

Date: September 05, 2025

To,
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai - 400 001
Scrip Code: 543638

To,
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.
Exchange Plaza, Plot no. C/1, G Block,
Bandra-Kurla Complex
Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051.
Symbol: TRACXN

Dear Madam/Sir,

Subject: Submission of the Annual Report pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

With reference to the above captioned subject and pursuant to provisions of Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

The said Annual Report of the Company is also available on the website of the Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/shareholder-services#annual-general-meeting>

We request you to kindly take the above on record.

Thanking you,
Yours Faithfully,
For **Tracxn Technologies Limited**

Megha Tibrewal
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
Membership No: ACS-39158

Encl: A/a



ANNUAL REPORT
2024-25

**HARNESSING AI
TO BUILD AN
ICONIC GLOBAL
DATA PLATFORM**

**FROM INDIA FOR
THE WORLD**

www.tracxn.com

About the Report

This is an annual report of Tracxn Technologies Limited, covering the Company's performance in the financial year ending March 31, 2025, along with key aspects of the business, performance, technology, industry and market. The report covers financial and non-financial information and activities of Tracxn Technologies Limited for the period from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025 and the report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 (and the Rules made thereunder), the Indian Accounting Standards, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Secretarial Standards.



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Safe Harbour

This annual report is prepared by Tracxn Technologies Limited (hereinafter called the "Company") solely for information purposes and does not constitute an offer, solicitation, recommendation, or invitation to purchase or subscribe to any securities. It shall not form the basis of or be relied on in connection with any contract or binding commitment whatsoever. This document may contain words or phrases that are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties and are based on certain beliefs, plans, and expectations of the Company and its management. Actual future performance, outcomes, and results may differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements because of various risks, and external factors having a bearing on the Company's business. The Company, its affiliates, shareholders, directors, employees, or advisors do not make any representation or warranty, expressed or implied. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation to publicly amend or disseminate any updates or revisions to any information or statement contained in this document.

To facilitate understanding, some non-GAAP metrics are used and financial amounts are converted from ₹ Lakhs into ₹ Crores in this report, hence, there could be some totalling anomalies in the numbers. The definitions for the non-GAAP metrics are available under the 'Definitions' section at the end of the Management Discussion and Analysis Report.

HARNESSING AI TO BUILD AN ICONIC GLOBAL DATA PLATFORM, FROM INDIA FOR THE WORLD

Tracxn is redefining how the world accesses private market data – combining the power of AI with human-in-the-loop process. Built from India for the world, our platform blends machine learning and human judgment to deliver structured, reliable data at unmatched scale and speed. AI is at the core of our journey to become the most iconic global data platform.

FY25 HIGHLIGHTS



REVENUE AND GROWTH

84.5 Cr.

REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

2.1%

REVENUE FROM GROWTH

90.4 Cr.

TOTAL INCOME

3.8%

TOTAL INCOME GROWTH

INTERNATIONAL REVENUE

60%

INTERNATIONAL REVENUE

50+

COUNTRIES WITH CUSTOMERS

REVENUE CONTRIBUTION BY REGIONS:

29%

AMERICAS

22%

EMEA

9%

APAC

(excl. India)

40%

INDIA

PROFITABLE OPERATIONS

0.8 Cr.

EBITDA

1.0%

EBITDA MARGIN

4.9 Cr.

PAT

5.8%

PAT MARGIN

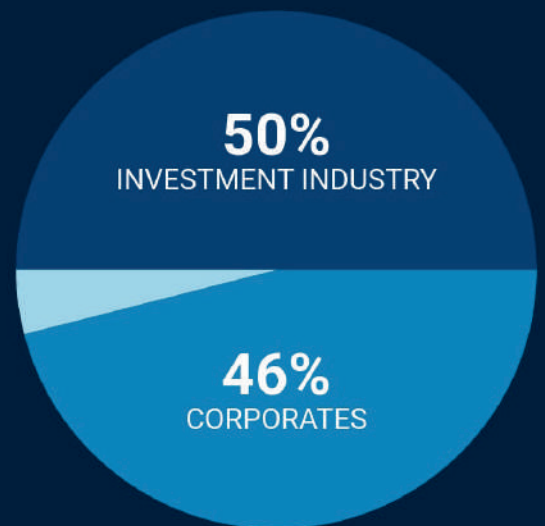
14.3 Cr.

FREE CASH FLOW¹

94.6 Cr.

CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS²

CUSTOMERS BY SEGMENT³



LARGE LEADS FUNNEL

21.8 M

VISITS ON PLATFORM

33%

VISITS GROWTH

3,000+

PRESS MENTIONS

Note:

¹Adjusted for tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs, pending payment to Income Tax

²Includes Cash in bank and payment gateways + Investments & Bank deposits + Security deposit paid against IPO - tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs, pending payment to Income Tax.

³Based on customer accounts as on end of period



Letter to the Shareholders



Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director



Abhishek Goyal
Executive Director

Dear Shareholders,

FY25 was an exciting year with focus on some key long-term growth initiatives across departments. Some of the initiatives that we had launched at the end of FY24 started delivering positive results and in FY25 we continued to add to these. One of the most impactful initiatives was the launch and expansion of dedicated vertical sales teams. Vertical sales teams are designed for specific customer segments with tailored focus. We serve a diverse customer base across the investment industry and corporates - spanning over 50+ countries. As we have grown our customer base, many of these segments have become sizable - which enabled us to set up dedicated teams for each of these. These segment-focused teams are now functioning almost like mini-business units, driving new customer acquisition, increasing market share, and enhancing engagement.

In most of the vertical teams that were launched, we saw accelerated growth and increased market share. For instance - universities & academic institutions, which was one of the initial teams, saw a 300% growth in customer base & doubling of revenue in FY25. Tracxn was also introduced into the curricula of leading institutions such as IIMs, ISB, and XLRI. Similarly, in the investment banking segment, the pace of new customer acquisition nearly tripled during the year, with steady penetration across marquee logos. Seeing the success of initially launched teams, we accelerated the launch of additional vertical sales teams, and we now have almost a dozen vertical teams.

Most of the vertical teams were first launched in India, where we saw significant acceleration - 65% growth in customer accounts and 18% growth in revenue in FY25. We believe we have created a repeatable and scalable playbook to capture market share across key customer categories globally and plan to scale this approach in the international markets.

Another key initiative of FY25 was the acceleration of our data production engines throughput with the use of Generative AI. We have been a big data & AI-first company since the beginning. With the latest advancements in Gen AI models - we have also been heavily leveraging that to accelerate our data production pace - to bring deeper coverage as well as wider sets of data for the private markets. Generative AI now helps us identify emerging companies, extract insights from unstructured data, and build coverage at a much faster pace. We are leveraging AI for faster identification of private companies, company profiling, augmenting transaction datasets (funding, acquisitions, etc.), all with lower effort and lesser manual intervention. This not only allows us to increase the depth and granularity of existing datasets but also enables rapid introduction of new data sets. For instance, we launched an area-pincode mapping dataset for customers with sales oriented use cases within days, a process that previously would have taken much longer.



With adoption of Gen AI in our core processes, we multiplied and augmented datasets at an unprecedented pace, expanding coverage of key datasets while reducing data production headcount by ~20% in FY25, indicating a strong operating leverage in our production capabilities.

We also continued to expand our marketing funnel in FY25. As a data company, we leverage our data for proprietary insights to generate high-quality organic traffic with minimal paid marketing. In FY25, our platform recorded over 21 million visits - a threefold increase in just three years. We launched Tracxn Lite in 2024, enabling users to access the platform simply by signing up and getting a better understanding of the offering. We continued to get strong responses in FY25, with more than 1.39 lakh sign-ups and over 30,000 monthly active users. This product led growth aspect has been instrumental in showcasing our product strengths, depth, and coverage and to convert some of these sign-ups into high quality leads for paid accounts. Our data continues to be quoted in media - including many marquee / respected media outlets like Financial Express, Economic Times, The Times of India, amongst others. In FY25 we were quoted in over 3,000 media articles and our data was also mentioned across various ecosystem reports on the startup ecosystem like "50 Future Unicorns of Karnataka", by the Economic Times; "The First Cheque Report", a co-branded report with a SEA-focused VC fund - Jungle Ventures, and more.

In line with our vision of delivering long-term value to the shareholders, we reached an important milestone with our first-ever buyback program shortly after FY25, within 3 years of getting listed. The program was oversubscribed nearly six times, and we were one of the early companies to undertake this following the changes in the taxation of buybacks transactions in the previous financial year.

Sincerely,

Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director

Abhishek Goyal
Executive Director

We continued to operate profitably in FY25, delivering revenues from operations of ₹84.5 crore, and PAT of ₹4.9 crore (PAT margin 5.8%). We also continued to be cash flow positive for the 4th consecutive year - generating a FCF of ₹14.3 crore and adding ~20Cr to our cash reserves - taking it to ₹94.6 crore. Our global footprint also expanded meaningfully during the year, as we served 1,926 active customer accounts across 50+ countries, with nearly 60% of revenues generated from international markets. Most importantly, FY25 marked the highest volume and user growth in our history, where the accounts grew by ~50% YoY and the users grew by ~40% YoY, a testament to the success of various growth initiatives, relentless focus on growth, and the hard work of our teams.

Continuing to focus on our long-term growth initiatives and investing aggressively in future growth, we are excited about the opportunity for us to become one of the largest private market data platforms globally. As we look ahead to another year of innovation and growth, we are grateful for your continued trust and support in our journey.

If you have any questions or feedback, please feel free to write to us at investor.relations@tracxn.com.



About Tracxn

Tracxn at a Glance:

Tracxn is a market intelligence platform that helps investors and companies discover and track startups and private companies around the world. We provide in-depth data and insights that are used for making investment decisions, identifying M&A opportunities, conducting research, and staying updated on emerging business trends. Founded in 2012 by former venture capital investors and IIT alumni, Abhishek Goyal and Neha Singh, Tracxn has grown into a trusted partner for professionals working in venture capital, private equity, investment banking, corporate development, innovation teams, government and academic institutions.

Our platform works on a subscription model, where customers pay to access our software and data. Covering information on over 4.5 million companies across more than 2950 sectors globally, we help users find promising companies, analyze their growth, and make well-informed decisions.

Operating on a Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) model, our business is digital, scalable, and doesn't require heavy capital expenditure. Additionally, being from India allows us to keep our costs efficient while serving a global customer base in over 50 countries.



Our Founding Story:

Tracxn was born out of a real problem experienced firsthand by its founders, Neha Singh and Abhishek Goyal, during their time as private market investors at Sequoia Capital and Accel Partners respectively. Both spent an inordinate amount of time manually gathering information - whether it was scouting emerging startups, understanding sector trends, mapping competitive landscapes, or tracking business models scaling across geographies. They realized that nearly every investor in the private markets was solving the same problem on their own, with no standardized platform to rely on.

With technical backgrounds and degrees in Computer Science from IIT Bombay and IIT Kanpur, Neha and Abhishek saw an opportunity to apply technology to this challenge. They asked a fundamental question: If public market investors have access to robust data platforms, why not build something similar for private markets? After over a year of deliberation followed and drawing inspiration from the public market ecosystem - where

global platforms generate significant revenues and deliver critical data infrastructure - Neha and Abhishek recognized the massive, underserved opportunity in the private markets. With more capital flowing into startups globally and private markets becoming a growing component of institutional portfolios, the demand for data in this space was only set to rise.

In 2012, they began building what would become Tracxn, with Neha attending the Stanford Graduate School of Business at the time. They were selected for the Lightspeed Summer Fellowship, which gave them access to mentorship from senior partners at Lightspeed Venture Partners and helped shape the early product. Today, Tracxn is used by customers in over 50 countries and tracks data on more than 4.5 million entities worldwide.

We remain committed to our vision: becoming the go-to platform for discovering and analyzing private companies worldwide, and making private markets more transparent, efficient, and accessible.



Our Journey

2012

Company incorporated

2013-15



Sachin Bansal



Binny Bansal

- Platform Launched
- Raised Angel funding from marquee investors

2017-19



- Launched 'Tracxn Score', reports and live chat features
- Launched personalised dashboards on our platform
- Launched a portfolio tracker and an acquisitions database on our platform

2015-16

ELEVATION



Ratan N Tata



Nrnj Family Trust

- 'Top 100 Analytics Startups of 2015' - Forbes
- Raised Series A funding from Angel and Corporate Investors

2020-21

50+
COUNTRIES



- Crossed customers in 50+ countries
- Launched advanced search feature within platform
- Launched a collection of sector-based newsletters on the platform

2021-22



- Became a public listed company on October 20, 2022
- Launched updated Home Dashboard with personalised feed

2023-2024

- Launched Tracxn Lite, Legal Entities Database and Regulatory Database
- Financials in over 20+ countries and Cap Tables in over 15+ countries



Board of Directors



Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director



Neha Singh is the Co-founder of Tracxn. Prior to founding Tracxn, she was an investor at Sequoia Capital, where she focused on investments in the private markets. Earlier in her career, she worked as a consultant with the Boston Consulting Group (BCG). Neha holds a Bachelor's and Master's degree in Technology, with specializations in Computer Science and Engineering, from the Indian Institute of Technology Bombay where she was awarded the Institute Silver Medal. She pursued her post-graduate studies in MBA from the Stanford University (officially Leland Stanford Junior University) Graduate School of Business. Over the years, Neha has received numerous accolades and she was also amongst Livemint's list of 100 women entrepreneurs who are building and shaping India. Previously Neha also featured in the Fortune 40 under 40 by Fortune India magazine and was awarded the 'Most Powerful Women - Rising Stars Award' by Business Today, 'Outstanding Women Award' by Outlook Business, and received the Google Women in Engineering Award recognizing women student achievers in the field of Computer Science.



Abhishek Goyal
Executive Director



Abhishek Goyal is the Co-founder of Tracxn. He began his career with technology giants Yahoo and Amazon, before moving into venture capital as an investor at Accel Partners. During his time at Accel, Abhishek was part of the deal team that wrote the first cheques to companies such as Flipkart (later acquired by Walmart) and CommonFloor. He holds a Bachelor's degree specializing in Computer Science and Engineering, from the Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur. He was amongst the top 100 rankers in IIT JEE in the batch of 1998. He has been the recipient of various recognitions which includes being featured in the Fortune 40 Under 40 list consecutively in 2018 and 2019 and LiveMint's 25 people who matter in the Indian e-commerce.



Brij Bhushan
Independent Director



Mr. Brij Bhushan is a Partner at Prime Venture Partners and the Co-founder of Magicpin. He has over 15 years of professional experience in strategy, venture capital and growth technology. Previously he was an investor with the venture capital fund Nexus Venture Partners. Brij has also worked at Bain & Co. in San Francisco, USA and India, as a Consultant for Strategy and Operations for clients across Consumer, Technology, Education, Retail and Telecom services sector. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Computer Science and Engineering, from Maharshi Dayanand University, Rohtak and Post-Graduate Diploma in Management from the Indian Institute of Management, Bengaluru.



Board of Directors



Nishant Verman
Independent Director



Mr. Nishant Verman is presently the CEO and Co-founder of Bazaar.com. In his previous stint, Nishant has held the position of the Director of Corporate Development at Flipkart, where he also joined the board of directors of MapMyIndia as a representative of Flipkart. He has also worked on various strategy, investments and corporate development related roles at Canaan Partners and Microsoft and as an Investment Banker with Morgan Stanley, in the USA.

He has an M.B.A. degree from the Kellogg School of Management in International Business & Marketing. He also holds a Master's degree in Computer Science from Stanford University, and a Bachelor's degree from The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor.



Payal Goel
Independent Director



Mrs. Payal Goel is currently working as a Principal of Corporate Development at Google India, where she has led multiple transactions including Google's investment into Bharti Airtel, Open Money, NoBroker and Glance. She has more than 15 years of experience, out of which 13 years as an investor working with Private Equity, Venture Capital and Corporate Development teams. Mrs. Payal brings with her rich investing experience that spans different sectors and stages, while evaluating and collaborating with companies on their growth journey. She has previously worked at Peepul Capital Advisors, Aspada Investment Advisors Private Limited and Flipkart Internet Private Limited.

She holds a Bachelor's degree in Arts, with Honors, from the University of Delhi and Post-Graduate Program in Management from the Indian School of Business, Hyderabad.



Rohit Jain
Independent Director



Mr. Rohit Jain is the Co-founder and Partner at Pravega Ventures, a technology focused Venture Capital Fund. Rohit has more than 15 years of technology and product experience having worked at companies like Google, Microsoft, and IBM Research, across US & India. He holds multiple patents and has also published a number of research papers. In the past as an Investor at SAIF Partners (currently Elevation Capital), he led investments and served on boards of many companies like NoBroker, Walnut, Qikwell, CoverFox and AutoNinja.

He holds a B-tech degree in Computer Science from the Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi and a Master's degree in Computer Science from the University of North Carolina.

LEGEND

A - Audit Committee
C - Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
N - Nomination And Remuneration Committee
S - Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Chairperson

Member



Investors Who Have Backed Us

In our journey as a private company, we had the support of prominent Institutional Investors, including Elevation Capital, Accel Partners, Sequoia Capital, Prime Venture Partners, KB Investment, 3one4 Capital, Beenext and marquee angel investors, including Mr. Ratan Tata, NRJN Family Trust, Sachin Bansal and Binny Bansal (founders of Flipkart), Sahil Barua (founder of Delhivery), Girish Mathrubootham (founder of Freshworks), Anand Rajaraman, Amit Ranjan (founder of SlideShare) amongst others.

As we transitioned from a private company to a publicly listed company, we were fortunate to get some leading and marquee investors in our anchor book: Abakus, BNP Paribas, ICICI Prudential, Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund & Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance, Motilal Oswal, Nippon Life, Reliance General Insurance, Tara Emerging Capital and White Oak Capital.



Tracxn Platform in Numbers

4.5M+

Companies globally

64M+

Legal entities globally

2900+

Detailed sector
classification

57K+

Taxonomy nodes

1.6M+

Companies with
revenue data

1.1M+

Companies with
detailed financials

20+

Countries with private
company financials

15+

Countries with private
company captables

24

Industries tracked

341K+

Companies with
captables

74K+

Investor profiles

870K+

Transactions data (incl.
funding, acquisitions &
IPOs)

830M+

Web Domains Scanned
(backend)

5.6M+

News events

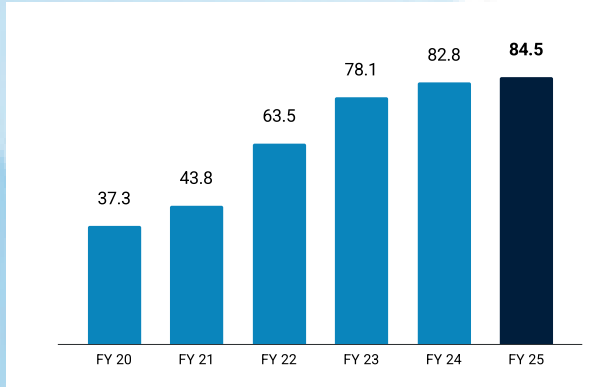
~76K

Reports

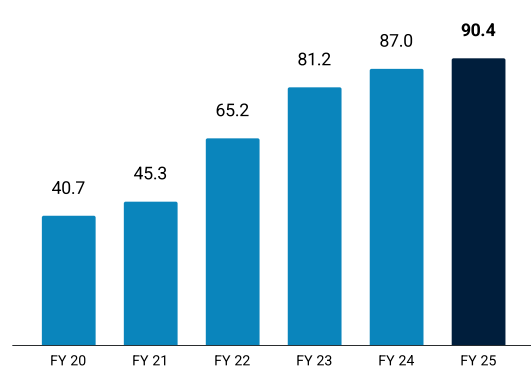


Performance Summary

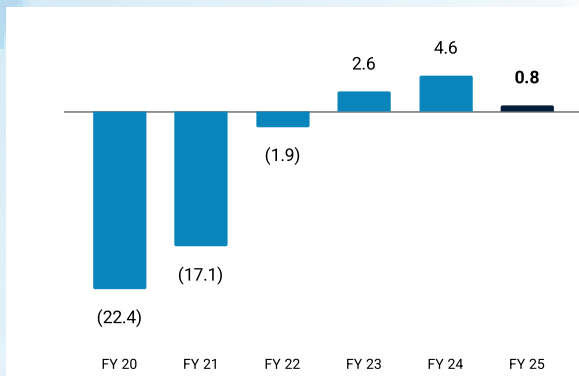
Revenue from operations (INR Cr.)



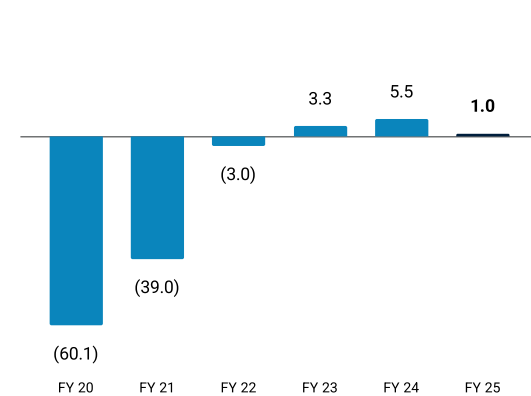
Total income (INR Cr.)



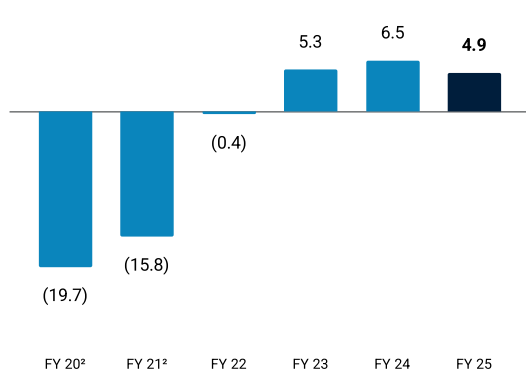
EBITDA¹ (INR Cr.)



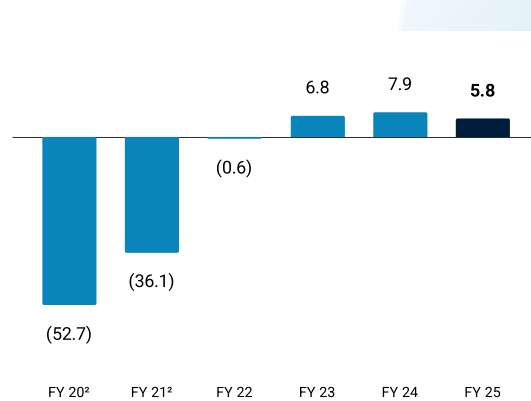
EBITDA margin¹ (%)



PAT¹ (INR Cr.)



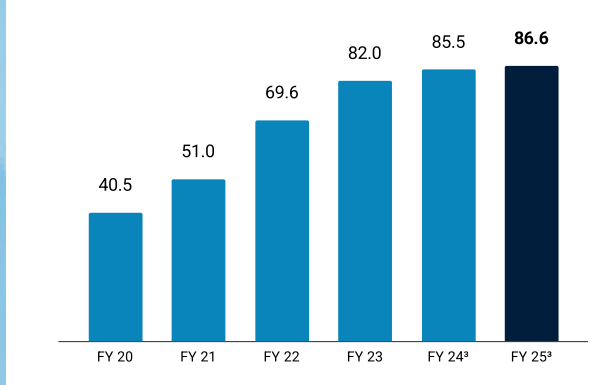
PAT margin¹ (%)



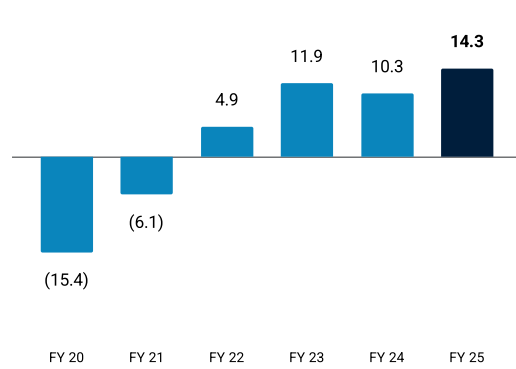


Performance Summary

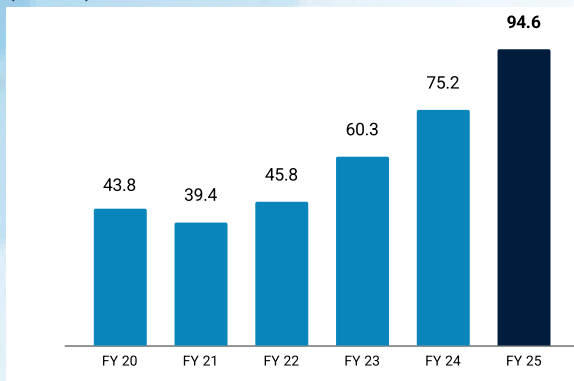
Contract price (INR Cr.)



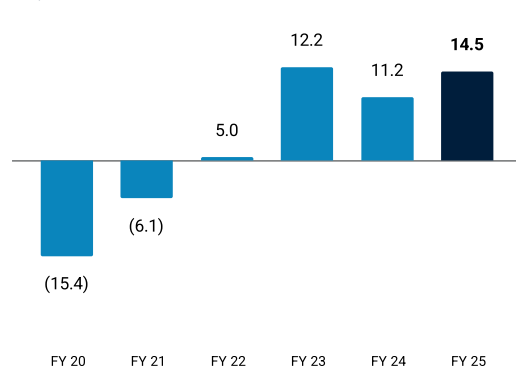
Free cash flow^{1,4} (INR Cr.)



Cash and cash equivalents^{1,5} (INR Cr.)



Net operating cash flow^{1,4} (INR Cr.)



¹ Adjusted for IPO Expense (reimbursable to the company) and Deferred tax for FY22 & FY23

² PAT adjusted for Fair Value gain/(loss) on CCPS for FY20 & FY21

³ Adjusted for proforma bills wherein invoice is to be raised after payment is received

⁴ Adjusted for tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs, pending payment to Income Tax

⁵ Cash & cash eq - Includes Cash in bank and payment gateways + Investments & Bank deposits + Security deposit paid against IPO - tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs, pending payment to Income Tax.

Management Discussion And Analysis

1. Industry Overview - Growing Private Market

Private companies around the world continue to grow in number and importance, playing a vital role in driving innovation, advancing workforce capabilities, introducing new technologies, and generating employment opportunities for skilled professionals. This expansion is being driven by several macro trends: lower barriers to launching businesses and products, improved access to global markets, greater availability of capital, and increasingly supportive regulatory and business environments.

A 2024 report by Ernst & Young, prepared for the American Investment Council, highlights the growing economic significance of the private equity sector in the U.S. alone. According to the study, private equity directly employed 13.3 million workers in 2024, up from 12 million in 2022. The average compensation - including

wages and benefits - for employees at private equity-backed companies reached \$85,000 in 2024, reflecting a 6% increase over two years. In total, the sector contributed \$2 trillion to the U.S. GDP, accounting for approximately 7% of total GDP.

Aligned with this broader growth, private market assets under management (AUM) have now surpassed \$9 trillion globally. Private markets have become a key allocation for Limited Partners (LPs) across geographies. These investments play a crucial role fueling companies across stages and sectors, particularly high-growth startups. For LPs, private markets offer both diversification and the potential to generate alpha, making them a core part of institutional portfolios.

Private market AUM growth (In USD trillion)



*Projected Number

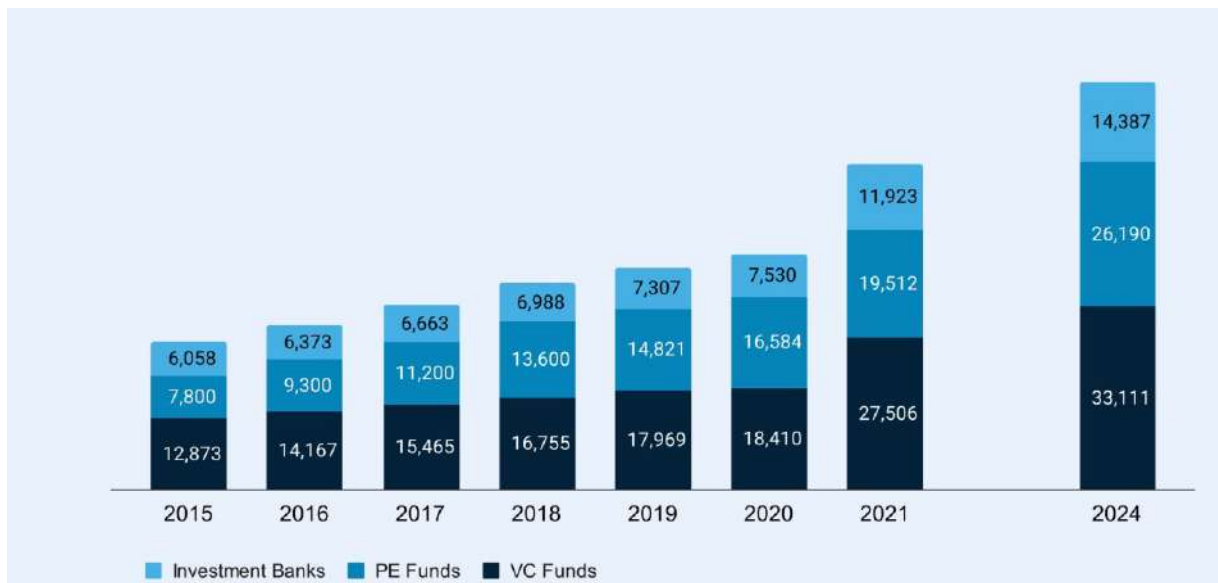
Source: According to internal estimates.

Private companies, hence, have become deeply embedded in the global economy, powering the products and services used by enterprises and consumers alike, while making substantial contributions to job creation and economic growth.

In public markets, the demand for financial data has already proven to be a strong, scalable business opportunity. The sector has produced multiple large, profitable, and cash-generating companies. According to Tracxn's internal estimates, annual global revenue generated by companies providing data for public markets exceeds \$40 billion.

Private markets are now seeing a similar trajectory. Not only has the AUM grown significantly, but the number of institutions participating in this asset class - across venture capital, private equity, corporates, investment banks, family offices, LPs, accelerators, debt funds, and more - has expanded rapidly. Based on our internal analysis, there are over 200,000 addressable organizations globally that could benefit from structured, reliable private market data.

Yet, market penetration in this space remains low. This presents a compelling and timely opportunity to build a leading data platform for private markets - one that caters to a broad and growing global customer base.

Number of VC Funds, Investment Banks and PE Firms globally


Source: As per the report on Global Information Service by Frost & Sullivan commissioned by the company and internal sources

2. COMPANY OVERVIEW

Tracxn is a leading global market intelligence platform providing data and software solutions for the private markets. Through our subscription-based platform, we offer comprehensive insights into private companies, used by investors and corporates for deal sourcing, M&A opportunity identification, deal diligence, private market analysis, and tracking emerging themes across industries.

Founded in 2012, based out of Bangalore, India, Tracxn was established by former venture capital investors Neha Singh and Abhishek Goyal. During their investing careers, both experienced first-hand the lack of reliable, enterprise-grade information on private markets - a stark contrast to the data available for public market investors. With backgrounds in computer science engineering, they set out to solve this gap using technology, and Tracxn was born.

Catering to the large and fast growing private market, our customer segment includes the investment industry: venture capital funds, private equity funds, family offices and investment banks; M&A and corporate development and innovation team's at large corporations, including several Fortune 500 companies. Our customers also include government and educational institutions.

Today, over 60% of Tracxn's revenue comes from international markets, with customers across more than 50 countries.

Operating on a SaaS-based model, Tracxn offers access to our platform through user-based subscriptions with upfront payment terms - similar to leading financial data providers in the public market space. Our platform delivers in-depth coverage of the global private market landscape, including: company profiles, funding and M&A transactions, financials and shareholding structures, valuations and benchmarking, competitive landscapes and sector mapping, emerging technology sectors and industry reports, and more.

Our business model benefits from high operating leverage, as the cost of serving additional customers remains minimal after the initial investment in our technology and data platform. Importantly, while we serve a global customer base, our entire research and technology operations are based in India. This structure provides a sustainable cost advantage, of Make-in-India while selling globally. Since inception, Tracxn has remained debt-free, asset-light, and profitable, and we continued to deliver positive EBITDA, PAT, and free cash flows in FY25.

3. CUSTOMER SEGMENTS

We have a global customer base spanning across the key segments of the investment industry: venture capital funds, private equity funds, investment banks; corporates: across corporate development teams, M&A teams and innovation teams at large corporations including multiple Fortune 500 companies and others including government agencies, academic institutions.

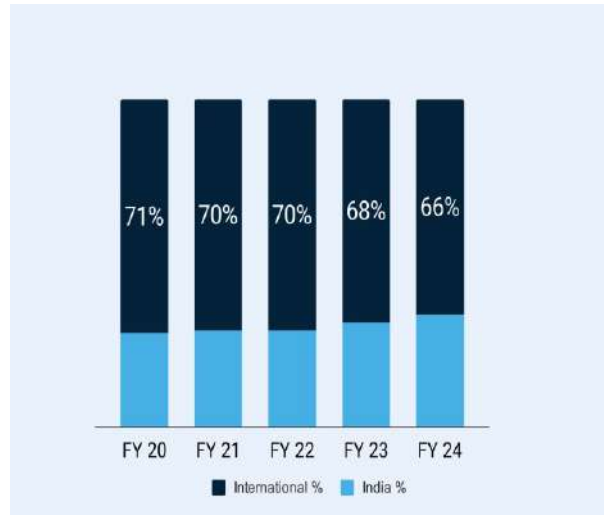
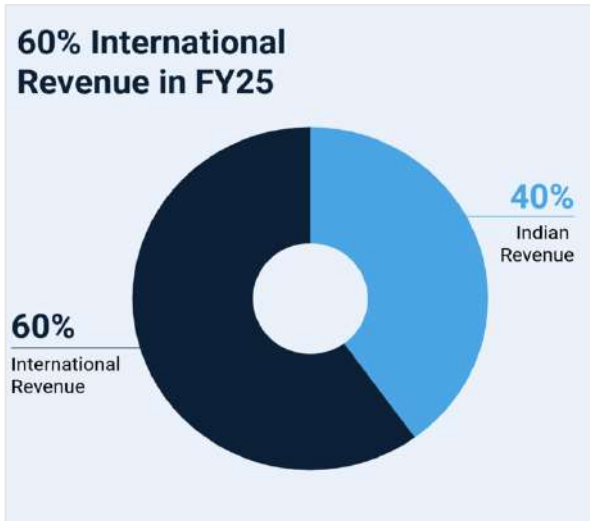
a. Customers segments by geography

In FY25, 60% of our revenue was generated from international customers, reflecting the global relevance of our platform and the strong demand for high-quality private market data across regions.

Tracxn’s platform offers global coverage of private companies, and we actively process and aggregate data from both English and non-English language sources including German, French, Swedish, Korean, Dutch, Greek, Finnish, and Italian, among others. This multilingual capability allows us to surface high-quality intelligence on companies from a broad set of geographies, helping our customers scout local opportunities more effectively.

As of March 31, 2025 Tracxn had an active customer base of 1,926 accounts across 50+ countries. The top five countries by customer count were: India, USA, UK, Singapore and Germany.

Revenue breakup by International vs. India



Revenue contribution (FY 25) (%)



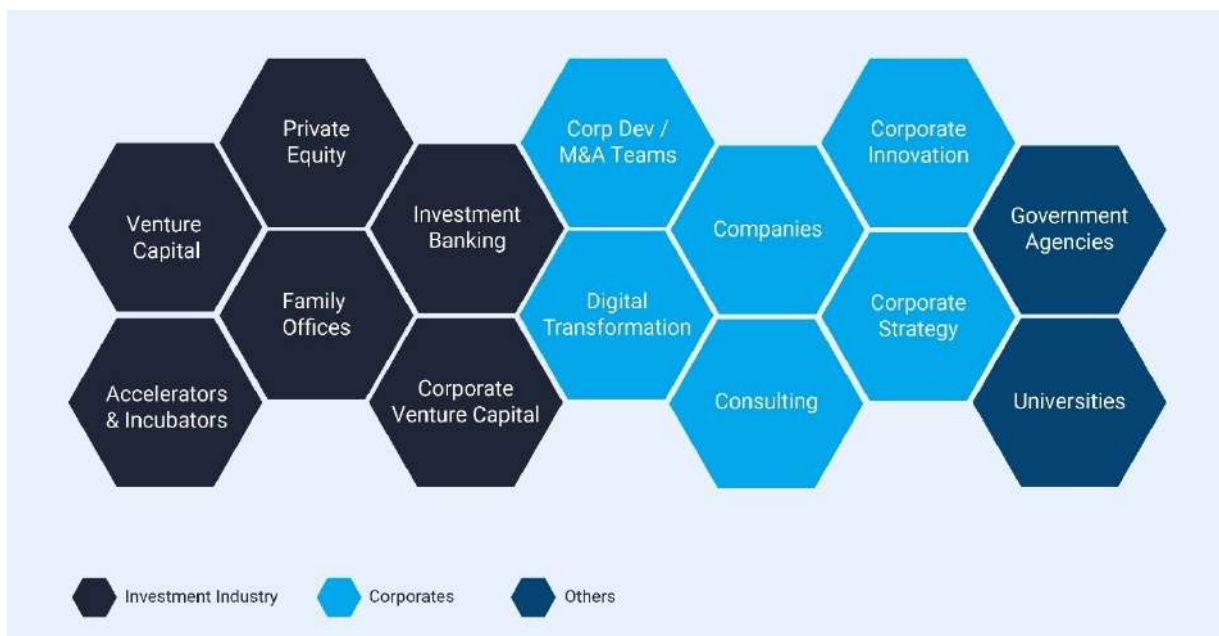
Revenue split by geography:

Geography	(INR Cr.)				
	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
Americas	12.5	18.6	24.1	26.7	24.5
APAC (excl. India)	4.8	6.9	8.1	8.3	7.9
EMEA	13.6	19.2	20.8	19.3	18.6
India	12.9	18.8	25.1	28.4	33.5
Total	43.8	63.5	78.1	82.8	84.5

b. Customers by type

Our customer base spans a wide range of institutions involved in private market activities. The three primary segments we serve are:

- Investment Industry, including venture capital funds, private equity funds, family offices and investment banks.
- Corporates, where we work with various teams like, the corporate development teams, M&A teams and corporate innovation of large corporations including many Fortune 500 companies across industries.
- Other customer segments include universities, government agencies, industry bodies etc.

Customer segments & departments that we work with


In FY25, our account distribution was as follows: 50% from the investment industry, 46% from corporates and the remaining 4% from academic institutions, government bodies, and others.

We also continue to see growth across different customer revenue buckets. The number of accounts with annual accrued revenue exceeding ₹20 lakh increased across tiers, demonstrating ongoing headroom for realized pricing growth and expanding customer value.

Revenue	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
INR 20L+ accounts	13	26	33	40	46
INR 30L+ accounts	5	11	22	23	22
INR 40L+ accounts	3	6	12	16	19

Despite serving several large global corporations, our revenue base remains well diversified. In FY25, our largest customer accounted for only ~2.3% of the total revenue from operations, underlining the low concentration risk and resilience of our business model.

4. PLATFORM OFFERING

Tracxn is a comprehensive data intelligence and software platform for the private markets. Our platform is deeply integrated into the daily workflows of our users, supporting critical activities such as deal sourcing, M&A target identification, investment diligence, trend analysis, and the tracking of emerging themes across sectors and geographies. We offer an extensive global database of private companies, enriched with a wide array of features and customizable modules.

These offerings span across three core layers: private market data, workflow tools, and software modules. Together, they enable our customers to effectively scout, monitor, analyze, and collaborate on private market opportunities.

a. Modules

Our offering spans across multiple modules across Private Market data, Workflow Software & Tools. Some key modules include:

- i. **Global private company coverage:** Profiles of private companies with curated information including factual data, competitive landscape, sector and business model classification, and more.
- ii. **Private company financials:** Financial statements and metrics for private companies across over 20 countries including India, the UK, Germany, and Singapore.
- iii. **Private company captables & valuations:** Detailed private company captables and valuations across over 15 countries, including detailed shareholding historical valuations, etc
- iv. **Emerging sector coverage:** Deep, structured insights into emerging sectors, complete with taxonomies, market maps, sector-level news, and proprietary reports.
- v. **Investor database:** Extensive information on private market investors and funds globally
- vi. **Global funding, M&A transactions:** A comprehensive record of global private market transactions, including funding rounds and acquisitions with detailed metadata such as

deal values, round types, participants, and advisors.

- vii. **Live Deals:** Curated list of ongoing investment opportunities in the private markets
- viii. **Leaderboards & benchmarks:** Tracxn Score for companies and investors, as well as benchmarking tools for comparing private and public companies across performance metrics
- ix. **Advanced search:** Powerful, keyword-based search functionality with support for complex queries to navigate our extensive datasets
- x. **Reports:** Periodic, in-depth reports on trends, themes, and movements across sectors and geographies, generated and updated by our analyst teams
- xi. **My Analyst support:** Dedicated team of analysts that provide support through email, platform chat and select social media platforms.
- xii. **Personalized dashboards & newsletters:** Tools for sourcing relevant deals and tracking sector-specific developments, with curated updates delivered via in-platform dashboards and email
- xiii. **Integrations and Automation Tools:** Multiple workflow tools including APIs for direct database access, Excel plugins for dynamic data pulls, and browser extensions for instant insights on companies while browsing.
- xiv. **Others:** Additional platform features include deal flow CRM, proprietary Tracxn Scores, editor ratings, and more.

b. Global coverage

Our coverage is truly global, enabling customers to scout and evaluate companies across their local and international markets. As of March 31, 2025, Tracxn was scanning over 836 million web domains and had profiled more than 4.5 million private entities categorized across 2,950+ feeds by industry, sector, geography, affiliation, and business model. We process data from both English and non-English sources - including German, French, Swedish, Korean, Dutch, Greek, Finnish, and Italian - to ensure comprehensive regional visibility for our global users

c. Industry & emerging technology coverage

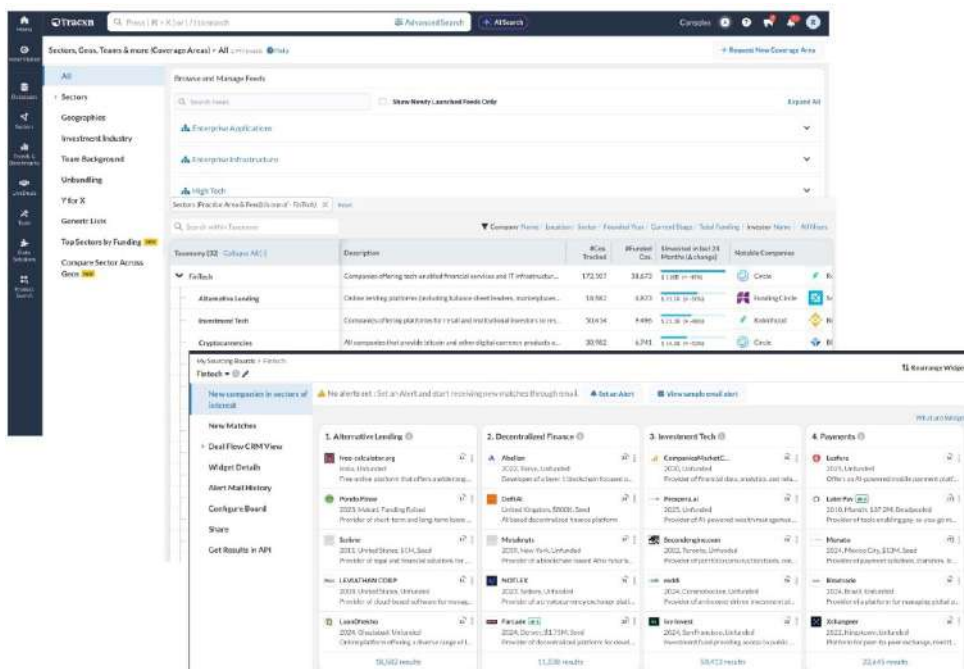
Tracxn offers deep coverage across 24 major industries as given below:



Each industry is further divided into sectors and sub-sectors, with companies mapped to specific business models and taxonomy nodes. As of March 31, 2025, more than 4.5 million companies were classified across 2,950+ feeds. This includes coverage of fast-evolving sectors such as Generative AI, Electric Vehicles, Cybersecurity, Enterprise Networking, Drones, Quick Commerce, Organ-on-a-Chip, K-Beauty, and many others.

d. Proprietary taxonomy

A key strength of the Tracxn platform is our proprietary taxonomy - designed to bring structure and clarity to the private market landscape. Each of the 24 industries is mapped into over 2,950 sectors, further divided into 57,000+ taxonomy nodes. This detailed classification system improves data accuracy and granularity, enabling users to navigate and analyze information efficiently. Each company on the platform is tagged to one or more of these nodes using a combination of machine intelligence and sector-specialist input. On average, over 5,800 companies are added to the platform every day and mapped to their relevant node



e. High pace of data addition

We continue to expand our data at a rapid pace, ensuring our platform reflects the latest information on the private markets. In FY25, the number of profiled entities on our platform grew by 51%, increasing from 3.0 million in FY24 to 4.5 million. On average, over 5,800 companies were added daily across our taxonomy nodes. In the same period, we published over 20,000 reports, added more than 200,000 funding and M&A transactions, and over 3,900 investor profiles - highlighting the scale and intensity of our data operations.

f. Demo and trial accounts

For platform demo and setting up a trial account, please see below:

- i. Product Demo Video [\[Link\]](#)
- ii. For setting up a trial account, please sign up on the Tracxn platform [\[Link\]](#) using official email ID
- iii. For any further queries, please mail us at investor.relations@tracxn.com

5. BUSINESS MODEL & PRICING

Tracxn operates on a subscription-based business model, similar to other global financial data platforms. The bulk of our operational revenue is derived from subscriptions, providing a recurring revenue stream. Our model benefits from negative working capital, as customers typically pay upfront for their subscription periods, either annually or quarterly, depending on their preference. In FY25, approximately 70% of our billings were on an annual payment schedule, further strengthening our cash flow visibility.

The pricing of our subscription plans is primarily based on the number of users licensed by each customer. This license-based, or seat-based, pricing model is aligned with that of many public market financial data providers and offers customers the flexibility to scale access as

per their organizational needs. Our standard pricing tiers start at \$6,600 per year for a single user, \$13,200 per year for a three-user license, and \$26,400 per year for a seven-user license. We also offer custom enterprise packages tailored to the requirements of larger teams. Pricing is available in both USD and INR to accommodate customers across geographies.

In addition to core subscriptions, several of our customers choose to purchase additional licenses or opt for premium services such as API access to support automation and workflow integrations. For such requirements, we have customers subscribing to plans with annual fees exceeding \$50,000.

This pricing model, combined with the scalable nature of our technology infrastructure, enables strong operating leverage. Since the initial investments in platform development are made, the marginal cost of serving additional customers remains minimal.

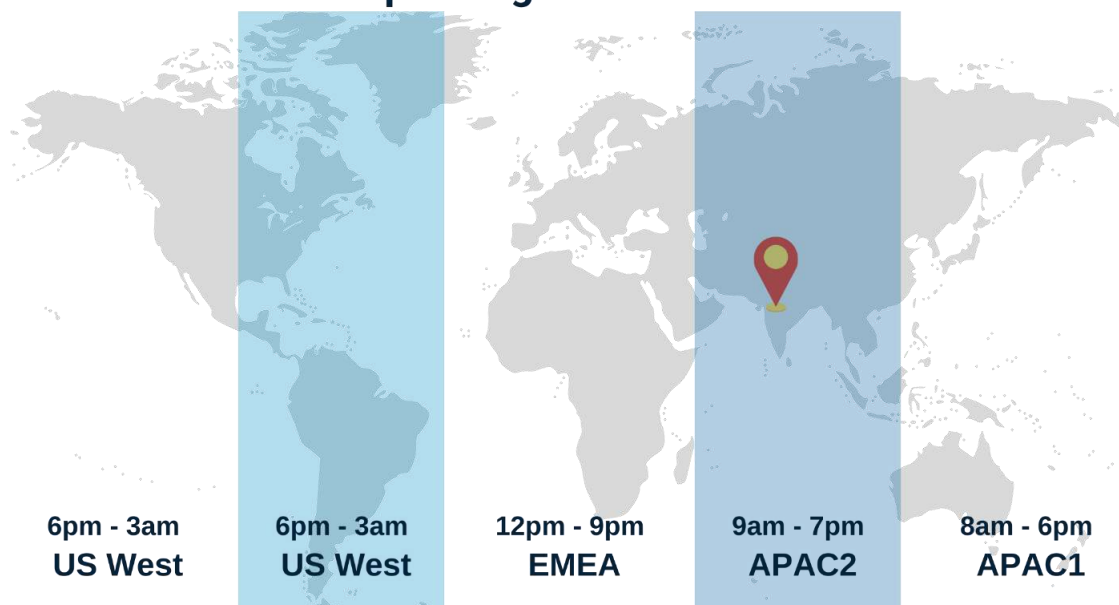
6. GO-TO-MARKET FUNNEL

We serve a global customer base through a robust and scalable go-to-market funnel, which combines specialized sales execution, a strong content-driven marketing engine, and an enterprise-grade customer success framework.

a. Sales team

As of March 31, 2025, our internal sales team comprised 119 members, operating across key global regions - Asia-Pacific, Europe, the Middle East, Africa, and the Americas. The team, based in India, works across time zones to maintain active sales operations for nearly 20 hours a day, enabling effective coverage of global leads. All inbound and outbound sales - ranging from introductory meetings to platform demonstrations - are managed through digital channels.

Inside-sales shifts spanning all time zones



Timings according to Indian Standard Time

In the previous year, i.e. FY24, we enhanced the depth of our sales initiatives by establishing specialized sales teams for key customer segments in India, including universities, private equity firms, and startups. These vertical-specific teams are staffed with members who bring relevant domain expertise, for example, the team focused on universities and educational institutions has over 20 years of combined experience in selling to these organizations.

Building on this momentum, in FY25 we launched 10 additional specialized sales teams, further strengthening our ability to serve a diverse and growing customer base.

This segment-driven approach allows us to address the unique workflows and use cases of each customer group more effectively. While all customers access the same core Tracxn platform, their needs around data discovery, research workflows, and usage patterns vary significantly. Dedicated acquisition and expansion teams for each segment help ensure that we deliver a tailored value proposition that resonates deeply with each group.

Our sales operations are supported by a custom-built technology infrastructure that has been developed and is maintained by a sales enablement team. The custom infrastructure includes automated processes and systems for improving efficiency, increasing productivity, measurement of key performance indicators, CRM for lead management, automatic generation of daily work plan for each sales representative, opportunity management dashboards, central collateral repository, pipeline review and reporting dashboards.

b. Marketing lead generation

Our marketing efforts are primarily focused on digital and content-led channels, with a strong emphasis on organic and cost-effective approaches. At the core of our strategy is a content-driven acquisition flywheel that consistently generates a high volume of qualified leads. As a data platform, we are uniquely positioned to produce rich and insightful content on private company data, emerging sectors, industry trends, and thematic reports. This enables us to attract a steady stream of organic traffic from users seeking reliable insights and research material.

In FY25, our website recorded over 21 million organic visits, a ~45X increase compared to FY20. This growth in organic reach underscores the strength of our content marketing engine and the growing relevance of our platform among professionals globally.

To build brand awareness, we regularly provide data to leading media houses in India and abroad, who quote us as sources in their articles and reports. In FY25, we were mentioned in over 3,000 media stories across prominent publications, further reinforcing our position as a trusted source of intelligence on private markets.

We continue to keep our marketing costs low by relying almost entirely on organic channels, with negligible spend on paid advertising. This approach enables us to achieve strong reach and lead generation outcomes in a highly cost-effective manner.

c. Customer success

We aim to provide enterprise-grade support for our global customer base. Our customer success function focuses on four core areas: onboarding, support, ongoing engagement, and account expansion.

Onboarding: The onboarding experience is tailored to ensure a smooth start for each customer based on their specific use cases. The customer success team provides a guided platform demonstration during onboarding, with a focus on the workflows and features most relevant to the customer's segment. We also offer customized onboarding guides that allow users to explore the platform independently, with content focused on the use cases that are most relevant to them. Every customer is assigned an account manager who helps with initial setup, platform customization, query resolution, and provides ongoing assistance throughout the lifecycle.

Support: To ensure timely and consistent support, our team operates across multiple time zones, enabling prompt resolution of customer queries around the clock. All support interactions are logged through an automated ticketing system, which allows us to track and manage the resolution process efficiently. In addition to this structured system, we have started leveraging GenAI tools to analyze customer interactions in real time. These tools help us perform sentiment analysis and improve the relevance and effectiveness of our responses, enhancing overall customer satisfaction.

Ongoing engagement initiatives: Our customer success team conducts monthly webinars to showcase newly launched features and modules, and maintains regular touchpoints with accounts to deepen platform usage. The team also focuses on improving engagement both at the user level and at the broader account level. These efforts include initiatives such as setting up personalized dashboards, tailored alerts aligned with the customer's investment mandates, forming specialized engagement teams, and analyzing usage patterns to proactively guide users toward more effective platform utilization.

Upselling and account expansion: The customer success team plays a key role in driving renewals and upsell opportunities within existing accounts. As of FY25, our largest customer account contributed approximately INR 2 crore in revenue. Our go-to-market efforts are supported by experienced and skilled teams, with 30 professionals in marketing, 119 in sales, and 41 in customer success. These teams work in close coordination to ensure we are consistently delivering value to our customers and uncovering opportunities to expand our relationships.

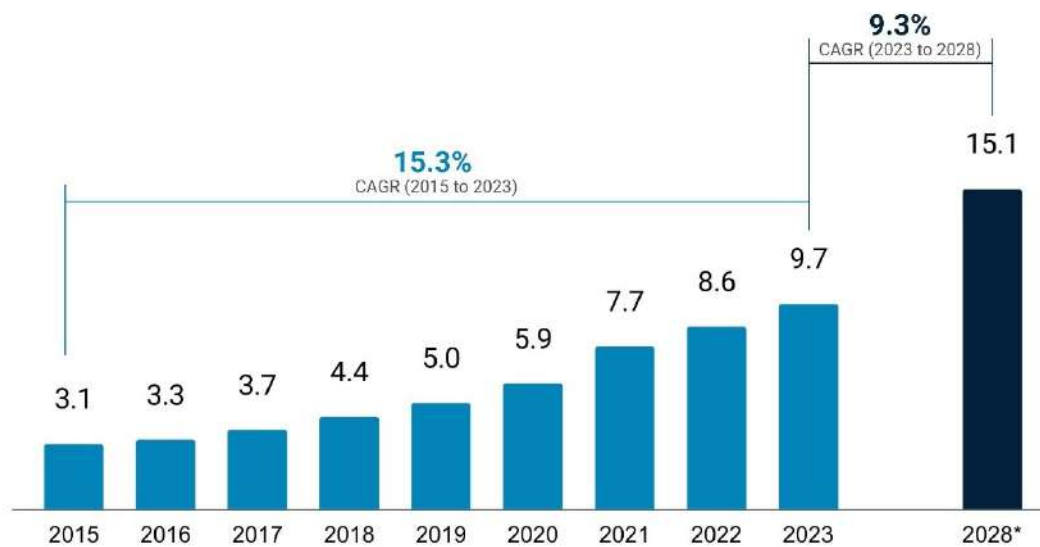
Our recent growth initiatives have been covered further in the 'Strategies and Outlook' section.

7. KEY BUSINESS ATTRIBUTES

a. Large, growing market and rich customer segment

The private market data industry represents a vast and largely untapped opportunity. There are over 200,000 addressable organizations across segments such as investment firms, corporates, government bodies, academic institutions, and others. Despite its scale, only a small single-digit percentage of this market is currently being served by structured data platforms, leaving significant headroom for growth

Private market AUM growth (In USD trillion)



* Projected number

Source: According to internal estimates.

Private market data is a large and expanding industry

Key user segments - large & growing - ~200,000 addressable organizations*

36,288 Venture Capital Funds	26,862 Private Equity Funds	55,892 Listed Entities	31,097 Educational Institutes	2,740 Limited Partners
14,681 Investment Banks	10,346 Accelerators & Incubators	34,080 Large Corporates	1,881 Debt Funds	250 Industry Bodies
4,108 Family Offices	1,515 Angel Networks	16,299 Late-stage Startups ¹	250 Government Bodies	

Note: ¹ Late-stage startups considered here are of Series-C and above funding

* As of 2021, according to "Global Information Services Market" report by Frost & Sullivan, other publicly available sources and internal estimates

b. High operating leverage and margin expansion

Our business model enjoys high operating leverage. Following the initial investment in building our technology infrastructure, data assets, and workflow automation software, the incremental cost of serving additional customers is minimal. As a result, the business enjoys strong gross margins and is structurally positioned for profitability as scale increases.

The platform is entirely productized, requiring no custom development or bespoke servicing for each new customer. This allows us to onboard and support a growing number of accounts without a corresponding increase in cost. The efficiency of our model is reflected in the relationship between our revenue and expense growth. Between FY21 and FY25, revenue grew at a CAGR of 18%, while total expenses increased at a much lower CAGR of 8%. In FY25, our EBITDA margin stood at 1.0%, while the PAT margin reached 5.8%.

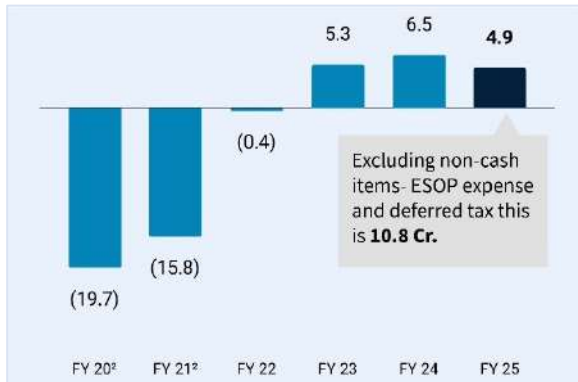
EBITDA ¹ (INR Cr.)



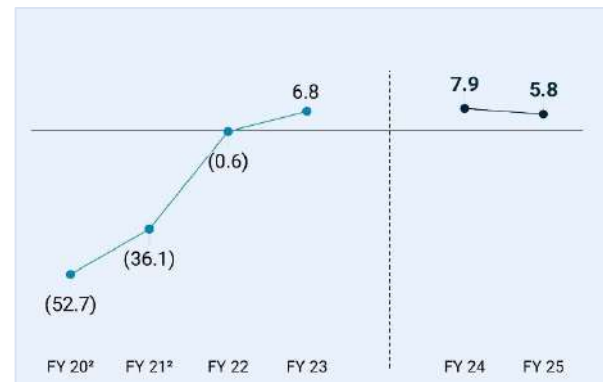
EBITDA Margin ¹ (%)



PAT ¹ (INR Cr.)



PAT Margin¹ (%)



c. Significant India cost advantage

We have a global customer base, with nearly 60% of our revenue coming from international customers, while our entire operations are based in India. This strategic model of “making in India while selling globally” gives us a considerable cost advantage. Our data production and technology platform is built in India yet covers private companies and markets worldwide, our global sales operations are managed centrally from India, and our content-driven customer acquisition flywheel further enhances efficiency. Together, these factors

provide us with a significant and long lasting cost advantage.

d. Profitable operations and increasing free cash flow

We continued to maintain profitable operations in FY25, recording an EBITDA of INR 0.8 crore and a PAT of INR 4.9 crore. Free cash flow rose to INR 14.3 crore in FY25, up from INR 10.3 crore in FY24. Our cash and cash equivalents also continued to strengthen, reaching INR 94.6 crore at the end of FY25, representing a 28% year-on-year increase.

FCF (Free Cash Flow)^{1,3} (INR Cr.)

Cash & Cash Equivalents¹ (INR Cr.)


¹ Adjusted for IPO Expense (reimbursable to the company) and Deferred tax for FY22 & FY23

² PAT adjusted for Fair Value gain/(loss) on CCPS for FY20 & FY21

³ Adjusted for tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs, pending payment to Income Tax

e. Scalable and proprietary technology platform

Our technology and data platform has been developed entirely in-house using leading technologies and architectures, making it highly agile and scalable. It leverages AI-driven analytical capabilities such as auto-extraction, categorisation, and personalised recommendations. Supported by a central 108-member technology and product team, along with dedicated automation engineering teams within our data and business units, this structure allows us to proactively adopt the latest technological advancements in building robust data and software solutions.

f. Low cost, content-driven acquisition flywheel

As a data company, we are able to leverage the vast amounts of data that we own to drive content-based marketing, enabling us to acquire a high velocity of leads without relying on paid marketing. In FY25, our public pages had over 21 million visits, and had more than 3,000 press mentions across prominent news media.

g. Minimal capex and debt-free

Our SaaS-based business model enables us to operate with minimal capital expenditure. One of the major expenses for information technology businesses is the cost of computer servers. At Tracxn, we leverage cloud

infrastructure to host our software, allowing us to dynamically manage capacity and ensure high availability and cost efficiency. Unlike physical servers, which require significant upfront investment, the cloud model allows us to pay only for what we use while seamlessly adapting to changing demand.

Additionally, by operating from managed office space that comes fully equipped with furniture and fixtures, we incur minimal capital expenditure related to office infrastructure. This is reflected in the value of the fixed assets on our balance sheet, which stands at INR 20.3 Lakh, along with a depreciation and amortization expense of INR 11.36 Lakh in FY25.

The company has remained debt-free since its inception.

h. Proven playbook of large financial data companies

Financial data markets have created several large companies that have collectively generated over \$40 billion in annual revenue. Many of these companies are highly profitable, continue to generate strong cash flows, and have sustained growth for decades. We believe the private market today mirrors the public market data space from a few decades ago and we see an opportunity to learn from the proven playbook of these large financial data companies that have been built for the public market investors.

8. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

a. Abridged profit and loss statement (INR Crores)

Particulars	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Revenue from operations	84.5	82.77
Other income	0.28	0.31
Other gains/(losses) - net	5.62	3.96
Total Income	90.37	87.04
Expenses		
Employee benefit expense	73.87	69.26
Depreciation expense	0.11	0.17
Other expenses	9.76	8.93
Profit / (Loss) before tax and exceptional items	6.62	8.68

Particulars	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Exceptional Items - IPO Expenses	-	0
Income tax expense:		
- Current tax	0.46	0.18
- Deferred Tax	15.71	2
Profit / (Loss) for the year (PAT)	-9.55	6.5
Less: Other income	0.28	0.31
Less: Other gains/(losses) - net	5.62	3.96
Add: Depreciation expense	0.11	0.17
Add: Current tax	0.46	0.18
Add: Deferred tax expense	15.71	2
EBITDA	0.83	4.59
EBITDA Margin	0.99%	5.54%
PAT excl Deferred Tax Adjustments	4.93	6.5
PAT Margin excl Deferred Tax Adjustments	5.83%	7.85%
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-10.04	6.08

b. Result of operations

i. Revenue from operations

Revenue from operations grew by 2.1% YoY from INR 82.8 crores in FY24 to INR 84.5 crores in FY25. We have

seen consistent growth in our revenue from operations despite the industry headwinds of slower investment activity in private markets, also widely referred in media as funding winter.

Revenue Split By Geo (in INR Crores)	FY 24	FY 25	FY25 % Contribution
Americas	26.7	24.5	29%
APAC (excl. India)	8.3	7.9	9%
EMEA	19.3	18.6	22%
India	28.4	33.5	40%
Total	82.8	84.5	100%

Revenue split by geography (INR Cr.)



ii. Total expenses

The total expense increased by 7% YoY from INR 78.4 crores in FY24 to INR 83.7 crores in FY25.

Employee benefit expenses accounted for 88.2% of our total expense. This increased from INR 69.3 Cr in

FY24 to INR 73.9 Cr in FY25. These expenses remained largely range bound due to rationalization of headcount on the back of efficiency focussed initiatives that we undertook during the year.

Cloud hosting charges were our second largest expense item and accounted for 2.9% of the total expense.

The remaining expenses include depreciation expense, rent expense, and remainder of other expenses. These add up to 8.9% of our total expense.

Total expense breakup

Particulars	FY 25	% Total Expense
Employee benefit expense	73.9 Cr	88.20%
Salaries, Wages & Bonus	67.2 Cr	80.30%
Employee stock option expense	4.6 Cr	5.50%
Other Employee Benefit Expenses	2.0 Cr	2.40%
Depreciation Expense	0.1 Cr	0.10%
Other Expenses	9.8 Cr	11.70%
Cloud Hosting Charges	2.4 Cr	2.90%
Rent for Building	2.1 Cr	2.50%
Remaining Other Expenses	5.2 Cr	6.20%
Total Expenses	83.7 Cr	100.00%

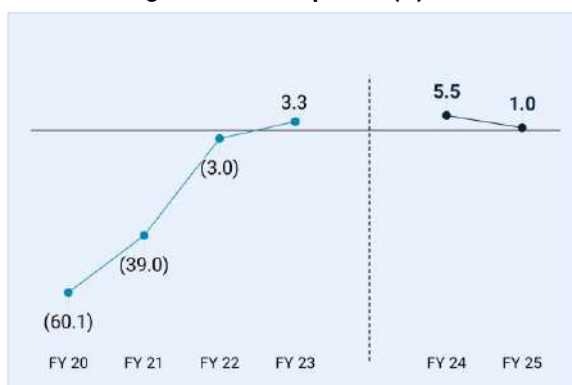
iii. Profitable Operations

EBITDA margin stood at 1.0% and PAT margin stood at 5.8% in FY25

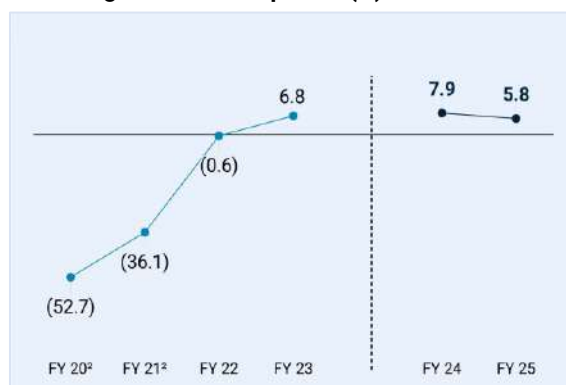
We continued to have profitable operations in FY25. Since the operating expenses do not scale as much

with the growth in revenue due to the operating leverage of the SaaS business model of the company, a significant portion of the additional revenue flows to the EBITDA. In FY25, the incremental revenue was offset by the increase in cost due to investments in various growth initiatives.

EBITDA Margin excl. IPO Expense¹ (%)



PAT Margin excl. IPO Expense¹ (%)



¹ EBITDA and PAT - For the year FY23, EBITDA and PAT have been adjusted for IPO expense (reimbursable to the company) and deferred tax

² PAT adjusted for Fair Value gain/(loss) on CCPS for FY20 & FY21

iv. Cash and Cash Flow

Free cash flow for FY25 was INR 14.3 Cr, compared to INR 10.3 Cr in FY24.

Cash and cash equivalents¹ stood at INR 94.6 Cr. in FY25, a 26% growth YoY from INR 75.2 Cr. in FY24

For more details, please refer to the financial statements forming part of this annual report.

Key Financial Ratios

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	Variance	Remarks
Current ratio	2.48	2.24	10.40%	NA
Return on equity (ROE)	-13.97%	9.96%	-240.24%	Refer note 3
Trade receivables turnover ratio	17.35	9.44	83.80%	Refer note 4
Trade payables turnover ratio	18.28	12.69	44.00%	Refer note 5
Net capital turnover ratio	1.58	1.97	-19.49%	NA
Net profit ratio	-11.30%	7.85%	-243.85%	Refer note 6
Return on capital employed	10.06%	12.25%	-17.83%	Refer note 7
Return on investment	5.92%	7.21%	-17.93%	NA

Notes:

1. The Company did not have any debt outstanding as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024. Accordingly, the debt-equity ratio and the debt service coverage ratio have not been disclosed.
2. The business model of the company is services oriented hence there is no inventory. Accordingly the inventory turnover ratio is not applicable.
3. Decrease in profit after tax due to asset created on deferred tax on brought forward losses being charged off in the FY25 has resulted in decrease in INR 1448.67 lakhs in FY 25
4. Increase due to significant improvement in Debtor(Collection), due to Proforma Invoice Set up and improved recovery/collections
5. Increase in this ratio is due to improvement in payment cycles and reduction of credit period to vendors in the FY 25
6. Decrease in profit after tax due to asset created on deferred tax on brought forward losses being charged off in the FY25 has resulted in decrease in INR 1448.67 lakhs in FY 25
7. Decreased due to lower Profit before tax on account of higher increase in Expenses than Income

Definition of Ratios:

- Current ratio: The Current Ratio is an indicator of a company's liquidity and ability to meet short-term obligations. It is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities, providing a measure of the company's capacity to pay off debts due within one year.
- Return on equity (ROE): This ratio assesses the profitability of the equity invested in the company, showing how effectively the company has utilized shareholders' funds. It also indicates the percentage return generated for equity holders. The ratio is calculated by dividing the Profit After Tax (PAT) by the average equity.
- Trade receivables turnover ratio: The Receivables Turnover Ratio measures a company's efficiency in collecting payments from its customers, how effectively the firm manages its receivables, indicating how well the company handles the credit it extends to customers and how swiftly it collects short-term debts. This ratio is determined by

dividing revenue by average trade receivables.

- Trade payables turnover ratio: The Trade Payables Turnover Ratio shows how many times a company has paid its creditors within a given period. It helps assess the cash needed to settle outstanding debts with suppliers. The ratio is calculated by dividing total purchases by the average trade payables.
- Net capital turnover ratio: The Net Capital Turnover Ratio measures a company's efficiency in utilizing its working capital. It is calculated by dividing the revenue from operations by the working capital for the same period.
- Net profit ratio: Net Profit Ratio is the percentage of revenue that remains as profit after all expenses, including operating costs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, have been deducted. It indicates how efficiently a company converts revenue into profit.
- Return on capital employed: ROCE reflects a company's management effectiveness in generating returns for both debt and equity holders. It gauges the company's profitability and how efficiently it utilizes its capital. ROCE is calculated by dividing EBIT by total capital employed which for us is total equity since we do not have any debts.
- Return on investment: Return on Investment (ROI) is a financial ratio that measures the benefit an investor gains relative to the cost of their investment. A higher ROI indicates a greater return on the investment. It is calculated by dividing EBIT by average total assets.
- EBITDA Margin: EBITDA margin measures a company's operating profit as a percentage of its revenue. This metric provides insight into how efficiently a company is generating profit from its core operations, excluding non-operating expenses and accounting decisions.

For more details, please refer to the financial statements forming part of this annual report.

¹Cash & Cash eq : Includes Cash in bank and payment gateways + Investments & Bank deposits + Security deposit paid against IPO - tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs, pending payment to Income Tax.

9. STRATEGIES AND OUTLOOK

a. New customer acquisition

The private market continues to expand, driven by an increase in the number of private market investors and a rising allocation of capital to these markets. While this sector is growing, the adoption to technology is still far behind what we typically see in the public markets. We continue to focus on reaching out to potential customers and demonstrating the technological capabilities and expanding our customer base.

Customer Accounts (#)



b. Expansion from existing customers

Our pricing is based on the number of logins within each subscription. As platform adoption continues to grow, customers typically increase the number of logins. Our largest customers have grown sizable over the years both in terms of the number of logins as well as in terms of contribution to revenue. We continue to focus on this aspect of our business, where different initiatives are taken to increase the adoption and find upsell opportunities. This includes increasing user-level and account-level engagement through various initiatives such as better platform education, periodic touchpoints, hero features, personalization and more.

c. Cumulative number of account with significant revenue contribution

Revenue	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	FY 25
INR 20L+ accounts	13	26	33	40	46
INR 30L+ accounts	5	11	22	23	22
INR 40L+ accounts	3	6	12	16	19

d. Expanding global customer base

Close to 60% of the revenue is from international customers. We have a customer base spanning over 50+ countries. The top 5 countries by number of customers as at the close of FY25 were India, United States of America, UK, Singapore, and Germany. We will keep expanding our customer base in these countries and other regions where we see substantial growth potential. Expanding our offerings to include companies from other countries

and geographies also makes the database more relevant to our global customers.

e. Increasing value proposition of the platform

We continue to introduce new features and enhancements on the Tracxn platform to increase value to our customers. Some of the key enhancements in FY25 include the launch of Regulatory Data such as loans and charges, legal cases and patent data, launch of Live Deals on the platform to assist both investors and startups to raise and receive funds.

We will continue to invest in deploying additional technologies for our platform that will enable us to scale our product offerings. In addition to introducing new features we continue to increase the coverage of data - we added data of more than 1,530,000 entities, 20,000 reports, and 2,00,000 funding rounds and acquisition transactions in FY25.

f. Expansion into adjacent customer segments

There are certain additional use cases of our private market and emerging technology data which make the platform useful for other customer segments beyond investors - for example product discovery, vendor discovery, business development to name a few. These diverse sets of customer segments such as startups, universities etc. have their own specific needs which can be addressed by our platform. For instance a Limited Partners in a fund may use our platform for fund performance data, and sales personnel rely on our platform for augmenting company information to improve their sales outreach. By tapping into these segments we can potentially expand our total addressable market.

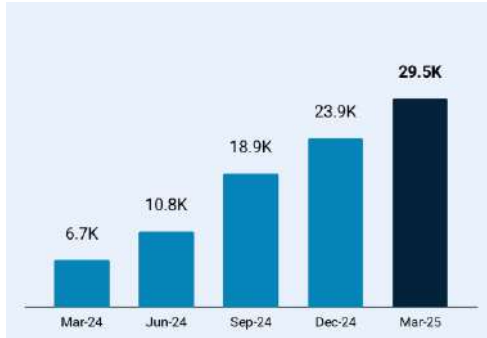
g. Select recent growth initiatives

Apart from the above mentioned strategies, we have also been working on select growth initiatives, some notable ones include

- i. **Scaling Organic Traffic & Inbound Leads Pipeline:** Our lead generation strategy is primarily driven by content marketing through SEO. Since all our content is developed in-house and tailored for our platform, we do not use paid marketing. Our marketing team creates a wide range of public pages, and this efficient content-driven customer acquisition flywheel helps us to acquire a high volume of inbound leads. In FY25, our platform had over 21 million organic visits, 7x times higher than FY21. We expect this organic traffic to further increase, thereby increasing inbound leads pipeline.
- ii. **Tracxn Lite:** We launched Tracxn Lite for PLG (Product-Led Growth) to create awareness to showcase the depth of the platform and drive product-led growth. With Tracxn Lite users get

full platform access with certain limitations such as restricted daily profile views, exports and specific platform modules. In a little over one year since launch, more than 1,39,000 users have signed up for Tracxn Lite, with pace of acquisition increasing QoQ. Monthly active users have crossed 30,000

Avg Monthly Active Users

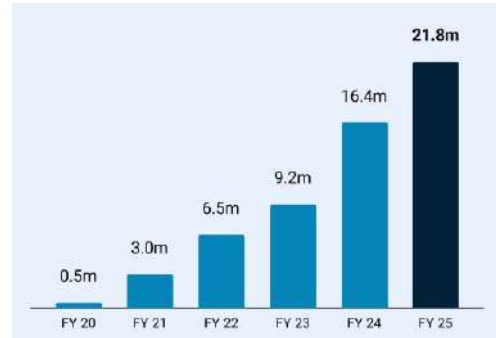


iii. **Specialized Teams:** We had set up specialized teams for select high potential customer segments such as Universities and Startups last year. Bulk of our relevant customer segments come from top universities globally and universities are a good marketing and discovery channel for us. We have also seen a high volume of inbound leads from startups. Seeing the success of the initially launched vertical teams, we further launched 10 more vertical teams in FY25 for Investment Banks, Venture Capital, Accelerators & Incubators to name a few.

Though they are served by the same platform, they have differentiated use case and workflow requirements. We have set up a separate team to focus on acquisition and expansion of customers in this segment.

We are seeing good response in the segments where we have launched vertical teams - in terms of account growth as well as revenue expansion. In addition to specialised teams selling to key segments, through both inbound & outbound, we have also augmented the platform coverage: increased coverage of private company financials and key ratios, VC & PE databases, etc. We have also launched additional features - for example, enabling startups to indicate if they are seeking investment banking support.

We have seen an accelerated volume growth from these vertical teams, leading to an

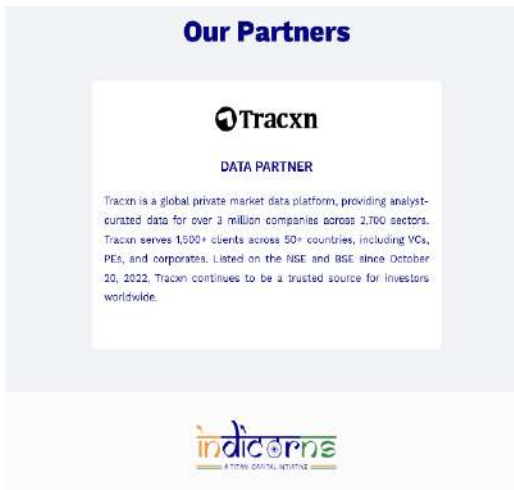


accelerated growth in India. We plan to extend these to other key geographies and expect similar growth in the international markets.

Press mentions: We have been increasing our reach through various media partnerships, data contributions, reports, and regular newspaper columns. In FY25, we had more than 3000 press mentions across various media and had some very prominent partnerships:

- We were the data partners for Titan capital to create exclusive list of “Indi corns” - Indian startups that are profitable and with revenue more than ₹100 crore
- “The First Cheque Report 2024”, a co-branded report with a SEA-focused VC fund - Jungle Ventures
- “50 Future Unicorns of Karnataka, by the Economic Times which was released at the Bengaluru Tech Summit 2024
- We were the knowledge partner at the ET Startup Awards - which is a very prominent private market event hosted by The Economic Times





- iv. Increased coverage of financials and captables across countries : We currently Process data from English and more than 35 non-English language sources which include German, French, Swedish, Korean, Dutch, Greek, Indonesian among others. We provide company financials from over 20 countries and capitalization tables from more than 15 countries . We are continuing to add more data for companies from more geographies.
- v. Increasing coverage of Legal Entities Database : In FY25, we made our Legal Entities database richer to support diligence and similar use cases. As of March 2025, the platform now features over 64 million legal entities from a wide range of geographies like US, UK, India, Australia , Japan , Brazil . This database is particularly valuable for late -stage investors, and we continue to increase the richness of data on our platform.
- vi. Launched Regulatory Data: We are also building deeper coverage of Regulatory Data on private companies & legal entities. Some of the data points that are live and in pipeline include Loans and Charges data,

Legal Cases data, Patent data, FDA Approval data, amongst others. These are particularly important for existing and new use cases like deeper due diligence, KYC and similar use cases.

10. TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM & DATA ENGINES

The private market is vast and there are millions of companies to be evaluated and tracked as compared to less than 60,000 companies which were publicly traded and had fairly structured information about them available at the end of 2024. The data about private companies is largely fragmented and unstructured, which makes tracking data/disclosures for private companies very difficult.

To provide enterprise-grade information in a comprehensive, standardized and structured manner, we rely on a combination of technology and human-in-the loop systems. This makes information actionable and aids decision making for our users.

Following are the key features about how we source data, key components of our technology stack, analyst and data team engines that we have built in-house over the past decade.

a. Source of data

Our data on private markets includes a wide set of information spanning data on private companies, industries and sector coverage, transactions (funding, M&A), private company financials, capable, valuations, amongst others.

Our key sources of data are the following

- Publicly available information**

This includes factual information like funding related news, founded year, office locations and much more. This data is sourced from publicly accessible resources, including company websites, blogs, news articles, social media, and other secondary sources. We combine and capture relevant factual information to be included in the company profiles after verification from various such sources. We mine information from over 836 million web domains at the backend and add over around 60 million new web domains every year. We consistently identify interesting companies across various sectors everyday by processing and analyzing data from millions of web pages.

- Proprietary data**

We generate our own proprietary data through a range of models that we have defined, along with the assistance of our analyst team. This includes sector-based coverage, industry classification, taxonomy, understanding of company business models, among other factors. Our in-house developed taxonomy forms a key data point which is attached to the companies which are profiled on the platform. As of March 31, 2025, we have mapped over 4.5 million entities across more than 57,000 different taxonomy nodes in more than 2,950 sectors amongst more than 20 different industries. This unparalleled level of structured and detailed classification enables our customers to track companies in a more focused manner, drawing global comparables, applying niche search criteria, and facilitating prompt and effective decision-making.

- Regulatory Filings**

We also gather data from various regulatory filings that the private companies are required to submit across various countries. These include registrar of company filings, transaction filings, labor filings, taxation filings etc. These filings by companies, wherever available, are obtained from the respective registries. The information extracted from these filings is then carefully curated and verified to provide financial and shareholding data for the companies.

b. Scalable & proprietary in-house technology platform

Our in-house technology platform has been designed focusing on high performance and the massive data assimilation, processing capabilities. At the back-end, the platform is scanning more than 836 million web domains for signals to identify interesting companies, and using intelligent algorithms to capture the relevant companies that are bubbled up in the queue for processing.

Domains tracked at backend (In Millions)



The front end of the platform is modular and based on micro frontends architecture where each module uses SPA (Single Page Application) for enhancing user experience across the platform. It is responsive (adaptive to different interfaces like laptops and mobiles) and accessible on web browsers, Android and iOS applications. The backend of the platform is built using microservices based architecture, which makes it highly scalable and yet modular enough for easy maintenance without any downtime. At the core of the platform is our databases which are built over widely used and proven technologies for managing large data based business. Further, use of performance enhancing technologies like JSON Web Tokens alongside the CDNs (Content Delivery Networks) helps us to load huge amounts of data at a very fast pace, thereby reducing the load time and enhancing the user experience.

We host our servers on the leading cloud servers thereby increasing the reliability and scalability as per the demand of the business and that of our customers. We have also automated the management and utilization of our cloud resources to keep our costs under control. So while our database at backend has been increasing at a very fast pace, our cloud server costs have remained range bound.

c. Proprietary models and human-in-the-loop for enterprise grade data

We have developed proprietary models and automations for curating enterprise data across various data modules for private companies globally. Our automation models extract, parse and standardize data from multiple sources such as images, documents, scanned portable document format or pdf using optical character recognition technology, and map relevant data to respective fields. These models are continuously developed and refined by the automation engineers of the respective data teams, tailored to specific requirements and processes. Additionally, we leverage automation and other internally developed models for quality

assurance, implementing 2-layer, automated and manual check processes.

Our human-in-the-loop methodology ensures the delivery of high quality enterprise grade information and addresses the data and intelligence gaps that technology alone cannot solve yet. We have a dedicated team of 65+ sector specialists who perform the review of the system outputs, develop taxonomy, provide editor ratings and define new report formats and data points to be covered.

In order to provide enterprise grade data, we also have data teams focusing on addressing the data gaps and performing quality checks. They span across modules like company profiles, funding transactions, mergers and acquisitions, company financials, captables, valuations, industries & sector coverage etc. This is very useful where the information is highly subjective and does not follow a standard pattern of dissemination.

d. Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI)

Technology has been a key enabler in building our global private market data platform and we are excited about the recent advancements in artificial intelligence, particularly in generative AI. We are

committed to being pioneers in harnessing the power of generative AI to enhance our platform.

We continue to harness GenAI in data production yielding significant and promising results. We have been able to multiply our datasets while reducing manual intervention, which is a great testimony to our use of automation and intelligence in data production.

We are leveraging AI in several stages of our data production and others:

- Identification of upcoming private companies, data extraction from unstructured data & documents including in non-English languages, enabling massive scalability to accelerate the pace of data addition; industry classification, & more
- Data production: for company profiling and for augmenting transaction data sets (including funding, acquisitions, etc.) as well as improving data accuracy
- Engagement & Outreach: Empowering our GTM teams by refining lead profiling, sentiment analysis of interactions, and optimizing engagement strategies



11. HUMAN RESOURCES

a. Overview

The Tracxn family was 664 members strong as on March 31, 2025.

Our team split as on March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Function	Number of Employees
Analyst and Data Operations	303
Product and Technology	108
Sales Marketing and Customer Success	190
Business Support	63
Total	664

b. Equal Opportunities @ Tracxn

Tracxn strongly believes in creating equal opportunity and providing a sense of belongingness to all the employees. We are proud to share that we had 44% women workforce as of March 31, 2025.

c. Building a High Productivity Workplace

We endeavor to build a high-productivity workplace for all our team members. Over the last few years, we have implemented multiple things across the organization to maximize efficiency, enhance collaboration, and achieve optimal results in our workplace environment.

These span across how all the leaders manage their time & calendars, to meeting structures, to using technology & IT for automation, and more. Following are some examples:

- i. **Time boxing**
Our days are meticulously planned and managed through our calendar. This structured approach enables us to efficiently handle meetings and ensure that all priority tasks receive the necessary attention
- ii. **Written notes for each meeting item**
As a standard practice, we prepare comprehensive notes that outline the key discussion points. These notes serve as a reference during the meeting, promoting clarity and focus.
- iii. **Clear agendas**
Every meeting is accompanied by a clearly defined agenda, which is documented as a separate event in the calendar. This practice enables us to address the agenda items efficiently, leading to the timely conclusion of meetings and maintaining focus on the intended course of action
- iv. **Milestone/stage-based project management**
Our project management approach follows a unique methodology. At every stage of a project,

stakeholders synchronize, review, and update strategies based on the insights gained. We categorize the stages as Ideation (M1), Solution (M2), and Execution (M3), ensuring a systematic progression throughout the project lifecycle.

v. Automate (almost) everything

Our primary objective is to optimize internal systems and processes by leveraging automation wherever possible. We actively seek opportunities to automate either specific parts or entire workflows. To facilitate this goal, each department maintains a dedicated automation/technology team. For example, our HR department has its own automation team, reflecting our commitment to streamlining operations.

vi. Internal IT

We have established an internal IT team to cater to our organization's technological needs. This dedicated team allows us to promptly address any IT related issues, ensuring a swift turnaround time for problem resolution

d. Employee well-being

Health and fitness

We firmly believe that staying healthy is one of the basic and most important pillars of productivity and we encourage and promote our team members to adopt and maintain a healthy lifestyle. We organised a 21 day yoga challenge to promote mental and physical wellbeing, in addition organised another 21 day challenge for occasions like World Mental Health Month in October in order to build new habits and incorporate healthier lifestyles. Team members are also encouraged to share their insights into what has proven effective for their physical and mental health journeys, serving as inspiration for others.



Employee engagement

We strive to foster a strong sense of belonging within the workplace, boost employee motivation and cultivate positive sentiments toward the organization. Some of the activities that we at Tracxn conduct

include department level team lunches, fun-events, contests and sports tournaments, among others.



Quality of work

We have created feedback mechanisms to gather regular input from our employees. These surveys enable us to compare different departments, identify trends, observe indicators affecting specific teams, identify gaps and double down on the measures that work towards organizational growth and address any concerns at individual level.

Training and skill enhancement

We promote employee upskilling by way of efficiency driving projects, in-depth problem solving and taking additional responsibilities. This approach allows our employees to gain hands-on experience and acquire new skills.



Work-life balance

Work-life balance is a crucial part of a healthy and productive work environment. We encourage all teams to follow streamlined work timings and follow office timings to ensure balance and productivity. We don't encourage working post office hours and avoid work during weekends as well as holidays.



Reward and recognition

We believe in rewards and recognition, to acknowledge and appreciate our employees and their work. This leads to greater employee engagement and a positive workplace. A few examples of such rewards are monthly and quarterly star performer awards, long service recognition awards, amongst others.

e. ESOP policy

Employee Stock Option Plans provide employees ownership interest in the company in the form of shares of stock. ESOPs encourage employees to invest their best efforts, as the company's success translates into financial rewards. Employees benefit from the company's achievements and develop a sense of ownership, which can lead to increased productivity and overall performance improvement. This also creates opportunities for wealth generation for the employees.

We have created a robust ESOP policy keeping the interest of employees in mind, covering most of our mid to senior leadership, key team members and high performers. Under the policy, ESOPs are granted on a quarterly basis with a four-year vesting period. Promoters and other board members are not entitled for ESOPs.

12. TRACXN IN MEDIA

Tracxn Technologies Limited continues to attract media attention. The company's success story and IPO listing were covered by leading media companies such as Business Today, Business India and Money Control, which published elaborative articles about the Company. Our data is regularly cited by prominent forums.



Business Standard

HOME COMPANIES START-UPS RESULTS NEWS E-PAPER DECODED OPI

Home / Companies / Start Up / Fintech dominates India's startup funding this year, shows Tracxn data

Fintech dominates India's startup funding this year, shows Tracxn data

In terms of deal volume, consumer startups saw the highest number of funding rounds (62), ahead of high-tech (70) and retail (81)



btMAG

Inside Tracxn's pursuit of building an iconic global data company

Source: Business Today | November 28, 2021, 8:34 p.m.

Private market data and insights provider Tracxn's unique tech stack and low-cost; built in India for the world's growth model augurs well for the start-up ecosystem at a time when high-burn rate consumer tech ventures are facing a funding winter

TECHNASIA NEWS JOBS DATABASE PROGRAM ABOUT PARTNERSHIP

LATEST PREMIUM STARTUP BUSINESS NEWS BY AI PARTNERSHIP CONTENT

PREMIUM CONTENT

Written by Benjamin Chen - 21 Jan 2025

Tracxn: ASEAN fintech funding down 23%, except payments and cryptocurrencies

YOURSTORY Sign In

Founder First Job In Brands Resources YSTV Events Newsletter Status

FUNDING

India's tech startups clinch \$2.5B funding in Q1 2025: Tracxn


Accel, Blume Ventures, and Peak XV Partners were the top overall investors for Q1 2025, while Venture Catalysts, Unicorn India Ventures, and YourNext led in seed-stage investments, and Avastar Ventures and Sofina dominated late-stage funding.

Press Trust Of India • 10493 Stories

FOUNDER INDIA MAGAZINE HOME FOUNDER STORIES

Neha Singh: Leading Tracxn to the Forefront of Market Intelligence

by Founder Editor Team 9 months ago 44 Views 1



Neha Singh, the CEO and co-founder of Tracxn, has established herself as a trailblazer in the field of market intelligence.

www.founder magazine.in

Business India

How Tracxn accelerates innovation

Source: Business India | November 28, 2021, 8:34 p.m.

Techie duo Neha Singh and Abhishek Goyal are flying high with their business intelligence platform Tracxn Technologies

STARTUP CENTRAL TRACXN CO-FOUNDER ON INDIA'S STARTUP ECOSYSTEM

STARTUP INVESTMENTS

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
Q4FY23	\$411 Mn	\$874 Mn	\$1.7 Bn
Q1FY24	\$355 Mn	\$1.1 Bn	\$839 Mn
Q2FY24	\$377 Mn	\$888 Mn	\$2.7 Bn

Source: Tracxn

moneycontrol

Tracxn Listing Day | Goal is to build an iconic data providing company from India, like how Infosys is an iconic software company from India: Founders Abhishek Goyal and Neha Singh.

Source: moneycontrol | OCTOBER 20, 2022 / 08:25 AM IST

Tracxn Technologies, a private markets information provider, is all set to list later today, in what will be the first listing of a venture capital-backed software-as-a-service company in India this year.

13. RISK AND THREATS TO THE INDUSTRY AND OUR BUSINESS

1. Political, macroeconomic and demographic changes could adversely affect economic conditions globally thus impacting the private market investment industry. Such risks may impact our revenue and earnings.
2. We derive, and expect to continue to derive all of our revenues from operations from subscription by customers of our Tracxn platform. A substantial portion of our revenues is generated from existing customers and such customers may not renew or expand the use of their subscriptions after the expiration of their current subscription. If our customers do not renew or expand their subscriptions, or if they renew on less favourable terms, our future revenue and operating results may be adversely affected.
3. The market for private market data platforms is competitive and characterized by rapid changes in technology, customer requirements, industry standards and frequent new product introductions and improvements. If we are unable to anticipate or effectively react to these competitive challenges, our competitive position could weaken and could lose market share to our competitors, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations, and we could experience a decline in our growth rate or revenue.
4. In order to gather private market data, we primarily rely on secondary sources, and there is no assurance that the information provided therein is accurate or reliable. If we are not able to obtain and maintain accurate, comprehensive, or reliable data, it could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, and financial condition.
5. Our success depends, in part, on our ability to expand use of our platform by customers globally and accordingly, our business is susceptible to risks associated with international operations. We expect to continue to expand our international customer base, which may include opening offices in new jurisdictions. Any additional international expansion efforts we may undertake may not be successful. We may be unable to keep up with changes in government requirements as they change from time to time. Failure to comply with these regulations could harm our business, financial condition and results of operation.
6. Any fluctuations in foreign exchange rates may have an impact on our profits generated from overseas markets. Since we have significant international sales, any fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rates resulting from, inter alia, economic, geo-political or social factors may result in an asymmetric and disproportional impact on our profits, revenue, results of operations and cash flows.
7. Security breaches and attacks against our systems and network, and any potentially resulting breach or failure to otherwise protect personal, confidential and proprietary information, could damage our reputation and negatively impact our business, as well as materially and adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. Our cybersecurity measures may not detect, prevent or control all attempts to compromise our systems, including distributed denial-of-service attacks, viruses, trojan horses, malicious software, break ins, phishing attacks, third party manipulation, security breaches, employee misconduct or negligence or other attacks, risks, data leakage and similar disruptions that may cause service interruptions or jeopardize the breaches, employee misconduct or negligence or other attacks, risks, data leakage and similar disruptions that may cause service interruptions or jeopardize the security of data stored in and transmitted by our systems subjecting us to legal and financial liability, reputation loss and revenue loss.
8. Failure to innovate in response to changing customer needs, new technologies and other market requirements may lead to current or prospective customers finding competing products or services more attractive. If we do not keep pace with market innovation and do our best to innovate and provide superior products and services, the demand for our platform may decline for any of these or other reasons and thus our business, results of operations, and financial condition could be adversely affected.
9. Our future success will depend, in part, upon our ability to internally develop and implement new and competitive technologies, use leading

third-party technologies effectively and respond to advances in data collection, cataloguing and curating private market information. If we fail to respond to changes in data technology competitors may be able to develop products and services that will take market share from us, and the demand for our products and services, the delivery of our products and services, or our market reputation could be adversely affected.

10. We are dependent on our Key Management Personnel and our senior management, in terms of their expertise, experience and services which helps us to execute our growth strategy and expand our business. Our failure to hire or retain senior management personnel could materially impair our ability to implement any plan for growth and expansion
11. We have experienced rapid growth in recent periods and our recent growth rates may not be indicative of our future growth. We have also encountered in the past, and expect to encounter in the future, risks and uncertainties frequently experienced by growing companies in evolving industries. If our assumptions regarding these risks and uncertainties, which we use to plan and operate our business, are incorrect or change, or if we do not address these risks successfully, our growth may be adversely impacted and our business, financial condition and results of operation would suffer.
12. Wage pressures in India may prevent us from sustaining our competitive advantage and may reduce our revenue. We may need to continue to increase the levels of our employee compensation to remain competitive and manage attrition, and consequently we may need to increase the prices of our services. If we are unable to sustain or increase the number of employees as necessary or are unable to pass on such increased expenditure to our customers without losing their business to our competitors, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be adversely affected.
13. If the market for the private market data platform develops more slowly than we expect, or platforms for data collection, curation and management do not achieve widespread adoption, or there is a reduction in demand caused by a lack of customer acceptance, technological challenges, weakening

economic conditions, security or privacy concerns, competing technologies and products, decreases in corporate spending or otherwise, it could result in decreased revenue and our business could be adversely affected.

14. Our ability to achieve significant revenue growth will depend, in large part, on our success in recruiting, training and retaining sufficient numbers of sales personnel to support our growth. Our recent hires and planned hires may not become productive as quickly as we expect, and we may be unable to hire or retain sufficient numbers of qualified individuals in the markets where we do business or plan to do business. If we are unable to hire and train a sufficient number of effective sales personnel, we are ineffective at overseeing a growing sales force, or the sales personnel we hire are otherwise unsuccessful in obtaining new customers or increasing sales to our existing customer base, our business will be adversely affected.
15. Our platform relies on the collection and use of private market information to provide effective insights to our customers and users. Changes in laws, regulations, and public perception concerning data privacy, or changes in the patterns of enforcement of existing laws and regulations, could impact our ability to efficiently gather, process, update, and/or provide some or all of the information we currently provide or the ability of our customers and users to use some or all of our products or services.

14. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

We have robust and well-established internal control systems in place, commensurate with the size and nature of our operations. The control mechanisms are followed diligently at all levels across the Company, which helps in creating business efficiencies and streamlining our processes. We have appointed M/s SPR & Co., Chartered Accountants an independent CA firm, who conduct an internal audit to ensure adequacy of our internal control systems, and our compliance with applicable regulations. The Audit Committee, composed of Independent and Non-Executive Directors, periodically reviews the audit plan, findings of the internal audit, adequacy of the internal controls and monitors the implementation of the audit recommendations. Design and

operating effectiveness of controls are tested by the management annually and later audited by the statutory auditors. Controls testing is carried out as per the Guidance Note on 'Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Management also updates the control systems as per findings / changing operations and follow-up actions thereon are reported to the Audit Committee.

15. DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT

The financial statements have been prepared, in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as 'Ind AS') prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder as amended from time to time. The details of accounting treatment and policies form part of the Notes to the Financial Statement.

16. DEFINITIONS

- 1) **Customer Accounts** refers to the distinct contracts entered into by our Company with each customer, at the time of measurement. A customer account may include access for a single or multiple number of Users.
- 2) **Users** refers to the number of activated user accesses on the platform at the time of measurement and does not include bulk users like university/educational institutes accounts
- 3) **Contract Price** is net invoicing done in a given period adjusted for unbilled revenue for the period, till the time of measurement
- 4) **Entities Profiled** refer to the profiles published and available on the platform to the user at the time of measurement.
- 5) **PAT** refers to Profit / (Loss) for the Year, plus Exceptional Items - IPO Expenses, plus Deferred tax
- 6) **EBITDA** refers to Profit / (Loss) for the period, minus Other Income and Other gains / (losses) - net, plus Depreciation and Amortization Expenses, plus Finance Costs, if any, plus Income Tax Expense, plus Exceptional items - IPO Expenses
- 7) **Free Cash Flow** refers to Net Cash Flow from / (used in) Operating Activities, minus Capex (ie, payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment), minus IPO Expense reimbursement plus cash outgo towards Security Deposit for listing, minus tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs from employees.
- 8) **Cash and Cash Equivalents** includes balance with banks, investments in liquid mutual funds, bank fixed deposits, security deposit towards listing and cash on hand, minus tax amounts received upon exercise of ESOPs from employees
- 9) **Organic Search Traffic** - Traffic originating from an organic search result
- 10) **Existing Customer** - An account which had also contributed to the accrued revenue prior to the given financial year / period.
- 11) **New Customer** - An account contributing to the accrued revenue for the first time in the given financial year/ period
- 12) **Headcount** - Number of employees as on the close of business hours.

Board's Report

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of your Company is pleased to present the 13th (Thirteenth) Annual Report of Tracxn Technologies Limited (hereinafter referred as "Company" / "Tracxn") along with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ("FY") ended March 31, 2025 (hereinafter referred as "FY 2024-25", "FY25" or "during the year").

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The key highlights of the financial results of your Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 are as follows:

(In ₹ Lakhs, except for per share data)

Particulars	FY 2024-25	FY 2023-24
Revenue from Operations	8,446.73	8277.05
Other Income	27.93	30.93
Other Gains/(Losses) – Net	562.27	395.69
Total Income	9,036.93	8703.67
Less: Total Expenses excluding Depreciation and Amortization	8,363.38	7818.37
Less: Depreciation and Amortization	11.36	17.01
Profit / (Loss): before Exceptional Items & Tax	662.19	868.29
Less: Exceptional Items	0.00	0.00
Profit / (Loss) before Tax	662.19	868.29
Less: Current Income Tax	45.51	17.68
Less: Deferred Tax	1,571.09	200.47
Profit / (Loss) for the Year	(954.41)	650.14
Add: Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	(49.28)	(42.40)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the Year	(1,003.69)	607.74
Profit / (Loss) per share (Basic)	(0.89)	0.61
Profit / (Loss) per share (Diluted)	(0.89)	0.61

Please note that your Company does not have any subsidiaries. Therefore, the financial statements of your Company are prepared only for one entity and are on a standalone basis.

The annual Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), Indian Accounting Standards ('IND AS') and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ["SEBI Listing Regulations"].

The Board of Directors review the operations of your Company as a whole, as one single segment. Accordingly, there are no separate reportable segments.

2. REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

Your Company is a leading private market intelligence platform providing data & software for the private markets globally. The customer segment of your Company includes private market investors & investment banks (venture capital funds, private equity funds, investment banks); and M&A, corporate development, and innovation teams at large corporations, including many Fortune 500 companies. Nearly 60% of the revenue of your Company is from international customer base, spanning over 50 countries. The business follows a SaaS model similar to many established companies in this space that provide public market financial data. This business model has a high operating leverage, since post the initial investment in the technology and data platform, the cost to serve

incremental customers is very low. This has resulted in a steady margin expansion across the last three financial years. The business is asset-light and has been debt free since inception.

For FY25 your Company recorded EBITDA, PAT and free cash flow of ₹83.35 Lakhs, (₹954.41) Lakhs and ₹1,433.24 Lakhs respectively, against corresponding FY24 numbers³ of ₹458.68 Lakhs, ₹650.14 Lakhs and ₹1,027.05 Lakhs respectively.

More details on the operational and financial performance of your Company are provided in the Management Discussion & Analysis Report, which forms a part of the Annual Report.

3. TRANSFER TO RESERVES AND DIVIDEND

As your Company does not have profits in FY25, no amount is proposed to be transferred to reserves. Accordingly, the Board of Directors does not recommend any dividend for FY25.

Pursuant to Regulation 43A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), your Company adopted the Dividend Distribution Policy setting out the broad principles for guiding the Board and the management in matters relating to declaration and distribution of dividend, and the same is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

4. SHARE CAPITAL

(i) Authorised Share Capital

The Authorised Share Capital of your Company as on March 31, 2025, was ₹12,00,00,000 /- (Rupees Twelve Crores only) consisting of 12,00,00,000 equity shares of Re 1/- (Rupee One only) each. During the year under review, there was no change in the Authorised Share Capital of your Company.

(ii) Paid-Up Capital

During the year, the change in issued, subscribed and paid up share capital of your Company was as follows:

Particulars	No. of shares	Amount (in ₹)
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital at the beginning of the financial year 2023-24	10,35,41,101	10,35,41,101
Shares issued/allotted during the financial year 2024-25	29,24,993	29,24,993
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital at the end of the financial year 2024-25	10,64,66,094	10,64,66,094

Shares issued/allotted during the financial year 2024-25 are detailed below.

S.No.	Date of Allotment	Mode of issue/allotment	No. of shares allotted	Amount (in ₹)
1.	April 13, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	317,228	317,228
2.	May 08, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	45,200	45,200
3.	June 07, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	205,716	205,716
4.	July 06, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	360,086	360,086
5.	August 05, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	99,707	99,707
6.	September 05, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	182,892	182,892
7.	October 05, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	242,855	242,855
8.	November 08, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	447,036	447,036
9.	December 07, 2024	Employee Stock Options Exercised	349,998	349,998
10.	January 08, 2025	Employee Stock Options Exercised	278,967	278,967
11.	February 10, 2025	Employee Stock Options Exercised	244,725	244,725
12.	March 08, 2025	Employee Stock Options Exercised	150,583	150,583
Total			29,24,993	29,24,993

After closure of the reporting period, your Company has issued/allotted Equity Shares as per the following details:

S.No.	Date of Allotment	Mode of issue/allotment	No. of shares allotted	Amount (in ₹)
1.	April 08, 2025	Employee Stock Options Exercised	428,488	428,488
2.	May 07, 2025	Employee Stock Options Exercised	83,544	83,544
Total			512,032	512,032

(iii) Alteration of Memorandum of Association (MOA) & Articles of Association (AOA)

No alterations were done during the financial year 2024-25 in the MOA and AOA of your Company.

(iv) Employees' Stock Option Plan

Your Company has two (2) employee stock option plan.

- (1) Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 ("ESOP 2016"), which was ratified by shareholders subsequent to the IPO, via Postal Ballot, on 21st January, 2023, in accordance with Regulation 12(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SEBI SBEBSE Regulations").
- (2) Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plan 2024 ("ESOP 2024") which was approved by the shareholders via Postal Ballot on 28th December, 2024. The total number of options that may be granted under ESOP 2024 shall not exceed 30,00,000 (Thirty Lakhs) options which are convertible into the equivalent number of equity shares of the Company having face value Rs.1/- (One) each.

ESOP 2016 and ESOP 2024 are in compliance with the SEBI (Share-Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021. A certificate from the Secretarial Auditors of your Company, BMP & Co. LLP, under Regulation 13 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SEBI SBEBSE Regulations") is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/shareholder-services#annual-general-meeting>.

A statement containing the relevant disclosures pursuant to Rule 12(9) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 14 of the SEBI SBEBSE Regulations for the financial year ended on March 31, 2025 can be accessed on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/shareholder-services#annual-general-meeting>.

5. MATERIAL CHANGES AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF YOUR COMPANY

There were no material changes affecting the financial position of your Company between the end of the financial year under review and the date of this report, other than issue of equity shares, as detailed in Section 4 above.

6. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There was no change in the nature of business of your Company during the year.

7. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

During the year under review, your Company has neither invited nor accepted any deposits from the public falling within the preview of Section 73 and 76 of the Act read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rule, 2014 during the year. Further, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from the public was outstanding as on March 31, 2025.

8. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Your Company has an appropriate mix of directors on its Board. As of March 31, 2025, the Board of Directors of your Company comprised two (2) Executive Directors, including one (1) woman Executive Director, and four (4) Independent Directors, including one (1) woman Independent Director. The composition of the Board of your Company is in conformity with Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

All Directors are eminent individuals with proven track records, and their detailed backgrounds are provided in the Corporate Overview section forming part of this Annual Report.

None of the Directors are disqualified as specified under Section 164 of the Act.

The list of directors and Key Managerial Personnel as on March 31, 2025 are as follows:

S. No.	Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation
1	Neha Singh	Chairperson and Managing Director	August 06, 2021	NA
2	Abhishek Goyal	Vice-Chairman and Executive Director	August 06, 2021	NA
3	Brij Bhushan	Independent Director	August 06, 2021	NA
4	Nishant Verman	Independent Director	August 06, 2021	NA
5	Payal Goel	Independent Director	August 06, 2021	NA
6	Rohit Jain	Independent Director	August 06, 2021	NA
7	Prashant Chandra	Chief Financial Officer	August 02, 2021	NA
8	Surabhi Pasari	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	May 20, 2024	NA

Appointments and Re-appointment to the Board

Re- appointment

The Board, at its meeting held on May 20, 2024 and based on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), approved the re-appointment of Abhishek Goyal (DIN:00423410), Vice-Chairman and Executive-Director of your Company, who was liable to retire by rotation at the previous Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and being eligible, offered himself for re-appointment. The re-appointment was approved by the members at the AGM held on September 26, 2024.

The following Directors are proposed to be appointed/ re-appointed at the ensuing AGM, the brief details of which are mentioned in the Notice of 13th AGM forming part of this Annual Report:

- The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on May 26, 2025 approved re-appointment of Ms. Neha Singh (DIN: 05331824) as Managing Director for a period of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from August 06, 2026 upto August 05, 2031 (both days inclusive) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the Notice convening the 13th AGM, subject to the approval of the shareholders through special resolution.
- The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on May 26, 2025 approved re-appointment of Mr. Abhishek Goyal (DIN: 00423410) as an Executive Director for a period of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from August 06, 2026 upto August 05, 2031 (both days inclusive) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the Notice convening the 13th

AGM, subject to the approval of the shareholders through special resolution.

- The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on May 26, 2025 approved re-appointment of Mr. Brij Bhushan (DIN: 03624436) as an Independent Director for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from August 06, 2026 upto August 05, 2031 (both days inclusive) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the Notice convening the 13th AGM, subject to the approval of the shareholders through special resolution.
- The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on May 26, 2025 approved re-appointment of Mr. Nishant Verman (DIN: 05128414) as an Independent Director for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from August 06, 2026 upto August 05, 2031 (both days inclusive) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the Notice convening the 13th AGM, subject to the approval of the shareholders through special resolution.
- The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on May 26, 2025 approved re-appointment of Ms. Payal Goel (DIN: 09196284) as an Independent Director for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from August 06, 2026 upto August 05, 2031 (both days inclusive) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the Notice convening the 13th AGM, subject to the approval of the shareholders through special resolution.
- The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on May 26, 2025 approved re-appointment of Mr. Rohit Jain (DIN: 06876642) as an Independent Director for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from

August 06, 2026 upto August 05, 2031 (both days inclusive) on the terms and conditions mentioned in the Notice convening the 13th AGM, subject to the approval of the shareholders through special resolution.

Re-appointment of Director retiring by rotation

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152(6) of the Act read with the rules made thereunder and in terms of Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Neha Singh (DIN: 05331824), Managing Director of the Company is liable to retire rotation at the ensuing 13th AGM and being eligible, offered herself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") has recommended her appointment.

The disclosures required pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Secretarial Standard – 2 on General Meetings relating to the aforesaid appointment/re-appointment of directors are given in the Notice of AGM.

Changes in Key Managerial Personnel:

During the year under review, Ms. Megha Tibrewal resigned from her position as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of your Company on May 20, 2024, due to her maternity leave, and Ms. Surabhi Pasari was appointed as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer on May 20, 2024.

9. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Board comprised four Independent Directors as on March 31, 2025. The tenure of all Independent Directors is in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Your Company has received necessary declarations from each Independent Director that they satisfy the criteria of independence laid down under the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and Regulation 16 of SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board is of the opinion that no circumstances have arisen till the date of this report which may affect their status as Independent Directors of your Company.

The Board is satisfied with the integrity, expertise, experience (including proficiency in terms of Section 150(1) of the Act and applicable rules thereunder) of all Independent Directors on the Board. Further, in terms of Section 150 of the Act together with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended, Independent Directors of your Company have included their names in the data

bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

During the year, none of the Independent Directors resigned from the Board.

The Independent Directors of your Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions during the year with your Company, other than fixed remuneration and sitting fees, as detailed in Corporate Governance Report forming part of this report.

Based on disclosures provided by them, none of them are disqualified/debarred from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by any order of Ministry of Corporate Affairs / SEBI or any other statutory authorities.

10. ANNUAL EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE BY THE BOARD, ITS COMMITTEES AND OF INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors has put in place a process to formally evaluate the effectiveness of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.

The evaluation was conducted via a questionnaire containing qualitative questions, with responses provided on a rating scale. Evaluation was based on criteria such as the composition of the Board and its Committees, their functioning, communication between the Board, its Committees and the management of the Company, and performance of the Directors and Chairperson of the Board based on their participation in effective decision making and their leadership abilities.

The Independent Directors also held a separate meeting during the financial year, to evaluate the performance of the Board as a whole, the Non-Independent Directors and the chairperson of the Board.

11. BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Board met 5 (five) times during the year under review. The details of the meetings are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

The Board has constituted 4 (four) committees in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations; the Audit Committee, the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

The details with respect to the composition, number of meetings held, and terms of reference for each committee are given in the Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

12. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(3)(c) of the Act, the Directors hereby confirm and state that:

- a. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. We have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year March 31, 2025 and of the profit of the company for that period;
- c. We had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. We have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e. We have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively

13. COMPANY'S POLICY ON APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The Nomination and Remuneration Policy of your Company on Directors' appointment and remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other matters provided under sub-section (3) of Section 178, is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

The salient features covered in the policy are:

- Criteria for appointment, removal and retirement of Directors and Managerial Personnel including the qualification and diversity requirements, their term and their evaluations
- Policy for remuneration to Executive Directors, Non-Executive / Independent Directors and Managerial Personnel
- Familiarisation programmes to be conducted for Directors

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Management Committee as required under Regulation 21 of SEBI Listing Regulations and applicable to top 1000 companies, determined on the basis of market capitalization at the end of FY25 is not applicable for your Company. Your Company has devised and adopted a Risk Management Policy and implemented a mechanism for risk assessment and management. The policy provides for identification of possible risks associated with the business of your Company, assessment of the same at regular intervals and taking appropriate measures and controls to manage, mitigate and handle them. The key categories of risk jotted down in the policy are Reputation and Competition, Legal and Compliance, Economic and Operational, Storage of data, Security and Fraud, Strategic, Taxation and Financial and Human Resource that may potentially affect the working of your Company. The policy is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

15. VIGIL MECHANISM AND WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

Your Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and has established necessary vigil mechanisms for Directors and employees in confirmation with Section 177(9) of the Act. The policy is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>.

The policy provides a mechanism, which ensures adequate safeguard to employees and Directors from any victimisation on raising concerns of any violations of legal or regulatory requirements, incorrect or misrepresentation of any financial statement and reports, and so on. The employees of your Company have the right/ option to report their concern/ grievance to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee.

No complaints were received by your Company under the Whistle Blower Policy during FY 2024-25.

16. ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(a) and Section 92(3) of the Companies Act 2013, a copy of the annual return is available on the website of your Company at: -

<https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/shareholder-services#annual-general-meeting>.

17. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

During the year under review, there were no loans, guarantees or investments made under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

18. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Your Company has adopted a policy on Related Party Transactions under Regulation 23(1) of SEBI Listing Regulations, which is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>.

All contracts or arrangements or transactions entered during the year with related parties were on arm's-length basis and in the ordinary course of business and in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. None of the contract or arrangement or transaction with any of the related parties was in conflict with the interest of the Company.

Since all the transactions with related parties during the year were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business, the disclosure of related party transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Act in Form AOC-2 is not applicable for FY25.

In terms of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, your Company submits details of related party transactions on a consolidated basis as per the specified format to the stock exchanges on a half-yearly basis.

19. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION

Disclosure pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197 (12) of the Act, read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial

Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of the Board's Report as Annexure 2.

20. HUMAN RESOURCES AND EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

The number of employees in your Company as at the end of financial year 2024-25 was 664 including the executive directors. During the year under review, the Company has formed a gratuity fund exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees in the name of "Tracxn Employees' Group Gratuity Scheme" and the same has been approved by Income Tax authorities. The gratuity liability amount is contributed to the approved gratuity fund formed. This step underlines our commitment to looking after employees and ensuring their financial security when they retire.

A number of other initiatives aimed at improving productivity and well-being of employees have been implemented over the past few years. These are described in detail in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report forming part of this Annual Report.

21. SUBSIDIARY, ASSOCIATE COMPANIES, JOINT VENTURES AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Your Company has no subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies as of March 31, 2025 and during the year under review no company became/ceased to be subsidiary or associate or joint venture of your Company. Accordingly, the statement containing salient features of financials of subsidiaries pursuant to Section 129 of the Act read with Rule 5 and 8(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in Form AOC-1, is not applicable to your Company.

22. STATUTORY AUDITORS AND STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPORT

M/s. Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants, LLP Bengaluru (Firm Registration No. 012754N/N500016) were re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of your Company at the 9th Annual General Meeting for a term of five (5) consecutive years from the conclusion of 9th AGM of Company till the conclusion of 14th AGM to be held for the FY 2025-26. Your Company has received their eligibility certificate confirming that they are not disqualified from continuing as Auditors of your Company. The report of the Statutory Auditors forms part of the Annual Report for FY25, and does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark.

23. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 204 of the Act, your Company had appointed M/s. BMP & Co. LLP, Company Secretaries, as its Secretarial Auditors to undertake the Secretarial Audit of your Company for the financial year 2024-25. The Secretarial Audit Report in the prescribed Form No. MR-3 is attached as Annexure 1 to the Board's Report.

There are no qualifications or observations or adverse remarks or disclaimer of the Secretarial Auditors in their report.

Pursuant to circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 8, 2019, issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India, your Company has obtained Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for the year 2024-25, from M/s. BMP & Co. LLP, Practising Company Secretaries on compliance with applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder. A copy of the certificate was submitted to the Stock Exchanges on May 15, 2025.

24. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

During the period under review, provisions of Rule 8(5)(ix) of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 read with Section 148(1) and rule 3 and 4 of The Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to your Company.

25. INTERNAL AUDITORS

Your Company at its Board Meeting held on November 08, 2024, appointed M/s. SPR & Co., Chartered Accountants, having Firm Registration Number 009784S, as Internal Auditors of your Company for financial year 2024-25, pursuant to provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013. The findings of the Internal Audit report are submitted to the Audit Committee on a periodic basis and corrective actions are taken by the respective functional teams as per suggestions of the Internal Auditor and Audit Committee.

26. REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, no instances of fraud were reported by the Statutory Auditors, the Internal Auditors or the Secretarial Auditors to the Audit Committee, the Board, or to the Central Government, under Section 143(12) of the Act.

27. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Your Company has established internal financial controls by way of policies and procedures that are

commensurate with the size of its operations, and these are operating effectively and adequately. These policies and procedures are designed to ensure efficient conduct of your Company's business, safe keeping of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, optimal utilization of resources, accurate and reliable maintenance of the books of accounts, timely and reliable preparation of financial information, and adherence to compliance.

The Internal Auditors of your Company have performed a detailed evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control systems, and their reports were reviewed and discussed in the Audit Committee meetings and shared with the Statutory Auditors.

28. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report for FY25, as stipulated under Regulation 34 read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, is provided separately forming part of this Annual Report.

29. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company strives to undertake best Corporate Governance practices for enhancing and meeting stakeholders' expectations while continuing to comply with the mandatory provisions of Corporate Governance under the applicable framework of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Corporate Governance Report for FY25, as stipulated under Regulation 34 read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, is provided separately forming part of this Annual Report.

30. BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY AND SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

The Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report as required under Regulation 34(2)(f) of SEBI Listing Regulations, applicable to top 1000 companies determined on the basis of market capitalization at the end of FY25, is not applicable for your Company.

31. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

No orders were passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals which impact the going concern status of your Company.

32. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

In compliance with Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014, your Company has adopted a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy, which is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

The salient features covered in the policy are:

- Composition of the CSR Committee and governance structure of CSR activities
- Operating framework for conducting CSR activities, which includes the amount to be spent, the activities that it may be spent on, and the monitoring and disclosure frameworks

For FY 2024-25, your Company does not fulfil the criteria prescribed in Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for mandatory CSR spend. Therefore, your Company was not mandatorily required to undertake any CSR activities.

33. POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

Your Company places great emphasis on fostering an environment that is free from any form of harassment or discrimination, and has adopted a zero-tolerance policy towards sexual harassment. Your Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

Details of complaints pertaining to sexual harassment that were filed are as follows:

No of complaints pending resolution as at beginning of FY 24-25	No of complaints received during FY 24-25	No of complaints resolved during FY 24-25	No of complaints pending resolution as at end of FY 24-25
0	0	0	0

34. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING & OUTGO

(A) Conservation of Energy

Your Company does not have any plants or machinery, and the business of your Company inherently involves very low energy usage. Nevertheless, your Company consciously makes efforts towards conservation of energy in its operations.

Several ongoing measures have been adopted to promote sustainability and efficiency within operations. Some of these initiatives are remote and hybrid working facilities for certain roles, which reduces the overall energy consumption not only in the office spaces, but also via reduced transportation requirements. The Company has also minimised the use of packaged drinking water, contributing to the reduction of plastic waste. Efforts have been made to optimize the use of electrical equipment, such as the implementation of localized air conditioners, use of LED lighting across its office space. The office spaces have been designed with low-height ceilings to improve the efficiency of air conditioning systems. Your Company has also an open-air cafeteria given the year round pleasant weather conditions in Bengaluru, which further reduces the need for extensive HVAC requirements. The Company ensures that e-waste is disposed of responsibly through authorized recyclers, adhering to environmental regulations and promoting sustainable practices.

(B) Technology Absorption, Research and Development

(i) The efforts made towards technology absorption, benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution

As a SaaS Company, technology is at the core of our operations. Your Company is constantly in the process of integrating and effectively utilizing new technologies to improve operations, product offerings, and overall business performance. Your Company actively keeps a lookout and stays abreast of technological advancements, particularly in areas like Generative AI, Cyber Security, and other emerging fields that are crucial to maintaining our competitive edge. We actively leverage a variety of technologies such as AWS, React.js, Next.js, Astro.js, HAProxy, Mongo, Kafka, Elasticsearch, Redis, and SpringBoot, and other products

such as Intercom, Google Analytics and Webflow among others, to continuously improve our platform, user experience, and backend tech infrastructure. Together these enable us to build a robust and scalable system that meets the evolving needs of our customers. Some other efforts in this direction include implementation of a no-code solution for internal use by our Product & Marketing teams for building multiple customer facing web pages including the Investor Relation pages, the Customers & Offerings pages, which allows for near real-time changes and experimentation; use of both open-source AI models as well as proprietary models like Open AI's GPT4 to improve our user experience in areas such as better search functionality with intelligent recommendations or sector discovery; API sandboxes to help our users test our APIs and build custom workflows using the data, such as enabling internal research and sourcing workflows; automated optimizations of our server usage to reduce cloud costs; and various automation projects across our internal operations to improve productivity and efficiency.

(ii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

Your Company has not imported any technology during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year.

(iii) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development:

Your Company does not have a separate independent research and development activity. As such, no material amount of expenditure was incurred on research and development activity of your Company

(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings / Outgo

During the financial year under review, the total Foreign Exchange Inflow and Outflow during the year under review is as follows:

Particulars	(in ₹ Lakhs)	
	2024-25	2023-24
Inflow	5,417.96	5,473.32
Outflow	58.63	49.66

35. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD AND GENERAL MEETINGS

Your Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Secretarial Audit Report for FY25 is attached as Annexure 1 to this Board Report.

36. DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 ("IBC") DURING THE YEAR ALONG WITH ITS STATUS AS AT THE END OF FINANCIAL YEAR

No applications were made and no such proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

37. THE DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF

Your Company has not availed any loan from any bank or financial institution. Hence, this valuation report is not applicable.

38. PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

Your Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading, in accordance with the requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time and is available on the website of your Company at www.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies.

Compliance with the Code of Conduct is closely monitored, and violations, if any, are reported to the Audit Committee at regular intervals.

The Company has also maintained Structured Digital Database (SDD) to ensure compliance with the statutory requirements. The Company ensures that the Designated Persons are familiarized about the Code of Conduct and trained on maintaining SDD.

39. GREEN INITIATIVE

As a responsible Corporate Citizen, the Company embraces the 'Green Initiative' undertaken by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, enabling electronic delivery of documents including the Annual Report and notices to the shareholders at their e-mail address registered with the Depository Participant (DPs) and Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

We would greatly appreciate and encourage more members to register their email address with their Depository Participant or the RTA / Company, to receive soft copies of the Annual Report and other information disseminated by the Company. Shareholders who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far are requested to do the same. Those holding shares in demat form can register their e-mail address with their concerned DPs.

We invite shareholders who haven't registered their e-mail addresses to join this initiative and support environmental sustainability.

40. OTHER DISCLOSURES

Additional disclosures as on March 31, 2025, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations,:

- No equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise have been issued.
- No sweat equity shares have been issued.
- No buyback of shares have been undertaken.
- No amount or shares were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
- The entire share capital of your Company has been dematerialized.

41. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board places on record its appreciation for the contribution made by all the employees towards the growth and success of your Company and extends its sincere appreciation to the Company's customers, vendors, bankers, consultants, the Government of India and the State Government, and the regulatory and statutory authorities for their support.

The Board is deeply grateful to all the members of the Company for entrusting their confidence and faith in us.

By order of the Board of Directors
For **Tracxn Technologies Limited**

Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director
DIN: 05331824

Date: May 26, 2025
Place: Bengaluru

Annexure 1
Secretarial Audit Report

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2025

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Tracxn Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294
L-248, 2nd Floor 17th Cross,
Sector 6, HSR Layout
Bengaluru-560102.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Tracxn Technologies Limited (hereinafter called the "Company"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2025, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed, and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2025 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws framed there under;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
 - a. Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 - Not Applicable as Company has not issued debt securities during the year under review;
 - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with the client - Not applicable as the Company is not registered as Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agent during the financial year under review;

- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 - Not applicable as the Company has not delisted its equity shares from any stock exchange during the financial year under review;
 - i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 - Not applicable as the Company has not done any buyback of its securities during the financial year under review.
- vi. The Company has identified the following laws as specifically applicable to the Company:
- 1. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013; and
 - 2. The Information Technology Act, 2000

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI)
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that: -

- i. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with a proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There were no changes in the compositions of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review;
- ii. Except in case of meetings being convened at a shorter notice, adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting;
- iii. Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes;
- iv. We further report that based on review of compliance mechanism established by the Company and on the basis of the Compliance Certificate(s) issued by the Company Secretary and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their meeting(s), we are of the opinion that the management has adequate systems and processes commensurate with its size and operations, to monitor and ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines; and
- v. As informed, the Company has responded to notices for demands, claims, penalties etc. levied by various statutory / regulatory authorities and initiated actions for corrective measures, wherever necessary.

For **BMP & Co. LLP**,
Company Secretaries

CS Biswajit Ghosh
Designated Partner

Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26-05-2025
UDIN: F008750G000434978

FCS No.: 8750 CP. No.: 8239
Peer Review Certificate No.6387/2025
Firm Registration Number: L2017KR003200

This report to be read with our letter of event date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report

Annexure A

To,
The Members,
Tracxn Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294
L-248, 2nd Floor 17th Cross,
Sector 6, HSR Layout
Bengaluru-560102

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
7. We further report that, based on the information provided by the Company its officers, authorised representatives during the conduct of the audit and also on the review of quarterly compliance report by the respective departmental heads/Company Secretary/Managing Director & CEO, taken on record by the Board of the Company, in our opinion adequate systems and process and control mechanism exist in the Company to monitor compliance with applicable general laws like labour laws & Environment laws and Data protection policy.
8. We further report that the Compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws like Direct & Indirect tax laws has not been reviewed in this audit since the same has been subject to review by the statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

For **BMP & Co. LLP**,
Company Secretaries

CS Biswajit Ghosh
Designated Partner

Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26-05-2025
UDIN: F008750G000434978

FCS No.: 8750 CP. No.: 8239
Peer Review Certificate No. 6387/2025
Firm Registration Number: L2017KR003200

Annexure 2
Details of Remuneration

As required under section 197(12) read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

I. The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial Year 2024-25 is as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Director / KMP	Designation	Remuneration of Director / KMP for the Financial Year 2024-25 (₹ in Lakhs)	% increase in Remuneration in the Financial Year 2024-25 (₹ in Lakhs)	Ratio of Remuneration of each Director to median remuneration of the employees
1	Ms. Neha Singh ¹	Chairperson and Managing Director	65.01	907.83%	15.35
2	Mr. Abhishek Goyal ¹	Vice Chairman and Executive Director	6.74	4.31%	1.59
3	Mr. Brij Bhushan ²	Independent Director	15.75	(1.56)%	3.72
4	Mr. Nishant Verma ²	Independent Director	15.75	8.62%	3.72
5	Ms. Payal Goel ²	Independent Director	14.50	7.41%	3.42
6	Mr. Rohit Jain ²	Independent Director	15.25	0.00%	3.60
7	Mr. Prashant Chandra ³	Chief Financial Officer	112.69	(1.68)%	
8	Ms. Megha Tibrewal ^{3,4}	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	2.25	NA	
9	Ms. Surabhi Pasari	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	15.91	NA	

Notes:

- Includes fixed salary and retiral benefits
- Includes fixed annual fee and sitting fees as per your Company's Terms and Conditions of Appointment of Independent Directors
- Includes fixed salary, retiral benefits, and perquisites, including the perquisite value on the exercise of stock options, if any, determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- Remuneration of Ms. Megha Tibrewal and Ms. Surabhi Pasari are reported for the respective periods in which they were KMPs. Therefore, the remuneration is not comparable to the previous year, and hence the percentage increase in remuneration is not provided.

II. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, during the Financial Year 2024-25:

Kindly refer Point I above.

III. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees during the Financial Year 2024-25:

In the Financial Year 2024-25, there was an increase of 24.28% in the median remuneration of employees of your Company.

IV. The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company:

There were 644 permanent employees on the rolls of your Company as on March 31, 2025, including the Executive Directors.

V. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

The average increase in remuneration to the Directors and KMPs in FY 2024-25 was 42.54%⁵. The average increase in remuneration to employees other than Directors and KMPs in FY 2024-25 was 5.58%⁵.

Notes:

⁵Determined on the basis of remuneration, excluding perquisite value upon the exercise of stock options.

VI. Affirmation that the remuneration paid to the Directors, KMPs, and other Employees is as per the remuneration policy of the Company:

It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the remuneration policy of your Company.

VII. (a) Top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the year and Employees with remuneration drawn during the year of Rs. One crore two lakhs or more
(b) Employees employed for part of the financial year with remuneration drawn during the year of Rs. Eight lakhs fifty thousand or more per month
(c) Employees who were in receipt of aggregate remuneration in that year at a rate which is in excess of that drawn by the Managing Director or Whole-time Director or Manager and holds by themselves or along with their spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the Company

The statement as required under Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 containing the aforesaid details, will be made available to shareholders upon specific request made by writing to the Company at compliance-officer@tracxn.com

Corporate Governance Report

I. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company's philosophy on corporate governance is to create and conduct sustainable growing business with highest standards of integrity, transparency and accountability, maximize stakeholders' value while duly complying with all applicable laws and regulations. Your Company firmly believes that Corporate Governance is critical to the success of its business and its governance practices are reflected in its strategy, plan, culture, policies and relationship with stakeholders. Your Company's Corporate Governance philosophy has been further strengthened through Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading, Code on Fair Disclosure and Legitimate Purpose. Your Company has in place relevant information security policies that ensure proper utilisation of IT resources. All members of the senior management have confirmed that there are no material, financial and commercial transactions wherein they have a personal interest that may give rise to potential conflict with the interest of your Company. The Corporate Governance Report for FY 2024-25 is prepared in accordance with Para C of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") as amended up to date read with relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") & the Rules framed thereunder, is given below. As at March 31, 2025, your Company is in compliance with the requirements stipulated under Regulation 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and Regulation 46 of Listing Regulations, as applicable, with regard to corporate governance.

II. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As on March 31, 2025, your Company's Board of Directors comprised of 6 (six) Directors including 2 (two) Executive Directors, and 4 (four) Non-Executive Independent Directors. The Chairperson of the Board is an Executive Director and the number of Non-Executive Independent Directors is more than one-half of the total number of Directors. The profile of Directors are available on the Company's website at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/board-of-directors>.

As per the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Act & the Rules made thereunder and in terms of the Articles of Association of the Company, - Mr. Abhishek Goyal (DIN - 00423410) who was liable to retire by rotation at the

Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company held on September 26, 2024 had offered himself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors of the Company, after considering the relevant experience, expertise and integrity and recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC"), recommended to the shareholders the re-appointment of Mr. Abhishek Goyal- (DIN - 00423410) as a director, liable to retire by rotation. The said re-appointment was approved by the shareholders with requisite majority at the AGM of the Company held on September 26, 2024. The composition of the Board is in conformity with provisions of Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149 of the Act.

- None of the Directors on the Board holds directorships in more than 20 (twenty) Indian Companies including 10 (ten) public companies.
- None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 (ten) Board Committees and Chairperson of more than 5 (five) Board Committees across all public companies in which he/she is a Director.
- Further, as per Regulation 17A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015, none of the Directors hold Directorship in more than 7 listed entities and none of the Independent Directors are Whole Time Directors / Managing Directors in any listed entity, and neither do they serve as an Independent Director in more than 7 listed entities.
- Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other public companies as on March 31, 2025, have been made by the Directors.
- Neha Singh and Abhishek Goyal, who are Executive Directors of your Company, are married to each other. Other than this, none of the Directors are related to each other.
- Neha Singh, the Managing Director does not serve as an Independent Director in any listed company.
- All the Non-Independent Directors, including the Managing Director are liable to retire by rotation.
- Independent Directors are non-executive directors as defined under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Section 149(6) of the Act along with rules framed thereunder. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of SEBI Listing Regulations, they have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or

situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties

- Based on the declarations received from the Independent Directors, the Board of Directors has confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and that they are independent of the management.
 - Further, the Independent Directors have in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, confirmed their enrollment in the Independent Directors' Databank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.
 - Your Company has issued formal letters of appointment to the Independent Directors at the
 - The names and categories of the directors on the Board, their attendance at Board Meetings held during the year under review and at the last Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), name of other listed entities in which the Director is a director and the number of Directorships and Committee Chairmanships/Memberships held by them in other public limited companies as on March 31, 2025 are given herein below.
- time of appointment which, inter alia, explains the roles, responsibilities and duties to be undertaken by him/her as an Independent Director of your Company. As required under Regulation 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, the terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors including their role, responsibility and duties are available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>.
- During the year under review, the Board met 5 times i.e. on May 20, 2024, July 31, 2024, August 30, 2024, November 08, 2024, and February 10, 2025. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings held during FY24-25. The maximum gap between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days.

Name of the Director and DIN	Category of Directors	No. of Directorships in other Public Companies	No. of Committee memberships held in other Public Companies ¹		Directorship in other listed entities ²		No and % of equity shares held in the Company as at March 31, 2025
			Chairperson	Member	Name of the entity	Category of Directorship	
Ms. Neha Singh ³ (05331824)	Executive Director (Chairperson and Managing Director)	-	-	-	-	-	1,79,28,615 (16.84%)
Mr. Abhishek Goyal ³ (00423410)	Vice-Chairman and Executive Director	-	-	-	-	-	1,84,64,782 (17.34%)
Mr. Brij Bhushan (03624436)	Non-Executive Independent Director	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Nishant Verma (05128414)	Non-Executive Independent Director	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. Payal Goel (09196284)	Non-Executive Independent Director	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Rohit Jain (06876642)	Non-Executive Independent Director	-	-	-	-	-	-

No Director of your Company holds any convertible instruments issued by your Company. Further, except for remuneration, sitting fees and reimbursement of expenses, your Company does not have any pecuniary relationship with any of the Directors and has not entered into any transaction, material or otherwise, with them.

- For the purpose of determination of limit of the Board Committees, chairpersonship and membership of the Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee has been considered as per Regulation 26(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations.
- Other directorships do not include directorships of private limited companies, foreign companies and companies registered under Section 8 of the Act.

3. Ms. Neha Singh and Mr. Abhishek Goyal are promoters of your Company

Attendance of Directors at the Board Meetings and Annual General Meeting (AGM) held during the FY 2024-25:

Name of the Directors	Category	Board Meetings held	Board Meetings attended	Whether Attended last AGM
Neha Singh	Executive Director (Chairperson and Managing Director)	5	5	Yes
Abhishek Goyal	Executive Director	5	5	Yes
Brij Bhushan	Non-Executive Independent Director	5	4	Yes
Nishant Verma	Non-Executive Independent Director	5	5	-
Payal Goel	Non-Executive Independent Director	5	3	-
Rohit Jain	Non-Executive Independent Director	5	4	Yes

Independent Directors

The Board comprises four Independent Directors as on March 31, 2025. The tenure of all Independent Directors is in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Your Company has received necessary declarations from each Independent Director that they satisfy the criteria of independence laid down under the provisions of Section 149 of the Act and Regulation 16 of SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board is of the opinion that no circumstances have arisen till the date of this report which may affect their status as Independent Directors of your Company.

None of the Independent Directors resigned before the expiry of their tenure during FY 2024-25.

Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors

Newly appointed directors are taken through an induction and familiarization program including the presentation and interactive session with the Managing Director and CEO, Executive Director, other Functional Heads on your Company's operations and strategy. The details of the Familiarisation programme of the Independent Directors as required under Regulation 25(7) and Regulations 46 of the SEBI Listing Regulations are available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

Director skills, expertise, competencies and attributes desirable in Company's business and sector in which it functions

The Directors of your Company bring a wide range of skills and experience to the Board, which enhances the quality of the Board's decision-making process. The following are the core skills, expertise and competencies identified for effective functioning of the Board and the names of directors who have such skills/expertise/competence:

Sr. No	Nature of skills/ Expertise/ competencies of Directors	Particulars
1	Business expertise	Experience of global business dynamics, understanding of various geographical markets, cultures, people and regulatory frameworks
2	Management and Leadership Skills	Strong leadership experience, understanding of business process and operations, strategic thinking, developing and driving the vision of your Company
3	Corporate Strategy & planning	Ability to scan and analyse the business trends, experience to guide and provide strategic directions to the management team, and driving change with the objective of growth.

Sr. No	Nature of skills/ Expertise/ competencies of Directors	Particulars
4	Finance & Accounts/Audit	Ability to read and understand financial statements, understand the audit process, ability to drive your Company to benchmark with best practices in various procedural areas of finance function
5	Governance & Risk	Knowledge of statutory compliances, developing governance practices, driving business ethics and values so as to protect interests of stakeholders, understanding and overseeing various risks facing your Company and ensure that appropriate policies and procedures are in place
6	Technology & Innovation	An appreciation of emerging trends in product design and development, research, disruptions in technology and in business models.
7	Diversity	Practical experience in using diversity to build stronger businesses, understanding of the needs of diverse stakeholders

The eligibility of a person to be appointed as a Director of your Company is dependent on whether the person possesses the requisite skill sets identified by the Board as mentioned above and whether the person is a proven leader in running a business that is relevant to your Company's business or is a proven academician in the field relevant to your Company's business. Your Company's business runs across different industry verticals, geographical markets and is global in nature. The Directors so appointed, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, are drawn from diverse backgrounds and possess special skills with regard to the industries/fields from where they come.

Name of Director	Skills						
	Business expertise	Management and Leadership Skills	Corporate Strategy & Planning	Finance & Accounts /Audit	Governance and Risk	Technology and Innovation	Sales and Marketing Exposure
Mr Abhishek Goyal	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ms. Neha Singh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Brij Bhushan	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Rohit Jain	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Nishant Verman	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ms. Payal Goel	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

III. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The Board has constituted various Committees with an optimum representation of its members and with specific terms of reference in accordance with the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. The objective is to focus effectively on the issues and ensure expedient resolution of the diverse matters. The Board has constituted the below mentioned mandatory committees

- 1) Audit Committee
- 2) Nomination & Remuneration Committee
- 3) Stakeholders Relationship Committee and
- 4) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee

The Committees are represented by a combination of Executive Directors and Independent Directors of your Company. These Committees play an important role in the overall Management of various affairs and governance of your Company. The Committees meet at regular intervals and take necessary steps to perform its duties

entrusted by the Board. The recommendations of the Committee(s) are submitted to the Board for information or approval.

During the year, all recommendations of the Committee(s) on matters where such a recommendation is mandatorily required, were duly considered and approved by the Board. The Minutes of proceedings of Committee meetings are circulated to the respective Committee Members and placed before the Board for noting.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 18 of SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 177 of the Act.

Composition of the Committee and Meetings attended by each member:

Name of the Director	Position	Category	No. of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
Rohit Jain	Chairperson	Independent Director	4	4
Brij Bhushan	Member	Independent Director	4	4
Payal Goel	Member	Independent Director	4	2
Neha Singh	Member	Executive Director	4	4

Number of meetings

During the year under review, the Audit Committee met 4 (four) times on May 20, 2024, July 31, 2024, November 08, 2024 and February 10, 2025.

Your Company invites its executives as it considers appropriate, and representatives of the statutory auditors, internal auditors, and secretarial auditors, are present at the Audit Committee meetings. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

Terms of reference

The Audit Committee shall be responsible for, among other things, as may be required by the stock exchange(s) from time to time, the following:

A. Powers of Audit Committee

1. The Audit Committee shall have powers, including the following:
2. To investigate any activity within its terms of reference
3. To seek information from any employee
4. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice; and
5. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary; and
6. Such other powers as may be prescribed under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

B. Role of Audit Committee

The role of the Audit Committee shall include the following:

1. Oversight of financial reporting process and the disclosure of financial information relating to Tracxn Technologies Limited (the

"Company") to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible.

2. Recommendation for appointment, re-appointment, replacement, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company and the fixation of the audit fee.
3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors
4. Formulation of a policy on related party transactions, which shall include materiality of related party transactions
5. Reviewing, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of related party transactions entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approvals given
6. Examining and reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. Matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the

- Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
- b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
 - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings, if any.
 - e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions; and
 - g. Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
7. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval
 8. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the Offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter
 9. Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process
 10. Approval of any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties and omnibus approval for related party transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company, subject to the conditions as may be prescribed

Explanation: The term "related party transactions" shall have the same meaning as provided in Clause 2(zc) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and/or the applicable Accounting Standards and/or the Companies Act, 2013.
 11. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments
 12. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary
 13. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems
 14. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems
 15. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit
 16. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on
 17. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board
 18. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern
 19. Recommending to the board of directors the appointment and removal of the external auditor, fixation of audit fees and approval for payment for any other services
 20. Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors
 21. Reviewing the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism
 22. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters
 23. Overseeing the vigil mechanism established by the company, with the chairman of the audit committee directly hearing grievances of victimization of employees and directors, who used vigil mechanism to report genuine concerns in appropriate and exceptional cases
 24. Approval of appointment of chief financial officer (i.e., the whole-time finance director

- or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. Of the candidate
25. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/or advances from / investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding ₹ 1,000,000,000 or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including
- existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision; and
26. Carrying out any other functions required to be carried out by the audit committee as contained in the sebi listing regulations or any other applicable law, as and when amended from time to time.

Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 178 of the Act.

Composition of the Committee and Meetings attended by each member:

Name of the Director	Position	Category	No. of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
Payal Goel	Chairperson	Independent Director	4	4
Brij Bhushan	Member	Independent Director	4	2
Nishant Verma	Member	Independent Director	4	3

During the year under review, the Nomination & Remuneration Committee met 4 times i.e. May 20, 2024, August 30, 2024, November 08, 2024 and February 10, 2025

Terms of reference:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall be responsible for, among other things, the following:

1. Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors of the Company (the "**Board**" or "**Board of Directors**") a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees ("**Nomination and Remuneration Policy**").

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, while formulating the above policy, should ensure that:

- (i) the level and composition of remuneration be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run our Company successfully
 - (ii) relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
 - (iii) remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short- and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
2. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of independent directors and the Board
 3. Devising a policy on Board diversity
 4. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and carrying out evaluation of every director's performance (including independent director)
 5. Analysing, monitoring and reviewing various human resource and compensation matters
 6. Deciding whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors
 7. Determining the Company's policy on specific remuneration packages for executive directors including pension rights and any compensation payment, and determining remuneration packages of such directors
 8. Recommending to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management and other staff, as deemed necessary

9. Reviewing and approving the Company's compensation strategy from time to time in the context of the then current Indian market in accordance with applicable laws
10. Perform such functions as are required to be performed by the compensation committee under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014, if applicable
11. Frame suitable policies, procedures and systems to ensure that there is no violation of securities laws, as amended from time to time, including:
 - i. the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; and
 - ii. the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003, by the trust, the Company and its employees, as applicable.
12. Perform such other activities as may be delegated by the Board or specified/ provided under the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent notified and effective, as amended or by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended or by any other applicable law or regulatory authority.

Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are determined by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. An indicative list of factors on which evaluation was carried out includes knowledge and qualifications, participation and decision making by a director, leadership abilities, maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behaviour and judgement.

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

Pursuant to provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder, the Board has adopted a Policy on criteria for appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and fixing their remuneration. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy which includes the criteria of making payments to non-executive directors is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

Service contracts, Notice Period and Severance Fees

As per Company policies, the notice period for resignation by the Executive Directors is 1 month. There is no separate provision for severance fees payable to the Executive Directors. Additionally, none of the Directors are eligible for any stock options

Details of remuneration paid for the year ended March 31, 2025

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, all decisions relating to the remuneration of Directors are taken by the Board in accordance with the Shareholders' approval. Details of remuneration paid to Executive and Non- Executive Directors for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025 is provided hereinafter:

I. Managing Director and Executive Director

Name	Fixed Salary (₹ in lakhs)	Benefits, perquisites and allowances (in lakhs)	Total (₹ in lakhs)
Neha Singh	46.97	18.03	65.00
Abhishek Goyal	6.46	0.28	6.74

II. Non-Executive Directors

Name of the Directors	Sitting Fees (₹in lakhs)	Fixed Remuneration (₹in lakhs)
Brij Bhushan	5.75	10.00
Nishant Verman	5.75	10.00
Payal Goel	4.50	10.00
Rohit Jain	5.25	10.00

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted by our Board, in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 178(5) of the Act.

Composition of the committee and meetings attended by each member

Name of the Director	Position	Category	No. of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
Brij Bhushan	Chairperson	Independent Director	1	1
Neha Singh	Member	Executive Director	1	1
Rohit Jain	Member	Independent Director	1	1

During the period under review, the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee met once on March 07, 2025.

Terms of reference

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer of shares or debentures, including non-receipt of share or debenture certificates and review of cases for refusal of transfer / transmission of shares and debentures, non-receipt of annual report or balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc. And assisting with quarterly reporting of such complaints.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Investigating complaints relating to allotment of shares, approval of transfer or transmission of shares, debentures or any other securities.
- Giving effect to all transfer/transmission of shares and debentures, dematerialisation of shares and rematerialisation of shares, split and issue of duplicate/ consolidated share certificates, compliance with all the requirements related to shares, debentures and other securities from time to time.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the registrar and share transfer agent of the Company and to recommend measures for overall improvement in the quality of investor services.
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company; and
- Carrying out such other functions as may be specified by the Board from time to time or specified/provided under the Companies Act or SEBI Listing Regulations, or by any other regulatory authority.

Name, Designation and Address of Compliance Officer

The details of the Compliance Officer as on the date of this report are as follows:

Surabhi Pasari

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
 2nd Floor, L-248 17th Cross, Sector-6,
 HSR layout Bangalore – 560 102
 Contact: 9036090116
 E-mail: compliance-officer@tracxn.com

Details of Investor Complaints Received and Redressed During FY 2024-25:

No of complaints pending as at start of FY 24-25	No of complaints received during FY 24-25	No of complaints disposed off during FY 24-25	No of complaints pending as at end of FY 24-25
0	0	0	0

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee:

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was constituted in line with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act.

Composition of the committee and meetings attended by each member:

Name of the Director	Position	Category	No of meetings held	No. of meetings attended
Neha Singh	Chairperson	Executive Director	NA	NA
Abhishek Goyal	Member	Executive Director	NA	NA
Nishant Verma	Member	Independent Director	NA	NA

For FY 2024-25, your Company was not mandatorily required to undertake CSR activities and spend any amount thereby, as it did not fulfill the criteria prescribed in Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, no meetings of the CSR Committee were held during the 2024-25.

Terms of reference

- a. Formulate and recommend to the Board, a “Corporate Social Responsibility Policy” which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, as amended, monitor the implementation of the same from time to time, and make any revisions therein as and when decided by the Board
- b. Identify corporate social responsibility policy partners and corporate social responsibility policy programmes
- c. Review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause (a) and the distribution of the same to various corporate social responsibility programs undertaken by the Company
- d. Delegate responsibilities to the corporate social responsibility team and supervise proper execution of all delegated responsibilities
- e. Review and monitor the implementation of corporate social responsibility programmes and issuing necessary directions as required for proper implementation and timely completion of corporate social responsibility programmes; and
- f. Any other matter as the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee may deem appropriate after approval of the Board or as may be directed by the Board, from time to time, and
- g. Exercise such other powers as may be conferred upon the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act.

Risk Management Committee:

The Risk Management Committee is not applicable to your Company as the Company is not yet in the top 1000 listed entities as per Regulation 21(5) of the SEBI Listing Regulations.,

Particulars of Senior Management Personnel

Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation
Prashant Chandra	Chief Financial Officer	August 02, 2021	-
Megha Tibrewal	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	August 01, 2023	May 20, 2024*
Surabhi Pasari	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	May 20, 2024*	-
Amit Agarwal	Chief Operating Officer	August 02, 2021	-
Bhaskar Sharma	Chief Product Officer	August 02, 2021	-
Neeraj Chopra	Chief Technology Officer	August 02, 2021	-

*Ms. Megha Tibrewal resigned from her position as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of your Company on May 20, 2024, due to her maternity leave, and Ms. Surabhi Pasari was appointed as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer on May 20, 2024

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

Annual General Meeting (AGM)

Particulars	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Date	September 26, 2024	September 27, 2023	September 15, 2022
Time	5: 00 PM	5:00 PM	12:00 PM
Venue	Held through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means pursuant to MCA Circulars	Held through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means pursuant to MCA Circulars	2nd Floor, L-248, 17th Cross, Sector-6, HSR Layout, Bangalore 560102
Special Resolutions	Remuneration payable to Ms. Neha Singh, Chairperson and Managing Director of the Company Remuneration payable to Mr. Abhishek Goyal, Executive Director of the Company	-	Approval of the amendment of articles of association of the company

Extraordinary General Meetings and Postal Ballots

No Extra-Ordinary General Meetings were convened during the FY 2024-25

Further, the following resolutions were passed by postal ballot during FY 2024-25.

- Introduction and Implementation of Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plan 2024 ("ESOP 2024") which was passed by shareholders through Special Resolution on December 28, 2024
- Remuneration to be paid to Non-Executive Independent Directors which was passed by the shareholders through Ordinary Resolution on March 29, 2025

Procedure adopted for Postal Ballot:

The Postal Ballot was carried out as per the provisions of Sections 108, 110 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the rules framed thereunder and relevant MCA Circulars. The Board of Directors appointed CS Mannish L. Ghia, Partner of M/s. Manish Ghia & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (Membership No. FCS 6252 and CP No. 3531), Mumbai as the 'Scrutinizer' for conducting the Postal Ballot including e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutinizer submitted his report on December 30, 2024 for postal ballot carried out for the period November 29, 2024 to December 28, 2024 and on April 01, 2025 for postal ballot carried out for the period February 28, 2025 to March 29, 2025, on after completion of scrutiny. Voting results are available on the website of the Stock Exchanges and the Company.

The Company had provided remote e-voting facility to its Members through MUFG Intime India Private Limited (formerly known as 'Link Intime India Private Limited')

Details of special resolution proposed to be conducted through postal ballot:

Currently there are no foreseen matters for which a Special resolution may be passed through a postal ballot. Special Resolution by way of a postal ballot, if required to be passed in the future, will be decided at that relevant time and accordingly, would be communicated to the shareholders.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Website

Your Company maintains a website, <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations>, where the financial results, presentations to investors and analysts, video recordings and transcripts of earnings calls, policies of your Company, and all disclosures mandated under SEBI Listing Regulations are available.

Financial Results and Newspaper Publications

The financial results of your Company are submitted to the Stock Exchanges on their respective websites, and are also uploaded on your Company's website.

The quarterly and annual results of your Company are published in English and Regional (Kannada) newspapers, ie, Financial Express and Vishwavani. The financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 were published on August 02, 2024, for the quarter and half-year ended September 30, 2024, on November 10, 2024, for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2024, on February 11, 2025, and for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2025, on May 26, 2025.

Official News Releases, Earning Calls & Presentations to Institutional Investors/ Analysts

Your Company organizes earnings calls with investors and analysts after the announcement of its financial results. The presentation, transcripts and video recordings of the earnings calls are submitted to the Stock Exchanges, and are also uploaded on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/quarterly-results>.

Any official press/news releases will also be submitted to the Stock Exchanges and will be uploaded on the website of your Company.

Email

Your Company has a dedicated email ID for investor communications, investor.relations@tracxn.com

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

The Corporate Identity Number (CIN) allotted to your Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is L72200KA2012PLC065294

Annual General Meeting for FY 2024-25

AGM date, time and venue	Date: Monday, September 29, 2025 Time: 05:00 P.M Venue: Meeting is being conducted through VC/OAVM pursuant to the MCA General Circulars dated May 05, 2020 read with general circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, January 13, 2021, December 08, 2021, December 14, 2021, May 05, 2022, December 28, 2022, September 25, 2023 and September 19, 2024 For details, please refer to the Notice of the AGM. As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings, particulars of Directors seeking re-appointment at this AGM are given in the Annexure to the Notice of the AGM
Financial Year	April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2025
Dividend Payment Date	Your Company's Board has not recommended any dividends for FY 2024-25.
Date of Book closure	Not applicable
Registered Office and address for	L-248, 2nd Floor 17th Cross, Sector 6, HSR Layout, Bengaluru

correspondence	Karnataka 560102
Name and Address of Stock Exchanges where Company's securities are listed	National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051, Maharashtra, India Scrip Code: TRACXN BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001, Maharashtra, India Scrip Code: 543638
Listing fees	The necessary annual listing fees have been duly paid to both the Stock Exchanges i.e NSE and BSE
Registrar and Share Transfer Agents (RTA)	MUFG Intime India Pvt Ltd (formerly known as 'Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.')
	C-101, 247 Park, LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083 Ph: +91 8108116767 Email: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com

In case the Securities are suspended from Trading, the Board's Report shall explain the Reason thereof

Not applicable

Share Transfer System and Nomination Facility

As of March 31, 2025, all shares of your Company are held in dematerialized form. The shares of your Company are traded on the stock exchanges compulsorily in dematerialized form, and as such, transfer of shares is not permitted in physical form.

Shareholders may please note that instructions regarding change of address, bank details, email address, nomination and power of attorney should be given directly to the Depository Participant (DP).

Number of Shares held in Physical Form

As on March 31, 2025, no shares were held in physical form.

Shareholding as on March 31, 2025

Range	Number of shareholders	% of total shareholders	Total shares for the range	% of issued capital
1 to 500	71,851	83.99	90,33,385	8.48
501 to 1000	6,752	7.89	53,93,946	5.07
1001 to 2000	3,345	3.91	50,22,899	4.72
2001 to 3000	1,272	1.49	32,48,555	3.05
3001 to 4000	584	0.68	20,80,677	1.95
4001 to 5000	499	0.58	23,62,607	2.22
5001 to 10000	685	0.80	50,74,602	4.77
10001 and above	554	0.65	7,42,49,423	69.74
Total	85,542	100	10,64,66,094	100

Categories of equity shareholding as on March 31, 2025

Category	Number of equity shares held	Percentage holding (%)	of
Promoters and Promoter Group	3,63,93,397		34.18
Mutual Funds	38,08,973		3.58
Non Resident	31,73,353		2.98
Key Managerial Personnel	13,11,368		1.23
Alternate Investment Fund	9,50,000		0.89
Foreign Portfolio Investors	33,58,863		3.15

Category	Number of equity shares held	Percentage of holding (%)
Foreign Company	8,68,087	0.81
Resident Individuals holding share capital upto 2 Lakhs	4,12,98,497	38.79
Resident Individual holding share capital in excess of 2 Lakhs	89,89,981	8.44
Body Corporates	33,80,874	3.16
Others	29,32,701	2.75
Grand Total	10,64,66,094	100

Top ten equity shareholders of the Company as on March 31, 2025

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	Number of equity shares held	Percentage of holding
1	Abhishek Goyal	1,84,64,782	17.34
2	Neha Singh	1,79,28,615	16.84
3	Florida Retirement System - Timessquare Capital Management, Llc	20,32,281	1.91
4	Franklin India Smaller Companies Fund	20,00,000	1.88
5	Mukul Mahavir Agrawal	20,00,000	1.88
6	Prashant Chandra	13,11,368	1.23
7	Nita Goyal	12,63,096	1.18
8	Kotak Pioneer Fund	12,50,045	1.17
9	Perpetuity Health To Wealth (H2W) Rising Fund	9,50,000	0.89
10	Aditya Chandrasekhar Iyer	7,49,000	0.70

Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

As of March 31, 2025, 100% of your Company's shares are held in dematerialized form, with both National Securities Depository Limited ('NSDL') and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ('CDSL'). All shares of your company are liquid and traded in normal volume on BSE and NSE. All the shares held by Promoters are in dematerialised form. Under the Depository System, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to your Company's shares is INE0HMF01019. None of the securities of your Company are suspended from trading. The number of shares held with each depository as at March 31, 2025 are as under:

Depository	Number of shares	% of total equity
NSDL	7,25,75,114	68.17%
CDSL	3,38,90,980	31.83%
Total	10,64,66,094	100%

Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

Your Company has not issued any GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments in the past and hence, as on March 31, 2025, your Company does not have any outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments.

Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities

Your Company does not deal with any commodities. For details of foreign exchange risk, please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis Report. Your Company does not have any hedging activities.

Equity shares in the suspense account

Your Company does not have any equity shares in the suspense account.

Transfer of unclaimed / unpaid amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund

Your Company does not have any instances of transferring any amount to the Investor Education and Provident Fund.

Green Initiative

As a responsible corporate citizen, your Company welcomes and supports the 'Green Initiative' undertaken by MCA, Government of India, enabling electronic delivery of documents including the Annual Report to shareholders at their e-mail address as registered with their Depository Participants/Registrar & Share Transfer Agent. Shareholders who have not registered their e-mail addresses are requested to do

the same. Those holding shares in demat form can register their e-mail address with their concerned Depository Participants.

Plant Location

Since your Company provides services, your Company does not have any manufacturing plant. It operates from its Registered Office in Bengaluru, India.

Address for correspondence

For any assistance regarding share transfers, transmissions, change of address or any other query relating to shares, the investor can write to Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or Company at the below mentioned address:

Registrar and Share Transfer Agent

MUFG Intime India Pvt Ltd (formerly known as 'Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.')

C-101, 247 Park, LBS Marg,
Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083
Ph: +91 8108116767
Email: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com

Tracxn Technologies Limited

L-248, 2nd Floor 17th Cross, Sector 6,
HSR Layout, Bengaluru
Karnataka 560 102
compliance-officer@tracxn.com

Credit Rating

Your Company has not issued any securities/instruments for which credit rating is required.

OTHER DISCLOSURES

a. Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, there were no materially significant related party transactions that had potential conflict with the interest of your Company. The policy on dealing with related party transactions is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>.

b. Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties, strictures imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years

There were no instances of non-compliance and no penalty or strictures were imposed on your

Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to the capital markets.

c. Dividend Distribution Policy

The Dividend Distribution Policy of your Company is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

d. Vigil Mechanism/Whistle-Blower Policy

Your Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and has established necessary Vigil Mechanism as required under Regulation 22 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the details of which have been provided in the Board's Report. Your Company affirms that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee.

The said policy is available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>.

e. Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements

Your Company has complied with all the mandatory requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations. Further, your Company has also adopted the following discretionary requirements specified in Part E of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations:

- Your Company has one woman Independent Director on its Board of Directors
- Your Company's financial statements have unmodified opinions
- Internal auditor of the Company reports directly to the Audit Committee

f. Material Subsidiary Companies and Policy on Related Party Transactions

As on date your Company has no subsidiaries. The Policy for Determination of Material Subsidiaries and Policy on Related Party Transactions are available on the website of your Company at <https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>

g. Disclosure of Commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities

Your Company does not deal in commodities and hence the disclosure pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations is not applicable.

h. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A)

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, there were no funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement. Thus, disclosure of utilization of such funds raised pursuant to Regulation 32(7A) of SEBI Listing Regulations is not applicable to your Company.

i. Certificate from Practicing Company Secretary on Non-Disqualification of Directors

Your Company has obtained a certificate from M/s BMP & Co. LLP, Practicing Company

k. Disclosures as required under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Your Company has in place a gender neutral Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy at workplace which is in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the applicable rules, the details of which have been provided in the Boards' Report.

No of complaints pending resolution as at beginning of FY 24-25	No of complaints received during FY 24-25	No of complaints resolved during FY 24-25	No of complaints pending resolution as at end of FY 24-25
0	0	0	0

l. Disclosure of Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested

During the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025, there are no loans or advances provided by your Company and its subsidiaries to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

m. Auditors' Remuneration

The total fees paid by your Company to its statutory auditors for all audit related activities in FY 2024-25 was ₹ 30.94 lakhs.

n. Disclosures of certain types of agreements binding listed entities

There are no agreements impacting management or control of your Company or imposing any restrictions or creating any liability upon your Company in accordance with Schedule V read with Clause 5A of Schedule III of SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015.

o. Code of Conduct

The Board has laid down a Code of Conduct to be complied with all the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of your Company. An affirmation of compliance with the code is received from them on an annual basis. The Code is also hosted on the website of your Company at

Secretaries that none of the Directors on the Board of your Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the SEBI/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority in accordance with SEBI (LODR) Regulations. Copy of the Certificate is attached as Annexure 3.

j. Recommendation of Committees

During the financial year ended March 31, 2025, the Board of Directors of your Company had accepted the recommendation of all the committees of the Board, which were mandatorily required.

<https://w.tracxn.com/investor-relations/corporate-governance/policies>.

A declaration signed by the Managing Director stating that the members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management is provided as Annexure 1 to this report.

p. MD/ CFO Certification

The Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer have issued a certificate pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 certifying that the financial statements as on March 31, 2025 do not contain any materially untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of your Company's affairs. This Certificate is provided as Annexure 2 to this report.

q. Certificate on Compliance of Corporate Governance

Pursuant to Schedule V Part E of SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015, a certificate from, M/s BMP & Co. LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries certifying the compliance by your Company with the provisions of the Corporate Governance is provided as Annexure 4 to this report.

r. Non-Compliance of Regulations Relating to Corporate Governance under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, if any

Your Company has complied with and disclosed all the mandatory corporate governance requirements stipulated under Regulation 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) and (t) of subregulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations. There

are no non-compliances of any requirement of corporate governance report and all the required disclosures are made to stock exchanges and other regulatory bodies as and when required.

By order of the Board of Directors
For **Tracxn Technologies Limited**

Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director
DIN: 05331824

Abhishek Goyal
Executive Director
DIN:00423410

Place: Bengaluru
Date: May 26, 2025

Annexure 1

MD's Declaration to Compliance of Code of Conduct

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel and the same is available under the Corporate Governance section on the Company's website.

I confirm that the Company has, in respect of the financial year ended March 31, 2025, received from the Members of the Board and the Senior Management team of the Company a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

Place: Bengaluru
Date : May 26, 2025

Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director
DIN: 05331824

Annexure 2

MD and CFO Certification

Certificate under Regulation 17(8) read with Part B of Schedule II of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To,
The Board of Directors,
Tracxn Technologies Limited

We, Neha Singh, Managing Director (MD) and Prashant Chandra, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of Tracxn Technologies Limited ("the Company") to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and that these statements:
1. do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 2. together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. We further state that to the best of our knowledge and belief, there are no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to address these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated, based on our most recent evaluation, wherever applicable, to the Auditors and the Audit committee that:
1. there has been no significant change in internal control over financial reporting during the financial year ended March 31, 2025;
 2. there has been no significant change in accounting policies during the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and
 3. there has been no instance of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or any employee having significant role in the Company's internal control systems over financial reporting.

Neha Singh
Chairperson and Managing Director
Place: Bengaluru
Date: May 26, 2025

Prashant Chandra
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Bengaluru
Date: May 26, 2025

Annexure 3

Certificate of Non-Disqualification of Directors

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
 The Members of
Tracxn Technologies Limited
 CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294
 L-248, 2nd Floor, 17th Cross, Sector 6,
 HSR Layout, Bengaluru -560102

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Tracxn Technologies Limited having CIN - L72200KA2012PLC065294 and having registered office at L-248, 2nd Floor 17th Cross, Sector 6, HSR Layout, Bengaluru -560102 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March 2025, have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sl. No.	Name of the Director	DIN	Designation
1.	Abhishek Goyal	00423410	Executive Director
2.	Brij Bhushan	03624436	Non-Executive - Independent Director
3.	Nishant Verman	05128414	Non-Executive - Independent Director
4.	Neha Singh	05331824	Executive Director, Chairperson related to Promoter, Managing Director
5.	Rohit Jain	06876642	Non-Executive - Independent Director
6.	Payal Goel	09196284	Non-Executive - Independent Director

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **BMP & Co. LLP**,
 Company Secretaries

CS Biswajit Ghosh
 Designated Partner

FCS No.: 8750 CP. No.: 8239

Peer Review Certificate No. 6387/2025

Firm Registration Number: L2017KR003200

Place: Bengaluru
 Date: 26-05-2025
 UDIN: F008750G000435143

Annexure 4

Auditors' Certificate Regarding Compliance of Conditions of Corporate Governance

To,
The Members of
Tracxn Technologies Limited
CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294
L-248, 2nd Floor, 17th Cross, Sector 6,
HSR Layout, Bengaluru - 560102

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Tracxn Technologies Limited ("the Company") having CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294, for the purpose of certifying of the Corporate Governance under Regulation 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 from the period April 01, 2024, to March 31, 2025. We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of certification.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, as applicable of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26-05-2025
UDIN: F008750G000435231

For **BMP & Co. LLP**,
Company Secretaries

CS Biswajit Ghosh
Designated Partner
FCS No.: 8750 CP. No.: 8239
Peer Review Certificate No. 6387/2025
Firm Registration Number: L2017KR003200

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Tracxn Technologies Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1) We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tracxn Technologies Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and total comprehensive income (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

- 3) We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

- 4) Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Appropriateness of revenue recognition on sale of services

Note 15 (Revenue from operations) of the financial statements.

The Company's revenue principally comprises sale of services from Subscription revenue. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised over time wherein the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company. The progress is measured using the output method which measures revenue by comparing 'time elapsed' to the 'total subscription period'.

We have identified the recognition of revenue as a key audit matter specifically in terms of the risk of error in the timing and amount of revenue recognised. The subscriptions sold are generally non-cancellable. The Company issues proforma invoice prior to issuing the final invoice. Final invoice is issued once confirmation for issue of final invoice is received or payment is received from the customers. As at period end, proforma invoices for which confirmations are yet to be received are analysed by the Company and revenue is recognised based on such analysis. Revenue recognition is determined to be an area involving significant risk in line with the requirements of Standards of Auditing and requires significant auditor attention.

Considering the above-mentioned factors, appropriateness of revenue recognition has been considered as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our key audit procedures around revenue recognition included, and not limited to, the following:

- Understood and evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of key manual controls relating to revenue recognition;
- Read the Company's revenue recognition accounting policy and evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policy with respect to principles of Ind AS 115 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers';
- Tested reconciling items between sales register and general ledger;
- Tested sales transactions on a sample basis by examining the underlying documents which inter- alia included sales invoices and related terms and conditions to assess whether revenue was recognised appropriately;
- Evaluated the contract terms for selected samples of customer contract and recalculated the revenue including amount disclosed as deferred revenue to determine appropriateness of the revenue recognised;
- Tested the timing of recognition of revenue including performing cut-off procedures to determine whether revenue is recognised

appropriately over a period of time based on satisfaction of performance obligation;

- Tested proforma invoices on a sample basis for timing of revenue recognition.
- Tested reconciliation of deferred revenue to determine whether revenue has been recognised in the appropriate financial period;
- Tested unusual journal entries, if any, posted under revenue general ledgers; and
- Evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements in respect of revenue recognition with the applicable accounting standards.

Appropriateness of Assessment of recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets ("DTA") on tax losses

(Note 8 to the financial statements.)

As at the year end the Company is carrying DTA of INR 600.21 lakhs on business losses carried forward from the earlier years in the income tax return to the extent it is recoverable based on the Company's projected probable taxable profits in the forthcoming years.

DTA as at March 31, 2025 has been recognised on the basis of the Company's assessment of availability of future probably taxable profit to be able to utilise such tax losses. The recoverability of the DTA depends upon factors such as the projected probable taxable profits of business, the period considered for such projections, the rate at which those profits will be taxed, the period over which the tax losses will be available for recovery and the likely outcome of disputes pending with the tax authorities, if any. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Based on such an assessment during the year the Company has reversed DTA of INR 1,448.67 lakhs on the carried forward business losses.

The assessment of recoverability of DTA is considered a key audit matter as significant estimates and judgement is required by the Company's Management in the preparation of forecasts of future probable taxable profits based on the underlying business plans.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures, which involved applying materiality and sampling techniques, included the following:

- Evaluating the design and testing of the operating effectiveness of Company's controls relating to taxation and the assessment of carrying amount of DTA relating to unabsorbed tax losses.
- Evaluating whether the unabsorbed losses, on which deferred tax asset is recognised, has been assessed by the tax authorities and is available for utilisation in accordance with the provisions of Income- tax Act, 1961.

- Assessing the appropriateness of tax rate applied to the taxable profit forecasts.
- Reviewing the Company's accounting policy in respect of recognizing deferred tax asset on tax losses
- Assessing the reasonableness of the period of projections used in the deferred tax asset recoverability assessment.
- Obtaining the future taxable income projections prepared by the management and evaluating the judgements and assumptions made by the management in determining the projected future taxable income for reasonableness and performing sensitivity analysis on the key assumptions.
- Assessing the adequacy of disclosures made in the financial statements with regard to deferred taxes.

Other Information

- 5) The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

- 6) The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the

Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 7) In preparing the financial statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 8) Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 9) Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 10) As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has

adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 11) We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
 - 12) We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
 - 13) From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 14) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of

- Section 143 of the Act, we give in the “Annexure B” a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 15) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the back-up of certain books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode has not been maintained on a daily basis on servers physically located in India and the matters stated in paragraph 15(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) .
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on April 1, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 15(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 15(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
 - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure A”
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 27 to the financial statements;
 - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2025 under the applicable law or Indian Accounting Standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2025.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 34(xi)(A) to the financial statements);
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entities, including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 34(xi)(B) to the financial statements ; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year
 - vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account that have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, the Company has used another accounting software hosted by third party service providers for maintaining its

ancillary books of account for certain processes and in the absence of specific information pertaining to audit trail at the database level in the independent service auditor's report, we are unable to comment whether the audit trail (edit log) feature in that accounting software was enabled and operated throughout the year. For accounting software other than the aforesaid accounting software hosted by third party service provider where the question of our

commenting does not arise, based on our procedures performed, we did not notice any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with, or not preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

- 16) The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A

Partner

Membership Number: 209136

UDIN: 25209136BMRJRH1552

Place : Bengaluru

Date: May 26, 2025

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 15(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Tracxn Technologies Limited financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Tracxn Technologies Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal

financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the

degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating

effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A

Partner

Membership Number: 209136

UDIN: 25209136BMRJRH1552

Place: Bengaluru

Date: May 26, 2025

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 14 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Tracxn Technologies Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and furnished by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us during the course of our audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- I. (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
(B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
- (b) Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
- (c) The Company does not own any immovable properties (Refer Note 4 to the financial statements). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and Intangible Assets. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or Intangible Assets does not arise.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in the financial statements does not arise.
- II. (a) The Company is in the business of rendering services and, consequently, does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3 (ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.
- III. The Company has not made any investments, granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b),(iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- IV. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- V. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- VI. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the services of the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- VII. (a) In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax (tax deducted at source) though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, goods and services tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.

- (b) The particulars of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at March 31, 2025, which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. lakhs)	Amount paid under protest (Rs. lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Rs. 22.71	Rs. 22.71*	FY 2013-14	Assessing Officer
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Rs. 8.42	Rs. 8.42**	FY 2017-18	Assessing Officer
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Rs. 5.51	Rs. 5.51**	FY 2021-22	Assessing Officer
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	Rs.8.32	-	FY 2022-23	Assessing Officer

* Includes Rs. 3.4 lakhs paid under protest and Rs. 19.31 lakhs adjusted from the refund receivable for the financial year ended March 31, 2018.

** Includes Rs. 13.93 lakhs adjusted from the refund receivable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

- VIII. There are no transactions previously unrecorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- IX. (a) As the Company did not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) On the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on short-term basis. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- X. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XI. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and as represented to us by the management, no

- whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XII. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XIII. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- XIV. (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- XV. In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XVI. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) In our opinion, the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XVII. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- XVIII. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIX. On the basis of the financial ratios (Also refer Note 30 to the financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX. The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XXI. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
 Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A
 Partner
 Membership Number: 209136

UDIN: 25209136BMRJRH1552
 Place: Bengaluru
 Date: May 26, 2025

Balance Sheet

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

As At 31 March 2025

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	20.30	19.90
Intangible assets	5	-	-
Income tax assets (net)	7	622.92	547.40
Deferred tax asset (net)	8	566.62	2,121.14
Total non-current assets		1,209.84	2,688.44
Current assets			
Financial assets			
i. Investments	6(a)	8,957.70	6,805.17
ii. Trade receivables	6(b)	167.32	833.98
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	6(c)	364.00	477.81
iv. Other financial assets	6(d)	287.83	423.34
Other current assets	9	86.23	79.67
Total current assets		9,863.08	8,619.97
Total assets		11,072.92	11,308.41
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10(a)	1,064.66	1,035.41
Other equity			
Reserves and surplus	10(b)	5,514.89	6,053.37
Total equity		6,579.55	7,088.78
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Employee benefit obligations	12	456.45	338.45
Contract liabilities	13	56.35	40.60
Total non-current liabilities		512.80	379.05
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i. Trade payables			
a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	11(a)	15.08	4.70
b) Total outstanding dues other than (a) above	11(a)	40.85	54.27
ii. Other financial liabilities	11(b)	9.56	27.08
Employee benefit obligations	12	217.28	243.88
Contract liabilities	13	3,419.02	3,136.49
Other current liabilities	14	278.78	374.16
Total current liabilities		3,980.57	3,840.58
Total liabilities		4,493.37	4,219.63
Total equity and liabilities		11,072.92	11,308.41

The above Balance Sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A
Partner
Membership Number: 209136
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tracxn Technologies Limited

Neha Singh
Managing Director
DIN: 05331824
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Abhishek Goyal
Director
DIN: 00423410
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Prashant Chandra
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Surabhi Pasari
Company Secretary
M. No.: F11215
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Statement of Profit & Loss

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

For the year ended March 31, 2025

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	15	8,446.73	8,277.05
Other income	16(a)	27.93	30.93
Other gains - net	16(b)	562.27	395.69
Total income		9,036.93	8,703.67
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	17	7,387.39	6,925.84
Depreciation and amortization expense	18	11.36	17.01
Other expenses	19	975.99	892.53
Total expenses		8,374.74	7,835.38
Profit before tax		662.19	868.29
Income tax expense/(credit):			
- Current tax	20	45.51	17.68
- Deferred tax	20	1,571.09	200.47
(Loss)/profit for the year		(954.41)	650.14
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Gain/ (loss) on remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations	12	(65.85)	(56.66)
- Income tax relating to above		16.57	14.26
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(49.28)	(42.40)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(1,003.69)	607.74
Earnings per equity share [nominal value per share: INR 1 (2024: INR 1)]			
Basic earnings per share	29	(0.89)	0.61
Diluted earnings per share		(0.89)	0.61

The above Statement of Profit and Loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A
Partner
Membership Number: 209136
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tracxn Technologies Limited

Neha Singh
Managing Director
DIN: 05331824
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Abhishek Goyal
Director
DIN: 00423410
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Prashant Chandra
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Surabhi Pasari
Company Secretary
M. No.: F11215
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Statement of Cash Flows

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net profit before income tax		662.19	868.29
Adjustment for:			
Depreciation and amortization expense	18	11.36	17.01
Net (gain)/ loss on disposal of Property, plant and equipment	16(b)	-	0.22
Net gains on sale of investments	16(b)	(158.13)	(41.42)
Net fair value gains on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	16(b)	(420.67)	(363.76)
Interest on income tax refund	16(a)	(10.91)	-
Interest income from bank deposits measured at amortised cost	16(a)	(12.30)	(28.83)
Employee stock option expense	17	464.26	476.64
Bad debts written off	19	41.47	21.98
(Reversal)/allowance for expected credit loss (net)	19	(24.24)	6.28
Unrealised exchange difference (net)		(0.64)	2.09
Operating profit before working capital changes		552.39	958.50
Adjustment for:			
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables		647.80	117.31
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets		146.59	(48.93)
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets		(6.56)	(37.17)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables		(3.04)	(31.55)
Increase / (decrease) in contract liabilities		298.28	234.76
Increase / (decrease) in employee benefit obligations		25.55	60.87
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities		(17.52)	2.55
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities		(95.38)	135.52
Cash generation from operations		1,548.11	1,391.86
Income taxes paid (net of refunds received, including interest thereon)		(121.03)	(267.17)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities		1,427.08	1,124.69
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(11.77)	(4.00)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		-	2.93
Funds redeemed / (invested) in bank deposits (net)		(11.08)	1,693.59
Proceeds from sale of investments		7,374.66	5,911.00
Payments for purchase of investments in mutual funds		(8,948.38)	(8,573.00)
Interest received		23.21	28.83
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities		(1,573.36)	(940.65)

Statement of Cash Flows

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Application money received for exercise of stock options		25.92	35.64
Application money pending allotment		4.28	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		30.20	35.64
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year	6(c)	477.81	262.74
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		2.27	(4.61)
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	6(c)	364.00	477.81
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of [Refer Note 6(c)]:			
Cash on hand		0.02	0.01
Balances with payment gateway accounts		-	5.87
Balance with banks			
In current accounts		267.24	342.37
In exchange earners foreign currency (EEFC) accounts		96.74	129.56
Total		364.00	477.81

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. This is the Statement of Cash Flows referred to in our report of even date.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A
Partner
Membership Number: 209136
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tracxn Technologies Limited

Neha Singh
Managing Director
DIN: 05331824
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Abhishek Goyal
Director
DIN: 00423410
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Prashant Chandra
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Surabhi Pasari
Company Secretary
M. No.: F11215
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Statement of Changes in Equity

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital:

Particulars	Notes	Amount
As at 1 April 2023		1,003.10
Changes during the year	10(a)	32.31
As at 31 March 2024		1,035.41
Changes during the year	10(a)	29.25
As at 31 March 2025		1,064.66

B. Other equity

Particulars	Securities premium	Employee stock option reserve	Retained earnings	Share application money	Total other equity
As at 01 April 2023	10,315.49	3,047.41	(8,397.24)	-	4,965.66
Profit for the year	-	-	650.14	-	650.14
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(42.40)	-	(42.40)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	607.74	-	607.74
Employee stock option expense for the year	-	476.64	-	-	476.64
Application money received for exercise of employee stock options	-	-	-	35.64	35.64
Changes during the year consequent to exercise of employee stock options	1,115.65	(1,115.65)	-	(32.31)	(32.31)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	11,431.14	2,408.40	(7,789.50)	3.33	6,053.37
(Loss)/profit for the year	-	-	(954.41)	-	(954.41)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(49.28)	-	(49.28)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1,003.69)	-	(1,003.69)
Employee stock option expense for the year	-	464.26	-	-	464.26
Application money received for exercise of employee stock options	-	-	-	30.20	30.20
Changes during the year consequent to exercise of employee stock options	1,089.67	(1,089.67)	-	(29.25)	(29.25)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	12,520.81	1,782.99	(8,793.19)	4.28	5,514.89

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A
Partner
Membership Number: 209136
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tracxn Technologies Limited

Neha Singh
Managing Director
DIN: 05331824
Place: Bengaluru
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DIN: 00423410
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Chief Financial Officer
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Surabhi Pasari
Company Secretary
M. No.: F11215
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

1. General information

Tracxn Technologies Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as a private limited Company on 11 August 2012 under the provisions of the Companies Act 1956. The Company converted from a Private Limited Company to a Public Limited Company, pursuant to a special resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 7 July 2021 and consequently the name of the Company has been changed to "Tracxn Technologies Limited" pursuant to a fresh certificate of incorporation dated 28 July 2021 issued by the Registrar of Companies.

The Company offers a market intelligence platform 'Tracxn' on a subscription basis to global customer base; to provide comprehensive private company data for deal sourcing, M&A opportunities, deal diligence, private market analysis and tracking emerging themes.

2. Basis of preparation

i) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') [Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015, as amended] and other related provisions of the Act.

ii) Historical cost convention

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- a) Certain financial assets and liabilities that are to be measured at fair value; and
- b) Employee share based payments

iii) New and amended standards adopted

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 9 September 2024 and 28 September 2024 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Third Amendment Rules, 2024, respectively, which amended/ notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024:

- Insurance contracts - Ind AS 117; and
- Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to Ind AS 116

These amendments did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

iv) Standard issued but not yet effective

MCA notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards which are applicable to the Company

v) Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products/activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

3. Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which could differ from the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved higher degree of judgment or complexity and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in the relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical data and experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The areas involving critical estimates and judgments are:

- i. Defined benefit obligations - Refer Note 12
- ii. Recognition and measurement of deferred tax - Refer Note 8
- iii. Impairment of trade receivables - Refer Note 22A

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

4. Property, Plant and Equipment

Accounting Policies

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful life and residual value:

Depreciation is calculated using the written down value method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, if any, over their useful life estimated as follows:

Management estimate of useful life

Computer equipments: 3 years

Furniture and fittings: 10 years

Office equipments: 5 years

Useful life as per Schedule II

Computer equipments: 3 years

Furniture and fittings: 10 years

Office equipments: 5 years

Refer Note 33.10 for the other accounting policies relevant to Property, Plant and Equipment.

Particulars	Gross block		Depreciation		Net Block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions	Disposals	For the year	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Computer equipments	176.00	11.70	-	11.12	168.30	19.40
Furniture and fittings	1.20	-	-	0.21	0.57	0.63
Office equipments	3.32	0.07	0.04	0.03	3.08	0.27
Carrying amount	180.52	11.77	0.04	11.36	171.95	20.30

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Gross block			Depreciation For the year	Net Block	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Disposals		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024
Computer equipments	235.10	4.00	63.10	176.00	200.54	157.18
Furniture and fittings	1.20	-	-	1.20	0.07	0.36
Office equipments	3.32	-	-	3.32	2.95	3.08
Carrying amount	239.62	4.00	63.10	180.52	203.56	160.62
				17.01	59.95	19.90

Note:

- The Company does not own any immovable property in the current year or in the previous year.
- There is no capital work in progress as at the yearend or as at the previous year end.

5. Intangible Assets

Particulars	Gross block			Amortization For the year	Net Block	
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions	Disposals		As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2025
Tracxn software platform	26.46	-	-	26.46	26.46	-
Carrying amount	26.46	-	-	26.46	27.46	26.46

Particulars	Gross block			Amortization For the year	Net Block	
	As at 1 April 2023	Additions	Disposals		As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2024
Tracxn software platform	26.46	-	-	26.46	26.46	-
Carrying amount	26.46	-	-	26.46	27.46	26.46

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

CIN: L72200KA2012PLC065294

(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

6. Financial Assets

Accounting Policies

I. Classification of financial assets at amortised cost:

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortised cost only if the following criteria are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and
- The contractual terms give rise to cashflows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Financial assets classified at amortised cost comprise of trade receivables and other financial assets

II. Classification of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

The Company classifies investments in mutual funds at fair value through profit and loss.

See note 33.5 and 33.6 for the other accounting policies relevant to Financial Assets.

6(a) Current Investments

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Investment in Mutual Funds at fair value through profit and loss (Quoted)		
SBI Liquid Fund Growth (Erstwhile SBI Premier Liquid) Units 47,867 (2024:61,733)	1,922.20	2,312.33
HDFC Liquid Fund Regular Plan Growth Units 45,134 (2024: 45,134)	2,274.75	2,120.37
ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund Growth Units 532,101 (2024: 532,101)	2,023.53	1,885.64
AXIS Liquid Fund Growth Units 59,064 (2024: 18,273)	1,689.17	486.83
SBI Arbitrage Opportunities Fund - Direct Plan - Growth 1,107,009 (2024: Nil)	390.92	-
ICICI Prudential Equity Arbitrage Fund Growth 1,683,998 (2024: Nil)	568.48	-
Kotak Equity Arbitrage Fund Regular Plan Growth 240,205 (2024: Nil)	88.60	-
ICICI Prudential Equity Arbitrage Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Units 138.89 (2024: NIL)	0.05	-
Kotak Equity Arbitrage Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Units 2.55 (2024: NIL)	0.00	-
Total current investments	8,957.70	6,805.17
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof	8,957.70	6,805.17
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	-
Aggregate amount of impairment in the value of investments	-	-

6(b) Trade Receivables

Accounting Policies

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services rendered in the ordinary course of business and reflects company's unconditional right to consideration (that is, payment is due only on the passage of time). Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price as they do not contain significant financing components. The company holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

The Company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue. A receivable is a right to consideration that is conditional only upon passage of time. Revenue in excess of billings is recorded as unbilled revenue and is classified as a financial asset as only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

For trade receivables, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Trade receivables from contract with customers – billed	128.08	812.64
Trade receivables from contract with customers – unbilled *	41.67	48.02
Less: Loss allowance	(2.43)	(26.68)
Total trade receivables	167.32	833.98
Current portion	167.32	833.98
Non-current portion	-	-

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*The receivable is 'unbilled' because the Company has not issued an invoice as at the end of the financial year; however, the balance has been included under trade receivables (as opposed to contract assets) because it is an unconditional right to consideration.

6(b) Trade Receivables (contd.)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Trade receivables considered good - unsecured	169.75	860.66
Total	169.75	860.66
Loss allowance	(2.43)	(26.68)
Total trade receivables	167.32	833.98

Trade Receivables, excluding loss allowance, ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables								
- Considered good	41.67	108.27	18.92	0.89	-	-	-	169.75
- Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	41.67	108.27	18.92	0.89	-	-	-	169.75

Trade Receivables, excluding loss allowance, ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables								
- Considered good	48.02	476.26	268.72	59.38	8.28	-	-	860.66
- Which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	48.02	476.26	268.72	59.38	8.28	-	-	860.66

Note: The Company does not have any disputed trade receivables as at the end of the current or previous reporting period.

6(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Balances with bank:		
- in current accounts	267.24	342.37
- in Exchange Earners Foreign Currency (EEFC) accounts	96.74	129.56
Cash on hand	0.02	0.01
Balances with payment gateway accounts (payments pending to be settled by the payment gateways.)	-	5.87
Total cash and cash equivalents	364.00	477.81

6(d) Other Financial Assets

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(Unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
Current:	193.75	182.67
Bank deposits (Refer Note i below)	34.85	189.04
Security deposits (Refer Note ii below)	30.00	-
Advances for investment in mutual funds	29.23	51.63
Total other financial assets	287.83	423.34

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Notes:

- i. Bank deposits (current) represents deposits with original maturity more than twelve months but realisable within the next twelve months.
- ii. Includes held as lien by bank against bank guarantees issued to National Stock Exchange INR Nil (2024: INR 154.69).

7. Income Tax Assets (net)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Advance tax [net of provision for tax]*	622.92	547.40
Total income tax assets (net)	622.92	547.40

*Includes amounts paid under protest INR 3.4 (2024: INR 3.4) and INR 33.24 adjusted from refund receivable from previous years considered as paid under protest

8. Deferred Tax Asset (net)

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Financial Statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, if any, and only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax assets comprises of temporary differences attributable to the following:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Deferred Tax Assets:		
Carry forwarded Business Loss	600.21	2,048.88
Employee benefit obligations	169.62	146.56
Provisions	4.43	26.48
Property, Plant and Equipment	1.80	2.79
Total (A)	776.06	2,224.71
Deferred Tax Liabilities:		
Fair value gains on financial assets	(209.44)	(103.57)
Total (B)	(209.44)	(103.57)
Net Deferred Tax Asset (A-B)	566.62	2,121.14

Particulars	Tax Losses	Defined Benefits Obligations	Provisions	Property, Plant & Equipment	Fair value gains on financial assets	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2023	2,174.26	116.98	25.47	2.66	(12.02)	2,307.35
(Charged) / Credited to:						
- Profit and Loss	(125.38)	15.32	1.01	0.13	(91.55)	(200.47)
- Other Comprehensive Income	-	14.26	-	-	-	14.26
Balance as at 31 March 2024	2,048.88	146.56	26.48	2.79	(103.57)	2,121.14
(Charged) / Credited to:						
- Profit and Loss	(1,448.67)	6.49	(22.05)	(0.99)	(105.87)	(1,571.09)
- Other Comprehensive Income	-	16.57	-	-	-	16.57
Balance as at 31 March 2025	600.21	169.62	4.43	1.80	(209.44)	566.62

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Notes:

- The deferred tax balance above has been arrived at by applying the tax rate of 25.168% being the rate substantively enacted as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.
- The Company has recognised DTA of INR 600.21 lakhs on business losses carried forward from the earlier years in the income tax return to the extent it is recoverable based on the Company's projected probable taxable profits in the forthcoming years. Based on such projections, during the current year the Company has reversed INR 1,448.67 lakhs of DTA created on the carried forward business losses. The methodology used by the Company for the projections is largely in line with the methodology used in the previous year.
- The key assumption used in such business plans and budgets pertains to revenue growth rate, any decrease in this growth rate by 10 basis points, will lead to a deduction in deferred tax asset by INR 25.98 Lakhs, any increase in growth rate by 10 basis points will lead to an increase in retention of deferred tax asset by 26.03 Lakhs.

9. Other Assets

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current:		
Prepaid expenses	44.64	46.47
Balance with government authorities	6.39	8.76
Balance in prepaid corporate cards	6.79	4.84
Advance to vendors	7.30	7.04
Recoverable from employees	21.11	12.56
Total other assets	86.23	79.67

10. Share Capital and Other Equity

10(a) Equity Share Capital

I. Authorised equity share capital

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
As at 1 April 2023	12,00,00,000	1,200.00
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	12,00,00,000	1,200.00
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 March 2025	12,00,00,000	1,200.00

II. Movements in equity share capital

Issued, subscribed and paid-up:

Particulars	Number of shares	Amount
As at 1 April 2023	10,03,10,185	1,003.10
Changes during the period due to allotment of equity shares on exercise of employee stock options	32,30,916	32.31
As at 31 March 2024	10,35,41,101	1,035.41
Changes during the period due to allotment of equity shares on exercise of employee stock options	29,24,993	29.25
As at 31 March 2025	10,64,66,094	1,064.66

III. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares:

Equity Shares:

The Company has one class of equity shares having par value of INR 1.00 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled for one vote per share held.

In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Each equity shareholder is entitled to dividend as and when proposed by the Board of Directors, subject to approval of shareholders (except in the case of interim dividend) at the ensuing annual general meeting.

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IV. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company:

Particulars	31 March 2025		31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Number of equity shares:				
Abhishek Goyal	1,84,64,782	17.34	1,82,20,266	17.60
Neha Singh	1,79,28,615	16.84	1,78,81,729	17.27

V. Promoters' Shareholdings

As at 31 March 2025

Promoter Name	No of Shares	Percentage of total shares (Equity)	Percentage of change during the year (Equity)
Abhishek Goyal	1,84,64,782	17.34%	(0.26%)
Neha Singh	1,79,28,615	16.84%	(0.43%)
Total	3,63,93,397	34.18%	0.81%

As at 31 March 2024

Promoter Name	No of Shares	Percentage of total shares (Equity)	Percentage of change during the year (Equity)
Abhishek Goyal	1,82,20,266	17.60%	1.91%
Neha Singh	1,78,81,729	17.27%	0.01%
Total	3,61,01,995	34.87%	0.96%

VI. Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts:

Refer Note 24 for details of shares to be issued under the Employee Stock Option Plan.

VII. Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares bought back and share issued for consideration other than cash during five years immediately preceding the reporting date i.e. 31 March 2025

- The Company has issued 98,417,540 equity shares as bonus shares during the year ended 31 March 2022.
- The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash and has not bought back shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

10(b) Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Securities premium account	12,520.81	11,431.14
Employee stock option reserve	1,782.99	2,408.40
Retained earnings	(8,793.19)	(7,789.50)
Share application money	4.28	3.33
Total reserves and surplus	5,514.89	6,053.37

(i) Securities Premium Account

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance	11,431.14	10,315.49
Changes during the year on account of exercise of employee stock options	1,089.67	1,115.65
Closing balance	12,520.81	11,431.14

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(ii) Employee Stock Option Reserve

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance	2,408.40	3,047.41
Employee stock option expense for the year	464.26	476.64
Changes during the year on account of exercise of employee stock options	(1,089.67)	(1,115.65)
Closing balance	1,782.99	2,408.40

(iii) Retained Earnings

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance	(7,789.50)	(8,397.24)
Net profit for the year	(954.41)	650.14
Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings		
- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax	(49.28)	(42.40)
Closing balance	(8,793.19)	(7,789.50)

(iv) Share Application Money

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance	3.33	-
Add: Application money received for exercise of employee stock options	30.20	35.64
Less: Changes during the year consequent to issue of shares	(29.25)	(32.31)
Closing balance	4.28	3.33

Nature and Purpose of Reserves:

Securities Premium Account

Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares in excess to the face value of the shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Employee Stock Option Reserve

The reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value, net of exercise price, issued to employees under 'Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plans'. Refer Note 24 for more details

Share Application Money

This represents the amount received by the company towards exercise of employee stock options pending allotment.

11. Financial Liabilities

(a) Trade Payables

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Trade payables: Micro and Small Enterprises (MSME) [Refer Note 32]	15.08	4.70
Trade payables: others	40.85	54.27
Total trade payables	55.93	58.97

Trade Payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
MSME	15.03	-	0.05	-	-	-	15.08
Others	40.61	-	0.24	-	-	-	40.85
Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues – others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	55.64	-	0.29	-	-	-	55.93

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Trade Payables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Unbilled	Not Due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
MSME	-	-	3.86	-	0.84	-	4.70
Others	49.35	-	4.92	-	-	-	54.27
Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues – others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	49.35	-	8.78	-	0.84	-	58.97

(b) Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current:		
Employees benefits payable	9.56	13.35
Remuneration payable to Independent Directors (Refer Note below)	-	13.73
Total other financial liabilities	9.56	27.08

Note: Fixed remunerations and sitting fees until March 31, 2025 has been paid to the Independent Directors, hence there are no payables outstanding as at March 31, 2025.

12. Employee Benefit Obligations

Particulars	31 March 2025		31 March 2024	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Compensated absences [Refer Note (i) below]	196.90	-	148.08	-
Gratuity [Refer Note (ii - a) below]	20.38	456.45	95.80	338.45
Total employee benefit obligations	217.28	456.45	243.88	338.45

i) Compensated Absences

The leave obligations cover the Company's liability for paid leaves. The entire amount of the provision is presented as current, since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of these obligations. However, based on past experience, the Company does not expect all employees to avail the full amount of accrued leave or require payment for such leave within the next twelve months.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Leave obligations not expected to be settled within the next twelve months	136.88	126.16

ii) Post-Employment Obligations

a) Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity (Amendment) Act, 2018. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment.

The liability or asset recognised in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated at the end of the reporting period by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

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Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the Balance Sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

Liability is actuarially valued and recognised in the books at each reporting date by the Company. The gratuity plan of the Company is funded as mentioned in the table.

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Total
1 April 2024	434.25	-	434.25
Current service cost	93.33	-	93.33
Interest cost	31.18	-	31.18
Interest income	-	0.20	(0.20)
Total amount recognised in Profit and Loss Statement	124.51	0.20	124.31
Remeasurement (gains)/ losses			
arising from changes in demographic assumptions	3.71	-	3.71
arising from changes in financial assumptions	20.03	-	20.03
arising from changes in experience adjustments	42.11	-	42.11
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	65.85	-	65.85
Contributions:			
Employer contributions to the plan assets		105.94	(105.94)
Benefit paid from the plan assets		(1.92)	1.92
Benefit paid by employer	(43.56)	-	(43.56)
31 March 2025	581.05	104.22	476.83

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Total
1 April 2023	340.94	-	340.94
Current service cost	58.34	-	58.34
Interest cost	24.88	-	24.88
Interest income	-	-	-
Total amount recognised in Profit and Loss Statement	83.22	-	83.22
Remeasurement (gains)/ losses			
arising from changes in demographic assumptions.	1.50	-	1.50
arising from changes in financial assumptions.	7.89	-	7.89
arising from changes in experience adjustments.	47.27	-	47.27
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	56.66	-	56.66
Contributions:			
Employer contributions to the plan assets	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	-
Benefit paid from the plan assets	-	-	-
Benefits paid by employer	(46.57)	-	(46.57)
31 March 2024	434.25	-	434.25

The net liability disclosed above relates to funded plans as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Gratuity [Refer Note (ii - a) above]	581.05	434.25
Fair value of plan assets	(104.22)	-
Total employee benefit obligations	476.83	434.25

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
A) Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current service cost	93.33	58.34
Interest cost	31.18	24.88
Interest Income	(0.20)	-

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Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Total amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	124.31	83.22
B) Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
(Gains)/losses arising from changes in		
- return on plan assets		
- demographic assumptions	3.71	1.50
- financial assumptions	20.03	7.89
- experience adjustments	42.11	47.27
Total amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	65.85	56.66
Total amount recognised in Total Comprehensive Income (A+B)	190.16	139.88
C) Actuarial assumptions		
Discount rate per annum (Key)	6.55%	7.18%
Salary escalation rate (Key)		
- Category 1	15%	15%
- Category 2	18%	18%
- Category 3	9%	6%
Withdrawal rate (Key)		
- Category 1	23%	27%
- Category 2	35%	36%
- Category 3	30%	31%
Expected annual return on plan assets	7.6%-9%	-
Mortality rate (Non-key)	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate
D) Expected contribution in next year (Refer Note below)	135.67	350.00
E) Composition of the plan assets is as follows:		
Insurer managed funds	100%	-

Note :-

During the year, the Company has registered a trust to fund its gratuity obligation. The amount above represents Company's best estimate of contribution next financial year.

Risk Exposure

Through its defined benefit plan, the Company is exposed to a number of risks. The most significant risks are:

(i) **Interest rate risk:** The defined benefit obligation calculated uses a discount rate based on 5 year (2024: 5 year) government bonds. If bond yields fall, the defined benefit obligation will tend to increase.

(ii) **Salary inflation risk:** Higher than expected increases in salary will increase the defined benefit obligation.

(iii) **Demographic risk:** This is the risk of variability of results due to factors like mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement. The effect of these on the defined benefit obligation is not linear and depends upon the combination of salary increase, discount rate and attrition rate

Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) to changes in the principal assumptions is as under (as per the actuarial report):

Changes in assumption	Change in DBO	Impact on DBO	
		Gratuity	Gratuity
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
		Amount	Amount
Discount Rate			
a. Increase by 50 basis points	Decrease by	(8.54)	(5.77)
b. Decrease by 50 basis points	Increase by	8.85	5.96
Withdrawal Rate			

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Changes in assumption	Change in DBO	Impact on DBO	
		Gratuity	
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
		Amount	Amount
a. Increase by 100 basis points	Decrease by	(3.82)	(3.11)
b. Decrease by 100 basis points	Increase by	3.87	3.17
Salary Escalation Rate			
a. Increase by 100 basis points	Increase by	10.61	8.17
b. Decrease by 100 basis points	Decrease by	(10.47)	(8.13)

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in balance sheet.

Defined Benefit Liability and Employer Contributions

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 5 years (2024: 5 years). The expected benefit payments are as follows:

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Amount	Amount
Expected future cash flows [Undiscounted]		
Year 1	124.62	95.81
Year 2	102.14	86.84
Year 3	97.78	74.30
Year 4	84.30	65.58
Year 5	68.96	53.25
5 years and above	251.35	167.89

b) Defined Contribution Schemes

Contributions are made to recognized government provident funds and Employee State Insurance Scheme in India for employees at a specified percentage of wages as per the regulations. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are administered by the Government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation. The Company recognised INR 161.68 (2024: INR 180.45) for Provident Fund contributions, INR 0.86 (2024: INR 6.75) for Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions and INR 0.27 (2024: INR 0.29) for Labour welfare fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

13. Contract Liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2025		31 March 2024	
	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Deferred revenue	3,396.93	56.35	3,130.01	40.60
Advance from customers	22.09	-	6.48	-
Total Contract Liabilities	3,419.02	56.35	3,136.49	40.60

Notes:

Revenue Recognised in Relation to Contract Liabilities

The following table shows the bifurcation of the revenue during the current reporting period between amounts related to carried-forward contract liabilities and those related to performance obligations satisfied in prior years:

- a) Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities balance as at the beginning of the year.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Sale of Services	3,136.49	2,916.35

- b) There was no revenue recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous year.

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- c) The movement in contract liability (deferred revenue and advances receipts from customers) is as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2025		31 March 2024	
	Deferred revenue	Advance from customers	Deferred revenue	Advance from customers
Balance as at the beginning of the year	3,170.61	6.48	2,940.11	2.22
Less: Revenue accrued during the year	(3,130.01)	(6.48)	(2,914.13)	(2.22)
Add: Invoicing in excess of earned revenue during the year	3,412.68	-	3,144.63	-
Add: Advances received during the year	-	22.09	-	6.48
Balance as at the end of the year	3,453.28	22.09	3,170.61	6.48

- d) As at 31 March 2025, the aggregate amount of the contract liabilities (transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations) is INR 3,475.37 (2024: INR 3,177.09); out of this, the Company expects to recognize revenue of INR 3,419.02 (2024: INR 3,136.49) within the next one year and the remaining in the year after that.

14. Other Liabilities

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current:		
Statutory dues	261.63	295.63
Ex-gratia employee benefits	13.64	18.04
Refund liabilities [Refer Note below]	1.53	60.49
Others	1.98	-
Total other liabilities	278.78	374.16

Note

The Company recognises a refund liability, based on management estimates, for the revenue recognized in the reporting period but likely to be cancelled in the subsequent period.

15. Revenue from Operations

Accounting Policies

i) Sale of Services

The Company receives subscription revenue to its online platform www.tracxn.com for a given duration (rendering of services).

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when services are rendered to the customer at an amount, net of goods and services tax, that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those services and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of the consideration that will be derived from rendering the service. The Company recognizes subscription revenues over time wherein the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company. The progress is measured using the output method which measures revenue by comparing 'time elapsed' to the 'total subscription period'

The invoicing for the services is done upfront for the duration of the subscription with a general credit term of 10-30 days, which is consistent with market practice. The Company does not adjust the transaction prices for any time value of money as the transfer of the promised services to the customer and payment by the customer does not generally exceed one year.

ii) Refund Liabilities

The Company recognises a refund liability for the revenue recognized but likely to be cancelled in the subsequent period. The company estimates the expected cancellations based on acknowledgements from customers or platform usage data.

iii) Contract Liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to provide services to a customer, for such future periods for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue with the passage of time; when the Company provides services under the contract. Refer Note 13.

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The Company derives its revenue from the sale of subscription services.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Sale of services		
Income from sale of subscription services	8,446.73	8,277.05
Total revenue from operations	8,446.73	8,277.05

Notes:

a) Disaggregation of Revenue from Contract with Customers

The Company is solely in the business of providing services in form of subscription to its customers and hence there is no further disaggregation of services.

b) Reconciliation of Revenue Recognised with Contract Price

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Contract price	8,686.05	8,545.91
Adjusted for:		
- Contract liabilities	(298.28)	(234.76)
- Refund liabilities	58.96	(34.10)
Closing balance	8,446.73	8,277.05

16. Other Income and Other Gains/(Losses)

a) Other Income

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Interest income from bank deposits measured at amortised cost	12.30	28.83
Interest on income tax refund	10.91	-
Miscellaneous income	4.72	2.10
Total other income	27.93	30.93

b) Other Gains – Net

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(0.22)
Net gain/(loss) on sale of investments	158.13	41.42
Net fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	420.67	363.76
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(16.53)	(9.27)
Total other gains - net	562.27	395.69

17. Employee Benefits Expense

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Salaries, wages and bonus	6,561.61	6,122.33
Contribution to provident and other funds [Refer Note 12(b)]	162.81	187.50
Employee stock option expense	464.26	476.64
Gratuity expense [Refer Note 12(a)]	124.31	83.22
Staff welfare expense	74.40	56.15
Total employee benefits expense	7,387.39	6,925.84

18. Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	11.36	17.01
Total depreciation and amortization expense	11.36	17.01

19. Other Expenses

Accounting Policies

Lease payments - Payments associated with short-term leases (leases with a term of 12 months or less) are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Such lease contracts also include non-lease components which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred. Refer Note - 31 for lease details.

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Refer Note 33.4 for the other accounting policies relevant to lease payments.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cloud hosting charges	241.55	242.49
Rent	213.52	206.09
Data extraction charges	85.75	64.99
Professional and consultancy fees	82.02	64.82
Information technology expenses (including software licenses)	69.55	59.24
Marketing expenses	59.70	32.51
Payment to auditors [Refer Note below]	33.71	32.36
Bank and payment gateway charges	35.38	29.82
Repair and maintenance - others	12.70	24.80
Bad debts written off	41.47	21.98
Rates and taxes	21.80	20.04
Director remuneration (Refer Note 26)	40.00	40.00
Director sitting fees (Refer Note 26)	21.25	19.25
Other office expenses	12.74	8.51
Recruitment expenses	14.22	8.22
(Reversal)/allowance for expected credit loss (net) (Refer Note 22)	(24.24)	6.28
Travelling and conveyance	10.30	5.40
Miscellaneous expenses	4.58	5.73
Total other expenses	975.99	892.53

Note: Details of Payment to Auditors

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Payment to auditors		
As auditor:		
Audit fee	30.94	30.00
Tax audit fee	1.00	1.00
Out of pocket expense	1.77	1.36
Total payments to auditors	33.71	32.36

20. Income tax expense/(credit)

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) Income Tax Expense		
Current Tax		
Current tax for the year	45.51	17.68
Total current tax expense	45.51	17.68
Deferred Tax		
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	1,465.22	108.92
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	105.87	91.55
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	1,571.09	200.47
Income tax expense	1,616.60	218.15

B. Reconciliation of Tax Expense and Accounting Profit Multiplied by India's Tax Rate

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit before income tax expense	662.19	868.29
Tax at the Indian tax rate of 25.168% (2024: 25.168%)	166.66	218.53
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Others	-	(0.38)
Reversal of deferred tax recognised on brought forward tax losses from previous years.	1,448.67	-
Disallowance of expenses under section 37 of Income Tax Act	1.27	-
Income tax expense	1,616.60	218.15

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21. Fair Value Measurements
A. Financial Instruments by Category

Particulars	Level	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
		Amortised cost	FVTPL	Amortised cost	FVTPL
Financial assets					
Investments	1	-	8,957.70		6,805.17
Trade receivables	3	167.32	-	833.98	-
Cash and cash equivalents		364.00	-	477.81	-
Other financial assets					
- Bank deposits		193.75	-	182.67	-
- Security deposits	3	34.85	-	189.04	-
- Advances for investment in mutual funds	3	30.00	-	-	-
- Other receivables	3	29.23	-	51.63	-
Total financial assets		819.15	8,957.70	1,735.13	6,805.17
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	3	55.93	-	58.97	-
Other financial liabilities	3	9.56	-	27.08	-
Total financial liabilities		65.49	-	86.06	-

There are no financial instruments which are measured at FVOCI

B. Fair Value Hierarchy:

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into 3 levels/hierarchy prescribed under the accounting standard.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes mutual funds that have quoted price. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

There are no transfers between the levels during the year.

C. Valuation Process:

The Company performs the valuation of financial assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including those classified under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. These valuations are performed by the finance department, which operates under established governance protocols and reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer. The valuation process is designed to ensure that fair value measurements are consistently applied in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

D. Valuation Techniques:

For Level 1 and Level 2 financial instruments, the Company uses observable market data, historical trends, and internal estimates to determine fair value.

The fair value of investments in mutual fund units is based on the net asset value ('NAV') as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements as at each reported balance sheet date. NAV represents the price at which the issuer will issue further units of mutual fund and the price at which issuers will redeem such units from the investors.

For Level 3 instruments measured at amortised cost, the carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values due to their short term nature. For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

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22. Financial Risk Management

The Company's business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's senior management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The below table broadly summarizes the sources of financial risk to which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk.

Financial risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Ageing analysis, continuous review of outstanding receivables	Periodic review of trade receivables, actively following up on delays, enabling multiple payment channels for receipts.
Liquidity risk	Trade payables and other financial liabilities	Cash outflow forecasts.	Continuous monitoring and fund management to ensure timely payment of dues.
Market risk - foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions, recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee		Increased focus on a) advance export billing b) Limiting the accumulation of foreign exchange
Market risk - security prices	Investments in mutual funds	Sensitivity analysis	Investing in mutual funds of reputed AMC with sizeable AUMs and restricting investment in low volatility liquid and arbitrage funds

A. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counterparty resulting in a financial loss. The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables. Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers located in various countries. Credit risk is managed by the Company through continuously monitoring of the outstanding receivables.

i) Loss allowance as at 31 March, 2025 and 31 March, 2024 was determined as follows for Trade Receivables under the simplified approach

Particulars	Not Due	0-90 days	91-180 days	181-270 days	271-360 days	More than 360 days	Total
As at 31 March 2025							
Gross carrying amount - Trade Receivables (Refer Note below)	149.94	2.56	12.95	-	0.89	-	166.34
Expected loss rate	0.47%	0.67%	9.92%	22.56%	46.22%	100.0%	-
Expected credit loss - Trade Receivables (ECL)	0.71	0.02	1.29	-	0.41	-	2.43
Carrying amount of Trade Receivables (net of ECL)	149.23	2.54	11.66	-	0.48	-	163.91

Note: Excluding receivables of INR 3.41 on which refund liabilities are recognised.

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Particulars	Not Due	0-90 days	91-180 days	181-270 days	271-360 days	More than 360 days	Total
As at 31 March 2024							
Gross carrying amount - Trade Receivables (Refer Note below)	519.61	193.60	13.21	15.99	6.74	1.27	750.42
Expected loss rate	1.52%	1.60%	23.39%	43.51%	64.62%	100.0%	
Expected credit loss - Trade Receivables (ECL)	7.90	3.10	3.09	6.96	4.36	1.27	26.68
Carrying amount of Trade Receivables (net of ECL)	511.71	190.50	10.12	9.03	2.38	-	723.74

Note: Excluding receivables of Rs.110.24 on which refund liabilities are recognised.

ii) Reconciliation of expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

Particulars	Trade Receivables
Loss Allowance as at 1 April 2023	20.40
Increase in loss allowance	14.50
Loss allowance reversed on account of receivables written off	(8.22)
Loss Allowance as at 31 March 2024	26.68
Increase in loss allowance	17.22
Loss allowance reversed on account of receivables written off	(41.47)
Loss Allowance as at 31 March 2025	2.43

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumption and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculations, based on the Company's past history and existing market conditions as well as forward- looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk in respect of cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and investment in mutual funds. As a policy, the Company places its cash and cash equivalents and deposits with well established banks and financial institutions. Management has evaluated and determined expected credit loss for cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, security deposits and other financial assets to be insignificant.

B. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is a risk that the Company may not be able to meet its financial obligations associated with its financial liabilities on a timely basis through:

- Primary source - cash and cash equivalents i.e. cash generated from operations,
- Secondary source - mutual fund investments and bank deposits (liquid investments realisable in short term).

A material and sustained shortfall in cash flows generated from operation could expose the company to liquidity risk. The company manages the liquidity risk by monitoring rolling cash flow forecasts and maturity profiles of its financial assets and liabilities.

i) Maturities of Financial Liabilities

The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months are equal to the carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

31 March 2025

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than one year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Trade payables	55.93	-	-	55.93
Other financial liabilities	9.56	-	-	9.56
Total liabilities	65.49	-	-	65.49

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31 March 2024

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities	Less than one year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Trade payables	58.97	-	-	58.97
Other financial liabilities	27.08	-	-	27.08
Total liabilities	86.05	-	-	86.05

C. Market Risk
i) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the company's functional currency, Indian Rupee (INR). The company is exposed to foreign exchange currency risk arising from foreign currency transactions primarily with respect to United States Dollar (USD) which are not hedged. The risk is measured through sensitivity analysis of probable movement in exchange rate as at the end of reporting period.

The company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR is as follows:

Particulars	Amount In INR	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Financial assets		
USD		
Trade receivables	23.32	429.87
Bank balance in EEFC accounts	96.74	129.56
EUR		
Trade receivables	-	19.23
GBP		
Trade receivables	-	10.01
Total financial assets	120.06	588.67
Financial liabilities		
USD		
Trade payables	-	-
Total financial liabilities	-	-
Net exposure to exchange risk*	120.06	588.67

* Unhedged foreign currency exposure as at the end of the reporting period.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in exchange rates arising mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments and the impact is shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Particulars	Impact on profit before tax and equity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
USD Sensitivity		
INR/USD - Increase by 1% (2024:1%)	1.20	5.59
INR/USD - decrease by 1% (2024:1%)	(1.20)	(5.59)
EUR Sensitivity		
INR/EUR - Increase by 1% (2024:1%)	-	0.19
INR/EUR - decrease by 1% (2024:1%)	-	(0.19)
GBP Sensitivity		
INR/GBP - Increase by 1% (2024:1%)	-	0.10
INR/GBP - decrease by 1% (2024:1%)	-	(0.10)

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ii) Market Price Risk

a) Exposure

The Company's exposure to price risk arises from investments held by the Company and classified in the Balance Sheet at fair value through profit or loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in debt mutual funds, the Company diversifies its portfolio across liquid and arbitrage funds and also across different Asset Management Companies.

b) Sensitivity

The table below summarizes the impact of increase/decrease of the index on the company's equity and profit for the year. The analysis is based on the assumption that the NAV increases by 5% or decreases by 5% with all other variables held constant.

Particulars	Impact on profit before tax and equity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
NAV- increase 5% (2024: 5%)	447.89	340.26
NAV- decrease 5% (2024: 5%)	(447.89)	(340.26)

23. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- (i) Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can provide returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital.

The Company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and future business prospects as and when required.

The Company does not have access to any borrowings and undrawn facilities. However, the Company has sufficient cash and investments to meet the liquidity requirements.

The gearing ratio is as follows:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Borrowings	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	364.00	477.81
Net debt	-	-
Total equity	6,579.55	7,088.78
Net debt to equity ratio	-	-

24. Employee Stock Option Expense

Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plan 2016 ("ESOP 2016" or "the Plan"): The Board vide its resolution dated 3 October 2016 approved ESOP 2016 for granting Employee Stock Options in the form of Equity Shares linked to the completion of a minimum period of continued employment to the eligible employees of the Company. The eligible employees for the purpose of ESOP 2016 will be determined by the Board of Directors. Pursuant to the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 5 October 2016, the Board of Directors have been authorized to introduce, offer, issue and allot options to eligible employees of the Company under the ESOP 2016. The maximum number of shares under this Plan shall not exceed 1,21,52,582 shares. These Options shall vest not less than one year and not more than 4 years from the date of grant of such Options.

Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plan 2024 ("ESOP 2024" or "the Plan"): The Board vide its resolution dated 8 November 2024 approved ESOP 2024 for granting Employee Stock Options in the form of Equity Shares linked to the completion of a minimum period of continued employment to the eligible employees of the Company. The eligible employees for the purpose of ESOP 2024 will be determined by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors have been authorized to introduce, offer, issue and allot options to eligible employees of the Company under the ESOP 2024. The maximum number of shares under this Plan shall not exceed 30,00,000 shares. These Options shall vest not less than one year and not more than 5 years from the date of grant of such Options.

Set out below is a summary of options granted under the ESOP 2016 plan:

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number	Average exercise price per share option (INR)	Number	Average exercise price per share option (INR)
Opening balance	71,96,976	1	97,20,193	1
Granted during the year	6,78,024	1	12,15,973	1
Forfeited during the year	-2,83,449	1	-5,08,274	1
Exercised during the year	(29,24,993)	1	(32,30,916)	1
Closing balance	46,66,558	1	71,96,976	1
Vested and exercisable	31,52,921	1	52,22,698	1
Options available for grant (including forfeitures)	13,30,115		17,24,690	

The weighted average remaining contractual life for options outstanding at the end of the period is 3.71 years (2024: 4.6 years)

The weighted average fair value of options granted as at grant date during the year ended 31 March 2025 was INR 76.57 per option (2024: INR 77.80). The fair value at grant date is independently determined using the Black-Scholes Model which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option. The model inputs for options granted included:

Assumptions	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Expected term (in years) (see Note below)	2.5 years	2.5 years
Risk-free interest rate	6.49%	6.94%
Expected volatility	47.69%	50.69%
Dividend yield	0%	0%

Note: -

- Expected term for the year ended March 31, 2025 is considered basis the assumption that employees will exercise the options immediately upon vesting.
- ESOP 2024 Plan: No options were granted under Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plan 2024.

Employee Stock Option Expense

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Employee stock option expense	464.26	476.64
Total employee stock option expense	464.26	476.64

25. Segment Reporting

a) Description of Segments and Principal Activities:

The Company generates revenues from subscription to the 'Tracxn' platform, with the operating results regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker(s), i.e. the Board of Directors to make decisions with respect to resource allocation and performance assessment of the Company, as a whole and as one single segment. Accordingly there are no separate reportable segments.

b) Geographical Information

The Company is domiciled in India. The breakup of Company's revenue from overseas customers, by geographical location is shown in the table below.

Particulars	Segment revenue	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Geographical Segment *		
India	3,350.81	2,843.91
United States of America	2,272.76	2,440.99
Other countries	2,823.16	2,992.15
Total	8,446.73	8,277.05

* There are no non-current assets which are outside India and hence no separate disclosures provided.

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c) Information about major Customers

No single customer contributed 10 percent or more to the Company's revenues.

26. Related Party Transactions
A. Names of Related Parties and Nature of Relationship

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
a) Key Management personnel (KMP)	
Whole Time Directors	Neha Singh Abhishek Goyal
Non-Executive Directors	Vivek Kumar Mathur (Resigned on 21st April 2023)
Independent Directors	Brij Bhushan Payal Goel Nishant Verman Rohit Jain
Chief Financial Officer (CFO)	Prashant Chandra
Company Secretary (CS)	Surabhi Pasari (effective from 20th May 2024) Megha Tibrewal (Upto 19th May 2024)
b) Entity having significant influence over the Company	Elevation Capital V Limited (Upto 21st April 2023)* (formerly SAIF Partners India V Limited)
c) Entity under common control of Elevation Capital V Limited	Elevation Company Limited (Upto 21st April 2023)*
d) Post-employment benefit plan of the Company	Tracxn Employees' Group Gratuity Scheme (w.e.f 15th March 2024)

*No transactions during the year

Transactions with Related Parties
B. Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Short-term employee benefits		
- Neha Singh	46.97	6.24
- Abhishek Goyal	6.46	6.24
- Prashant Chandra	100.04	92.24
- Megha Tibrewal	2.06	9.96
- Surabhi Pasari	15.60	-
Perquisites - Others		
- Prashant Chandra ((Including ESOP Income)	0.21	-
- Surabhi Pasari	0.06	-
Provision for Compensated absence /Post-employment benefits		
- Neha Singh	18.03	0.33
- Abhishek Goyal	0.28	0.24
- Prashant Chandra	1.70	0.75
- Megha Tibrewal	0.19	0.62
- Surabhi Pasari	0.25	-
Employee stock option expense		
- Prashant Chandra	16.70	20.69
- Megha Bohra	0.17	1.55

Notes: -

The above excludes the expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business through prepaid corporate credit cards issued to the KMP.

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C. Transactions with Independent Directors

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Sitting Fee	Fixed Remunerations	Sitting Fee	Fixed Remunerations
Brij Bhushan	5.75	10.00	6.00	10.00
Payal Goel	4.50	10.00	3.50	10.00
Nishant Verman	5.75	10.00	4.50	10.00
Rohit Jain	5.25	10.00	5.25	10.00

D. Payable to Independent Directors:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Brij Bhushan	-	3.60
Payal Goel	-	3.38
Nishant Verman	-	3.15
Rohit Jain	-	3.60

Note:

Fixed remunerations and Sitting fees till March 31, 2025 are fully paid to the Independent Directors, hence no payables are outstanding as at March 31, 2025.

E. Transactions during the period with Tracxn Employees' Group Gratuity Scheme:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Contributions made by the Company	105.94	-

27. Contingent Liabilities

The Company has the following contingent liabilities:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt Income tax matters (Refer Note (a) below)	31.79	31.79
Total contingent liabilities	31.79	31.79

- The Company had issued equity shares in the financial year 2013-14 to certain individuals at a premium for which the assessing officer had added income in the hands of the Company amounting to INR 89.03 under Section 56(2)(vii)(b) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company has filed an appeal with the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT), where the ITAT vide its order dated 23 October 2020 has ruled in the favour of the Company. Pending receipt of revised assessment order from the department, the Company continues to disclose the disputed amount as contingent liability. Demand amount is adjusted against refund for the financial year 2017-18 vide order dated 18 September 2019.
- It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings.

28. Commitments

Capital Commitments

There were no capital commitments as at the end of current/previous reporting period.

29. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

a) The earnings per share has been calculated based on the following:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(Loss)/profit after tax attributable to equity holders of the Company (a)	(954.41)	650.14
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year for basic EPS (b) [Refer table b below]	10,73,00,978	10,68,65,101
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year for diluted EPS (c) [refer table b below]	10,76,58,082	10,71,79,477

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

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Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Basic earning per share (In INR) - (a/b)	(0.89)	0.61
Diluted Earning Per Share (In INR)* - (a/c)	(0.89)	0.61

*Anti-dilutive for March 31, 2025 on account of loss

b) Reconciliation between number of shares for basic and diluted EPS

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,35,41,101	10,03,10,185
Weighted average number of equity shares issued during the year pursuant to exercise of stock options	14,58,718	17,57,887
Weighted average number of stock options vested but not exercised considered for basic EPS	23,01,159	47,97,029
Add:		
Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share (see note 1 below)	10,73,00,978	10,68,65,101
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:		
Employee stock options	3,57,104	3,14,376
Weighted average number of equity shares and potential equity shares used as denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	10,76,58,082	10,71,79,477

Note - 1: Includes weighted average stock options vested but not exercised.

c) Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per share:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(Loss)/profit after tax attributable to equity holders of the Company	(954.41)	650.14
(Loss)/profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	(954.41)	650.14

30. Ratios

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	Variance	Reasons for variance in excess of 25%
Current Ratio	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	2.48	2.24	10.4%	NA
Return on Equity (ROE)	Net profits after taxes	Average shareholder's equity	(13.97%)	9.96%	(240.24%)	Refer Note 3
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Contract price	Average trade receivables	17.35	9.44	83.8%	Refer Note 4
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Purchases of services and other expenses	Average trade payables	18.28	12.69	44.0%	Refer Note 5

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(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	Variance	Reasons for variance in excess of 25%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average working capital	1.58	1.97	(19.49%)	NA
Net Profit Ratio	Net profits after taxes	Revenue from operations	(11.30%)	7.85%	(243.85%)	Refer Note 6
Return on Capital Employed	Profit before exceptional items and tax	Capital Employed#	10.06%	12.25%	(17.83%)	NA
Return on Investment	Profit before exceptional items and tax	Average total Assets	5.92%	8.25%	(28.27%)	Refer Note 7

Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability

Notes:

- The Company did not have any debt outstanding as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024. Accordingly, the debt-equity ratio and the debt service coverage ratio have not been disclosed.
- The business model of the company is services oriented hence there is no inventory. Accordingly the inventory turnover ratio is not applicable.
- In the current year, profit after tax was lower compared to previous year largely due to reversal of deferred tax asset created on brought forward losses.
- Increase due to significant improvement in outstanding receivables
- Increase in this ratio is due to improvement in payment cycles in FY 25
- In the current year, profit after tax was lower compared to previous year primarily due to reversal of deferred tax asset created on brought forward losses.
- Decreased due to lower Profit before tax on account of higher increase in expenses than income

31. Leases

The Company has taken office premises on lease. Rental contracts are typically made for 1 to 3 years, and extendable for further periods upon mutual agreement. The notice period for such leases is 2-3 months where either party can terminate the lease without any significant penalty or loss. Extension options have not been included in the lease term as exercising this option is currently not reasonably certain. Accordingly, the Company has elected to treat such leases as short term leases and taken an exemption from recognition of right-of-use assets and related lease liabilities in accordance with Ind AS 116.

i) Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Note	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Expenses relating to short-term leases (included in other expenses)	19	213.52	206.09

ii) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 March 2025 was INR 213.52 (2024: INR 206.09)
32. Dues to micro and small enterprises

Sr No	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(i)	a. Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	15.03	4.65
	b. Interest due thereon remaining unpaid on year end.	0.05	0.05
(ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer under the terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amount of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during entire accounting year.		

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(All Amount in INR Lakhs, except Share and Per Share Data, unless otherwise stated)

Sr No	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	a. Delayed payments of principal amount paid beyond the appointed date during the entire accounting year.	0.39	0.59
	b. Interest actually paid under section 16 of the Act, during the entire accounting year.	0.15	0.02
(iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-
(iv)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid as at year end		
	a. Total interest accrued during the year	0.05	0.07
	b. Total interest remaining unpaid, out of the above as at year end.	0.05	0.05
(v)	The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding years until such date when the interest due as above are actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	0.05	0.15

33. Other Accounting Policies

Other than the material accounting policies given earlier, this note provides a list of other accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

33.1. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker(s).

Refer Note 25 for segment information presented.

33.2. Foreign Currency Translation
i) Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the Financial Statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

ii) Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a net basis within other gains/ (losses).

33.3. Income Tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses, if any.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Company measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

33.4. Leases

Leases are recognised as a Right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the company.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease

Notes Forming Part of The Financial Statements

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liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments), less any incentives receivable
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the company exercising that option.

Extension and termination options are included in many of the leases. In determining the lease term the management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the company's incremental borrowing rate, which is the rate that the Company would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the Company (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then that rate is used as the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Lease payments that represent payments based on actual utilisation of common facilities of the leased asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when they are incurred.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made on or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and

- restoration costs

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

33.5. Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets (excluding trade receivables which do not contain significant financing component) and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

33.6. Investments and Other Financial Assets.

A. Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flow. For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

B. Recognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

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C. Subsequent Measurement

i) At Amortised Cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in the statement of profit and loss using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss.

ii) Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flow represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the statement of profit and loss and recognised under other income/ other expenses. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

iii) Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognized in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

D. Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost. The credit loss is difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate. This is assessed on an individual or collective basis after considering all reasonable and supportable information including that which is forward-looking.

The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

E. Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognized. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized. Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognized if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognized to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

F. Interest Income

Interest income is recognised using effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

33.7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments (excluding investment in debt mutual funds e.g. liquid funds which are shown separately as Investments) with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

33.8. Financial Liabilities

A. Classification

Financial liability and equity instruments issued by a Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

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B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

C. Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

33.9. Trade and Other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year, which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within the credit period. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within twelve months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

33.10. Property, Plant and Equipment

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

The assets' residual value and useful life are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit and Loss within Other gains/ (losses).

33.11. Intangible Assets

Software:

Operating software is capitalised along with the related fixed assets. Costs associated with maintaining the software are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs that are

directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the company are recognised as intangible assets where the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the software so that it will be available for use
- management intends to complete the software and use or sell it
- there is an ability to use or sell the software
- it can be demonstrated how the software will generate probable future economic benefits
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software are available, and
- the expenditure attributable to the software during its development can be reliably measured.

Amortisation methods and periods:

The Company amortizes software with a finite useful life using the straight line method over three years and the useful life is reviewed at end of each reporting period, and adjusted if appropriate. The amortisation method and the estimated useful life of intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting period.

33.12. Impairment of Non-financial Assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Intangible assets under development are tested for impairment on an annual basis. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that have suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

33.13. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

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Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. In case of long term provisions, they are disclosed by discounting at the rate used to determine the present value, which is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation, that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

33.14. Employee Benefits

i) Short-term Obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligation in the Balance Sheet.

ii) Other Long-term Employee Benefit Obligations

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Past service costs are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Balance Sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

iii) Post Employment Obligations:

The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

Defined Contribution Plan such as Provident Fund and Employees State Insurance

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds and employees state insurance funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

iv) Bonus Plans

The Company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

v) Share-based Payments

The fair value of options granted under "Tracxn Employee Stock Option Plans" are recognised as an employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (e.g., the entity's share price)
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (e.g. profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period), and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (e.g. the requirement for employees to save or hold shares for a specific period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

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33.15. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Ordinary shares that will be issued upon the conversion of a mandatorily convertible instrument are included in the calculation of basic earnings per share from the date these mandatorily convertible instruments are classified as equity.

33.16. Contributed Equity

Equity shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

33.17. Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

33.18. Exceptional Items

When an item of income or expense within Statement of profit and loss from ordinary activity is of such size, nature or incidence that its disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the Company for the year, the nature and amount of such items is disclosed as exceptional items.

33.19. Rounding of Amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as permitted by Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013, unless otherwise stated. Amounts mentioned as "0.00" in the financial statements denote amounts rounded off, being less than rupees five thousand.

34. Additional Regulatory Information

i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder.

ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions.

iii) Wilful defaulter

The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

v) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

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vi) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

vii) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

viii) Valuation of property plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year

ix) Core investment companies (CIC)

The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. The Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group.

x) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company has not made any investments and hence compliance with respect to number of layers prescribed under section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction of number of layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable.

xi) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

A. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

B. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall

- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

xii) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

35. These financial statements are approved for issue by Company's Board of Directors on 26 May 2025.

For **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Mohan Danivas S A
Partner
Membership Number: 209136
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Tracxn Technologies Limited

Neha Singh
Managing Director
DIN: 05331824
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Abhishek Goyal
Director
DIN: 00423410
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Prashant Chandra
Chief Financial Officer
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025

Surabhi Pasari
Company Secretary
M. No.: F11215
Place: Bengaluru
Date: 26 May 2025



TRACXN TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED

Registered and Corporate Office:

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Layout, Bengaluru, Karnataka - 560102

