

- AIRPORTS
- HIGHWAYS
- INFRASTRUCTURE
- RAILWAYS
- REAL ESTATE

September 4, 2025

BSE Limited (Listing Department)
P. J. Towers, 1st Floor,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai – 400 001.

National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. Listing Department Exchange Plaza, Plot No. C/1, 'G' Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051.

Scrip Code: 532869

NSE Symbol-TARMAT

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Notice of 40th Annual General Meeting and Annual Report FY 2024-25

This is further to our Letter dated August 14, 2025, conveying that the 40th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of the Company will be held on Tuesday, September 30, 2025, at 02.00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing (VC)/other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM).

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) and Regulation 30(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are submitting herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 along with the Notice of AGM, which are being sent through electronic mode to the Members of the Company, whose email IDs are registered with Depositories/ Company/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

The Annual Report and Notice of AGM are also available on the website of the Company at www. tarmatlimited.com . The Notice of AGM of the Company inter alia indicates the process and manner of remote e-voting/ evoting at the AGM and instructions for participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM.

This is for your information and records.

Thanking you,

For Tarmat Limited

SHIVATOSH Digitally signed by SHIVATOSH NARESWAR CHAKRABORTY Date: 2025.09.03 17:51:56-405'30'

S. Chakraborty
Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer

TARMAT LIMITED



40TH ANNUAL REPORT 2024-25

- AIRPORTS
- HIGHWAYS
- INFRASTRUCTURE
- RAILWAYS
- REAL ESTATE

- Resurfacing/Extension of Runway at Air Force Station Maharajpur Military Engineering Services
- Resurfacing/Extension of Runway at
 Air Force Station Awantipur
 Military Engineering Services
- Future Apron with Automated lighting
 Bangalore International Airport Limited
- Runway Resurfacing at Air force station,
 Agra Military Engineering Services
- Runway Strengthening & Taxi Tracks upgradation work at Cochin International Airport Cochin International Airport Limited
- Resurfacing of main Runway including profile correction at CA Juhu Airports Authority of India, Mumbai
- Construction of apron, associated taxiways, Isolation bay, GSE area and associated works at Tiruchirapalli (Trichy) International Airport
- Construction of R Taxi track left out portion connecting runway 07/25 & 12/30, N taxi track connecting runway 07/25 at Chennai Airport, Chennai.

- Upgradation and widening of Main Runway at Nanded Airport Maharashtra
 Industrial Development Corporation
- Extension and strengthening of Runway, Taxi track & Apron at Trichy Airport Airports Authority of India
- Extension of Apron & Additional Parking
 Bays at Trivandrum Airport
 Airports Authority of India
- Upgrading of main Runway 09/27 including dismantling and re-doing of Runway CAT - II light installations at Mumbai Airport Airports Authority of India
- Construction of 4 No's remote parking bays on north of abandoned taxi track - B-3 at CSI Airport, Mumbai Airports Authority of India
- Re-strengthening of Runway and Taxi track, Laying Glass Grid at NAS Arakkonam. Tamil-Nadu Military Engineering Services
- Extension of Runway at 24 Beginning, Expansion of Apron (Rigid), suitable for C type of Aircraft, Resurfacing of existing Runway (Flexible) and other associated works (Civil & Electrical) at Swami Vivekananda Airport Raipur."



COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mr. Jerry Varghese – Chairman (DIN: 00012905)

Mr. Dilip Varghese – Managing Director (DIN: 01424196)

Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah — Executive Director (DIN: 08467309)

Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha – Independent Director (DIN: 08488285) (Ceased w.e.f. 10.02.2025)

Mr. R. C. Gupta – Independent Director (DIN: 00554094) (Ceased w.e.f. 30.09.2024)

Mr. Krishan Kumar Kinra – Independent Director (DIN: 03412973)

Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole – Independent Director (DIN: 10769888)

Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani - Independent Director (DIN: 07827966) (Appointed w.e.f. 07.05.2025)

Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer

Mr. S. Chakraborty - (Membership No. F-4987)

Audit Committee

Dr. Kishanrao M.Godbole

Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah

Mr. Krishan Kumar Kinra

Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Dr. Kishanrao M.Godbole

Mr. Jerry Varghese

Mr. Krishan Kumar Kinra

Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Kishanrao M.Godbole

Mr. Jerry Varghese

Mr. Krishan Kumar Kinra

Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Mr. Jerry Varghese

Dr. Kishanrao M.Godbole

Mr. Krishan Kumar Kinra

Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani

BANKERS

ICICI Bank

Bank of Maharashtra

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Hegde & Associates

Chartered Accountants

REGISTRARS & TRANSFER AGENTS

Bigshare Services Private Limited

(Unit: Tarmat Limited)

S6-2. 6th floor, Pinnacle Business Park,

Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,

Marol, Andheri (East),

Mumbai - 400093.

Tel: 022 62638200

Email: shwetas@bigshareonline.com

Website: www.bigsahreonline.com

Contact Name: Ms. Shweta

Registered Office

Tarmat Limited

Gen. A. K. Vaidya Marg,

Near Wageshwari Mandir,

Off. Film City Road, Malad (E)

Mumbai - 400 097.

Tel: +91-22-2840 2130 / 1180

Website: www.tarmat.in

Contents

| Notice of the Annual General Meeting | 3 |
|--|-------|
| Directors' Report | 15 |
| Management Discussion and Analysis | 25 |
| Report on Corporate Governance | 27 |
| Standalone Auditors Report on Financial Statements | 45 |
| Standalone Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account | 54-55 |
| Standalone Cash Flow Statement | 56 |
| Standalone Statement of Change In Equity | 57 |
| Standalone Notes to Financial Statements | 58 |
| Consolidated Auditors Report on Financial Statements | 88 |
| Consolidated Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account | 94-95 |
| Consolidated Cash Flow Statement | 96 |
| Consolidated Statement of Change In Equity | 97 |
| Consolidated Notes to Financial Statements | 98 |

NOTICE OF 40th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETIN

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 40th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE TARMAT LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON TUESDAY, THE 30th SEPTEMBER 2025 AT 02.00 PM THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING/ OTHER AUDIO-VISUAL MEANS ORGANIZED BY THE COMPANY, TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS. THE VENUE OF THE MEETING SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT GENERAL A. K. VAIDYA MARG, NEAR WAGHESHWARI MANDIR, OFF. FILM CITY ROAD, MALAD (E), MUMBAI - 400 097.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

Item No. 1 - Adoption of Audited Financial Statements.

To receive, consider and adopt the standalone and consolidated Financial Statements of the company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

ITEM No. 2 – Appointment of Mr. Jerry Varghese (DIN: 00012905) who retires by rotation.

To re-appoint a Director in place of Mr. Jerry Varghese (DIN: 00012905), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

ITEM No. 3 - Appointment of Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah (DIN: 08467309) who retires by rotation.

To re-appoint a Director in place of Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah (DIN: 08467309), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

Item No. 4 – Appointment of Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani (DIN: 07827966) as a Director in the category of Non – Executive Independent Director.

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) and the applicable Regulations under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani (DIN: 07827966), who was appointed by the Board of Directors, as an Additional Director pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and the Articles 90(1) (2) of the Articles of Association of the Company, w.e.f. May 07, 2025 till the date of this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers herself for appointment and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act, from a Member proposing her candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company in the category of a Non-Executive & Independent Director of the Company."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani, Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company who has submitted a declaration that she meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and who is eligible for appointment, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company to hold office for a first term of five consecutive years w.e.f. May 07, 2025, and she shall not be liable to retire by rotation hereinafter in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013."

Item No. 5 - Ratification of the remuneration to be paid to Mr. Satish shah, Cost Accountant, for the FY 2025-26.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 if any, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to Mr. Satish shah, Cost Accountant, the Cost Auditor of the Company, to audit the cost records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year 2025-26, amounting to Rs. 100000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) plus taxes as applicable and reimbursement of actual travel and out of pocket expenses be and is hereby ratified and confirmed."

Item No. 6 – Appointment of M/s. P. Diwan & Associates, Company Secretaries as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the five financial years.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, duly recommended by the Audit Committee; the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for appointment of M/s. P. Diwan & Associates, Company Secretaries as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for a period five financial year commencing from 1st April, 2025 till March 31, 2030 to carry out Secretarial Audit of the Company to issue Secretarial Audit Report (Form MR-3) and Secretarial Compliance Report on such remuneration as may be decided by the Board of Directors.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be further authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as the case may be necessary for the aforesaid purpose."

By Order of the Board of Directors For Tarmat Limited

Sd/-

S. Chakraborty
Company Secretary

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

NOTES:-

- 1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') has, vide its various circulars issued from time to time and 'SEBI' Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/ CIR/2024/133 dated October 3, 2024 (hereinafter referred to as 'SEBI Circulars') permitted convening the Annual General Meeting ('AGM'/ 'Meeting') through Video Conferencing ('VC') or Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM'), without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. In accordance with the MCA and SEBI Circulars, companies are allowed to hold AGM through video conference/other audio visual means ("VC/OAVM") upto 30th September, 2025, without the physical presence of members at a common venue. Accordingly, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM, and video recording and transcript of the same shall be made available on the website of the Company. Bigshare Services Limited will be providing facility for voting through remote e-Voting, for participation in the AGM through VC/OAVM and e-Voting during the AGM, a detailed process in which the members can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM has been enumerated in Note number 19 of this Notice. The deemed venue for the meeting shall be registered office of the company at General A. K. Vaidya Marg, near Wagheshwari Mandir, off. Film City Road, Malad (e), Mumbai 400 097.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form, Attendance Slip and Route Map are not annexed to this Notice.
- 3. The facility for joining AGM through VC/OVAM will be available for up to 1,000 Members and members may join on first come first serve basis. However, the above restriction shall not be applicable to members holding more than 2% or more shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel(s), the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors, Scrutinizers etc. Members can login and join 15 (fifteen) minutes prior to the schedule time of meeting and window for joining shall be kept open till the expiry of 15 (fifteen) minutes after the schedule time.
- 4. The aforesaid MCA General Circular dated May 5, 2022 read with MCA General Circulars dated May 5, 2020 and April 13, 2020 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 read with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 have granted relaxations to the companies, with respect to printing and dispatching physical copies of the Annual Reports and Notices to its members. Accordingly, the Company will only be sending soft copy of the Annual Report 2024-25 and Notice convening 40th AGM via e-mail, to the members whose e-mail ids are registered with the Company or the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or Depository Participant/Depository as on the cut-off date i.e. Friday, August 29, 2025.
- 5. In terms of Section 152 of the Act, Mr. Jerry Varghese (DIN: 00012905) Non-Executive Director and Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah (DIN:08467309) Executive Director, of the Company, retires by rotation at the AGM and being eligible, offers themselves for re-appointment. Details as required in sub-regulation (3) of Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations) and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) in respect of the Director seeking re-appointment at the AGM, forms integral part of the Notice.
- 6. Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 7. The Company has appointed Bigshare Services Private Ltd. to provide VC/OVAM facility for the AGM of the Company.
- 8. The explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Act, which sets out details relating to Special Businesses at the meeting, is annexed hereto.
- 9. Institutional/Corporate members are encouraged to attend and vote at the meeting through VC/OVAM. We also request them to send, a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and vote through remote e-voting on its behalf at tarmatcs@gmail.com, pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 10. In case of Joint Holders attending the AGM, only such Joint Holder whose names appear first in the order of names will be entitled to vote.

- 11. Only bona fide members of the Company, whose name appear first on the Register of Members, will be permitted to attend the meeting through VC/OAVM. The Company reserves its right to take all necessary steps as may be deemed necessary to restrict nonmembers from attending the meeting.
- 12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Accordingly, members holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit their PAN to the Depository Participants with whom they maintain their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form should submit their PAN to the Company. Members may please note that SEBI has also made it mandatory for submission of PAN in the following cases, viz. (i) Deletion of name of the deceased shareholder(s) (ii) Transmission of shares to the legal heir(s) and (iii) Transposition of shares.
- 13. Pursuant to Section 101 and Section 136 of the Act, read with relevant Companies (Management and Administration Rules), 2014, and Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligation Disclosures Requirement) Regulation, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), companies can serve Annual Report and other communications through electronic mode to those Members who have registered their email ID either with the Company or with the Depository Participants. Hence, Members who have not registered their mail IDs so far with their depository participants are requested to register their email ID for receiving all the communications including Annual Report, Notices etc., in electronic mode. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA circulars and SEBI circulars, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2024-25 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories/ RTA. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2024-25 will also be available on the Company's website www.tarmatlimited.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd., agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during AGM i.e. www.bigshareonline.
- 14. Members seeking any further information about the accounts are requested to send their queries to the Company to collect the relevant information.
- 15. Members are requested to notify immediately any change in their address /bank mandate to their respective Depository Participants (DP s) in respect of their electronic shares account and to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company at Big share services private Limited S6-2, 6th floor Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai 400093., Maharashtra.
- 16. The Register of Members and the Share Transfer Book of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, 23.09.2025 to Tuesday, 30.09.2025 (both days inclusive).
- 17. The voting right of all shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company as on the cut-off date i.e. Wednesday, 24th September, 2025.
- 18. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.

19. THE INSTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- (i) The remote e-voting period begins on Friday, 26th September, 2025 at 9:00 a.m. and ends on Monday,29th September, 2025 at 5:00 p.m. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of Wednesday, 24th September, 2025 may cast their vote electronically. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by Bigshare for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the AGM date through remote e-voting would not be entitled to vote at the time of AGM.

(iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed companies in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by listed companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to aforesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

| Type of shareholders | Log | in Method |
|---|-----|---|
| Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository | _ ′ | Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then use your existing my easi username & password. |
| | 2) | After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of BIGSHARE the e-Voting service provider and you will be re-directed to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. BIGSHARE, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. |
| | 3) | If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasitoken/Registration/Easi Registration |
| | 4) | Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress, and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers. Click on BIGSHARE and you will be re-directed to to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period. |

| Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository | 1) | If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal |
|--|--|--|
| | | Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting |
| | | page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name BIGSHARE and you will be re-directed to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. |
| | 2) | If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp |
| | 3) | Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name BIGSHARE and you will be redirected to i-Vote website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. |
| Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants | thro e-V opti CD see nar for | can also login using the login credentials of your demat account bugh your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for oting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting ion. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/SL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider ne and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual eting & voting during the meeting. |

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

| Login type Helpdesk details | Login type Helpdesk details |
|--|--|
| Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL | Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor contact at 022-23058738 and 22-23058542-43. |
| Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL | Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 |

2: Login method for e-Voting for shareholder other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode & physical mode is given below:

- You are requested to launch the URL on internet browser: https://ivote.bigshareonline.com
- Click on "LOGIN" button under the 'INVESTOR LOGIN' section to Login on E-Voting Platform.
- Please enter you 'USER ID' (User id description is given below) and 'PASSWORD' which is shared separately on you register email id.
 - o Shareholders holding shares in CDSL demat account should enter 16 Digit Beneficiary ID as user id.
 - Shareholders holding shares in NSDL demat account should enter 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID as user id.
 - o Shareholders holding shares in physical form should enter Event No + Folio Number registered with the Company as user id.

Note If you have not received any user id or password please email from your registered email id or contact i-vote helpdesk team. (Email id and contact number are mentioned in helpdesk section).

Click on I AM NOT A ROBOT (CAPTCHA) option and login.

NOTE: If Shareholders are holding shares in demat form and have registered on to e-Voting system of https://ivote. bigshareonline.com and/or voted on an earlier event of any company then they can use their existing user id and password to login.

- If you have forgotten the password: Click on 'LOGIN' under 'INVESTOR LOGIN' tab and then Click on 'Forgot your password?
- Enter "User ID" and "Registered email ID" Click on I AM NOT A ROBOT (CAPTCHA) option and click on 'Reset'.

(In case a shareholder is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address).

Voting method for shareholders on i-Vote E-voting portal:

- After successful login, Bigshare E-voting system page will appear.
- Click on "VIEW EVENT DETAILS (CURRENT)" under 'EVENTS' option on investor portal.
- Select event for which you are desire to vote under the dropdown option.
- Click on "VOTE NOW" option which is appearing on the right hand side top corner of the page.
- Cast your vote by selecting an appropriate option "IN FAVOUR", "NOT IN FAVOUR" or "ABSTAIN" and click on "SUBMIT VOTE". A confirmation box will be displayed. Click "OK" to confirm, else "CANCEL" to modify. Once you confirm, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- Once you confirm the vote you will receive confirmation message on display screen and also you will receive an email on your registered email id. During the voting period, members can login any number of times till they have voted on the resolution(s). Once vote on a resolution is casted, it cannot be changed subsequently.
- Shareholder can "CHANGE PASSWORD" or "VIEW/UPDATE PROFILE" under "PROFILE" option on investor portal.

3. Custodian registration process for i-Vote E-Voting Website:

- You are requested to launch the URL on internet browser: https://ivote.bigshareonline.com
- Click on "REGISTER" under "CUSTODIAN LOGIN", to register yourself on Bigshare i-Vote e-Voting Platform.
- Enter all required details and submit.
- After Successful registration, message will be displayed with "User id and password will be sent via email on your registered email id".

NOTE: If Custodian have registered on to e-Voting system of https://ivote.bigshareonline.com and/or voted on an earlier event of any company then they can use their existing user id and password to login.

TARMAT LIMITED

- If you have forgotten the password: Click on 'LOGIN' under 'CUSTODIAN LOGIN' tab and further Click on 'Forgot your password?
- Enter "User ID" and "Registered email ID" Click on I AM NOT A ROBOT (CAPTCHA) option and click on 'RESET.

(In case a custodian is having valid email address, Password will be sent to his / her registered e-mail address).

Voting method for Custodian on i-Vote E-voting portal:

After successful login, Bigshare E-voting system page will appear.

Investor Mapping:

- First you need to map the investor with your user ID under "DOCUMENTS" option on custodian portal.
 - o Click on "DOCUMENT TYPE" dropdown option and select document type power of attorney (POA).
 - o Click on upload document "CHOOSE FILE" and upload power of attorney (POA) or board resolution for respective investor and click on "UPLOAD".

Note: The power of attorney (POA) or board resolution has to be named as the "InvestorID.pdf" (Mention Demat account number as Investor ID.)

Your investor is now mapped and you can check the file status on display.

Investor vote File Upload:

- To cast your vote select "VOTE FILE UPLOAD" option from left hand side menu on custodian portal.
- Select the Event under dropdown option.
- Download sample voting file and enter relevant details as required and upload the same file under upload document option by clicking on "UPLOAD". Confirmation message will be displayed on the screen and also you can check the file status on display (Once vote on a resolution is casted, it cannot be changed subsequently).
- Custodian can "CHANGE PASSWORD" or "VIEW/UPDATE PROFILE" under "PROFILE" option on custodian portal.

Helpdesk for queries regarding e-voting:

| Login type | Helpdesk details |
|------------|--|
| | In case shareholders/ investor have any queries regarding E-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') and i-Vote e-Voting module available at https://ivote.bigshareonline.com, under download section or you can email us to ivote@bigshareonline.com or call us at: 1800 22 54 22. |

1. Procedure for joining the AGM/EGM through VC/ OAVM:

For shareholder other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat mode & physical mode is given below:

- The Members may attend the AGM through VC/ OAVM at https://ivote.bigshareonline.com under Investor
- login by using the e-voting credentials (i.e., User ID and Password).
- After successful login, Bigshare E-voting system page will appear.
- Click on "VIEW EVENT DETAILS (CURRENT)" under 'EVENTS' option on investor portal.
- Select event for which you are desire to attend the AGM/EGM under the dropdown option.
- For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed beside of "VIDEO CONFERENCE LINK" option.
- Members attending the AGM/EGM through VC/ OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The instructions for Members for e-voting on the day of the AGM/EGM are as under:-

- The Members can join the AGM/EGM in the VC/ OAVM mode 15 minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the meeting. The procedure for e-voting on the day of the AGM/EGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- Only those members/shareholders, who will be present in the AGM/EGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM/EGM.
- Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM. However, they will
 not be eligible to vote at the AGM/EGM.

Helpdesk for queries regarding virtual meeting:

In case shareholders/investors have any queries regarding virtual meeting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ('FAQs') available at https://ivote.bigshareonline.com, under download section or you can email us to ivote@bigshareonline.com or call us at: 1800 22 54 22.

14. Other Information

- The Company has appointed Mr. Prashant Diwan, Practicing Company Secretary, (Membership No. 1403, COP No. 1979) as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of e-Voting at the AGM, will first count the votes cast during the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting and shall make, in two working days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the e-Voting forthwith.
- As per Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the
 results of e-voting are to be communicated to the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India
 Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed, not later than two working days of the conclusion of
 the Annual General Meeting. The results declared alongwith the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the
 Company's website www.tarmatlimited.com and on the website of Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Tarmat Limited

Sd/-

S. Chakraborty
Company Secretary

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE Explanatory Statement [Pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013]

THE EXPLANATORY STATEMENT SETTING OUT THE MATERIAL FACTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, RELATING TO SPECIAL BUSINESS TO BE TRANSACTED AT THE MEETING IS ANNEXED.

Item No. 4. Appointment of Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani (DIN: 07827966) as a Director in the category of Non – Executive Independent Director.

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee appointed Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani (DIN:07827966), aged 38 as an Additional Director of the Company w.e.f. May 07, 2025 in the category of a Non-Executive & Independent Director. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 161(1) of the Act and Article 90(1) (2) of the Articles of Association of the Company, she holds office upto the date of this AGM and is eligible to be appointed as Non-Executive & Independent Director. Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani holds a Bachelor's degree in Marketing. After considering her background and experience, the Board considers that it would be beneficial and desirable in the interest of the Company, to avail Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani's services as an Independent Director. Accordingly, it is proposed to appoint Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company for a first term of 5 (five) consecutive years w.e.f. May 07, 2025, not liable to retire by rotation. She is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and has given her consent to act as a Director. The Company has also received declaration from her stating that she meets the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act and under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

Additional details of Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani have been given in the Annexure to this Notice. Copy of the draft letter of appointment proposed to be issued to Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani setting out the terms and conditions of her appointment is available for inspection by the Members at the registered office of the Company during the office hours on all the working days except Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays upto the date of the Annual General Meeting.

Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani is interested in the resolution as set out at Item No. 04. of the Notice with regard to her appointment. Relatives of Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani may be deemed to be interested in the resolution to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any, in the Company. Save and except the above, none of the other Directors/ Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution. This statement may also be regarded as an appropriate disclosure under the Act and the Listing Regulations. The Board of Directors recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice for approval of the Members.

Item No. 5: Ratification of the remuneration to be paid to Mr. Satish Shah, Cost Accountant, for the FY 2025-26.

The Company is required under Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time ("Cost Audit Rules"), to have the audit of its cost records for products covered under the Cost Audit Rules conducted by a Cost Accountant in Practice. The Board of Directors of the Company has on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment and remuneration of to Mr. Satish Shah, Cost Accountants as the Cost Auditor for Financial Year 2025-26.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(3) of the Act read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors as recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors has to be ratified by the Members of the Company. Accordingly, the consent of the Members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2026.

None of the Director(s) and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their respective relatives are concerned or interested in the Resolution mentioned at Item No.5 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the Resolution as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the members.

Item No. 6 : Appointment of M/s. P. Diwan & Associates, Company Secretaries as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the five financial years.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, and relevant rules thereunder and Regulation 24A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), every listed company is required to obtain Secretarial Audit Report and Secretarial Compliance Report issued by a Practicing Company Secretary.

Pursuant to the SEBI Listing Regulations, Members' approval is required for appointment of Secretarial Auditors. Further, such Secretarial Auditor must be a peer reviewed Company Secretary from Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) and should not have incurred any of the disqualifications as specified by SEBI.

In view of above, the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors at their respective meetings after considering the experience, expert and independence of the Audit Firm has recommended the appointment of M/s. P. Diwan & Associates, Peer Reviewed Firm of Company Secretaries in Practice (Firm Registration Number: P2015MH041400) as Secretarial Auditors for a term of 5 (Five) consecutive financial years commencing from April 1, 2025 till March 31, 2030 on a remuneration as may be decided by the Board.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at Item No. 6.

The Board recommends Ordinary resolution under Item No. 6 of the accompanying Notice for approval of Members.

Brief profile of M/s. P. Diwan & amp; Associates is as under:

P. Diwan & Associates Company Secretaries has been established in the year 2015 as a Partnership Firm. CS Prashant Diwan is a senior Partner and has total working experience of more than 42 years. The other partners of P. Diwan & Associates are CS Nikunj Kiri and CS Aashit Doshi. Team of P. Diwan & Associates includes qualified Company Secretaries with modern office at Mumbai. P. Diwan & Associates has gradually expanded its resource team and services to provide professional services relating to Corporate Law, Secretarial Audit, Scrutinizer, FDI/FEMA, Due Diligence, M & A, Winding-up and such other Secretarial work.

P. Diwan & Associates has successfully provided professional services to various corporate clients including Incorporation, day-to-day compliances, Govt approvals. Clients of P. Diwan & amp; Associates include large Corporate Groups, Listed Entities, Foreign Corporates, Subsidiaries of Foreign Companies, Medium and Small Enterprises (SMEs), NGO/Trust, LLPs etc.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Tarmat Limited

Sd/-

S. Chakraborty
Company Secretary

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

Details of the Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting [Pursuant to Regulations 26(4) and 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings].

| Name of the Director | Mr. Jerry Varghese | Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah |
|--|---|---|
| Date of Birth | 07.05.1950 | 29.01.1974 |
| DIN | 00012905 | 08467309 |
| Nationality | Indian | Indian |
| Qualification and Experience | Qualification: BE (mechanical) from Mumbai University Experience: has over 41 years of experience in the Construction Industry. | Qualification: Chartered Accountant Experience: specializing . in the field of Finance, advisory & consultation. He has experience of banking & has worked with a reputed private bank at senior position for over 15 years. He has worked closely with infrastructure all the major companies while in his previous stint as a banker & closely associated with many infrastructure companies in India. |
| Date of first appointment in the current designation | 04.08.2023 | 30.05.2019 |
| Shareholding in the Company | 3318021 | 639427 |
| Directorship in other public companies | Nil | Nil |
| Memberships/ Chairmanship of Committees of other companies | Nil | Nil |
| Inter-se relationship between Directors and other Key Managerial Personnel | He is a Father of Mr. Dilip Varghese — Managing Director of the Company. | - |
| Number of Meetings of the Board attended during the year. | 8 | 8 |
| Details of remuneration last drawn | Rs. 3.00 lakhs per month (w.e.f. 1st June, 2024) | Rs. 2.5 lakhs per month (w.e.f. 1st April, 2024) |

| Name of the Director | Ms. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani |
|--|---|
| Date of Birth | 28.08.1987 |
| DIN | 07827966 |
| Nationality | Indian |
| Qualification and Experience | Qualification: Bachelor's degree in Marketing. |
| | Experience: Marketing Professional with 14+ years of experience in business management and Law. |
| Date of first appointment in the current designation | 07.05.2025 |
| Shareholding in the Company | - |
| Directorship in other public companies | Nil |
| Memberships/ Chairmanship of Committees of other companies | Nil |
| Inter-se relationship between Directors and other Key Managerial Personnel | - |
| Number of Meetings of the Board attended during the year. | - |
| Details of remuneration last drawn | NIL |

DIRECTORS REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the Fortieth (40th) Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

1. SUMMARY AND HIGHLIGHTS

A summary of the Company's financial results for the Financial Year 2024-25 is as under:

(₹ In Lakh)

| Particular | Stand | alone | Consolidated | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Revenue from Operations | 10128.35 | 8,935.34 | 10128.35 | 8,935.34 |
| Other Income | 105.37 | 44.04 | 105.37 | 44.04 |
| Total Income | 10233.72 | 8,979.38 | 10233.72 | 8,979.38 |
| Less: Expenses | 10053.03 | 8,844.21 | 10053.03 | 8,844.21 |
| Profit / Loss before tax and Extraordinary / exceptional items | 180.69 | 135.17 | 180.69 | 135.17 |
| Add: Extraordinary / exceptional items | 0.00 | -261.37 | 0.00 | -261.37 |
| Profit before tax | 180.69 | -126.20 | 180.69 | -126.20 |
| Less: Current Income Tax | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Less: Previous year adjustment of Income Tax | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Less Deferred Tax | -6.21 | -13.00 | -6.21 | -13.00 |
| Net Profit after Tax | 186.90 | -113.20 | 186.90 | -113.20 |
| Other Comprehensive Income Items to be reclassified subsequently to profit Or loss other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax | 4.89 | -4.80 | 4.89 | -4.80 |
| Total Comprehensive income for the period | 182.01 | -108.40 | 182.01 | -108.40 |
| Earnings per share (Basic) | 0.63 | -0.51- | 0.63 | -0.51 |
| Earnings per Share (Diluted) | 0.63 | -0.51 | 0.63 | -0.51 |

The abovementioned financial performance highlights are an abstract of the Financial Statements of your Company for the Financial Year 2024-25. The detailed Financial Statements of your Company forms part of this Annual Report. As per the provisions of the Act and in accordance with the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), from time to time, the Annual Report 2024-25 containing Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss, other statements and notes thereto, including consolidated financial statements, prepared as per the requirements of Schedule III to the Act, Directors' Report (including Integrated Reporting and Management Discussion & Analysis and Corporate Governance Report) is being sent to all shareholders through permitted mode. The Annual Report 2024-25 is also available at the Company's website at www.tarmatlimited.com.

2. Performance of the company

The profit (after tax) during the year ending 31st March 2025 on Standalone basis was Rs. 186.90 lakh against a loss of Rs. -113.20 lakh for the previous year ended 31st March 2024. The company is in the process of securing some projects.

3. Prospects

India has surpassed Japan to become the world's 4th largest economy and is now posed to displace German from the 3rd rank. Further, the IMF in it's recent report has said that India remain the Word's fastest growing major economy.

TARMAT LIMITED

As previous years, India is poised for significant infrastructure growth driven by substantial govt. investments and increased private sector participation. Analyst predict a robost increase in infrastructure spending and output with projections for continued expansion in areas like roads, railways and urban infrastructure.

In the union budget 2025-26, capital investment outlay for infrastructure has been increased to 11.21 lacs crores, which will be 3.1 percent of GDP.

India will spend 143 lacs crores in infrastructure sector between 2024 and 2030, which is at least double than 67 lacs crores, spent during previous fiscal starting 2017.

Your company will surely encash the above opportunities for its growth and prospects. Your company is currently executing projects in Chennai, Tutucorin and Mumbai Airport and completed the Jammu project very recently. Your company has about 250 crores unfinished projects in hand.

4. Significant events during the financial year 2024-25

- a) The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 24, 2024 considered and approved allotment of 93,55,260 convertible warrants at a price of Rs. 95/- per warrant, including a premium of Rs. 85/- per warrant, convertible into equivalent number of equity shares of face value Rs. 10/- each ranking pari passu with existing equity shares of the Company.
- b) The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on July 17, 2024 considered and approved the allotment of equity shares on conversion of 2500000 warrants into 2500000 equity shares at an issue price of Rs. 95/- each (including a premium of Rs. 85/- each), to "Non-Promoters /Public Category", on preferential basis, upon receipt of balance amount aggregating to Rs. 17,81,25,000/- (Rupees Seventeen Crore Eighty-One Lakh and Twenty-Five Thousand Only) at the rate of Rs. 71.25 (Rupees Seventy-One and Twenty-Five Paise only) per warrant (being 75% of the issue price per warrant).
- c) The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on January 09, 2025 considered and approved the allotment of equity shares on conversion of 250000 warrants into 250000 equity shares at an issue price of Rs. 95/- each (including a premium of Rs. 85/- each), to "Non-Promoters/Public Category", on preferential basis, upon receipt of balance amount aggregating to Rs. 1,78,12,500/- at the rate of Rs. 71.25 per warrant (being balance 75% of the issue price per warrant).
- d) Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 30 of Listing Regulations, the shareholders of the Company at 39th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Company, held on Monday, September 30, 2024, have approved the Appointment of Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole (DIN:10769888) as an Independent Director of the Company, to hold office for a First term of five (5) consecutive years w.e.f. 05th September, 2024 to 04th September, 2029.
- e) Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), it is to inform you that Mr. Ramesh C. Gupta (DIN: 00554094) has completed his second term as a Non-Executive Independent Director and consequently ceased to be a Director of the Company w.e.f. close of business hours on September 30, 2024,
- f) The Company regrets to inform about the sad demise of Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha (DIN: 08488285), Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, on Monday, 10" February, 2025.

5. Performance Evaluation

In accordance with the relevant provisions of the Act read with the corresponding Rules framed thereunder, the SEBI Regulations and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI vide its circular dated January 5, 2017, evaluation of the performance of the individual Directors, Chairman of the Board, the Board as a whole and its individual statutory Committees was carried out for the year under review. The manner in which the evaluation was carried out and the outcome of the evaluation are explained in the Corporate Governance Report.

6. Dividend/ Shares

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, if the dividend transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer then such unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be transferred by the Company along with interest accrued, if any to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ('the IEPF'), a fund established under subsection (1) of section 125 of the Act.

Mandatory Transfer of Shares to Investors Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) in case of unpaid/ unclaimed dividend on shares for a consecutive period of seven years In terms of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, (as amended from time to time) (IEPF Rules) shares on which dividend has not been paid or claimed by a shareholder for a period of seven consecutive years or more shall be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (IEPFA) within a period of thirty days of such shares becoming due to be so transferred. Upon transfer of such shares, all benefits (like bonus, etc.), if any, accruing on such shares shall also be credited to such Demat Account and the voting rights on such shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the shares.

Shares which are transferred to the Demat Account of IEPFA can be claimed back by the shareholders from IEPFA by following the procedure prescribed under the aforesaid rules.

Company has transferred the entire unpaid and Unclaimed Dividend to Investor Education and Protection Fund which was declared in FY 2008-09, 2009-10 and 2010-2011. As per Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the Listing Regulations.

7. Dividend

To enable the Company to preserve cash for future growth your Directors have not recommended any dividend for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025. However, Dividend distribution policy of the Company is available on the following link: https://www.tarmatlimited.com/assets/pdf/DIVIDEND%20DISTRIBUTION%20POLICY.pdf

8. Reserves

There are no transfers to Reserves during the current financial year.

9. ISSUE OF SHARES

a) Conversion of Warrants into Equity Shares

The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on July 17, 2024 considered and approved the allotment of equity shares on conversion of 25,00,000 warrants into 25,00,000 equity shares. Also the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on January 09, 2025 considered and approved the allotment of equity shares on conversion of 250000 warrants into 250000 equity shares

b) Issue of Equity Shares with differential rights

During the year under review and to date, your Company has not issued any shares with differential rights, hence no information prescribed under the provisions of Section 43(a)(ii) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 4(4) of the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules, 2014 has been furnished.

c) Issue of Sweat Equity Shares

During the year under review and to date, your Company has not issued any sweat equity shares. Hence no information as per the provisions of Section 54(1)(d) of the Act read with Rule 8(13) of the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

d) Issue of Employee Stock Option

During the year under review and to date, your Company has not issued any Employee Stock Option, hence no information is furnished.

10. Share Capital

During the year under review, due to conversion of warrants, the Company's issued share capital is 24,06,42,550 (Rupees Twenty Four Crores six lakhs forty two thousand five hundred fifty) and Listed share capital is Rs. 23,81,42,550/- (Rupees Twenty-Three Crore Thirty-One Lakh Forty-Two Thousand Five Hundred Fifty Only.

The difference of 2,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each is due to allotment of equity shares on conversion of 2,50,000 warrants into 2,50,000 equity shares on 09.01.2025 which was pending for listing in NSE as on 31st March, 2025.

During the year under review and to date, your Company has not issued any Debentures, hence no information

is furnished.

11. Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

A. Appointment/Re-Appointment/Resignation/cessation of Director:

- As of 31st March 2025, the Board of Directors comprised 5 Directors, 2 of which were Independent Director(s), 1 is Non-Executive Director/Promoter Director, 1 is Managing Director & 1 is Executive Director.
- At 39th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Company, held on Monday, September 30, 2024, members of the Company have approved the Appointment of Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole (DIN:10769888) as an Independent Director of the Company, to hold office for a First term of five (5) consecutive years w.e.f. 05th September, 2024 to 04th September, 2029.
- ➤ Mr. Ramesh C. Gupta (DIN: 00554094) has completed his second term as a Non-Executive Independent Director and consequently ceased to be a Director of the Company w.e.f. close of business hours on September 30, 2024.
- ➤ Demise of Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha (DIN: 08488285), Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, on Monday, 10" February, 2025.

B. Retirement by Rotation and subsequent re-appointment:

In accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Jerry Varghese (DIN: 00012905), Non-Executive Director and Mr. Amit Shah (DIN: 08467309), Executive Director of the Company retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment. Your Board recommends their re-appointment as Director(s) for your approval. The brief profile of Mr. Jerry Varghese and Mr. Amit Shah and the resolution for their reappointment as Director(s) are given in the Notice of the 40th Annual General Meeting (AGM).

C. Key Managerial Personnel

Mr. Dilip Varghese, Managing Director, Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah, Executive Director and Mr. S. Chakraborty, CFO & Company Secretary are the Key Managerial Personnel(s) of the Company. During the year under review, there were no changes to the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

The Board of Directors consists of a balanced profile of members specializing in different fields that enables it to address the various business needs of the company, while placing very strong emphasis on corporate governance.

12. Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report:

There was no material changes occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and date of report.

13. Remuneration of directors and employees

Disclosure comprising particulars with respect to the remuneration of directors and employees, as required to be disclosed in terms of the provisions of section 197(12) of the Act and rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is annexed as Annexure II to this Report.

14. Number of Meetings of the Board of Director

Eight (8) Board Meetings were convened and held during the financial year 2024-25. Details of meetings of the Board along with the attendance of the Directors and member of committee therein have been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report (Annexed herewith).

15. Audit Committee

Audit Committee were comprised of Three Independent Directors and One Executive Director, details of which are provided in the Corporate Governance Report (Annexed herewith).

16. Stakeholders relationship committee

Stakeholders relationship committee were comprised of Three Independent Directors and One Non-Executive Directors, details of which are provided in the Corporate Governance Report (Annexed herewith).

17. Nomination and Remuneration policies

The Board of Directors has formulated a Policy which lays down a framework for selection and appointment of Directors and Senior Management and for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of Directors. The Policy also provides for remuneration of Directors, Members of Senior Management and Key Managerial Personnel.

Nomination and Remuneration committee were comprised of Three Independent Directors and One Non-Executive Directors, details of which are provided in the Corporate Governance Report (Annexed herewith).

18. Corporate Social Responsible Committee

Corporate Social Responsible Committee were comprise of Two Independent Directors and One Non-Executive Director, details of which are provided in the Corporate Governance Report (Annexed herewith).

19. Declara2tion by an Independent Director(s) and re-appointment, if any

The Company has received necessary declaration from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Regulations, 2015.

20. Familiarisation programme for Independent Directors

The Company proactively keeps its Directors informed of the activities of the Company, its management and operation and provides an overall industry perspective as well as issues being faced by the industry. The details of various familiarisation programmes provided to the Directors of the Company is available on the Company's websitewww.tarmatlimited.com.

21. Policy on directors' appointment and remuneration and other details

The Company's policy on directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act has been disclosed in the corporate governance report, which forms part of the directors' report.

22. Internal Financial Control

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation was observed.

23. Auditors

At 37th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 30th September, 2022 M/s. Hegde & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN 103610W) was appointed for a first term of 5 (five) consecutive years commencing from 37th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 41st Annual General Meeting of the Company as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

During the year under review, the Auditors have not reported any fraud under Section 143 (12) of the Act and therefore no detail are required to be disclosed under Section 134(3)(ca) of the Act.

24. Secretarial Audit Report

In terms of Section 204 of the Act and Rules made there under, M/s. Prashant Diwan, Practicing Company Secretary was appointed Secretarial Auditors of the Company. The report of the Secretarial Auditors is enclosed as Annexure-III to this report. The Company has received the Secretarial Audit report with few observations on which the management replies are as below.

25. Disclosure about Cost Audit:

As per the Cost Audit Orders, Cost Audit is applicable to the Company.

In view of the same and in terms of the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Mr. Satish Ramanlal Shah, Cost Accountants have been appointed as Cost Auditors to conduct the audit of cost records of your company for the financial year 2025-26. The remuneration proposed to be paid to them requires ratification of the

shareholders of the Company. In view of this ratification for payment of remuneration to Cost Auditors is being sought at the ensuing AGM.

26. Details of Subsidiary/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies

Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of Subsidiaries/ Associate Companies/Joint Ventures is given in Form AOC-1 which forms an integral part of this Report.

27. Disclosure under Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013

At Tarmat, all employees are of equal value. There is no discrimination between individuals at any point based on race, colour, gender, religion, political opinion, national extraction, social origin, sexual orientation or age. At Tarmat, every individual is expected to treat his/her colleagues with respect and dignity. This is enshrined in values and in the Code of Ethics & Conduct of Tarmat. The Company also has in place 'Prevention of Sexual Harassment Policy' in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary and trainees) are covered under this policy. The Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) under The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment.

The Direct Touch (Whistle-Blower & Protection Policy) policy also provides a platform to all employees for reporting unethical business practices at workplace without the fear of reprisal and help in eliminating any kind of misconduct in the system. The policy also includes misconduct with respect to discrimination or sexual harassment. The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed of during the year:

- No. of complaints received: Nil
- No. of complaints disposed of: NA
- No. of complaints pending: Nil

28. Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower

The Company has established a Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy, for its Directors and Employees, to provide a framework to facilitate responsible and secure reporting of concerns of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct & Ethics.

The Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy is posted on the website of the Company and the web-link to the same is www.tarmatlimited.com

29. Annual Return

As per provisions of sections 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Act read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended time to time, the copy of the Annual Return in the Form MGT-7 is hosted on website of your Company at: https://www.tarmat.in/investors/

30. Related Party Transactions

('RPTS') All the transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis. The Audit Committee had given omnibus approval for the transactions (which are repetitive in nature) and the same were reviewed and approved by the Board. There were no material significant transactions with related parties during the financial year 2024-25 which were in conflict with the interest of the Company. Pursuant to the provision of Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013, Form AOC-2 is not applicable to the Company.

31. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility initiatives are not applicable to the Company for the Current Year.

32. Public Deposit

The Company has not accepted any deposits from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

33. Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under section 186

No loans, guarantees or Investments covered under sections 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, have been given or provided during the year.

34. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties:

The Company has not entered into any contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

35. Management discussion and analysis report

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report on the operations of the Company, as required under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "Listing Regulations") is provided in a separate section and forms an integral part of this Report.

36. Corporate Governance

Reports on Corporate Governance and Management Discussion and Analysis, in accordance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), along with a certificate from Auditors regarding compliance of the Corporate Governance are given separately in this Annual Report.

All Board members and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct for the year 2024-25.

37. Compliance with Secretarial Standards

Your directors confirm that during the year under review, the Company has been in compliance with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

38. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo

The information as required under Section 134(3) (m) of The Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 with respect to conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings is given below:

Conservation of energy:-

- a) Improvisation and continuous monitoring of Power Factor and replacement of weak capacitors by conducting periodical checking of capacitors.
- b) The Company has endeavored to optimize the use of energy resources and taken adequate steps to avoid wastage and use latest production technology and equipment.
- c) Though the Company is making adequate use of energy resources it is looking forward to setup necessary energy conservation equipment in near future.

ii. Technology Absorption:-

- a) The Company continues to use the latest technologies for improving the productivity and quality of its services and products.
- b) The Company's operations do not require significant import of technology.

iii. Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:-

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows is NIL

39. Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors state that:

(i) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025, the applicable

TARMAT LIMITED

accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

- (ii) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (iii) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (v) the directors, further state that they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- **40.** The directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

41. Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals

No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status of the Company's operation in future.

42. Acknowledgements

The Management hereby take this opportunity to thank the Shareholders, Regulators and Government Authorities, Financial Institutions, Banks, Customers, Suppliers. The Management also wishes to place on record their appreciation of the employees at all levels for their hard work, dedication and commitment.

For and on behalf of the board of directors

Mr. Jerry Verghese Chairman DIN: 00012905

Date: 14.08.2025 Place: Mumbai

Annexure I

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures

Part A Subsidiaries (Not Applicable) Part B

Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section129 (3)of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

| Nar | ne of Associates or Joint Ventures | TARMAT MSKL RAIPUR | NG TARMAT GOA | MSKEL- TARMAT SANGLI | BACK BONE TARMAT ALFARAA |
|-----|---|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. | Latest audited Balance Sheet Date | 31.03.25 | 31.03.25 | 31.03.25 | 31.03.25 |
| 2. | Date on which the Associate or Joint Venture was associated or acquired | | | | |
| 3. | Shares of Associate or Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end No. | NIL | NIL | NIL | NIL |
| | Amount of Investment in Associates or Joint Venture | 49% | 26% | 20% | 30% |
| | Extent of Holding (in percentage) | | | | |
| 4. | Description of how there is significant influence | | | | |
| 5. | Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 6. | Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet | | | | |
| 7. | Profit or Loss for the year | | | | |
| | i. Considered in Consolidation | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| | ii. Not Considered in Consolidation | NA | NA | NA | NA |

Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: NONE

Names of associates' or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: NONE

Note: This Form is to be certified in the same manner in which the Balance Sheet is to be certified".

For and on behalf of the board of directors

Mr. Jerry Verghese Chairman DIN: 00012905

Date: 14.08.2025 Place: Mumbai

Annexure II

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF REMUNERATION

Pursuant to Section197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

| (i) | The Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the | Director's Name Ratio to mean remuneration | | |
|-------|--|---|----------------------|--|
| | employees of the company for the financial year 2024-25. | Mr. Jerry Varghese Mr. Dilip Varghese Mr. Amit Shah | 9:1 9:1 9:1 | |
| (ii) | The Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or | Mr. Jerry Varghese Mr. Dilip Varghese Mr. Amit Shah | 0 % 0 % 0 % | |
| | Manager if any in the financial year 2024-25 | Mr. Shivatosh Chakraborty, Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer | 0 % | |
| (iii) | Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2024-25 | NIL | | |
| (iv) | Number of permanent employees on the | As on 31.03.2025 | As on 31.03.2024 | |
| | rolls of the company | 92 | 110 | |
| (v) | Average percentile increase in salaries of | During 2024-25 | During 2023-24 | |
| | Employees other than managerial personnel | NIL | NIL | |
| (vi) | Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company | The Company affirms remuneration is as policy of the Company. | per the remuneration | |

For and on behalf of the board of directors

Mr. Jerry Verghese Chairman DIN: 00012905

Date: 14.08.2025 Place: Mumbai

Management Discussion and Analysis Report

1. Industry Structure and Development and Outlook

As per IMF's recent report, India remains the world's fastest growing major economy. India's infrastructure sector has seen remarkable progress over the past decade, becoming a crucial driver of economic development. The total investment in the sector has increased significantly with budget allocation rising to 10 lacs crores in 2023-2024 and projected to reach 11.2 lacs crores in 2025-2026.

The Govt. aims to develop a National Highway network of 2 lacs KM by 2025, which is essential for achieving it's economic growth target of us dollar 5 trillion. The development and growth outlook in this sector looks bright looking into India's significant drive for infrastructure by substantial Govt. investments and increased private participation.

2. Opportunities and Threats

India's infrastructure development has seen significant opportunities, progress and investment in recent years. Key highlights include:

- Major Projects: The inauguration of the Atal Tunnel, the world's longest highway tunnel, and the Chenab Bridge, the world's highest railway bridge, showcase India's achievements in infrastructure
- Investment Plans: The government has planned investments of US\$ 1.4 trillion by 2025, focusing on critical areas such as energy, roads, railways, and urban development.
- Growth in Investment: Total infrastructure investment is projected to reach Rs 11.2 lakh crore in 2025-26, up from Rs 10 lakh crore in 2023-24, indicating robust growth in the sector.

Tarmat Limited (Tarmat) has been the pioneers in airport runway works and air side works.

Tarmat is in the process of securing a new project in Chennai airport of about 250 crores and there are ongoing projects in Mumbai and Jammu.

However, project implementation is not without threats and limitations. Land acquisition and clearances, project credibility, fund availability and high fund cost, lack of technology, human resources, digital divide, cyber concern, Regulatory policy, cost inflation are some of factors, which may affect the speed of project implementation.

However, the Board of directors of the company from time to time are reviewing such risks and initiate actions for mitigation of such risks.

3. Internal Control

The Company has a proper and adequate system of internal controls covering all operational and financial functions commensurate with the size of the company. The company's internal control is designed in such a way that it ensures corporate strategy is implemented, achieve effective and efficient corporate processes, safeguard the value of corporate assets, reliability and integrity of accounting and management data, and operations comply with all existing rules and regulations. All the financial and audit control systems are also reviewed by the Audit Committee of the board of Directors of the company.

4. Operations

The Company's operations are continued in the areas of implementing projects in areas such as airport, roads, bridges, etc. In all the areas, the company continued its focus on cost reduction and cost control at all levels.

5. Human Resources and Industrial Relations

The company understands the value of acquiring the highly intellectual human capital which the company believes is a crucial asset of the company. For this purpose, company follows the strategy "to attract, to retain and to motivate" the personnel through providing the framework for helping employees develop their personal and organizational skills, knowledge, and abilities. We have focused on to build positive attitude in the employees while working with Tarmat Limited. Tarmat Limited follows the principle-"good performance should be appreciated by good rewarding."

6. Risk and Concerns

Each sector has its own risk and concerns. Infrastructure projects are no exception to that. Common risks in the sector are cost inflation, Regulatory and land acquisition risk operating risk, project delays risk, completion risk, demand risk, cost overrun risk, unviable finance risk

TARMAT LIMITED

During the year, the Board has reviewed the risk and the process that have already been identified for the business and necessary action for mitigation has been initiated.

Risks impacting the Company's overall governance are given below:

Liquidity risk, Interest rate risk, Credit risk, Commodity price risk, foreign currency fluctuation risk, Market risk, Salary risk, Interest risk, Investment risk, Health, Safety and Environment Risks, Political, Legal and Regulatory Risks, Fraud and Cyber Security, Other Operational Risks, Counter Party Risks and Working capital challenges.

7. Details of significant changes in key financial ratios.

In accordance with the amended SEBI(Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015,the Company is required to give details of significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations thereof: The Company has identified following ratios as key financial ratios:

| Particulars | F.Y.2024-25 | F.Y.2023-24 | % Change | Reason for change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|---|
| Debtors Turnover | 5.75 | 4.90 | 17.30 | |
| Inventory Turnover | 2.30 | 2.07 | 11.16 | |
| Interest Coverage Ratio | 5.50 | 4.32 | 27.27 | Variation is due to increase in Profit before tax and depreciation |
| Current Ratio | 4.97 | 2.88 | 72.54 | Variation is due to increase in Trade Receivables and reduction in Trade Payables |
| Debt Equity Ratio | 0.25 | 0.38 | -33.93 | Variation is due to increase in shareholders' funds on account of issue of preferential shares during the year |
| Operating Profit Margin (%) | 0.46 | 0.57 | -18.72 | |
| Net Profit Margin | 1.85 | -1.27 | -245.30 | Variation is due to exceptional items of 261.37 included in Net Profit of FY 2023-24 |
| Return on Net Worth | 1.08 | -0.87 | -223.99 | Variation is due to exceptional items of 261.37 included in Net Profit of FY 2023-24 and increase in shareholders' funds on account of issue of preferential shares during the year |

For and on behalf of the board of directors

Mr. Jerry Verghese Chairman DIN: 00012905

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance for the year ended 31st March, 2025 in terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (The "Listing Regulations")

1. Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance:

Corporate governance represents the value framework, the ethical framework and the moral framework under which business decisions are taken. Corporate governance therefore calls for three factors:

- a) Transparency in decision-making
- b) Accountability which follows from transparency because responsibilities could be fixed easily for actions taken or not taken, and
- c) The accountability is for the safeguarding the interests of the stakeholders and the investors in the organisation.

Effective corporate governance depends upon the commitment of the people in the organisation. Your company has a strong legacy for fair, transparent and ethical governance policies. The company has adopted a code of conduct for members of Board of Directors and senior management who have affirmed in writing their adherence to the code.

2. Board of Directors:

(A) Composition and size of the Board

The Board of Directors of the Company consists of eminent persons with considerable professional expertise and experience in business, finance, human resources and management. The composition of the Board of Directors with reference to number of Executive and Non-Executive Directors, complies with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. As on March 31, 2025, the Company's Board consists of Six Directors, out of which One is Non-Executive Director, Two are Executives Director and Three are Non-Executive and Independent Directors and None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than ten Committees and Chairman of more than five Committees as specified in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 across all companies in which they are Directors. The Board does not have any Nominee Director representing any institution.

The details of the Board of Directors as on March 31, 2025 are given below:

| Name of Director | Date of Category Appointment | | No. of Directorship held in Indian public & private Limited | Committee(s) position (Including (TARMAT LIMITED) | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|----------|
| | | | Companies Including (TARMAT IMITED) | Member | Chairman |
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 14.08.2023 | Chairman Non-Executive Non - Independent Director | 01 | 03 | NIL |
| Mr. Dilip Varghese | 14.08.2023 | Executive Non - Independent Director | 01 | NIL | NIL |
| Mr. Amit A. Shah | 30.05.2019 | Executive Director | 01 | 01 | Nil |
| *Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | 02.05.2019 | Non-Executive, Independent Director | 01 | 04 | 3 |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | 17.10.2019 | Non-Executive Independent Director | 01 | 04 | 1 |
| # Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | 14.07.2012 | Non-Executive, Independent Director | 01 | 03 | Nil |
| \$ Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole | 05.09.2024 | Non-Executive, Independent Director | 01 | 04 | Nil |
| @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | 07.05.2025 | Non-Executive, Independent Director | 01 | 04 | Nil |

- * Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha, ceased to be director / Committee Member due to her demise on February 10, 2025
- # Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta Ceased to be director / Committee Member w.e.f 30.09.2024 due to expiry of his second term as a Director.
- \$ Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole was appointed as Non-Excutive Independent Director w.e.f. September 05, 2024.
- @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani was appointed as Non-Excutive Independent Director w.e.f. May 07, 2025.

(B) Details of Board and Annual General Meetings and attendance record of Directors thereat

During the financial year 2024-2025 the Board of Tarmat Limited met 8 times on 24.04.2024, 30.05.2024, 17.07.2024, 14.08.2024, 05.09.2024,14.11.2024, 09.01.2025 and 14.02.2025

A table depicting the attendance of each Director at Board Meetings and the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) is as under:

| Name of the Director | No. of the Board Meetings held during the year 2024-2025 | No. of the Board Meetings attended during the year 2024-2025 | Attendance at the AGM held on 30th September, 2024 |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 08 | 08 | YES |
| Mr. Dilip Varghese | 08 | 08 | YES |
| Mr. Amit Shah | 08 | 08 | YES |
| Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | 08 | 07 | YES |
| Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | 08 | 02 | YES |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | 08 | 05 | YES |
| Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole | 08 | 04 | YES |
| @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | 08 | - | - |

[@] Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani was appointed as Non-Excutive Independent Director w.e.f. May 07, 2025.

(C) No of Shares held by Non-Executive Directors

| Name of Director | No. of Shares | % of shareholding |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 3318021 | 13.93% |
| Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | Nil | 0.00% |
| Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | Nil | 0.00% |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | Nil | 0.00% |
| Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole | Nil | 0.00% |
| Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | Nil | 0.00% |

The details of programs for familiarization of Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company and related matters.

(D) Skill, expertise and competence of the Board of Directors

The Table below summarizes the list of core skills, expertise, competencies of the Board as required in the context of its business: -

| Infra Engineering | Knowledge and experience of Civil Engineering. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Finance | Expert knowledge and understanding in the field of Accounts, Auditing and Financial Control System. |
| Corporate Governance | Experience in developing good governance practice, serving the best interest of the stakeholders, maintaining board and management accountability, building long-term effective stakeholder engagements and driving corporate ethics and values. |
| Strategy and Planning | Appreciation of long-term trends, strategic choices and experience in guiding and leading management team to make decision in uncertain environment. |
| Legal Compliance | Knowledge in the field of law and legal compliance management. |

(E) Confirmation of Independence

Upto February 09, 2025 there have been Three Independent Directors on the Board of the Company. From 10.02.2025 to 31.03.2025 there have been two Independent Directors on the Board of the Company due to sad demise of Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha – Non-Executive Independent Director. All the Independent Directors have provided a declaration of their independence for the year 2024-25 to the Board. The Board after

undertaking due assessment of the veracity of the declaration is of the opinion that each Independent Director fulfills the conditions of independence as specified in the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and is independent of the management.

(F) Meeting of Independent Directors

The Independent Directors of the Company meet at least once in every financial year without the presence of Executive Directors or management personnel. All Independent Directors strive to be present at such meetings. One Meeting of Independent Directors was held During the Financial Year 2024-2025.

3. Committees of the Board:

The Board constituted committees namely, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee are in accordance with the terms of reference determined by the Board. Meetings of each of these Committees are convened by the respective Chairman. Matters requiring Board's attention/approval are placed before the Board. The role, the composition of these Committees including the number of meetings held during the financial year and the related attendance detail are provided below:

(A) Audit Committee Composition

The Audit Committee comprises of four members: Mrs., Regina Manish Sinha (up to 09.02.2025 - Chairperson,) Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta (up to 30.09.2024) Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra - independent directors, Mr. Amit Shah - Executive Director, Dr. K. M. Godbole (appointed w.e.f. 05.09.2024) and Mrs. Priyanka B. Sahani (appointed w.e.f. 07.05.2024), Mr. S. Chakraborty, Company Secretary also acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

Terms of reference of the Audit Committee

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, inter-alia, include:

- Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company;
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
- 1. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
- 3. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
- 4. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings.
- 5. Compliance with (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
- 6. Disclosure of any related party transactions.
- 7. Qualifications in the draft audit report.
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties;

- · Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
- Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

Meetings and Attendance during the year

During the year 2024-25 the Audit committee met four times 30.05.2024, 14.08.2024,14.11.2024 and 14.02.2025, the attendance record of committee members to the meetings so held is depicted in the table given below:

| Name of the Member(s) | No. of Meetings held | Meeting Attended |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| *Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | 04 | 3 |
| #Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | 04 | 2 |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | 04 | 4 |
| Mr. Amit Shah | 04 | 4 |
| \$Dr. K. M. Godbole | 04 | 2 |
| @Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | - | - |

^{*} Ceased to be member of the Committee due to demise of Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha on February 10, 2025

Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta Ceased to be member of the Committee due to expiry of his second term a Director w.e.f. 30.09.2024

- \$ Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole was appointed as Non- Executive Director w.e.f. September 05, 2024.
- @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani was appointed as Non-Excutive Independent Director w.e.f. May 07, 2025.

(B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee Composition

The Company has in place a Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprising of three Independent Non- Executive Directors namely, Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra as its Chairman, Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha and Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta, Dr. K. M. Godbole as members and one Non-Executive Director namely Mr. Jerry Varghese.

Terms of reference

- Succession planning of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Employees;
- Identifying and selection of candidates for appointment as Directors / Independent Directors based on certain laid down criteria:
- Identifying potential individuals for appointment as Key Managerial Personnel and to other Senior Management positions;
- Formulate and review from time to time the policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management employees and their remuneration;
- Review the performance of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Employees based on certain criteria as approved by the Board.

Meetings and Attendance during the year

During the year 2024-2025 the Nomination and Remuneration committee met two times i.e. on May 30th 2024 and September 05, 2024 and the attendance record of committee members to the meetings so held is depicted in the table given below:

| Name of the Member(s) | No. of Meetings held | Meeting Attended |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| *Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | 02 | 2 |
| #Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | 02 | 1 |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | 02 | 2 |
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 02 | 2 |
| \$ Dr. K. M. Godbole | 02 | - |
| @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | - | - |

^{*} Ceased to be member of the Committee due to demise of Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha on February 10, 2025

Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta Ceased to be member of the Committee due to expiry of his second term a Director w.e.f. 30.09.2024

- \$ Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole was appointed as Non- Executive Director w.e.f. September 05, 2024.
- @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani was appointed as Non-Excutive Independent Director w.e.f. May 07, 2025.

Remuneration of Directors

The table given below specifies the details of remuneration package of Directors and their relationships with other Directors on the Board (relationship to mention).

| Name of Director | Salary in Rs. | Sitting Fees Rs. | Total in Rs. |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 36,00,000 | NIL | 36,00,000 |
| Mr. Dilip Varghese | 30,00,000 | Nil | 30,00,000 |
| Mr. Amit Shah | 30,00,000 | Nil | 30,00,000 |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Dr. K. M. Godbole | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | Nil | Nil | Nil |

The Company pays remuneration to Mr. Jerry Varghese, Non- Executive Director, Mr. Dilip Varghese – Managing Director and Mr.Amit Shah- Executive Director by way of salary.

Mr. Dilip Varghese is a son of Mr. Jerry Varghese.

Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Director:

The Company has laid down evaluation criteria for Independent Directors. The criteria for evaluation of Directors includes parameters such as attendance, maintaining effective relationship with fellow Board members, providing quality and valuable contribution during meetings, successfully bringing their knowledge and experience for formulating strategy of the company etc. Based on such criteria, the evaluation is done in a structured manner through consultation and discussion.

(C) Stakeholder Relationship Committee Composition

The Stake-holders Relationship Committee constituted by the Board comprises of three Independent Directors, namely Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra, Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha, Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta and Dr. K. M. Godbole- Independent Directors and One Non-Executive Director namely Mr. Jerry Varghese.

Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra an Independent, Non-Executive Director, is the Chairman of the Committee.

Terms of Reference

- transfer/transmission of shares/debentures and such other securities as may be issued by the Company from time to time;
- issue of duplicate share certificates for shares/debentures and other securities reported lost, defaced or destroyed, as per the laid down procedure;
- issue new certificates against subdivision of shares, renewal, split or consolidation of share certificates / certificates relating to other securities:
- issue and allot right shares / bonus shares pursuant to a Rights Issue / Bonus Issue made by the Company, subject to such approvals as may be required;
- to grant Employee Stock Options pursuant to approved Employees' Stock Option Scheme(s), if any, and to allot shares pursuant to options exercised;
- · to issue and allot debentures, bonds and other securities, subject to such approvals as may be required;
- to approve and monitor dematerialization of shares / debentures / other securities and all matters incidental
 or related thereto;
- to authorize the Company Secretary and Head Compliance / other Officers of the Share Department to attend to matters relating to non-receipt of annual reports, notices, non-receipt of declared dividend / interest, change of address for correspondence etc. and to monitor action taken;
- monitoring expeditious redressal of investors / stakeholder's grievances;
- All other matters incidental or related to shares.

During the year 2024-25 the Stake Holder Relationship committee met four times 30.05.2024, 14.08.2024,14.11.2024 and 14.02.2025, the attendance record of committee members to the meetings so held is depicted in the table given below:

Meetings and Attendance during the year

| Name of the Member | No. of meetings held | No. of meetings attended |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | 04 | 4 |
| *Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha | 04 | 3 |
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 04 | 4 |
| #Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta | 04 | 2 |
| \$Dr. K. M. Godbole | 04 | 2 |
| @Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani | 04 | - |

^{*} Ceased to be member of the Committee due to demise of Mrs. Regina Manish Sinha on February 10, 2025

Mr. Ramesh Chander Gupta Ceased to be member of the Committee due to expiry of his second term a Director w.e.f. 30.09.2024

- \$ Dr. Kishanrao M. Godbole was appointed as Non- Executive Director w.e.f. September 05, 2024.
- @ Mrs. Priyanka Bhushan Sahani was appointed as Non-Excutive Independent Director w.e.f. May 07, 2025.

Name and designation of compliance officer

Mr. S. Chakraborty Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Details of investor complaints received and redressed during the year 2024-25 are as follows:

| Opening Balance | Received during the year | Resolved during the year | Closing Balance |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil |

D. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee is constituted pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. The composition of the Committee and attendance of the members of the Committee at the meetings held is as below. The CSR Committee met 1(One) times during the financial year ended March 31, 2025 i.e. on February 14, 2025.

| Name of the Member | No. of Meeting Held | No. Meeting attended |
|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Mr. Jerry Varghese | 1 | 1 |
| Mr. Kishan Kumar Kinra | 1 | 1 |
| Dr. K. M . Godbole | 1 | 1 |

The terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee broadly includes the following:

- (a) To formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 and the review thereof at periodical intervals;
- (b) To recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the CSR activities.
- (c) To formulate and recommend to the Board of Directors, annual action plan in pursuance of the CSR Policy;
- (d) To monitor the expenditure incurred on the specified activities; and
- (e) To monitor the implementation of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company from time to time.

4. General Body Meetings:

Annual General Meeting: Details of last three Annual General Meetings held are as follows:

| Year | Location | Date and Time | Details of Special Resolution Passed |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Thirty – Nine AGM 2023-24 | Through Video Conferencing (VC) | 30.09.2024 02.00 P.M. | Payment of Remuneration to Mr. Jerry Varghese – Non-Executive Director of the Company |
| | | | 2) To approve continuation of Directorship as Non-Executive Director beyond the age of 75 years in his current tenure. |
| | | | Appointment of Dr. Kishanrao Marutirao Godbole as director in the category of Non-Executive Independent Director. |
| Thirty-Eight AGM 2022 2023 | Through Video Conferencing (VC) | 30.09.2023 03:00 P.M. | Appointment and Remuneration to Mr. Dilip Varghese – Managing Director and Key Managerial Personal of the Company. |
| | | | 5) Re-appointment and Remuneration to Mr. Amit Atmaram Shah as an Executive Director and Key Managerial Personal of the Company. |

| Year | Location | Date and Time | Details of Special Resolution Passed |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Thirty-Seven AGM 2021 2022 | Through Video Conferencing (VC) | 30.09.2022 02:00 P.M. | - |

- (a) Postal Ballot / Extraordinary General Meeting: No postal Ballot / extraordinary general meeting of the members was held during FY 2024-25.
- (b) A certificate has been received from Prashant Diwan, Practising Company Secretaries, that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

5. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulation, the Board has carried out the annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Board Committees.

The performance evaluation of the Executive Director and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors express their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

6. Affirmations and Disclosures:

- (i) All related party transactions have been entered into in the ordinary course of business and were placed periodically before the audit committee in summary form. There was no material individual transaction with related parties which were not in the normal course of business required to be placed before the audit committee and that may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. All individual transactions with related parties or others were on an arm's length basis.
- (ii) There were few cases of non-compliance by the Company and no penalties, strictures were imposed on the Company by SEBI or any Statutory Authority on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years except NSE & BSE has levied the fine for non-compliance under SEBI (LODR) Regulation, 2015.
- (iii) In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company has followed the Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. The significant accounting policies which are consistently applied are set out in the Notes to the Financial Statements.
- (iv) The Company has a formal system of internal control testing which examines both the design effectiveness and operational effectiveness to ensure reliability of financial and operational information and all statutory / regulatory compliances.
- (v) The CEO and the CFO have issued certificate pursuant to the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 certifying that the financial statements do not contain any untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs. The said certificate is annexed and forms part of the Annual Report.
- (vi) The Board of Directors has approved a Code of Business Conduct which is applicable to the Members of the Board and all employees. The Code has been posted on the Company's website www.tarmatlimited. com.
- (vii) The Company has adopted a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy. Any employee can approach Chairman of the Audit Committee with information/disclosure under the said Policy. No employee has been denied access to the Audit Committee as a part of such Mechanism/Policy.
- (viii) Management Discussion and Analysis forms part of the Annual Report to the Shareholders and it includes discussion on matters as required under the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, with Stock Exchanges.
- (ix) All the guidelines issued by the SEBI and Stock Exchange or other statutory authority on the matter related to capital markets are fully complied.
- (x) The Company has adopted a policy on determination of materiality of events for disclosures (Determining Materiality of Events).

- (xi) The Company has adopted a policy on archival and preservation of documents (Preservation of Documents)
- (xii) The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated employees of the Company. The Code requires preclearance for dealing in the Company's shares and prohibits the purchase or sale of Company shares by the Directors and the designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and during the period when the Trading Window is closed.

All Board Directors and the designated employees have confirmed compliance with the Code.

7. POLICY ON PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE

For the year under review there was no woman employee in the employment of the company, therefore the provisions of the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 does not imply to the Company.

8. Means of Communication:

1. Publication of Results;

The quarterly / annual results of the Company are published in the leading newspapers viz. Mumbai Lakshadweep (Marathi) and Active Times (English).

9. General Shareholder Information:

i. Annual General Meeting:

The forthcoming 40th Annual General Meeting of the Tarmat Limited will be held on Tuesday, September 30, 2025 at 02.00 p.m. through video conferencing/ other audio-visual means organized by the company at the registered office of the company at General A. K. Vaidya Marg, near Wageshwari Mandir, off. Film City Road, Malad (e), Mumbai 400 097.

ii. Financial Calendar:

Year ending: March 31, 2025.

iii. Dividend Payment:

To conserve the cash for the future growth, the Company has not recommended any dividend for this year.

iv. Book Closure / Record Date:

The Register of members and share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, September 23,2025 to Tuesday, September 30, 2025 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the AGM.

v. During the year the Company has not obtained any credit rating

vi. Listing on Stock Exchanges

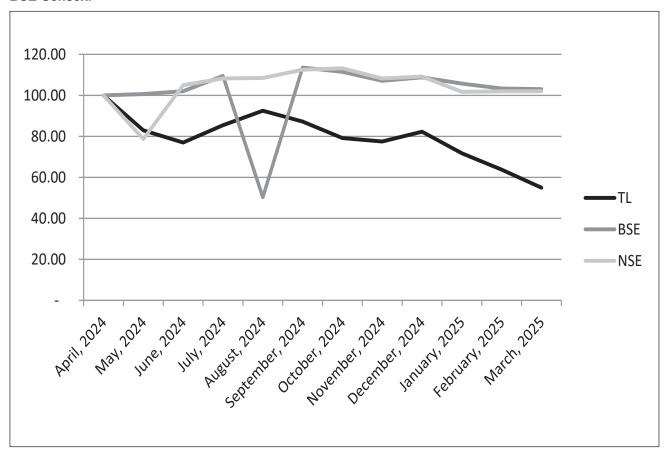
The Company's shares are listed on the following Stock Exchanges and the Listing Fees of BSE Limited and listing fee of National Stock Exchange of India Limited has paid:

| Name & Address of the Stock Exchanges | Stock Code/Scrip Code | ISIN Number for NSDL/CDSL (Dematerialised share) |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Name: BSE Limited Address: Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400001. | 532869 | INE924H01018 |
| Name: The National Stock Exchange of India Limited Address: Exchange Plaza, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051. | TARMAT | INE924H01018 |

vii. Stock Market Price at National Stock Exchange (NSE) and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) for the period from April 2024 to March 2025:

| | BSE | | NS | SE |
|----------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| | High | Low | High | Low |
| April -2024 | 115.92 | 88.36 | 113.55 | 89.00 |
| May-2024 | 91.38 | 77.26 | 91.20 | 77.50 |
| June – 2024 | 83.39 | 73.28 | 83.15 | 73.40 |
| July- 2024 | 102.90 | 70.80 | 103.00 | 70.75 |
| August -2024 | 104.11 | 84.00 | 104.50 | 83.70 |
| Septemebr-2024 | 98.59 | 79.55 | 97.40 | 79.30 |
| October-2024 | 87.60 | 73.52 | 87.00 | 74.02 |
| November-2024 | 85.40 | 72.55 | 85.05 | 72.20 |
| December-2024 | 92.52 | 74.73 | 92.59 | 74.83 |
| January-2025 | 84.70 | 62.30 | 82.44 | 62.33 |
| February-2025 | 72.40 | 57.10 | 73.57 | 56.20 |
| March-2025 | 63.00 | 48.50 | 63.30 | 48.75 |

viii. Comparison of closing prices of the Company's share with the broad-based indices viz NSE Nifty & BSE Sensex.



ix. Registrar and Transfer Agent

Bigshare Services Private Limited is the Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company, handling the shareholders and the share related matters, both in physical and the dematerialized segment.

The contact details of the RTA are as under:

BIGSHARE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

(Unit: Tarmat Limited)

S6-2, 6th floor Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,

Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400093.

Board No.: 022-62638200 Fax No: 022-62638299 shwetas@bigshareonline.com | www.bigshareonline.com

x. Share Transfer System

As of date, 99.99% of the Equity shares of the company are in electronic form. Transfer of these share are done through the depositories without any involvement of the company.

For speedy processing of share transfers, the Board has delegated powers to approve share transfers to the Shareholders' / Investors' Grievance Committee. Transfers of shares in physical form are normally processed within 15 days of receipt, provided the documents are complete in all respect. All transfers are first processed by the Transfer Agent and are submitted to the company for approval thereof. Thereafter, authorised officers of the company approve the transfer and shares are returned to the shareholders.

Pursuant to Regulation 40 (9) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, certificates from a practicing Company Secretary on half yearly basis to the effect that all the transfers are completed in the statutorily stipulated time period have been obtained. Copy of the certificate so received is submitted both stock exchanges where shares of the company are listed.

xi. Distribution of shareholding as on 31st March 2025

| Sr. No. | Slab of Shareholding No. of equity shares held | | No. of Shareholders | In % | Shares | Percentage of Total |
|------------|---|-----------|---------------------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| | From | То | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 5000 | 12789 | 87.70 | 1183589 | 4.97 |
| 2 | 5001 | 10000 | 824 | 5.65 | 667030 | 2.80 |
| 3 | 10001 | 20000 | 442 | 3.03 | 662703 | 2.78 |
| 4 | 20001 | 30000 | 137 | 0.94 | 356243 | 1.49 |
| 5 | 30001 | 40000 | 77 | 0.53 | 278607 | 1.17 |
| 6 | 40001 | 50000 | 87 | 0.60 | 415278 | 1.75 |
| 7 | 50001 | 100000 | 106 | 0.73 | 780768 | 3.28 |
| 8 | 100001 | and above | 120 | 0.82 | 19470037 | 81.76 |
| TOTAL | | | 14582 | 100.00 | 23814255 | 100.00 |

xii. Shareholding pattern as on 31st March 2025

| Sr. | Category | No. of Shares | % holding |
|-----|--|---------------|-----------|
| no. | | | |
| | Shareholding Pattern of The Promoter and Promoter Group | | |
| 1. | Indian | | |
| (a) | Individuals/Hindu undivided Family | 5818108 | 24.43 |
| (b) | Central Government/State Government(s) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (c) | Financial Institutions/Banks | 0.0 | 0.00 |
| (d) | Any Other (Bodies Corporate) | 1361448 | 5.72 |
| | Individuals (Non-Resident Individuals/Foreign Individuals) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2. | Foreign | | |
| (a) | Individuals (Non-Resident Individuals/Foreign Individuals) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (b) | Government | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (c) | Institutions | 0.00 | 0.0 |
| (d) | Foreign Portfolio Investor | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 7179556 | 30.15 |

| Sr. no. | Category | No. of Shares | % holding |
|------------|---|---------------|-----------|
| | Statement Showing Shareholding Pattern of The Public Shareholder | | |
| 1. | Institutions | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2. | Central / State government(s) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3. | Banks | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (a) | Banks | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| (1) | Resident Individuals holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 2 Lakhs | 4164933 | 17.49 |
| (a)(2) | Resident Individuals holding nominal share capital in excess of | 1854127 | 7.79 |
| | Rs. 2 Lakhs | | |
| (b) | Employee Trusts | | |
| (c) | Overseas Depositories (holding DRs) (balancing figure) | | |
| (d) | Any Other | | |
| | (Bodies Corporate) | 8629007 | 36.24 |
| | (Clearing Member) | 45360 | 0.19 |
| | Foreign Portfolio Investor | 705048 | 2.96 |
| | HUF | 422435 | 1.77 |
| | (Non-Resident Indians) | 174362 | 0.73 |
| | Directors/Relatives | 639427 | 2.68 |
| | Total | 16634699 | 69.85 |
| | Grand Total | 23814255 | 100.00 |

xiii. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

Shares of the Company are compulsorily traded in dematerialized form and are available for trading under both the depositories i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

As on 31st March 2025, 99.99% Equity shares of the Company representing 21314255 Shares out of a total of 21313936 equity shares were held in dematerialized form, and the balance 319 shares were held in physical form.

xiv. Address for Correspondence

Shareholders may correspond with -

i Registrar & Transfer Agents for all matters relating to transfer / dematerialization of shares, payment of dividend, demat credits, etc. at :

BIGSHARE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

(Unit: Tarmat Limited)

S6-2, 6th floor Pinnacle Business Park, Next to Ahura Centre, Mahakali Caves Road,

Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400093. Email: shwetas@bigshareonline.com Website: www.bigshareonline.com Contact Name: Shweta Salunke

ii For all investor related matters:

Mr. Shivatosh Chakraborty Company Secretary

Tarmat Limited

Tank Road, Off. Gen Vaidya Marg, Malad (East), Mumbai - 400 0097

Tel: +91-22-2840 2130/ 1180 Email: tarmatcs@gmail.com Website: www.tarmatlimited.com

iii Registered Office

Tank Road, Off. Gen Marg, Malad (East), Mumbai - 400 0097

Tel: +91-22-2840 2130/ 1180

Annexure III

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT Form No. MR-3 FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To
The Members **TARMAT LIMITED**Gen. A. K. Vaidya Marg,
Off. Film City Road, Malad (E)
Mumbai – 400097

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **TARMAT LIMITED** having CIN: L45203MH1986PLC038535 (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined through digital mode the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011:
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; and
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client.

As per the representations made by the management and relied upon by me, during the period under review, provisions of the following regulations were not applicable to the Company:

- (i) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (ii) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;

TARMAT LIMITED

- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018; and
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible and Redeemable Preference Shares) Regulation; 2013.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards 1 & 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India under the Companies Act, 2013, however the same needs to be strengthen.
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as mentioned above except following:

- (i) The Company has not transferred Equity shares to Investor Education Protection Fund in pursuance to provisions of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Auditing, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016.
- (ii) Regulation 31 (2) of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 Non-compliance related to 100% Promoter shareholding in Demat i.e. 120 equity shares of Promoter is not in Demat form.
- (iii) Regulation 3(5) & 3(6) SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 Improper maintenance of Structured Digital Database The Company has started maintaining Structured Digital Database after 30.09.2024. There was delay in making entry in the database up to 30.09.2024. Further, the Company has not captured the internal sharing of UPSI in the database within prescribed time up to 30.09.2024.
- (iv) BSE Circular LIST/COMP/13/2019-20 Date: 16th May 2019 and NSE Circular Ref No: NSE/CML/2019/26 November 01, 2019 Non-Filing of Annual Report for the year ended 31.03.2024 in XBRL format with BSE and NSE

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non – Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is generally given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were generally sent at least seven days in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through and as informed, there were no dissenting members' views and hence not recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that as per the representations made by the management and relied upon by me there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure proper compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines, however the same may be further strengthened.

As per the representations made by the management and relied upon by me, I further report that, during the audit period, there were no other specific events / actions in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, etc., having a major bearing on the Company's affairs, except following:

1. The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on April 24, 2024 considered and approved allotment of 93,55,260 convertible warrants at a price of Rs. 95/- per warrant, including a premium of Rs. 85/- per warrant, convertible into equivalent number of equity shares of face value Rs. 10/- each ranking pari passu with existing equity shares of the Company.

- The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on July 17, 2024 considered and approved the allotment of equity shares on conversion of 25,00,000 warrants into 25,00,000 equity shares at an issue price of Rs. 95/- each (including a premium of Rs. 85/- each), to "Non-Promoters/Public Category", on preferential basis, upon receipt of balance amount aggregating to Rs. 17,81,25,000/- (Rupees Seventeen Crore Eighty One Lakh and Twenty Five Thousand Only) at the rate of Rs. 71.25 (Rupees Seventy-One and Twenty-Five Paise only) per warrant (being 75% of the issue price per warrant).
- The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on January 09, 2025 considered and approved the allotment of equity shares on conversion of 250000 warrants into 250000 equity shares at an issue price of Rs. 95/- each (including a premium of Rs. 85/- each), to "Non-Promoters/Public Category", on preferential basis, upon receipt of balance amount aggregating to Rs. 1,78,12,500/- at the rate of Rs. 71.25 per warrant (being balance 75% of the issue price per warrant).

Prashant Diwan

Practicing Company Secretary

FCS: 1403 CP: 1979

PR: 1683/2022

UDIN: F001403G001014767

Date: 14.08.2025 Place: Mumbai

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of

this report.

To
The Members
TARMAT LIMITED
Gen. A. K. Vaidya Marg,
Off. Film City Road, Malad (E)
Mumbai – 400097

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate, Specific and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Prashant Diwan

Practicing Company Secretary

FCS: 1403 CP: 1979

PR: 1683/2022

UDIN: F001403G001014767

Date: 14.08.2025 Place: Mumbai

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To

The Members of Tarmat Limited

I have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Tarmat Limited for the year ended 31st March 2025, as stipulated in the Regulation 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and paragraph C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanation given to me and based on the representations made by the Management, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Regulation 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and paragraph C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For M/s Hegde & Associates
Chartered Accountants

FRN: 103610W

Sd/-

Manoj Shetty

Partner

Membership No. 138593

UDIN: 25138593BMJBJC2611

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO) CERTIFICATE

- I, Dilip Varghese, Managing Director and S. Chakraborty, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of Tarmat Limited, to the best of our knowledge and belief hereby certify that: a) We have received financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2025 and:
- 1) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
- 2 a) These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
 - b) There are no transactions entered into by the company during the year that are fraudulent, illegal or volatile of the company's code of conduct.
 - c) We accept responsibility for the establishing and maintaining internal control systems of the Company pertaining to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design and operations of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
 - d) We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - 1) Significant changes in the internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - 2) Significant changes in the accounting policies during the year and that the same has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - 3) Instances of the significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any; of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Sd/-**Dilip Varghese** Managing Director Din No. 01424196 Sd/-**S. Chakraborty** Chief Financial Officer

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

- I, Dilip Varghese, Managing Director of TARMAT LIMITED hereby confirm pursuant to SEBI (listing obligations and disclosure requirements) regulations, 2015 that:
- 1. The Board of Directors of TARMAT LIMITED has laid down a Code of Conduct for all the Board members and senior management of the Company. The said Code of Conduct has also been posted on the Investors page of the Company website www.tarmat.in
- 2. All the Board Members and senior management personnel have affirmed their compliance with the said Code of Conduct for the year ended 31st March 2025.

For TARMAT LIMITED

Sd/-**Dilip Varghese** Managing Director Din No. 01424196

Date: 14th August, 2025

Place: Mumbai

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To.

The Members of

TARMAT LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Tarmat Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss Statement (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as Standalone Financial Statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the aforesaid standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2025, and its profit, total Comprehensive income, its Cash Flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As described in Note no 4 of the financial statement, due to non- availability of the financial information of the Joint Venture, the company is unable to determine the fair value of the Company's investment in Backbone-Tarmat-Al Fara'a (JC) as at 31st March 2025. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of above investment amounting to Rs 783.02 Lakhs and the consequent therof.

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report (Does not include the Standalone Financial Statement and our auditors report on thereon) Which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report and additional information excluding those refer above that could be included in the integrated report (tiled as Tarmat Limited integrated report and annual account 2024-25) Which is expected to be made available to us after the date of our report, Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion theron.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance changes in equity and cash flow of the company in accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive loss) and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure 2.; and
 - g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March 2025 has been paid/ provided by the company to its Directors in accordance with the provision of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements Refer Notes 28 to the standalone financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 33 (vii) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company: or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

TARMAT LIMITED

- b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in 33 (viii) to the standalone financial statements, no funds that have been received by the Company from any persons or entities including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the Company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, noting has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not paid or declared any dividend during the current year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in accounting software, During the course of performing our procedures, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**Chartered Accountants

FRN: 103610W

Sd/-Manoj Shetty (Partner)

M.No 138593

UDIN: 25138593BMJBHY3714

Date: 30.05.2025 Place: Mumbai

TARMAT LIMITED

"ANNEXURE-1" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to paragraph 1 under 'Report on Legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report of even date to the members of Tarmat Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
 - (b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this program, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this frequency of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of business.
 - (c) The Title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the Lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lease) included in Property are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (i)(d) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (i)(e) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the company
- (ii) a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees from Bank of Maharashtra on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Based on the records examined by us in the normal course of audit of the financial statements is in agreement with the Books of account of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information's and explanation's given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year. Hence para 3 (iii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not given any loans or provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 185 of the Companies Act 2013 and the Company has not provided any guarantee or security as specified under Section 186 of the Companies Act 2013. Further the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly clause (v) of the order is not applicable.
- (vi) Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, in respect of its products and services. We have broadly reviewed the same and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or compete.
- (vii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, barring the delay & the non

payment of the following undisputed statutory liability, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Sales Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues, if any applicable to it with appropriate authorities.

| Name of the Statute | Nature of Dues | Amount (Rs) | Period to which the amount relates | Due Date | Date of Payment | Remarks if any |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Provident Fund | 6698.00 | 2021-22 | 15.04.2022 | Unpaid | |
| | Profession Tax | 97675.00 | 2015-16 | 20.04.2016 | Unpaid | |
| | | 95500.00 | 2014-15 | 20.04.2015 | Unpaid | |
| | | 69175.00 | 2013-14 | 20.03.2014 | Unpaid | |
| | | 165325.00 | 2012-13 | 20.03.2013 | Unpaid | |
| | | 96950.00 | 2011-12 | 20.03.2012 | Unpaid | |

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of Income tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Custom duty, Excise duty and Cess which have not been deposited on account of dispute except in the following:

| Name of the Statute | Nature of the dues | Amount involved. | Period Pending Before |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Maharashtra VAT | Assessment | 2,65,11,442/- | 01.04.08 To 31.03.09 DC Appeal V |

The above case is under appeal.

- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments during the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) In respect of loans
 - a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of Loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on basis of our examination of the records of the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - c) In our opinion, the term loans have been applied, on an overall basis, for the purposes for which they were obtained.
 - d) According to the information and explanation given to us and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the Standalone Statement of the Company, we report that no funds have been raised on short-term basis have been utilized for long term purposes by the Company.
 - e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its Joint Ventures.
 - f) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in Joint Ventures.
- (x) In respect of money raised
 - a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly clause 3 (x) (a) of the order is not applicable.
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has made preferential allotment of shares during the year, Section 42 and Section 62 of Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the funds raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.
- (xi) a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanation given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standard on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of audit.
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 with the Central Government during the year and upto the date of this report.

- c) According to the information and explanation given to us by the Management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as defined in section 406(1) of the Companies Act 2013. Therefore clause (xii) of para 3 of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the Ind AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) a) Based on information and explanation provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and provisions of section 192 of Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly clause 3 (xvi) (a) of the Order is not applicable
 - b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under caluse 3 (xvi) (b) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
 - c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly clause 3 (xvi) (c) of the Order is not applicable
 - d) According to the information and explanation provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CIC. Accordingly clause 3 (xvi) (d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash Losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly clause 3 (xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exist as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when that fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We however state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based in the facts upto the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee not any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the Balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly clauses 3 (xx) (a) and 3(xx) (b) of the order are not applicable.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3 (xxi) of the order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comments in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 103610W

Sd/-Manoj Shetty (Partner) M.No 138593

UDIN: 25138593BMJBHY3714

Date: 30.05.2025 Place: Mumbai

TARMAT LIMITED

Annexure "2" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the Members of Tarmat Limited of even date)

Report on the internal financial controls over financial reporting under clause (i) of sub – section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Tarmat Limited ("the Company") as at March 31, 2025, in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The Company's management's responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those standards and the guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial control system with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management of override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the criteria for internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 103610W

Sd/-Manoj Shetty (Partner) M.No 138593

UDIN: 25138593BMJBHY3714

Date: 30.05.2025 Place: Mumbai

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| urrent assets perty, Plant and equipment angible Assets pancial Assets Investments Other Financial Assets her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets nt Assets rentories pancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets prent Tax Assets (Net) ther Current Assets Current Assets Current Assets | 3 4 5 6 7 8 | 1,977.41 14.63 956.18 1,897.93 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 538.82 | 1,523.79 14.63 956.18 1,660.47 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
|--|---|---|--|
| operty, Plant and equipment angible Assets nancial Assets Investments Other Financial Assets her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets nt Assets rentories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 4 5 6 7 8 | 14.63 956.18 1,897.93 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 14.63 956.18 1,660.47 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| angible Assets nancial Assets Investments Other Financial Assets her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets nt Assets rentories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 4 5 6 7 8 | 14.63 956.18 1,897.93 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 14.63 956.18 1,660.47 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| nancial Assets Investments Other Financial Assets her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets nt Assets ventories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets urrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 5 6 7 8 | 956.18 1,897.93 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 956.18 1,660.47 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| Investments Other Financial Assets her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets nt Assets ventories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets urrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 5 6 7 8 | 1,897.93 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 1,660.47 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| Other Financial Assets her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets nt Assets ventories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets urrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 5 6 7 8 | 1,897.93 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 1,660.47 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| her Non Current Assets Non Current Assets Int Assets Ventories V | 6 7 8 | 4,846.15 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 4,155.07 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| Non Current Assets Int Assets Ventories Ventor | 7 8 | 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| nt Assets ventories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets urrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 7 8 | 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| ventories nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets urrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 7 8 | 4,283.90 2,172.43 | 4,519.25 1,282.69 |
| nancial Assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 7 8 | 2,172.43 | 1,282.69 |
| Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 8 | | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents Other Financial Assets Irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 8 | | |
| Other Financial Assets Irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | | | |
| Other Financial Assets Irrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 0 | | 362.39 |
| rrent Tax Assets (Net) her Current Assets | 0 | | |
| her Current Assets | 9 | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| | 10 | 9,423.11 | 7,013.29 |
| | | 16,844.75 | 13,753.78 |
| Assets | | 21,690.90 | 17,908.85 |
| TY AND LIABILITIES | | | , |
| 1 | | | |
| uity Share Capital | 11 | 2,406.42 | 2,131.42 |
| arrant | | 1,568.75 | _ |
| her Equity | 12 | 13,351.73 | 10,832.22 |
| Equity | | 17,326.90 | 12,963.64 |
| ties | | | 12,000101 |
| Current Liabilites | | | |
| nancial Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 13 | 752.71 | 1,028.63 |
| ovisions | 14 | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| ferred Tax Liabilities (Net) | 15 | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| her Non Current Liabilities | | | |
| Non Current Liabilities | | 826.80 | 1,099.51 |
| nt Liabilites | | | |
| nancial Liabilities | | | |
| | 13 | 201.04 | 18.02 |
| | | | |
| | 16 | _ | 4.40 |
| | 10 | 1.234.10 | 3.144.67 |
| | | 1,201.10 | 0,111.01 |
| | 17 | 4.89 | 1.30 |
| her Current Liabilities | | | 677.31 |
| | | | 3,845.70 |
| Julioni Figniiliga | | | 17,908.85 |
| | 400 | | |
| Equity and Liabilities | 1&2 | | |
| nt na l l lo he | Liabilites Incial Liabilities Short Term Borrowing Trade Payables Due to Micro and Small Enterprises Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises Other Financial Liabilities rt Term Provisions er Current Liabilities urrent Liabilities quity and Liabilities tte Information and significant Accounting policies | E Liabilites Incial Liabilities Short Term Borrowing 13 Irade Payables Due to Micro and Small Enterprises 16 Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises Other Financial Liabilities rt Term Provisions 17 er Current Liabilities 18 urrent Liabilities quity and Liabilities tte Information and significant Accounting policies 1&2 | Liabilites Incial Liabilities Short Term Borrowing Short Term Borrowing Trade Payables Due to Micro and Small Enterprises Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises Other Financial Liabilities It Term Provisions Trade Payables Trade Payables The Term Provisions T |

As per our report of even date

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

Sd/-MANOJ SHETTY (PARTNER) Membership No.138593 Sd/-JERRY VARGHESE Chairman Din No. 00012905 Sd/-**DILIP VARGHESE**Managing Director
Din No. 01424196

Sd/-S. CHAKRABORTY Company Secretary / CFO

STANDALONE PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 31ST MARCH 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | Particulars | Notes | Year ended March 31, 2025 | Year ended March 31, 2024 |
|-----|--|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Income | | | |
| I | Revenue from operations | 19 | 10,128.35 | 8,935.34 |
| II | Other Income | 20 | 105.37 | 44.04 |
| Ш | Total Income (I+II) | | 10,233.72 | 8,979.38 |
| IV | Expenses: | | | |
| | Cost of Material Consumed | 21 | 3,907.65 | 3,139.83 |
| | Construction Expenses | 22 | 4,473.54 | 4,451.49 |
| | Employees benefits Expenses | 23 | 923.67 | 714.42 |
| | Finance Costs | 24 | 69.80 | 66.11 |
| | Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 25 | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| | Other expenses | 26 | 545.09 | 387.99 |
| | Other Provision - Provisions for diminution in value of non current investments | | - | - |
| | Total Expenses (IV) | | 10,053.03 | 8,844.21 |
| V | Profit (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) | | 180.69 | 135.17 |
| VI | Exceptional items | | | (261.37) |
| VII | Profit (Loss) before tax (V - VI) | | 180.69 | (126.20) |
| | 1) Current Tax | | _ | _ |
| | 2) Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods | | - | - |
| | 3) Deferred tax | | (6.21) | (13.00) |
| IX | Profit (Loss) for the year (VII-VIII) | | 186.90 | (113.20) |
| Χ | Other comprehensive income / (loss) | | | |
| | a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or Loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans deferred tax on above items | | 4.89 | (4.80) |
| | b) items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| ΧI | Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X) (Comprising profit/(Loss) and other comprehensive income for the Period) | | 182.01 | (108.40) |
| XII | Earinings per equity share (in Rs.) | | | |
| | 1) Basic | | 0.63 | (0.51) |
| | 2) Diluted | | 0.63 | (0.51) |
| | Corporate Information and significant Accounting policies | | | |
| | see accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements | | | |

As per our report of even date

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

MANOJ SHETTYJERRY VARGHESEDILIP VARGHESES. CHAKRABORTY(PARTNER)ChairmanManaging DirectorCompany Secretary / CFOMembership No.138593Din No. 00012905Din No. 01424196

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Sd/-

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | Year ended March 31, 2025 | Year ended March 31, 2024 |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| A) Cash flow from Operating Activities | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • |
| Profit before tax | 180.69 | (126.20) |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| Profit on sale of Assets | (47.12) | |
| Provision for Gratuity | 8.13 | 29.25 |
| Finance cost | 69.80 | 66.11 |
| Interest Income | (26.58) | (6.15) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | 318.18 | 47.38 |
| Changes in working capital: | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Trade and other Receivables and prepayments | (870.58) | 995.40 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories | 235.35 | (418.96) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other Payables | (495.13) | (1,795.34) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Loans/Advances | (253.86) | 910.27 |
| Cash generated/ (used) from Operations | (1,384.20) | (308.63) |
| Less Taxes paid | 149.67 | (58.82) |
| Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A) | (916.35) | (320.07) |
| B) Cash flow from Investing Activities | | |
| Advance for purchase of assets | (2,177.00) | - |
| Sale of Fixed Assets | 55.00 | - |
| Interest received | 26.58 | 6.15 |
| Purchase of fixed assets | (594.76) | (4.79) |
| Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B) | (2,690.18) | 1.36 |
| C) Cash flow from financial Activities | | |
| Finance cost paid | (69.80) | (66.11) |
| Proceeds from issue of share warrant | 4,181.25 | - |
| Repayment of Borrowings | (92.91) | 451.40 |
| Net Cash flows from / (used in) financial Activities- (C) | 4,018.54 | 385.29 |
| Net Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) | 412.01 | 66.60 |
| Cash & Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 570.65 | 504.05 |
| Cash & Cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note -1) | 982.66 | 570.65 |
| Note: | | |
| 1 Cash & Cash Equivalents | | |
| Particulars | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Cash on hand | 84.94 | 75.03 |
| | | |

- 1 The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indian Method stated in Ind-AS7 on cash flow statement and presents the cash operating, investing and financial
- 2 Previous year's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary

Bank balance including deposits and cheque on hold - Current Account

3 Figures in brackets represent cash outflows.

see accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

Total cash & Cash Equivalents

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

MANOJ SHETTY (PARTNER) Membership No.138593

Sd/-

Sd/-JERRY VARGHESE Chairman Din No. 00012905 Sd/-DILIP VARGHESE Managing Director Din No. 01424196 Sd/-S. CHAKRABORTY Company Secretary / CFO

897.72

982.66

495.62

570.65

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

A Equity Share Capital

| Balance as at April 1, 2023 | Changes in equity share capital during the year 2023-24 | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | Changes in equity share capital during the year 2024-25 | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 2,131.42 | - | 2,131.42 | - | 2,131.42 |

B Other Equity

| Particulars | Share application money pending allottment | Reserves and Surplus | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
|---|--|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | | Retained Earnings | | |
| As on 31st MARCH 2024 | | | | |
| Balance as on 01st April 2023 | - | 10,945.14 | (4.52) | 10,940.62 |
| Profit/ (Loss) for the year | - | (113.20) | - | (113.20) |
| Addition During the Year | - | - | - | - |
| Money Recd against share warrants | - | - | - | - |
| OCI Due to changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments | - | - | 4.80 | 4.80 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | (113.20) | 4.80 | (108.40) |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend | - | - | - | - |
| Reclassification from other comprehensive income to retained earnings | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as on 31st March 2024 | - | 10,831.94 | 0.28 | 10,832.22 |

OTHER EQUITY

| Particulars | Share application money pending allottment | Reserves and Surplus | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
|---|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | | Retained Earnings | | |
| As on 31st MARCH 2025 | | | | |
| Balance as on 01st April 2024 | - | 10,831.94 | 0.28 | 10,832.22 |
| Profit/ (Loss) for the year | - | 186.90 | - | 186.90 |
| Addition During the Year | - | 2,337.50 | - | 2,337.50 |
| Money Recd Against Share Warrants | 1,568.75 | - | - | 1,568.75 |
| OCI Due to changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments | - | - | (4.89) | (4.89) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | 1,568.75 | 2,524.40 | (4.89) | 4,088.26 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend | - | - | - | - |
| Reclassification from other comprehensive income to retained earnings | - | 13,521.48 | (13,521.48) | - |
| Balance as on 31st March 2025 | 1,568.75 | 26,877.82 | (13,526.09) | 14,920.48 |

As per our report of even date

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

MANOJ SHETTYJERRY VARGHESEDILIP VARGHESES. CHAKRABORTY(PARTNER)ChairmanManaging DirectorCompany Secretary / CFOMembership No.138593Din No. 00012905Din No. 01424196

1. Corporate Information:

Tarmat Limited was established in year 1986 Mr. Jerry Varghese. The company is specialized in Construction of Airfield and National / state highways all over India. The Company is currently executing various Runway, Parking Bays, Taxi Track related work at Mumbai, Cochin, Trichy and Tuticorn Airport, and it is also executing National Highway work at Mizoram and Jammu.

Tarmat have completed the prestigious works of Resurfacing of Runways at Mumbai International Airport Limited and Delhi International Airport.

The Company had its IPO in 2007 and got listed in BSE and NSE. The present paid up capital of the company is Rs. 240642000, of which 29.84% is held by the promoters.

2. Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statement of the company have been prepared in accordance with indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015 (as ameded from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 (Ind As complaint Schedule III), as applicable to the Financial Statements. These financials statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on May 30, 2025.

These Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair values (refere accounting policy regarding financial instruments.) The Standalone Financial Statement are presented in INR and all value are rounded off to the nearest lakhs with 2 decimal places except which otherwise indicated.

The company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

The standalone financial statement provide comparative information in respect of the previous period. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Current and Non - Current Classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operation cycle.
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporint period, or
- Cash or Cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non – current A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating Cylce.
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

The company has identified twelve month as its operating cycle.

Statement of compliance

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and amendments thereof issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

3.2 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the assets or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

A fair value measurement of non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economics benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of revevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statement are categorized within the fair value hierarchy described as follow, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the Standalone Financial Statements on recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the Lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risk of the assets or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

The Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for sale in discontinued operations. If any.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities such as contingent consideration. Involment of external valuers is decided upon annually by the management after discussion with and approval by the Company's Audit Committee. Selection criteria include market knowledger, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

At each reporting date, the management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re assessed as per the Companies accounting policies. For

this analysis, the management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation on contracts and other relevant documents.

3.3. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are carried at cost of acquisiton, on current cost basis less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any Cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intened use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long -term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment and whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalized and depreciated over the useful life of principal item of the relevant assets. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance cost are recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Depreciation is provided on written down value method over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment as estimated by management. Pursuant to Notification of Schedule II of the Companies Act,2013 depreciation is provided prorata basis on written down value method at the rates determined based on estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment where applicable. Prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of profit and loss when the assets is derecognized.

Capital Work in Progress

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as the balance sheet date, is shown as capital work in progress. Capital Work in Progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any

3.4. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognized only when future economic benefits arising out of the assets flow to enterprise and are amortized over their useful life ranging from 3 to 5 year. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognitions at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development cost, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible assets with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure from part of carrying value of another asset.

An intangible asset is derecognized upon disposal (i.e. at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.5 Revenue Recognition - Revenue from Contracts:

- (i) Income from construction contracts is recognized on the basis of work certified in accordance with percentage completion method. All other income and expenditure are recognized and accounted for on an accrual basis. Losses on contracts are fully accounted for as and when incurred.
- (ii) Hire Charges is accounted for as per terms of the lease agreement.
 - Dividend Income
- (iii) Dividend Income is accounted for when the right to receive has been established.
 - Interest Income
- (iv) Interest income on deposits is recognized on accrual basis

3.6. Inventories -

The stock of stores, spares and embedded goods and fuel is valued at cost (weighted average basis), or net realizable value whichever is lower. Cost includes cost of purchase and costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and conditions. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to mark the sale.

Work in Progress is valued at the contract rates and site mobilization expenditure of incomplete contracts is stated at cost. All the inventories of stores, spares and embedded goods and fuel and work in progress have been physically verified by the Management at the year end.

3.7. Investment -

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as Long-Term Investments. Current Investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long Term Investments are measured at Cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investment.

3.8. Borrowing Costs -

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use (known as Qualifying assets) or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. Borrowing Costs include interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Discount on Commercial papers is amortized over the tenor of the underlying instrument. Borrowing Costs, allocated to and utilized for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalization of Borrowing Costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur."

3.9 Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. The Company shall reflect the effect of uncertainty for each

uncertain tax treatment by using either most likely method or expected value method, depending on which method predicts better resolution of the treatment.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Standalone Financial Statements at the reporting date. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the Company relies on the same forecast assumptions used elsewhere in the financial statements and in other management reports, which, among other things, reflect the potential impact of climate-related development on the business, such as increased cost of production as a result of measures to reduce carbon emission.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in OCI or directly in equity, respectively.

Goods and Service tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

- When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included, the net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet
- i. Provision for current tax is made after taking into consideration benefits admissible under the provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ii. Current Tax is calculated in accordance with the tax laws applicable to the current financial year.

For Financial Year 2021-22 the company has exercised option to pay income tax under the provisions of Section 115BAA of the Income tax Act, 1961 and as such provisions for payment of Minimum Alternate tax (MAT) is not applicable to the company.

The company proposes to pay Tax under the Provisions of Section 115BAA of Income Tax Act 1961.

iii. Advance tax and provision for current income, if any, are presented in the balance sheet after setting off advance tax paid and income tax provision arising in the same tax jurisdiction.

3.10. Foreign Exchange Transaction -

Items included in the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at the functional currency spot rates (i.e., INR) at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions in foreign currencies and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognized in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

In determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which the Company initially recognizes the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Company determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

Employee Retirement Benefits -

3.11. Short-term Employee Benefits:

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as 'Employee Benefits Payable' within 'Other Financial Liabilities' in the Balance Sheet.

Post-employment Benefits:

I. Defined Contribution Plan

a. Superannuation

Contribution made to Superannuation Fund for certain of employees are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when services are rendered by employees. The Company has no liability for future Superannuation Fund benefits other than its contribution.

b. Provident Fund

Contributions in respect of Employees who are not covered by Company's Employees Provident Fund Trust are made to the Fund administered by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner as per the provisions of Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss as and when services are rendered by employees. The Company has no obligation other than the contribution payable to the Regional Provident fund.

II. Defined Benefit Plan

a. Gratuity

Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity as per the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Retirement Gratuity for employees, is funded through a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India. The costs of providing benefits under this plan are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at each year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognized in retained earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not re-classified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. The excess/shortfall in the fair value of the plan assets over the present value of the obligation calculated as per actuarial methods as at balance sheet dates is recognized as a gain / loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any asset arising out of this calculation is limited to the past service cost plus the present value of available refunds and reduction in future contributions.

b. Provident Fund

In respect of the employees covered by the Company's Employee Provident Fund Trust in Point I b above, contributions to the Company's Employees Provident Fund Trust (administered by the Company as per the provisions of Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952) are made in accordance with the fund rules. The interest rate payable to the beneficiaries every year is being notified by the Government

In the case of contribution to the Trust, the Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the Trust and the notified interest rate and recognizes such obligation, if any, determined based on an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date, as an expense.

3.12.Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset (including goodwill) may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

The Company assesses where climate risks could have a significant impact, such as the introduction of emission-reduction legislation that may increase manufacturing costs. These risks in relation to climate-related matters are included as key assumptions where they materially impact the measure of recoverable amount. These assumptions have been included in the cash-flow forecasts in assessing value-in-use amounts.

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the assets. If such recoverable amount of the assets or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belong is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost.

3.13. Earning per share -

Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Basic EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Provision, Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets -

3.14.Leases -

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

· Leasehold Land and Building 2 years to 99 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section 3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do

not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Company's lease liabilities are included in Note

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of properties taken on rent (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It has not opted for low-value assets recognition exemption. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.15. Provision and Contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

If the Company has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract is recognised and measured as a provision However, before a separate provision for an onerous contract is established, the Company recognizes any impairment loss that has occurred on assets dedicated to that contract.

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable costs (i.e., the costs that the Company cannot avoid because it has the contract) of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfill it.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Standalone Financial Statements.

3.16. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent for the purpose of presentation in cash flow statement and in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.17. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A Financial Assets

1. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

ii Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in below categories:

Debt instruments at amortized cost

Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Debt instruments at amortized cost other than derivative contracts

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in Other Income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Equity Investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value other than equity investments measured at deemed cost on first time adoption of Ind AS. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts

from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

iii Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company's similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset

iv Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk.

Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive, discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- a. All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument
- b. Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss (SPL). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the SPL. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

B. Financial liabilities

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowing or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and financial guarantee contracts

ii) Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include derivatives, financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risks are recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to SPL. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

3.18. Trade Payable

Trade payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

De-Recognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Reclassification of Financial Assets and Liabilities:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

| Original Classification | Revised Classification | Accounting Treatment |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Amortized Cost | FVTPL | Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortized cost and fair value is recognised in profit or loss. |
| FVTPL | Amortized cost | Fair value at reclassification date become its new gross carrying amount. EIR is calculated based on the new gross carrying amount. |
| Amortized Cost | FVTOCI | Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference previous amortized cost and fair value is recognised in OCI. No change in EIR due to reclassification. |
| FVTOCI | Amortized cost | Fair Value at reclassification date becomes its new amortized cost carrying amount. However, cumulative gain or loss in OCI is adjusted against fair value. Consequently, the asset is measured as if it had always been measured at amortized cost. |
| FVTOCI | FVTOCI | Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new amount. No other adjustment is required. |
| FVTOCI | FVTPL | Assets continue to be measured at fair value. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss the classification date. |

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

Note 3: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | | | | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Particular | | | | | As at March 31, | | As at rch 31, 2024 |
| Tangilble Assets | | | | | | | |
| Land -Free Hold | | | | | 2 | 438.45 | 435.25 |
| Buildings | | | | | • | 176.44 | 180.02 |
| Plant and Equipment | | | | | 1,2 | 270.02 | 852.25 |
| Furtinute & Fixtures | | | | | | 8.49 | 7.68 |
| Vehicles | | | | | | 77.98 | 41.22 |
| Office Equipment | | | | | | 6.03 | 7.38 |
| | | | | | 1,9 | 977.41 | 1,523.79 |
| Particulars | Land - Free Hold | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | Furniture & Fixture | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Total |
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | | |
| As at April 01 2024 | 435.25 | 346.06 | 5,864.82 | 54.94 | 362.22 | 100.7 | 7,163.99 |
| Additions | 10.00 | - | 536.18 | 2.25 | 45.56 | 0.7 | 8 594.75 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | 6.80 | - | 62.10 | - | - | | - 68.90 |
| As at MARCH 31, 2025 | 438.45 | 346.06 | 6,338.89 | 57.19 | 407.78 | 101.4 | 9 7,689.85 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | |
| as at April 01 2024 | - | 166.04 | 5,012.56 | 47.26 | 321.00 | 93.3 | 3 5,640.20 |
| Charges for the Period | - | 3.57 | 117.34 | 1.44 | 8.80 | 2.1 | 3 133.28 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - | 61.03 | - | - | | - 61.03 |
| As at MARCH 31, 2025 | - | 169.61 | 5,068.88 | 48.70 | 329.80 | 95.4 | 6 5,712.44 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | | | |
| As at MARCH 31 2025 | 438.45 | 176.44 | 1,270.02 | 8.49 | 77.98 | 6.0 | 3 1,977.41 |
| As at March 31 2024 | 435.25 | 180.02 | 852.25 | 7.68 | 41.22 | 7.3 | 8 1,523.79 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Particulars | Land - Free Hold | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | Furniture & Fixture | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Total |
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | | |
| As at April 01 2023 | 435.25 | 346.06 | 5,860.31 | 54.94 | 362.22 | 100.4 | 3 7,159.20 |
| Additions | - | - | 4.51 | - | - | 0.2 | 8 4.78 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | 435.25 | 346.06 | 5,864.82 | 54.94 | 362.22 | 100.7 | 7,163.98 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | |
| as at April 01 2023 | | 162.39 | 4,945.57 | 45.98 | 310.70 | 91.1 | 9 5,555.83 |
| Charges for the Period | - | 3.65 | 66.99 | 1.28 | 10.30 | 2.1 | 4 84.36 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | - | 166.04 | 5,012.56 | 47.26 | 321.00 | 93.3 | 3 5,640.20 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | | | |
| As at March 31 2024 | 435.25 | 180.02 | 852.26 | 7.68 | 41.22 | 7.3 | 8 1,523.79 |
| As at March 31 2023 | 435.25 | 183.66 | 914.74 | 8.97 | 51.52 | 9.2 | 4 1,603.38 |

Note 3.1: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| Particular | As at | As at |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Goodwill | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| | 14.63 | 14.63 |

As at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | (\ III Lakiis) |
|----------|---|
| Goodwill | Total |
| | |
| 14.63 | 14.63 |
| - | - |
| - | - |
| 14.63 | 14.63 |
| | _ |
| - | - |
| - | - |
| - | - |
| | _ |
| | _ |
| 14.63 | 14.63 |
| 14.63 | 14.63 |
| | 14.63 - - 14.63 - - - - - - 14.63 |

As at March 31, 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | | (* = |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| Particulars | Goodwill | Total |
| Cost or Deemed Cost | | |
| as at April 01 2023 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| Additions | - | - |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | |
| as at April 01 2023 | - | - |
| Charges for the Period | - | - |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | | _ |
| Net Carrying Amount | | _ |
| As at March 31 2024 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| As at March 31 2023 | 14.63 | 14.63 |

Note 4: Non Current Financial Assets - Investments

| Particulars | Nominal | Currency | Number of | of Shares | As at | As at | |
|---|-------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Value per unit | | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Non Current | | | | | | | |
| Trade - Unquoted | | | | | | | |
| a) Equity instruments of Others (at Cost) | | | | | | | |
| Concast Jawasa Road Project Pvt Ltd | 10 | INR | 10,42,600 | 10,42,600 | 104.26 | 104.26 | |
| Concast Badnagar Road Project Pvt Ltd | 10 | INR | 2,600 | 2,600 | 0.26 | 0.26 | |
| Concast Jabalpur Road Project Pvt Ltd | 10 | INR | 2,600 | 2,600 | 0.26 | 0.26 | |
| Sub Total (a) | | | 10,47,800 | 10,47,800 | 104.78 | 104.78 | |

| (₹ | in | Lakhs) |
|----|----|--------|
|----|----|--------|

| Particulars | Nominal | Currency | Number | of Shares | As at | As at | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Value per unit | | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| b) Investment in Joint Ventures | | | | | | | |
| Backbone Tarmat Alfaraa | | | | | 783.02 | 783.02 | |
| MSKEL Tarmat Sangli | | | | | 4.78 | 4.78 | |
| NG Tarmat Goa | | | | | 46.38 | 46.38 | |
| Tarmat MSKL Raipur | | | | | 17.22 | 17.22 | |
| Sub Total (b) | | | | | 851.40 | 851.40 | |
| Total Unquoted Investment (a+b) | | | | | 956.18 | 956.18 | |

Details

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | 31st Ma | 31st March 2024 | | |
|--------------------------|---------|-----------------|--------|--------------|
| Aggregate of Investments | Cost | Market Value | Cost | Market Value |
| a) Quoted Investment | - | - | - | - |
| b) Unquoted Investment | 956.18 | - | 956.18 | - |
| Total | 956.18 | | 956.18 | |

Note 5: NON - CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSET - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | As at | As at | |
|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Non Current | | | |
| Unsecured, Considered Good: | | | |
| Retention deposit & with held | 1,314.31 | 1,301.63 | |
| Advance to Employees | 114.74 | 106.40 | |
| Trade receivable Considered Good (Refer Note Below) | 25.04 | 44.20 | |
| Deposit Accounts | 443.84 | 208.26 | |
| Total | 1,897.93 | 1,660.47 | |

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | Outstandin | g for followi | As at | As at | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Less than 6 months | 6 month to 1 Year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Trade Receivable | | | | | | | |
| Considered Good | | | | | | | |
| For the year ended 31st March 2025 | - | - | - | - | 25.04 | 25.04 | - |
| For the year ended 31st March 2024 | - | - | - | - | 44.20 | - | 44.20 |
| Total Non Current | - | - | - | - | | 25.04 | 44.20 |

Note 6: INVENTORIES

| | | (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---|----------------|---|
| Particular | As at | As at |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Raw Materials (At Lower of cost or net realisation value) | 1,029.52 | 901.46 |
| | 1,029.52 | 901.46 |
| Work in Progress | 3,254.38 | 3,617.80 |
| Total | 4,283.90 | 4,519.25 |

Note 7: TRADE RECEIVABLE

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Unsecured considered good | 2,172.43 | 1,282.69 |
| Total | 2,172.43 | 1,282.69 |

7.1 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | Outsta | anding for fo | llowing peri | ods from du | ue date of pa | yment |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| | Less than | | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | | Total |
| | 6 months | 1 year | | | 3 years | |
| Undisputed Trade receivables- | 1,569.90 | 27.03 | 15.51 | 19.78 | 540.21 | 2,172.43 |
| considered good | | | | | | |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables- | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| considered doubtful | | | | | | |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| good | | | | | | |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| doubtful | | | | | | |
| Sub total | | | | | | 2,172.43 |
| Undue - considered good | | | | | | - |
| Undue - considered doubtful | | | | | | - |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | | | | | - |
| Total | | | | | | 2,172.43 |

7.2 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | Less than | 6 months- | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than | Total |
| | 6 months | 1 year | | | 3 years | |
| Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good | 732.42 | 0.02 | 11.90 | 136.56 | 401.79 | 1,282.69 |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total | | | | | | 1,282.69 |
| Undue - considered good | | | | | | - |
| Undue - considered doubtful | | | | | | - |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | | | | | - |
| Total | | | | | | 1,282.69 |

| Particular | As at | As at |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Note 8 : CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | |
| Balances with Banks | | |
| In Current Acounts | 453.88 | 287.36 |
| Cash on Hand | 84.95 | 75.03 |
| Total | 538.82 | 362.39 |

| Note 9 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Non Current | | |
| Advance Tax | - | - |
| Total Non Current Tax Assets | | _ |
| Current | | |
| Advance tax | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| Less: Provision for Income Tax | - | - |
| Total Current Tax Assets | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| Total | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| Note 10 : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| Un-Secured Considered good | | |
| Advance recoverable cash or kind | 6,656.98 | 4,705.44 |
| Staff Imprest & Salary Advance | 157.56 | 156.74 |
| Security Deposit & Other Deposits | 2,608.57 | 2,151.11 |
| Total | 9,423.11 | 7,013.29 |

Note 11: EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at March 31, 2024 | |
|---|----------------------|----------|----------------------|----------|
| | No of Shares | Amount | No of Shares | Amount |
| Authorised Share Capital | | | | |
| Equity Shares of 10/- each | 32500000 | 3,250.00 | 22000000 | 2,200.00 |
| Issued, subscribed & Fully paid share capital | | | | |
| Equity Shares of 10/- each | | 2,406.42 | | 2,131.42 |
| | | 2,406.42 | | 2,131.42 |

Note 11.1 : Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year is set out below

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | | | | (K III Lakiis) |
|--|----------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|
| | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at March 31, 2024 | |
| | No of Shares | Amount | No of Shares | Amount |
| Number of Equity shares at the beginning of the year | 21314255 | 2,131.42 | 21314255 | 2,131.42 |
| Add: Number of shares issued | 2750000 | 275.00 | - | - |
| Less: Number of shares Bought back | - | - | - | - |
| Number of Equity shares at the end of the year | | 2,406.42 | | 2,131.42 |

Note 11.2 : b) Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 each. Holder of each equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividents in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Director is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual Genral Metting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note 11.3 : Details of Shareholder holding more than 5% shares of Equity Shares in the company

| | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at March 31, 2024 | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| | No of Shares | % Holding | No of Shares | % Holding |
| Mr Jerry Varghese | 3318021 | 13.93 | 3251971 | 15.26% |
| Mr Dilip Varghese | 1216693 | 5.11 | 1194914 | 5.61% |
| M/s Tarmat Holdings Pvt Ltd | 1361328 | 5.72 | 1361328 | 6.39% |
| M/S Regent Hirise Pvt Itd | - | - | 1211569 | 5.68% |
| M/S Faithful Vanijya Private Limited | 2500000 | 5.25 | - | - |
| M/S Ferstar Trade Private Limited | 2500000 | 5.25 | - | - |

Note 11.4: The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash or as fully paid up by way of bonus shares. The company has not bought back any shares.

Note 11.5 : Details of Shares held by promoters

Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up

| Name of the Promoter | As at 31st March 2025 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | No of Shares at the beginning of the year (01.04.2024) | % of Total shares (01.04.2024) | Change During the year | No of Shares at the end of the year (31.03.2025) | % of Total Shares (31.03.2025) | % change during the year |
| Jerry Varghese | 3251971 | 15.26 | 66050 | 3318021 | 13.93 | 1.33 |
| Tarmat Holdings Pvt Ltd | 1361328 | 6.39 | 0 | 1361328 | 5.72 | 0.67 |
| Dilip Varghese | 1194914 | 5.61 | 21779 | 1216693 | 5.11 | 0.50 |
| Saramma Varghese | 1051161 | 4.93 | 0 | 1051161 | 4.41 | 0.52 |
| Sneha Varghese | 176400 | 0.83 | 0 | 176400 | 0.74 | 0.09 |
| Neha Dilip Varghese | 49808 | 0.23 | 6025 | 55833 | 0.23 | - |
| M/s Tarmat Construction Pvt Ltd | 120 | - | 0 | 120 | - | - |

Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up

| Name of the Promoter | | As at 31st March 2024 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | No of Shares at the beginning of the year | Change During the year | No of Shares at the end of the year | % of Total Shares | % change during the year | | |
| Jerry Varghese | 3251971 | - | 3251971 | 15.26 | - | | |
| Tarmat Holdings Pvt Ltd | 1361328 | - | 1361328 | 6.39 | - | | |
| Dilip Varghese | 1194914 | - | 1194914 | 5.61 | | | |
| Saramma Varghese | 1051161 | - | 1051161 | 4.93 | | | |
| Sneha Varghese | 176400 | - | 176400 | 0.83 | - | | |
| Neha Dilip Varghese | 49808 | - | 49808 | 0.23 | - | | |
| M/s Tarmat Construction Pvt Ltd | 120 | - | 120.00 | - | - | | |

Note 12: OTHER EQUITY

| Particular | | at 31, 2025 | As March 3 | |
|--|------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| | ₹ In Lakhs | ₹ In Lakhs | ₹ In Lakhs | ₹ In Lakhs |
| (a) Securities Premium Reserve | | | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | 11,867.69 | | 11,867.69 | |
| Addition during the year | 2,337.50 | | - | |
| | 14,205.19 | | 11,867.69 | |
| | | 14,205.19 | | 11,867.69 |
| (b) General Reserve | | | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | 520.48 | | 520.48 | |
| Addition during the year | - | | - | |
| | 520.48 | | 520.48 | |
| | | 520.48 | | 520.48 |
| (c) Revaluation Reserve | | | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | 8.50 | | 8.50 | |
| Addition during the year | - | | - | |
| | 8.50 | | 8.50 | |
| | | 8.50 | | 8.50 |
| (d) Profit and Loss Account | | | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | (1,564.73) | | (1,451.53) | |
| Add/(Less): Profit/(Loss) for the year | 186.90 | | (113.20) | |
| Add/ (Less): Transfer from other comp | | | _ | |
| income on sale of equity instruments | | | | |
| | (1,377.83) | | (1,564.73) | |
| | | (1,377.83) | | (1,564.73) |
| (e) Other Comprehnsive Income | | | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | 0.28 | | (4.52) | |
| Add/ (Less): Transfer from other comp income on sale of equity instruments | rehensive (4.89) | | 4.80 | |
| Add/(Less): Changes in Fair value of FVO Instruments | CI Equity | (4.61) | | 0.28 |
| | | 13,351.73 | | 10,832.22 |
| | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Particular | | As | | As at |
| | | March 3 | 1, 2025 Mai | rch 31, 2024 |
| Note 13 : BORROWINGS | | | | |
| Non Current | | | | |
| Secured Loans | | | | |
| Term Loans | | | | |
| From Bank | | | 404.70 | 10.00 |
| Equipment and vehicle loans | | | 431.72 | 18.02 |
| From Financial Institution | | | 50.00 | |
| Equipment and Vehicle loans | | | 50.68 | - |
| Total | | | 482.40 | 18.02 |
| Total Non Current Borrowings | | | 482.40 | 18.02 |

| | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particular | As at | As at |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Current | | |
| Secured Loans | | |
| From Bank | | |
| Equipment and vehicle loans | 128.68 | 37.78 |
| Bank of Maharashtra CC Account | 58.08 | 570.54 |
| From Financial Institution | | |
| Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | 14.28 | - |
| Total Secured Loan | 201.04 | 608.32 |
| Unsecured Loans | | |
| From Related parties | - | - |
| From Others | 270.31 | 420.31 |
| Total Unsecured Loans | 270.31 | 420.31 |
| Total Non Current Borrowings | 752.71 | 1,028.63 |
| Total Borrowing | 953.75 | 1,046.65 |

Note 13.1 : Details of Secured loans with rate of interest & Maturity dates

| | | | | (₹ in Lakns) |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Particular | Effective Interest rate (p.a) | Maturity | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Current Borrowings | | | | |
| From Bank | | | | |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 11.51 | 01-Jul-23 | - | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 11.5 | 01-Aug-23 | - | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.25 | 22-Jun-24 | - | 7.03 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.25 | 22-Jun-24 | - | 7.03 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | (0.33) | 4.97 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | (0.74) | 10.70 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | 0.02 | 1.33 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | (0.12) | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | (0.12) | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | (0.12) | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | 0.01 | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 10.00 | 01-Nov-29 | 254.62 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.55 | 01-Dec-28 | 28.59 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.55 | 01-Dec-28 | 28.59 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625869 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-29 | 8.52 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625857 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-29 | 8.52 | - |

| Particular | Effective Interest rate (p.a) | Maturity | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625847 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-29 | | |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625841 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-29 | 8.52 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10735349 | 11.55 | 05-Feb-29 | 8.29 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10735340 | 11.55 | 05-Feb-29 | 8.29 | - |
| Total | | | 482.40 | 37.78 |
| Securities | | | | |
| For Term Loan equitable mortgage of plant & macl | hinery and motor o | car. | | |
| For Working Capital mortgage of book debt & stoc | k of material | | | |
| Current Maturities | | | 128.68 | 37.78 |
| ICICI Bank | | | - | 37.78 |
| Current Maturities | | | 14.28 | 18.02 |
| Total | | | 14.28 | 18.02 |
| Total Secured Loan | | | 142.96 | 55.80 |
| | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Particular | | | As at | As at |
| N. 4. A. PROVIOLONO | | | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Note 14 : PROVISIONS Non Current | | | | |
| Provision for Empoyee Benefits | | | | |
| Gratuity | | _ | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| Total Non Current Provisions | | - | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| Total | | = | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| Note 15 : DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET) | | | | |
| Deferred tax liability | | | | |
| Related to Property, plant and equipment | | | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| Deferred tax liability | | | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| Total | | = | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| Note 16 : TRADE PAYABLE | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| 7 tt 7 till of tilood Goot | | | | |
| Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterpris | ses (Refer Note N | o. 16.1) | - | 4.40 |
| | • | • | - 1,234.10 | 4.40 3,144.67 |
| Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterpris | • | • | 1,234.10 1,234.10 | |

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year | - | 4.40 |
| Interest due thereon remaining unpaid at the end of the year | - | - |
| Delayed payment of Principal amount paid beyond appointed date during the entire financial year | - | - |
| Interest actually paid under Section 16 of the Act during the entire accounting year | - | - |
| Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making the payment (Which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year but without adding interest specified under this Act. | - | - |
| Amount of interest due and payable for the period (Where principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act not paid | - | - |
| Interest accrued and remaing unpaid at the end of the year | - | - |
| The amount of further interest remaing due and payable even in succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Micro and Small Enterprises for the purpose of disallowances as deductible expenditure under Section 23 of this Act | - | - |

Terms and Conditions of the above trade payables

Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled on 45-90 days terms

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

| Particular | Outstandir | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | less than 6 months year | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | March 31, 2025 |
| Trade Payable | | | | | | |
| Due to MSME | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Due to Other than MSME | 962.69 | 164.87 | 37.10 | 36.12 | 33.33 | 1,234.10 |
| Total | | | | | | 1,234.10 |

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

| Particular | Outstandir | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | less than 6 months year | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | March 31, 2024 |
| Trade Payable | | | | | | |
| Due to MSME | 3.28 | - | - | 0.35 | 0.77 | 4.40 |
| Due to Other than MSME | 1,812.36 | 271.26 | 180.80 | 240.69 | 639.57 | 3,144.67 |
| Total | | | | | | 3,149.07 |

| Particular | As at | As at |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Note 17 : SHORT TERMS PROVISIONS | | |
| Provison for Employee Benefits | 4.89 | 1.30 |
| Total | 4.89 | 1.30 |

| | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Note 18 : OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| Statutory dues | 225.01 | 229.93 |
| Due to Employees | 81.00 | 34.75 |
| Others | 1,791.16 | 412.63 |
| Total | 2,097.17 | 677.31 |
| Note 19 : REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | | |
| Income from contracts | 10,491.77 | 8,539.27 |
| Add: Work in Progress, at close | 3,254.38 | 3,617.80 |
| Total | 13,746.15 | 12,157.07 |
| Less: Work in Progress, at commencement | 3,617.80 | 3,221.73 |
| Total | 10,128.35 | 8,935.34 |
| Total | 10,120.00 | |
| Particular | A | (₹ in Lakhs) As at |
| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Note 20 : OTHER INCOME | , | • |
| Interest | | |
| Interest Income from bank | 26.58 | 6.15 |
| Interest income from others | 0.22 | - |
| Interest on IT Refund | 18.37 | 37.88 |
| Total Interest | 45.18 | 44.03 |
| Other non operating income | | |
| Misc Receipt | 10.89 | - |
| Liabilities no longer required written back | 2.18 | 0.01 |
| Profit on sale of Machinery | 8.92 | - |
| Profit on sale of land | 38.20 | - |
| Total Other Income | 60.19 | 0.01 |
| Total | 105.37 | 44.04 |
| | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Particular | As at | As at |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Note 21: COST OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL CONSUMED | | |
| Construction Materials, Stores & Spares | | |
| Opening Stock | 901.46 | 878.55 |
| Add : Net Purchase | 4,035.72 | 3,162.74 |
| | 4,937.18 | 4,041.29 |
| Less: Closing Stock | 1,029.52 | 901.46 |
| Total Consumption | 3,907.65 | 3,139.83 |
| | | |

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Note 22 : CONSTRUCTION EXPENSES | | |
| Subcontract Expenses | 3,371.05 | 3,705.03 |
| Power and Fuel | 35.38 | 73.01 |
| Transport Charge | 120.29 | 81.89 |
| Hire Charge | 105.40 | 82.86 |
| Labour Charge | 430.15 | 273.12 |
| Repairs to Machinery | 343.65 | 203.12 |
| Other Construction Expenses | 67.63 | 32.48 |
| Total | 4,473.54 | 4,451.49 |
| Note 23 : EMPLOYEES BENEFITS EXPENSES | | |
| Salaries,Wages and other Benefits | 780.70 | 624.05 |
| Contribution to Provident and other funds | 2.11 | 3.14 |
| Staff Welfare Expenses | 132.73 | 78.27 |
| Gratuity fund contributions | 8.13 | 8.96 |
| Total | 923.67 | 714.42 |
| Note 24 : FINANCE COST | | |
| Interest Expenses on | | |
| Term Loans | 37.13 | 22.48 |
| Loan from others | 32.67 | 43.63 |
| Total | 69.80 | 66.11 |
| Note 25 : DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES | | |
| Depreciation & Amortisation | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| Total | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| Note 26 : OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| Travelling & Conveyance (includes Boarding & Lodging Expense) | 47.37 | 41.75 |
| Postage & Telegrams and Telephones | 6.14 | 4.20 |
| Business Promotion Expenses | 2.00 | 1.15 |
| Legal, Professional & consultancy Charges | 170.39 | 97.68 |
| Insurance | 48.34 | 64.59 |
| Rates & Taxes including taxes of income | 16.34 | 1.00 |
| Auditor's Remuneration (Including out of pocket expenses) | 5.50 | 5.50 |
| Tax Audit fees | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Certificate charges | 0.35 | 3.51 |
| Printing & Stationery | 6.09 | 14.36 |
| Office Maintenance | 4.46 | 3.11 |
| Rent Expenses | 49.96 | 59.93 |
| Tont Expenses | 45.50 | 00.00 |

| cular | As at | A4 |
|--|--|---|
| | March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| st, Penalty on statutory dues | 47.46 | 6.78 |
| or Remuneration | 90.00 | 50.00 |
| llaneous Expenses | 10.98 | 32.28 |
| rity Charges | 19.49 | - |
| nission & Brokerage | 2.08 | - |
| Period Expenses | 3.01 | - |
| enalty paid | 0.64 | - |
| ninary expenses w/off | 13.50 | 1.15 |
| | 545.09 | 387.99 |
| 26.1 : PAYMENT TO AUDITOR | | |
| Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| Audit Fees | 5.50 | 5.50 |
| Tax Audit Fees | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Certificate Charges | 0.35 | 3.51 |
| 27 : Extraordinary Item | | |
| are no extraordinary items during the current year | | |
| 28 : Contingent Liabilities | | |
| Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| Bank Gurantee | 2,710.87 | 603.58 |
| Sales Tax / Vat | | |
| | tor Remuneration filaneous Expenses fity Charges fity Cha | st, Penalty on statutory dues 47.46 for Remuneration 90.00 stlaneous Expenses 10.98 sity Charges 19.49 nission & Brokerage 2.08 Period Expenses 3.01 enalty paid 0.64 ninary expenses w/off 13.50 26.1: PAYMENT TO AUDITOR Particulars 2024-25 Audit Fees 5.50 Tax Audit Fees 1.00 Certificate Charges 0.35 27: Extraordinary Item are no extraordinary items during the current year 28: Contingent Liabilities Particulars 2024-25 Bank Gurantee 2,710.87 |

The total Sales Tax demands that are being contested by the company amounted to Rs 265.11

The details of Significant demands is as below:

The Commercial Tax Department has raised demand of Vat Tax by

disallowing of Input Tax

Credit for the year 2008-09 Rs 265.11

Note 29: Earning per share

(₹ in Lakhs)

265.11

265.11

| Sr. No. | Particulars | 2024–2025 | 2022–2024 |
|------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| i) | Profit attributable to Equity Share holder for basic Earning Per Share | 186.90 | (113.20) |
| ii) | Weighted average number of equity Shares | 2,406.42 | 2131.42 |
| iii) | Face Value of equity share | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| iv) | Earning per share (Basic) | 0.63 | (0.51) |
| v) | Earning per share (Diluted) | 0.63 | (0.51) |

Note 30: Related Party Disclosure

a) List of related parties with whom the company entered into transactions

| Sr. No. | Name of Related Party | Nature of Relationship |
|------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. | Mr. Amit Shah | Executive Directors |
| 2. | Mr. Shivatosh Charkraborty | Company Secretary / CFO |
| 3. | Mr. Dilip Varghese | Promotor |
| 4. | Mr. Jerry Varghese | Promotor |
| 5. | Mrs. Saramma Varghese | Promotor |

b. NATURE OF TRANSACTIONS

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Sr. No. | Nature of Transaction | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | Nature of Relationship |
|------------|----------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|
| A) | Managerial Remuneration | | | Key Management personnel |
| 1. | Mr. Jerry Varghese | 30.00 | - | |
| 2. | Mr Amit Shah | 30.00 | 30.00 | |
| 3. | Mr. Dilip Varghese | 30.00 | 30.00 | |
| 4. | Mr. Shivatosh Charkraborty | 15.00 | 15.00 | |
| | | 105.00 | 75.00 | |
| B) | Repayment of Loan | | | |
| | Jerry Varghese | - | 105.94 | Promoter |
| | Saramma Varghese | - | 24.28 | Promoter |
| | | - | 130.22 | |

(c) Related Party Balances

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | Relationship | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Unsecured Loan | | | |
| Jerry Varghese | Promoter | - | 105.94 |
| Saramma Varghese | Promoter | - | 24.28 |
| Total | | | 130.22 |

Note 31: Disclosure in accordance with IND AS 11 - Construction Contracts

| | | (* =) |
|--|----------|---------|
| Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| Amount of Contract revenue recognized as revenue in the period | 10491.77 | 8539.27 |
| Contract cost incurred and recongnized profits (less recognized losses | 8509.25 | 7614.23 |
| up to the reporting date | | |
| Recongnised Profit | 1982.52 | 925.04 |
| Advances Received from Customers for Contract work | | |
| Retention Money | 881.49 | 304.00 |
| Gross amount due from customer for contract work | - | - |
| Gross amount due to customer for contract work | - | - |

Note 32 : Segment information

a) Primary Segment

The business segment has been considered as the primary segment. The company is engaged in only one reportable segments viz Construction

b) Secondary Segment

The Company oprates in India and hence there are no geographical Segments.

Note 33 : Disclosure relating to Employee Benefits - As per IND AS - 19

| | | | (* in Lakns) |
|----|---|------------|--------------|
| Α | Expenses recongnized in the Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended | 31.03.2025 | 31.03.2024 |
| 1 | Current Service Cost | 2.32 | 2.60 |
| 2 | Interest cost | 3.76 | 6.36 |
| 3 | Actuarial (Gain) / Loss | 4.89 | (5.36) |
| 4 | Past Service Cost- Vested Benefit recognized during the period | - | - |
| 5 | Transitional liability Recongnized during the period | - | - |
| 6 | Expenses Recognized in P & L | 6.09 | 8.96 |
| В | Net Asset / (Liability) recgnized in the Balance Sheet | | |
| 1 | Fair Value of Plant Assets at the end of the period | | |
| 2 | Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the period | (65.25) | (52.23) |
| 3 | Difference | - | (4.16) |
| 4 | Unrecongnized Past Service Cost at the end of the period | - | - |
| 5 | Unrecongnized Transitiaonal Liability at the end of the period | - | - |
| | (Net Liability Recongnized in the Balance Sheet) | (65.25) | (52.23) |
| С | Change in Present Value of Obligation | | |
| 1 | Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the beginning of the Current peiod | 52.23 | 86.60 |
| 2 | Interest Cost | 3.76 | 6.36 |
| 3 | Current Service Cost | 2.32 | 2.60 |
| 4 | Past Service Cost - Non vested Benefit | - | - |
| 5 | Past Service Cost Vested Benefit | - | - |
| 6 | Liability Transferred In | - | - |
| 7 | (Liability Transferred Out) | - | - |
| 8 | (Benefit Paid) | - | - |
| 9 | Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligations | 6.09 | 8.96 |
| 10 | Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the beginning of the Current peiod | 52.23 | 86.60 |
| D | Actuarial Assumptions | | |
| 1 | Discount Rate Previous | 7.20% | 7.35% |
| 2 | Salary Escalation - Previous | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| 3 | Attrition Rate - Previous | 2.00% | 2.00% |
| 4 | Discount Rate - Current | 6.71% | 7.20% |
| 5 | Salary Escalation - Current | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| 6 | Attrition Rate Current | 2.00% | 2.00% |

Note 34: ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

a. ANALYTICAL RATIOS

| Ratios | Numerator | Denominator | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | Variance (Amt) | % Variance | Reason for Variance |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Current Ratio (In times) | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 5.39 | 2.88 | 2.51 | 0.87 | |
| Current Ratio (In times) | Debt (borrowings + Lease Liabilities) | shareholders equity | 0.27 | 0.38 | (0.11) | (0.28) | |
| Debt Service coverage ratio (in times) | Earnings for Debt Service (Profit after Tax + Depreciation + Finance cost + Profit on sale of property, Plant and equipment) | Debt Service (Interest and lease payment + Principal repayment) | 4.30 | 0.28 | 4.02 | 14.35 | |
| Return on Equity Ratio (in%) | Net Profit for the year | Average shareholders equity | 0.05 | (0.05) | 0.10 | (1.94) | |
| Trade receivables turnover ratio | Revenue from operations | Average trade receivables | 5.75 | 4.85 | 0.90 | 0.19 | |
| Trade payable turnover ratio | Other expenses | Average trade payables | 0.25 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 1.07 | |
| Net Capital turnover ratio | Revenue from operations | Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities) | 0.70 | 0.77 | (0.07) | (0.09) | |
| Net Profit ratio (in %) | Net Profit for the year | Revenue from Operation | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | (80.0) | |
| Return on capital employed (in %) | Profit before tax and finance costs | Capital employed (Net worth + Borrowings + Lease Liabilities) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.37 | |
| Return on Investment (In %) | Income generated from treasury investments | Average invested fund in treasury investments | - | - | - | - | |

34 (A) Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III to the companies Act, 2013

- (i) The Company does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami transactions (Probibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender or government or any government authority.
- (iii) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961, (such assearch or survey) that has not been recorded in the books of account.

- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- (v) The company does not have any pending charges which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- (vi) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017
- (vii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested fund (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other persons or entityies, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities idenfified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Parent Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (viii) The company has not received any fund from any persons or entity(ies), inculding foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (Whether recorded in writing or otherwise) the Company Shall :
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities idenfified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party Ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (ix) The Company does not have any transactions with Companies Struck off.

Note 35

Previous years figures have been regrouped whenever necessary to confirm to the current year presentation.

Note 36

All figures are in lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note 37

There were non Significant events after end of the reporting period which required any adjustment on the disclosure in the financial statement subsequent to the reporting period.

As per our report of even date For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**Chartered Accountants

Sd/-

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Chartered Accountants
(Registration No. 103610W)

MANOJ SHETTY (PARTNER) Membership No.138593

Place: Mumbai Date: 30.05.2025 Sd/-JERRY VARGHESE Chairman Din No. 00012905

DILIP VARGHESEManaging Director
Din No. 01424196

Sd/-

Sd/-S. CHAKRABORTY Company Secretary / CFO

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,

The Members of

TARMAT LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Tarmat Limited & its Joint Ventures (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its joint ventures (The Company and its joint ventures together referred to as "the Group) which comprises the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31,2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of financial statement of joint ventures, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2025,its Consolidated profit including other comprehensive income, Consolidated Cash Flows and the Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified opinion

As described in Note no 4 of the consolidated financial statement, due to non- availability of the financial information of the Joint Venture, the company is unable to determine the fair value of the Company's investment in Backbone-Tarmat-Al Fara'a (JC) as at 31st March 2025. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of above investment amounting to Rs 783.02 Lakhs and the consequent thereof.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of the India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the Consolidated financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises management discussion and analysis and board's report (Does not include the consolidated financial statement and our auditors report on thereon) Which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report and additional information excluding those refer above that could be included in the integrated report (tiled as Tarmat Limited integrated report and annual account 2024-25), which is expected to be made available to us after the date of our report, Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion theron.

In connection with our audit of the financial statement, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the additional information, as mentioned above, that would be included in the integrated Report, If we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated financial statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective board of directors of the Companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls

CV Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the groups' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, We are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

TARMAT LIMITED

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other matters

The accompanying Consolidated financial statements includes unaudited financial statement and other financial information of three Joint Ventures whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs 68.38 as at March 31, 2025, total revenues Nil, Net Profit Nil and Net cash flows Nil for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These unaudited financial statements have been prepared solely based on the information compiled by the management and approved by the Board of Directors but not subjected to audit or review. Our opinion, in so far as it relates to amounts and disclosures included in respect of these joint operations, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements made by the Holding Company's management.

Further Consolidated financial statements includes one joint venture whose financial statements are not available with the managements. The total Asset of Rs 783.02 as at March 31, 2025, total revenues Nil, Net Profit Nil and Net cash flows Nil for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. In absence of financial statements, we are unable to comment on the carrying value of the investment.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance the financial statements and other information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and our reliance on the financial statements and other information of the Joint Ventures certified by the Management as noted in the "Other Matter" paragraph, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 (xxi) of the Order
- 2. As required under Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and our reliance on the financial statements and other information of the Joint Ventures certified by the Management as noted in the "Other Matter" paragraph, we report to the extent applicable, that
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditors;
 - (c) the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are agreement with the books of account
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the

- Holding Company is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its Joint Ventures and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report.
- (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended 31st March 2025 has been paid/ provided by the company to its Directors in accordance with the provision of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Consolidated financial statement disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group, its Joint Operations in its consolidated financial statements.:
 - ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company: or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in 4 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds that have been received by the Company from any persons or entities including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise that the Company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, noting has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11 (e) contain any material misstatement.
 - v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding company.
 - vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in accounting software, during the course of performing our procedures, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**Chartered Accountants

FRN: 103610W

Sd/-Manoj Shetty (Partner) M.No 138593

UDIN: 25138593BMJBHX1742

Date : 30.05.2025 Place : Mumbai

"ANNEXURE-1"

Referred to paragraph 1 under 'Report on Legal and Regulatory Requirements section of our report of even date on consolidated financial statement of Tarmat Limited.

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and based on the CARO report issued by respective companies' auditor included in the consolidated financial statement to which reporting under CARO is applicable, as furnished to us by the Management and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that

xxi. The company does not have any subsidiaries. Accordingly, to requirement to report on clause 3 (xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Holding Company.

ANNEXURE-2 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Tarmat Limited

Report on the internal financial controls over financial reporting under clause (i) of sub – section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Tarmat Limited as f and for the year ended 31st March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Tarmat Limited ("the Holding Company") as at March 31, 2025,

Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The Holding Company's management's responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those standards and the guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial control system with reference to Consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control with reference to Consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to Consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions

and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements. including the possibility of collusion or improper management of override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control with reference to Consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the criteria for internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

> For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 103610W

Sd/-Manoj Shetty (Partner) M.No 138593

UDIN: 25138593BMJBHX1742

Date: 30.05.2025 Place: Mumbai

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | Particulars | Note No. | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|-----|---|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| I. | ASSETS | | | |
| 1) | Non-current assets | | | |
| | a) Property, Plant and equipment | 3 | 2,069.49 | 1,615.87 |
| | b) Intangible Assets | | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| | c) Financial Assets | | | |
| | i) Investments | 4 | 104.78 | 104.78 |
| | ii) Other Financial Assets | 5 | 1,897.93 | 1,660.47 |
| | d) Other Non Current Assets | | | |
| | Total Non Current Assets | | 4,086.83 | 3,395.75 |
| 2) | Current Assets | | | |
| • | a) Inventories | 6 | 6,938.23 | 7,173.59 |
| | b) Financial Assets | | | |
| | i) Trade Receivable | 7 | 2,172.43 | 1,282.69 |
| | ii) Cash and Cash equivalents | 8 | 538.82 | 362.39 |
| | iii) Other Financial Assets | | | |
| | c) Current Tax Assets (Net) | 9 | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| | d) Other Current Assets | 10 | 9,423.11 | 7,013.29 |
| | Total Current Assets | | 19,499.08 | 16,408.11 |
| | Total Assets | | 23,585.91 | 19,803.86 |
| II. | EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | -, |
| | Equity | | | |
| | a) Equity Share Capital | 11 | 2,406.42 | 2,131.42 |
| | b) Warrant | | 1.568.75 | _, |
| | c) Other Equity | 12 | 13,351.73 | 10,832.22 |
| | Total Equity | | 17,326.90 | 12,963.64 |
| | Liabilities | | 17,020.00 | 12,000.04 |
| 1) | Non Current Liabilites | | | |
| •, | a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | i) Borrowings | 13 | 752.71 | 1,028.63 |
| | b) Provisions | 14 | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| | c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) | 15 | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| | d) Other Non Current Liabilities | 13 | 13.73 | 13.34 |
| | · | | 900.00 | 4 000 54 |
| 2) | Total Non Current Liabilities | | 826.80 | 1,099.51 |
| 2) | Current Liabilites a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | , | 10 | 204.04 | 10.00 |
| | i) Short Term Borrowing | 13 | 201.04 | 18.02 |
| | ii) Trade Payables | 16 | | 4.40 |
| | Due to Micro and Small Enterprises | | 0.400.44 | 4.40 |
| | Due to Other than Micro and Small Enterprises | | 3,129.11 | 5,039.68 |
| | iii) Other Financial Liabilities | 47 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | b) Short Term Provisions | 17 | 4.89 | 1.30 |
| | c) Other Current Liabilities | 18 | 2,097.17 | 677.31 |
| | d) Current Tax Liabilites (Net) | | | |
| | Total Current Liabilities | | 5,432.21 | 5,740.71 |
| | Total Equity and Liabilities | | 23,585.91 | 19,803.86 |
| | Corporate Information and significant Accounting policies | 1&2 | | |
| | see accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements | | | |

As per our report of even date

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Sd/-MANOJ SHETTY (PARTNER) Membership No.138593 Sd/-JERRY VARGHESE Chairman Din No. 00012905 Sd/-**DILIP VARGHESE**Managing Director
Din No. 01424196

Sd/-S. CHAKRABORTY Company Secretary / CFO

Place: Mumbai Date: 30.05.2025

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR 31ST MARCH 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | Particulars | Notes | Year ended March 31, 2025 | Year ended March 31, 2024 |
|-----|--|-------|---|------------------------------|
| | Income | | , | |
| I | Revenue from operations | 19 | 10,128.35 | 8,935.34 |
| II | Other Income | 20 | 105.37 | 44.03 |
| Ш | Total Revenue (I+II) | | 10,233.72 | 8,979.37 |
| IV | Expenses | | | |
| | Cost of Material Consumed | 21 | 3,907.65 | 3,139.83 |
| | Construction Expenses | 22 | 4,473.54 | 4,451.49 |
| | Employees benefits Expenses | 23 | 923.67 | 714.43 |
| | Finance Costs | 24 | 69.80 | 66.11 |
| | Depreciation and amortisation expenses | 25 | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| | Other expenses | 26 | 545.09 | 387.98 |
| | Other Provision - Provisions for diminution in value of non current investments | | - | - |
| | Total Expenses (IV) | | 10,053.03 | 8,844.21 |
| V | Profit (Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) | | 180.69 | 135.16 |
| VI | Exceptional items | | | (261.37) |
| VII | Profit (Loss) before tax (V - VI) | | 180.69 | (126.21) |
| | 1) Current Tax | | - | - |
| | 2) Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods | | - | - |
| | 3) Deferred tax | | (6.21) | (13.00) |
| IX | Profit (Loss) for the year (VII-VIII) | | 186.90 | (113.21) |
| Χ | Other comprehensive income / (loss) | | | |
| | a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or Loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans deferred tax on above items | | 4.89 | (4.80) |
| | b) items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| ΧI | Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX+X) (Comprising profit/(Loss) and other comprehensive income for the Period) | | 182.01 | (108.41) |
| XII | Earinings per equity share (in Rs.) | | | |
| | 1) Basic | | 0.63 | (0.51) |
| | 2) Diluted | | 0.63 | (0.51) |
| | Corporate Information and significant Accounting policies see accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements | | | |

Sd/-

JERRY VARGHESE

Chairman

Din No. 00012905

As per our report of even date

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

Sd/-

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

MANOJ SHETTY (PARTNER)

Membership No.138593

Place: Mumbai Date: 30.05.2025 DILIP VARGHESE

Managing Director Co

Din No. 01424196

Sd/-

S. CHAKRABORTY
Company Secretary / CFO

Sd/-

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

75.03

495.62

570.65

| Particulars | Year ended March 31, 2025 | Year ended March 31, 2024 |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| A) Cash flow from Operating Activities | , | , |
| Profit before tax | 180.69 | (126.20) |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| Profit on sale of Assets | (47.12) | |
| Provision for Gratuity | 8.13 | 29.25 |
| Finance cost | 69.80 | 66.11 |
| Interest Income | (26.58) | (6.15) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | 318.18 | 47.38 |
| Changes in working capital: | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Trade and other Receivables and prepayments | (870.58) | 995.40 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories | 235.35 | (418.96) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other Payables | (495.13) | (1,795.33) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Loans/Advances | (253.86) | 910.27 |
| Cash generated/ (used) from Operations | (1,384.20) | (308.62) |
| Less Taxes paid | 149.67 | (58.82) |
| Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A) | (916.35) | (320.06) |
| B) Cash flow from Investing Activities | | |
| Advance for purchase of assets | (2,177.00) | - |
| Sale of Fixed Assets | 55.00 | - |
| Interest received | 26.58 | 6.15 |
| Purchase of Fixed Assets | (594.76) | (4.79) |
| Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B) | (2,690.18) | 1.36 |
| C) Cash flow from financial Activities | | |
| Finance cost paid | (69.80) | (66.11) |
| proceeds from issue of share warrant | 4,181.25 | - |
| Repayment of Borrowings | (92.91) | 451.40 |
| Net Cash flows from / (used in) financial Activities- (C) | 4,018.54 | 385.29 |
| Net Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C) | 412.01 | 66.60 |
| Cash & Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 570.65 | 504.05 |
| Cash & Cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note -1) | 982.66 | 570.65 |
| Note: | . | |
| 1 Cash & Cash Equivalents | | |
| Particulars | As at | As at |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |

Bank balance including deposits and cheque on hold - Current Account

see accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

Total cash & Cash Equivalents

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

84.94

897.72

982.66

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

MANOJ SHETTYJERRY VARGHESEDILIP VARGHESES. CHAKRABORTY(PARTNER)ChairmanManaging DirectorCompany Secretary / CFOMembership No.138593Din No. 00012905Din No. 01424196

Place: Mumbai Date: 30.05.2025

Cash on hand

¹ The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indian Method stated in Ind-AS7 on cash flow statement and presents the cash operating, investing and financial

² Previous year's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary

³ Figures in brackets represent cash outflows.

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2025

A Equity Share Capital

| Balance as at April 1, 2023 | Changes in equity share capital during the year 2023-24 | Balance as at 31st March, 2024 | Changes in equity share capital during the year 2024-25 | Balance as at 31st March, 2025 |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 2,131.42 | - | 2,131.42 | - | 2,131.42 |

B Other Equity

| Particulars | Share application money pending | Reserves and Surplus | Other Comprehensive | Total |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | allottment | Retained Earnings | Income | |
| As on 31st MARCH 2024 | | | | |
| Balance as on 01st April 2023 | - | 10,945.14 | (4.52) | 10,940.62 |
| Profit/ (Loss) for the year | - | (113.20) | - | (113.20) |
| Addition During the Year | - | - | - | - |
| Money Recd against share warrants | - | - | - | - |
| OCI Due to changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments | - | - | 4.80 | 4.80 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | - | (113.20) | 4.80 | (108.40) |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend | - | - | - | - |
| Reclassification from other comprehensive income to retained earnings | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as on 31st March 2024 | - | 10,831.94 | 0.28 | 10,832.22 |

OTHER EQUITY

| Particulars | Share application money pending | Reserves and Surplus | Other Comprehensive | Total |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| | allottment | Retained Earnings | Income | |
| As on 31st MARCH 2025 | | | | |
| Balance as on 01st April 2024 | - | 10,831.94 | 0.28 | 10,832.22 |
| Profit/ (Loss) for the year | - | 186.90 | - | 186.90 |
| Addition During the Year | - | 2,337.50 | - | 2,337.50 |
| Money Recd Against Share Warrants | 1,568.75 | - | - | 1,568.75 |
| OCI Due to changes in fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments | - | - | (4.89) | (4.89) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | 1,568.75 | 2,524.40 | (4.89) | 4,088.26 |
| Dividends | - | - | - | - |
| Tax on Dividend | - | - | - | - |
| Reclassification from other comprehensive income to retained earnings | - | 13,521.48 | (13,521.48) | - |
| Balance as on 31st March 2025 | 1,568.75 | 26,877.82 | (13,526.09) | 14,920.48 |

As per our report of even date

For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Sd/-

Sd/-JERRY VARGHESE Chairman Din No. 00012905

DILIP VARGHESEManaging Director
Din No. 01424196

Sd/-

Sd/-S. CHAKRABORTY Company Secretary / CFO

(PARTNER) Membership No.138593

Place: Mumbai Date: 30.05.2025

MANOJ SHETTY

1. Corporate Information:

Tarmat Limited was established in year 1986 Mr. Jerry Varghese. The Group is specialized in Construction of Airfield and National / state highways all over India. The Group is currently executing various Runway, Parking Bays, Taxi Track related work at Mumbai, Cochin, Trichy and Tuticorn Airport, and it is also executing National Highway work at Mizoram and Jammu.

Tarmat have completed the prestigious works of Resurfacing of Runways at Mumbai International Airport Limited and Delhi International Airport.

The Group had its IPO in 2007 and got listed in BSE and NSE. The present paid up capital of the Group is Rs. 240642000, of which 29.84% is held by the promoters.

The consolidated Financial Statement comprise Financial statement of M/s Tarmat Limited (Collectively, the Group) and includes share of Profit/ Loss of the joint ventures for the year ended 31, March 2023.

2. Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statement of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 (Ind As complaint Schedule III), as applicable to the Financial Statement. These financials statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on May 30, 2025.

These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair values (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments.) The Standalone Financial Statement are presented in INR and all value are rounded off to the nearest lakhs with 2 decimal places except which otherwise indicated.

The Group has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

The Consolidated financial statement provides comparative information in respect of the previous period. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company, its subsidiaries and joint Ventures as at March 31, 2025.

Joint Ventures are entities over which the Group has joint control along with third parties. Investments in Joint Ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The investment is initially recognized at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the investor's share of profit or loss of the investee after the acquisition date.

Investment in joint ventures

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The considerations made in determining whether significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine Control over the subsidiaries.

The Group's investments in its joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in a joint venture is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the Carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually.

The Statement of Profit and Loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity.

Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

If an entity's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture (which includes any long-term Interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture), the entity discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive Obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the entity resumes Recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognized.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of a joint venture is shown on the face of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group. After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognize an impairment loss on its investment in its joint venture. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the joint venture and its carrying value, and then recognizes the loss as 'Share of profit of a joint venture' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Current and Non - Current Classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operation cycle.
- · Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or Cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for atleast twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating Cycle.
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

The company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

Statement of compliance

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and amendments thereof issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. In addition, the guidance notes/ announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

3.2 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the assets or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

A fair value measurement of non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economics benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Consolidated Financial Statement are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follow, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements on recurring basis, the company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the Lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risk of the assets or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

The company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for sale in discontinued operations. If any.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities such as contingent consideration. Involment of external valuers is decided upon annually by the management after discussion with and approval by the Group's Audit Committee. Selection criteria include market knowledger, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

At each reporting date, the management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation on contracts and other relevant documents.

3.3. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are carried at cost of acquisition, on current cost basis less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any Cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intend use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of

replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long -term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment and whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalized and depreciated over the useful life of principal item of the relevant assets. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance cost are recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Depreciation is provided on written down value method over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment as estimated by management. Pursuant to Notification of Schedule II of the Companies Act,2013 depreciation is provided prorata basis on written down value method at the rates determined based on estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment where applicable. Prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of profit and loss when the assets is derecognized.

Capital Work in Progress

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as the balance sheet date, is shown as capital work in progress.

Capital Work in Progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any

3.4. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognized only when future economic benefits arising out of the assets flow to enterprise and are amortized over their useful life ranging from 3 to 5 year. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development cost, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or expected pattern of consumption for future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset

An intangible asset is derecognized upon disposal (i.e. at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

3.5 Revenue Recognition -

Revenue from Contracts:

- (i) Income from construction contracts is recognized on the basis of work certified in accordance with percentage completion method. All other income and expenditure are recognized and accounted for on an accrual basis. Losses on contracts are fully accounted for as and when incurred.
- (ii) Hire Charges is accounted for as per terms of the lease agreement.

Dividend Income

- (iii) Dividend Income is accounted for when the right to receive has been established.
 - Interest Income
- (iv) Interest income on deposits is recognized on accrual basis

3.6. Inventories -

The stock of stores, spares and embedded goods and fuel is valued at cost (weighted average basis), or net realizable value whichever is lower. Cost includes cost of purchase and costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and conditions. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Work in Progress is valued at the contract rates and site mobilization expenditure of incomplete contracts is stated at cost. All the inventories of stores, spares and embedded goods and fuel and work in progress have been physically verified by the Management at the year end.

3.7. Investment -

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as Long-Term Investments. Current Investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long Term Investments are measured at Cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investment.

3.8. Borrowing Costs -

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use (known as Qualifying assets) or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. Borrowing Costs include interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Discount on Commercial papers is amortized over the tenor of the underlying instrument. Borrowing Costs, allocated to and utilized for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction / development of the qualifying asset up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use is added to the cost of the assets. Capitalization of Borrowing Costs is suspended and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during extended periods when active development activity on the qualifying assets is interrupted All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur."

3.9 Taxes

Current Income Tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Group operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. The Group shall reflect the effect of uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment by using either most likely method or expected value method, depending on which method predicts better resolution of the treatment.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Consolidated Financial Statements at the reporting date. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

In assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the company relies on the same forecast assumptions used elsewhere in the financial statements and in other management reports, which, among other things, reflect the potential impact of climate-related development on the business, such as increased cost of production as a result of measures to reduce carbon emission.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in OCI or directly in equity, respectively.

Goods and Service tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

- When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable.
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included, the net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet
- i. Provision for current tax is made after taking into consideration benefits admissible under the provision of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ii. Current Tax is calculated in accordance with the tax laws applicable to the current financial year.

For Financial Year 2021-22 the Company has exercised option to pay income tax under the provisions of Section 115BAA of the Income tax Act, 1961 and as such provisions for payment of Minimum Alternate tax (MAT) is not applicable to the Company.

The Company proposes to pay Tax under the Provisions of Section 115BAA of Income Tax Act 1961.

iii. Advance tax and provision for current income, if any, are presented in the balance sheet after setting off advance tax paid and income tax provision arising in the same tax jurisdiction.

3.10. Foreign Exchange Transaction -

Items included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ('the functional currency'). The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the company at the functional currency spot rates (i.e., INR) at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions in foreign currencies and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss are also recognized in OCI or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

In determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognizes the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Company determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

Employee Retirement Benefits -

3.11. Short-term Employee Benefits:

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as 'Employee Benefits Payable' within 'Other Financial Liabilities' in the Balance Sheet.

Post-employment Benefits:

I. Defined Contribution Plan

a. Superannuation

Contribution made to Superannuation Fund for certain of employees are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when services are rendered by employees. The Company has no liability for future Superannuation Fund benefits other than its contribution.

b. Provident Fund

Contributions in respect of Employees who are not covered by Company Employees Provident Fund Trust are made to the Fund administered by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner as per the provisions of Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss as and when services are rendered by employees. The Company has no obligation other than the contribution payable to the Regional Provident fund.

II. Defined Benefit Plan

a. Gratuity

Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to Gratuity as per the provisions of The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Retirement Gratuity for employees, is funded through a scheme of Life Insurance Corporation of India. The costs of providing benefits under this plan are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at each year-end. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately recognized in retained earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not re-classified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. The excess/shortfall in the fair value of the plan assets over the present value of the obligation calculated as per actuarial methods as at balance sheet dates is recognized as a gain / loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any asset arising out

of this calculation is limited to the past service cost plus the present value of available refunds and reduction in future contributions.

b. Provident Fund

In respect of the employees covered by the Company's Employee Provident Fund Trust in Point I b above, contributions to the Company Employees Provident Fund Trust (administered by the Companyas per the provisions of Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952) are made in accordance with the fund rules. The interest rate payable to the beneficiaries every year is being notified by the Government

In the case of contribution to the Trust, the Company has an obligation to make good the shortfall, if any, between the return from the investments of the Trust and the notified interest rate and recognizes such obligation, if any, determined based on an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date, as an expense.

3.12.Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset (including goodwill) may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

The Company assesses where climate risks could have a significant impact, such as the introduction of emission-reduction legislation that may increase manufacturing costs. These risks in relation to climate-related matters are included as key assumptions where they materially impact the measure of recoverable amount. These assumptions have been included in the cash-flow forecasts in assessing value-in-use amounts.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the assets. If such recoverable amount of the assets or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belong is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost.

3.13. Earnings per share -

Basic Earnings Per Share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the

purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Basic EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Provision, Contingent Liabilities and contingent assets -

3.14.Leases -

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Leasehold Land and Building 2 years to 99 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the company, at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section 3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets.

ii) Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Company lease liabilities are included in Note

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of properties taken on rent (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It has not opted for low-value assets recognition exemption. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.15. Provision and Contingencies

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

If the Company has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract is recognized and measured as a provision However, before a separate provision for an onerous contract is established, the Company recognizes any impairment loss that has occurred on assets dedicated to that contract.

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable costs (i.e., the costs that the Company cannot avoid because it has the contract) of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Group does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the Standalone Financial Statements.

3.16.Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent for the purpose of presentation in cash flow statement and in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

3.17. Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A Financial Assets

1. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on

the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model

The Company business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

ii Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in below categories:

Debt instruments at amortized cost

Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Debt instruments at amortized cost other than derivative contracts

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in Other Income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Equity Investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value other than equity investments measured at deemed cost on first time adoption of Ind AS. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of Profit and Loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

iii Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company's similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset

iv Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk.

Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive, discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- a. All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument
- b. Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss (SPL). This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the SPL. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured at amortized cost: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the Company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

B. Financial liabilities

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowing or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and financial guarantee contracts

ii) Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include derivatives, financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risks are recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to SPL. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

3.18.Trade Payable

Trade payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period.

De-Recognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Reclassification of Financial Assets and Liabilities:

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognized gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

| Original Classification | Revised Classification | Accounting Treatment |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Amortized Cost | FVTPL | Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortized cost and fair value is recognized in profit or loss. |
| FVTPL | Amortized cost | Fair value at reclassification date become its new gross carrying amount. EIR is calculated based on the new gross carrying amount. |
| Amortized Cost | FVTOCI | Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference previous amortized cost and fair value is recognized in OCI. No change in EIR due to reclassification. |

| Original Classification | Revised Classification | Accounting Treatment |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| FVTOCI | Amortized cost | Fair Value at reclassification date becomes its new amortized cost carrying amount. However, cumulative gain or loss in OCI is adjusted against fair value. Consequently, the asset is measured as if it had always been measured at amortized cost. |
| FVTOCI | FVTOCI | Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new amount. No other adjustment is required. |
| FVTOCI | FVTPL | Assets continue to be measured at fair value. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss the classification date. |

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

Note 3: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMEN

| | | | | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Particular | | | | | As at March 31, | • | As at rch 31, 2024 |
| Tangilble Assets | | | | | Warch 31, | 2025 IVIA | 1011 31, 2024 |
| Land -Free Hold | | | | | 4 | 138.45 | 435.25 |
| Buildings | | | | | | 176.44 | 180.02 |
| Plant and Equipment | | | | | 1,3 | 359.81 | 942.04 |
| Furtinute & Fixtures | | | | | | 10.77 | 9.96 |
| Vehicles | | | | | | 77.98 | 41.22 |
| Office Equipment | | | | | | 6.04 | 7.39 |
| | | | | | 2,0 | 069.49 | 1,615.87 |
| Particulars | Land - Free Hold | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | Furniture & Fixture | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Total |
| Cost or Deemed Cost | | | | | | | |
| As at April 01 2024 | 435.25 | 346.06 | 5,957.84 | 125.62 | 362.22 | 100.7 | 2 7,327.71 |
| Additions | 10.00 | - | 536.18 | 2.25 | 45.56 | 0.7 | 8 594.76 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | 6.80 | - | 62.10 | - | - | | - 68.90 |
| As at MARCH 31 2025 | 438.45 | 346.06 | 6,431.91 | 127.87 | 407.78 | 101.5 | 0 7,853.57 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | |
| as at April 01 2024 | - | 166.04 | 5,015.79 | 115.66 | 321.00 | 93.3 | 3 5,711.83 |
| Charges for the Period | - | 3.57 | 117.34 | 1.44 | 8.80 | 2.1 | 3 133.28 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - | 61.03 | - | - | | - 61.03 |
| As at MARCH 31 2025 | - | 169.61 | 5,072.11 | 117.10 | 329.80 | 95.4 | 6 5,784.07 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | | | |
| As at MARCH 31 2025 | 438.45 | 176.44 | 1,359.81 | 10.77 | 77.98 | 6.0 | 4 2,069.49 |
| As at March 31 2024 | 435.25 | 180.02 | 942.04 | 9.96 | 41.22 | 7.3 | 9 1,615.87 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Particulars | Land - Free Hold | Buildings | Plant and Equipment | Furniture & Fixture | Vehicles | Office Equipment | Total |
| Cost or Deemed Cost | | | | | | | |
| As at April 01 2023 | 435.25 | 346.06 | 5,953.33 | 125.62 | 362.22 | 100.4 | 7,322.91 |
| Additions | - | - | 4.51 | - | - | 0.2 | 8 4.79 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| As at March 31 2024 | 435.25 | 346.06 | 5,957.84 | 125.62 | 362.22 | 100.7 | 2 7,327.70 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | |
| As at April 01 2023 | | 162.39 | 4,948.80 | 114.38 | 310.70 | 91.1 | 9 5,627.46 |
| Charges for the Period | - | 3.65 | 66.99 | 1.28 | 10.30 | 2.1 | 4 84.37 |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| As at March 31 2024 | - | 166.04 | 5,015.79 | 115.66 | 321.00 | 93.3 | 3 5,711.83 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | | | | | | |
| As at March 31 2024 | 435.25 | 180.02 | 942.05 | 9.96 | 41.22 | 7.3 | 9 1,615.87 |
| As at March 31 2023 | 435.25 | 183.66 | 1,004.53 | 11.25 | 51.52 | 9.2 | 5 1,695.45 |

Note 3.1: OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | As at | As at |
|------------|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Goodwill | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| | 14.63 | 14.63 |

As at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | | (* = |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Particulars | Goodwill | Total |
| Cost or Deemed Cost | | |
| at April 01 2024 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| Additions | - | - |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - |
| As at March 31 2025 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | |
| at April 01 2024 | - | - |
| Charges for the Period | - | - |
| Disposals/Adjustments | _ | <u>-</u> |
| As at March 31 2025 | | |
| Net Carrying Amount | <u></u> | |
| As at March 31 2025 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| As at March 31 2024 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| | | |

As at March 31, 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particulars | Goodwill | Total |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|
| Cost or Deemed Cost | | |
| at April 01 2023 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| Additions | - | - |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | - |
| at April 01 2023 | - | - |
| Charges for the Period | - | - |
| Disposals/Adjustments | - | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | <u> </u> | |
| Net Carrying Amount | | - |
| As at March 31 2024 | 14.63 | 14.63 |
| As at March 31 2023 | 14.63 | 14.63 |

Note 4: Non Current Financial Assets - Investments

| Particulars | Nominal | Currency | Number of | of Shares | As at | As at | |
|---|-------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Value per unit | | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Non Current | | | | | | | |
| Trade - Unquoted | | | | | | | |
| a) Equity instruments of Others (at Cost) | | | | | | | |
| Concast Jawasa Road Project Pvt Ltd | 10 | INR | 10,42,600 | 10,42,600 | 104.26 | 104.26 | |
| Concast Badnagar Road Project Pvt Ltd | 10 | INR | 2,600 | 2,600 | 0.26 | 0.26 | |
| Concast Jabalpur Road Project Pvt Ltd | 10 | INR | 2,600 | 2,600 | 0.26 | 0.26 | |
| Sub Total (a) | | | 10,47,800 | 10,47,800 | 104.78 | 104.78 | |

| | | | | (₹ in Lakns) | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| Details | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at March 31, 2024 | | |
| Aggregate of Investments | Cost | Market Value | Cost | Market Value | |
| a) Quoted Investment | | | - | | |
| b) Unquoted Investment | 104.78 | - | 104.78 | - | |
| Total | 104.78 | B | 104.78 | | |

Note 5: NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSET - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSET

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | As at | As at | |
|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 | |
| Non Current | | | |
| Unsecured, Considered Good: | | | |
| Retention deposit & with held | 1,314.31 | 1,301.61 | |
| Advance to Employees | 114.75 | 106.40 | |
| Trade Receivable Considered Good (Refer Note Below) | 25.04 | 44.20 | |
| Deposit Account | 443.84 | 208.26 | |
| TOTAL | 1,897.93 | 1,660.47 | |

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | Outstandin | g for followi | As at | As at | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Less than 6 months | 6 month to 1 Year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Trade Receivable Considered Good | | | | | | | |
| For the year ended 31st March 2025 | - | - | - | - | 25.04 | 25.04 | - |
| For the year ended 31st March 2024 | - | - | - | - | 42.20 | - | 44.20 |
| Total Non Current | | | | | | 25.04 | 44.20 |

Note 6: INVENTORIES

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular | As at | As at |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Raw Materials (At lower of cost or net realisation value) | 1,759.29 | 1,631.23 |
| Goods in Transit | - | - |
| | 1,759.29 | 1,631.23 |
| Work in Progress | 5,178.94 | 5,542.36 |
| Total | 6,938.23 | 7,173.59 |

Note 7: TRADE RECEIVABLE

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | | (iii Laitiio) |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particular | As at | As at |
| | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Unsecured considered good | 2,172.43 | 1,282.69 |
| Total | 2,172.43 | 1,282.69 |

7.1 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025

| Particular Outstanding for following periods from due da | | | | | | yment |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| | Less than 6 months | 6 months- 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total |
| Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good | 1,569.90 | 27.03 | 15.51 | 19.78 | 540.21 | 2,172.43 |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total | | | | | | 2,172.43 |
| Undue - considered good | | | | | | - |
| Undue - considered doubtful | | | | | | - |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | | | | | - |
| Total | | | | | | 2,172.43 |

7.2 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Particular Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | | yment | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| | Less than 6 months | 6 months- 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | Total |
| Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good | 732.42 | 0.02 | 11.90 | 136.56 | 401.79 | 1,282.69 |
| Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered good | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sub total | | | | | | 1,282.69 |
| Undue - considered good | | | | | | - |
| Undue - considered doubtful | | | | | | - |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | | | | | - |
| Total | | | | | | 1,282.69 |

| | | • |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particular | As at | As at |
| Note 8 : CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Balances with Banks | | |
| In Current Acounts | 453.88 | 287.36 |
| Cash on Hand | 84.95 | 75.03 |
| Total | 538.82 | 362.39 |
| Note 9 : CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET) | | |
| Non Current | | |
| Advance Tax | - | - |
| Total Non Current Tax Assets | | - |

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Current | | |
| Advance tax | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| Less: Provision for Income Tax | - | - |
| Total Current Tax Assets | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| Total | 426.49 | 576.16 |
| Note 10 : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS | | |
| Un-Secured Considered good | | |
| Advance recoverable cash or kind | 6,656.98 | 4,705.44 |
| Staff Imprest & Salary Advance | 157.56 | 156.74 |
| Security Deposit & Other Deposits | 2,608.57 | 2,151.11 |
| Total | 9,423.11 | 7,013.29 |
| Note 11 : EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL | | (₹ in Lakhs) |

| | | | | <u> </u> |
|---|----------------------|---------|----------------------|----------|
| | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at March 31, 2024 | |
| | No of Shares | Amount | No of Shares | Amount |
| Authorised Share Capital | | | | |
| Equity Shares of 10/- each | 32500000 | 3250.00 | 22000000 | 2200.00 |
| Issued, subscribed & Fully paid share capital | | | | |
| Equity Shares of 10/- each | | 2406.42 | , | 2131.42 |
| | , | 2406.42 | | 2131.42 |

Note 11.1 : Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning nad at the end of the year is set out below

| | | | | () |
|--|----------------------|---------|----------------------|----------|
| | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at March 31, 2024 | |
| | No of Shares | Amount | No of Shares | Amount |
| Number of Equity shares at the beginning of the year | 21314255 | 2131.42 | 21314255 | 2,131.42 |
| Add: Number of shares issued | 2750000 | 275.00 | - | - |
| Less: Number of shares Bought back | | | - | - |
| Number of Equity shares at the end of the year | | 2406.42 | | 2,131.42 |

Note 11.2 : b) Terms / Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 each. Holder of each equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividents in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Director is subject to approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual Genral Metting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note 11.3 : Details of Shareholder holding more than 5% shares of Equity Shares in the company

| | As at March 31, 2025 | | As at Marc | h 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------|
| | No of Shares | % Holding | No of Shares | % Holding |
| Mr Jerry Varghese | 3318021 | 13.93 | 3251971 | 15.26% |
| Mr Dilip Varghese | 1216693 | 5.11 | 1194914 | 5.61% |
| M/s Tarmat Holdings Pvt Ltd | 1361328 | 5.72 | 1361328 | 6.39% |
| M/S Regent Hirise Pvt Itd | - | - | 1211569 | 5.68% |
| M/S Faithful Vanijya Private Limited | 2500000 | 5.25 | - | - |
| M/S Ferstar Trade Private Limited | 2500000 | 5.25 | - | - |

Note 11.4: The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash or as fully paid up by way of bonus shares. The company has not bought back any shares.

Note 11.5 : Details of Shares held by promoters

Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up

| Name of the Promoter | As at 31st March 2025 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | No of Shares at the beginning of the year (01.04.2024) | % of Total shares (01.04.2024) | Change During the year | No of Shares at the end of the year (31.03.2025) | % of Total Shares (31.03.2025) | % change during the year | |
| Jerry Varghese | 3251971 | 15.26 | 66050 | 3318021 | 13.93 | 1.33 | |
| Tarmat Holdings Pvt Ltd | 1361328 | 6.39 | 0 | 1361328 | 5.72 | 0.67 | |
| Dilip Varghese | 1194914 | 5.61 | 21779 | 1216693 | 5.11 | 0.50 | |
| Saramma Varghese | 1051161 | 4.93 | 0 | 1051161 | 4.41 | 0.52 | |
| Sneha Varghese | 176400 | 0.83 | 0 | 176400 | 0.74 | 0.09 | |
| Neha Dilip Varghese | 49808 | 0.23 | 6025 | 55833 | 0.23 | - | |
| M/s Tarmat Construction Pvt Ltd | 120 | - | 0 | 120 | - | - | |

Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up

| Name of the Promoter | As at 31st March 2024 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | No of Shares at the beginning of the year | Change During the year | No of Shares at the end of the year | % of Total Shares | % change during the year | | |
| Jerry Varghese | 3251971 | - | 3251971 | 15.26 | - | | |
| Tarmat Holdings Pvt Ltd | 1361628 | - | 1361628 | 6.39 | - | | |
| Dilip Varghese | 1194914 | - | 1194914 | 5.61 | | | |
| Saramma Varghese | 1051161 | - | 1051161 | 4.93 | | | |
| Sneha Varghese | 176400 | - | 176400 | 0.83 | - | | |
| Neha Dilip Varghese | 49808 | - | 49808 | 0.23 | - | | |
| M/s Tarmat Construction Pvt Ltd | 120 | - | 120.00 | - | - | | |

Note 12: OTHER EQUITY

| Part | ular As at March 31, 2025 | | | As at March 31, 2024 | |
|------|---|------------|------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | ₹ In Lakhs | ₹ In Lakhs | ₹ In Lakhs | ₹ In Lakhs |
| (a) | Securities Premium Reserve | | | | |
| | As per last Balance Sheet | 11,867.69 | | 11,867.69 | |
| | Addition during the year | 2,337.50 | | | |
| | | 14,205.19 | | 11,867.69 | |
| | | | 14,205.19 | | 11,867.69 |
| (b) | General Reserve | | | | |
| | As per last Balance Sheet | 520.48 | | 520.48 | |
| | Addition during the year | - | | - | |
| | | 520.48 | | 520.48 | |
| | | | 520.48 | | 520.48 |
| (c) | Revaluation Reserve | | | | |
| | As per last Balance Sheet | 8.50 | | 8.50 | |
| | Addition during the year | - | | - | |
| | | 8.50 | | 8.50 | |
| | | | 8.50 | | 8.50 |
| (d) | Profit and Loss Account | | | | |
| | As per last Balance Sheet | (1,564.73) | | (1,451.53) | |
| | Add/(Less): Profit/(Loss) for the year | 186.90 | | (113.20) | |
| | Add/ (Less): Transfer from other comprehensive | - | | - | |
| | income on sale of equity instruments | | | | |
| | | (1,377.83) | | (1,564.73) | |
| | | | (1,377.83) | | (1,564.73) |
| (e) | Other Comprehnsive Income | | | | |
| | As per last Balance Sheet | 0.28 | | (4.52) | |
| | Add/ (Less): Transfer from other comprehensive income on sale of equity instruments | (4.89) | | 4.80 | |
| | Add/(Less): Changes in Fair value of FVOCI Equity Instruments | | (4.61) | | 0.28 |
| | | | 13,351.73 | | 10,832.22 |
| | | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Part | ticular | | As | | As at |
| Nat | - 42 - DODDOWINGS | | March 3 | 1, 2025 Ma | rch 31, 2024 |
| | e 13 : BORROWINGS | | | | |
| | Current | | | | |
| | ured Loans | | | | |
| | erm Loans | | | | |
| F | rom Bank | | | 10.1 == | |
| | Equipment and vehicle loans | | | 431.72 | 18.02 |
| F | rom Financial Institution | | | | |
| | Equipment and Vehicle loans | | | 50.68 | |
| Tota | ıl | | | 482.40 | 18.02 |
| Tota | ll Non Current Borrowings | | | 482.40 | 18.02 |

| (| (₹ | in | Lakhs) |
|---|----|----|--------|
| | | | |

| Current Secured Loans From Bank Equipment and vehicle loans Bank of Maharashtra CC Account From Financial Institution Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd Total Secured Loan | h 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
|--|------------|----------------|
| From Bank Equipment and vehicle loans Bank of Maharashtra CC Account From Financial Institution Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | | |
| From Bank Equipment and vehicle loans Bank of Maharashtra CC Account From Financial Institution Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | | |
| Equipment and vehicle loans Bank of Maharashtra CC Account From Financial Institution Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | | |
| Bank of Maharashtra CC Account From Financial Institution Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | | |
| From Financial Institution Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | 128.68 | 37.78 |
| Mahindra & Mahindra Fin Ltd | 58.08 | 570.54 |
| | | |
| Total Secured Loan | 14.28 | - |
| | 201.04 | 608.32 |
| Unsecured Loans | | |
| From Related parties | - | - |
| From Others | 270.31 | 420.31 |
| Total Unsecured Loans | 270.31 | 420.31 |
| Total Non Current Borrowings | 752.71 | 1,028.63 |
| Total Borrowing | 953.75 | 1,046.65 |

Note 13.1 : Details of Secured loans with rate of interest & Maturity dates

| Particular | Effective Interest rate (p.a) | Maturity | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Current Borrowings | | | | |
| From Bank | | | | |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 11.51 | 01-Jul-23 | - | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 11.5 | 01-Aug-23 | - | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.25 | 22-Jun-24 | - | 7.03 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.25 | 22-Jun-24 | - | 7.03 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | -0.33 | 4.97 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | -0.74 | 10.70 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | 0.02 | 1.33 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | -0.12 | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | -0.12 | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | -0.12 | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 8.26 | 01-Nov-25 | 0.01 | 1.68 |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.75 | 01-Oct-28 | 30.33 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 10.00 | 01-Nov-29 | 254.62 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.55 | 01-Dec-28 | 28.59 | - |
| ICICI Bank Ltd | 9.55 | 01-Dec-28 | 28.59 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625869 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-29 | 8.52 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625857 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-29 | 8.52 | - |

| | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Particular | Effective Interest rate (p.a) | Maturity | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625847 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-2 | 9 8.52 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10625841 | 9.95 | 10-Jan-2 | 9 8.52 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10735349 | 11.55 | 05-Feb-2 | 9 8.29 | - |
| MAHINDRA & MAHINDRA FINANCE LTD 10735340 | 11.55 | 05-Feb-2 | 9 8.29 | - |
| Total | | | 482.40 | 37.78 |
| For Term Loan equitable mortgage of plant & machin | nery and motor | car. | | |
| For Working Capital mortgage of book debt & stock | of material | | | |
| Current Maturities | | | 128.68 | 570.54 |
| ICICI Bank | | | - | 37.78 |
| Current Maturities | | | 14.28 | |
| Total | | | 14.28 | |
| Total Secured Loan | | | 142.96 | 55.80 |
| | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Particular | | | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Note 14 : PROVISIONS | | | | |
| Non Current | | | | |
| Provision for Empoyee Benefits | | | | |
| Gratuity | | | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| Total Non Current Provisions | | - | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| Total | | - | 60.36 | 50.94 |
| Note 15 : DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET) | | | | |
| Deferred tax liability | | | | |
| Related to Property, plant and equipment | | | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| Deferred tax liability | | | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| Total | | - | 13.73 | 19.94 |
| Note 16 : TRADE PAYABLE | | | | |
| At Amortised Cost | | | | |
| Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprise | es (Refer Note N | No. 16.1) | - | 4.40 |
| Total outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro | and samll ente | rprises | 3,129.11 | 5,039.68 |
| Total | | - | 3,129.11 | 5,044.08 |

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year | | 4.40 |
| Interest due thereon remaining unpaid at the end of the year | - | - |
| Delayed payment of Principal amount paid beyond appointed date during the entire financial year | - | - |
| Interest actually paid under Section 16 of the Act during the entire accounting year | - | - |
| Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making the payment (Which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year but without adding interest specified under this Act. | - | - |
| Amount of interest due and payable for the period (Where principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act not paid | - | - |
| Interest accrued and remaing unpaid at the end of the year | - | - |
| The amount of further interest remaing due and payable even in succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Micro and Small Enterprises for the purpose of disallowances as deductible expenditure under Section 23 of this Act | - | - |

Terms and Conditions of the above trade payables

Trade payables are non interest bearing and are normally settled on 45-90 days terms

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

| Particular | Outstandir | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | less than 6 months year | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | March 31, 2025 |
| Trade Payable | | | | | | |
| Due to MSME | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Due to Other than MSME | 962.69 | 164.87 | 37.10 | 36.12 | 1,928.34 | 3,129.11 |
| Total | | | | | | 3,129.11 |

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

| Particular | Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment | | | | | As at |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | less than 6 months year | Less than 1 Years | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 years | March 31, 2024 |
| Trade Payable | | | | | | |
| Due to MSME | 3.28 | - | - | 0.35 | 0.77 | 4.40 |
| Due to Other than MSME | 3,707.37 | 271.26 | 180.80 | 240.69 | 639.57 | 5,039.68 |
| Total | | | | | | 5,044.08 |

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Note 17: SHORT TERMS PROVISIONS | | |
| Provison for Employee Benefits | 4.89 | 1.30 |
| Total | 4.89 | 1.30 |

| | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Note 18 : OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES | | |
| Statutory dues | 225.01 | 229.93 |
| Due to Employees | 81.00 | 34.75 |
| Others | 1,791.16 | 412.63 |
| Total | 2,097.17 | 677.31 |
| Note 19 : REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS | | |
| Income from contracts | 10,491.77 | 8,539.27 |
| Add: Work in Progress, at close | 5,178.94 | 5,542.36 |
| Total | 15,670.71 | 14,081.63 |
| Less: Work in Progress, at commencement | 5,542.36 | 5,146.29 |
| Total | 10,128.35 | 8,935.34 |
| | | |
| Particular | As at | (₹ in Lakhs) As at |
| Farticular | March 31, 2025 | March 31, 2024 |
| Note 20 : OTHER INCOME | | |
| Interest | | |
| Interest Income from bank | 26.58 | 6.15 |
| Interest income from others | 0.22 | - |
| Interest on IT Refund /Income Tax refund | 18.37 | 37.88 |
| Total Interest | 45.18 | 44.03 |
| Other non operating income | | |
| Misc Receipt | 10.89 | - |
| Liabilities no longer required written back | 2.18 | 0.01 |
| Profit on sale of Machinery | 8.92 | - |
| Profit on sales of land | 38.20 | |
| Total Other Income | 60.19 | 0.01 |
| Total | 105.37 | 44.03 |
| | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Note 21 : COST OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL CONSUMED | , | , , , |
| Construction Materials, Stores & Spares | | |
| Opening Stock | 1,631.23 | 1,608.32 |
| Add : Net Purchase | 4,035.72 | 3,162.74 |
| | 5,666.95 | 4,771.06 |
| Less: Closing Stock | 1,759.29 | 1,631.23 |
| Total Consumption | 3,907.65 | 3,139.83 |

| | | (< 111 Laki13) |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
| Note 22 : CONSTRUCTION EXPENSES | | |
| Subcontract Expenses | 3371.05 | 3,705.03 |
| Power and Fuel | 35.38 | 73.01 |
| Transport Charge | 120.29 | 81.89 |
| Hire Charge | 105.40 | 82.86 |
| Labour Charge | 430.15 | 273.12 |
| Repairs to Machinery | 343.65 | 203.12 |
| Other Construction Expenses | 67.63 | 32.48 |
| Total | 4,473.54 | 4,451.49 |
| Note 23 : EMPLOYEES BENEFITS EXPENSES | | |
| Salaries, Wages and other Benefits | 780.70 | 624.05 |
| Contribution to Provident and other funds | 2.11 | 3.14 |
| Staff Welfare Expenses | 132.73 | 78.27 |
| Gratuity fund contributions | 8.13 | 8.96 |
| Total | 923.67 | 714.43 |
| Note 24 : FINANCE COST | | |
| Interest Expenses on | | |
| Term Loans | 32.67 | 22.48 |
| Loan from others | 37.13 | 43.63 |
| Total | 69.80 | 66.11 |
| Note 25 : DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES | | |
| Depreciation & Amortisation | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| Total | 133.28 | 84.37 |
| Note 26 : OTHER EXPENSES | | |
| Travelling & Conveyance (includes Boarding & Lodging Expense) | 47.37 | 41.75 |
| Postage & Telegrams and Telephones | 6.09 | 14.36 |
| Business Promotion Expenses | 2.00 | 1.15 |
| Legal, Professional & consultancy Charges | 170.39 | 97.68 |
| Insurance | 48.34 | 64.59 |
| Rates & Taxes including taxes of income | 16.34 | 1.00 |
| Auditor's Remuneration (Including out of pocket expenses) | 5.50 | 5.50 |
| Tax Audit Fees | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Certificate Charges | 0.35 | 3.51 |
| Printing & Stationery | 6.14 | 4.20 |
| Office Maintenance | 4.46 | 3.11 |
| Rent Expenses | 49.96 | 59.93 |
| попс ширепово | 45.50 | 59.95 |

| Particular | As at March 31, 2025 | As at March 31, 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Interest, Penalty on statutory dues | 47.46 | 6.78 |
| Director Remuneration | 90.00 | 50.00 |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | 10.98 | 32.28 |
| Security Charges | 19.49 | - |
| Commission & Brokerage | 2.08 | - |
| Prier Period Expenses | 3.01 | - |
| Profession tax | 0.64 | - |
| Preliminary Expenses w/off | 13.50 | 1.15 |
| Total | 545.09 | 387.98 |
| Note 26.1 : PAYMENT TO AUDITOR | | |
| | | |

| Sr. No. | Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
|------------|---------------------|---------|---------|
| i) | Audit Fees | 5.50 | 5.50 |
| ii) | Tax Audit Fees | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| iii) | Certificate Charges | 0.35 | 3.51 |

Note 27 : Extraordinary Item

There are no extraordinary items during the current year

Note 28 : Contingent Liabilities

| Sr. No. | Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
|------------|---|----------|---------|
| i) | Bank Gurantee | 2,710.87 | 603.58 |
| ii) | Sales Tax / Vat | | |
| | The total Sales Tax demands that are being contested by the company amounted to Rs 265.11 | 265.11 | 265.11 |
| | The details of Significant demands is as below: | | |
| | The Commercial Tax Department has raised demand of Vat Tax by disallowing of Input Tax | | |
| | Credit for the year 2008-09 Rs 265.11 | | |

Note 29: Earning per share

| Sr. No. | Particulars | 2024–2025 | 2023–2024 |
|------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| i) | Profit attributable to Equity Share holder for basic Earning Per Share | 186.90 | (113.20) |
| ii) | Weighted average number of equity Shares | 2,406.42 | 2131.42 |
| iii) | Face Value of equity share | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| iv) | Earning per share (Basic) | 0.63 | (0.51) |
| v) | Earning per share (Diluted) | 0.63 | (0.51) |

Note 30: Related Party Disclosure

a) List of relatede parties with whom the company entered into transactions

| Sr. No. | Name of Related Party | Nature of Relationship | |
|------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 1. | Mr. Amit Shah | Executive Directors | |
| 2. | Mr. Shivatosh Charkraborty | Company Secretary / CFO | |
| 3. | Mr. Dilip Varghese | Promotor | |
| 4. | Mr. Jerry Varghese | Promotor | |
| 5. | Mrs Saramma Varghese | Promotor | |

b. NATURE OF TRANSACTIONS

(₹ in Lakhs)

| Sr. No. | | 2024-25 | 2023-24 | Nature of Relationship |
|------------|---------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------|
| a) | Managerial Remuneration | | | Key Management personnel |
| 1. | Mr. Jerry Varghese | 30.00 | - | |
| 2. | Mr Amit Shah | 30.00 | 30.00 | |
| 3. | Mr. Dilip Varghese | 30.00 | 30.00 | |
| 4. | Mr.Shivatosh Charkraborty | 15.00 | 15.00 | |
| | | 105.00 | 75.00 | |
| b) | Repayment of Loan | | | |
| | Jerry Varghese | - | 105.94 | Promoter |
| | Saramma Varghese | - | 24.28 | Promoter |
| | | - | 130.22 | |

(c) Related Party Balances

(₹ in Lakhs)

| | | | (/ |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Particulars | Relationship | 31 March 2025 | 31 March 2024 |
| Unsecured Loan | | | |
| Jerry Varghese | Promoter | - | 105.94 |
| Saramma Varghese | Promoter | - | 24.28 |
| Total | | | 130.22 |

Note 31 : Disclosure in accordance with IND AS 11 - Construction Contracts

| | | (< III Lakiis) |
|--|----------|----------------|
| Particulars | 2024-25 | 2023-24 |
| Amount of Contract revenue recognized as revenue in the period | 10491.77 | 8539.27 |
| Contract cost incurred and recongnized profits (less recognized losses | 8509.25 | 7614.23 |
| up to the reporting date | | |
| Recongnised Profit | 1982.52 | 925.04 |
| Advances Received from Customers for Contract work | | |
| Retention Money | 881.49 | 304.00 |
| Gross amount due from customer for contract work | - | - |
| Gross amount due to customer for contract work | - | - |

Note 32 : Segment information

a) Primary Segment

The business segment has been considered as the primary segment. The company is engaged in only one reportable segments viz Construction

b) Secondary Segment

The Company oprates in India and hence there are no geographical Segments.

Note 33 : Disclosure relating to Employee Benefits - As per IND AS - 19

| | | | (III Editilo) |
|----|---|------------|----------------|
| Α | Expenses recongnized in the Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended | 31.03.2025 | 31.03.2024 |
| 1 | Current Service Cost | 2.32 | 2.60 |
| 2 | Interest cost | 3.76 | 6.36 |
| 3 | Actuarial (Gain) / Loss | 4.89 | (5.36) |
| 4 | Past Service Cost- Vested Benefit recognized during the period | - | - |
| 5 | Transitional liability Recongnized during the period | - | - |
| 6 | Expenses Recognized in P & L | 6.09 | 8.96 |
| В | Net Asset / (Liability) recgnized in the Balance Sheet | | |
| 1 | Fair Value of Plant Assets at the end of the period | | |
| 2 | Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the period | (65.25) | (52.23) |
| 3 | Difference | - | (4.16) |
| 4 | Unrecongnized Past Service Cost at the end of the period | - | - |
| 5 | Unrecongnized Transitiaonal Liability at the end of the period | - | - |
| | (Net Liability Recongnized in the Balance Sheet) | (65.25) | (52.23) |
| С | Change in Present Value of Obligation | | |
| 1 | Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the beginning of the Current peiod | 52.23 | 86.60 |
| 2 | Interest Cost | 3.76 | 6.36 |
| 3 | Current Service Cost | 2.32 | 2.60 |
| 4 | Past Service Cost - Non vested Benefit | - | - |
| 5 | Past Service Cost Vested Benefit | - | - |
| 6 | Liability Transferred In | - | - |
| 7 | (Liability Transferred Out) | - | - |
| 8 | (Benefit Paid) | - | - |
| 9 | Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligations | 6.09 | 8.96 |
| 10 | Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the beginning of the Current peiod | 52.23 | 86.60 |
| D | Actuarial Assumptions | | |
| 1 | Discount Rate Previous | 7.20% | 7.35% |
| 2 | Salary Escalation - Previous | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| 3 | Attrition Rate - Previous | 2.00% | 2.00% |
| 4 | Discount Rate - Current | 6.71% | 7.20% |
| 5 | Salary Escalation - Current | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| 6 | Attrition Rate Current | 2.00% | 2.00% |

Note 34: ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

a. ANALYTICAL RATIOS

| Ratios | Numerator | Denominator | As at 31 March 2025 | As at 31 March 2024 | Variance (Amt) | % Variance | Reason for Variance |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Current Ratio (In times) | Current Assets | Current Liabilities | 3.98 | 2.46 | 1.52 | 0.62 | |
| Current Ratio (In times) | Debt (borrowings + Lease Liabilities) | Current Liabilities | 0.18 | 0.49 | (0.31) | (0.64) | |
| Debt Service coverage ratio (in times) | Earnings for Debt Service (Profit after Tax + Depreciation + Finance cost + Profit on sale of property, Plant and equipment) | Debt Service (Interest and lease payment + Principal repayment) | 4.30 | 0.28 | 4.02 | 14.35 | |
| Return on Equity Ratio (in%) | Net Profit for the year | Average shareholders equity | 0.05 | 0.05 | (0.00) | (0.06) | |
| Trade receivables turnover ratio | Revenue from operations | Average trade receivables | 5.75 | 4.85 | 0.90 | 0.19 | |
| Trade payable turnover ratio | Other expenses | Average trade payables | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.17 | 2.11 | |
| Net Capital turnover ratio | Revenue from operations | Working Capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities) | 0.70 | 0.90 | (0.20) | (0.23) | |
| Net Profit ratio (in %) | Net Profit for the year | Revenue from Operation | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | (80.0) | |
| Return on capital employed (in %) | Profit before tax and finance costs | Capital employed (Net worth + Borrowings + Lease Liabilities) | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.37 | |
| Return on Investment (In %) | Income generated from treasury investments | Average invested fund in treasury investments | - | - | - | - | |

34 (A) Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III to the companies Act , 2013

- (i) The Company does not have any benami property held in its name. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami transactions (Probibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender or government or any government authority.
- (iii) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961, (such assearch or survey) that has not been recorded in the books of account.

TARMAT LIMITED

- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- (v) The company does not have any pending charges which is yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- (vi) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017
- (vii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested fund (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other persons or entityies, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities idenfified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Parent Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (viii) The company has not received any fund from any persons or entity(ies), inculding foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (Whether recorded in writing or otherwise) the Company Shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities idenfified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party Ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (ix) The Company does not have any transactions with Companies Struck off.

Note 35

Previous years figures have been regrouped whenever necessary to confirm to the current year presentation.

Note 36

All figures are in lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note 37

There were non Significant events after end of the reporting period which required any adjustment on the disclosure in the financial statement subsequent to the reporting period.

As per our report of even date For **HEGDE & ASSOCIATES**

Sd/-

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of TARMAT LTD

Chartered Accountants (Registration No. 103610W)

MANOJ SHETTY (PARTNER)

Membership No.138593

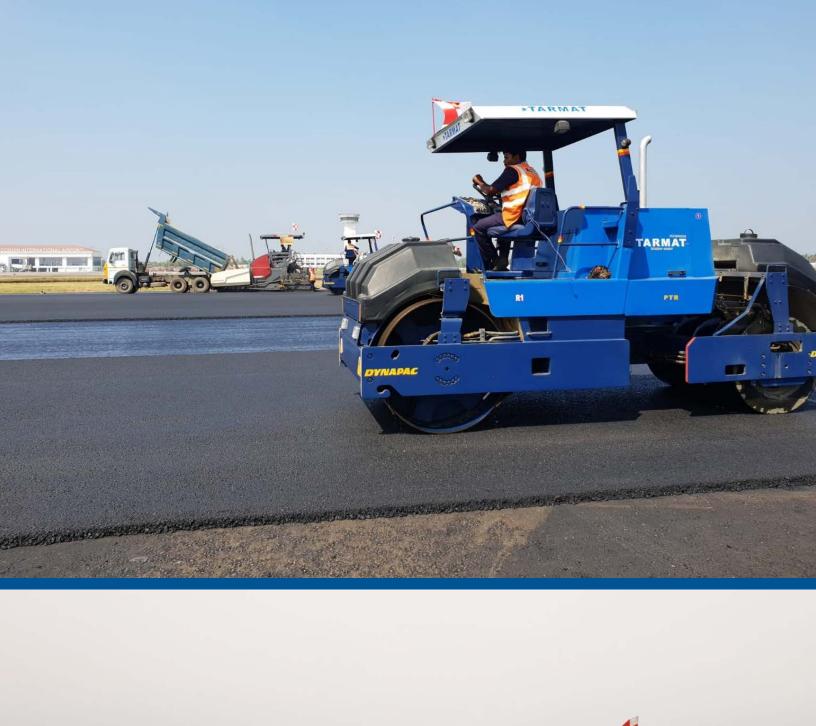
Sd/-JERRY VARGHESE Chairman Din No. 00012905

DILIP VARGHESE Managing Director Din No. 01424196

Sd/-

Sd/-S. CHAKRABORTY Company Secretary / CFO

Place: Mumbai Date: 30.05.2025







Tarmat Limited General A. K. Vaidya Marg, Near Wageshwari Mandir Stop, Off Film City Road, Malad (E), Mumbai - 400 097.

Tel.: +91-22-2840 2130 / 1180 Fax: +91-22-2840 0322

Website: www.tarmat.in Email: tarmatcs@gmail.com