

Dated: 16th August, 2025

To BSE Ltd. Listing Department, P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001.

Script Code: 502015 Script Name: ASIIL ISIN: INE 443A01030

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Annual Report for the F.Y. 2024-25

In compliance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, please find enclosed herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the FY 2024-25 which is being circulated to the members.

Kindly take the same on your record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For ASI Industries Limited

MANISH P. KAKRAI

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer



ASI Industries Ltd.

Building from a Solid Foundation

79th Annual Report 2024-2025







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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Deepak Jatia

Chairman & Managing Director

Mrs. Anita Jatia
Executive Director

Mr. Tushya Jatia Executive Director Mr. Gaurang Gandhi Independent Director

Mr. Padamkumar Poddar Independent Director

Mr. Arunanshu Agarwal Independent Director

COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Manish P. Kakrai

MANAGEMENT EXECUTIVE

Mr. Pavan Soni Chief Financial Officer

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. B.L.Ajmera & Co Chartered Accountants Jaipur- 302001

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

GMJ & Associates Company Secretaries Mumbai-400069

COST AUDITOR

N.D.BIRLA & Co Cost Accountant Ahmedabad-380006

BANKERS

HDFC Bank Limited







LISTED ON

Bombay Stock Exchange Limited Security ID: ASIIL Security code: 502015

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

M/s MUGF Intime India Private Limited, C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai- 400 083, Tel: 022 - 49186270, Fax: 022 - 49186060, Email: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufq.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

Marathon Innova, 'A' Wing, 7th Floor, Off: Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400013

Email: cs@asigroup.co.in; website: www.asigroup.co.in

WORKS

Mining:	Kudayla Industrial Area, Ramganjmandi Dist. Kota, Rajasthan
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Management Discussion and Analysis

GLOBAL ECONOMY

Amidst the prevailing trade tensions and policy uncertainty pose significant risk to global trade and economic activity. Global economic landscape, challenges such as a subdued manufacturing environment, faltering trade flows and persistent inflation concerns shows a complex picture for the future ahead. Heightened geopolitical tensions and conflict escalations could disrupt global trade and commodity markets. However, amidst these challenges, certain sectors, notably services, demonstrate resilience.

The global economy in 2025 is projected to experience a widespread growth slowdown, with forecasts ranging from 2.3% to 3.3%. Several factors contribute to this, including increased trade barriers, policy uncertainty, and slower growth in major economies. While a global recession is not expected, the projected growth is significantly lower than pre-pandemic levels and previous forecasts.

INDIAN ECONOMY

India continues to be one of the fastest-growing major economies globally, supported by its favourable demographic profile, strong domestic consumption, ongoing structural reforms, and a sustained drive towards digital transformation. Key contributors to this growth include healthy GST collections, expanding infrastructure, manufacturing sectors, and rapid technological adoption across industries. The government's emphasis on improving the ease of doing business and nurturing a vibrant startup ecosystem has further bolstered economic momentum.

In Fiscal Year 2025 (FY25), the Indian economy is projected to grow from 6.3% to 6.5%. India's economic outlook for 2025 and 2026 remains one of the brightest among major global economies, as highlighted by the IMF. Despite global uncertainties and downward revisions in growth forecasts for other large economies, India is set to maintain its leadership in global economic growth. Supported by strong fundamentals and strategic government initiatives, the country is well-positioned to navigate the challenges ahead. With reforms in infrastructure, innovation and financial inclusion, India continues to enhance its role as a key driver of global economic activity. While some institutions like the World Bank have slightly lowered their initial projections, India is still expected to outpace other large economies.

In FY25, the Indian infrastructure industry is characterized by robust government investment, significant private sector participation and a focus on key areas like roads, railways, and ports. The 2025 Union Budget allocated a substantial amount to infrastructure, reflecting the government's commitment to driving economic growth through infrastructure development.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

During the year under review, company recorded sales of Rs. 15476.56 Lakhs (P.Y Rs. 14469.23 Lakhs). Thus, there is increase in revenue of the company owing to which company has recorded a net profit of Rs. 2544.92 Lakhs during the year under the review as compared to net profit of Rs. 2511.06 Lakhs of previous year.

OUTLOOK

Strong domestic demand, driven by private consumption and government spending, is expected to support India's economic growth. Increased infrastructure spending and investments in key sectors can stimulate growth and improve productivity. Ongoing reforms in areas like taxation, digitalization, and manufacturing can help India maintain its growth momentum.

STONE INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

Global Stone Industry

The global stone industry, particularly the natural stone market, is experiencing steady growth driven by increasing demand from the construction sector.

The global natural stone market size was estimated at USD 13.00 billion in 2024 and is projected to grow at a CAGR of 5.8% from 2025 to 2030. The increasing demand for aesthetically appealing and durable building materials in residential and commercial construction is proliferating the market. The growth in the historic period can be attributed to increased construction industry, urbanization, increased infrastructure development, landscaping projects, historical restoration.

The stones market size is expected to see strong growth in the next few years. The growth in the forecast period can be attributed to smart cities initiatives, energy efficiency in quarrying, rise of prefabricated construction, cultural and religious projects, circular







economy practices. Major trends in the forecast period include digital transformation in stone industry, sustainable quarrying and processing, innovations in stone finishes, smart stone applications and online stone marketspaces.

Indian Stone Industry

India is one of the world's leading producers of kota stone. The stone business, worth Rs.25,000 crore, has massive reserves of 4 trillion cubic metres. In addition, India has over 100 varieties of stone, which come in a variety of colours and textures.

Opportunity And Threat

Navigating accurate business performance forecasting is increasingly complex due to factors such as economic downturns, shifts in consumer behavior, heightened competition, and procurement challenges. These headwinds are expected to persist for some time. However, large-scale investments from institutional investors, global corrective monetary measures, and increased spending on remodeling and renovation projects are anticipated to serve as potential revenue boosters. To address these challenges, our strategic approach includes procuring raw materials from quarries in Rajasthan at competitive prices. Our goal is to enhance our presence in both global and domestic markets by consistently introducing innovative and value-added products, investing in extensive marketing efforts, and aligning with the evolving demands and aspirations of our customers. The management is committed to the process of assessment, adaptation, and innovation, recognizing that staying competitive and resilient in a dynamic environment is crucial for sustained growth and success.

The market is experiencing robust growth due to a consistent increase in the residential construction sector worldwide and rising individual spending on home improvements. Furthermore, there has been an increase in bank mortgage refinances and loans, resulting in more credit being accessible for the construction of new houses and renovation of existing residences, which is driving up demand for natural stones. In addition, the recent availability of lower interest rates for housing loans may further boost the demand for new home purchases thereby increasing the demand for the company's products. Additionally, we are optimizing production volumes and implementing cost management initiatives which are anticipated to serve as potential revenue boosters.

Due to cost effective and long lasting nature of kota stone and government thrust for spending on infrastructure projects, company expects better demand for natural stones in coming years.

Economic downturns, shifts in consumer behavior, heightened competition, and several other challenges due to international conflicts and disputes may pose significant threats to the organized natural stone sector in the coming years. Management of the Company has been putting its best effort to reduce the cost of manufacturing and development of new products.

SEGMENT-WISE OR PRODUCT-WISE PERFORMANCE

During the year 2024-25, Company was engaged only in mining and processing of Natural Stones, hence requirement of segmental reporting is not applicable.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES (I.E. CHANGE OF 25% OR MORE AS COMPARED TO THE IMMEDIATELY PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR) IN KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS, ALONG WITH DETAILED EXPLANATIONS THEREFOR:

Sr. No.	Ratios	2024-25	2023-24
1	Current Ratio	2.56	3.73
2	Debt-Equity Ratio	0.09	0.09
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	10.52	9.99
4	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	7.54%	7.98%
5	Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	19.12	14.39
6	Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in times)	3.27	2.62
7	Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	1.32	1.33
8	Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	1.54	1.34
9	Net profit ratio (in %)	16.44%	17.35%
10	Return on Capital employed (in %)	11.05%	11.51%
11	Return on investment (in %)	6.28%	6.79%

- 1. Movement in Current Ratio is mainly due to decrease in current investment which has invested in long terms Financial Instruments
- 2. Movement in Inventory Turnover Ratio is due to reduction in inventory on account of sale of stock/reduction in store inventory.



DETAILS OF ANY CHANGE IN RETURN ON NET WORTH AS COMPARED TO THE IMMEDIATELY PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR ALONG WITH A DETAILED EXPLANATION THERETO:

As disclosed in the notes to financial statements.

DEVELOPMENT IN HUMAN RESOURCE / INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS (INCLUDING NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED)

The Company recognizes its human capital as a critical asset. The Company continues to invest in employee development and welfare to ensure a skilled and motivated team.

Number of persons employed: 460 employees as on 31st March 2025.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company maintains robust internal control systems commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexity of its operations. It's a constant assessment and revision based on the new/updated standard operating procedures helps it remain up to date. These systems are designed to ensure the accuracy and completeness of accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

The internal and operational audit is entrusted to M/s. L.B.Jha & Co., a firm of Chartered Accountants. The major focus of the internal audit is to review and analyse the controls and business processes along with benchmarking controls with the best methodologies in the industry. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors actively reviews the adequacy and efficiency of the internal control systems and makes suggestions to strengthen the same. The Company has a robust Management Information System, which is an integral part of the control mechanism. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, Statutory Auditors and the Business Heads are periodically apprised for their well-researched internal audit findings and the corrective actions taken or suggested by them. Significant audit observations and corrective actions taken and suggested by the management are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board. The Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Company and Audit Committee in order to maintain its independence and objectivity.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Open cast mines in India face several risk factors, primarily related to safety and environmental impact. These include issues like dust and noise pollution, potential for accidents due to heavy machinery and blasting, and health hazards.

The mining industry has always been risky, with worker safety concerns representing only a portion of the challenges. "Increasingly stringent regulations on quarrying, aimed at mitigating land degradation, are leading to reduced availability of raw materials. Additionally, geopolitical tensions and trade barriers also pose significant risks."

Risk is inherent to a business and may have a varying degree of impact on the achievement of strategic objectives as well as the operations of the business.

Risk Management is performing a series of activities designed to minimise this impact. Based on a comprehensive understanding of business objectives and strategies, and the external and internal environment impacting these objectives, potential risks that could threaten the fulfilment of corporate objectives are identified and are dealt with accordingly.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report describing the Company's objectives, expectations or predictions may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statement. Important factors that could influence the Company's operations include global and domestic supply and demand conditions affecting selling prices of finished goods, input availability and prices, changes in government regulations, tax laws, economic developments within the country and other factors such as litigation and industrial relations.

For ASI Industries Limited

Deepak Jatia Chairman and Managing Director (DIN 01068689)

Date: 16th May, 2025 Place: Mumbai







BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors are pleased to present the Company's 79th Annual Report on business and operations, together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

A summary of the Company's financial results for the Financial Year 2024-25 are as under:

(₹.in Lakhs)

Particulars	2025	2024
Total Revenue	17409.86	16692.34
Gross profit before interest & depreciation	4367.68	4210.06
Finance Cost	172.70	222.59
Profit before Depreciation & Amortisation	4194.98	3987.47
Depreciation & Amortisation	472.44	502.81
Profit before Tax	3722.54	3484.66
Tax Expenses	1357.62	973.60
Profit after Tax	2544.92	2511.06

STATE OF AFFAIRS

Total revenue was ₹ 17409.86 Lakhs for FY 2024-25 as compared to ₹. 16692.34 Lakhs for FY 2023-24 an increase in revenue of 4.30%. EBITDA stood at ₹. 4367.68 Lakhs as compared to 4210.06 Lakhs during FY 2023-24 and Net Profit (Loss) after Tax stood at ₹. 2544.92 Lakhs for FY 2024-25 as compared to ₹. 2511.06 Lakhs for FY 2023-24 an increase of 1.35%.

CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS:

During the financial year under review, there is no change in nature of business of the Company.

SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

We would like to inform that your Company is not having any subsidiary, joint venture or associate company as on March 31, 2025.

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors has recommended a dividend of Re. 0.40 (40%) per equity share of Re.1/-each for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2025.

The proposed dividend on equity shares is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the upcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM).

In compliance with the provisions of Section 194 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, our company is obligated to deduct Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) at a rate of 10% on dividend payments. However, it is important to note that if the aggregate amount of

dividends payable to an individual resident shareholder is up to Rs.5000, no TDS is deducted. Furthermore, no TDS is applicable for dividend payments made to entities such as Life Insurance Corporation, General Insurance Corporation of India, specified insurers, and Mutual Funds, as mentioned under Section 10(23D) of the Income Tax Act.

For non-resident shareholders, as per Section 195 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, TDS is required to be deducted at a rate of 20% along with the applicable surcharge on dividend payments.

SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized Share capital

The Authorized Share Capital of the Company stood at Rs. 28,45,00,000/- consisting of 26,24,00,000 equity shares of Re.1/-each, 200000 Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each, 1000 12% Non-Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 100/-each and 200000 un classified shares of Rs.10/-each.

Paid Up Share Capital

The paid-up Equity Share Capital as at 31st March, 2025 stood at ₹ 900.75 Lakhs. The Company has not issued any convertible securities or shares with differential voting rights nor has granted any stock options or sweat equity or warrants.

During the F. Y 2024-25, there were no changes in the Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid up capital of the Company.

OTHER DISCLOSURES / CONFIRMATIONS

- a. None of the Chairman, the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer, or the Executive Director of the Company received any remuneration or commission from any of the subsidiaries of the Company.
- b. The Company has not issued any sweat equity shares to its directors or employees.
- The Company has not failed to implement any corporate action during the year under review.
- d. The disclosure pertaining to an explanation for any deviation or variation in connection with certain terms of a public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc. is not applicable to the Company.
- e. The Company's securities were not suspended during the year under review.

TRANSFER TO RESERVE

The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserve for the year ended 31 March, 2025.

FINANCE AND ACCOUNTS

As mandated by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the financial statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2025 has been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") read with the Companies



(Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time. The estimates and judgments relating to the Financial Statements are made on a prudent basis, so as to reflect in a true and fair manner, the form and substance of transactions and reasonably present the Company's state of affairs, profits and cash flows for the year ended 31st March, 2025. The Notes to the Financial Statements adequately cover the standalone Audited Statements and form an integral part of this Report.

MATERIAL SUBSIDIARY

There is no material subsidiary of the company as on 31st March, 2025. However, still the Policy of determining material subsidiary has been uploaded on the Company's website at http://www.asigroup.co.in.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report on the operations of the Company, as required under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "Listing Regulations") is provided in a separate section and forms an integral part of this Report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As per Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, a separate section on corporate governance practices followed by the Company, together with a certificate from the Company's Auditors confirming compliance forms an integral part of this Report.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

Annual return in Form MGT-7 up to the Financial Year 2023-24 as required under Section 92 of the Act is available on the company's website https://www.asigroup.co.in. Annual return for the F.Y. 2024-25 shall be made available on the company's website post the Annual General Meeting of F.Y. 2024-25.

DIRECTORS

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Act and the Company's Articles of Association, Mrs. Anita Jatia, Director retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible offers herself for re-appointment. The Board recommends her re-appointment for the consideration of the Members of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Brief profile of Mrs. Anita Jatia has been given in the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

During year under review as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, board of directors at their meeting held on 23rd July, 2024 re-appointed Mr. Deepak Jatia as Managing Director and Mr. Tushya Jatia as Whole Time Director (designated as Executive Director) for a further period of 3 years and their re-appointments were approved by the members at the 78th Annual General Meeting held on 20th September, 2024.

During the year under review, there are no changes in Board of directors that took place.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

All Independent Directors of the Company have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the Listing Regulations. The Board is of the opinion that all Independent Directors of the Company possess requisite qualifications, experience, expertise and they hold highest standards of integrity. All Independent Directors of the Company have registered themselves with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs at Manesar ('IICA') as required under Rule 6 of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. Further all the Independent Director except Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal have served on the board of listed entities and hence shall not be required to pass the online proficiency self-assessment test as per the proviso to Rule 6(4) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014. Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal will provide the online proficiency self-assessment test in due course.

The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with the Company's Code of Business Conduct & Ethics.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The details of the number of meetings of the Board held during the Financial Year 2024-25 forms part of the Corporate Governance Report.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. Deepak Jatia- Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. Tushya Jatia, Whole-time Director, Mrs. Anita Jatia, Whole-time Director, Mr. Pavan Soni- Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Manish P. Kakrai- Company Secretary and Compliance Officer are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

No persons were appointed/ceased as Key Managerial Personnel of the Company during the year under review.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors have Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

The details of the Committees along with their composition, number of meetings and attendance at the meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, ITS INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS, AND ITS COMMITTEES

In terms with the Policy for Evaluation of the Performance of the Board of Directors of the Company, we conducted a formal Board Effectiveness Review, as part of our efforts to evaluate the performance of our Board and identify areas that need improvement, in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board, its Committees, and Individual Directors. This was in line with the requirements of the Companies Act 2013 and the Securities







and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements Regulations) 2015.

The criteria for Board processes included Board composition, strategic orientation and team dynamics. Evaluation of each of the Board Committees covered whether they have well-defined objectives, the correct composition, and whether they achieved their objectives. The criteria for Individual Board Members included skills, experience, level of preparedness, attendance, extent of contribution to Board debates and discussion, and how each Director leveraged their expertise and networks to meaningfully contribute to the Company. The criteria for the Chairperson's evaluation included leadership style and conduct of Board Meetings.

Further, the performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors included a check on their fulfilment of the independence criteria and their independence from the management.

The performance evaluation of the Directors was completed during the year under review. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors and Non-Executive Director. The Board of Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

Performance evaluation of Independent Director was evaluated by entire Board excluding the director being evaluated.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS BY THE COMPANY

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act are given in the notes to Financial Statements forming a part of this Annual Report.

VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns or grievances and to provide adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who may use such mechanism. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company at http://www.asigroup.co.in

NOMINATION, REMUNERATION AND BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board of Directors has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. The Policy broadly lays down the guiding principles, philosophy and the basis for payment of remuneration to Executive and Non-executive Directors (by way of sitting fees and commission), Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and other employees. The policy also provides the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Independence of Director and criteria for appointment of Key Managerial Personnel / Senior Management and performance evaluation which are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors while making selection of the candidates. The above

policy has been posted on the website of the Company at http://www.asigroup.co.in

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All transactions entered with Related Parties for the year under review were on arm's length basis and thus a disclosure in Form AOC-2 in terms of Section 134 of the Act is not required. Further, there are no material related party transactions during the year under review with the Promoters, Directors or Key Managerial Personnel. All related party transactions are mentioned in the notes to the accounts. The Company has developed a framework through Standard Operating Procedures for the purpose of identification and monitoring of such Related Party Transactions.

All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for approval. Omnibus approval was obtained on a yearly basis for transactions which are of repetitive nature and a statement giving details of all Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and the Board for review and approval on a quarterly basis.

The revised Policy on Materiality of and dealing with Related Party Transactions has been uploaded on the website of the Company and the same has also been ratified by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors at their subsequent meeting and the same can be seen at the link http://www.asigroup.co.in. None of the Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions vis-à-vis the Company except remuneration and sitting fees.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

No significant and material order has been passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

CREDIT RATING

Since the company no longer requires credit rating for borrowing facilities enjoyed by the Company, no ratings were obtained during the F. Y 2024-25.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to the Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed that:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March 2025, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Act, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Company as at 31st March, 2025 and of the loss of your Company for the year ended on that date;



- The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of your Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- the Directors have prepared annual accounts on a 'going concern' basis;
- the Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable
- laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

AUDITORS

(a) STATUTORY AUDITOR

M/s B. L. Ajmera & Co., Chartered Accountants, Jaipur (FRN- 001100C) was appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company for a period of five consecutive years at the Annual General Meeting of the Members held on 30th September, 2022 on a remuneration mutually agreed upon by the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditors.

The Auditors have also furnished a declaration confirming their independence as well as their arm's length relationship with the Company as well as declaring that they have not taken up any prohibited non-audit assignments for the Company. The Audit Committee reviews the independence of the Auditors and the effectiveness of the Audit process.

Further, there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Auditors' Report which require any clarification/explanation. The Notes on financial statements are self-explanatory and need no further explanation. The Statutory Auditors have not reported any frauds under Section 143(12) of the Act.

(b) SECRETERIAL AUDITORS

As required under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board has appointed M/s. GMJ & Associates, Company Secretaries, as Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 financial years commencing from the financial year 2025-26. The Company has received their consent for such appointment. The Secretarial Audit Report for the year 2024-25 is attached as **Annexure-"A"**.

There is no secretarial audit qualification for the year under review.

COST RECORD AND AUDIT

As per the requirement of the Central Government and pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to

time, M/s. N.D. Birla & Co., a firm of Cost Accountants in practice was appointed to undertake the cost audit for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025. The Company has maintained Cost Record as specified by the Central Government under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, the Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, have appointed M/s. N.D. Birla & Co., a firm of Cost Accountants to undertake the audit of cost records of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2026.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company has an effective internal control and risk-mitigation system, which are constantly assessed and strengthened with new/revised standard operating procedures. The Company's internal control system is commensurate with its size, scale and complexities of its operations. The internal and operational audit is entrusted to M/s L.B.Jha & Co Chartered Accountants. The main thrust of internal audit is to test and review controls, appraisal of risks and business processes, besides benchmarking controls with best practices in the industry.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors actively reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control systems and suggests improvements to strengthen the same. The Company has a robust Management Information System, which is an integral part of the control mechanism.

REPORTING OF FRAUD

There was no instance of fraud during the year under review, which required the Statutory Auditors to report to the Audit Committee and / or Board under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act. 2013 and Rules framed thereunder.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Company recognizes that risk is an integral part of business and is committed to managing the risks in a proactive and efficient manner. Your Company periodically assesses risks in the internal and external environment, along with the cost of treating risks and incorporates risk management plans in its strategy, business and operational plans.

Your Company, through its risk management policy and effective risk management process, strive to contain impact and likelihood of the risks within the risk appetite as agreed from time to time with the Board of Directors.

There are no risks which in the opinion of the Board threaten the existence of your Company. However, some of the risks which may pose challenges are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis which forms part of this Report.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

As per provision of Section 135 read with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and any other statutory amendment or modification thereof and the Company's CSR







Policy in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility activity, a separate Report on CSR activities is attached as **Annexure "B"** to this Report. The CSR Policy has been posted on the website of the Company at https://www.asigroup.co.in For further details, also refer Note No. 29(b) notes to accounts of standalone financial statement for CSR Expenditure.

ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Company is conscious of the importance of environmentally clean and safe operations. The Company's policy requires conduct of operations in such a manner so as to ensure safety of all concerned, compliances of environmental regulations and preservation of natural resources.

POSH COMPLIANCE

In order to comply with provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder, the Company has formulated and implemented a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of complaints related to sexual harassment of women at the workplace. All women employees either permanent, temporary or contractual are covered under the above policy. The said policy has been uploaded on the internal portal of the Company for information of all employees. An Internal Complaint Committee has been set up in compliance with the said Act. During the year under review, no complaints pertaining to sexual harassment of women employees were reported to the Company.

HUMAN RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

The Company takes pride in the commitment, competence and dedication of its employees in all areas of the business. The Company has a structured induction process at all locations objective appraisal systems based on Key Result Areas (KRAs) are in place for senior management staff.

INVESTORS EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

Pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, read with IEPF Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, all unpaid and unclaimed dividends are required to be transferred by the Company to IEPF established by the Central Government, after the completion of seven years. Further, according to the rules, the shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more shall also be transferred to the demat account created by the IEPF Authority, accordingly the Company has transferred unclaimed and unpaid dividend pertaining to FY 2016-17 on 05th November, 2024.

DEPOSIT

The Company has not accepted any deposits falling under the ambit of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, during the year under review. This does not include advances against supply of goods within a period of 365

days from the date of acceptance of such advance or any other amount received not considered as deposit as per rule 2 (1) (c) of the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014.

DISCLOSURE OF SHARES LYING IN THE UNCLAIMED SUSPENSE ACCOUNT:

Pursuant to Regulation 39 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the details in respect of the shares lying in the un-claimed suspense account till March 31, 2025 are as follow:

Particulars	No. of Shareholders	No. of share
Aggregate number of shareholders and outstanding shares held in the Unclaimed Suspense Account as on 31st March, 2024	119	461726
Number of shareholders/legal heirs who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year	-	_
Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year	-	_
Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year i.e. as on 31st March, 2025	119	461726

Voting rights on these 4,61,726 shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares. Shareholders may get in touch with the Company/RTA for any further information in this matter.

STATUTORY INFORMATION AND OTHER DISCLOSURES

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo pursuant to Section 134(3) (m) of the Act, read with the Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure "C"** and forms an integral part of this Report.

The Disclosure required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with the Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is attached as **Annexure** "'**D**" and forms an integral part of this Report.

A statement comprising the names of top 10 employees in terms of remuneration drawn and every persons employed throughout the year, who were in receipt of remuneration in terms of Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure** "D" and forms an integral part of this report.

In terms of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the statement showing the name of the employees drawing remuneration in excess of the



limit specified in the Rules are not applicable on the Company as during the period, no employee of the Company was drawing salary in excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or Whole Time Director or Manager.

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

REPORT ON PERFORMANCE OF SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE

We would like to inform that your Company is not having any subsidiary, joint venture or associate company as on March 31, 2025.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Statements in the Board's Report and the Management Discussion & Analysis Report describing the Company's objectives, expectations or forecasts may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from those expressed in the statements.

THE DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (31 OF 2016) DURING THE YEAR ALONGWITH THEIR STATUS AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

During the year under review, there is no application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

MATERIAL CHANGES BETWEEN THE PERIOD FROM END OF FINANCIAL YEAR TO THE DATE OF REPORT OF THE BOARD:

There are no material changes between the period from end of financial year to the date of the report of the Board.

THE DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF

During the year under review, No one time settlement was taken place. Hence, the disclosure is not applicable.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation, for the contribution made by the employees at all levels but for whose hard work, and support, your Company's achievements would not have been possible. Your Directors also wish to thank its customers, dealers, agents, suppliers, investors and bankers for their continued support and faith reposed in the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Jatia Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 01068689

Place: Mumbai Date: 16th May 2025







Annexure "A"

FORM NO. MR - 3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To.

The Members,

ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Marathon Innova, "A" Wing, 7th Floor, Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED** (hereinafter called "the Company") bearing CIN: L14101MH1945PLC256122. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliance's and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions of the applicable acts listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company, for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed thereunder;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment. The provisions relating to Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings are not applicable to the company during the period of audit;
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act") viz:
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018; [Not applicable during the period of audit].



- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; [Not applicable during the period of audit].
- g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; [Not applicable during the period of audit]
- h) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; [Not applicable during the period of audit].
- i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; [Not applicable during the period of audit].
- vi. We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other Acts, Laws and Regulations applicable to the Company as follows:
 - a) The Mines Act, 1952 & Mines Rules, 1955.
 - b) The Explosives Act, 1884.
 - c) The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000.
 - d) The Environment (Protection Act), 1986.
 - e) The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974.
 - f) The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981.
 - g) The Factories Act, 1948 and Rules made thereunder.
 - h) Mines & Minerals (Development & Regulation) Act, 1957.
 - i) Mineral Conservation & Development Rules, 2017.
 - j) Labour laws and other incidental laws related to labour and employees appointed by the Company either on its payroll or on contractual basis as related to wages, gratuity, provident fund, ESIC, compensation etc.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- a) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- b) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent well in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

We further report that based on the information provided and the representation made by the Chief Financial Officer/Company Secretary and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company, in our opinion there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.







We further report that during the audit period under review, there were no event/action(s) which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc.

For GMJ & ASSOCIATES

Company Secretaries

[CS NIRMAL GUPTA]

PARTNER

M. No. : ACS 45839

COP No.: 27144

UDIN: A045839G000355874

PEER REVIEW CERTIFICATE NO.: 6140 /2024

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date that is annexed as Annexure I and forms an integral part of this report.

PLACE: MUMBAI

DATE: 16TH MAY, 2025



'ANNEXURE I' to Secretarial Audit Report

To,
The Members,
ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Marathon Innova, A Wing, 7th Floor,
Off. Ganpatrao Kadam Marg,
Lower Parel, Mumbai-400 013

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules, regulations and happening of events, etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For GMJ & ASSOCIATES Company Secretaries

[CS NIRMAL GUPTA]
PARTNER

M. No. : ACS 45839 COP No.: 27144

UDIN: A045839G000355874

PEER REVIEW CERTIFICATE NO.: 6140 /2024

PLACE: MUMBAI

DATE: 16TH MAY, 2025







Annexure "B"

REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN DURING F. Y. 2024-25

Report on Corporate Social Responsibility as per Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014

- A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken by the Company has been given on the website of the Company. A brief area of CSR activities are given below:
 - eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
 - promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vacation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled people and livelihood enhancement projects;
 - promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old
 age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by
 socially and economically backward groups;
 - ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water;
 - rural development projects, etc.
 - web link: https://www.asigroup.co.in

2. The composition of the CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Arunanshu Agarwal	Chairman - Director	2	2
2.	Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	Member- Director	2	1
3.	Mr. Tushya Jatia	Member- Director	2	2

- 3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company: https://www.asigroup.co.in
- 4. Provide the executive summary along with web-link(s) of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable: Not applicable
- 5. a) Average Net Profit of the Company as per sub-section (5) of Section 135: Rs.2359.72 lakhs
 - b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub-section (5) of Section 135: Rs. 47.19 lakhs
 - c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
 - d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
 - e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (b+ c- d): Rs. 47.19 lakhs
- 6. (a) Amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing Project and other than Ongoing Project): Rs. 21.23 lakhs including advance paid for ongoing Project Rs. 9.00 Lacs
 - (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
 - (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: NIL
 - (d) Total amount spent for the Financial Year [(a)+(b)+(c)]: Rs. 21.23 Lakhs (besides this, unspent amount earmarked for ongoing projects Rs. 25.96 Lakhs has been deposited with special account as per section 135(6) on 29.04.2025).



(e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (Rs. in Lakhs)	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount. Date of transfer.		Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.
Rs. 21.23 Lakhs	Rs. 25.96 Lakhs	29.04.2025	NIL	NIL	NIL

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any:

S. No.	Particulars	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per sub section (5) section 135	Rs. 47.19 lakhs
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Rs. 21.23 lakhs
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the Financial Year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding Financial Years	Nil

7. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

Sr. no.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under sub-section(6) of Section135 (in Rs.)	Balance Amount in Unspent CSR Account under sub- section (6) of section 135 (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the Financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to a fund as specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135, if any. Amount (in Date of Rs.)		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)	Deficiency, if any
1	2023-2024	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
2	2022-2023	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
3	2021-2022	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	

- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: **No**
- Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): Not Applicable

For ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Place: Mumbai Chairman of CSR Committee
Date: 16th May, 2025 (DIN - 00166400)

Gaurang Gandhi Member of CSR Committee (DIN -00008057)







Annexure "C"

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING AND OUTGO ETC:

Information on conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo required to be disclosed under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are provided hereunder

(A) Conservation of Energy:	Energy conservation continues to receive priority attention at all levels. All efforts are made to conserve and optimize use of energy with continuous monitoring, improvement in batch cycle time and improved operations.
	During the year under review the Company has installation of 60KW Solar Power Unit at Ramganjmandi (Rajasthan)
(B) Technology absorption	No new technology has been acquired during the year.
	Efforts are made to reduce batch cycle time and improve operational efficiency.
	No technology import has been made in the recent past
Expenditure incurred on R & D during the Financial Year	NIL
(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo	The Company is currently assessing export potential for its products in various markets. Details of foreign exchange earnings and outgo are given below:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	31st March 2025	31st March 2024
Total Outflow	Rs. 55.62	Rs. 109.08
Total Inflow	Rs. 21.15	

On Behalf of Board of Director of

ASI Industries Limited

Date: 16th May, 2025 Place: Mumbai Deepak Jatia Chairman & Managing Director (DIN:01068689)





Information required under Section 197 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

 The Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2024-25:

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors	Ratio to Median Remuneration
1.	Mr. Deepak Jatia	109
2.	Mrs. Anita Jatia	30
3.	Mr. Tushya Jatia	79
4.	Mr. Gaurang Gandhi (only Sitting fee)	NA
5.	Mr. Padamkumar Poddar (only sitting fee)	NA
6	Mr. Arunanshu Agarwal (only Sitting fee)	NA

2. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Finance Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year 2024-25 compared to financial year 2023-24:

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors / KMP	% of Increase
1.	Mr. Deepak Jatia, Chairman & Managing Director	5%
2.	Mrs. Anita Jatia, Executive Director	NA
3.	Mr. Tushya Jatia, Executive Director	14%
4.	Mr. Pavan Kumar Soni, Chief Financial Officer	NA
5.	Mr. Manish Kakrai, Company Secretary	33%

- 3. The Median Remuneration of Employee (MRE) excluding Executive Director was Rs. 268140 and Rs. 249816 in fiscal year 2025 and 2024 respectively. The increase in MRE in fiscal year is 7.33% as compared to fiscal year 2024.
- 4. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company: 460 employees as on 31.03.2025.
- 5. Explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and the Company performance: The Company's reward principle is influenced by individual performance as well as various factors operating in competitive market practice and cost considerations. The salary increase that were made during the year were based on the individual performance as well as the Company's market competitiveness.
- 6. Key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the Directors: Considered by the Board of Directors based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

Remuneration of Top 10 Employees of the Company

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Employees Name	Designation	Education Qualification	Experience in Year	Remuneration	Previous employment and designation
Mr. Deepak Jatia	CMD	Graduate	38 Years	291.98	NA
Mr. Tushya Jatia	WTD	Master in Finance and Investment	18 Years	211.39	NA
Mrs. Anita Jatia	WTD	Graduate	23 Years	80.64	NA
Mr. Pavan Kumar Soni	CFO	Fellow member of ICAI	32 Years	18.17	Kesari Vanspati Limited as Finance Controller







Employees Name	Designation	Education Qualification	Experience in Year	Remuneration	Previous employment and designation
Mr. Sawarmal Meena	GM (Operation)	Mining Engineer	30 Years	17.93	Popular and progressive Minerals Pvt. Ltd. As G.M. (Mines)
Mr. Anil Baid	DGM (Cost & MIS)	B.Com	26 Years	14.79	Prerna Syntex as DGM (Budget & MIS)
Mr. Hari G Pillai	Manager (HR and Admn)	B.Com	26 Years	14.37	Sheetal Manufacturing Pvt. Ltd as Manager (HR)
Mr. Sudhir Kumar Tainwala	DGM (Operation)	Diploma in Material Mgmt.	31 Years	13.28	Prerna Syntex as DY. Manager (Store & Purchase)
Mr. Kanjoor Shivasankaran	Secretary to MD	B.A.	37 Years	11.14	Janta Glass Works As Stenographer
Mr. Shiv Charan Gupta	DGM (Purchase)	B.A.	44 Years	11.14	NA

For and Behalf of Board

Deepak Jatia Chairman and Managing Director DIN 01068689

Date: 16th May 2025 Place: Mumbai



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

[Pursuant to Part C of Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance is based on the principles of integrity, fairness, equity, transparency, accountability and commitment to values. The Company continues to focus on good Corporate Governance, in line with the best practices in the areas of Corporate Governance.

Your Company believes that sustainable and long-term growth of every stakeholder depends upon the judicious and effective use of available resources and consistent endeavour to achieve excellence in business along with active participation in the growth of society, building of environmental balances and significant contribution in economic growth.

The Company believes that good Corporate Governance is a continuous process and strives to improve the Corporate Governance practices to meet shareholder's expectations.

The Governance for your Company means being true to own belief and constantly strengthening and increasing stakeholders' values and return on investment by adopting principles of transparency, accountability and adherence of committed value creation principles. We are firm in the belief that Corporate Governance means commitment for achievement of value-based growth and meeting the commitment within the predefined time frame without compromising with ethical standards, set paradigms, transparency in transactions and fixing of accountability.

In order to strengthen corporate governance practices, Company had adopted a code of conduct for employees and other stakeholders, Policy on Board Diversity, Policy for determination of materiality, Policy on succession plan for appointment to the Board and Senior Management, Whistle Blower Policy, Risk Management Policy, Policy on preservation of documents and Archival Policy, Policy on materiality and dealing with Related Party Transactions, Nomination and Remuneration Policy etc. of the Company. These policies and code of conduct are available on the website of the Company.

Your company is in compliance with the conditions of corporate governance as required under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Governance Structure

Board of Director –The Board is entrusted with an ultimate responsibility of the Management, directions and performance of the Company. As its primary role is fiduciary in nature, the Board provides leadership, strategic guidance, objective and independent view to the Company's management while discharging its responsibilities, thus ensuring that the management adheres to ethics, transparency and disclosures.

Committees of the Board-The Board has constituted the following Committees viz, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee. Each of the said Committee has been mandated to operate within a given framework.

Composition and category of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of an optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors, which is in conformity with the provisions of Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As on 31st March, 2025, the Company's Board consists of six Directors. The Board comprises of Two Executive Promoter Director, one Executive Promoter Woman Director and three Non-Executive Independent Directors. The Chairman and Managing Director of the Board is an Executive Director. There is no institutional nominee or Government director on the Board.

In the opinion of the board, the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the management.

The number of Directorships, Committee Membership(s)/ the Chairmanship(s) of all Directors is within respective limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and Listing Regulations.

Directors' Directorships/Committee Memberships

In accordance with Regulation 26 of the Listing Regulations, none of the Directors are members in more than 10 committees excluding private limited companies, foreign companies and companies under Section 8 of the Act or act as Chairperson of more than 5 committees across all listed entities in which he/she is a Director. The Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are only considered in computation of limits. Further all Directors have informed about their Directorships, Committee Memberships/Chairmanships including any changes in their positions. Relevant details of the Board of Directors as on 31st March, 2025 are given below:

Name of the Directors	Category of Directorship	Directorship in other Indian Public Limited Company excluding ASI	No. of Commit which Ch Mem (excludi Chairman	ttees in nairman /	List of Directorship held in Other Listed Companies and Category of Directorship
Mr. Deepak Jatia (DIN 01068689)	Promoter/ Executive Chairman	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Mrs. Anita Jatia (DIN 01068774)	Promoter/ Executive	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL







Name of the Directors	Category of Directorship	Directorship in other Indian Public Limited Company excluding ASI	No. of Board Committees in which Chairman / Member (excluding ASI) Chairman Member		List of Directorship held in Other Listed Companies and Category of Directorship
Mr. Tushya Jatia (DIN 02228722)	Promoter/ Executive	2	NIL	1	Pioneer Investcorp Ltd NED AMJ Land Holdings Ltd NEID
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi (DIN 00008057)	Independent Director	5	NIL	2	Pioneer Investcorp Ltd. ED
Mr. Padamkumar Poddar (DIN 00012533)	Independent Director	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal (DIN 00166400)	Independent Director	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Notes:

- Directorships exclude Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Section 8 Companies.
- Membership of Committee only includes Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee in Indian Public Limited companies other than ASI Industries Limited. Members of the Board of the Company do not have membership of more than ten Board-level Committees or Chairman of more than five such Committees.
- Mr. Deepak Jatia, Mrs. Anita Jatia and Mr. Tushya Jatia are related to each other. None of the other Directors are related inter-se.
- Details of Director(s) retiring or being re-appointed are given in notice to Annual General Meeting.
- Maximum tenure of Independent Directors is in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.
- None of the directors hold directorships in more than 20 companies of which directorships in public companies does not exceed 10 in line with the provisions of Section 165 of the Act.
- 7. No director holds directorships in more than 7 listed entities.
- None of the Director has been appointed as Alternate Director for Independent Director.
- Company's Independent Directors meet at least once in every Financial Year without the attendance of Non – Independent Directors and Management Personnel. One meeting of the Independent Directors was held during the financial year on January 20, 2025.

Independent Directors confirmation by the Board

All Independent Directors have given declarations that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the Listing Regulations. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors, fulfil the conditions of independence specified in Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the Listing Regulations.

Number of Independent Directorships

As per Regulation 17A of the Listing Regulations, Independent Directors of the Company do not serve as Independent Director in more than seven listed companies. Further, the Managing Director and whole time Directors of the Company does not serve as an Independent Director in more than three listed entity.

Core Skills / Expertise / Competencies available with the Board

The board comprises of highly qualified members who possess required skills, expertise and competence that allow them to make effective contributions to the Board and its Committees.

The Board of our Company is structured in a manner that promotes a high degree of diversity in terms of age, education/qualifications, professional background, sector expertise, special skills, and geography. This diversity is considered crucial for the effective functioning of the Company and to bring a wide range of perspectives to the decision-making process.

The Board of Directors has identified the following core skills, expertise, and competencies that are required in the context of the Company's businesses and sectors:

- 1. Leadership, Strategic Thinking, Technical Skills of the Industry, and General Management:
 - Leadership: Inspiring and guiding others towards common goals.
 - Strategic Thinking: Analysing complex situations and developing long-term plans.
 - Technical Skills of the Industry: knowledge of Textiles processes, manufacturing operations, quality control.
 - **General Management**: Proficiency in financial management, operations, and strategic planning.
- 2. Public Policy and Public Advocacy:
 - Public Policy: Understanding and influencing government actions to address social issues.
 - Policy Advocacy: Actively supporting specific policies to advance organizational objectives.
- Governance, Environment, Health & Safety (EHS), Sustainability, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), and Law:



- Governance: Establishing processes for decisionmaking and accountability.
- EHS: Implementing measures to protect the environment and ensure safety.
- Sustainability: Balancing social, environmental, and economic considerations.
- CSR: Contributing to societal well-being through responsible business practices.
- Law: Deep understanding of legal frameworks and compliance requirements.

4. Finance & Accounts and Capital Markets:

- Finance & Accounts: Proficiency in financial management and reporting processes.
- Capital Markets: Understanding primary and secondary markets and capital allocation.

Information Technology (IT), Cybersecurity, Data Protection, and Digitization:

- Information Technology: Utilizing computer systems for data processing and exchange.
- Cybersecurity: Protecting systems and data from cyber threats.
- Data Protection: Safeguarding important data from loss or compromise.
- Digitization: Converting information into digital formats for efficient processing.

The Board's mix of skills and expertise ensures that the Company is ready to handle whatever comes its way in the industries it operates in. With different talents and know-how on board, the Board can make smart decisions and see things from various angles. This diversity of skills helps the Company stay innovative and strong as it works towards its goals.

Code of Conduct

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees. In addition, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Non-Executive Directors, which includes Code of Conduct for Independent Directors, which suitably incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in the Act. All Board members and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with their respective Code of Conduct. The declaration is reproduced at the end of this Report.

As required under Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations, particulars of Directors seeking appointment/ re- appointment are given in Notice to the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Each director's skills and expertise are aligned with strategic objectives of the Company, ensuring robust governance and informed decision-making across all areas of the Company's operations.

The core skills / expertise / competencies required in the Board in the context of the Company's Businesses and sectors functioning effectively as identified by the Board of Directors as on 31st March 2025 of the Company are tabulated below:

Core skills /			Name of Dir	rectors		
competencies /	Deepak	Gaurang	Padamkumar	Anita	Tushya	Arunanshu
expertise	Jatia	Gandhi	Poddar	Jatia	Jatia	V. Agarwal
Leadership / Operational Experience	√	√	>	√	✓	✓
Strategic Planning	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sector / Industry Knowledge & Experience, Research & Development and Innovation	√	√	✓	√	√	√
Technology	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Financial, Regulatory / Legal & Risk Management	√	√	√	✓	√	√
Corporate Governance	✓	√	✓	✓	√	√
CSR	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Detailed reasons for the resignation of an independent director who resigns before the expiry of his /her tenure along with a confirmation by such director that there are no other material reasons other than those provided-NA

Board Meetings

The Board meets at regular intervals to discuss and decide on business strategies/policies and review the financial performance of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The notice and detailed agenda along with the relevant notes and other material information are sent in advance separately to each Director and in exceptional cases tabled at the Meeting with the approval of the Board. This ensures timely and informed decisions by the Board.

Minimum four prescheduled Board meetings are held every year (one meeting in every calendar quarter). Additional meetings are held to address specific needs, if any, of the Company. During the Financial Year 2024-25, the Board of Directors met five times i.e. on 9th May, 2024, 23rd July, 2024, 20th September, 2024, 22nd October, 2024 and 20th January, 2025. The maximum gap between any two consecutive meetings was less than one hundred and twenty days, as stipulated under Section 173(1) of the Act, and Regulation 17(2) of the Listing Regulations and the Secretarial Standard by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM)







Name of the Directors	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at last AGM held on 20 th September, 2024
Mr. Deepak Jatia	5 of 5	Present
Mrs. Anita Jatia	5 of 5	Present
Mr. Tushya Jatia	5 of 5	Present
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	4 of 5	Present
Mr. Padamkumar Poddar	5 of 5	Present
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal	4 of 5	Absent

Shares held by Directors:

Name of the Directors	Category	Number of shares having face value of Re.1/- each	
		As on 31st March, 2025	As on 31st March, 2024
Mr. Deepak Jatia	Executive Director	4004183	3954183
Mrs. Anita Jatia	Executive Director	3032392	3032392
Mr. Tushya Jatia	Executive Director	3852679	3696051
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	Independent Director	Nil	Nil
Mr. Padamkumar Poddar	Independent Director	Nil	Nil
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal	Independent Director	Nil	Nil

FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMME FOR DIRECTORS

At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to him, which inter alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected from him as a Director of the Company. The Director is also explained in detail the Compliance required from him under Companies Act, 2013, the Listing Regulations and other various statutes and an affirmation is obtained. The Chairman and Managing Director also have a one-to-one discussion with Director to familiarize him with the Company's operations. Further, on an ongoing basis as a part of Agenda of Board /Committee Meetings, presentations are regularly made to the Independent Directors on various matters inter-alia covering the Company's and its subsidiaries businesses and operations, industry and regulatory updates, strategy, finance, role, rights, responsibilities of the Independent Directors under various statutes and other relevant matters. The details of the familiarization programme for Directors are available on the Company's website https://www.asigroup.co.in

INSURANCE COVERAGE

The Company has obtained Directors and Officers liability insurance coverage in respect of any legal action that might be initiated against Directors/ Officers of the Company and its subsidiary and associate Companies.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors have constituted Board Committees to deal with specific areas and activities which concern the Company and requires a closer review. The Board Committees are formed with approval of the Board and function under their respective Charters. These Committees play an important role in

the overall Management of day-to-day affairs and governance of the Company. The Board Committees meet at regular intervals and take necessary steps to perform its duties entrusted by the Board. The Minutes of the Committee Meetings are placed before the Board for noting.

The Company has four Board Level Committees:

- A) Audit Committee,
- B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee,
- C) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
- D) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Composition:

The Company has a qualified and independent Audit Committee comprising of three Directors as on 31st March 2025. Mr. Gaurang Gandhi, Independent director is the chairman of the committee. The other members of the audit committee includes Mr. Padamkumar Poddar and Mr. Arunanshu V. Agrawal.

The broad terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in consonance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. All the members have financial and accounting knowledge.

The Committee acts as a link between the Management, the Statutory Auditors and the Board of Directors of the Company. The Committee focuses its attention on monitoring the financial reporting system within the Company, considering Quarterly & Annual Financial Results of the Company and submitting its observations to the Board of Directors before its adoption by the Board, review of the internal audit report and internal control system, audit methodology and process, major accounting policies and practice, compliance with accounting standards.

Meeting and Attendance:

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, Four Audit Committee Meetings were held on 9th May, 2024, 23rd July, 2024, 22nd October, 2024 and 20th January, 2025.

The composition of the Audit Committee and attendance at each meeting is as under:-

Name of the Directors	Position	Category	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	Chairman	Independent Director	3 of 4
Mr. Padamkumar Poddar	Member	Independent Director	4 of 4
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agrawal	Member	Independent Director	4 of 4

The Company Secretary acts as Secretary to the Committee as required by Regulation 18(1)(e) of the Listing Regulations.

The terms of reference



- Oversight the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible.
- Review with the management the quarterly and annual financial statements and Auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval.
- Discuss with the statutory auditors, before the audit commence, about the nature and scope of the audit, as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- Recommended to the board the appointment, reappointment and, if required, replacement or removal of statutory auditors, remuneration and term of appointment of statutory auditors, fixation of audit fee and to approve the payment of any other service rendered by the auditors.
- > Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process.
- Review with the management, the performance of statutory and internal auditors.
- Review the adequacy of the Internal Audit function and the adequacy and efficacy of internal control systems.
- Evaluate internal financial control and risk management systems.
- > Scrutinize Inter Corporate Loans and Investments
- > Discuss any significant findings with internal auditor and follow up thereon.
- Review the finding of any internal investigation by the internal auditor in to matter where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- Look into the reason for substantial defaults in payments to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders and creditors.
- Approve transaction, including any substantial modification, of the Company with related parties.
- Valuation of undertaking or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
- Review and monitor the statement of use and application of funds raised through pubic offer and related matter.
- > Review the function of Whistle Blower Mechanism.
- Approve the appointment of CFO after assessing the qualification, experience and background of the candidate
- Review the utilization of loan and /or advance from/ investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding Rs. 100 cr. Or 10% of the assets size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loan/ advance and investment existing as on date of coming into force of this provision.
- And, generally, all items listed in Part C of Schedule II of LODR and in section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013

The Company follows best practices in financial reporting. The Company has been reporting on quarterly basis, the Unaudited Financial Statements as required by the Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. The Company's quarterly Unaudited Financial Results are made available on the website https://www.asigroup.co.in and are also sent to the BSE Limited where the Company's Equity Shares are listed for display.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Composition

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of Three Directors as on 31st March, 2025. Mr. Padamkumar Poddar, Independent Director, is the Chairman of the Committee. The other members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee include Mr. Gaurang Gandhi and Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal, Independent Directors. The Composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in accordance with the provisions of Section 178(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

Company Secretary of the Company acts as Secretary to the Committee.

Meeting and Attendance

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, two Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting was held on 23rd July, 2024 and 20th January, 2025. The Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company. The table below provides the attendance of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Number of Meetings Attended
Mr. Padamkumar Poddar	Chairman	Independent Director	2 of 2
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	Member	Independent Director	1 of 2
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal	Member	Independent Director	2 of 2

Terms of Reference

The broad terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, as approved by the Board, are in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations, which are as follows:

- Make recommendations regarding the composition of the Board, identify Independent Directors to be inducted to the Board from time to time and take steps to refresh the composition of the Board from time to time.
- Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees.
- Formulate criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.







- Devise a policy on Board Diversity.
- Provide guidance and direction in developing and implementing the reward philosophy of the Company
- Evaluate and approve the appointment and remuneration of senior executives, including the Key Managerial Personnel, the Company's remuneration plan, annual salary increase principles and budgets, annual and long term incentive plans of the Company, policies and programmes such as succession planning, employment agreements, severance agreements and any other benefits.
- Review progress on the Company leadership development programmes, including for promotion to the Board, employee engagement initiatives and employee surveys.
- Consider and approve matters relating to normal retirement plans, Voluntary Retirement and Early Separation Schemes for employees of the Company.
- Establish key performance metrics to measure the performance of the Managing Director, Key Managerial Personnel and the executive team including the use of financial, non-financial and qualitative measures.
- Evaluate executive team performance regularly to strengthen the cumulative annual assessment and to provide timely feedback to the assessed individuals.
- Developing a view on the human resources capability in the business by periodically engaging with levels below the executive team.
- Review and recommend to the Board the remuneration and commission to the Managing and Executive Directors and define the principles, guidelines and process for determining the payment of commission to Non-Executive Directors of the Company.
- Recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

Remuneration Policy

A. Remuneration to Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors)

The Non-Executive Directors are paid Sitting Fees for each Meeting of the Board as attended by them. The Non-Executive Director/Independent Directors do not have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

B. Remuneration to Executive Director

The appointment and remuneration of Executive Directors is governed by the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Resolutions passed by the Board of Directors and Shareholders of the Company and Agreement executed between them and the Company. The remuneration package of Executive Directors comprises of salary, perquisites and allowances, and contributions to Provident and other Retirement Benefit Funds as approved by the shareholders at the General Meetings.

Annual increments are decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and recommended to the Board for approval thereof. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy is displayed on the Company's website viz. http://www.asigroup.co.in. Presently, the Company does not have a stock options scheme for its Directors.

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION PAID TO DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of the Directors	Salary & Allowances	Perquisites	Contribution to PF	Sitting Fee	Total
Mr. Deepak Jatia (Chairman & Managing Director)	265.44	26.54	-		291.98
Mr. Tushya Jatia (Executive Director)	192.17	19.22	0.21	-	211.60
Mrs. Anita Jatia Executive Director	80.64	-	-	-	80.64
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi (Independent Director)	-	-	-	0.08	0.08
Mr. Padamkumar R. Poddar (Independent Director)	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal (Independent Director)	-	-	-	0.08	0.08
Total	538.25	45.76	0.21	0.26	584.48

Notes

- There were no other pecuniary relationships or transactions of non-executive directors vis-à-vis the Company.
- Pursuant to the limits approved by the Board, all nonexecutive directors were paid sitting fees of Rs. 2000/-(excluding taxes as applicable) for attending each meeting of the Board.
- The Company did not pay any amount to the nonexecutive directors by way of salary, perquisites commission, pension and bonuses.
- The Company has so far not issued any stock options to its directors.

all elements of remuneration package of individual directors summarized under major groups, such as salary, benefits, bonuses, stock options, pension etc.

already given under above table.

details of fixed component and performance linked incentives, along with the performance criteria;

Details of fixed component are already given in the above table. There are no performance linked incentives given by the company.

service contracts, notice period, severance fees

Letters of appointment have been issued by the Company to the all the directors besides Independent Directors, incorporating their roles, responsibilities, etc., which have been accepted by them.



Performance Evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations, the Board has carried out the annual evaluation of its own performance, its Committees and Directors individually. A structured questionnaire was prepared after circulating the draft forms, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance. A consolidated summary of the ratings given by each Director was then prepared. The report of performance evaluation was then discussed and noted by the Board.

The performance evaluation of the Chairman and Managing:

Director and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

Performance evaluation criteria for independent director Committee has recommended following criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors by the Board.

- Bringing external expertise and independent judgement that contributes to the objectivity of the Board's deliberation, particularly on issues of strategy, performance, resources, key appointments, risk management, and standards of conduct.
- Devotion of sufficient time and attention towards professional obligations for independent decision and acting in the in the interest of all stakeholders, particularly minority shareholders.

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Composition

Pursuant to provisions of Section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 20 of the Listing Regulations, Stakeholders Relationship Committee has been constituted. This Committee comprise of three Directors. Mr. Padamkumar R. Poddar, Independent Director is the Chairman of this Committee. The other members of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee include Mr. Gaurang Gandhi and Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal, Independent Directors.

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, One Committee Meeting was held on 20th January, 2025. The table below highlights the composition and attendance of the Members of the Committee.

The requisite quorum was present at all the Meetings.

Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Number of Meetings Attended
Mr. Padamkumar R. Poddar	Chairman	Independent Director	1 of 1
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	Member	Independent Director	0 of 1
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal	Member	Independent Director	1 of 1

Mr. Manish Prakash Kakrai, Company Secretary of the Company is the Compliance Officer.

Terms of Reference:

This Committee generally meets once in a year. The Committee looks into the matters of Shareholders/ Investors grievances along with other matters listed below:

- to consider and resolve the grievances of security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/ transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.;
- consider and approve demat/ remat of shares/split/ consolidation/sub-division of share.;
- to consider and approve issue of share certificates (including issue of renewed or duplicate share certificates), transfer and transmission of securities, etc.
- to oversee and review all matters connected with the transfer of the Company's securities;
- to review measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- to review adherence to the standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- to review of the measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company;
- to carry out any other function as prescribed under the Listing Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013 and other Applicable Law as amended from time to time.
- to carry out any other duties that may be delegated to the Committee by the Board of Directors from time-to-time

The Secretarial Department of the Company and the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, MUFG Intime India Private Limited attend to all grievances of the shareholders received directly or through SEBI, Stock Exchange, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Registrar of Companies, etc. The Minutes of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee Meetings are circulated to the Board and noted by the Board of Directors.

Continuous efforts are made to ensure that grievances are more expeditiously redressed to the complete satisfaction of the investors. Shareholders are requested to furnish their updated telephone numbers and e-mail addresses to facilitate prompt action.

The total number of complaints received and resolved during the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 were NIL. There were no complaints outstanding as on 31st March, 2025.







RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

As per market capitalization as on 31st March 2025, company does not fall under the category of top 1000 listed companies, hence, company is not required to constitute risk management committee.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Composition

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee comprises of three Directors. Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal, Independent Director is the Chairman of the Committee. The other members of the CSR Committee include Mr. Gaurang Gandhi, Independent Director and Mr. Tushya Jatia, Promoter cum Executive Director. The Composition of CSR Committee is in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, The Company has formulated CSR Policy, which is uploaded on the website of the Company viz. https://www.asigroup.co.in.

Terms of Reference

Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy indicating the activity or activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

- · Recommend the amount to be spent on the CSR activities
- · Monitor the Company's CSR Policy periodically
- Attend to such other matters and functions as may be prescribed from time to time

Meeting and Attendance

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, two Committee meetings were held on 9th May, 2024 and 20th January, 2025.

The table below provides the attendance of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Number of Meeting Attended
Mr. Arunanshu V. Agarwal	Chairman	Independent Director	2 of 2
Mr. Tushya Jatia	Member	Executive Director	2 of 2
Mr. Gaurang Gandhi	Member	Independent Director	1 of 2

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS MEETING

During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 20th January, 2025, inter alia, to:

 Evaluate performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole:

- Evaluate performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors:
- Evaluation of the quality, content and timeliness of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors except Mr. Gaurang Gandhi were present at this Meeting.

PARTICULARS OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT INCLUDING THE CHANGES THEREIN SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE PREVIOUS FINANCIAL YEAR.

Senior managers of the company as on 31st March 2025 are Mr. Pavan Kumar Soni, Chief Financial Officer, Mr. S.M Meena-G.M Operations and Mr. Manish Prakash Kakrai, Company Secretary and Compliance officer. There are no changes in the senior management of the company during the financial year 2024-25.

DETAILS OF MATERIAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE LISTED ENTITY; INCLUDING THE DATE AND PLACE OF INCORPORATION AND THE NAME AND DATE OF APPOINTMENT OF THE STATUTORY AUDITORS OF SUCH SUBSIDIARIES

Company does not have any Subsidiary Company.

WEB LINK WEHERE POLICY FOR DETERMINING 'MATERIAL' SUBSIDIARIES IS DISCLOSED

Policy for determining material subsidiaries is duly disclosed at https://www.asigroup.co.in/investor-relation/policies/.

WEB LINK WEHERE POLICY ON DEALING WITH RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS IS DISCLOSED

Policy on dealing with related party transactions is duly disclosed at https://www.asigroup.co.in/investor-relation/policies/.

LOANS AND ADVANCES IN THE NATURE OF LOANS TO FIRMS/COMPANIES IN WHICH DIRECTORS ARE INTERESTED

During the year under review, Company has not granted any loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

DISCLOSURE OF AGREEMENT BINDING LISTED ENTITIES

During the financial year 2024-25, no agreements was entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity.



LIST OF ALL CREDIT RATINGS OBTAINED BY THE ENTITY ALONG WITH ANY REVISIONS THERETO DURING THE RELEVANT FINANCIAL YEAR, FOR ALL DEBT INSTRUMENTS OF SUCH ENTITY OR ANY FIXED DEPOSIT PROGRAMME OR ANY SCHEME OR PROPOSAL OF THE LISTED ENTITY INVOLVING MOBILIZATION OF FUNDS, WHETHER IN INDIA OR ABROAD.

At present, Company does not have any credit rating. Further, no revision in credit rating took place during the financial year 2024-25.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

DETAILS OF LAST THREE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS HELD

AGM	Financial Year	Date & Time	Location of the Meeting	Details of Special Resolution Passed
76 th	2021-22	30 th September 2022 at 11:00 a.m.	Video Conferencing	Nil
77 th	2022-23	29th September 2023 at 11:00 a.m.	Video Conferencing	Appointment of Mr. Padamkumar R. Poddar (DIN: 0012533) as an Independent Director.
78 th	2023-24	20th September 2024 at 11:30 a.m.	Video Conferencing	Re-appointment of Mr. Deepak Jatia as Managing Director for a period of three years with effect from 1st September 2024.
				Re-appointment of Mr. Tushya Jatia as Whole Time Director (Designated as Executive Director) for a period of three years with effect from 12th November 2024

EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Apart from the Annual General Meeting, no other General Meeting was held during the F. Y. 2024-25.

POSTAL BALLOT

During the year under review, the Company has not approached the shareholders through Postal Ballot for approval.

PROCEDURE FOR POSTAL BALLOT

In Compliance of the section 108 and 110 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with related Rules, the Company provides electronic voting (e-voting) facility to all its members. For the purpose, the Company normally choose the e-voting platform provided by the CDSL.

In accordance with the MCA Circulars, members are allowed to vote only through the remote e-voting process. The Postal ballot notice are dispatched by email to members. Who have registered their email address with DP or RTA. The Company also publish a notice in the newspaper declaring the details and

requirements as mandate by the Act and applicable Rules.

Voting right are reckoned on the paid up value of shares registered in the name of members as on the cut-off date. The members who want to exercise their vote are requested to vote before the close of business hour on the last date of e-voting.

The Scrutinizer complete his scrutiny and submit his report to the Chairman and consolidated results of the voting are announced by the Chairman or any authorised person. The results are displayed on Company's website besides being communicated to the Stock Exchange and Registrar and Transfer Agent. The last date of e-voting shall be the date on which the resolution shall be deemed to be passed, if approved by the requisite majority.

 None of the businesses proposed to be transacted in the ensuing Annual General Meeting require passing of a Special Resolution through Postal Ballot.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO THE SHAREHODERS

- a. The Un-audited quarterly/ half yearly results are announced within forty-five days of the close of the quarter. The audited annual results are announced within sixty days from the closure of the financial year as per the requirement of the Listing Regulations.
- b. The approved financial results are forthwith sent to the Stock Exchange and are published in Business Standard (English newspaper) and Praatkaal (local language (Marathi) newspaper), within forty-eight hours of approval thereof. Presently the same are not sent to the shareholders separately.

The Company's financial results and official press releases are displayed on the Company's Website- https://www.asigroup.co.in.

Management Discussion and Analysis report forms part of the Annual Report, which is sent to the shareholders of the Company.

The quarterly results, shareholding pattern, quarterly compliances and all other corporate communication to the Stock Exchange viz. BSE Limited are filed electronically. The Company has complied with filing submissions through BSE's Listing Centre.

A separate dedicated section under "Investors Relation", on the Company's website gives information on unclaimed dividends, shareholding pattern, quarterly/half yearly results and other relevant information of interest to the investors / public.

SEBI processes investor complaints in a centralized web based complaints redressal system i.e. SCORES. Through this system a shareholder can lodge complaint against a company for his grievance. The Company uploads the action taken on the complaint which can be viewed by the shareholder. The Company and shareholder can seek and provide clarifications online through SEBI.







The Company has designated the email id: investors@asigroup. co.in exclusively for investor relation, and the same is prominently displayed on the Company's website http://www.asigroup.co.in

GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25

Day and Date	Friday, 12th September, 2025
Time	11.30 am
Deemed Venue	Annual General Meeting through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM facility) deemed venue of AGM -Marathon Innova, A Wing, 7th Floor, Off G.K.Marg, Lower Parel, Mumai-400013.
Financial Year	2024-25
Record date for AGM	5 th September, 2025
Dividend Payment Date	Dividend of ₹ 0.40 (forty paise) per share i.e. 40% of the paid-up equity capital, will be paid within 30 day from the date of declaration.
Last Date of Receipt of Proxy Forms	NA
Stock Exchange	BSE Limited
Stock Code	502015

Tentative Calendar for Financial Year ending 31st March, 2025

SN	Particulars of Quarter	Tentative dates
1	First Quarter Results	On or before the 14 th August 2025 or within any time limit provides by the Regulator)
2	Second Quarter & Half Yearly Results	On or before the 14 th November 2025
3	Third Quarter & Ninemonths ended Results	On or before the 14 th February 2026
4	Fourth Quarter & Annual Results	On or before the 30 th May 2026

Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A)

Company has not made any preferential allotment and qualified institution placement; hence the above clause is not applicable.

Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agent

The Company has appointed MUFG Intime India Private Limited (Formerly known as Link Intime India Private Limited) as Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agent to conduct all activities related to shares transfer and other related matter as per Regulation 7 of SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015. The address of Unit: ASI Industries Limited C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400 083, Tel: 022-49186000, 022-49186200/ 49186270 Fax: 022-49186060 Email: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com.

Share Transfer System

Confirmation in respect of requests for dematerialisation of shares is sent to respective depositories i.e. NSDL and CDSL

expeditiously. In compliance with the Listing Regulations, a Practicing Company Secretary carries out audit of the System of Transfer and a certificate to that effect is issued.

However, as per SEBI Notification No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/24 dated June 8, 2018 further amendment vide Notification No. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/49 dated November 30, 2018 requests for effecting transfer of securities w.e.f 1st April 2019 and Notification No SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2022/66 dated 24th January, 2022 request for transmission of securities w.e.f 24th January, 2022 shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialised form with the depositories. Therefore, Shareholders are requested to take action to dematerialize the Equity Shares of the Company, promptly.

Nomination

Individual shareholders holding shares singly or jointly in physical form can nominate a person in whose name the shares shall be transferable in case of death of the registered shareholder(s). Nomination facility in respect of shares held in electronic form is also available with the Depository Participants as per the bye-laws and business rules applicable to NSDL and CDSL. Nomination forms can be obtained from the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2025

<u> </u>				
No. of Equity Shares held	No. of Shareholders	Percentage of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	Percentage of Shareholding
Upto 500	9591	75.8302	1114736	1.2376
501 to 1000	1180	9.3295	975504	1.0830
1001 to 2000	770	6.0879	1136094	1.2613
2001 to 3000	294	2.3245	750885	0.8336
3001 to 4000	153	1.2097	547369	0.6077
4001 to 5000	138	1.0911	654632	0.7268
5001 to 10000	251	1.9845	1807228	2.0064
10001 and above	271	2.1426	83088462	92.2437
Grand Total	12648	100.00	90074910	100.00

Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2025

Category	Number of shares	Percentage
Promoters	65818871	73.07
Body Corporates	4554588	5.06
Non-resident Indian	849974	0.94
Indian Public & others	18105673	20.10
IEPF	745804	0.83
Total	90074910	100.00

DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES AND LIQUIDITY

As on 31st March, 2025, 79438308 equity shares representing 88.19% of the total equity share capital of the Company, were held in dematerialised form with National Securities Depository Limited, 8558964 equity shares representing 9.50% of the total equity share capital of the company were held in dematerialized form with Central Depository Services (India) Limited. Rest of the equity share i.e. 2077638 shares (2.31%) held in physical form.



The Company has entered into agreements with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) whereby shareholders have an option to dematerialise their shares with either of the Depositories.

Dematerialization of Shares - Process

Shareholders who continue to hold shares in physical form are requested to dematerialize their shares at the earliest and avail the benefits of dealing in shares in demat form. For convenience of shareholders, the process of getting the shares dematerialized is given hereunder:-

- a) Demat account should be opened with a Depository Participant (DP).
- Shareholders should submit the Dematerialization Request Form (DRF) along with share certificates in original, to their DP
- c) DP will process the DRF and will generate a Dematerialization Request Number (DRN).
- d) DP will submit the DRF and original share certificates to the Registrar and Transfer Agents (RTA), which is MUFG Intime India Private Limited.
- e) RTA will process the DRF and confirm or reject the request to DP/ depositories
- f) Upon confirmation of request, the shareholder will get credit of the equivalent number of shares in his demat account maintained with the DP.

The Promoters hold their entire equity shareholding in the Company in dematerialized form. The Company's equity shares are regularly traded on the BSE. The Annual Custodian fees for the year 2024-25 have been paid to the Depositories.

CONSOLIDATION OF FOLIOS AND AVOIDANCE OF MULTIPLE MAILING

In order to enable the Company to reduce costs and duplicity of efforts for providing services to investors, members who have more than one folio in the same order of names, are requested to consolidate their holdings under one folio. Members may write to the Registrars & Transfer Agents indicating the folio numbers to be consolidated along with the original shares certificates to be consolidated.

RECONCILIATION OF SHARE CAPITAL AUDIT REPORT

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practicing Company Secretary carries out Secretarial Audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed capital. This audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon is submitted to the Stock Exchange where the Company's shares are listed. The audit confirms that the total Listed and Paid-up Capital is in agreement with the aggregate of the total number of shares in dematerialised form (held with

NSDL and CDSL) and total number of shares in physical form.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, a Statutory Body, has issued Secretarial Standards on various aspects of corporate law and practices. The Company has complied with each one of them.

Outstanding GDRs/ Warrants and Convertible Bonds, conversion date and likely impact on equity

As on 31st March, 2025, the Company does not have any outstanding GDR/ADR/Warrants or any other convertible instruments pending conversion or any instruments likely to impact the equity share capital of the Company.

Address for Correspondence:

Compliance Officer	Link Intime India Pvt Ltd	Correspondence with the Company
Mr. Manish Prakash Kakrai	Unit: ASI Industries Limited	Marathon Innova, A wing,
Company Secretary &	C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg,	7th Floor, Off.
Compliance Officer	Vikhroli (West),	G.K.Marg, Lower Parel,
Phone: 022-4089 6100	Mumbai – 400 083	Mumbai-400013.
Email: cs@asigroup.co.in	Tel: 022-49186000	Ph 022-4089 6100
investors@asigroup.co.in	022-49186200/ 49186270	Email: cs@asigroup.co.in
	Fax: 022-49186060	
	Email: rnt.helpdesk@	
	in.mpms.mufg.com	

Plant Locations:

Mining: Ramganjmandi Dist. Kota, Rajasthan- 326519

AFFIRMATION AND DISCLOSURES

a. Compliance with governance framework

The Company is in compliance with all mandatory requirements under the Listing Regulations

b. Related party transactions

All transactions entered into with the Related Parties as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations during the financial year were on arm's length basis and do not attract the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. There were no materially significant transactions with Related Parties during the financial year. Related party transactions have been disclosed under significant accounting policies and notes forming part of the Financial Statements in accordance with "IND AS". All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for approval. Omnibus approval was obtained on a yearly basis for transactions which are of repetitive nature and a statement giving details of all Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and the Board for review and approval on a quarterly basis.

A statement in summary form of transactions with Related Parties in ordinary course of business and arm's length basis is periodically placed before the Audit committee for review and recommendation to the Board for their approval.







c. Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, and strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during last three Financial Years.

The Company has complied with all requirements specified under the Listing Regulations as well as other regulations and guidelines of SEBI. Consequently, there were no strictures or penalties imposed by either SEBI or Stock Exchange or any statutory authority for non-compliance of any matter related to the capital markets during the last three Financial years.

d. Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated Whistle Blower Policy for vigil mechanism of Directors and employees to report to the management about the unethical behavior, fraud or violation of Company's code of conduct.

The Whistle Blower Policy is displayed on the Company's website viz. https://www.asigroup.co.in

e. Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. The significant accounting policies which are consistently applied are set out in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

- f. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A). Not Applicable.
- g. A certificate from a Company Secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Board/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

The Certificate of Company Secretary in practice is annexed herewith as a part of the report.

- h. Where the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee of the board which is mandatorily required, in the relevant financial year. Not Applicable.
- i. Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/ network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part.

Details relating to fees paid to the Statutory Auditors are given in Note 29 (a) to the Financial Statements.

j. Commodity price risk and Commodity hedging activities-

The Company has adequate risk assessment and minimization system in place including for commodities. The Company does not have material exposure of any commodity and accordingly, no hedging activities for the same are carried out. Therefore, there is no disclosure to offer in terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2018/0000000141 dated November 15, 2018

k. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The details of number of complaints filed and disposed of during the year and pending as on 31st March, 2025 are NIL.

I. Non-mandatory requirements

Adoption of non-mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations is being reviewed by the Board from time-to time.

Non-compliance of any requirement of corporate governance report of sub-paras (2) to (10) of Para C of Schedule V of SEBI(LODR), 2015, with reasons thereof: N.A.

DETAILS OF ADOPTION OF NON-MANDATORY (DISCRETIONARY) REQUIREMENTS

Non-mandatory (discretionary) requirements under Regulation 27 of the Listing Regulations. The status of compliance with the non-mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations is provided below:

- The Board- The requirement relating to maintenance of office and reimbursement of expenses of Non-Executive Chairman is not applicable to the Company since the Chairman of the Company is an Executive Director.
- Shareholders rights- The Company has not adopted the
 practice of sending out half-yearly declaration of financial
 performance to shareholders. Quarterly results as approved
 by the Board are disseminated to Stock Exchange and
 updated on the website of the Company.
- Modified opinion(s) in audit report- There are no modified opinions in audit report.
- Reporting of Internal Auditor- In accordance with the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has appointed an Internal Auditor who reports to the Audit Committee. Quarterly internal audit reports are submitted to the Audit Committee which reviews the audit reports and suggests necessary action.

THE DISCLOSURES OF THE COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN REGULATION 17 TO 27 AND REGULATION 46(2):

The Company has complied with Corporate governance requirements specified in regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46.



Corporate Benefits to Shareholders

The Board of Directors has recommended dividend of ₹ 0.40 (Forty Paise) per equity share of ₹ 1/- each, (i.e. 40% of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company) for the FY 2024-25.

Unclaimed Dividend/Share

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, if the dividend transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer then such unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be transferred by the Company along with interest accrued, if any to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ('the IEPF'), a fund established under sub-section (1) of section 125 of the Act. The details of unclaimed/unpaid dividend are available on the website of the Company at https://www.asigroup.co.in.

Mandatory Transfer of Shares to Demat Account of Investors Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) in case of unpaid/ unclaimed dividend on shares for a consecutive period of seven years.

In terms of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, (as amended from time to time) (IEPF Rules) shares on which dividend has not been paid or claimed by a shareholder for a period of seven consecutive years or more shall be credited to the Demat Account of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) within a period of thirty days of such shares becoming due to be so transferred. Upon transfer of such shares, all benefits (like bonus, etc.), if any, accruing on such shares shall also be credited to such Demat Account and the voting rights on such shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the shares.

Shares which are transferred to the Demat Account of IEPFA can be claimed back by the shareholders from IEPFA by following the procedure prescribed under the aforesaid rules.

Therefore, it is in the interest of shareholders to regularly claim the dividends declared by the Company.

Details of Unclaimed Dividend as on 31st March, 2025 and due dates for transfer are as follows.

SN	Financial Year	Date of Declaration of Dividend	Unclaimed Amt. (₹)	Due Date for transfer to IEPF Account
1	2017-18	24th September, 2018	730561	23 rd October, 2025
2	2018-19	20th September, 2019	662734	19th October, 2026
3	2022-23	29th September, 2023	419534	28th October, 2030
4	2023-24	20th September, 2024	858622	19th October, 2031

During the year under review, the Company has transferred Unclaimed Dividend of Rs. 879114/- pertaining to the financial year 2016-17 to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

As per Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations as on 31st March, 2025, 461726 shares are lying in the Suspense account of the Company details of which are as follows:

Par	ticulars	Details
a)	aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year	461726
b)	number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year	NIL
c)	number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year	NIL
d)	aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year	NIL
e)	that the voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.	461726

For ASI Industries Limited

Deepak Jatia
Date: 16th May, 2025 Chairman & Managing Director
Place: Mumbai (DIN:01068689)

DECLARATION

Compliance with the Code of Business Conduct and Ethic

As provided under Regulation 26 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with ASI Industries Limited's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for the year ended 31st March, 2025.

For ASI Industries Limited

Deepak Jatia
Place: Mumbai Chairman & Managing Director
Date: 16th May, 2025 (DIN:01068689)







CEO AND CFO CERTIFICATION

We have reviewed the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- (2) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
 - A. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2025 which are fraudulent, illegal or violate of the Company's code of conduct.
 - B. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
 - C. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit committee that:-
 - (1) No significant changes have been made in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (2) No significant changes in accounting policies has been made during the year and that therefore the same was not required to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (3) No instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting has been noticed.

Deepak Jatia Managing Director (DIN:01068689) Pavan Kumar Soni Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai Date: 16th May, 2025



CERTIFICATE BY A COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE

[Pursuant to clause (i) of Point (10) of Para C of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

To,

The Members

ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

CIN: L14101MH1945PLC256122 Marathon Innova, A wing 7th floor, Off: Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel,

Mumbai MH 400013 IN

I have examined relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED** having CIN L14101MH1945PLC256122 and having registered office at Registered Office - Marathon Innova, A wing 7th floor, Off: Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai MH-400013 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

S. No.	Name of Director	Director Identification Number (DIN)	Date of appointment in Company
1.	Mr. Deepak Nemnath Jatia	01068689	31/12/1987
2.	Mrs. Anita Deepak Jatia	01068774	05/08/2014
3.	Mr. Tushya Jatia	02228722	25/07/2011
4.	Mr. Arunanshu Vijay Kumar Agarwal	00166400	10/02/2024
5.	Mr. Padamkumar Radheshyam Poddar	00012533	26/08/2023
6.	Mr. Gaurang Manhar Gandhi	00008057	04/07/2016

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

This Certificate has been issued at the request of the Company to make disclosure in its Corporate Governance Report of the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2025.

For Jaisal Mohatta & Associates Company Secretaries ICSI Identification No.: S2016GJ378500

Surat, April 30, 2025 UDIN:A035017G000351621 (Jaisal Mohatta)
Proprietor
ACS - 35017, COP – 16090
Peer Review Certificate No. 2372/2022







CERTIFICATE ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIRED UNDER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015 BY ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

To the Members of ASI Industries Limited,

I have examined the compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance by ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED (the Company) under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ("LODR Regulations") for the year ended 31st March 2025.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the LODR Regulations. This Certificate is issued pursuant to the requirements of Schedule V (E) of the LODR Regulations.

The compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My examination was limited to procedures adopted and implementation thereof, by the Company for ensuring compliance with the condition of Corporate Governance under LODR Regulations. The examination is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For B.L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 001100C)

Place: Mumbai

Date: 16th May, 2025

UDIN: 25017184BMMKIE1521

Rajendra Singh Zala Partner Membership No. 16932



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of ASI Industries Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of ASI Industries Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013("the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee







that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Financial Statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2025 on its financial position

- in its Standalone Financial Statements Refer Note No. 31 to the financial statement.
- ii. The Company has made provisions, as required under the applicable law or accounting standard, for material foreseeable losses, if any on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (1) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (2) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (3) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management in this regard nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The final dividend of the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
 - vi. The Board of Directors of the Company has proposed dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2025 which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Such proposed dividend is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.



- vii. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, based on our examination, where the audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated at application and database layer in the previous year, the audit trail has not been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
- 3. As required by The Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017, in our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the Company has paid remuneration to its directors in excess of the limits prescribed under Section 197 of the Act and the rules there under for the Financial Year 2024-25. However, it has been paid within the limit approved by Special Resolution in the Annual General Meeting.

For B. L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 001100C)

(Rajendra Singh Zala) Partner

Place: Mumbai Membership No. 017184

Date: 16th May, 2025 UDIN: 25017184BMMKID1278

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the

- audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.







For B. L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 001100C)

Rajendra Singn Zala)

Partner

Membership No. 017184

UDIN: 25017184BMMKID1278

(Rajendra Singh Zala)

Place: Mumbai Date: 16th May, 2025

ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ASI INDUSTRIES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

[Referred to in paragraph1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

From the matters communicated with those charged with

governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year

ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when,

in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter

should not be communicated in our report because the adverse

consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

- (a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties as disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including Right of Use assets) or its intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made there under. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. (a) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification, coverage & procedure of such verification is reasonable and appropriate. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores in aggregate from Banks/financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Quarterly returns / statements filed with such Banks/ financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account.
- iii. The Company has not provided any loans or advances and guarantees or security during the year to subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. The Company has also not provided any guarantee or security to any other entity during the year. However, Company has granted unsecured loans to companies and other parties during the year and in respect of which:
 - (a) Aggregate amount of loans granted during the year is Rs. 7434.00 Lakhs to other parties and balance outstanding as at balance sheet date is Rs. 4557.11 Lakhs.
 - (b) The investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of all the above-mentioned loans, during the year are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.



- (c) In respect of the abovementioned loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as per stipulation.
- (d) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, in respect of loans granted and advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, there is no overdue amount remaining outstanding as at the balance sheet date.
- (e) During the year, loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has not been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) According to information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Hence, reporting under clause (iii)(f) is not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account relating to materials, labour and other items of cost maintained by the Company pursuant as specified by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act and we are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. (a) As per information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Value Added Tax, GST, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues, to the extent applicable to it, have generally been regularly deposited with the

- appropriate authorities and there are no undisputed dues outstanding as on March 31, 2025 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and necessary audit procedures performed by us, statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute, are as follows: -

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. In lakhs)	Period to which the	Forum where the
			amount relates	dispute is pending
Cess Matters	Royalty/ Dead Rent	59.21	2019-20	High Court

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Tax Assessment of the Company. Also, there are no previously unrecorded income which has been now recorded in the books of account. Hence, the provision stated in paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, money raised by way of term loans during the year have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.







- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our audit, examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph (xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to Company.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated in paragraph 3(xii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

- xiv. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered internal audit reports issued by internal auditors during our audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and hence, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions stated in clause 3 (xvi) (a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Hence, the reporting under paragraph clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company does not have any CIC as part of its group. Hence the provisions stated in paragraph clause 3 (xvi) (d) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. Based on the overall review of financial statements, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Hence, the provisions stated in clause 3 (xvii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on clause 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of financial ratios, ageing and expected date of realisation of financial assets and payment of liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report and the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.



- xx. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no unspent CSR amounts other than for ongoing projects that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act (the Act), in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, CSR amount remaining unspent under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, pursuant to any ongoing project, amounting to Rs. 25.96 Lakhs has been transferred to special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act;

For B. L. Ajmera & Co. **Chartered Accountants**

(FRN: 001100C)

(Rajendra Singh Zala) **Partner** Membership No. 017184

Place: Mumbai Date: 16th May, 2025 UDIN: 25017184BMMKID1278

ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ASI **INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of ASI Industries Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of ASI Industries Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal **Financial Controls**

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk.







The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For B. L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 001100C)

(Rajendra Singh Zala) Partner

 Place: Mumbai
 Membership No. 017184

 Date: 16th May, 2025
 UDIN: 25017184BMMKID1278



BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

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(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) 20 5,122.70 4,433.22 TOTAL 40,533.49 36,973.37				
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As per our report of even date For B. L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 001100C

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pavan Kumar Soni Chief Financial Officer Deepak Jatia Chairman & Managing Director (DIN : 01068689)

Partner
Membership No. 017184

Manish P. Kakrai Company Secretary Tushya Jatia Executive Director (DIN: 02228722)

UDIN:25017184BMMKID1278

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

Rajendra Singh Zala







STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

		(Amount	in ink Lakns)
Particulars	Notes	2024-25	2023-24
REVENUE			
Revenue from operations (net)	21	15,476.56	14,469.23
Other income	22	1,933.30	2,223.11
Total Revenue (I)		17,409.86	16,692.34
EXPENSES			
Cost of Materials Consumed	23	-	-
Purchases of stock-in-trade	24	-	-
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-process	25	10.40	229.28
Employee benefits expense	26	3,502.72	3,337.50
Finance costs	27	172.70	222.59
Depreciation and amortization expense	28	472.44	502.81
Other expenses	29	9,529.06	8,915.50
Total Expenses (II)	Ī	13,687.32	13,207.68
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II)		3,722.54	3,484.66
Exceptional Items	Ī	-	-
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	Ī	3,722.54	3,484.66
Tax expense:			
Current tax		1,028.88	826.44
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods		(6.95)	16.74
Deferred tax		155.69	130.42
Profit/ (Loss) for the period		2,544.92	2,511.06
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
A. Other Comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods:			
Remeasurement of gains (losses) on defined benefit plans		(39.71)	(48.99)
Income tax effect		11.56	14.27
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		899.91	(1,068.85)
Income tax effect		1.21	282.25
B. Other Comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods:			-
Total Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	Ī	872.97	(821.32)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period, Net of Tax	j	3,417.89	1,689.74
Earnings per share for profit attributable to equity shareholders	j		
Basic and Diluted	30	2.83	2.79
Material Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts form an integral part of the financial statements.	1 to 40		
5			

As per our report of even date For B. L. Ajmera & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001100C

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pavan Kumar Soni **Chief Financial Officer**

Deepak Jatia Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN : 01068689)

Tushya Jatia

Rajendra Singh Zala Partner Membership No. 017184 UDIN:25017184BMMKID1278

Manish P. Kakrai **Company Secretary**

Executive Director (DIN: 02228722)

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

A. Equity Share Capital

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	900.75	900.75
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	900.75	900.75
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to year	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting year	900.75	900.75

B. Other Equity

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars			Reserves and Sur	plus		Equity	Total
	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	Property, Plant and Equipment Reserve	Amalgamation Adjustment Surplus Account	Instrument through OCI	
As at April 1, 2023	3,430.75	13,505.58	(132.10)	8,555.43	2,617.56	1,827.84	29,805.06
Profit for the period	-	2,511.06	-	-	-	-	2,511.06
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(34.72)	-	-	(786.60)	(821.32)
Total comprehensive income for the year Transfer from retained earnings	-	2,511.06	(34.72)	-	-	(786.60)	1,689.74
Transfer on sale of revalued assets	195.65	-	-	(195.65)	-	-	-
Transfer on sale of FVTOCI investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity dividend paid	-	(180.15)	-	-	-	-	(180.15)
As at March 31, 2024	3,626.40	15,836.49	(166.82)	8,359.78	2,617.56	1,041.24	31,314.65
Profit for the period	-	2,544.92	-	-	-		2,544.92
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(28.15)	-	-	901.12	872.97
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,544.92	(28.15)	-	-	901.12	3,417.89
Transfer from retained earnings Transfer on sale of revalued assets	329.87	- -	- -	(395.43)	- -	-	(65.56)
Transfer on sale of FVTOCI investments	-	54.68	-	-	-	(54.68)	-
Equity Dividend Paid	-	(315.26)	-	-	-	-	(315.26)
As at March 31, 2025	3,956.27	18,120.83	(194.97)	7,964.35	2,617.56	1,887.68	34,351.72
Material Accounting Policies and N	Notes on Acco	ounts form an	integral part of the fin	ancial stateme	ents.	1 to 40	

As per our report of even date

For B. L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001100C

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pavan Kumar Soni Chief Financial Officer Deepak Jatia Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN: 01068689)

Rajendra Singh Zala Partner Membership No. 017184

UDIN:25017184BMMKID1278

Manish P. Kakrai Company Secretary Tushya Jatia Executive Director (DIN: 02228722)

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025 Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025







STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Profit before income tax:	3,722.54	3,484.66
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	472.44	502.81
Net Loss (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipments	(265.20)	(220.56)
Net Loss (Gain) on sale of investments	(19.09)	(27.84)
Allowance for loss on trade receivables	77.71	86.07
Income Distributed by Investment Fund	(17.53)	-
Interest income classified as investing cash flows	(1,523.49)	(1,316.68)
Finance Costs	172.70	222.59
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade receivables	(97.85)	1,520.82
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	48.54	262.28
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	70.81	(59.00)
(Increase)/Decrease in other assets	(2,290.62)	311.97
(Increase)/Decrease in other bank balances	47.33	(84.53)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	(48.12)	(20.75)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(53.27)	26.74
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	11.14	31.37
Increase/(Decrease) in other liabilities	370.22	(574.56)
Cash generated from operations	678.26	4,145.39
Less: Income taxes paid	(1,014.67)	(785.47)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	(336.41)	3,359.92
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(612.09)	(906.36)
Proceeds from sale of investments	8,837.72	1,404.58
Payments for purchase of investments	(9,485.05)	(4,946.62)
(Increase)/decrease in loans	(604.18)	(603.51)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	762.72	566.35
Income Distributed by Investment Fund	17.53	-
Interest received	1,506.97	1,316.35
Net cash outflow from investing activities	423.62	(3,169.21)



(Amount	in	INR	Lakhs
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Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from borrowings	3,796.87	4,359.37
Repayment of borrowings	(3,594.26)	(4,384.54)
Finance costs paid	(171.94)	(225.43)
Dividends paid	(315.26)	(180.15)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities	(284.59)	(430.75)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(197.38)	(240.04)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	207.61	447.65
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the year	10.23	207.61
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following:		
Balances with banks on current accounts	0.06	192.62
Cash on hand	10.17	14.99
Balances per statement of cash flows	10.23	207.61
Material Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts form an integral part of the financial statements.	-0	

As per our report of even date For B. L. Ajmera & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001100C

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pavan Kumar Soni Chief Financial Officer Deepak Jatia Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN: 01068689)

Rajendra Singh Zala Partner Membership No. 017184 UDIN:25017184BMMKID1278 Manish P. Kakrai Company Secretary Tushya Jatia Executive Director (DIN: 02228722)

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025







NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31. 2025

1 Corporate Information

These statements comprise financial statements of ASI Industries Limited (L14101MH1945PLC256122) for the year ended March 31, 2025. The company is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated on January 17, 1945 under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. Its shares are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) in India. The registered office of the company is located at Marathon Innova, A Wing, 7th FLoor, Off: Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013.

The Company is principally engaged in the mining and processing of natural stones.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 16, 2025.

2 Material Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value or revalued amount:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or at amortised cost depending on the classification(refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments),
- Employee defined benefit assets/(obligations) are recognised as the net total of the fair value of plan assets, plus actuarial losses, less actuarial gains and the present value of the defined benefit obligations

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(a) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Freehold land are stated at cost. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition of property, plant and equipment which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the Property, plant and equipment is de-recognized.

Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalized. Indirect expenditure incurred during construction period is capitalized to the extent to which the expenditure is indirectly related to construction or is incidental thereto. Other indirect expenditure (including borrowing costs) incurred during the construction period which is neither related to the construction activity nor is incidental thereto is charged to the statement of profit and loss.

Costs of assets not ready for use at the balance sheet date are disclosed under capital work- in- progress.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated on straight line basis using the useful lives as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. If the management's estimate of the useful life of a item of property, plant and equipment at the time of acquisition or the remaining useful life on



a subsequent review is shorter than the envisaged in the aforesaid schedule, depreciation is provided at a higher rate based on the management's estimate of the useful life/remaining useful life.

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the company will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term. Leasehold assets are amortised on a straight line basis over the balance period of lease.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

(b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company are measured initially at cost. After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at its cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits from the specific asset to which it relates. An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and disposal.

Losses arising from retirement and gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Amortisation methods and periods

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the useful life of ten years which is estimated by the management.

The estimated useful lives of intangible assets and the amortisation period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortisation method is revised to reflect the changed pattern, if any.

(c) Research and development

Revenue expenditure pertaining to research is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Development costs of products are also charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year it is incurred, unless a product's technological feasibility has been established, in which case such expenditure is capitalised. These costs are charged to the respective heads in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year it is incurred. The amount capitalised comprises of expenditure that can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis for creating, producing and making the asset ready for its intended use. Fixed

assets utilised for research and development are capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Tangible Fixed Assets and Intangible Assets.

(d) Impairment of non financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(e) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the entity are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is entity's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognised in statement of profit or loss. Non monetary assets and liabilities are carried at cost.







(f) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and ancillary costs related to borrowings) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial Assets

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") on the basis of following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

(i) Amortised Cost

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Fair Value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(iii) Fair Value through Profit or Loss

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or 'other financial liabilities'.

(i) Financial Liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is held for trading or are designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Gains or Losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ii) Other Financial Liabilities:

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. The Company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial asset. In case of trade receivables, the Company follows the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 — Financial Instruments for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. The Company calculates the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix on the basis of its historical credit loss experience.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts



it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Equity investment in subsidiaries and Asscoiate

Investment in subsidiaries are carried at cost. Impairment recognized, if any, is reduced from the carrying value.

Investment in associate are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(g) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

(h) Taxes

(i) Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach, deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.







Finished goods and work in progress: cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of direct overheads. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Traded goods: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The net realizable value of work-in-progress is determined with reference to the selling prices of related finished products. Raw materials and other supplies held for use in production of finished products are not written down below cost except in cases where material prices have declined and it is estimated that the cost of the finished products will exceed their net realizable value.

(j) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates, value added taxes and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities as described below. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Recognising revenue from major business activities

(i) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on delivery of the goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates.

(ii) Interest income

For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR).

(iii) Dividend income

Revenue is recognised when the company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

(k) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The earned leave obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet as the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iii) Post-employment obligations

The company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined benefit plans viz gratuity,
- (b) defined contribution plans viz provident fund.

Gratuity obligations

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The plan assets are administered by the approved gratuity fund trust.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

Defined contribution plans

The company pays provident fund contributions to approved provident fund trust and publicly administered provident funds. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.



Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the company before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits.

(I) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

(i) Finance Lease

Leases where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the related assets are classified as finance leases. Assets under finance lease are capitalised at the commencement of the lease at the lower of the fair value or the present value of minimum lease payments and a liability is created for an equivalent amount.

Each lease rental paid is allocated between the liability and the interest cost, so as to obtain a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability for each period.

Assets given under a finance lease are recognized as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. Lease income is recognized over the period of the lease so as to yield a constant rate of return on the net investment in the lease.

(ii) Company under Operating Leases

The leases which are not classified as finance lease are operating leases.

The Company as a lessee accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right of use assets is measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the

amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognized in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. The Company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognizes any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(m) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources, that can be reliably estimated, will be required to settle such an obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Unwinding of the discount is







recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non -occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Claims against the Company where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and is measured with reference to the effective interest rate (EIR) applicable to the respective borrowing.

Borrowing costs, allocated to qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset up to the date of capitalisation of such asset are added to the cost of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period which they are incurred.

(o) Segment Reporting - Identification of Segments

An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the company's chief operating decision maker to make decisions for which discrete financial information is available. Based on the management approach as defined in Ind AS 108, the chief operating decision maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

(p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

(r) Events after reporting date

Where events occuring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed

(s) Current/non current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.



The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

(t) Dividends

The Company recognises a liability to make distributions to equity holders when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

(u) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest Lakh as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

3 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Critical estimates and judgements

(i) Estimation of net realizable value for inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

NRV for completed inventory is assessed by reference to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is determined by the Company, based on comparable transactions identified.

(ii) Impairment of non - financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying

amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

(iii) Recoverability of trade receivables

In case of trade receivables, the Company follows the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. The Company calculates the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix on the basis of its historical credit loss experience.

(iv) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment/ intangible assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment/intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

(v) Valuation of deferred tax assets

The Company reviews the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period. The policy for the same has been explained under Note above.

(vi) Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.







4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Land	Buildings	Plant and Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipments	Computer Hardwares	Electric Installations	Total
GROSS CARRYING VALUE			11.1.			1. 1.			
As at April 1, 2023	11,579.69	4,062.79	839.14	622.69	2,077.34	17.20	38.63	396.74	19,634.22
Additions	265.56	1.99	107.44	-	124.68	23.69	7.07	27.75	558.18
Disposals	(205.21)	(129.12)	(14.11)	-	(262.64)	(1.19)	-	(5.62)	(617.89)
Other Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	11,640.04	3,935.66	932.47	622.69	1,939.38	39.70	45.70	418.87	19,574.51
Additions	283.93	27.12	18.36	-	257.09	18.98	2.47	55.12	663.07
Disposals	(527.08)	(10.73)	(57.45)	-	(171.06)	-	-	(7.12)	(773.44)
Other Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	11,396.89	3,952.05	893.38	622.69	2,025.41	58.68	48.17	466.87	19,464.14
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION/ IMPAIRMENT									
As at April 1, 2023	-	548.17	503.82	382.16	1,332.19	11.69	36.48	277.30	3,091.81
Depreciation for the year	-	78.56	93.48	59.15	207.31	3.29	0.84	29.04	471.67
Deductions\Adjustments during the period	-	(14.62)	(9.66)	-	(240.99)	(1.19)	-	(5.62)	(272.08)
As at March 31, 2024	-	612.11	587.64	441.31	1,298.51	13.79	37.32	300.72	3,291.40
Depreciation for the year	-	76.84	83.72	58.98	165.51	5.57	2.18	31.74	424.54
Deductions\Adjustments during the period	-	-	(57.02)	-	(146.71)	-	-	(6.68)	(210.41)
As at March 31, 2025	-	688.95	614.34	500.29	1,317.31	19.36	39.50	325.78	3,505.53
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	11,396.89	3,263.10	279.04	122.40	708.10	39.32	8.67	141.09	15,958.61
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	11,640.04	3,323.55	344.83	181.38	640.87	25.91	8.38	118.15	16,283.11

The amount of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment is disclosed in Note 31 (A).

Capital Work-in-Progress

Capital Work-in-Progress ageing schedule

Particulars		as on 31.03.2025				as on 31.03.2024				
	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-	39.90	-	-	-	39.90
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	4.47	4.47	-	-	-	4.47	4.47
Total		-	-	4.47	4.47	39.90	-	-	4.47	44.37



5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
GROSS CARRYING VALUE	
As at April 1, 2023	256.06
Additions	138.00
Other Adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2024	394.06
Additions	-
Other Adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2025	394.06
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	
As at April 1, 2023	113.41
Amortisation for the year	31.14
Deductions\Adjustments during the period	-
As at March 31, 2024	144.55
Amortisation for the year	47.90
Deductions\Adjustments during the period	-
As at March 31, 2025	192.45
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2025	201.61
Net Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	249.51

Intangible Assets under Development

Intangible Assets under Development ageing schedule

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

intaligible Assets under Development agening schedule							(71110	Julie III IIV	K Lakiis)	
Particulars	as on 31.03.2025				as on 31.03.2024					
	Amou	Amount in CWIP for a period of Total				Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	-	153.21	104.26	-	257.47	153.21	104.26	-	-	257.47
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	153.21	104.26	-	257.47	153.21	104.26	-	-	257.47

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(A) INVESTMENTS		
Non Current		
(1) Investments carried at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		
Unquoted		
Investments in Equity Instruments		
17,42,500 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up in Stone Masters (India)	2,896.04	2,214.28
Pvt. Ltd. (March 31, 2024: 17,42,500)		
100 Equity Shares of Rs. 25/- each fully paid up in Sarvodaya Sahakari Samiti	0.03	0.03
Limited (March 31, 2024: 100)		
Investments in Alternative Investment Fund		
14,76,066 AIF units of Alpha Alternatives Structured Credit Opportunities Fund	1,748.24	-
(March 31, 2024: Nil)		







		unt in INR Lakhs)
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(2) Investments carried at Amortised Cost		
Unquoted		
Investments in NCDs		
430 Non-Convertible Debentures of Rs. 10,00,000/- each fully paid up of	4,310.48	-
Abhinand Ventures Private Ltd. Including Accrued Interest (March 31, 2024: Nil)		_
Total	8,954.79	2,214.31
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	-	-
Market value of quoted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	8,954.79	2,214.31
Current		
(1) Investments carried at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		
Quoted		
Investments in Equity Instruments		
58,460 Equity share of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in Thacker & Co.Limited. (March 31, 2024: 60,495)	730.75	423.43
Nil Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up in Birla Corporation Ltd (March 31, 2024: 1000)	-	14.24
7,000 Equity shares of Rs. 2/- each fully paid up in DCM Shriram Ltd (March 31, 2024: 7,000)	75.54	59.80
30,000 Equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in Gujarat Ambuja Exports Limited (March 31, 2024: 30,000)	30.64	47.95
Nil Equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in HDFC Bank Ltd (March 31, 2024: 10000)	-	144.79
6,819 Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each fully paid up in Mayur Uniquoters Ltd (March 31, 2024: 7,000)	32.26	31.90
Nil Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each fully paid up in ONGC Ltd (March 31, 2024: 91,500)	-	245.27
Nil Equity shares of Rs. 1/- each fully paid up in Triveni Engineering and Industries Ltd. (March 31, 2024: 5,000)	-	15.55
4,033 Equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in Lloyds Metals & Energy Ltd (March 31, 2024: Nil)	51.91	-
2,50,000 Equity shares of Rs.1/- each fully paid up in Food and Inns Ltd (March 31, 2024: Nil)	203.30	-
Investments in Mutual Fund Units	_	1,292.45
(2) Investments carried at Amortised Cost		,
Unquoted		
Investments in debentures or bonds		
Nil Debentures of Rs. 1,00,000/- each fully paid up in Essar power Gujarat Limited Including Accrued Interest (March 31, 2024: 3,450)	-	3,488.91
Nil Debentures of Rs. 10,00,000/- each fully paid up in Essar power Limited Including Accrued Interest (March 31, 2024:50)	-	534.26
Total	1,124.40	6,298.55
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	1,124.40	2,275.38
Market value of quoted investments	1,124.40	2,275.38
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	- 1,121.10	4,023.17
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Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(B) LOANS		
Current		
Unsecured and Considered Good		
Loans to Employees	10.67	4.89
Loans to Others	4,557.11	3,958.71
Total	4,567.78	3,963.60
(C) OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Non Current		
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Security Deposits	249.90	250.35
Term Deposits with more than 12 months of original maturity held as margin money against bank guarantee and other commitments	208.19	278.55
Total	458.09	528.90
Current		
Financial assets carried at amortised cost		
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits	19.36	2.84
Total	19.36	2.84

7. INVENTORIES

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(Valued at lower of Cost and Net Realisable value)		_
Raw Materials	-	-
Work-in-process	120.48	104.64
Finished goods	359.70	385.94
Stores and Spares including Goods in Transit INR 1.51 Lakhs (March 31, 2024 : INR 1.91 Lakhs)	100.45	138.59
Total	580.63	629.17

8. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current		
Trade Receivables from customers	4,742.28	4,722.19
	4,742.28	4,722.19
Breakup of Security details		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	5,543.23	5,445.44
Doubtful	-	
	5,543.23	5,445.44
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	800.95	723.25
	4,742.28	4,722.19







Ageing for trade receivables outstanding as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Trade Receivables - Unsecured	Not Due	Outstan	Total				
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,762.93	1,023.09	116.49	226.58	232.72	1,028.45	5,390.26
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	8.06	52.24	92.68	152.98
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2,762.93	1,023.09	116.49	234.64	284.96	1,121.13	5,543.24
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts							800.96
Total							4,742.28

Ageing for trade receivables outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Trade Receivables - Unsecured	Not Due Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,150.59	1,100.68	486.01	364.52	730.05	456.67	5,288.52
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	3.06	5.00	54.79	4.65	89.42	156.92
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2,150.59	1,103.74	491.01	419.31	734.70	546.09	5,445.44
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts							723.25
Total							4,722.19

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balances with banks on current accounts	0.06	192.62
Cash on hand	10.17	14.99
Total	10.23	207.61



10. OTHER BANK BALANCES

(Amount in	INR L	.akhs)
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Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Term Deposits with upto 12 months of original maturity held as margin money against bank guarantee and other commitments	161.34	206.08
Other Term Deposits with upto 12 months of original maturity	-	2.34
Unclaimed Dividend Accounts	26.71	26.97
Total	188.05	235.39

11. OTHER ASSETS

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

		(Aiiio	unt in in the Lakins)
Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Non Current			
Capital Advances		9.57	20.64
Advances other than Capital advances			
- Prepaid expenses		881.62	3.64
- Payment of Taxes (Net of Provisions)		243.19	238.89
	Total	1,134.38	263.17
Current			
Advance against purchases and expenses		2.59	1.41
Prepaid expenses		1,007.08	52.41
Balances with Statutory, Government Authorities		741.22	276.04
Other current assets		134.70	143.09
	Total	1,885.59	472.95

12. SHARE CAPITAL

i. Authorised Share Capital

Particulars	As At Marcl	As At March 31, 2025		n 31, 2024
	Numbers	Amount	Numbers	Amount
Equity Share of Rs. 1 Each				
At the beginning of the year	26,24,00,000	2,624.00	26,24,00,000	2,624.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	_	-	
At the end of the year	26,24,00,000	2,624.00	26,24,00,000	2,624.00
Redeemable Preference Share of Rs. 100 Each				
At the beginning of the year	2,00,000	200.00	2,00,000	200.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	_	-	
At the end of the year	2,00,000	200.00	2,00,000	200.00
12% Non-Convertible Preference Share of Rs. 100				
Each				
At the beginning of the year	1,000	1.00	1,000	1.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	1,000	1.00	1,000	1.00
Unclassified Shares of Rs. 10 Each				
At the beginning of the year	2,00,000	20.00	2,00,000	20.00
Increase/(decrease) during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	2,00,000	20.00	2,00,000	20.00







i. Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	As At March 31, 2025		As At March 31, 2025 As At March 31, 202		h 31, 2024
	Numbers	Amount	Numbers	Amount	
Equity shares of Rs. 1 each issued, subscribed and					
fully paid up					
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	9,00,74,910	900.75	9,00,74,910	900.75	
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-	-	-	
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	9,00,74,910	900.75	9,00,74,910	900.75	

ii. Terms/ rights attached to issued, subscribed and paid up equity shares

- 1. The Company has only one class of equity share having a par value of INR 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees.
- The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Year 2024-25	Year 2023-24
Dividend paid during the year		
Final dividend for the FY 2023-24 [Rs. 0.35 (Previous year - Rs. 0.20) per equity share of face value of Rs. 1 each]	315.26	180.15
	315.26	180.15

Proposed dividend for Financial Year 2024-25 is Rs. 0.40 per equity share of face value of Rs. 1 each amounting to Rs. 360.30 Lakhs (Previous year - Rs. 0.35 per equity share of face value of Rs.1 each amounting to Rs. 315.26 Lakhs), subject to approval at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and hence is not recognised as a liability.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

iii. Shareholding details of Promoters

Promoter Name	As At Mar	As At March 31, 2025		As At March 31, 2024		
	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	during the year	
Deepak Jatia HUF	2,75,02,779	30.53%	2,75,02,779	30.53%	-	
Stone Masters (India) Private Limited	2,45,58,129	27.26%	2,45,08,129	27.21%	0.05%	
Deepak Jatia	40,04,183	4.45%	39,54,183	4.39%	0.06%	
Tushya Jatia	38,52,679	4.28%	36,96,051	4.10%	0.18%	
Anita Jatia	30,32,392	3.37%	30,32,392	3.37%	-	
Prerna Agarwal	26,18,709	2.91%	26,18,709	2.91%	-	
Ritu Jatia	2,50,000	0.28%	-	-	0.28%	

iv. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the Shareholder	As At March 31, 2025		As At March 31, 2025		rch 31, 2025 As At March 31, 2024	
	Numbers	% of holding	Numbers	% of holding		
Equity shares of INR 1 each fully paid						
Deepak Jatia HUF	2,75,02,779	30.53%	2,75,02,779	30.53%		
Stone Masters (India) Private Limited	2,45,58,129	27.26%	2,45,08,129	27.21%		

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.



v. Aggregate number of equity shares issued as bonus, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Numbers	Numbers	Numbers	Numbers	Numbers
Shares have been issued as fully paid Bonus	-	-	-	-	-
Shares issued for consideration other than cash	-	-	-	-	4,79,35,009

vi. None of the above shares are reserved for issue under options/contract/commitments for sale of shares or disinvestment.

13. OTHER EQUITY

Reserves and Surplus

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) General Reserve	3,956.27	3,626.40
(b) Retained Earnings	18,120.83	15,836.49
(c) Property, Plant and Equipment Reserve	7,964.35	8,359.78
(d) Amalgamation Adjustment Surplus Account	2,617.56	2,617.56
	32,659.01	30,440.23

(a) General Reserve

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	3,626.40	3,430.75
Add/(Less): Transfer from Retained Earnings	-	-
Add/(Less): Transfer on sale of revalued assets	329.87	195.65
Closing Balance	3,956.27	3,626.40

General reserve is created from time to time by way of transfer from free reserve for appropriation purpose. General reserve is created by transfer from one component of equity to another.

(b) Retained Earnings

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

(Allouit ii lint L		
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	15,836.49	13,505.58
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period	2,544.92	2,511.06
Add/(Less):		
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-
Transfer on sale of FVTOCI Investment	54.68	-
Equity Dividend Paid	(315.26)	(180.15)
Closing balance	18,120.83	15,836.49

(c) Property, Plant and Equipment Reserve

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	8,359.78	8,555.43
Add/(Less): Transfer on sale of revalued assets	(395.43)	(195.65)
Closing balance	7,964.35	8,359.78

Property, plant and equipment reserve represents reserve created on revaluation of freehold land in the year 2006-07. It is a non distributable reserve.







(d) Amalgamation Adjustment Surplus Account

	(Amoun	t in INR	Lakhs)
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Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	2,617.56	2,617.56
Less: Change in the Fair Valuation	-	-
Closing balance	2,617.56	2,617.56

ii. Components of Other Comprehensive Income

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(194.97)	(166.82)
(b) Equity Instruments through OCI	1,887.68	1,041.24
	1,692.71	874.42

(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit plans

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

<i>f.</i>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	(166.82)	(132.10)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(28.15)	(34.72)
Closing balance	(194.97)	(166.82)

(b) Equity Instruments through OCI

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	1,041.24	1,827.84
Changes in the Fair Valuation	901.12	(786.60)
Add/(Less): Transfer on sale of FVTOCI Investment	(54.68)	-
Closing balance	1,887.68	1,041.24
Total Other Equity (I +ii)	34,351.72	31,314.65

14. BORROWINGS

Particulars		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Non Current Borrowings			
Secured			
Term Loans			
From Banks		303.59	232.79
From Others		-	-
Unsecured			
From Directors		-	-
From Others		-	206.47
	(A)	303.59	439.26
Current Maturity of Non Current Borrowings			
Secured			
Term Loans			
From Banks		145.27	114.51
From Others		-	-
Unsecured			
From Directors		-	-
From Others		-	-
	(B)	145.27	114.51
	Total (A)-(B)	158.32	324.75



I. Nature of Security and Terms of Repayment

- a. Equipment and vehicle loan balance outstanding amounting to INR 7.87 lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 22.72 lakhs) is secured by hypothecation of specific assets and guaranteed by Directors. Repayable in 37 EMI of INR 1.34 lakhs starting from Sept., 2022. Last installment due in Sept, 2025 (Current Rate of Interest as on 31.03.2025 is 7.75% p.a.)
- b. Equipment and vehicle loan balance outstanding amounting to INR 31.43 lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR Nil) is secured by hypothecation of specific assets and guaranteed by Directors. Repayable in 37 EMI of INR 1.34 lakhs starting from May., 2024. Last installment due in May, 2027 (Current Rate of Interest as on 31.03.2025 is 9.00% p.a.)
- c. Vehicle loans balance outstanding amounting to INR 36.93 lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 71.03 lakhs) is secured by hypothecation of specific vehicle and guaranteed by Directors. Repayable in 39 EMI of Rs. 3.21 Lakhs starting from Jan, 2023 and last installment due in March, 2026. (Current Rate of Interest as on 31.03.2025 is 8.00% p.a.)
- d. Vehicle loans balance outstanding amounting to INR 40.25 lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 90.36 lakhs) is secured by hypothecation of specific vehicle and guaranteed by Directors. Repayable in 39 EMI of Rs. 4.62 Lakhs starting from October, 2022 and last installment due in December, 2025. (Current Rate of Interest as on 31.03.2025 is 7.90% p.a.)
- e. Vehicle loans balance outstanding amounting to INR 33.35 lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 48.69 Lakhs) is secured by hypothecation of specific vehicle and guaranteed by Directors. Repayable in 36 EMI of Rs. 1.59 Lakhs starting from March, 2024 and last installment due in February, 2027. (Current Rate of Interest as on 31.03.2025 is 8.85% p.a.)
- f. Vehicle loans balance outstanding amounting to INR 153.76 lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR Nil) is secured by hypothecation of specific vehicle and guaranteed by Directors. Repayable in 60 EMI of Rs. 3.52 Lakhs starting from September, 2024 and last installment due in August, 2029. (Current Rate of Interest as on 31.03.2025 is 8.95% p.a.)
- g. Unsecured loan from others balance outstanding amounting to INR Nil (March 31,2024: INR 206.47 Lakhs). Repayable on completion of 2 years (Rate of Interest 8% p.a.)

II. The Company has not used borrowings for purpose other than specified purpose of the borrowing.

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current Borrowings		
Secured		
(a) Cash Credit / WCDL / Overdraft from Bank	2,798.79	2,460.51
(b) Current maturities of long term debts	145.27	114.51
Unsecured		
(c) Loans from Others	-	-
Total	2,944.06	2,575.02

I. Nature of Security

- (a) Cash Credit from bank is secured by first charge by way of hypothecation of mining and stone related business stock, book debts, etc. and equitable mortgage on specific immovable property and guaranteed by Directors.
- II. Quarterly statements of current assets filed by the Company with the banks are in agreement with the books of accounts. The Company has not used borrowings for purpose other than specified purpose of the borrowing.

Net Debt Reconciliation

Particulars	Liabilities from financing activities		
	Non Current	Current	Total
	Borrowings	Borrowings	
Net Debt as at April 1, 2023	863.65	2,065.29	2,928.94
Cash Inflows	3,964.15	395.22	4,359.37
Cash Outflows	(4,384.54)	-	(4,384.54)
Interest Expense	78.42	135.58	214.00
Interest Paid	(81.26)	(135.58)	(216.84)







(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Liabilities from financing activities		
	Non Current Borrowings	Current Borrowings	Total
Net Debt as at March 31, 2024	440.42	2,460.51	2,900.93
Cash Inflows	3,458.59	338.28	3,796.87
Cash Outflows	(3,594.26)	-	(3,594.26)
Interest Expense	59.28	103.59	162.87
Interest Paid	(58.52)	(103.59)	(162.11)
Net Debt as at March 31, 2025	305.51	2,798.79	3,104.30

15. INCOME TAX

Deferred Tax	(Amount in INR Lakhs)	
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Deferred tax relates to the following:		
Accelerated Depreciation for Tax purpose	(115.32)	(87.96)
Revaluation of FVTOCI investments to fair value	(471.66)	(482.12)
Carry forward of unused Business Losses / Capital Losses	667.44	817.30
Disallowances u/s 35DD, 35E & 43B of Income Tax Act, 1961	132.05	142.40

Impairment on Financial Assets233.24210.61Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)445.75600.23

Movement in deferred tax liabilities/assets

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance as of April 1	600.23	448.39
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	(155.69)	(130.42)
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	1.21	282.25
Closing balance as at March 31	445.75	600.23

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority

Major Components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 are as follows:

i. Income tax recognised in profit or loss

(Amount in INR Lakhs		
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Current income tax charge (including MAT Credit Utilised)	1,028.88	826.44
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of previous year	(6.95)	16.74
Deferred tax		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	155.69	130.42
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	1.177.62	973.60

ii. Income tax recognised in OCI

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Unrealised (gain)/loss on FVTOCI equity securities	(1.21)	(282.25)
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(11.56)	(14.27)
Income tax expense recognised in OCI	(12.77)	(296.52)



Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by income tax rate for March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024

	(Amo	ount in INR Lakhs)
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Profit before tax	3,722.54	3,484.66
Enacted tax rate in India	29.120%	29.120%
Income tax on accounting profits	1084.00	1,014.73
Tax Effect of		
Expenses not allowable or considered separately under Income Tax	273.09	272.36
Expenses allowable and others	(328.21)	(460.65)
Defferred Tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	155.69	130.42
Tax relating to earlier years	(6.95)	16.74
Tax at effective income tax rate	1,177.62	973.60

16. TRADE PAYABLES

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current		
Trade Payables to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	-
Trade Payables to Others	116.46	169.73
Total	116.46	169.73

Note: Based on the information and explanation available with management there are no amounts due to the suppliers covered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2025 is as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Trade Payables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			0.		
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	93.38	23.08	-	-	-	116.46	
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Provision MSME (unbilled dues)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Provision Others (unbilled dues)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	93.38	23.08	-	-	-	116.46	

Ageing for trade payables outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Trade Payables	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment			Total	
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	151.95	17.78	-	-	-	169.73
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provision MSME (unbilled dues)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provision Others (unbilled dues)	- 1	-	-	-	-	-
Total	151.95	17.78	-	-	-	169.73







17. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current		
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	1.92	1.16
Unclaimed Dividend	26.71	26.97
Retention Money and Other Deposits	141.09	141.78
Creditors for Capital goods	-	43.00
Dues to employees	497.84	482.72
Other Payables	221.50	181.53
Total	889.06	877.16

18. OTHER LIABILITIES

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current		
Advance received from Customers	469.41	408.82
Advance received for sale of property, plant and equipment	62.39	62.52
Statutory Liabilities	521.71	211.95
Total	1,053.51	683.29

19. PROVISIONS

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Non Current		
Provision for employee benefits	-	-
Total	-	-
Current		
Provision for employee benefits	119.61	128.02
Total	119.61	128.02

20. CURRENT TAX LIABILITY(NET)

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

	(
Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening balance	-	248.19
Add: Current tax payable for the year	-	-
Less: Taxes paid	-	(248.19)
Closing Balance	-	-

21. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

		(, ,,,,,,	and min the Landing
Particulars		2024-25	2023-24
Sale of Products			
- Stones		15,476.56	14,469.23
	Total	15,476.56	14,469.23



22. OTHER INCOME

MINUUIII III IIII LAKIIS	Amount in IN	R Lakhs)
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Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Interest income on		
- Bank deposits	26.57	22.60
- Loans etc. to others	1,486.46	1,206.00
- Income Tax Refund	10.46	88.08
Other Non Operating Income		
Insurance Claim Received	16.93	27.54
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	265.20	220.56
Miscellaneous Income	127.68	658.33
Tota	1,933.30	2,223.11

23. COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Opening Stock	-	-
Add: Purchases	-	-
	-	-
Less: Closing Stock	-	_
Total	-	-

24. PURCHASES OF STOCK-IN-TRADE

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Purchase of Traded Goods	-	-
Total	-	-

25. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Inventories as at the beginning of the year		
Work - in - process	104.64	179.62
Finished goods	385.94	540.24
Total	490.58	719.86
Less: Inventories as at the end of the year		
Work - in - process	120.48	104.64
Finished goods	359.70	385.94
Total	480.18	490.58
		-
Net decrease / (increase) in inventories	10.40	229.28

26. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

<i>[</i>		
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,692.83	2,596.72
Directors Remuneration	480.80	432.00
Contribution to provident and other funds	291.81	284.10
Staff welfare expenses	37.28	24.68
Total	3,502.72	3,337.50







27. FINANCE COST

(Amount in IN	NK Lakns)	
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Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Interest expense on debts and borrowings	162.87	214.00
Bank Charges	9.83	8.59
Total	172.70	222.59

28. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	424.54	471.67
Amortisation on Intangible Assets	47.90	31.14
Total	472.44	502.81

29. OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars		2024-25	2023-24
Mining and Production Expenses			
Purchase		31.90	25.10
Stores and Spare parts consumed		188.23	208.41
Raising and Mining Expenses		44.28	29.96
Power and Fuel		3,474.50	3,475.05
Royalty and DMFT Contribution on stone		2,777.10	2,737.74
Repairs to Machinery		394.42	312.19
Other Manufacturing expenses		1,143.00	587.37
	(A)	8,053.43	7,375.82
Selling and Distribution Expenses	,		,
Commission on sales		278.26	272.06
Other Selling and Distribution Expenses		43.58	39.86
	(B)	321.84	311.92
Establishment Expenses	, ,		
Payment to Auditors (Refer Note (a) below)		8.77	8.81
Insurance		31.07	30.65
Legal and professional fees		316.06	198.16
Rates and taxes		14.22	49.32
Rent		100.58	96.32
Repairs to Building and Others		39.93	38.02
Travelling and conveyance expenses		133.99	145.61
Allowance for doubtful debts and advances		77.71	86.08
Corporate social responsibility expenditure (Refer Note (b) below)		47.19	35.96
Director Fees		0.26	0.36
Charity and Donations		0.80	0.11
General Expense		383.21	538.36
	(C)	1,153.79	1,227.76
	Total (A+B+C)	9,529.06	8,915.50



(a) Details of Payments to auditors

	,	
Particulars	2024-25	2023-24
Audit Fee	6.50	6.50
Tax audit fee	1.00	1.00
Limited review fee	1.00	1.00
Reimbursement of expenses	0.27	0.31
Total	8.77	8.81

(b) Corporate social responsibility expenditure

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

	(Autount in nat Earlie			
Pa	rticulars	2024-25	2023-24	
a.	Gross amount required to be spent by the Company for the year	47.19	35.84	
b.	Amount Unspent upto previous years	-	-	
C.	Total amount required to be spent by the Company for the year	47.19	35.84	
d.	Amount spent during the year including advance paid for ongoing Project Rs. 9.00 Lacs (Previous Year Rs. Nil)	21.23	35.96	
e.	Excess Amount spent during the year	-	0.12	
f.	Total Unspent amout at the end of the year	25.96	-	
	Unspent amount earmarked for ongoing projects	25.96	-	
	Unspent amount not earmarked for ongoing projects	-	-	
g.	Amount debited in the statement of Profit & Loss Account (including unspent CSR amount earmarked for ongoing projects Rs. 25.96 Lacs (Previous Year Rs.Nil))	47.19	35.96	
h.	Related party transactions in relation to Corporate Social Responsibility	-	-	
i.	There is no movement of provision during the year	-	-	

i. Nature wise details of CSR expenses during the year are as under:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	
Particulars		2024-25	2023-24
Education Projects		23.46	-
Safe Drinking Water Projects		2.88	4.48
Healthcare Projects		3.60	-
Rural Development Projects		12.20	6.85
Animal Welfare Projects		5.00	24.63
Other Projects		0.05	-
	Total	47.19	35.96

30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Par	ticulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(a)	Basic earnings per share	2.83	2.79
(b)	Diluted earnings per share	2.83	2.79
(c)	Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per share		
	Profit attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share	2,544.92	2,511.06
	Adjustemnt for calculating diluted earnings per share	-	-
	Profit attributable to the equity holders of the company used in calculating dilluted earnings per share	2,544.92	2,511.06







(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
(d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share Adjustemnt for calculating diluted earnings per share	9,00,74,910	9,00,74,910
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating dilluted earnings per share	9,00,74,910	9,00,74,910

31. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Commitments

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Capital Commitments	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not	28.94	75.61
provided for (net of advances)		

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

		(
B.	Contingent Liabilities	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
i.	Claim against the company not acknowledged as debt - Labour cases and others	134.95	138.16
ii.	Guarantees excluding financial guarantees		
	Counter guarantees given by the Company in respect of guarantees given by the Bank to Government authorities and others	456.39	456.51
iii.	Liabilities disputed for which no provision has been made in the accounts as same is contested in appeal by the Company		
	Cess matter and others	173.74	173.11

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(i) List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

A. Key Management Personnel(KMP):

Name of Related Party	Nature of Relationship
1. Shri Deepak Jatia	Chairman and Managing Director
2. Shri Tushya Jatia	Executive Director
3. Smt Anita Jatia	Executive Director
4. Shri Pavan Kumar Soni	Chief Financial Officer
5. Manish P. Kakrai	Company Secretary

B. Other Related Parties - Enterprise over which KMPs are able to exercise significant influence

1. Stone Masters (India) Private Limited

(ii) Transactions with related parties

A. Transactions occurred with related parties referred to in A above, in ordinary course of Business

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest paid on Loan	14.37	14.70
Net Loans and Advances taken / (Repaid)	-	<u>-</u>

B. Transactions occurred with related parties referred to in B above, in ordinary course of Business

Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Interest paid on Loan	2.72	8.00
Net Loans and Advances taken / (Repaid)	-	-



(iii) Outstanding balances from related parties

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Borrowings from Directors	-	-

(iv) Key management personnel compensation

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Short term employee benefits	560.02	502.87
Post-employment benefits	0.24	(1.96)
	560.26	500.91

(v) Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and market in which the related party operates:

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding loan balances at the year end are unsecured and interest bearing and trade and other receivables are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash.

33. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025			I	March 31, 2024	
	Current	Non Current	Total	Current	Non Current	Total
Leave obligations	58.27	-	58.27	61.60	-	61.60
Gratuity	61.34	-	61.34	66.42	-	66.42
Total Employee Benefit Obligation	119.61	-	119.61	128.02	-	128.02

(i) Leave Obligations

The leave obligations cover the company's liability for earned leave.

The amount of the provision of INR 58.27 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 61.60 Lakhs) is presented as current, since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these obligations.

(ii) Post Employement obligations

(A) Gratuity

The company provides for gratuity for employees in india as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of five years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity is payable on retirement/ termination of service.

The gratuity plan is a funded plan and the Company makes contribution to recognised Gratuity Fund managed by the trust.

The amount recognised in the balance sheet and the movement in the net defined benefit obligation over the period are as follows

Particulars	Present value of	Fair value of	Net amount
	obligation	plan assets	
As at April 1, 2023	1,171.72	(1,131.65)	40.07
Current service cost	34.47	-	34.47
Past service cost	-	-	-
Interest expense/(income)	84.78	(81.81)	2.97
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	119.25	(81.81)	37.44







(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Present value of	Fair value of	Net amount
	obligation	plan assets	
Remeasurements			
Return of plan assets, excluding amount included in interest (income)	-	9.63	9.63
(Gain)/Loss from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
(Gain)/Loss from change in financial assumptions	7.29	-	7.29
Experience (gains)/losses	32.06	-	32.06
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	39.35	9.63	48.98
Employer contributions	-	(60.07)	(60.07)
Benefit payments	(211.55)	211.55	-
As at March 31, 2024	1,118.77	(1,052.35)	66.42
Current service cost	33.84	-	33.84
Past service cost	-	-	-
Interest expense/(income)	78.16	(73.37)	4.79
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	112.00	(73.37)	38.63
Remeasurements		ĺ	
Return of plan assets, excluding amount included in interest (income)	-	(0.95)	(0.95)
(Gain)/Loss from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
(Gain)/Loss from change in financial assumptions	18.46	-	18.46
Experience (gains)/losses	22.20	-	22.20
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	40.66	(0.95)	39.71
Employer contributions	-	(83.42)	(83.42)
Benefit payments	(214.86)	214.86	-
As at March 31, 2025	1,056.57	(995.23)	61.34

The net liability disclosed above relates to funded and unfunded plans are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Present value of funded obligations	1,056.57	1,118.77
Fair value of plan assets	(995.23)	(1,052.35)
Deficit of gratuity plan	61.34	66.42

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Discount rate	6.65%	7.21%
Expected return on plan assets	6.65%	7.21%
Salary growth rate	4.00%	4.00%
Employee Turnover Rate	1.00%	1.00%

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at March 31, 2025 is shown below:

Assumptions	umptions Discount rate Salary growth rate			Employee Turnover		
Sensitivity Level	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
	increase	decrease	increase	decrease	increase	decrease
March 31, 2025						
Impact on defined benefit obligation	(16.53)	17.30	17.14	(16.53)	2.78	(2.91)
% Impact	(0.27)	0.28	0.28	(0.27)	0.05	(0.05)
March 31, 2024						
Impact on defined benefit obligation	(18.02)	18.80	18.82	(18.21)	3.42	(3.57)
% Impact	(0.27)	0.28	0.28	(0.27)	0.05	(0.05)



The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined beenfit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
1st Following Year	311.03	279.07
2nd Following Year	73.61	92.17
3rd Following Year	175.99	198.23
4th Following Year	170.98	168.35
5th Following Year	129.38	161.32
Sum of years 6 to 10	330.90	422.76
Sum of years 11 and above	191.48	183.03
Total expected payments	1,383.37	1,504.93

The average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 4 Years (March 31, 2024: 5 years)

(B) Defined contribution plans

The company also has defined contribution plans. The company pays provident fund contributions to approved provident fund trust and publicly administered provident funds. Contributions are made at the rate of 12% of basic salary as per regulations. The obligation of the company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any contructive obligation. The expense recognised during the period towards defined contribution plan is INR 251.23 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: INR 244.31 Lakhs)

34. SEGMENT REPORTING

A. Information about operating segment

The Company has only one reportable segment i.e Mining & Processing of Natural Stone. Hence segmental reporting is not applicable as per the Indian Accountin Standards.

B. Information about revenue based on geographical areas

The company is domiciled in India. The amount of its revenue from external customers broken down by location of the customers is shown in the table below:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	For the ye	For the year ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
India	15,455.41	14,447.28	
Outside India	21.15	21.95	
	15,476.56	14,469.23	

C. Information about revenue from major customers

Revenues from a single customer amounting to 10 per cent or more of total revenue is INR Nil ((March 31, 2024 INR Nil).







35. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

i. Financial Instruments by Category

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying	Amount	Fair \	/alue
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Amortised cost				
Trade Receivables	4,742.28	4,722.19	4,742.28	4,722.19
Loans	4,567.78	3,963.60	4,567.78	3,963.60
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10.23	207.61	10.23	207.61
Other Bank Balances	188.05	235.39	188.05	235.39
Other Financial Assets	477.45	531.74	477.45	531.74
Investments in Bonds and Debentures	4,310.48	4,023.17	4,310.48	4,023.17
FVTOCI				
Investment in Equity Instruments	4,020.47	3,197.24	4,020.47	3,197.24
Investment in Mutual Funds / Alternative	1,748.24	1,292.45	1,748.24	1,292.45
Investment Fund				
Total	20,064.98	18,173.39	20,064.98	18,173.39
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
Amortised cost				
Borrowings	3,102.38	2,899.77	3,102.38	2,899.77
Trade Payables	116.46	169.73	116.46	169.73
Other financial liabilities	889.06	877.16	889.06	877.16
Total	4,107.90	3,946.66	4,107.90	3,946.66

The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalent, trade receivables, trade payables and other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values for loans and other non current financial assets were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the Fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

The fair values of non current borrowings are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the use of unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

ii. Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measure at fair value. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determing fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table:

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurement:

Particulars	I	March 31, 202	5	Total	March 31, 2024		4	Total	
	Fair valu	ie measureme	ent using		Fair value measurement using				
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobserv- able Inputs (Level 3)		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobserv- able Inputs (Level 3)		
Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income									
Quoted Mutual funds	-	-	-	-	1,292.45	-	-	1,292.45	
Quoted Equity shares	1,124.40	-	-	1,124.40	982.93	-	-	982.93	
Unquoted Mutual funds/ AIF	-		1,748.24	1,748.24	-	-	-	-	
Unqouted Equity shares	-	-	2,896.07	2,896.07	-	-	2,214.31	2,214.31	
Total Financial Assets	1,124.40	-	4,644.31	5,768.71	2,275.38	-	2,214.31	4,489.69	



Level 1 - Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments and mutual fund units.

Level 2 - The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3 - If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity shares and and Mutual Funds / Alternative Investment Fund.

iii. Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Specific Valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis

iv. Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 are shown as below:

Particulars	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Sensitivity of the input to fair value
Unlisted equity shares / Alternative Investment Fund	Net Assets / Breakup value method	properties and Investment	5% Increase / (decrease) in the market value of the immovable properties and investment will change other comprehensive income by INR 214.61 Lakhs (March 31, 2024 : INR 23.60 Lakhs)

v. Valuation processes

The finance department of the company includes a team that performs the valuations of financial assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values. This team reports directly to the chief financial officer (CFO) and the audit committee. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the CFO, audit committee and the valuation team regularily.

vi. Reconciliation of fair value measurement of financial assets classified as FVTOCI(Level 3):

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Unquoted equity shares
As at April 1, 2023	3,565.55
Purchase of investment	-
Remeasurement recognised in OCI	(1,351.24)
Sale of investment	-
As at March 31, 2024	2,214.31
Purchase of investment	1,579.76
Remeasurement recognised in OCI	850.24
Sale of investment	-
As at March 31, 2025	4,644.31

36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activity exposes it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictibility of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the company manages the risk.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not meet its obligations leading to a financial loss. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, financial assets carried at amortised cost and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables.

i. Credit risk management

Credit risk has always been managed by the company through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant







increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payments are more than 90 days past due.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments of when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which entity operates and other macroeconomic factors.

ii. Provision for expected credit losses

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of loss allowance on Trade receivables

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

iii. Reconciliation of loss allowance provision - Trade receivables

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Loss allowance on April 1, 2023	637.17
Changes in loss allowance	86.08
Loss allowance on March 31, 2024	723.25
Changes in loss allowance	77.71
Loss allowance on March 31, 2025	800.96

(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company consistently generated sufficient cash flows from operations to meet its financial obligations. Also, the Company has unutilized credit limits with banks.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. In the table below, borrowings include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest rates are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period.



Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying	Contractual cash flows				
	Amount	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	
March 31, 2025						
Borrowings	3,102.38	3,144.90	2,964.33	180.57		
Trade payables	116.46	116.46	116.46	-		
Other financial liabilities	889.06	889.06	889.06	-		
Total financial liabilities	4,107.90	4,150.42	3,969.85	180.57		
March 31, 2024						
Borrowings	2,899.77	2,953.58	2,589.64	363.94		
Trade payables	169.73	169.73	169.73	-		
Other financial liabilities	877.16	877.16	877.16	-		
Total financial liabilities	3,946.66	4,000.47	3,636.53	363.94		

(C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of change in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk such as commodity risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of impact related to fair value or future cash flows of an exposure in foreign currency, which fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the export receivables.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and follows established risk management policies and standard operating procedures to mitigate the risks.

(a) The company exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR Lakhs are as follows

Particulars	USD	EURO	Total
March 31, 2025			
Trade Receivables	-	-	-
Trade Payable	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Borrowings	-	-	-
Loans to subsidiary	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-
Advance from Customers	(0.21)	-	(0.21)
Creditors for Capital Goods	-	-	-
Net exposure to foreign currency risk	(0.21)	-	(0.21)
March 31, 2024			
Trade Receivables	-	-	-
Trade Payable	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Borrowings	-	-	-
Loans to subsidiary	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-
Advance from Customers	-	-	-
Creditors for Capital Goods	-	-	-
Net exposure to foreign currency risk	-	-	-







(b) Foreign currency sensitivity

1% increase or decrease in foreign exchange rates will have the following impact on profit before tax:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	202	4-25	2023-24		
	1% Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease	
USD	-	-	-	-	
EURO	-	-	-	-	
Net Increase/(decrease) in profit or loss	-	-	-	-	

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Compnay's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

Exposure to interest rate risk (Amount in INR Lakhs) **Particulars** March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024 Borrowings Bearing Variable rate of interest 2.798.79 2.460.51 Borrowings other than Variable rate of interest 303.59 439.26 3,102.38 **Total Borrowings** 2,899.77 % of Borrowings Bearing Variable rate of interest 90.21 84.85

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

A change of 100 basis point in interest rates will have the following impact on profit before tax:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
100 Basis Point Increase	27.99	24.61
100 Basis Point Decrease	(27.99)	(24.61)

Note: The above analysis is prepared for floating rate liabilities assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year and the assumed movement in basis points for the interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the currently observable market environment.

(iii) Commodity Price risk

The company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities. Its operating activities require the continous purchase of High Speed Diesel (HSD). Due to the significantly increased volatility of the price of the HSD and the regulatory changes, the company is exposed to price risk. The Company has a risk management framework aimed at prudently managing the arising from the volatility in commodity prices.

37. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpsoe of the company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity share holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.



38: ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SCHEDULE III TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

- (i) There is no immovable properties whose tiltle deeds are not held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not have any investment Property which is required to be measured at fair value during the year. Hence disclosure about valuation by a registered valuer is not required.
- (ili) The Company has not revalued any Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets during the year. Hence disclosure about valuation by a registered valuer is not required.
- (iv) The Company has not granted any Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties as defined under Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) The Company does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder. Hence disclosure about benami property is not required.
- (vi) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any Bank or financial institution or other lender or government or any government authority.
- (vii) The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off during the year .
- (viii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (ix) The Company does not have any layers of company as prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017, hence clauses related to compliance with number of layers of companies are not applicable to the company.

(x) Key Financial Ratios

	Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	2024-25	2023-24	% Variance
1.	Current Ratio (in Times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.56	3.73	-31%
2.	Debt-Equity Ratio (in Times)	Total Debt (Borrowings)	Total Equity	0.09	0.09	0%
3.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in Times)	Net Profit after taxes + Depreciation + Finance Cost + Defferred Tax	Finnace Cost + Principal repayments	10.52	9.99	5%
4.	Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	Profit after Tax	Average total equity	7.54%	7.98%	-6%
5.	Inventory turnover ratio (in Times)	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory	19.12	14.39	33%
6.	Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in Times)	Revenue from Operation	Average Trade Receivables	3.27	2.62	25%
7.	Trade payables turnover ratio (in Times)	Net Purchase of Raw Material and Stock-in-Trade	Average Trade Payable	1.32	1.33	-1%
8.	Net capital turnover ratio (in Times)	Revenue from Operation	Average Net working capital	1.54	1.34	15%
9.	Net profit ratio (in %)	Profit after Tax	Revenue from Operation	16.44%	17.35%	-5%
10.	Return on Capital employed (in %)	Profit before tax and finance costs	Net worth	11.05%	11.51%	-4%
11.	Return on investment (in %)	Profit after Tax	Total Assets	6.28%	6.79%	-8%

Note:- explanation for change in the ratio by more than 25% as compared to the preceding year

- Movement in Current Ratio is mainly due to decrease in current investment which has invested in long terms Financial Instruments.
- b. Movement in Inventory Turnover Ratio is due to reduction in inventory on account of sale of stock/reduction in store inventory.







(xi) As there is no Scheme of Arrangements required to be approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence no diclousre is required about the accounting of effect of Scheme of Arrangements in the books of account of the Company in accordance with the Scheme of Arrangements and accounting standards.

(xii) Utilisation of Borrowed Fund & Share Premium

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

The Company has not advanced or lent or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (xiii) As there is no Scheme of Arrangements required to be approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013, hence no diclousre is required about the accounting of effect of Scheme of Arrangements in the books of account of the Company in accordance with the Scheme of Arrangements and accounting standards.
- (xiv) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as search or survey etc.), that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (xv) Company not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year. Hence disclosure about crypto currency or virtual currency is not required.
- 39. DETAILS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE AND GUARANTEE GIVEN COVERED U/S 186 (4) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Details of Loans Given, Investments made and Guarantee given are as under :-

Loans given to others by the Company are as under:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Sr.	Particulars	Nature/Purpose	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
No.				
1	Forum Retail Pvt Ltd	ICD's	898.83	1,711.01
2	Akhil Shyamsunder Mundra	Loan	-	502.79
3	Mccoy Infraprojects	Loan	1,880.69	1,744.91
4	Akshar Computech Private Ltd	ICD's	1,777.59	-
	Total		4,557.11	3,958.71

There are no guarantees issued by the Company as at 31st March, 2025 and 31st March, 2024.

40. Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever considered necessary to confirm to the current year presentation.

As per our report of even date For B. L. Ajmera & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001100C

Pavan Kumar Soni Deepak Jatia
Chief Financial Officer Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN: 01068689)

Rajendra Singh Zala Partner Membership No. 017184

UDIN:25017184BMMKID1278

Manish P. Kakrai Company Secretary

Tushya Jatia Executive Director (DIN: 02228722)

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025

Place: Mumbai Date: May 16, 2025



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If undelivered, please return to:

ASI Industries Limited

Marathon Innova, A wing, 7th Floor, Off G.K. Marg, Lower Parel Mumbai-400013