenue generated from the commissioned television programs and Internet series produced for broadcasters is recognized over the period of time over the contract period.
- Rent income is recognised on accrual basis as per the agreed terms on straight line basis.
- Sale of Rights are recognised in accordance with the terms of agreements with customers.
- Revenue from other services is recognised as and when such services are completed / performed.
- Income from infrastructure support, building rent and royalty income is recognised based on the terms of the underlying agreement.
- Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate (EIR) applicable.
- Revenue from subsidiaries is recognised based on transaction price which is at arm's length.
- Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

The transaction price, being the amount to which the Company expects to be entitled and has rights to under the contract is allocated to the identified performance obligations. The transaction price will also include an estimate of any variable consideration where the Company's performance may result in additional revenues based on the achievement of agreed targets.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

#### (b) Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Company as a Lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily comprise of lease for land and building. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets as below:

#### i) Right-of-use Assets

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

#### ii) Lease Liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is remeasured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease









payments. The remeasurement normally also adjusts the leased assets.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

#### **Company as a Lessor**

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

#### (c) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation (other than freehold land) and impairment loss, if any. The cost includes purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Subsequent expenditure on fixed assets after its purchase / completion is capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Depreciation is provided for property, plant and equipment on pro-rata basis over the estimated useful life from the date the assets are ready for intended use. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

The Management believes that the useful lives best represents the period over which the management expects to use these assets based on an internal assessment and technical evaluation where necessary.

#### Capital work-in-progress:

Amount paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress. The capital work-in-progress is carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

Depreciation is not recorded on capital work-in-progress until construction and installation are complete and the asset is ready for its intended use.

#### **Impairment**

Property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

#### (d) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short- term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date









of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **Financial Assets at Amortised Cost**

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# Financial Assets at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset gives rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

# Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition

#### **Financial Assets**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are

transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset. If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

# Impairment of Financial Assets (other than at Fair Value)

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### (e) Investments in Subsidiaries:

Investments in Subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (f) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a weighted average basis.

Cost of raw materials and stores and spares includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The this items are valued at net realisable value if the









finished products in which they are to be incorporated are expected to be sold at a loss.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# (g) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid investments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

# (h) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities:

The Company estimates the provisions that have present obligations as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations. These provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The Company uses significant judgements to assess contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are recognised when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the standalone financial statements.

## (i) Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted on accrual basis.

## (j) Employee benefits

Employee benefits include contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund, gratuity fund, compensated absences, pension and employee state insurance scheme.

# **Short Term Employee Benefits**

Short term employee benefits including salaries and performance incentives, are charged to standalone statement of profit and loss on an undiscounted, accrual basis during the period of employment.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

Gratuity and Pension are defined benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations, being carried out at the date of each statement of financial position. The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined obligations reduced by the fair value of scheme assets. Any, asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme. Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the Company.

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans like provident fund and superannuation, funds are recognised as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits.

## **Compensated absences**

Compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are stated as undiscounted liability at the balance sheet date. Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are stated as an actuarially determined liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

### (k) Income Taxes:

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination or to an item which is recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable/ receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates for the relevant period, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Interest expenses and penalties, if any, related to income tax are included in finance cost and other expenses respectively. Interest Income, if any, related to Income tax is included in Other Income

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax liability is recognised based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the









carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

#### **Uncertain Tax Position**

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. The provision is estimated based on one of two methods, the expected value method (the sum of the probability weighted amounts in a range of possible outcomes) or the single most likely amount method, depending on which is expected to better predict the resolution of the uncertainty.

# (I) Foreign Currencies:

### 1. Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR) which is also the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2. Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transaction and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rate are generally recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the

date when the fair value is determined.

# 3. Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized as income or expense in the period in which they arise with the exception of exchange differences on gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value which is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in OCI or profit or loss are also recognized in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

## (m) Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

# (n) Borrowings and Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds and charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on the basis of effective interest rate (EIR) method. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they occur.

### (o) Dividend Distributions

The Company recognizes a liability to make the payment of dividend to owners of equity, when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by









the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

# (p) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Board of directors monitors the operating results of all product segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit and loss and is measured consistently with profit and loss in the financial statements.

The operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products/services. Further:

- Segment revenue includes sales and other income directly identifiable with / allocable to the segment including inter - segment revenue.
- Expenses that are directly identifiable with / allocable to segments are considered for determining the segment result. Expenses which relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments are included under unallocable expenditure.
- Income which relates to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments is included in unallocable income.
- 4. Segment results includes margins on intersegment sales which are reduced in arriving at the profit before tax of the Company.
- 5. Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Unallocable assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities that relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to any segment.
- Segment revenue resulting from transactions with other business segments is accounted on the basis of transfer price agreed between the segments. Such transfer prices are either determined to yield a desired margin or agreed on a negotiated business.

## (q) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- **Level 1-** Quoted(unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2-** Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- **Level 3-** Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization ( based on the lowest level input that is significant to fair value measurement as a whole ) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.









# 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(₹ in Lakhs)

Description of Assets	Land	Building	Plant & Equipment	Computers & Peripherals	Vehicle	Furnitures & Fixtures	Office Equipments	Total
Gross Block								
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	578.25	1,759.80	6,611.29	2,234.74	275.34	4,651.85	1,280.34	17,391.61
Additions	-	-	0.64	0.92	-	-	15.63	17.19
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	578.25	1,759.80	6,611.93	2,235.66	275.34	4,651.85	1,295.97	17,408.80
Additions	-	-	-	0.30	-	-	-	0.30
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	578.25	1,759.80	6,611.93	2,235.96	275.34	4,651.85	1,295.97	17,409.10
Accumulated Depreciation								
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	-	1,058.32	6,452.74	2,233.00	270.79	4,360.97	1,254.56	15,630.38
Additions	-	40.15	39.66	1.01	1.41	77.93	13.39	173.55
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	1,098.47	6,492.40	2,234.01	272.20	4,438.90	1,267.95	15,803.93
Additions	-	37.85	29.65	0.78	0.97	56.88	12.59	138.72
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	-	1,136.32	6,522.05	2,234.79	273.17	4,495.78	1,280.54	15,942.65
Net Block								
Balance as at March 31, 2024	578.25	661.33	119.53	1.65	3.14	212.95	28.02	1,604.87
Balance as at March 31, 2025	578.25	623.48	89.88	1.17	2.17	156.07	15.43	1,466.45

# 4. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Investment in Equity instruments (at fair value through profit and loss)		
(Quoted)		
5,000 (Previous year 5,000) equity shares of Rs.100/- each, fully paid up in	3.15	3.72
Mukta Arts Limited		
Investment in Equity instruments(Unquoted)		
485,000 (Previous year 485,000) equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in	4.85	4.85
B.A.G. Business Ventures Limited		
Investment in optionally fully convertible debentures (OFCDs) (unquoted)		
(unquoted) (at cost)		
80,127 (Previous year 80,127) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	80.13	80.13
Debentures of Rs.100/- each in B.A.G. Business Ventures Limited		
	88.13	88.70
Investment in equity instrument of subsidiares		
(Unquoted) (at cost)		
20,614,100 (Previous Year 20,614,100) equity shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	3,461.12	3,461.12
in Skyline Radio Network Limited		
19,031,847 (Previous Year 19,031,847) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid	11,003.75	11,003.75
up in News24 Broadcast India Limited		
18,671,703 (Previous Year 18,671,703) equity shares Rs.10/- each fully paid up	10,281.30	10,281.30
in E24 Glamour Limited		
Investment in wholly owned subsidiaries:		
Investments in B.A.G. Network Limited	1.15	1.15
	24,747.33	24,747.33
Total	24,835.46	24,836.03
Aggregate value of quoted and unquoted investments is as follows:		
Aggregate amount and market value of quoted investments	3.15	3.72
Aggregate carrying value of unquoted investments	24,832.31	24,832.31









# 5. DEFERRED TAX BALANCES

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Asset:		
Deferred tax assets (net)	191.74	236.98
Total	191.74	236.98

# 6. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Raw Materials	7.42	7.89
Work in Progress	87.77	82.80
Finished Goods	3,030.80	2,687.79
Total	3,125.99	2,778.48

(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value unless otherwise stated)

# 7. TRADE RECEIVABLES (UNSECURED)

(Unsecured unless otherwise stated)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Trade Receivables considered good- Secured	1,034.64	854.30
Trade Receivables considered good- Unsecured	-	-
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	-	-
Total	1,034.64	854.30

# Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Not Due			Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment for the 2024-25			
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables considered good	419.72	23.35	173.06	219.60	19.05	179.86	1,034.64
Undisputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	419.72	23.35	173.06	219.60	19.05	179.86	1,034.64
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables billed (B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	419.72	23.35	173.06	219.60	19.05	179.86	1,034.64









# Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	rs Outstanding for following periods from due  Due date of payment for the 2023-24					Total	
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables considered good	155.08	21.19	543.19	134.84	-	-	854.30
Undisputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	155.08	21.19	543.19	134.84	-	-	854.30
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables billed (B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	155.08	21.19	543.19	134.84	-	-	854.30

- (a) Trade Receivable represents the amount of consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customers that is unconditional.
- (b) Trade receivables are usually non-interest bearing and are on trade terms of 30 to 60 days.
- (c) Neither trade nor other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person, Nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

# 8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Cash in hand	0.67	0.54
Balance with Banks		
- In current accounts	3.16	22.27
- Term deposits with original maturity of less than three months	53.41	49.06
Total	57.24	71.87

# **Notes:**

Cash and cash equivalents are cash, balances with bank and short-term (three months or less from the date of placement), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# 9. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Loans and advances to related parties	243.91	253.65
Loans and advances to employees	12.37	19.27
Loan and advance to Other	178.98	157.10
Total	435.26	430.02









# **10. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balances with government authorities	368.83	279.99
Security Deposits	160.45	160.45
Prepaid Expenses	346.37	347.18
Total	875.65	787.62

## 11. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Equity Share Capital		
Authorised Share Capital		
275,000,000 (31 March, 2024: 275,000,000 ) equity shares of Rs 2/- each	5,500.00	5,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Share Capital		
197,918,090 (31 March, 2024: 197,918,090 ) equity shares of Rs 2/- each	3,958.36	3,958.36
Calls unpaid (170,341 Equity Shares @ Rs. 1/- each)	1.70	1.70
Total	3,956.66	3,956.66

# (i) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:

Name of Shareholders	As at March 31, 2025		2025 As at March	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Anuradha Prasad Shukla	23,049,190	11.65	23,049,190	11.65
ARVR Communications Private Limited	38,194,868	19.30	38,194,868	19.30
High Growth Distributors Private Limited	13,078,000	6.61	13,078,000	6.61
Skyline Tele Media Services Limited	27,225,524	13.76	27,225,524	13.76

# (ii) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares held	Amount in Lakhs	Number of shares held	Amount in Lakhs
Equity share with Voting Rights				
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	197,918,090	3,958.36	197,918,090	3,958.36
Add: Issue of Equity Shares during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	197,918,090	3,958.36	197,918,090	3,958.36

# (iii) Disclosure of shareholding of promoters as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Name of Shareholders	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024		% change during the year
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held	
Anuradha Prasad Shukla	23,049,190	11.65	23,049,190	11.65	-
Jyoti Shukla	1,900	0.00	1,900	0.00	-
Sudhir Shukla	26,700	0.01	26,700	0.01	-
ARVR Communications Private Limited	38,194,868	19.30	38,194,868	19.30	-
Skyline Tele Media Services Limited	27,225,524	13.76	27,225,524	13.76	-
B.A.G Live Entertainment Limited	4,250,000	2.15	4,250,000	2.15	









(iv) Aggregate value of Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital as on the Balance Sheet date for the period of preceding five years includes:

During the current year and preceding five years, no shares were issued by the Company.

- (v) Terms and rights attached to equity shares
  - The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 2 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.
- (vi) The Company's objective for capital management is to maximise shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of the Company. The Company determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and operating cash flows generated. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.
- (vii) As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.
- (viii) The Company has not alloted any bonus share or brought back any share during the current year or a period of 5 years immediately preciding the balance sheet date.

12. OTHER EQUITY (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) Capital Reserves	1,129.35	1,129.35
(b) General Reserves	379.27	379.27
(c) Securities Premium Reserves	24,601.07	24,601.07
(d) Retained Earnings	(3,589.22)	(3,719.30)
Total	22,520.47	22,390.40

## Nature and purpose of reserves:

- a) General Reserve: General reserve is created out of transfer from retained earnings and is a free reserve. General reserve represents the statutory reserve, this is in accordance with Indian Corporate law wherein a portion of profit is apportioned to general reserve. Under Companies Act, 1956 it was mandatory to transfer amount before a company can declare dividend, however under Companies Act, 2013 transfer of any amount to General reserve is at the discretion of the Company.
- b) Securities Premium Account: Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- c) Retained earning: Retained Earnings are profits that the Company has earned till date less transfer to General Reserve, dividend or other distribution or transaction with shareholders.

#### 13. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Deposits		2.85	2.85
	Total	2.85	2.85









14. PROVISIONS (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Provision for Gratuity	69.48	94.56
- Provision for Leave encashment	19.80	30.54
Total	89.28	125.10

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

15. TRADE PAYABLE (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade payables- micro and small enterprises*		-	-
Trade payables		774.93	596.21
	Total	774.93	596.21

\*The balance above includes INR Nil (previous year Nil) due to micro and small enterprises registered under the micro, small and medium enterprises. Development Act, 2006 (MSME Act), no interest is paid/payable during the year to any miscro/small enterprise registed under the MSME. There were no delayed payment during the year to any micro or small enterprise registered under MSME Act. The above information has been determined to the extent such parties could be identified on the basis of the information available with the Management regarding the status of supplirs under the MSME Act.

# Ageing for trade payables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment for the 2024-25				Total
		Less than 1 years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed dues - Others	513.54	261.39	-	-	-	774.93
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	513.54	261.39	-	-	-	774.93

## Ageing for trade payables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment for the 2023-24			Total	
		Less than 1 years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues- MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed dues - Others	110.11	486.10	-	-	-	596.21
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	110.11	486.10	-	-	-	596.21









## **16. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Secured		
Loans repayable on demand	3,011.29	3,026.63
Unsecured		
Other loans and advances	405.51	92.18
Total	3,416.80	3,118.81

# 17. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Current maturities of long term debt	-	138.89
Other payables		
Statutory and other liabilities	1.43	4.35
Other Liability	1,235.85	1,248.71
Employee Cost	24.16	18.19
Total	1,261.44	1,410.14

## 18. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Revenue from Operations		
Sale of Services	2,993.94	2,799.58
Sub Total	2,993.94	2,799.58
Other Operating Revenues		
Income from Leasing of Equipment	555.74	555.74
Income from Rent	264.60	239.76
Sub Total	820.34	795.50
Total	3,814.28	3,595.08

# 19. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Interest Income		
Interest income from Bank		
- Bank deposit	3.52	75.99
Net Gain/Loss on sale of		
Long -Term Investment	-	1.50
Other Non-Operating Income(net of expenses directly attributable to such income)		
Liabilities and excess provision written back	-	0.11
Total	3.52	77.60









21.

## 20. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS (INCLUDING STOCK-IN-TRADE) AND WORK-IN-PROGRES

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Closing inventories			
Raw Materials		7.42	7.89
Work in Progress		87.77	82.80
Finished Goods		3,030.80	2,687.79
Opening inventories			
Raw Materials		7.89	12.42
Work in Progress		82.80	99.23
Finished Goods		2,687.79	2,301.60
	Total	(347.50)	(365.23)
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE			(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Salaries, wages, bonus, commission and other benefits		218.61	270.05
Contribution to Provident and other funds		6.13	10.07

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Salaries, wages, bonus, commission and other benefits	218.61	270.05
Contribution to Provident and other funds	6.13	10.07
Staff Welfare Expenses	13.90	11.19
Total	238.64	291.31

# 22. FINANCE COSTS (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Interest expense on		
Borrowing	364.31	376.10
Other borrowing cost		
Bank Charges	0.27	2.08
Total	364.58	378.18

# 23. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 3)	138.72	173.55
Tota	138.72	173.55









24. OTHER EXPENSES (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Power and fuel	68.41	71.38
Rent	99.99	28.07
Repairs to Machinery	53.75	40.09
Insurance	3.67	5.58
Rates and Taxes	82.64	32.47
Loss on foreign currency transaction	-	1.06
Loss on revaluation of assets	0.57	-
Payment to auditors		
- As Auditor	3.50	3.50
Professional Charges Artist, Directors, Technicians	64.01	87.03
Content &Shooting Expenses	2,828.24	2,718.18
Miscellaneous Expenses	64.40	55.99
Total	3,269.18	3,043.35

## 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31 , 2025	March 31 , 2024
Contingent liabilities		
a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt	Nil	Nil
-on behalf of Subsidiary		
Corporate Guarantees given in favour of Yes bank	7120.00	7120.00
-on behalf of Other		
ARVR Education Society	977.80	977.80
Corporate Guarantees given in favour of Yes bank		
B.A.G. Convergence Limited	1000.00	-
Corporate Guarantees given in favour of HDFC bank		
b) Other money for which the Company is contingently liable	Nil	Nil

## **26. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS - 19 "Employee Benefits" (notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rule 2015 (as amended from time to time) and other relevant provision of the Act) are given below:

# **Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions are made to provident fund, and employee's state insurance scheme for employees as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered funds administered by the government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual or any constructive obligation.

## Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan recognized as expense for the year is as under:

Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund: Rs. 5.50 Lakhs

(Previous Year Rs. 9.42 Lakhs)

Employer's Contribution to ESI: Rs. 0.14 Lakhs

(Previous Year Rs. 0.14 Lakhs)









#### **Defined Benefit Plans:**

For defined benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Past service cost, both vested and unvested, is recognised as an expense at the earlier of (a) when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs; and (b) when the entity recognises related restructuring costs or termination benefits.

The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme.

The Company provides benefits such as gratuity, pension and provident fund (Company managed fund) to its employees which are treated as defined benefit plans.

The gratuity plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five continuous years of service. The gratuity fund is managed by third party fund.

### **Short-term employee benefits**

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages etc. and the expected cost of ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### **Compensated absences**

Compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as undiscounted liability at the balance sheet date. Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as an actuarially determined liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the balance sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The following table sets out the funded status of the defined benefit schemes and the amount recognised in the financial statements:

# a. Change in benefit obligation

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave En	cashment
	March 31,2025	March 31,2024	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
Net defined benefit liability at the start of the period	94.56	91.53	30.54	29.36
Total Service Cost	2.33	3.88	1.27	2.06
Net Interest Cost (Income)	6.84	6.75	2.21	2.17
Expected Return on Plan Assets				
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(19.53)	(7.60)	(14.22)	(3.04)
Past Service Cost				
Curtailment and settlement Cost/ (credit) Benefits Paid	(14.71)			
Net defined benefit liability at the end of the period	69.48	94.56	19.80	30.54









# b. Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss

(₹ in Lakhs

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave End	ashment
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current service cost	2.33	3.88	1.27	2.06
Past service cost				
Interest cost	6.84	6.75	2.21	2.17
Expected return on plan assets				
Curtailment cost / (Credit)				
Settlement cost / (credit)				
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized in the period	(19.53)	(7.60)	(14.22)	(3.04)
Expenses recognized in the statement of profit & losses	9.17	10.63	(10.74)	1.18

# c. Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashmer	nt
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/ (loss) opening				
Actuarial gain / (loss) for the year on PBO	19.53	7.60	14.22	3.04
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on Asset				
Unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) for the year	19.53	7.60	14.22	3.04

# d. Bifurcation of Actuarial Gain/Loss on Obligation

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashmen	nt
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Change in Demographic Assumption				
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Change in Financial Assumption	0.97	0.94	0.15	0.18
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Experience Adjustment	(20.50)	(8.54)	(14.36)	(3.22)

# e. The Amounts to be Recognized in Balance Sheet and Related Analysis

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	69.48	94.56	19.80	30.54
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the period	-	-	-	-
Funded status / Difference	(69.48)	(94.56)	(19.80)	(30.54)









## f. Bifurcation of PBO at the end of year in current and non current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashmer	it
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current liability (Amount due within one year)	21.01	21.45	10.44	15.92
Non-Current liability (Amount due over one year)	48.47	73.11	9.35	14.62
Total PBO at the end of year	69.48	94.56	19.80	30.54

### g. Actuarial Assumptions

Company attention was drawn to provisions of accounting standard that actuarial assumptions are an entity's best estimates of variables that will determine the ultimate cost of providing post employment benefits and shall be unbiased & mutually compatible.

### i) Economic Assumptions

The principal assumptions are the discount rate & salary growth rate. The discount rate is generally based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date relevant to currency of benefit payments for a term that matches the liabilities. Salary growth rate is company's long term best estimate as to salary increases & takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion, business plan, HR policy and other relevant factors on long term basis as provided in relevant accounting standard. Valuation assumptions are as follows which have been agreed by the company:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Grat	uity	Leave Encashment		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Discount Rate (%)	6.93	7.23	6.93	7.23	
Expected Rate of increase in Compensation Levels (%)	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
Expected Average remaining working lives of employees (years)	12.66	11.29	12.66	11.29	

## ii) Demographic Assumption

Attrition rates are the company's best estimate of employee turnover in future determined considering factors such as nature of business & industry, retention policy, demand & supply in employment market, standing of the company, business plan, HR Policy etc as provided in the relevant accounting standard

Particulars	Grat	tuity	Leave Encashment	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
i) Retirement Age (Years)	60	60	60	60
ii)Mortality Table	100% of IALM (2012 - 14)			
iii) Ages	Withdrawal Rate(%)	Withdrawal Rate(%)	Withdrawal Rate(%)	Withdrawal Rate(%)
Up to 30 Years	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
From 31 to 44 years	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Above 44 years	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00









# b. Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

Pai	ticulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2025
a)	Impact of the change in discount rate		
	Present Value of Obligation at the end of the period	69.48	19.80
	Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(1.61)	(0.25)
	Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	1.71	0.25
b)	Impact of the change in salary increase		
	Present Value of Obligation at the end of the period	69.48	19.80
	Impact due to increase of 0.50%	1.46	0.26
	Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(1.38)	(0.25)

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in an assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumption constraint. In practice it is unlikely to occur and change in some of the assumption may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet. Sensitivities due to mortality & withdrawals are not material & hence impact of change due to these not calculated.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period. Sensitivities as rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable.

### Notes:

- a) The current service cost recognised as an expense is included in Note 21 'Employee benefits expense' as gratuity. The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.
- b) The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the Actuary.
  - Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.
- c) The obligation for leave benefits (non funded) is also recognised using the Projected Unit Credit Method and accordingly the long term paid absences have been valued. The leave encashment expense is included in Note 21 'Employee benefits expense'.

#### 27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties as per the terms of Ind AS-24,"Related Party Disclosures", (under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 (as amended from time to time), as disclosed below:-

#### a. Name of related parties and description of relationship:

Name of Related Parties	Description of Relationship
Anuradha Prasad Shukla	Chairperson and Managing Director
Skyline Radio Network Limited	Subsidiary
News24 Broadcast India Limited	
E24 Glamour Limited	
B.A.G Convergence Limited	Promoter owned
B.A.G Network Limited	Wholly owned foreign subsidiary
Skyline Tele Media Services Limited	Promoter and Promoter Group Company/ Enterprises
ARVR Communications Private Limited	over which Key Managerial Persons or their relative have significant influence
B.A.G. Live Entertainment Limited	3









# o. Details of Transactions during the year and balances at the year end

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Managing Director Gro Pro Enterp Key Ma or the signi				anaging Director Group Comp Promoter ow Enterprises ove Key Managerial or their relativ significant infl		ompany/ r owned / over which erial Persons lative have t influence
			2024	2025	2024		
Salary	140.00	160.00	-	-	-	-	
Lease rent on equipment's received	-	-	555.74	555.74	-	-	
Office Rent	-	-	190.80	190.80	34.44	24.84	
Income from Television Programming	-	-	350.62	392.07	110.51	290.86	
Content Expenses	-	-	352.38	-	242.88	590.49	
Content Production and Distribution	-	-	2,196.33	2,116.65	-	-	
Expenses incurred	-	-	350.82	405.80	14.14	13.65	

#### Note:-

- 1. The All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in ordinary course of the business and on arm's length basis.
- No guarantees were provided or received for any related party receivables or payables except for the one given for security. For the
  year ended March 31, 2025, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related
  parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the
  market in which the related party operates.
- The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.
  - The above figures do not include provisions for encashable leave, gratuity and premium paid for group health insurance, as separate actuarial valuation / premium paid are not available

#### 28. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Managing Director of the Company has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108 - operating segments. The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. The Company has identified business segments as its primary segment. Business segments are primarily Audio -Visual Production and Leasing. Each segment item reported is measured at the measure used to report to CODM for the purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to the segment and assessing its performance. Revenues and expenses directly attributable to segments are reported under each reportable segment. All other expenses which are not attributable or allocable to segments have been disclosed as unallocable expenses. Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable or allocable to segments are disclosed under each reportable segment. All other assets and liabilities are disclosed as unallocable. Property, plant & equipment that are used interchangeably amongst segments are not allocated to primary segment.

**Summary of Segmental Information:** 

Particulars	Year ended March 31 , 2025	Year ended March 31 , 2024
Segment Revenue (Sales and other operating revenue)		
a) Audio -Visual Production	2,993.94	2,799.58
b) Leasing	820.34	795.50
Total	3,814.28	3,595.08
Less: Inter Segment Revenue	-	-
Net Sales/Income from Operations	3,814.28	3,595.08









Segment Results		
a) Audio -Visual Production	365.49	287.81
b) Leasing	744.75	705.55
Total	1,110.24	993.36
Less:		
I) Interest	364.58	378.18
II) Other Un-allocable Expenditure Net off unallocable income	591.48	463.66
Total Profit Before Tax	154.18	151.52
Tax expense		
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	45.23	46.71
Profit For the Year	108.95	104.81
Segment assets		
a) Audio -Visual Production	5,449.88	4,948.79
b) Leasing	586.58	641.95
Total	6,036.46	5,590.74
Unallocable assets	24,982.10	24,996.51
TOTAL ASSETS	31,018.56	30,587.25
Segment liabilities		
a) Audio -Visual Production	2,453.94	2,410.65
b) Leasing	-	-
Total	2,453.94	2,410.65
Unallocable liabilities	3,444.11	3,026.60
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,898.05	5,437.25

## 29. EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The Company did not have any potentially dilutive securities in any of the years presented.

Pai	ticulars	Year ended March 31 , 2025	Year ended March 31 , 2024
a.	Basic Earnings Per Share		
	Numerator for earnings per share		
	Profit after taxation	130.06	100.59
	Denominator for earnings per share		
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	1,979.18	1,979.18
	Basic Earnings per share (one equity share of 2/- each)	0.07	0.05









b.	Diluted Earnings Per Share		
	Numerator for earnings per share		
	Profit after taxation	130.06	100.59
	Denominator for earnings per share		
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for the effect of dilution	1,979.18	1,979.18
	Diluted Earnings per share	0.07	0.05
	Face Value per equity share (one equity share of 2/- each)	2.00	2.00

### **30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### a) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk. The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price – i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received.

# b) Categories of financial instruments and fair value thereof

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		ars	March 31,	2025	March 31,	2024
			Carrying amount	Fair Value	Carrying amount	Fair Value
a)	Fi	nancial assets				
	i)	Measured at amortised cost				
		Trade receivables	1,034.64	1,034.64	854.30	854.30
		Cash and cash equivalents	57.24	57.24	71.87	71.87
		Other financial assets	435.26	435.26	430.02	430.02
		Investments	24,832.31	24,832.31	24,832.31	24,832.31
	ii)	Measured at fair value through prof	fit and loss account			
	Inv	estment	5.00	3.15	5.00	3.72
b)	Fi	nancial liabilities				
	i)	Measured at amortised cost				
		Trade payables	774.93	774.93	596.21	596.21
		Other financial liabilities	3,416.80	3,416.80	3,118.81	3,118.81
		Term Loan*	-	-	138.89	138.89

<sup>\*</sup> Includes current maturities of long term borrowings.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost.

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

### c) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:









- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2** Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- **Level 3** Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

The investments included in Level 2 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using quotes available for similar assets and liabilities in the active market. The investments included in Level 3 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using the cost approach to arrive at their fair value. The cost of unquoted investments approximate the fair value because there is a range of possible fair value measurements and the cost represents estimate of fair value within that range.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

Quantative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2025.

	March-25	March-24	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) & key inputs used
Financial assets at fair value through p	profit and loss			
Investment in Equity Shares	3.15	3.72	Level 1	Quoted in an active market

The carrying value of current trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, current loans, trade payables and other financial assets and liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term nature.

#### d) Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company is exposed primarily to fluctuations in credit, liquidity, interest rate risk and market risks, which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Company has a risk management policy which covers risks associated with the financial assets and financial liabilities. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of Directors. The focus of risk management committee is to assess the unpredictability of the financial environment and to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

## Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counterparty failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom the credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. Refer note 4 for methods, assumptions and information used to measure expected credit losses.

Financial instruments that are subject to credit risk consist of trade receivables, loans, investments, cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and other financial assets.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
Trade Receivable (Unsecured)		
- Over six months	591.57	678.03
-Less than six months	443.07	176.27
Total	1,034.64	854.30

Trade receivable consists of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of the accounts receivable.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies. The credit risk on mutual funds, optionally fully convertible debentures and deposit is limited because the counter parties are generally banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies.









## **Liquidity Risk Management**

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company consistently generated sufficient cash flows from operations to meet its financial obligations including lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

The tables below analyse the company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping based on their contractual maturities.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Due in 1st year	Due in 2 to 5th year	Due after 5 Years	Total
<b>Contractual Maturities of Financial Liabili</b>	<u>ties</u>			
March 31, 2025				
Trade payables and other financial liabilities	3,786.22	408.36	-	4,194.58

	Due in 1st year	Due in 2 to 5th year	Due after 5 Years	Total
<b>Contractual Maturities of Financial Liabili</b>	<u>ties</u>			
March 31, 2024				
Trade payables and other financial liabilities	3,761.73	95.03	-	3,856.76

#### iv. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes. The Company's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of foreign currency exchange rate risk.

# > Foreign Currency Risk Exposure:

The fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates may have potential impact on the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income and equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets / liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. Considering the countries and economic environment in which the Company operates, its operations are subject to risks arising from fluctuations in exchange rates in those countries.

The Company does not have any exposure to foreign currency risk as at March 31, 2025 (Previous year Nil).

## > Interest Rate Risk

The Company's investments are primarily in fixed rate interest bearing fixed deposits with banks. Hence the Company is not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

## Other Price Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. The Company's equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes.

#### **Equity Price Sensitivity Analysis**

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

31. The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment had released draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified. The Company will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.









# 32. ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION - RATIO

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	%Variance
Current Ratio (in times)	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	1.01	0.96	5.57%
Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	Total debt consist of Lease liabilities	Total equity	0.13	0.12	9.02%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non- cash operating expenses + finance cost	Debt service = Interest & lease payments	1.19	2.01	-40.69%
Return on Equity Ratio (in%)	Net Profit for the year	Average total equity	0.41	0.40	3.50%
Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivables	4.04	3.89	3.72%
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Cost of materials consumed + Changes in inventories of stock-in-trade + Other expenses	Average trade payable	4.26	7.14	-40.33%
Net profit ratio (in %)	Net Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	2.86	2.92	-2.02%
Return on Capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance cost	Capital employed = Net worth + Lease liabilities +Deferred tax liabilities	0.02	0.02	2.72%

- 33. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified to be comparable with currents year's classification/disclosures.
- 34. Note No. 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 006792C

# For and on the behalf of Board of Directors

CA J. MukherjeeAnuradha Prasad ShuklaSudhir ShuklaPartnerChairperson and Managing DirectorDirectorMembership Number 074602DIN: 00010716DIN: 01567595

Place: NoidaAjay JainAjay MishraDate: May 28, 2025Chief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary









## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# To the Members of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited

## **Report on the audit of Consolidated Financial Statements**

### **Opinion**

We have Audited the Consolidated Financial Statements of B.A.G. Films and Media Limited (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company'') and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the financial year ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the this consolidated financial statements, give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025 and their consolidated profit, their consolidated total comprehensive income, their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional

judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## **Revenue recognition**

#### The key audit matter

As disclosed in consolidated financial statements, revenue is measured net of any trade discounts and volume rebates to customer ("discounts and rebates").

Material estimation by the Group is involved in recognition and measurement of rebates and discounts. This includes establishing an accrual at year end, particularly in arrangements with varying terms which are based on annual contracts or shorter-term arrangements. In addition, the value and timing of promotions for products varies from period to period, and the activity can span beyond the year end.

We identified the evaluation of accrual for rebates and discounts as a key audit matter.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included:

- Understanding the process followed by the Company to determine the amount of accrual for discounts and rebates.
- Evaluating the design and implementation and testing operating effectiveness of Company's general IT controls, key manual and application controls over the Company's IT systems including controls over rebates agreements / arrangements, rebate payments / settlements and Company's review over the rebate accruals.
- Inspecting on a sample basis, key customer contracts.
   Based on the terms and conditions relating to discounts and rebates, assessing the Company's revenue recognition policies with reference to the requirements of the applicable accounting standards
- Performing substantive testing by selecting samples of discounts and rebates transactions recorded during the year as well as period end discounts and rebates accruals and matching the parameters used in the computation with the relevant source documents.
- Examining historical rebate accrual together with our understanding of current year developments to form an expectation of the rebate accrual as at year end and comparing this expectation against the actual rebate accrual, completing further inquiries and obtaining









underlying documentation, on a sample basis, as appropriate. Further, we also performed retrospective review to evaluate the precision with which management makes estimates.

- Checking completeness and accuracy of the data used by the Company for accrual of discounts and rebates,
- Testing actualisation of estimated accruals on a sample basis
- Testing a selection of rebate accruals recorded after March 31, 2025 and assessing whether the accrual is recorded in the correct period.
- Testing a selection of payments made after March 31, 2025 and where relevant, comparing the payment to the related rebate accrual.
- Critically assessing manual journal entries posted to revenue, on a sample basis, to identify unusual items and examining the underlying documentation.

# Provision and contingent liabilities relating to taxation, litigations and claims

## The key audit matter

The provisions and contingent liabilities relate to ongoing litigations and claims with various authorities and third parties. These relate to direct tax, indirect tax, transfer pricing arrangements, claims, general legal proceedings, environmental issues and other eventualities arising in the regular course of business.

As at the year ended March 31, 2025, the amounts involved are significant. The computation of a provision or contingent liability requires significant judgement by the Group because of the inherent complexity in estimating future costs. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure. The provisions and contingent liabilities are subject to changes in the outcomes of litigations and claims and the positions taken by the Group. It involves significant judgement and estimation to determine the likelihood and timing of the cash outflows and interpretations of the legal aspects, tax legislations and judgements previously made by authorities.

# How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included:

- Understanding the process followed by the Group for assessment and determination of the amount of provisions and contingent liabilities relating to taxation, litigations and claims.
- Evaluating the design and implementation and testing operating effectiveness of key internal controls around the recognition and measurement of provisions and reassessment of contingent liabilities.
- Involving our tax professionals with specialised skills and knowledge to assist in the assessment of the value of

- significant provisions and contingent liabilities relating to taxation matter, on sample basis, in light of the nature of the exposures, applicable regulations and related correspondence with the authorities.
- Inquiring the status in respect of significant provisions and contingent liabilities with the Group's internal tax and legal team, including challenging the assumptions and critical judgements made by the Company which impacted the computation of the provisions and inspecting the computation.
- Assessing the assumptions used and estimates of outcome and financial effect, including considering judgement of the Group, supplemented by experience of similar decisions previously made by the authorities and, in some cases, relevant opinions given by the Group's advisors.
- Testing data used to develop the estimate for completeness and accuracy.
- Evaluating judgements made by the Group by comparing the estimates of prior year to the actual outcome.
- Evaluating the Group's disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of provisions and contingent liabilities.

# Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained during our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these









consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as this.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the respective companies.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement
  of the consolidated financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures
  responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
  opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
  omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Director use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group (Holding company and subsidiaries) to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
  of the consolidated financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
  statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the independent auditors. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.









We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our Auditors' Report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. With respect to the matters specified in 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"/"CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us and the auditors of respective companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements to which reporting under CARO is applicable, as provided to us by the Management of the Parent, we report that in respect of those companies where audits have been completed under section 143 of the Act, there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the CARO reports of the said companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the this consolidated financial statements.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the this consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the this consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are incorporated in India, as on March 31, 2025 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of respective companies, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3) of the Act and paragraph 2(h) (vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditors' reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting of those companies.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2025 on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
  - The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2025.









- iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (b) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us on the Company and its subsidiaries

- which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year and has not proposed final dividend for the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Group has used accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail, to the extent enable and operated, has been preserved by the Holding Company and above referred subsidiaries as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- 3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16) of the Act: In our opinion and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. The subsidiary companies incorporated in India have not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year.

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number. 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Place: Noida Membership Number.074602
Dated: May 28, 2025 UDIN: 25074602BMICCR3411









# Annexure "A" to the independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of B.A.G. films and Media Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025)

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of B.A.G Films and Media Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") which are its subsidiary companies, as of that date

# Management's and Board of Director's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on the criteria established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any









evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025 based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential

components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number. 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner

Place: Noida Membership Number.074602 Dated: May 28, 2025 UDIN: 25074602BMICCR3411









# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

As at March 31, 2025 (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
	No.	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
ASSETS		·	•
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	1,842.49	2,412.15
Capital work-in-progress		81.59	88.09
Intangible assets	4	364.59	437.51
Financial assets			
Investments	5	12,281.90	12,511.88
Deferred tax assets (net)	6	222.62	229.27
		14,793.19	15,678.90
Current assets			
Inventories	7	6,542.91	4,986.99
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	8	6,686.34	7,119.13
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,137.93	1,010.82
Other financial assets	10	8,487.57	7,173.60
Other current assets	11	2,145.85	1,942.43
		25,000.60	22,232.97
Total		39,793.79	37,911.87
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	12	3,956.66	3,956.66
Other equity	13	11,769.06	11,147.76
		15,725.72	15,104.42
Minority interest		6,058.66	5,698.12
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilties	14	4,065.59	3,765.59
Provisions	15	261.43	272.18
		4,327.02	4,037.77
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	16	2,552.40	2,265.64
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small	16		
enterprises			
Other financial liabilities	17	7,870.81	6,762.86
Other current liabilities	18	3,040.60	3,909.48
Current tax liabilities (net)	19	218.58	133.58
		13,682.39	13,071.56
Total		39,793.79	37,911.87

The above Consolidated Balance Sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

**Anuradha Prasad Shukla** Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

**Sudhir Shukla** Director DIN: 01567595

**Ajay Jain** Chief Financial Officer

Ajay Mishra **Company Secretary** 

Partner Membership Number: 074602

Place : Noida Date : May 28, 2025

CA J. Mukherjee









# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS**

For the Year ended March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note	Year ended	Year ended
	No.	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
Sales	20	13,522.06	13,137.47
Other operating revenue	20	73.81	48.96
Revenue from operations		13,595.87	13,186.43
Other income	21	400.44	171.56
Total Income		13,996.31	13,357.99
Expenses			
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods	22	(1,555.92)	(817.25)
Employee benefits expense	23	1,467.40	1,587.35
Finance costs	24	837.16	1,005.84
Depreciation and amortisation expense	25	411.29	478.33
Other expenses	26	11,612.12	10,261.57
Total Expenses		12,772.05	12,515.84
Profit before tax		1,224.26	842.15
Tax expense			
Current tax		218.58	133.58
Deferred tax		6.65	31.44
Total tax expense		225.23	165.02
Profit for the year		999.03	677.13
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Acturial gains/losses of defined benefit plans		(17.19)	(18.72)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		(17.19)	(18.72)
Total comprehensive income for the year		981.84	658.41
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		620.87	398.29
Non-controlling interests		378.16	278.84
Other Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		0.43	(12.26)
Non-controlling interests		(17.62)	(6.46)
Total Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		621.30	386.03
Non-controlling interests		360.54	272.38
Nominal value per share 2/- each			
Earnings per equity share			
Basic earnings from operations attributable to share holders		0.50	0.33
Diluted earnings from operations attributable to share holders		0.41	0.28

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

Anuradha Prasad Shukla

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

Sudhir Shukla Director

DIN: 01567595

CA J. MukherjeeAjay JainAjay MishraPartnerChief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary

Place: Noida Date: May 28, 2025

Membership Number: 074602









# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

# For the year ended March 31, 2025

# A. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Note No.	Balance
	3,956.66
	-
12	3,956.66
	Note No.

# **B.** Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Reserves and surplus			Items of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
	Note No.	Capital Reserves	General Reserves	Securities Premium Reserves	Retained earnings	Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans	Total other equity
Balance as at 1 April 2023	13	4,777.54	379.27	37,791.19	(32,616.24)	(159.99)	10,171.77
Profit for the year		-	-	-	398.29	-	398.29
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	(12.26)	(12.26)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2024		4,777.54	379.27	37,791.19	(32,217.95)	(172.25)	10,557.80
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners							
Transfer from Retained earnings to General reserve/Adjustment		-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment against subsidiaries		-	-	-	589.96	-	589.96
Balance as at 31 March 2024		4,777.54	379.27	37,791.19	(31,627.99)	(172.25)	11,147.76
Profit for the year		_	-	-	620.87	-	620.87
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		-	-	-	-	0.43	0.43
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2025		4,777.54	379.27	37,791.19	(31,007.12)	(171.82)	11,769.06
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners							
Adjustment against subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025		4,777.54	379.27	37,791.19	(31,007.12)	(171.82)	11,769.06

The above Consolidated Statement of Change in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

## As per our report of even date

## For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Membership Number: 074602

Place : Noida Date : May 28, 2025 **Anuradha Prasad Shukla** 

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

> **Ajay Jain Chief Financial Officer**

Sudhir Shukla Director

DIN: 01567595

Ajay Mishra **Company Secretary** 









# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW**

For the Year ended March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For th	e Year ended	For th	e Year ended
	Ma	rch 31, 2025	Ma	rch 31, 2024
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax		1,207.06		823.42
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation	411.29		478.33	
(Profit) / loss on sale / write off of Assets	(7.18)		(11.22)	
Interest paid (finance cost)	837.16		1,005.84	
Interest income	(4.51)		(135.07)	
Net (gain) / loss on sale of investments	59.81		(4.58)	
Liabilities / provisions no longer required written back	(138.76)		(14.01)	
Adjustment relating to earlier year	-		589.96	
	_	1,157.81	_	1,909.25
Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes				
Changes in working capital:				
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:				
(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	(1,555.92)		(817.25)	
(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	432.78		(3.74)	
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	(1,313.97)		1,553.52	
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets	(203.41)		49.86	
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	425.51		(176.90)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current liabilities	(1,002.43)		(260.66)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current financial liabilities	1,107.97		(1,166.78)	
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	(10.75)	(2,120.22)	10.72	(811.23)
Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)		244.65		1,921.44
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Capital expenditure on fixed assets, including capital advances	(59.04)		(407.08)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Proceeds from Property, plant and Equipment	303.99		40.00	
(PP&E)				
Proceeds from long-term investments				
- Others	170.17		-	
Interest received				
- Others	4.51		135.07	
Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	_	419.63	_	(232.01
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from share application money	-		-	
Repayment of other financial liabilities	299.99		(306.51)	
Interest paid (finance cost)	(837.16)		(1,005.83)	
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)	_	(537.17)	_	(1,312.34
Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		127.11		377.09
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	_	1,010.82	_	633.73
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		1,137.93		1,010.82

Note: The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee

Partner Membership Number: 074602

Place : Noida Date : May 28, 2025 Anuradha Prasad Shukla

Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

Ajay Jain

Chief Financial Officer

Sudhir Shukla

Director DIN: 01567595

Ajay Mishra

**Company Secretary** 









### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### for the year ended 31st March, 2025

### 1. GROUP INFORMATION

B.A.G. Films and Media Limited ("the Company" or "the Holding Company") is a public company incorporated on January 22, 1993 under the Companies Act,1956 having registered office at 352, Aggarwal Plaza, Plot No.8, Kondli, East Delhi, New Delhi-110096, India. Equity shares of the Company are listed on the BSE Limited [BSE] and National Stock Exchange of India Limited [NSE]. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") are primarily engaged in the business of content productions, broadcasting of TV Channels, distribution and allied activities and leasing. The Company also provides infrastructural support for content production. The details of the subsidiary companies whose accounts are consolidated are herehunder:

The Company and its subsidiaries (jointly referred to as the 'Group' herein under) considered in these consolidated financial statements are:

Name of Cubaidiania	Country of	Proportion (%) of equity interest		
Name of Subsidiaries Company	Country of Incorporation	As at 31st March, 2025	As at 31st March, 2024	
News24 Broadcast India Limited	India	53.82	53.82	
E24 Glamour Limited	India	67.22	67.22	
Skyline Radio Network Limited	India	71.05	71.05	
BAG Network Limited	UAE	100.00	100.00	

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION, MEASUREMENT AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 2.1 Basis of preparation and measurement

# a) Basis of preparation and consolidation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ( the Act) read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Group's normal operating cycle, paragraph 66 and 69 of Ind AS 1 and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Act.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

Subsidiaries are entities where the group exercise control or hold more than one-half of its total share capital. The net assets and results of acquired businesses are included in the consolidated financial statements from their respective dates of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control. The results of disposed businesses are included in the consolidated financial statements up to their date of disposal, being the date control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of previous year. The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intragroup transactions and the unrealized profits/losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered.

The excess of cost to the Group of its investment in subsidiaries, on the acquisition dates over and above the Group's share of equity in the subsidiaries, is recognized as









'Goodwill on Consolidation' in the consolidated financial statements. On the other hand, where the share of equity in subsidiaries as on the date of investment is in excess of cost of investments of the Group, it is recognized as 'Capital Reserve' and shown under the head 'Other Equity' in the consolidated financial statements. Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet separately within equity.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries consists of:

- The amount of equity attributable to non-controlling interests at the date on which investment in a subsidiary is made; and
- b) The non controlling interests share of movements in equity since the date parent subsidiary relationship came into existence

The profit/ loss and other comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interests of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian National Rupee (INR), the functional currency of the Group. Items included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group are recorded using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates (the 'functional currency'). Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses from settlement of these transactions are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, the gain or loss arising from such translations are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The expenses in consolidated statement of profit and loss are net of reimbursements (individually not material) received from Group Companies.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in lakhs of Indian rupees except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not add up precisely to the totals and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2025 were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on 28th May, 2025.

### b) Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain class of financial assets/ liabilities, share based payments and net liability for defined benefit plans that are measured at fair value.

The accounting policies adopted are the same as those which were applied for the previous financial year.

## 2.2 Key Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management of the Group to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are

recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

The Group uses the following critical accounting estimates in preparation of its consolidated financial statements:

### **Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment**

The Group reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

# **Provision for Income Tax and Deferred Tax Assets**

The Group uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Group exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

## **Valuation of Deferred Tax Assets**

The A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Group exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

#### **Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments**

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be









measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

## **Provisions and Contingent Liabilities**

The Group estimates the provisions that have present obligations as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations. These provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The Group uses significant judgements to assess contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are recognised when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

## **Employee benefits**

The accounting of employee benefit plans in the nature of defined benefit requires the Group to use assumptions. These assumptions have been explained under employee benefits note.

# 2.3 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

### 2.4 Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements have been included in the relevant notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Revenue recognitionInd AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notified Ind AS 115 "Revenue

from Contracts with Customers" related to revenue recognition which replaces all existing revenue recognition standards and provide a single, comprehensive model for all contracts with customers. The revised standard contains principles to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognized. Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. All revenues are accounted on accrual basis except to the extent stated otherwise. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, service level credits, performance bonuses, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers. Unearned and deferred revenue ("contract liability") is recognised when there is billings in excess of revenues. In accordance with Ind AS 37, the Group recognises an onerous contract provision when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under a contract exceed the economic benefits to be received. Contracts are subject to modification to account for changes in contract specification and requirements. The Company reviews modification to contract in conjunction with the original contract, basis which the transaction price could be allocated to a new performance obligation, or transaction price of an existing obligation could undergo a change. In the event transaction price is revised for existing obligation a cumulative adjustment is accounted for. The Company disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers by geography and nature of services.

- Revenue generated form commissioned television programs and internet series produced for broadcasters is recognized over the period of time over contract period.
- Broadcasting revenue Advertisement revenue (net of discount and volume rebates) is recognised when the related advertisement or commercial appears before the public i.e. on telecast. Subscription revenue (net of share to broadcaster) is recognised on time basis on the provision of television broadcasting service to subscribers.
- Sales of media content Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards have been transferred to the customers in accordance with the agreed terms.
- Revenue from other services is recognised as and when such services are completed / performed.
- Income from infrastructure support, building rent and royalty income is recognised based on the terms of the underlying agreement.
- Sale of Rights are recognised in accordance with the terms of agreements with customers.









 Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate (EIR) applicable.

The transaction price, being the amount to which the Group expects to be entitled and has rights to under the contract is allocated to the identified performance obligations. The transaction price will also include an estimate of any variable consideration where the Group's performance may result in additional revenues based on the achievement of agreed targets.

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue excludes any taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government.

#### b) Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### **Group as a Lessee**

The Groups lease asset classes primarily comprise of lease for land and building, the Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets as below:

## i) Right-of-use Assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use

assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right of- use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the underlying assets.

#### ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in other current and non-current financial liabilities.

## iii) Short-term Leases and Leases of Low-value Assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

"Lease liability" and "Right of Use" asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows









#### **Group as a Lessor**

Leases for which the Group is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

#### (c) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost of acquisition or construction of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance cost are charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Gains or losses arising on retirement or disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under "Other Non-Current Assets".

Depreciation is provided for property, plant and equipment on pro-rata basis over the estimated useful life from the date the assets are ready for intended use. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The Management believes that the useful live best represents the period over which the management expects to use these assets based on internal assessment and technical evaluation where necessary.

#### Capital work-in-progress:

Amount paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding as of each reporting date and the cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for intended use before such date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress. The capital work- in-progress is carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

Depreciation is not recorded on capital work-in-progress until construction and installation are complete and the asset is ready for its intended use.

## (d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful life for intangible assets is 15 years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### Licenses

Licenses represent one time entry fees paid to Ministry of Information and Broadcasting ('MIB') under the applicable licensing policy for Frequency Modulation ('FM') Radio broadcasting. Cost of licenses are amortised over the license period, being 15 years.

## **Impairment**

Property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.









## (e) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short- term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### **Financial assets at Amortised Cost**

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# Financial Assets at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset gives rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in profit or loss.

## Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized

in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

## Derecognition

#### **Financial Assets**

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset. If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

## Impairment of Financial Assets (other than at fair value)

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognizes lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

## (f) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is computed on a weighted average basis.

Cost of raw materials and stores and spares includes









cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The this items are valued at net realizable value if the finished products in which they are to be incorporated are expected to be sold at a loss.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (g) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Group considers all highly liquid investments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

## (h) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities:

The Group estimates the provisions that have present obligations as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations. These provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The Group uses significant judgements to assess contingent liabilities. Contingent liabilities are recognized when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the standalone financial statements.

The Company has extended corporate guarantees amount to ₹977.80 lakhs in favour of Yes Bank Limited for credit facility.

## (i) Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted on accrual basis.

#### (j) Employee benefits

Employee benefits include contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund, gratuity fund, compensated absences, pension and employee state insurance scheme.

#### **Short Term Employee Benefits**

Short term employee benefits including salaries and performance incentives, are charged to standalone statement of profit and loss on an undiscounted, accrual basis during the period of employment.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

Gratuity and Pension are defined benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations, being carried out at the date of each statement of financial position. The retirement benefit obligations recognized in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined obligations reduced by the fair value of scheme assets. Any, asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme. Under a defined benefit plan, it is the Company's obligation to provide agreed benefits to the employees. The related actuarial and investment risks fall on the Company.

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans like provident fund and superannuation, funds are recognized as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits.

## **Compensated absences**

Compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are stated as undiscounted liability at the balance sheet date. Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are stated as an actuarially determined liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

#### (k) Income Taxes:

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax. It is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent it relates to a business combination or to an item which is recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable/ receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates for the relevant period, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years. Interest expenses and penalties, if any, related to income tax are included in finance cost and other expenses respectively. Interest Income, if any, related to Income tax is included in Other Income.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax liability is recognized based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the









carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

#### **Uncertain Tax Position**

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. The provision is estimated based on one of two methods, the expected value method (the sum of the probability weighted amounts in a range of possible outcomes) or the single most likely amount method, depending on which is expected to better predict the resolution of the uncertainty.

## (I) Foreign Currency Translation

#### 1. Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The Group's financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR) which is also the Group's functional and presentation currency.

## 2. Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transaction and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rate are generally recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

## 3. Exchange Differences

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized as income or expense in the period in which they arise with the exception of exchange differences on gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value which is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in OCI or profit or loss are also recognized in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

#### (m) Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of Group by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

## (n) Borrowings and Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds and charged to Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss on the basis of effective interest rate (EIR) method. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they occur.

## (o) Dividend Distributions

The Group recognizes a liability to make the payment of dividend to owners of equity, when the distribution is authorized and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Group. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in equity.









## (p) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Board of directors monitors the operating results of all product segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit and loss and is measured consistently with profit and loss in the financial statements.

The operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products/services. Further:

- 1. Segment revenue includes sales and other income directly identifiable with / allocable to the segment including inter segment revenue.
- Expenses that are directly identifiable with / allocable to segments are considered for determining the segment result. Expenses which relate to the Group as a whole and not allocable to segments are included under unallocable expenditure.
- Income which relates to the Group as a whole and not allocable to segments is included in unallocable income.
- Segment results includes margins on intersegment sales which are reduced in arriving at the profit before tax of the Group.
- Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Unallocable assets and liabilities represent theassets and liabilities that relate to the Group as a whole and not allocable to any segment.
- Segment revenue resulting from transactions with other business segments is accounted on the basis of transfer price agreed between the segments. Such transfer prices are either determined to yield a desired margin or agreed on a negotiated business.

#### (q) Fair Value Measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for the asset or liability or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- **Level 1 -** Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- **Level 3** Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated balance sheet on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.









## 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(₹ in Lakhs)

Description of Assets	Land	Building	Plant & Equipment	Computers & Peripherals	Vehicle	Furnitures & Fixtures	Office Equipments	Total
Gross Block								
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	578.25	1,759.80	11,331.45	4,151.47	406.30	5,157.28	2,301.35	25,685.90
Additions	-	-	243.01	12.11	79.32	7.80	64.84	407.08
Disposal	-	-	-	-	72.05	-	-	72.05
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	578.25	1,759.80	11,574.46	4,163.58	413.57	5,165.08	2,366.19	26,020.93
Additions	-	-	13.94	7.98	30.68	0.21	6.25	59.06
Disposal	-	-	1,188.78	-	-	-	-	1,188.78
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	578.25	1,759.80	10,399.62	4,171.56	444.25	5,165.29	2,372.44	24,891.21
Accumulated Depreciation								
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	-	1,058.32	10,635.66	4,118.06	360.36	4,847.20	2,227.26	23,246.86
Additions	-	40.15	196.60	22.17	23.49	84.62	38.19	405.22
Disposal	-		-	-	43.28	-	-	43.28
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	-	1,098.47	10,832.26	4,140.23	340.57	4,931.82	2,265.45	23,608.80
Additions	-	37.85	143.82	13.79	34.27	62.19	46.46	338.38
Disposal	-	-	898.46	-	-	-	-	898.46
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	-	1,136.32	10,077.62	4,154.02	374.84	4,994.01	2,311.91	23,048.72
Net Block								
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	578.25	661.33	742.20	23.35	73.02	233.26	100.74	2,412.15
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	578.25	623.48	322.00	17.54	69.41	171.28	60.53	1,842.49

## 4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Description of Assets	Radio Licences Fees	Total
Gross Block		
Balance as at 1st April, 2023	1,094.54	1,094.54
Additions	-	-
Disposal	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	1,094.54	1,094.54
Additions	-	-
Disposal	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	1,094.54	1,094.54
Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	583.93	583.93
Additions	73.10	73.10
Disposal	-	
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	657.03	657.03
Additions	72.92	72.92
Disposal	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	729.95	729.95
Net Block		
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	437.51	437.51
Balance as at 31st March, 2025	364.59	364.59









## 5. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Investment in Equity instruments (at fair value through profit and loss)		
(Quoted)		
5,000 (Previous year 5,000) equity shares of Rs.100/- each, fully paid up in	3.15	3.72
Mukta Arts Limited		
Investment in Mutual Funds	57.16	52.55
485,000 (Previous year 485,000) equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in	4.85	4.85
B.A.G. Business Ventures Limited		
296,006 (Previous year 296,006) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	296.01	296.01
Debenture of Rs. 100/- each in B.A.G. Business Venture Private Limited		
Nil (Previous year 1,793,590) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	-	234.02
Debenture of Rs. 100/- each in B.A.G Convergence Limited		
3,904,359 (Previous year 5,173,893 ) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	3,904.36	3,904.36
Debenture of Rs 100/- each in B.A.G Live Entertainment Limited		
6,292,150 (Previous year 6,292,150) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	6,292.15	6,292.15
Debenture of Rs 100/- each in Oscar Software Private Limited		
1,215,602(Previous year 1,215,602 ) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	1,215.60	1,215.60
Debenture of Rs 100/- each in Skyline Tele Media Services Limited		
508,616 (Previous year 508,616) fully paid up Optionally Fully Convertible	508.62	508.62
Debenture of Rs 100/- each in Approach Films and Television Limited		
Total	12,281.90	12,511.88
Aggregate value of quoted and unquoted investments is as follows:		
Aggregate amount and market value of quoted investments	60.32	56.27
Aggregate carrying value of unquoted investments	12,221.58	12,455.61
DEFENDED TAY DALANCES		/ <del>5</del> : 1 - l-l)

## 6. DEFERRED TAX BALANCES

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Asset:		
Deferred tax assets (net)	222.62	229.27
Total	222.62	229.27

## 7. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Raw Materials	7.42	12.42
Work in Progress	87.77	99.23
Finished Goods	6,447.72	4,875.34
Total	6,542.91	4,986.99

(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value unless otherwise stated)

## 8. TRADE RECEIVABLES (UNSECURED)

(Unsecured unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Trade Receivables considered good- Secured		-	-
Trade Receivables considered good- Unsecured		6,686.34	7,119.13
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts		-	-
	Total	6,686.34	7,119.13









## Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment for the 2024-25			Total
			6 months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables considered good	3,539.04	1,191.43	903.50	315.83	556.67	179.87	6,686.34
Undisputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	3,539.04	1,191.43	903.50	315.83	556.67	179.87	6,686.34
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables billed (B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	3,539.04	1,191.43	903.50	315.83	556.67	179.87	6,686.34

## Ageing for trade receivables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Not Due	Less than	3 31				Total
		6 months					
			6 months	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than	
			- 1 year			3 years	
Undisputed trade receivables considered good	3,391.99	1,186.85	1,757.77	589.39	141.67	51.46	7,119.13
Undisputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
risk Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivables which have significant increase in credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
risk Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	3,391.99	1,186.85	1,757.77	589.39	141.67	51.46	7,119.13
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables billed (B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A+B)	3,391.99	1,186.85	1,757.77	589.39	141.67	51.46	7,119.13

<sup>(</sup>a) Trade Receivable represents the amount of consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customers that is unconditional.

<sup>(</sup>c) Neither trade nor other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person, Nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.







<sup>(</sup>b) Trade receivables are usually non-interest bearing and are on trade terms of 90 days.



## 9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Cash in hand	12.77	10.36
Balance with Banks		
-In current accounts	1,047.72	927.41
- Term deposits with original maturity of less than three months	77.44	73.05
Total	1,137.93	1,010.82

#### **Notes:**

Cash and cash equivalents are cash, balances with bank and short-term (three months or less from the date of placement), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## **10. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Loans and advances to related parties	2,000.53	1,394.21
Loans and advances to employees	56.38	166.25
Loan and advance to Other	6,430.66	5,613.14
Total	8,487.57	7,173.60

## 11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

(Unsecured, good, unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balances with government authorities	789.44	877.31
Earnest Money & Security Deposits	487.09	513.42
Prepaid Expenses	869.32	551.70
Total	2,145.85	1,942.43

## 12. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Equity Share Capital		
Authorised Share Capital		
275,000,000 (31st March, 2024: 275,000,000 ) equity shares of Rs 2/- each	5,500.00	5,500.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Share Capital		
197,918,090 (31st March, 2024: 197,918,090 ) equity shares of Rs 2/- each	3,958.36	3,958.36
Calls unpaid (170,341 Equity Shares @ Rs. 1/- each)	1.70	1.70
Total	3,956.66	3,956.66









 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company is set out below (representing legal and beneficial ownership):

Name of Shareholders	As at Marc	ch 31, 2025	As at Marc	:h 31, 2024
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Anurradha Prasad Shukla	23,049,190	11.65	23,049,190	11.65
ARVR Communications Private Limited	38,194,868	19.30	38,194,868	19.30
High Growth Distributors Private Limited	13,078,000	6.61	13,078,000	6.61
Skyline Tele Media Services Limited	27,225,524	13.76	27,225,524	13.76

(ii) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2		
	Number of Amount		Number of	Amount	
	shares held	in Lakhs	shares held	in Lakhs	
Equity share with Voting Rights				_	
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	197,918,090	3,958.36	197,918,090	3,958.36	
Add: Issue of Equity Shares during the year	-	-	-	-	
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	197,918,090	3,958.36	197,918,090	3,958.36	

(iii) Details of shareholdings by the Promoter's of the Company

Name of Shareholders	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024		% change during the year
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held	
Anuradha Prasad Shukla	23,049,190	11.65	23,049,190	11.65	-
Jyoti Shukla	1,900	0.00	1,900	0.00	-
Sudhir Shukla	26,700	0.01	26,700	0.01	-
ARVR Communications Private Limited	38,194,868	19.30	38,194,868	19.30	-
Skyline Tele Media Services Limited	27,225,524	13.76	27,225,524	13.76	-
B.A.G Live Entertainment Limited	4,250,000	2.15	4,250,000	2.15	-

- (iv) Aggregate value of Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital as on the Balance Sheet date for the period of preceding five years includes:
  - During the current year and preceding five years, no shares were issued by the Company.
- (v) Terms and rights attached to equity shares
  - The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 2 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.
- (vi) The Company's objective for capital management is to maximise shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of the Company. The Company determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and operating cash flows generated. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.
- (vii) As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders / members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.
- (viii) The Company has not alloted any bonus share or brought back any share during the current year or a period of 5 years immediately preciding the balance sheet date.









13. OTHER EQUITY (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(a) Capital Reserves		4,777.54	4,777.54
(b) General Reserves		379.27	379.27
(c) Securities Premium Reserves		37,791.19	37,791.19
(d) Retained Earnings		(31,178.94)	(31,800.24)
	Total	11,769.06	11,147.76

## Nature and purpose of reserves:

- a) General Reserve: General reserve is created out of transfer from retained earnings and is a free reserve. General reserve represents the statutory reserve, this is in accordance with Indian Corporate law wherein a portion of profit is apportioned to general reserve. Under Companies Act, 1956 it was mandatory to transfer amount before a company can declare dividend, however under Companies Act, 2013 transfer of any amount to General reserve is at the discretion of the Company.
- b) Securities Premium Account: Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- c) Retained earning: Retained Earnings are profits that the Company has earned till date less transfer to General Reserve, dividend or other distribution or transaction with shareholders.

#### 14. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Vehicle loans from bank, at amortised cost *		81.99	69.07
Others Loan & advances		975.65	975.65
Finance lease obligation		47.51	162.81
Deposits		2.85	2.85
Unsecured Loans			
Optionally fully convertible Debentures		2,902.38	2,500.00
Other borrowings (from entities other than Banks)		55.21	55.21
	Total	4,065.59	3,765.59

## **15. PROVISIONS** (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Provision for Employee Benefits		
- Provision for Gratuity	223.27	225.19
- Provision for Leave encashment	38.16	46.99
Total	261.43	272.18

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that the outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.









16. TRADE PAYABLE (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade payables- micro and small enterprises*	-	-
Trade payables	2,552.40	2,265.64
Total	2,552.40	2,265.64

\*The balance above includes INR Nil (previous year Nil) due to micro and small enterprises registered under the micro, small and medium enterprises. Development Act, 2006 (MSME Act), no interest is paid/payable during the year to any miscro/small enterprise registed under the MSME. There were no delayed payment during the year to any micro or small enterprise registered under MSME Act. The above information has been determined to the extent such parties could be identified on the basis of the information available with the Management regarding the status of supplirs under the MSME Act.

## Ageing for trade payables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at 31st March, 2025

Particulars		Not Due	Outstanding o	Total			
			Less than 1 years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues- MSME		-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed dues - Others		1,013.77	1,538.63	-	-	-	2,552.40
Disputed dues - MSME		-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	1,013.77	1,538.63	_	-	-	2,552.40

## Ageing for trade payables from the due date of payment for each of the category as at 31st March, 2024

Particulars		Not Due	Outstanding o	Total			
			Less than 1 years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues- MSME		-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed dues - Others		735.83	1,529.81	-	-	-	2,265.64
Disputed dues - MSME		-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others		-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	735.83	1,529.81	-	-	-	2,265.64

#### 17. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Secured		
Loans repayable on demand	7,362.03	6,670.68
Unsecured		
Loans and advances from related parties	103.28	-
Other loans and advances	405.50	92.18
Total	7,870.81	6,762.86









## **18. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current maturities of long term debt		101.05	257.11
Other payables			
Statutory and other liabilities		14.95	57.96
Other Liability		2,600.87	3,239.28
Employee Cost		223.73	255.13
Security deposits received		100.00	100.00
	Total	3,040.60	3,909.48

## **19. CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (NET)**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
-Provision for Income Tax	218.58	133.58
Total	218.58	133.58

## **20. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS**

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Revenue from- Sale of Services		
Audio-Video Productions	797.61	290.86
Income from advertisement sales	12,724.45	12,846.61
Sub Total	13,522.06	13,137.47
Other Operating Revenues		
Income from Rent	73.81	48.96
Sub Total	73.81	48.96
Total	13,595.87	13,186.43

## 21. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest Income		
Interest income from Bank		
- Bank deposit	4.51	133.27
- Other Interest	-	1.80
Net Gain/Loss on sale of		
Long -Term Investment	243.15	4.56
Other Non-Operating Income(net of expenses directly attributable to such		
income)		
Foreign Exchange Fluctualtion	0.03	2.27
Profit on sale of assets	7.85	11.22
Miscellaneous income	6.14	4.43
Sundry balance written back	138.76	14.01
Total	400.44	171.56









23.

24.

25.

## 22. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS (INCLUDING STOCK-IN-TRADE) AND WORK-IN-PROGRES

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Opening inventories			·
Raw Materials		12.42	11.19
Work in Progress		99.23	97.58
Finished Goods		4,875.34	4,060.97
Closing inventories			
Raw Materials		7.42	12.42
Work in Progress		87.77	99.23
Finished Goods		6,447.72	4,875.34
	Total	(1,555.92)	(817.25)
MPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	_		(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Salaries, wages, bonus, commission and other benefits		1,403.64	1,515.19
Contribution to Provident and other funds		43.11	47.32
Staff Welfare Expenses		20.65	24.84
	Total	1,467.40	1,587.35
FINANCE COSTS	_		(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Interest expense on			
Borrowing		807.50	960.32
Other		26.44	41.98
Other borrowing cost			
Bank Charges		2.57	3.19
Processing Fees		0.65	0.35
	Total	837.16	1,005.84
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE			(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars		As at	As at



Total

March 31, 2025

411.29

411.29





March 31, 2024

478.33

478.33

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 3 & 4)



26. OTHER EXPENSES (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Power and fuel		265.74	278.30
Rent		241.63	135.96
Repairs to Machinery		177.02	146.19
Insurance		6.18	12.62
Rates and Taxes		106.07	104.79
Loss on foreign currency transaction		-	1.06
Loss on valaution of investment		0.57	-
Payment to auditors			
- As Auditor		10.00	10.00
- For Taxation Matters		2.75	2.75
Loss on sale of fixed assets		0.67	
Net Loss on sale of Investments			
from long-term investments		302.39	-
Corporate Social Resposibility		9.99	-
Carriage Fee		2,146.76	914.43
Professional Charges Artist, Directors, Technicians		1,043.52	1,230.10
Royalty		43.14	10.96
Uplinking Charges		126.50	232.00
Content & Shooting Expenses		5,504.30	4,528.15
Miscellaneous Expenses		1,624.89	2,654.27
	Total	11,612.12	10,261.57

## 27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Particulars	Year ended March 31 , 2025	Year ended March 31 , 2024
Contingent liabilities		
a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt		
-on behalf of Other		
ARVR Education Society Corporate Guarantees given in favour of Yes bank	977.80	977.80
B.A.G Convergence Limited Corporate Guarantees given in favour of HDFC bank	1000.00	-
b) Other money for which the Company is contingently liable	Nil	Nil









#### 28. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of the Group has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as defined by Ind AS 108 - operating segments. The CODM evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by industry classes. The Group has identified business segments as its primary segment. Business segments are primarily

- Audio -Visual Production
- Leasing
- FM Radio
- > F.M. Radio\_Podcast
- Television Broadcasting
- Television Broadcasting- Content Syndication

Each segment item reported is measured at the measure used to report to CODM for the purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to the segment and assessing its performance

Revenues and expenses directly attributable to segments are reported under each reportable segment. All other expenses which are not attributable or allocable to segments have been disclosed as unallocable expenses. Assets and liabilities that are directly attributable or allocable to segments are disclosed under each reportable segment. All other assets and liabilities are disclosed as unallocable. Property, plant & equipment that are used interchangeably amongst segments are not allocated to primary segment.

## **Summary of Segmental Information**

Particulars	Year ended March 31 , 2025	Year ended March 31 , 2024
Segment Revenue		
a) Audio -Visual Production and Distribution	446.99	290.86
b) Leasing	73.81	48.96
c) FM Radio	866.82	802.42
d) F.M. Radio_Podcast	99.21	-
e) Television Broadcasting	11,948.75	12,044.20
f) Television Broadcasting- Content Syndication	160.29	-
Tota	13,595.87	13,186.44
Less: Inter Segment Revenue	-	-
Net Sales/Income from Operations	13,595.87	13,186.44
Segment Results		
a) Audio -Visual Production and Distribution	(1,829.08)	(2,220.91)
b) Leasing	(1.78)	(40.99)
c) F.M.Radio	378.72	107.46
d) F.M. Radio_Podcast	43.72	-
e) Television Broadcasting	5,731.82	6,846.54
f) Television Broadcasting- Content Syndication	113.41	-
Tota	4,436.81	4,692.10
Less:		
I) Interest	837.16	1,005.83
II) Other Un-allocable Expenditure Net off unallocable income	2,375.39	2,844.13
Total Profit Before Tax	1,224.26	842.14









Tax expense			
Deferred tax charge/(credit)		6.65	31.44
Current Tax		218.58	133.58
Profit For the Year		999.03	677.12
Less: Non Controlling Interest		378.16	278.84
Profit for the Year		620.87	398.28
Segment assets			
a) Audio -Visual Production and Distribution		4,949.86	4,948.79
b) Leasing		586.58	641.95
c) F.M.Radio		1,344.83	1,766.74
d) F.M. Radio_Podcast		144.06	-
e) Television Broadcasting		11,932.62	13,995.42
f) Television Broadcasting- Content Syndication		202.37	-
	Total	19,160.32	21,352.90
Unallocable assets		37,175.87	37,419.70
TOTAL ASSETS		56,336.19	58,772.60
Segment liabilities			
a) Audio -Visual Production and Distribution		2,453.94	2,410.65
b) Leasing		-	-
c) F.M.Radio		1,560.30	2,148.51
d) F.M. Radio_Podcast		167.14	-
e) Television Broadcasting		5,438.20	5,730.98
f) Television Broadcasting- Content Syndication		31.14	-
	Total	9,650.72	10,290.14
Unallocable liabilities		7,794.84	6,670.65
TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,445.56	16,960.79

## 29. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The related parties as per the terms of Ind AS-24, "Related Party Disclosures", (under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 (as amended from time to time), as disclosed below:-

## a. Name of related parties and description of relationship.

Name of the subsidiary	Proportion of Interest
News24 Broadcast India Limited	53.82%
E24 Glamour Limited	67.22%
Skyline Radio Network Limited	71.05%
BAG Network Limited	100.00%









#### Other related parties with whom Group had transactions during the year;

Name of related party	Nature of relationship			
Anuradha Prasad Shukla	Chairperson cum Managing Director			
Skyline Tele Media Services Limited	Promoter's Group Company/ Enterprises over which key			
B.A.G Live Entertainment Limited	management personnel or their relatives have significant influence			
B.A.G Convergence Limited	Promoter Owned			
ARVR Communications Private Limited	Promoter Company			

#### b. Disclosure of transactions between the Group and Related Parties;

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Chairperson cum Managing Director Year Ended March, 31		Promoter owne over which key personnel or the significant Year Ended	management ir relatives have influence
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Salary	160.00	160.00	-	-
Income from Ad Sale	-	-	2,235.73	1,502.60
Income from Commission Serial	-	-	110.51	-
Uplinking Recurring Charges	-	-	-	150.75
Content and Advertisement Expenses	-	-	2,331.34	590.49
Rent Received	-	-	49.67	24.84
Uplinking Charges_Income	-	-	34.85	-
Expense Incurred	-	-	14.14	13.65
Loans & Advances	-	-	785.88	1,461.09
Unsecured Loan	-	-	103.28	1,562.58

## Note

- 1. The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.
- 2. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.
- 3. The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.
  - The above figures do not include provisions for encashable leave, gratuity and premium paid for group health insurance, as separate actuarial valuation / premium paid are not available.

## **30. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS - 19 "Employee Benefits" (notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rule 2015 (as amended from time to time) and other relevant provision of the Act) are given below:

## **Defined contribution plans**

The Group has certain defined contribution plans. Contributions are made to provident fund, and employee's state insurance scheme for employees as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered funds administered by the government. The obligation of the Group is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual or any constructive obligation.









## Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan recognized as expense for the year is as under:

Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund: Rs. 40.83 Lakhs

(Previous Year Rs. 44.44 Lakhs)

Employer's Contribution to ESI: Rs. 1.21 Lakhs

(Previous Year Rs. 1.29 Lakhs)

#### **Defined benefit plans:**

For defined benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Past service cost, both vested and unvested, is recognised as an expense at the earlier of (a) when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs; and (b) when the entity recognises related restructuring costs or termination benefits.

The retirement benefit obligations recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme.

The Group provides benefits such as gratuity, pension and provident fund (Company managed fund) to its employees which are treated as defined benefit plans.

The gratuity plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days basic salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five continuous years of service. The gratuity fund is managed by third party fund.

#### **Short-term employee benefits**

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages etc. and the expected cost of ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid when there is a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### **Compensated absences**

Compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as undiscounted liability at the balance sheet date. Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as an actuarially determined liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the balance sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The following table sets out the funded status of the defined benefit schemes and the amount recognised in the financial statements:

#### a. Change in present value of obligation

Particulars	Gratuity Leave Encashm			
	March 31,2025	March 31,2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Present value of obligation as at the beginning of the period	225.19	215.74	46.99	45.72
Current Service Cost	16.38	16.58	2.97	3.59
Interest Cost	16.28	15.92	3.40	3.37
Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	-	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(6.87)	(15.06)	(15.20)	(5.70)
Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-
Curtailment and settlement Cost/(credit)Benefits Paid	-	-	-	-
	(27.71)	(7.98)	-	-
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	223.28	225.19	38.16	46.99









## b. Expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuit	у	Leave Encashment		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
Current service cost	16.38	16.58	2.97	3.59	
Past service cost	-	-	-	-	
Interest cost	16.28	15.92	3.40	3.37	
Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	-	-	-	
Curtailment cost / (Credit)	-	-	-	-	
Settlement cost / (credit)	-	-	-	-	
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized in the period	(6.87)	(15.06)	(15.20)	(5.70)	
Expenses recognized in the statement of profit & losses	32.67	32.50	(8.83)	1.26	

## c. Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	March31,2025	March31,2024	March31,2025	March31,2024
Net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) opening			-	
Actuarial gain / (loss) for the year on PBO	6.87	15.06	15.20	5.70
Actuarial gain /(loss) for the year on Asset				
Unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) for the year	6.87	15.06	15.20	5.70

## d. Bifurcation of Actuarial Gain/Loss on Obligation

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	March31,2025	March31,2024	March31,2025	March31,2024
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Change in Demographic Assumption				
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Change in Financial Assumption	5.12	2.83	0.63	0.40
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on arising from Experience Adjustment	(11.99)	(17.89)	(15.82)	(6.11)

## e. The Amounts to be Recognized in Balance Sheet and Related Analysis

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashment		
	March31,2025	March31,2024	March31,2025	March31,2024	
Present value of obligation as at the end of the period	223.28	225.19	38.16	46.99	
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the period	-	-	-	-	
Funded status / Difference	(223.28)	(225.19)	(38.16)	(46.99)	









## f. Bifurcation of PBO at the end of year in current and non current

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave End	ashment
	March31,2025	March31,2024	March31,2025	March31,2024
Current liability (Amount due within one year)	23.73	23.91	11.27	16.71
Non-Current liability (Amount due over one year)	199.55	201.29	26.88	30.28
Total PBO at the end of year	223.28	225.19	38.16	46.99

#### g. Actuarial Assumptions

Group attention was drawn to provisions of accounting standard that actuarial assumptions are an entity's best estimates of variables that will determine the ultimate cost of providing post employment benefits and shall be unbiased & mutually compatible.

#### i) Economic Assumptions

The principal assumptions are the discount rate & salary growth rate. The discount rate is generally based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities & the salary growth rate takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors on long term basis. Valuation assumptions are as follows which have been agreed by the group:

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Enc	ashment
	March31,2025 March31,2024		March31,2025	March31,2024
Discount Rate (%)	6.93	7.23	6.93	7.23
Future salary increase	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## ii. Demographic Assumption

Attrition rates are the company's best estimate of employee turnover in future determined considering factors such as nature of business & industry, retention policy, demand & supply in employment market, standing of the company, business plan, HR Policy etc as provided in the relevant accounting standard

Particulars	Gratuity		Leave Encashment	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
i) Retirement Age (Years)	60	60	60	60
ii) Mortality Table	100% of IALM	100% of IALM	100% of IALM	100% of IALM
	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	(2012-14)
iii) Ages				
Up to 30 Years	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
From 31 to 44 years	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Above 44 years	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

#### iii. Sensitivity Analysis of the defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	March31,2025	March31,2025
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Present Value of Obligation at the end of the period	223.28	38.16
Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(8.53)	(1.04)
Impact due to decrease of $0.50\%$	9.11	1.09
b) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Present Value of Obligation at the end of the period	223.28	38.16
Impact due to increase of 0.50%	8.94	1.10
Impact due to decrease of $0.50\%$	(8.43)	(1.05)









The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in an assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period while holding all other assumption constraint. In practice it is unlikely to occur and change in some of the assumption may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet. Sensitivities due to mortality & withdrawals are not material & hence impact of change due to these not calculated.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

Sensitivities as rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable

#### **Notes:**

- a) The current service cost recognised as an expense is included in Note 23'Employee benefits expense' as gratuity. The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.
- b) The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market.
  - The above information is certified by the Actuary.
  - Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period,
  - while holding all other assumptions constant.
- c) The obligation for leave benefits (non funded) is also recognised using the Projected Unit Credit Method and accordingly the long term paid absences have been valued. The leave encashment expense is included in Note 23 'Employee benefits expense'.

#### 31. EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The Company did not have any potentially dilutive securities in any of the years presented.

a. Basic Earning per share (₹ in Lakhs)

Par	ticulars	Year ended March 31 , 2025	Year ended March 31 , 2024
a.	Basic Earnings Per Share		
	Numerator for earnings per share		
	Profit after taxation	981.84	658.41
	Denominator for earnings per share		
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	1,979.18	1,979.18
	Basic Earnings per share (one equity share of 2/- each)	0.50	0.33
b.	Diluted Earnings per share		
	Numerator for earnings per share		
	Profit after taxation	981.84	658.41
	Denominator for earnings per share		
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for the effect of dilution	2,366.98	2,326.75
	Diluted Earnings per share	0.41	0.28
	Face Value per equity share (one equity share of 2/- each)	2.00	2.00









#### 32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### a) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk. The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price – i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received.

## b) Categories of financial instruments and fair value thereof

(₹ in Lakhs)

		March :	March 31,2025		31,2024
		Carrying amount	Fair Value	Carrying amount	Fair Value
a)	Financial assets				
i)	Measured at amortised cost				
	Trade receivables	6,686.34	6,686.34	7,119.13	7,119.13
	Cash and cash equivalents	1,137.93	1,137.93	1,010.82	1,010.82
	Other financial assets	8,487.57	8,487.57	7,173.60	7,173.60
	Investments	12,221.59	12,221.59	12,455.61	12,455.61
ii)	Measured at fair value through profit and loss account				
	Investment	43.00	60.31	43.00	56.27
b)	Financial liabilities				
i)	Measured at amortised cost				
	Trade payables	2,552.40	2,552.40	2,265.64	2,265.64
	Other financial liabilities	7,870.81	7,870.81	6,762.86	6,762.86
ii)	Non-current liabilities				
	Other financial liabilities	4,065.59	4,065.59	3,765.59	3,765.59

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost.

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Group does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

#### c) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2** Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- **Level 3** Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.









The investments included in Level 2 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using quotes available for similar assets and liabilities in the active market. The investments included in Level 3 of fair value hierarchy have been valued using the cost approach to arrive at their fair value. The cost of unquoted investments approximate the fair value because there is a range of possible fair value measurements and the cost represents estimate of fair value within that range.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities.

Quantative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy for assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2025.

	March 31,2025	March 31,2024	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) & key inputs used
Financial assets at fair value through				
Investment in Equity Shares	3.15	3.72	Level 1	Quoted in an active market
Investment in Mutual Fund	57.16	52.55	Level 1	Quoted in an active market

The carrying value of current trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, current loans, trade payables and other financial assets and liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term nature.

#### d) Financial risk management objective and policies

The Group is exposed primarily to fluctuations in credit, liquidity, interest rate risk and market risks, which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Group has a risk management policy which covers risks associated with the financial assets and financial liabilities. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of Directors. The focus of risk management committee is to assess the unpredictability of the financial environment and to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

## **Credit risk management**

Credit Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counterparty failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom the credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. Refer note 4 for methods, assumptions and information used to measure expected credit losses.

Financial instruments that are subject to credit risk consist of trade receivables, loans, investments, cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and other financial assets.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

(₹ in Lakhs)

	March 31,2025	March 31,2024
Trade Receivable (Unsecured)		
- Over six months	1,555.87	2,540.29
-Less than six months	5,130.47	4,578.84
Total	6,686.34	7,119.13

Trade receivable consists of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of the accounts receivable.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Group generally invest in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies. The credit risk on mutual funds, nonconvertible debentures and other debt instruments is limited because the counterparties are generally banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies.









#### **Liquidity Risk Management**

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Group cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Group consistently generated sufficient cash flows from operations to meet its financial obligations including lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping based on their contractual maturities.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Due in 1st year	Due in 2 to 5th year	Due after 5 Years	Total
Contractual maturities of financial liabilities				
March 31, 2025				
Trade payables and other financial liabilities	10,423.21	-	-	10,423.21
Borrowings	101.05	1,107.99	2,957.59	4,166.63
	Due in 1st year	Due in 2 to 5th year	Due after 5 Years	Total
Contractual maturities of financial liabilities				
March 31, 2024				
Trade payables and other financial liabilities	9,028.50	-	-	9,028.50
Borrowings	257.11	1,210.38	2,555.21	4,022.70

## iv. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes. The Company's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of foreign currency exchange rate risk.

## Foreign Currency Risk Exposure:

The fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates may have potential impact on the statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income and equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets / liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. Considering the countries and economic environment in which the Company operates, its operations are subject to risks arising from fluctuations in exchange rates in those countries.

The Company does not have any exposure to foreign currency risk as at March 31, 2025 (Previous year Nil).

#### Interest rate risk

The Company's investments are primarily in fixed rate interest bearing fixed deposits with banks. Hence the Company is not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

#### Other Price Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. The Company's equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes.

## Equity Price Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.









33. Additional information, as required to consolidated financial statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, of enterprises consolidated as Subsidiary / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2025.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of the entity	Net assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Share of profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share of total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent Company								
B.A.G Films and Media Limited	56.89	26,477.13	10.91	108.95	222.80	21.11	13.25	130.06
Subsidiaries								
E24 Glamour Limited	25.30	11,774.82	8.05	80.45	(5.29)	(0.91)	8.10	79.54
News24 Broadcast India Limited	21.34	9,933.10	68.19	681.22	(219.31)	(37.70)	65.54	643.52
Skyline Radio Network Limited	(3.52)	(1,637.39)	12.85	128.41	101.80	0.31	13.11	128.72
BAG Network Limited	(0.01)	(3.89)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100	46,543.77	100	999.03	100	(17.19)	100	981.84
Minority Interest		(6,058.66)		378.16		(17.62)		360.54
Adjustment due to consolidation		(24,759.39)						
Consolidated Net Asset/Profit after tax		15,725.72		620.87		0.43		621.30

- 34. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified to be comparable with currents year's classification/disclosures.
- 35. Note No.1 to 34 form integral part of the Balance Sheet and statement of Profit and loss.

## As per our report of even date

## For and on behalf of Board of Directors

For Joy Mukherjee & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number: 006792C

CA J. Mukherjee Partner

Membership Number: 074602

Place : Noida Date : May 28, 2025

**Anuradha Prasad Shukla** Chairperson and Managing Director DIN: 00010716

> **Ajay Jain Chief Financial Officer**

**Sudhir Shukla** Director DIN: 01567595

Ajay Mishra **Company Secretary** 









## Form AOC-I

## to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

## Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies/joint ventures

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Name of Subsidiary	News24 Bro		E24 Glamo	ur Limited	Skyline Radio Network Limited		
	As on March 31		As on M	arch 31	As on March 31		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Share Capital	3,536.43	3,536.43	2,777.70	2,777.70	2901.41	2901.41	
Reserve & Surplus	6,396.67	5,753.15	8,997.12	8,917.58	(4,538.80)	(4,667.53)	
Total Assets	17,062.64	16,013.31	15,397.13	14,695.99	1,890.20	2,144.50	
Total Liabilities	7,129.54	6,723.73	3,622.31	3,000.71	3,527.59	3,910.62	
Investment	2,093.40	2,088.79	10,604.55	11240.97	-	-	
Turnover	10,863.00	10,718.61	1,703.41	1,931.30	1,166.29	802.42	
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	874.11	768.86	85.54	68.06	110.42	(146.39)	
Provision for taxation	192.89	126.36	5.09	4.75	(17.99)	(12.81)	
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	681.22	642.50	80.45	63.31	128.41	(133.58)	
Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	
% of shareholding	53.82	53.82	67.22	67.22	71.05	71.05	

## The following Subsidiary is not operational:

1. BAG Network Limited

## For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Anuradha Prasad Shukla
Chairperson and Managing Director
DIN: 00010716

Sudhir Shukla
Director
Director
DIN: 01567595

Place: NoidaAjay JainAjay MishraDate: May 28, 2025Chief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary







## **NOTES**

# **B.A.G. FILMS AND MEDIA LIMITED**

**Corporate Office :** FC-23, Sector - 16A Film City, Noida - 201 301 (U.P.)