

BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LTD.

An ISO 9001 : 2015 Organisation

Registered Office: Lansdowne Towers, 4th Floor 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata 700 020 $t:+91\ 33\ 4060\ 4444\ (30\ Lines)$, $+91\ 33\ 2283\ 0061$, $f:+91\ 33\ 2283\ 3322$ e:contact@beekaysteel.com, CIN: L27106WB1981PLC033490

Ref: BSIL/RKS/BSE-REG-34/2020-21/15-4

Date: 05.09.2020

To
The Dy. General Manager
Bombay Stock Exchange Limited
P.J. Towers, Floor No. 25, Dalal Street,
Mumbai – 400 001

Dear Sir,

Ref: Scrip Code: - 539018

Sub: Compliance under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015- Submission of Annual Report for the Financial Year 2019-20.

Pursuant to Regulations 34 of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are submitting herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2019-20 along with the Notice of 39th Annual General Meeting to be held on Tuesday, September 29, 2020 at 11.30 a.m. (IST) through Video Conference (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) facility.

Kindly take note of the same in your record.

Thanking You, Yours faithfully,

For Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.

(CS Rabindra Kumar Sahoo)

Company Secretary Enclosed: as above



BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LTD

CIN: L27106WB1981PLC033490

Regd.Off.: 'Lansdowne Towers', 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata-700020 Tel.No.:033-4060 4444,FaxNo.:033-2282 3322, E-Mail:contact@beekaysteel.com, Website:www.beekaysteel.com

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the **39th (Thirty Ninth)** Annual General Meeting of **BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED (CIN: L27106WB1981PLC033490)** will be held on **Tuesday, 29th day of September, 2020 at 11.30 A.M.** through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company including Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, Audited Profit & Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended as on that date together with the Report of Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- 2. To declare dividend on equity shares for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.
- 3. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Manav Bansal, (DIN: 00103024), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re- appointment.
- 4. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Vijay KumarBansal (DIN:01979712), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re- appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

5. APPOINTMENT OF MR. SUDIPTO JANA (DIN:07066362) AS AN INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

To consider and if through fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152, 160, 161, 197(5) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder and pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), Mr. Sudipto Jana (DIN:07066362), who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company by the Board of Directors with effect from 30th September, 2019 pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as Independent Director of the Company for a period of five (5) years w.e.f. 30th September, 2019, not liable to retire by rotation, thedetails regarding his appointment is given in Statement pursuantto Section 102 of the Act annexed to the Notice of this Annual General Meeting.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

6. RE-APPOINTMENT OF MR. GAUTAM BANSAL (DIN: 00102957), AS A WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR

To consider and if through fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197 and 198 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Mr. Gautam Bansal (DIN: 00102957), be and is hereby re-appointed as a Whole-time Director of the Company for a period of 5 (Five) years with effect from 1st June 2020 on such terms and conditions including remuneration as detailed in the Explanatory Statement and as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board), with the power to the Board to revise the remuneration and other terms within the limit prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act of the Companies Act, 2013.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

7. APPROVAL FOR PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION TO THE COST AUDITOR FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2019-20

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), if any, the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:-

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), M/s. Somnath Roy & Associates, Cost Auditors appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31st March, 2021, be paid the remuneration as set out in the Statement annexed to the Notice convening this Meeting.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

Registered Office:

'Lansdowne Towers'
4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road
Kolkata – 700 020

Date: 29th August, 2020

By Order of the Board,
For **BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LTD**.
Sd/-

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Company Secretary

NOTES:

1. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed, the government of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs allowed conduction of Annual General Meeting through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means(OAVM) and dispensed personal presence of the members at the meeting. Accordingly, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08,2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13,2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05,2020, prescribing the procedures and manner of conducting the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM. In terms of the said Circulars, the 39th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the members be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM only. The detailed procedure for participating in the meeting through VC/OAVM is annexed herewith (Refer serial No.31) and available at the Company's Website www.beekaysteel.com

The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.

- 2. The helpline -number regarding any guery/assistance for participation in the AGM through VC/OAVM is-1800-225-533.
- 3. Since, the AGM is being conducted through VC/ OAVM, there is no provision for appointment of proxies. Accordingly, appointment of proxies by the members will not be available.
- 4. The Shareholders can join the AGM in the VC/ OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned hereinbelow in the Notice.
- 5. The notice of Annual General Meeting will be sent to the members, whose names appear in the register of members / depositories as at closing hours of business, on 28th August, 2020.
- 6. The attendance of the Shareholders attending the AGM through VC/ OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act
- 7. Members can raise questions during the meeting or in advance at **contact@beekaysteel.com**. The members are requested to write to the Company on or before 21st September,2020, through Email on **contact@beekaysteel.com**. However,it is requested to raise the queries precisely and in short at the time of meeting to enable to answer the same.
- 8. Corporate members are requested to send at mdpldc@yahoo.com before e-voting/attending annual general meeting, a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting, pursuant to Sec 113 of the Companies Act,2013.
- 9. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- 10. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("Ministry") has taken a "Green Initiative in Corporate Governance" by allowing paperless compliances through electronic mode and has issued Circular No. 17/2011 dated 21-04-2011 stating that service of documents by a Company to its Members can be made through electronic mode. In order to support this Green Initiative, the Members are requested to support the "Green Initiative" by registering their E-mail ID with the Company (e-mail- contact@beekaysteel.com or rksahoo@beekaysteel.com) or with Company's Share Transfer Agent: M/s. Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. (E-Mail mdpldc@yahoo.com)
- 11. Note for Institutional Shareholders
 - Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to log on to https://www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporates.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com
 - After receiving the login details they have to create a compliance user using the admin login and password. The Compliance user would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
 - The list of accounts should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
 - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- 12. Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. I-Phone and Windows phone users can download the app from the App Store and the Windows Phone Store respectively. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.
- 13. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act,2013,in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting is annexed hereto.
- 14. The profile of the Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment, as required in terms of applicable Regulations of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 entered with the Stock Exchange is annexed hereto and forms part of this Notice.
- 15. In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, resultant difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Annual Report and in line with the said Circulars issued by the MCA and said SEBI Circular, the Annual Report including Notice of the 39th AGM of the Company inter alia indicating the process and manner of e-voting is being sent only by Email, to all the Shareholders whose Email IDs are registered with the Company/ Depository Participant(s) for communication purposes to the Shareholders and to all other persons so entitled.
 - Members (Physical/ Demat) who have not registered their email addresses with the company can get the same registered with the company by requesting in member updation form by sending an email to **mdpldc@yahoo.com** and **contact@beekaysteel.com**. Please submit duly filled and signed member updation form to the abovementioned email. Upon verification of the Form the email will be registered with the Company.
 - Further, in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations read with the said Circulars issued by MCA and said SEBI Circular, the Annual Report including Notice of the 39th AGM of the Company will also be available on the website of the Company at www.beekaysteel.com. The same can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. Bombay Stock Exchange Limited at www.bseindia.com and on the website of CDSL i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 16. In terms of the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the said Circulars, the Company is pleased to provide the facility of "evoting" to its Shareholders, to enable them to cast their votes on the resolutions proposed to be passed at the AGM, by electronic means. The instructions for e-voting are given hereinbelow. The Company has engaged the services of Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL"), who will provide the e-voting facility of casting votes to a Shareholder using remote e-voting system (e-voting from a place other than venue of the AGM) ("remote e-voting") as well as e-voting during the proceeding of the AGM ("e-voting at the AGM").
- 17. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, September 22, 2020 to Tuesday, September 29, 2020, both days inclusive.
- 18. In accordance with Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015, the Company has fixed Monday, 21st September, 2020 as the "cut-off date" to determine the eligibility to vote by remote e-voting or e-voting at the AGM. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date, i.e. Monday, 21st

September, 2020, shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting or e-voting at the AGM. The Members desiring to vote through remote e-voting are requested to refer to the detailed procedure as given below. Members whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of email-ids for e-voting for the resolutions are requested to refer the instructions as provided below.

- 19. Investors who became members of the Company subsequent to the dispatch of the Notice / Email and holds the shares as on the cut-off date i.e. 21st September, 2020 are requested to send the duly signed written / email communication to the Company at contact@beekaysteel.com and to the RTA at mdpldc@yahoo.com by mentioning their Folio No. / DP ID and Client ID to obtain the Login-ID and Password for e-voting.
- 20. Those Shareholders, who will be present at the AGM through VC/ OAVM facility and who would not have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system at the AGM.
- 21. The Company has appointed Mr. S. K. Tibrewalla, Membership No. F-3811 & Certificate of Practice No. 3982, Company Secretaries in practice, as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting and the e-voting at the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.
- 22. Institutional Members / Bodies Corporate (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution / Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote through e-mail at santibrewalla@gmail.com with a copy mark to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com on or before 28th September, 2020 upto 5.00 P.M. without which the vote shall not be treated as valid.
- 23. Shareholders holding shares in identical order of names in more than one folio, are requested to write to the Company or to the office of the Registrar & share Transfer Agent, M/s Maheshwari Datamatics Private Limited, 23, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor, Kolkata-700001, enclosing their share certificate to enable the Company to consolidate their holdings in one single folio.
- 24. The Final Dividend for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, as recommended by the Board, if approved at the AGM, will be paid within 30 days of declaration, to those Members whose name appears in the Register of Members of the Company as on the record date, i.e. **Monday, 21st September, 2020**. Members can submit details with the company for receiving dividend directly in their bank accounts through Electronic Clearing Services (ECS) by writing an email at **contact@beekaysteel.com**. In case any member is unable to submit their details for remittance of dividend through ECS, there dividend warrants/ cheque shall be dispatched upon normalization of the postal services, post Covid-19.
- 25. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify immediately any change in their address/mandate/bank details to the Company or to the office of the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent, M/s Maheshwari Datamatics Private Limited, quoting their folio number. The Members updation form forms a part of the Annual Report and is available on the website of the Company.
- 26. Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, dividend for the year ended March 31, 2020 and thereafter, which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) of the Central Government.
- 27. Shareholders who have not so far encashed their Dividend Warrants for the financial years ended 31.03.2015, 31.03.2016, 31.03.2017, 31.03.2018 & 31.03.2019 may immediately approach & contact the Company/ RTA alongwith their bank account details, email address etc. credit of unclaimed and unpaid Dividends to their bank accounts.
- 28. Pursuant to the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ('The Rules'') notified any the Ministry of Corporate Affairs effective September 7, 2016, all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more would be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Suspense Account. The Company has no such shares on which dividend has not been claimed or paid for a consecutive period of seven years.
- 29. The Register of Directors' and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained of the Companies Act, under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all other documents referred to in the notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode. Members can inspect the same by sending an email to contact@beekaysteel.com.
- 30. Members who are present in meeting through video conferencing facility and have not casted their vote on resolutions through remote e- voting, shall be allowed to vote through e-voting system during the meeting.

31. THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- (i) The voting period begins on 26th September, 2020 at 9:00 A.M.and ends on 28th September, 2020 at 5:00 P.M. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 21st September, 2020 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- (v) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

| | For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| PAN* | Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) • Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number, which | | | | | |
| | is printed on Postal Ballot / Attendance slip indicated in PAN field. | | | | | |
| Dividend | Enter the Dividend Bank Details of Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyy) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. | | | | | |
| Bank Details | If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id | | | | | |
| of Date of | / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in above instruction (v). | | | | | |
| Birth (DOB) | | | | | | |

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (x) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote,

- provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LTD> on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "m-Voting". The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.

32. PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- i. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to **Company/RTA email id**.
- ii. For Demat shareholders -, please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to Company/RTA email id.
- iii. The company/RTA shall co-ordinate with CDSL and provide the login credentials to the above mentioned shareholders.

33. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- i. Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at https://www.evotingindia.com under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- ii. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / I-Pads for better experience.
- iii. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- iv. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- v. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their requestin advance atleast 3 (three) days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 3 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (company email id). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- vi. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- vii. All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800225533

34. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those shareholders, who are present in the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the EGM/AGM.
- 3. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the EGM/AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- 4. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the EGM/AGM.

35. NOTE FOR NON - INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS AND CUSTODIANS

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to **helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com** and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen
 signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz;
 contact@beekaysteel.com (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting
 system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at **www.evotingindia.com**, under help section or write an email to **helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com** or call 1800225533.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai – 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800225533.

Other Information:

- 1. Those persons, who have acquired shares and have become members of the Company after the dispatch of Notice of the AGM by the Company and whose names appear in the Register of Members or Register of beneficial holders as on the cut-off date i.e. Monday, 21st September, 2020 shall view the Notice of the 39th AGM on the Company's website or on the website of CDSL. Such persons may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com. However, if he/she is already registered with CDSL for remote e-voting then he/she can cast his/her vote by using existing User ID and password and by following the procedure as mentioned above or by voting at the AGM.
- 2. Voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e. **Monday, 21st September, 2020**. A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purposes only.
- 3. Every Client ID No./ Folio No. will have one vote, irrespective of number of joint holders.

Scrutinizer's Report and Declaration of results

- 1. The Scrutinizer shall, after the conclusion of e-voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast vide e-voting at the AGM and thereafter shall, unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting, in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company. He shall submit a Consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, not later than 48 (forty eight) hours of the conclusion of the AGM, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- The results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.beekaysteel.com and on the website of CDSL i.e. www.evotingindia.com. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results to National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.

Dividend

- 1 The Board of Directors has recommended for consideration of the Shareholders a dividend of 10% i.e.Re.1.00 per Equity share of the nominal value of Rs.10/- each for the year ended 31st March, 2020.
- The Register of Members and Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from **Tuesday**, **22nd September**, **2020 to Tuesday**, **29th September**, **2020 (both days inclusive)**, for the purpose of AGM and Dividend. The Dividend, if declared, will be payable on or after Tuesday, 29th September, 2020, to those Shareholders whose names are registered as such in the Register of Members of the Company as on Monday, 21st September, 2020 and to the beneficiary holders as per the beneficiary list as on Monday, 21st September, 2020 provided by the NSDL and CDSL, subject to deduction of tax at source where applicable.

Payment of Dividend through electronic means:

- (a) The Company provides the facility to the Shareholders for remittance of dividend directly in electronic mode through National Automated Clearing House (NACH). In view of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic and resultant difficulties involved in dispatching of physical dividend warrants, Shareholders holding shares in physical form and desirous of availing this facility of electronic remittance are requested to provide their latest bank account details (Core Banking Solutions Enabled Account Number, 9 digit MICR and 11 digit IFSC Code), along with their Folio Number, to the Company. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to provide the said details to their respective Depository Participants.
- (b) In line with the General Circular No. 20/ 2020 dated 5th May, 2020 issued by the MCA, in case the Company is unable to pay the dividend to any shareholder by the electronic mode, due to non-availability of their latest bank account details (Core Banking Solutions Enabled Account Number, 9 digit MICR and 11 digit IFSC Code), the Company/ RTA shall upon normalization of the postal services, dispatch the dividend warrant/ cheque to such shareholder by post.
- (c) Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form are hereby informed that bank particulars registered against their respective depository accounts will be used by the Company/ RTA for payment of dividend. The Company/ RTA cannot act on any request received directly from the Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form for any change of bank particulars or bank mandates. Such changes are to be advised only to the Depository Participant of the Shareholders.
- Pursuant to Finance Act 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of Shareholders with effect from 1st April, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to the Shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for various categories, the Shareholders are requested to refer to the Finance Act, 2020 and amendments thereof. The Shareholders are requested to update their PAN with the Company/ RTA (in case of shares held in physical mode) and their respective Depository Participants (in case of shares held in dematerialized form). A Resident individual shareholder with PAN and who is not liable to pay income tax can submit a yearly declaration in Form No. 15G/15H, to avail the benefit of non-deduction of tax at source by Email to contact@beekaysteel.com by 21st September, 2020.Effective April 1, 2020, as per the Income Tax Act, 1961, the dividend income is taxable in the hands of shareholders. Accordingly, if any resident individual shareholder is in receipt of dividend exceeding Rs. 5,000 in a fiscal year, entire dividend will be subject to TDS @ 7.5%. The rate of 7.5% is applicable provided the shareholder has updated his/her Permanent Account Number (PAN) with the depository/ Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA). Shareholders are requested to note that in case their PAN is not registered, the tax will be deducted at a higher rate of 20%. Resident shareholders who are eligible for deduction of TDS at a concessional or NILrate as per Section 197 of the Income-tax Act, 1961, can submit the certificate/letter issued by the Assessing Officer, to avail the benefit of lower rate of deduction or non-deduction of tax at source by Email to contact@beekaysteel.com by 21st September, 2020. Non-resident Shareholders can avail beneficial rates under tax treaty between India and their country of residence, subject to providing necessary documents i.e. No Permanent Establishment and Beneficial Ownership Declaration, Tax Residency Certificate, Form 10F, any other document which may be required to avail the tax treaty benefits by sending an Email to contact@beekaysteel.com. The aforesaid declarations and documents need to be submitted by the Shareholders by 21st September, 2020. The aforesaid Form No. 15G/15H can be downloaded from website of the Company i.e. www.beekaysteel.com
- In terms of the provisions of Sections 124 and 125 of the Act, dividend which remains unpaid/ unclaimed for a period of 7 (seven) years from the date of declaration is required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF") established by the Central Government. Further, in terms of the provisions of Section 124 of the Act read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), Equity Shares, in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for 7 (seven) consecutive years or more from the date of declaration, are also required be transferred to an account viz. IEPF Suspense Account, which is operated by the IEPF Authority pursuant to the IEPF Rules. All equity shares of the Company on which dividend has not been paid or claimed for 7 (seven) consecutive years or more, shall be transferred by the Company to the IEPF from time to time. Details of unpaid / unclaimed dividend and equity shares transferred to IEPF are uploaded on the website of the Company as well as that of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India ("MCA"), if any. No claim shall lie against the Company in respect of unclaimed dividend amount and equity shares transferred to the IEPF Suspense Account, respectively, pursuant to the IEPF Rules. Shareholders can however claim both the unclaimed dividend amount and the equity shares from the IEPF Authority by making an online application in web Form No.

IEPF-5, the details of which are available at www.iepf.gov.in.

- In terms of the provisions of Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations and various notifications issued in that regard, requests for effecting transfer of securities (except in case of transmission or transposition of securities) could not be processed since 1st April, 2019 unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form with the depositories. In view of the same, Shareholders are requested to take action to dematerialize the Equity Shares of the Company/ RTA, promptly.
- SEBI has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to the Depository Participants with whom they maintain their demat accounts. Shareholders holding shares in physical form should submit their PAN to the Company/ RTA.
- Shareholders are requested to intimate changes, if any, pertaining to their name, postal address, Email ID, telephone / mobile numbers, PAN, mandates, nominations, power of attorney, bank details (such as name of the bank and branch details, bank account number, MICR code, IFSC code, etc.), with necessary documentary evidence, to their Depository Participants in case the shares are held by them in dematerialized form and to the Company/ RTA in case the shares are held by them in physical form.
- In terms of the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, the facility for making nomination is available for the Shareholders in respect of the shares held by them. Shareholders who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to submit the said details to their Depository Participant(s) and the Shareholders holding shares in physical form, are requested to submit the said details to the Company or RTA. The aforesaid Form No. SH 13 can be downloaded from website of the Company i.e. www.beekaysteel.com
- Shareholders are requested to quote their Folio No. or DP ID Client ID, as the case may be, in all correspondence with the Company or the RTA.
- Since the AGM will be held through Video Conferencing or Other Audio Visual Means, route map of venue of the AGM and admission slip is not attached to

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT [Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013]

The following Explanatory Statement, pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), sets out all material facts relating to the business mentioned at Item Nos. 5 to 7 of the accompanying Notice dated 29th August, 2020:

Item No.5

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and RemunerationCommittee, the Board of Directors appointed Mr. Sudipto Jana as an Additional (Independent) Director of the Company, with effective from 30th September, 2019. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act and Article 95 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Sudipto Jana will hold office up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting unless appointed and is eligible to be appointed as a Director of the Company.

The Company has, in terms of Section 160(1) of the Act, received a notice in writing from a Member, proposing the candidature of Mr. Jana for the office of Director. Mr. Jana shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

The Company has received from Mr. Jana confirmation to the effect that he is not disqualified under Section 164(2) of the Act and he has not been debarred from holding office of a Director by virtue of any Order passed by Securities and Exchange Board of India or any other such authority.

The profile and specific areas of expertise of Mr. Jana are provided as annexure to this Notice.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their respective relatives, except Mr. Jana, to whom the resolution relates, is concerned or interested in the Resolution mentioned at Item No. 6 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the Resolution set forth in Item No. 5 for the approval of the Members.

Item No. 6

The present terms of appointment of Mr. Gautam Bansal as Whole-Time Director had expired on 31st May, 2020. Mr. Gautam Bansal has been re-appointed as a Whole-Time Director of the Company w.e.f. 1st June 2020 for a period of 5 (five) years at the Board of Directors Meeting held on 29th June, 2020 subject to the approval of members by a special resolution in the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company, on such terms and conditions as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in its meeting held on 29th June, 2020 and as approved by the Board are as follow-

- 1. Salary: Rs.4,75,000/- per month and annual increment up to 20% of the salary last drawn as may be approved by the Board annually.
- 2. **Performance Linked Bonus:** Such percentage of the net profits of the Company or such amount as may be decided by the Board of Directors for each financial year or part thereof, provided however that the aggregate amount of Salary and Performance Linked Bonus shall not exceed the limits as per the provisions of section 197 and Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 3. **Perquisites:** The Whole-Time Director, in addition to Salary and Performance Linked Bonus, shall be entitled to the following perquisites which may be reviewed by the Board from time to time:
 - a. Housing: Residential accommodation including electricity (or reimbursement of House Rent in lieu thereof on actual basis).
 - b. Medical Reimbursement: Reimbursement of Medical expenses incurred for self and family on actual basis.
 - c. Leave Travel Concession: For self and family to and from any place in India, once in a year in accordance with the rules of the Company.
 - d. Clubs Fees: Fees of Clubs shall be subject to a maximum of two clubs, provided that no life membership or admission fee shall be paid by Company.
 - e. Personal Accident Insurance: Premium not to exceed Rs. 5,000/ per annum.
 - f. Provident Fund / Superannuation Fund / Gratuity:
 - i) Contribution to provident fund, super-annuation fund or annuity fund in accordance with the rules of the Company, so that these either singly or put together are not taxable under the I.T.Act,1961.
 - ii) Gratuity payable shall not exceed half of a month's salary for each completed year of service.
 - g. Car & Telephone: The Whole-time Director shall be provided car with driver and telephones at his residence for Company's business as well as for personal use. However long distance calls for personal use will be billed by the Company.
 - h. Other Benefits:
 - (i) Leave: On full pay and allowances as per the rules of the Company but not more than one month's leave for every eleven months' of services. However, leave accumulated but not availed of shall be dealt with as per the Income Tax Rules, 1962, Casual and sick leave on full pay and allowance as per rules of the Company.
 - (ii) The Whole-time Director shall be entitled to reimbursement of travelling, entertainment and all other expenses actually and properly incurred for legitimate business need of the Company but subject to rules of the Company framed from time to time.

(iii) The Whole-time Director shall be reimbursed actual out of pocket expenses incurred by him in the course of discharging his duties in the capacity of Executive Director.

Mr. Gautam Bansal, as long as he functions as such, shall not be paid any sitting fee for attending meeting of the Board of Directors of any Committee thereof.

Minimum Remuneration: In the absence of inadequacy of profit of the Company in any financial, Mr. Gautam Bansal will be entitled to receive such remuneration as is permissible under Section 197 read with Schedule V and Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

In accordance to the verification made by the Company and its Nomination Committee, the aforesaid Director is not debarred from holding of office of Directors pursuant to any Securities Exchange Board of India Order.

As per Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), (Amended) Regulations, 2018 applicable from 1st April, 2019, when a Company is having more than one executive promoter Director, the aggregate annual remuneration to such Directors cannot exceed 5% of the net profit of the Company unless the same is approved by the shareholders by means of Special resolution in the general meeting.

The remuneration payable to Mr. Gautam Bansal being the Executive Promoter Director along with the other Executive Promoter Directors of the Company in aggregate may exceeds of 5% of Net Profits of the Company during on his re-appointment and/ or till continuance of his terms of appointment.

Besides, in view of the provision of Section 197(3) and Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 where in any financial year during the currency of tenure of a managerial person, a Company has no profit or its profit are inadequate the appointment of a person as managerial personnel is to be approved by the members by passing a special resolution.

A Statement as per Schedule V (third proviso of Section II of Part II) in respect of appointment of Mr. Gautam Bansal as the Whole-time Director of the Company is annexed hereto which forms part this explanatory statement.

He holds 8,12,856 equity shares of the Company in his own name.

Except for Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal, Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal, Mr. Vikas Bansal and Mr. Manav Bansal, none of the Directors or any Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives is in any way, financially or otherwise, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in the aforesaid resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution as set forth in Item no. 6 for the approval of the members of the Company.

The letter of Appointment issued to Mr. Gautam Bansal setting out the terms of his re-appointment would deemed to be written memorandum u/s 190 of the Act and is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company by any members during business hours in all working days till the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

Item No. 7

The Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has approved the re-appointment of M/s. Somnath Roy & Associates, Cost Auditors, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending March 31, 2021 at a remuneration Rs. 35000/-as their Audit fees plus taxes and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses, if any, as their audit fees.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors needs to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company in the general meeting. Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing the Resolution as set out in Item No. 7of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending 31st March, 2020.

None of the Directors of the Company or any Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are in any way, financially or otherwise, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in the said resolution.

Registered Office:

'Lansdowne Towers' 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road Kolkata – 700 020 By Order of the Board,
For BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LTD.
Sd/Rabindra Kumar Sahoo
Company Secretary

Date: 29th August, 2020

A. Details of the Directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment in forthcoming Annual General Meeting
[In pursuance to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India]

| SI.No. | Name of the Director | Mr. Manav Bansal | Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal | Mr. Sudipto Jana | Mr. Gautam Bansal |
|--------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | DIN | 00103024 | 01979712 | 07066362 | 00102957 |
| 2. | Date of Birth and age | 06/12/1974 & | 04/09/1958 | 29/10/1956 | 29/10/1979 |
| | | 46 years | 61 years | 64 years | 40 years |
| 3. | Nationality | Indian | Indian | Indian | Indian |
| 4. | Date of appointment on Board | 29/11/2006 | 08/05/2001 | 30/09/2019 | 29/11/2006 |
| 5. | Terms & Condition of | Re-appointed under retire by | Re-appointed under retire by | Appointed as independent | Re-appointed as WTD for further |
| | appointment/re-appointment | rotation | rotation | director for a period of 5 years | term of 5 years w.e.f.01.06.2020 |
| | | | | w.e.f. 30.09.2020 subject not to | |
| | | | | retire by rotation | |
| 6. | Remuneration proposed | N.A | N.A. | N.A. | 475000/- p.m. |
| 7. | Remuneration last drawn | N.A | N.A. | N.A. | Rs.102.08 Lakhs |
| | (Rs. In Lakhs) | | | | |
| 8. | No. of shares held in the | 1258196 | Nil | Nil | 8,12,856 |
| | Company | | | | |
| 9. | Qualification & Expertise in | Commerce Graduate | Commerce Graduate | B.Sc (Physics Honours), | Commerce Graduate |
| | specific functional area | MBA from University of | 27 years of rich experience in | CAIIB | MBA from University of |
| | | Wales, UK. | the areas of Administration & | Wide experience in Banking | Wales, UK. |
| | | Rich experience in corporate | project works. | Sector. | 15 years of rich experience in |
| | | planning, accounting & | | {retired as a Chief General | corporate planning, |
| | | financial management and | | Manager (Credit Policy & | Operational & Marketing |
| | | planning, general | | Procedures), State Bank of | Management and planning, |
| | | administration etc. | | India } | general administration etc. |
| | | | | , | 3 |

| SI.No. | Name of the Director | Mr. Manav Bansal | Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal | Mr. Sudipto Jana | Mr. Gautam Bansal |
|--------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 10. | No. of Board Meetings Attended during the F.Y. 2019-20 | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report |
| 11. | List of other listed Companies in which Directorships held as on 31st March, 2020 | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report |
| 12. | List of other Companies in which Directorships held as on 31st March, 2020 | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report |
| 13. | Chairman/ Member of the Committee of the Board of other Companies in which he/she is a Director as on 31st March, 2020 | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report |
| 14. | Disclosure of relationship between Directors, Managers and Key Managerial Personnel inter-se | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report |

B. Statement as per Schedule V (third proviso of Section II of Part II)of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of remuneration payable by the Company having no profits or inadequate profits

I. General Information:

- 1) Nature of industry: Manufacturing of Steel.
- 2) Date or expected date of commencement of commercial production: Not Applicable as it is an existing Company since 1983.
- 3) In case of new Companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus: Not Applicable.
- 4) Financial performance based on given indicators:

| | | (Rs in Crores) | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|----------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | 31.03.2020 | 31.03.2019 | 31.03.2018 | | | |
| Turnover (Gross): | 811.97 | 967.26 | 992.38 | | | |
| Net Profit/(Loss): | 78.14 | 98.26 | 70.79 | | | |

5) Foreign investments or collaborations, if any: No investment is made by the Company during f.y. 2019-20.

II. Information about the appointee:

| Name of the appointee: | Mr. Manav Bansal (WTD & CFO) | Mr. Sudipto Jana (ID) | Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal (NED) | Mr. Gautam Bansal (WTD) |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Background details: | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report | Refer Corporate Governance Report |
| Past remuneration (Rs. In Lakhs) | Refer Corporate Governance Report | N.A. | N.A. | Rs. 102.08 Lakhs |
| Remuneration proposed | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | As provided in the notice |
| Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the Company, profile of the position and person | N.A. (re-appointment under retire by rotation) | N.A. | N.A. (re-appointment under retire by rotation) | The Board is of the opinion that the proposed remuneration is commensurate with his role and responsibility as the Wholetime Director of the Company. |
| Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the Company or relationship with the managerial personnel, if any. | No pecuniary relationship with the Company except managerial remuneration. | No pecuniary relationship with the Company. | No pecuniary relationship with the Company. | ' ' |

The disclosure of relationships between Directors inter se as required as per Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India are as follows:

Relationship between the Directors inter se:

| Name of Directors | Name of Relationship |
|------------------------|---|
| Mr. Manav Bansal | Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal- Father, Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal- Father's Brother, Mr. VikasBansal- Brother & Mr. Gautam Bansal - Son of Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal |
| Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal | No relation with other Directors |
| Mr. GautamBansal | Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal- Father, Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal- Father's Brother, Mr. VikasBansal& Mr. ManavBansal - Sons of Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal |
| Mr. Sudipto Jana | No relation with other Directors |

III. Other information:

- i) Reasons of loss or inadequate profits:NA
- ii) Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement: NA
- iii) Expected increase in productivity and profitability in measurable terms: NA

IV. Disclosures:

The requisite disclosure with respect to Mr. Manav Bansal, Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal, Mr. Gautam Bansal & Mr. Sudipto Jana has been set out in item no. 3, 4, 5 & 6 of the Explanatory Statement annexed to the notice convening this meeting.



Beekay Steel Industries Limited

Content

| Chairman's overview | 1 |
|---|-----|
| Our financial performance for last 10 years | 4 |
| Directors report | 6 |
| Business responsibility report | 34 |
| Management Discussion and Analysis | 40 |
| Report on Corporate Governance | 44 |
| Standalone Financials | 64 |
| Consolidated Financials | 101 |

Chairman's overview

"The company continues to keep the growth in terms of performance of the company in spite of amid slowdown in automotive sectors and reduction of steel prices by 14% and slow domestic consumption"

Overview

IT GIVES ME A VERY GREAT PLEASURE TO PRESENT THE PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY FOR 2019-20.

THE COMPANY CONTINUES TO KEEP THE GROWTH IN TERMS OF PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY IN SPITE OF AMID SLOWDOWN IN AUTOMOTIVE SECTORS AND REDUCTION OF STEEL PRICES BY 14% AND SLOW DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION. YOUR COMPANY REPORTED REVENUE OF RS. 811.97 CRORES WITH EBIDTA OF RS. 125.94 CRORES.

Strong balance sheet

Despite having made substantive capex investments in the last two years amounting Rs. 65.44 Crores funded through the Company's internal accruals, our balance sheet remained largely unleveraged during the year under review with a long term gearing ratio of only 0.31.

The Beekay Steel has helped rationalize working capital requirements through cash-and-carry business model. The Company's receivables cycle was at 43 days turnover equivalent in FY20 compared to 45 days in FY19. The Company's debt equity ratio was 0.06 in FY20 comparing with 0.08 in FY19 and working capital/turnover ratio was 13.25 times in FY20 comparing with 10.67 times in FY19.

B2B performance

During the last financial year, 31% of the Company's revenue was derived from B2B segment. In this segment the company has catered it's structural and sections items with downstream applications in the engineering, infrastructure and automotive sectors like Tata International, BALCO, Amtek Group, BHEL, Tata Steel, L&T, Raymonds, Hindalco, Amalgamations Group, Vedanta and others.

Engineering and Infrastructure

Beekay Steel derived 63% of B2B revenues from heavy structurals and section items marketed to the engineering and infrastructure industries.

Automotive

At Beekay Steel, 37% revenue was derived from B2B revenue addressing the demand in automotive sectors. The business was affected in this year by the amid slowdown in this segment. Also the COVID19 pandemic has come as a double whammy for India's automobile sector, which is already reeling under recession for over a year now. But a recent survey offers a glimmer of hope to the automobile industry. The report, changing gears: The impact of COVID19 on the automobile industry, by carandbike com, has forecast a possible

V-shape recovery. The Company has already commissioned 2nd mill in Special Steel unit at Visakhapatnam and expected to be operational by the end of 3rd quarter of FY21 which will larglely cater to the increase in demand in automobile segment.

B2C performance

During the year under review, 69% of the Company's revenue was derived from B2C segments. It comprises the marketing of TMT bars utilized in the construction industries and also to the traders as end users. The Company has strengthened its retail marketing by taking over the entire business from its sole-selling distributors in Coimbatore, Bangalore, Hyderabad, Mumbai & Pune with effect from 1st February, 2020 to increase the market penetration of all products on pan India basis.

Construction

At Beekay Steel, 57% revenue was derived from B2C segments where TMT bars are used in the construction and infrastructure sectors. Over the last couple of years, the company has widened its market in the coastal areas of Andhra Pradesh by way of massive advertisement and branding establishment in all media platforms. During the year under review, the company strengthens the engagement with the distributors and trading partners and made a road map to reach every corner in Andhra Pradesh. TMT bars segment of the company had an 80% share of the total export turn over of the company in FY20 and it will help in achieveing better capacity utilisation

Product mix basket

The Company is engaged in manufacturing of thermo mechanical treatment (TMT) bars, hot rolled sections, bright bars, structurals and machined bars. It offers both standard and customised sections, such as including round bars, square bars, hexagons, flat bars, round corner squares, special profiles, including rectangular bars for aluminum industries. It also manufactures bright bars, which find applications in



areas, such as pump shafts, machined components, valves, dairy equipment and fasteners. It offers medium and heavy angles, channels, and beams under structural category.

Cost effectiveness and efficiency

At Beekay Steel, we always focus to reduce the rolling mill rolls operating cost, including reducing energy consumption, choosing the right equipment, leverage automation and process optimization.

During the year under review, the Company imported tungsten carbide rolls (TC Rolls) as a measure of cost effectiveness and high efficiency in the form of high speed rolling steel wire with long lifespan. Most of the units are also equipped with coal pulverizer to optimize the heating process and reduce fuel costs.

Optimization of production capacity

During the year under review, the company has achieved 100% utilization in TMT bars production capacity with scale of 5,00,000 MPTA in its Jamshedpur and TMT bar division at Parwada. The company has modernized mill at Jamshedpur plant with investment of 12 crores to improve the product mix and increase capacity utilisation to produce the entire range 8-40 mm of TMT Bars.

Your company has also achieved 50% utilization in hot-rolled sections in the unit of Beekay Structurals steels, Special Steel, Radice Ispat and Beekay Chengalpet with scale of 2,32,000 MPTA. The Company is strengthening the marketing team with

increasing Brand spend and creating of distributor channels for optimization of production capacity in all these units.

Strengthening our financials

During the year under review, the company generated Rs. 101 Crores in cash profit which will help to strengthening the Company's fiscal efficiency in long run.

The Company is also reduced working capital to Rs.61.29 Crores in this FY20 from Rs. 90.41 Crores in the previous year and it helped to moderate interest out flow from Rs. 15.77 Crores to 10.22 Crores. Correspondingly interest coverage strengthened from 11.56 times to 12.32 times.

Outlook for 2020-21

As per the present scenario, the construction sectors are going to be a pan India driver of steel demand in the country. This would be driven by strong government thrust for infrastructure development and housing for all. Government initiatives such as "Smart Cities" and "Affordable Housing" as well as building of industrial corridors will boost India 'steel demand definitely'.

The Company will continue and take this opportunity to serve the outsourcing requirements with the institutional partners. The Company will also focus on increasing own manufacturing production in all the units including TMT bar division by way of advertisement, establishment of branding with use of pan-India base marketing network.

Suresh Chand Bansal-Executive Chairman

Performance at a glance (Ten years' review)

(Rs. In Crores)

| PARTICULARS | 2019-20 | 2018-19 | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 | 2011-12 | 2010-11 |
|--|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Sales | 811.97 | 964.76 | 992.39 | 779.43 | 559.52 | 554.20 | 581.13 | 609.04 | 600.03 | 458.58 |
| Other Income | 1.66 | 2.50 | 10.05 | 2.76 | 1.50 | 1.99 | 2.08 | 1.79 | 1.64 | 2.29 |
| Total Income (A) | 813.63 | 967.26 | 1,002.44 | 782.19 | 561.02 | 556.19 | 583.21 | 610.83 | 601.67 | 460.87 |
| Manufacturing & Other Expenses (B) | 687.69 | 784.96 | 858.95 | 695.17 | 494.22 | 494.03 | 521.64 | 556.67 | 547.29 | 410.91 |
| EBIDTA (C) [A-B] | 125.94 | 182.30 | 143.49 | 87.02 | 66.80 | 62.16 | 61.57 | 54.16 | 54.38 | 49.97 |
| Finance Costs | 10.22 | 15.77 | 18.50 | 18.87 | 21.24 | 21.36 | 20.04 | 16.65 | 18.23 | 14.46 |
| Depreciation | 23.06 | 16.37 | 14.99 | 14.82 | 15.92 | 16.46 | 12.56 | 9.28 | 9.25 | 7.51 |
| Profit Before Tax | 92.66 | 150.16 | 110.00 | 53.33 | 29.64 | 24.34 | 28.97 | 28.23 | 26.90 | 28.00 |
| Less:-Taxation / Deferred Tax | 14.52 | 51.90 | 39.21 | 18.84 | 10.32 | 8.75 | 10.67 | 9.20 | 8.75 | 9.12 |
| Profit / (Loss) After Tax | 78.14 | 98.26 | 70.79 | 34.49 | 19.32 | 15.59 | 18.30 | 19.03 | 18.15 | 18.88 |
| Adjustment in the respect of the earlier years | - | - | - | (0.01) | (0.00) | 0.01 | (0.06) | (0.01) | 0.02 | (0.01) |
| Profit Available For Appropriation | 78.14 | 98.26 | 70.79 | 34.48 | 19.32 | 15.60 | 18.24 | 19.02 | 18.17 | 18.87 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Appropriation | | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Dividend Amount & Dividend Tax | 4.58 | 2.29 | 2.29 | 2.29 | 2.29 | 2.29 | - | - | - | 1.00 |
| (b) Transfer to / from Reserves | - | - | - | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 4.20 |
| Surplus | 73.56 | 95.97 | 68.50 | 27.19 | 12.03 | 8.31 | 13.24 | 14.02 | 13.17 | 13.67 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| What The Company Owned | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed Assets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross Block | 397.71 | 370.00 | 333.12 | 320.28 | 308.24 | 298.56 | 274.49 | 198.51 | 172.23 | 162.47 |
| Less: Depreciation | 185.09 | 162.09 | 146.00 | 131.22 | 116.50 | 100.57 | 84.28 | 71.70 | 62.65 | 53.56 |
| Net Block | 212.62 | 207.91 | 187.12 | 189.06 | 191.74 | 197.99 | 190.21 | 126.81 | 109.58 | 108.91 |
| Capital Work-in-Progress | 20.95 | 23.41 | 25.35 | 22.56 | 24.16 | 21.43 | 27.48 | 61.08 | 37.96 | 8.09 |
| Investment | 35.25 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.66 |
| Current Assets & Advances | 371.62 | 380.81 | 381.82 | 309.44 | 262.20 | 308.79 | 248.88 | 255.77 | 274.94 | 238.78 |
| | 640.44 | 612.36 | 594.52 | 521.29 | 478.33 | 528.44 | 466.80 | 443.89 | 422.71 | 356.44 |
| What The Company Owed | | | | | | | | | | |
| Secured Loans | 62.76 | 92.23 | 150.39 | 140.11 | 125.95 | 116.70 | 131.51 | 114.38 | 101.14 | 98.20 |
| Redeemable Preference Shares | | | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Unsecured Loans | 25.80 | 28.61 | 31.24 | 45.45 | 37.95 | 57.37 | 36.91 | 26.40 | 36.08 | 32.98 |
| Deferred Tax Liability | 22.59 | 33.30 | 32.47 | 32.63 | 28.84 | 29.72 | 27.61 | 18.59 | 15.10 | 14.52 |
| Current/Long Term Liabilities & Provisions | 59.64 | 61.75 | 79.98 | 71.21 | 86.14 | 144.32 | 103.78 | 135.76 | 140.65 | 119.16 |
| | 170.79 | 215.89 | 294.08 | 289.40 | 278.88 | 348.11 | 299.81 | 295.13 | 292.97 | 264.86 |
| Net Worth of the Company | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 19.09 | 17.09 |
| Reserve & Surplus | 450.56 | 377.38 | 281.35 | 212.80 | 180.36 | 161.24 | 147.90 | 129.67 | 110.65 | 74.49 |
| | 469.65 | 396.47 | 300.44 | 231.89 | 199.45 | 180.33 | 166.99 | 148.76 | 129.74 | 91.58 |
| Financial Indicators | | | | | | | | | | |
| Earning per Share (EPS) | 40.97 | 51.52 | 37.12 | 18.08 | 10.13 | 8.18 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 11.00 |
| Book Value per Equity Share (Rs.) | 246.25 | 207.88 | 157.53 | 121.59 | 104.58 | 94.55 | 87.56 | 78.00 | 68.03 | 48.02 |



Corporate Information

| | Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal - Executive Chairman | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal - Managing Director | | | |
| | Mr. Vikas Bansal - Executive Director | | | |
| | Mr. Manav Bansal - Wholetime Director & CFO | | | |
| | Mr. Gautam Bansal - Wholetime Director | | | |
| BOARD OF DIRECTORS | Mr. Vijay Bansal - Non Executive Director | | | |
| BOARD OF DIRECTORS | Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan - Independent Director | | | |
| | Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan - Independent Director | | | |
| | Mr. Srikumar Banerjee - Independent Director | | | |
| | Ms. Shyanthi Dasgupta - Independent Woman Director | | | |
| | Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani - Independent Director | | | |
| | Mr. Sudipto Jana - Independent Director | | | |
| | State Bank of India | | | |
| | Allahabad Bank | | | |
| BANKERS | Punjab National Bank | | | |
| | Bank of Baroda | | | |
| | YES Bank | | | |
| COMPANY SECRETARY | Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo | | | |
| | M/s. Lihala & Co. | | | |
| AUDITORS | Chartered Accountants 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata-700069 | | | |
| | Mr. Santosh Kumar Tibrewalla | | | |
| SECRETARIAL AUDITORS | Practising Company Secretary 5A, N.C. Dutta Sarani, Kolkata - 700 001 | | | |
| | 'Lansdowne Towers', 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, | | | |
| REGISTERED OFFICE | 4th Floor, Kolkata: 700 020, Tel: (033) 4060 4444, Fax: (033) 2282 3322, Email: contact@beekaysteel.com, Web: www.beekaysteel.com | | | |
| | M/s. Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd. | | | |
| | 23, R.N Mukherjee Road, Kolkata-700 001 | | | |
| REGISTER & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT | Phone: (033) 2243-5029/5809 | | | |
| | Fax : (033) 22484787 | | | |
| | Email: mdpldc@yahoo.com | | | |
| WORKS | Jamshedpur (Jharkhand), Chennai (Tamil Nadu), Visakhapatnam, (Andhra Pradesh) | | | |
| HOMS | a. Autonagar, b. Bheemlipatnam, c. Vellanki, d. Parwada, Howrah (West Bengal) | | | |

Directors' Report to the shareholders

Dear Shareholders,

The Board of Directors are pleased to present the 39th (Thirty Ninth) Annual Report on the business and operations of your Company together with the Company's Audited Financial Statements (standalone and consolidated) for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

(Rs in Crores)

| Financial results | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Stand | alone | Conso | lidated | | | |
| Particulars | Financial Year 2019-20 | Financial Year 2018-19 | Financial Year 2019-20 | Financial Year 2018-19 | | | |
| Operating Income | 811.97 | 964.76 | 811.97 | 964.76 | | | |
| Profit before interest, depreciation & taxation | 125.94 | 182.30 | 125.94 | 182.30 | | | |
| Finance Cost | 10.22 | 15.77 | 10.22 | 15.77 | | | |
| Depreciation | 23.06 | 16.37 | 23.06 | 16.37 | | | |
| Profit before taxation | 92.66 | 150.16 | 92.66 | 150.16 | | | |
| - Current Tax | 25.10 | 51.10 | 25.10 | 51.10 | | | |
| - Deferred Tax | (10.58) | 0.80 | (10.58) | 0.80 | | | |
| Profit after taxation | 78.14 | 98.26 | 78.14 | 98.26 | | | |
| Share of Profit/(Loss) from Associates | - | - | 0.38 | 0.83 | | | |
| Balance brought forward | 290.14 | 194.11 | 291.45 | 194.59 | | | |
| Profit available for appropriation | 368.27 | 292.36 | 369.96 | 293.67 | | | |
| Appropriation | | | | | | | |
| Dividend-Equity Shares | 3.81 | 1.90 | 3.81 | 1.90 | | | |
| Dividend Tax | 0.77 | 0.39 | 0.77 | 0.39 | | | |
| Transfer to General Reserve | | | | | | | |
| Remeasurement of net defined benefit plan(net of tax) | 0.37 | (0.07) | 0.37 | (0.07) | | | |
| Balance carried forward | 363.32 | 290.14 | 365.01 | 291.45 | | | |

Financial highlights

- The Standalone Gross Revenue from operations for FY 2020 was Rs. 811.97crores (Previous Year Rs. 964.76 crores)
- The Operating Profit stood at Rs. 125.94 crores as against Rs. 182.30 crores in the Previous year
- The Net Profit for the year stood at Rs. 92.66 crores against Rs. 150.16 crores reported in the previous year
- Export turnover increased by 41% from Rs. 131.15 crores in previous year to Rs. 184.92 crores.

• EPS of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2020 stood Rs. 40.97 as compared to Rs. 51.52 in its previous year.

During the year under review, the company continued its growth in terms of volume of production and it is increased from 6,15,853 Metric tons in previous year to 6,21,003 Metric tons despite the challenges it faced in the automotive sectors, geo-political uncertainties with the unprecedented Pandemic Covid-19 situation in mid March 2020. The company's revenue from operations is down by 16% from Rs. 964.76 crores in previous year to Rs.811.97 crores due to steel prices declined as subdued economic activity, seasonal slowdown in India and also due to lower sales within our own manufacturing segment. EBIDTA margin is also down by 3% from Rs. 182.30 crores in previous year to Rs.125.94 crores due to lower net realization rate. The revenue in conversion business of the Company is increased by 15% from Rs.138.26 crores in previous year to Rs.158.57 crores, which is around 20% of the operating revenue and it provides the stability to revenue and EBIDTA of the company.

The Company is committed to its vision to emerge as an efficient producer of steel products in the secondary market with customized solutions in hot rolled sections, TMT bars and cold drawn sections. The Company is also strengthening its B2C (TMT Bars) segment through aggressive spending on advertisement and brand building. The Company is also focused on increasing capacity utilization of all units, improving product-mix, reducing operating costs and improving operational efficiency with technology upgradation.

Dividend

Your Directors are pleased to recommend a dividend of 10 % (Rs.1/-) per equity share of Rs.10/-each (Last year Rs.2/-) for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020 subject to approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The total outgo on account of dividend will be aggregating to Rs.190.72 Lakhs.

Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)

The unpaid and unclaimed dividend lying in the Unpaid Dividend Account becomes due to be transferred to Investor Education & Protection Fund ("IEPF") after a period of 7 (seven) years. Your Directors therefore suggest you to claim the unpaid dividend before the last date.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013, Investor Education and Protection Fund



Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (including amendments thereof) read with circulars and notifications issued there under, all the shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for 7 consecutive years or more shall be transferred by the Company in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

In accordance with the aforesaid provisions, the Company is yet to transfer equity shares to Investor Education Protection Fund (IEPF), those who had not claimed dividend for a period of 7 years with effect from the FY 2009-10, as per the IEPF Rules notified by the Central Govt. from time to time. Your Company has also initiates to transfer the equity shares of those shareholders who had not claimed dividend from FY 2010-11 till date of the report.

Any shareholder whose shares are transferred to IEPF can claim the shares, as per the IEPF rules made there under, by making an online application in Form IEPF-5 (available on www.iepf.gov.in) along with the fees prescribed to the IEPF authority with a copy to the Company.

Reminders had been sent to the Shareholders who have not claimed their dividends and whose shares are due to be transferred to IEPF in accordance with provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and IEPF Rules made there under.

Share Capital

The paid up equity share capital as on March 31, 2020 stood at Rs.19,09,09,270/- comprising of 1,90,72,052 shares of Rs. 10/-each fully paid shares and balance of Rs.1,88,750 is the amount of forfeited shares.

Your Company has not issued any equity shares, equity shares with differential rights, Sweat Equity Sares, Employees' Stock Options and did not purchase its own shares. Hence there is no information to be provided as required under Rule 4(4), Rule 8(13), Rule 12(9) and Rule 16(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and Section 62 of the Companies Act 2013, respectively.

Finance

Cash and cash equivalents as at March 31, 2020 was Rs. 739.11 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 650.35 Lakhs). The company continues to focus on judicious management of its working capital, Receivables, inventories and other working capital parameters were kept under strict check through continuous monitoring.

In the Month of March, 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic developed rapidly into a global crisis, forcing governments to enforce lockdowns of all economic activity. For the Company, the focus immediately shifted to ensuring the health and well-being of all employees, and on minimizing disruption to

services for all our customers globally. As of 31st March, 2020, work from home was enabled to close to 25 % of the employees to work securely.

Deposits

Your Company has not accepted any deposits during the year, no deposits remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year and there was no default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

Transfer to Reserve

The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserves out of the profit for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

The closing balance of the retained earnings of the Company for FY 2020, after all appropriation and adjustments was Rs. 363.32 crores.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

The Company has neither given any loans or guarantees nor made any investment during the year under review. The overall limit is within the powers of the Board as applicable to the Company in terms of the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The particulars of loans, guarantees and investments have been disclosed in the notes of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 and form a part of this Annual Report.

Internal Financial Controls

The Company has in place an adequate and robust system for internal financial controls commensurate with the size and nature of its business. Internal control systems are integral to the Company's corporate governance policy and no reportable material weakness was observed in operations.

The internal control systems and procedures are designed to assist in the identification and management of risks, the procedure-led verification of all compliance as well as an enhanced control consciousness.

The Audit Committee of the Company evaluated the adequacy of internal financial control. During the year such controls were tested with reference to financial statements and no reportable material weakness in the formulation or operations were observed. The Statutory Auditors of the Company conducted audit on the Company's internal financial control over financial reporting and the report of the same is annexed with Auditor's Report.

Corporate Social Responsibilities

The Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprising of three directors, the details of which are mentioned in the corporate governance Report which form part of this Report.

In compliance with section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014, the disclosures with respect to CSR Committee and expenditure made by the Company forms part of this Report and marked as "Annexure "A". The Committee met 4 (four) times during the year to discharge its responsibilities. The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at the web link: https://www.beekaysteel.com.

Extract of Annual Return

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 92(3) & 134(3) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12 of the Companies(Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the details forming part of the extract of the annual return in Form No. MGT-9, is marked as "Annexure - B" and annexed hereto and forms a part of this report.

Number of Meetings of the Board

The Board of Directors met 7(Seven) times during the year and the maximum interval between two meetings did not exceed 120 days. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act and the Listing Regulations. The details of the number of meetings of the Board held during the financial year 2019-20 also form part of the Corporate Governance Report.

Director's Responsibility Statement

As required by Sections 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 your Directors state that:

- (a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020, the applicable accounting standards have been followed with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- (b) The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the annual accounts have been applied consistently except as otherwise stated in the Notes to Financial Statements and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the Financial Year 2019-20 and of the profit for the year ended 31st March, 2020;
- (c) Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safe guarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting

fraud and other irregularities;

- (d) The annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020, have been prepared on a going concern basis.
- (e) That proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively.
- (f) That systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and were adequate and operating effectively.

Declaration by Independent Directors

Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan, Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan, Mr. Srikumar Banerjee, Mrs. Shyanthi Dasgupta, Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani and Mr. Sudipto Jana are Independent Directors on the Board of the Company. The Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed both under the Companies Act, 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter 'SEBI LODR Regulation').

Company's Policy on Director's Appointment and Remuneration

Pursuant to provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 the Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, has formulated a Remuneration Policy.

The remuneration policy of the Company, inter alia, includes the aims and objectives, principles of remuneration, guidelines for remuneration/sitting fees to Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors, fixed and variable components in the remuneration package, criteria for identification of the Board Members and appointment of senior management.

The criteria for identification of the Board Members including that for determining qualification, positive attributes, independence etc. are summarily given hereunder:

- The Board Member shall possess appropriate skills, qualification, characteristics and experience. The objective is to have a Board with diverse background and experience in business, government, academics, technology, human resources, social responsibilities, finance, law etc. and in such other areas as may be considered relevant or desirable to conduct the Company's business in a holistic manner.
- · Independent Director shall be person of integrity and possess expertise and experience and/or someone who the Committee/Board believes could contribute to the growth/



philosophy/strategy of the Company.

- In evaluating the suitability of individual Board Members, the Committee takes into account many factors, including general understanding of the Company's business dynamics, global business, social perspective, educational and professional background and personal achievements.
- · Director should possess high level of personal and professional ethics, integrity and values. He should be able to balance the legitimate interest and concerns of all the Company's stakeholders in arriving at decisions, rather than advancing the interests of a particular section.
- Director must be willing to devote sufficient time and energy in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively. He must have the aptitude to critically evaluate management's working as part of a team in an environment of collegiality and trust.
- The Committee evaluates each individual with the objective of having a group that best enables the success of the Company's business and achieves its objectives.

The Company's policy on appointment and remuneration of directors are available on the website of the Company at www.beekaysteel.com

Credit Rating

During the year under review, the long term credit rating of the Company is affirmed/assigned as "IND A" with "Stable" outlook by India Rating and Research (Ind Ra), a wing of international rating agency FITCH Group.

Related Party Transactions

All transactions entered with Related Parties during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business and the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not attracted. Further, there are no materially significant related party transactions the Company's Promoters, Directors and others as defined in section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 during the year under review.

The necessary disclosures regarding the transactions as required in Form AOC-2 are given in the notes to accounts. The Company has also formulated a policy on dealing with the Related Party Transactions and necessary approval of the Audit Committee and Board of Directors were taken wherever required in accordance with the Policy. The Company has not entered into any specific contract with related parties.

Risk management

The Company has a robust Risk Management framework

to identify, evaluate business risks, and opportunities. This framework seeks to minimize adverse impact on the business objectives and enhance the Company's competitive advantage. The framework also defines the risk management approach across the enterprise at various levels. Risk Management forms an integral part of the Company's planning process.

Board evaluation & criteria for evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015, the Board carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the individual Directors as well as the working of the Committees of the Board. The evaluation process inter alia considers attendance of Directors at Board and committee meetings, acquaintance with business, compliance with code of conduct, vision and strategy, which is in compliance with applicable laws, regulations and guidelines.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by Independent Directors.

The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company. Details of the same are given in the Report on Corporate Governance annexed hereto. Details of the same are given in the Report on Corporate Governance annexed hereto.

The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company. Details of the same are given in the Report on Corporate Governance annexed hereto. Details of the same are given in the Report on Corporate Governance annexed hereto.

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

(i) Directors - Retirement by Rotation:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152(6) and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Manav Bansal, (DIN: 00103024), & Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal, (DIN: 01979712), Directors of the Company would retire by rotation from the Board and being eligible, offers themselves for re-appointment.

The above appointments are subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

(ii) Appointment/Re-appointment of Directors/Executive **Directors:**

The present terms of appointment of Mr. Gautam Bansal as

Whole-Time Director had expired on 31st May, 2020. Based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC) and pursuant to the performance evaluation and extensive involvement in the business and affairs of the Company, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 29th June, 2020 has re-appointed Mr. Gautam Bansal as Whole-Time Director with effect from 1st June, 2020 for a period of 5 (Five) years pursuant to the of Sections 196, 197 and 198 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) subject to the approval of members by special resolution in the ensuing Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of sections 149, 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Director) Rules, 2014 Mr. Sudipto Jana (DIN: 07066362) has been recommended by the NRC and then appointed as an Additional Director (Independent) by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 30th September, 2019. The Board recommended his appointment as Normal Independent Director by the Members of the Company at the ensuing AGM.

The profile and particulars of experience, attributes and skills of the appointed/re-appointed Directors are disclosed in the Notice.

(iii) Whole time Key Managerial Personnel (KMP):

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal, Managing Director, Mr. Manav Bansal, Whole time Director & CFO, and Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo, Company Secretary is continuing to be the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company. During the year under review, there has been no change in the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified as per section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under. The Directors have also made necessary disclosures to the extent as required under provisions of section 184(1) as applicable.

Details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators, courts and tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future

There have been no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

Changes in the nature of business, if any

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower Policy

In compliance with provisions of Section 177(9) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 22 of SEBI LODR Regulation, the Company has framed a Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy to deal with unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy, if any. The Vigil Mechanism/Whistle Blower Policy has also been uploaded on the website of the Company.

Commitment towards highest moral and ethical standards in the conduct of business is of utmost importance to the Company. The Audit committee oversees the vigil mechanism and the persons who avail the mechanism are encouraged to escalate to the level of the Audit Committee for any issue of concerns impacting and compromising with the interest of the Company and its stakeholders in any way. This policy also allows the direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee and makes protective disclosures about the unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation.

Details relating to Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Employees

Disclosure pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is marked as "Annexure - C" which is annexed hereto and forms part of the Directors' Report.

Particulars of Employees

There is no such employee in the Company, the information of which is required to be furnished under provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Having regard to the provisions of Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Report excluding the aforesaid information is being sent to the members of the Company.

Company's Website

The website of your Company, www.beekaysteel.com, has been designed to present the Company's businesses up-front on the home page. The site carries a comprehensive database of information including the Financial Results of your Company, Shareholding pattern, Director's & Corporate Profile, details of Board Committees, Corporate Policies and business activities of your Company. All the mandatory information and disclosures as per the requirements of the Companies



Act, 2013 and Companies Rules 2014 and as per the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015 (erstwhile Listing Agreement) has been uploaded.

Performance & Financial Position of Associate and Wholly Owned Subsidiary

A K C Steel Industries Ltd. is a listed Company dealing in manufacturing and trading of steel and has reported total revenue of Rs.4.32 Crores (Prv. Yr. Rs. 6.66 Crores) and has earned a profit of Rs.135.90 Lakhs (Prv. Yr. earned a profit of Rs.298.15 Lakhs) during the year under review.

Beekay Utkal Steel Private Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary Company incorporated on 31st December 2019 with the intention to set up a rolling mill in Kalinga Nagar, Jajpur district in the state of Odisha. The subsidiary company is in the process to acquire land from IPICOL, to set up green field project.

Auditors and Auditors' Report

Statutory Auditors:

The present Statutory Auditors, M/s. LIHALA & CO., Chartered Accountants shall hold office for a period of Five years from the financial year 2018-19.

The Notes on financial statement referred to in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

Secretarial Auditor:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board had appointed Mr. Santosh Kumar Tibrewalla, Practicing Company Secretary to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2018-19. The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2019 is annexed herewith and marked as "Annexure-D".

The Report is self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Secretarial Auditors' Report contain adverse remark or disclaimer regarding not consolidating the accounts of its wholly owned subsidiary company, Beekay Utkal Steel Pvt. Ltd., which was incorporated on 31.12.2019.

On the adverse remark of the Secretarial Auditor for not consolidating the accounts of its wholly owned subsidiary company, the Board of Directors be hereby explaining that though the wholly owned subsidiary was incorporated on 31.12.2019 but no business transaction as well as 'Commencement of Business' was undertaken by the Subsidiary Company during the FY 2019-20 due to the CoVID-19 pandemic and continuous lockdown declared by the Central Govt. and State Govt. from the last week of March 2020. After certain relaxations extended by the Govt., the subsidiary is in the process to start its business transactions and will surely do the proper compliance in the present FY 2020-21

Cost Auditors:

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, in terms of the Central Government's approval, the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has re-appointed M/s. Somnath Roy & Associates, Cost Accountants, as the Cost Auditor of the Company for the year 2020-21.

The Audit Committee has also received a Certificate from the Cost Auditors certifying their independence and arm's length relationship with the Company.

The Company submits it's Cost Audit Report with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs within the stipulated time period and the Cost Audit Report for the financial year 2018-19 has already been filed with MCA.

As per the requirements of the Section 148 of the Act read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, your Company is required to maintain cost records and accordingly, such accounts are made and records have been maintained.

Secretarial Standards

The Company has in place proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of the applicable secretarial standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Corporate governance

Your Company has initiated, by providing the shareholders, to avail the option of receiving online the requisite documents i.e. notices, annual reports, disclosures and all other communications, by registering their e-mail lds. For the success of 'Green Initiative' as per MCA circular no.17/2011 & No. 18/2011.

The Company continues to comply with the requirements of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015 and amendments thereto regarding Corporate Governance. The Report on Corporate Governance together with a certificate from Mr. S.K. Tibrewalla, Practicing Company Secretary regarding Compliance of Conditions of Corporate Governance, certification by M.D./ CEO and the Management Discussion & Analysis Report are attached herewith which form part of this Annual Report.

Management discussion and analysis report

The Management Discussion and Analysis as required in

terms of the Listing Regulations is annexed to the report and forms an integral part of this report.

Stock exchange listing

The Equity Shares of your Company are listed on BSE Limited (nation-wide trading terminal). The applicable annual listing fees have been paid to the Stock Exchange till financial year 2020-21.

Code of conduct

The Code of Conduct for Directors, KMPs and Senior Executives of the Company is already in force and the same has been placed on the Company's website: www.beekaysteel. com.

Code of conduct for prevention of insider trading

In terms of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 your Company has adopted the Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and the same is also placed on the Company's website:www.beekaysteel.com.

Energy conservation, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information in accordance with the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 regarding conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo, are given in the "Annexure-E", annexed hereto and forms a part of this report.

Consolidated financial statements

The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of your Company for the Financial Year 2019- 20 is prepared in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Accounting Standards as laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and forms part of this Annual Report.

Further a statement containing the salient features of the financial statement of the Associate Company& Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company in the prescribed format, Form AOC-1 and forms part of this Annual Report and is annexed hereto and marked as "Annexure-F".

In accordance with Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013, the audited financial statements, including the consolidated financial statements and related information will be available on our website. The Company will also make available copy on specific request by any member of the Company, interested in obtaining the same.

Disclosures as per applicable act and SEBI **LODR** regulation

i) Composition of Audit Committee:

The Board has constituted the Audit Committee under the Chairmanship of Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan. Complete details of the Committee are given in the Corporate Governance Report, attached as Annexure to this Board's Report.

ii) Material changes affecting the Company

On occurrence of COVID -19, there was a complete nationwide lock down since 24th March, 2020 and the operation of the Company was jeopardized since then till 17th May, 2020.

The revenue was marginally effected during 2019-20 and post balance sheet in the current financial year 2020-21, there would be relevant effect on the operation of the Company and seems to remain partially effected till December, 2020 when the vaccine is likely to be invented and commercially made available to the general public or such other earlier date when the epidemic end by itself.

iii) Subsidiaries, Associates or Joint Ventures:

Your Company has Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company, Ms. Beekay Utkal Steels Pvt. Ltd. and one Associate Company, i.e. M/s. AKC Steel Industries Ltd. and does not have any joint ventures, during the year under review.

iv) Nomination, Remuneration and Evaluation Policy:

The Company on recommendation of its Nomination & Remuneration Committee has laid down a Nomination, Remuneration and Evaluation Policy, in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules made therein and the Listing Agreement with the stock exchanges (as amended from time to time). This Policy is formulated to provide a framework and set standards in relation to the followings:

- a. Criteria for appointment and removal of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Senior Management Executives of the Company.
- b. Remuneration payable to the Directors, KMPs and Senior Management Executives.
- c. Evaluation of the performance of the Directors.
- d. Criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director.

There has been no change in the policy since last fiscal. The remuneration/ sitting fees paid to the Directors are as per the terms laid out in the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.



The detailed Nomination & Remuneration Policy of the Company is placed on the Company's website and can be viewed at www.beekaysteel.com

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has adopted a Policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at Workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this Policy. The Policy is gender neutral. During the year under review, no complaints with allegations of sexual harassment were filed.

Registered Office:

'Lansdowne Towers' 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road Kolkata – 700 020

Date: 29th August, 2020

Industrial relations

The industrial relation during the year 2018-19 had been cordial. The Directors take on record the dedicated services and significant efforts made by the Officers, Staffs and Workers towards the progress of the Company.

Appreciation

Your Directors take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the cooperation and assistance received from the Government of India, the State Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and Jharkhand; the financial institutions, banks as well as the shareholders during the year under review. The Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation of the devoted and dedicated services rendered by all employees of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors For Beekay Steels Industries Ltd.

Suresh Chand Bansal

Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

sd/-

Mukesh Chand Bansal

Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Annexure - A to Director's Report

THE ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES

I. Brief outline of the Company's CSR Policy: A brief outline of the Company's CSR policy, including overview of the projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken and reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programmes:

In line with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has framed its CSR policy for the development of programmes and projects for the benefit of weaker sections of the society and the same has been approved by the CSR Committee of the Board. Though the Company gives preference to local areas and areas around the Company units located for spending the amount earmarked for CSR, it also works for the upliftment of the underprivileged at large.

In line with the CSR policy and in accordance with Schedule VII to the Act, the Company has undertaken the following CSR activities.

- Promoting Education, skill development and literacy programmes;
- Promoting Healthcare including preventive healthcare, water and sanitation programmes;
- Ensuring Environment Sustainability and preservation of flora & fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry and social upliftment programmes;
- Other areas approved by the CSR Committee within the ambit of CSR Rules as amended from time-to-time.

The aforesaid projects have been carried out by the Company directly or through implementing agencies.

II. Composition of the CSR Committee:

Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal Chairman Mr. Manav Bansal Member Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan Member CS. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Secretary

III. Average net profit of the Company for last three financial years: Rs. 105.00 Crores.

IV. Required CSR Expenditure: Rs. 210.01 Lakhs

V. Details of CSR spend for the financial year:

- a) Amount spent for the financial year: Rs. 160.90 Lakhs; (P. Year we spent Rs. 128.36 Lakhs)
- b) Amount unspent if any: 49.10 Lakhs
- c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year 2019-20: Manner in which the amount is spent is detailed in the **Annexure-A**.

VI. In case the Company has failed to spend the two percent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the Company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in the Board report:

The Company has initiated and undertaken the different projects for establishment of schools in the state of West Bengal in this financial year and the remaining portion of projected amount mentioned in Annexure-A will be incurred in the 1st half of the coming financial year.

VII. Responsibility Statement:

It is hereby affirmed that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

Sd/- (Suresh Chand Bansal)(Chairman of CSR Committee)
(DIN: 00103134)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th August, 2020

Sd/-(Mr. Manav Bansal) (Wholetime Director & CFO) (DIN:00103024)



Annexure - A to report on csr activities in 2019-2020

Rs. in lac

| SI. No | CSR Project activity identified | Sector in which the project is covered | Projects programmes 1. Local area others 2. State district (Name of the District, State where project programme was undertaken | Amount Outlay (budget) project programme wise (Rs. In Lac) | Amount spent on the projects programmes Sub- heads: 1. Direct expenditure on project programme 2. Overheads (Rs. In Lac) | Cumulative spend up to the reporting period i.e. FY 2019-20 (Rs. In Lac) | Amount spent: Direct & through implementing agency (Rs. In Lac) |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | | Infrastructure support to schools, institutions | Paschimpara, Hooghly, Amta, Howrah, Kolkata, West Bengal | owrah, Kolkata, est Bengal tate of Andhra Pradesh | 35.50 | 35.50 | Implementing Agencies (Vivekananda Vidyavikash Parishad, Maharaja Agrasain Foundation & Purvanchal Kalyan Ashram) |
| | Promoting Education, | | In the State of Andhra Pradesh | | 22.40 | 22.40 | Implementing Agency (The Akshaya Patra Foundation) |
| 1 | Improving literacy, Skill Development | | Kolkata, West Bengal | | 51.00 | 51.00 | Direct to Hariyana Shiksha Kendra |
| | and Literacy Programmes | Assistance to students and Education Support | Local Area (Visakhapatnam. Andhra Pradesh) | | 1.10 | 1.10 | Implementing Agency (Seva Bharati) |
| | | Literacy Programmes | All States of India | | 13.00 | 13.00 | Implementing Agencies (Friends of Tribal's Society & Paschim Bangiya Marwari Sammelan) |
| | | Sub Total | | 275.00 | 123.00 | 123.00 | |

| | Promoting humanitarian principles and values, Health and care in the community and maintenance of hospitals, Disaster response including support health & food especially underprivileged section of the society | Preventive | Local Area (Kolkata, West Bengal) | | 13.00 | 13.00 | Direct to Tata Medical Center, Mahavir Seva Sadan & Marwari Society |
|---|--|--|--|--------|--------|--------|--|
| 2 | | protection of life, health and human dignity and lifest health & lifest health | In the State of Odisha | 18.00 | 4.16 | 4.16 | Direct & Chief Minister Relief Fund |
| | | Sub Total | | 18.00 | 17.16 | 17.16 | |
| | Social Upliftment, Environmental Sustainability and Animal Welfare | ronmental nability and | In Local Area of Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh & Jamshedpur, Jharkhand) | 17.00 | 3.59 | 3.59 | Direct and through various Implementing Agencies |
| | | | Local Area (Visakhapatnam, AP) | | 1.00 | 100 | Implementing Agency (Nitya Annadhanam Pathakham) |
| | | | Local Area (Kolkata, West Bengal) | | 4.40 | 4.40 | Implementing Agency (Akhil Bhartiya Goraksha Sansthan) |
| 3 | | Environment Program, Rural Sports | Local Area (Jamshedpur, Jharkhand) | | 7.05 | 7.05 | Implementing Agencies (Rajasthan Yuvak Sangha & Archery Academy) |
| | | Sub Total | | 17.00 | 16.04 | 16.04 | |
| | | Total | | 310.00 | 156.20 | 156.20 | |
| | Overhead of Project Costs | | | | 4.70 | | |
| | Total Amount Spent on Program & Overhead During FY'20 | | | | 160.90 | | |



Annexure - B to Director's Report

Form No. MGT-9 **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN** as on the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 [Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

| I. | REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS | |
|--------|---|--|
| i) | CIN | L27106WB1981PLC033490 |
| ii) | Registration Date | 28-03-1981 |
| iii) | Name of the Company | Beekay Steel Industries Limited |
| iv) | Category/ Sub-Category of the Company | Public Company / Limited by shares |
| v) | Address of the Registered office and contact details | 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Lansdowne Towers, 4th Floor, Kolkata-700020 Tel: +91 33 40604444 Fax:+91 33 22833322 Email: contact@beekaysteel.com |
| vi) | Whether listed company | Yes |
| vii) | Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any | Maheswari Datamatics Private Limited 23, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor Kolkata-700001 Tel: 033 2248 2248, 2243 5029 Fax: +91 33 2248 4787 |
| II. | PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY | |
| | All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company | As per Attachment A |
| III. | PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES | As per Attachment B |
| IV. | SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL BREAKUP AS PER- CENTAGE OF TOTAL EQUITY) | |
| i) | Category-wise Share Holding | As per Attachment C |
| ii) | Shareholding of Promoters | As per Attachment D |
| iii) | Change in Promoters' Shareholding | As per Attachment E |
| iv) | Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs) | As per Attachment F |
| v) | Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel | As per Attachment G |
| V. | INDEBTEDNESS | |
| | Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment | As per Attachment H |
| VI. | REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL | |
| A. | Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager | As per Attachment I |
| B. | Remuneration to other directors | As per Attachment J |
| C. | Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/MANAGER/WTD | As per Attachment K |
| VII. I | PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES | As per Attachment L |

ATTACHMENT - A

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company are given below:-

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:

| SI. No. | Name and Description of main products / services | NIC Code of the Product service | % to total turnover of the Company |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. | Steel | 3311/3302 | 100 % |

ATTACHMENT - B

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

| SI. No. | Name and Address of the Company | CIN/ GLN | Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate | % of Shares held | Applicable Section |
|---------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Beekay Utkal Steel Pvt. Ltd. | U27320WB2019PTC235606 | SUBSIDIARY | 100 | 2(87) |
| 2 | AKC Steel Industries Limited | L27109WB1957PLC023360 | ASSOCIATE | 27.95 | 2(6) |

ATTACHMENT - C

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

| Category of Shareholders | No of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on 01/ Apr/ 2019] | | | | No of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31/ Mar/ 2020] | | | | % change during the Year |
|---|---|----------|----------|----------------------|---|----------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Demat | Physical | Total | % of Total Shares | Demat | Physical | Total | % of Total Shares | |
| A. Promoters | | | | | | | | | |
| (1) Indian | | | | | | | | | |
| a) Individual/ HUF | 8541408 | 9084 | 8550492 | 44.8326 | 8541408 | 9084 | 8550492 | 44.8326 | 0.0000 |
| b) Central Govt | | | | | | | | | |
| c) State Govt(s) | | | | | | | | | |
| d) Bodies Corp. | 4647408 | 0 | 4647408 | 24.3676 | 4647408 | 0 | 4647408 | 24.3676 | 0.0000 |
| e) Banks/Fi | | | | | | | | | |
| f) Any other | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total (A)(1) | 13188816 | 9084 | 13197900 | 69.2002 | 13188816 | 9084 | 13197900 | 69.2002 | 0.0000 |
| (2) Foreign | | | | | | | | | |
| a) NRIs - Individuals | | | | | | | | | |
| b) Other - Individuals | | | | | | | | | |
| c) Bodies Corp. | | | | | | | | | |
| d) Banks/FI | | | | | | | | | |
| e) Any other | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total (A)(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| Total shareholding of Promoter (A)=(A) (1)+(A)(2) | 13188816 | 9084 | 13197900 | 69.2002 | 13188816 | 9084 | 13197900 | 69.2002 | 0.0000 |



| Category of Shareholders | No of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on 01/Apr/2019] | | | No of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31/Mar/2020] | | | | % change during the Year | |
|---|--|--------|----------|---|----------|--------|----------|--------------------------------|---------|
| B. Public Shareholding | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Institutions | | | | | | | | | |
| a) Mutual Funds | | | | | | | | | |
| b) Banks/FI | | | | | | | | | |
| c)Central Govt | | | | | | | | | |
| d) State Govt(s) | | | | | | | | | |
| e) Venture Capital Funds | | | | | | | | | |
| f) Insurance Companies | | | | | | | | | |
| g) FIIs | | | | | | | | | |
| h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds | | | | | | | | | |
| i) Others (specify) | | | | | | | | | |
| Alternate Investment Funds | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Portfolio Investors | | | | | | | | | |
| Provident Funds / Pension Funds | | | | | | | | | |
| Qualified Foreign Investor | | | | | | | | | |
| Sub-total(B)(1):- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2. Non-Institutions | | | | | | | | | |
| a) Bodies Corp. | | | | | | | | | |
| i) Indian | 3556261 | 448548 | 4004809 | 20.9983 | 3636626 | 448548 | 4085174 | 21.4197 | 0.4214 |
| ii) Overseas | | | | | | | | | |
| b) Individuals | | | | | | | | | |
| i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh | 558866 | 283697 | 842563 | 4.4178 | 660235 | 226295 | 886530 | 4.6483 | 0.2305 |
| ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh | 438230 | 233604 | 671834 | 3.5226 | 282953 | 221604 | 504557 | 2.6455 | -0.8771 |
| c) Others (Specify) | | | | | | | | | |
| Non Resident Indians | 55011 | 0 | 55011 | 0.2884 | 109560 | 0 | 109560 | 0.5745 | 0.2861 |
| Qualified Foreign Investor | | | | | | | | | |
| Custodian of Enemy Property | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Nationals | | | | | | | | | |
| Clearing Members | 12585 | 0 | 12585 | 0.0660 | 1981 | 0 | 1981 | 0.0104 | -0.0556 |
| Trusts | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Bodies-D R | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Portfolio Investors | | | | | | | | | |
| NBFCs registered with RBI | 1000 | 0 | 1000 | 0.0052 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0000 | -0.0052 |
| Employee Trusts | | | | | | | | | |
| Domestic Corporate Unclaimed Shares Account | | | | | | | | | |
| Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority | 286350 | 0 | 286350 | 1.5014 | 286350 | 0 | 286350 | 1.5014 | 0.0000 |
| Sub-total(B)(2):- | 4908303 | 965849 | 5874152 | 30.7997 | 4977705 | 896447 | 5874152 | 30.7998 | 0.0001 |
| Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2) | 4908303 | 965849 | 5874152 | 30.7997 | 4977705 | 896447 | 5874152 | 30.7998 | 0.0001 |
| C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs | | | | | | | | | |
| Grand Total (A+B+C) | 18097119 | 974933 | 19072052 | 99.9999 | 18166521 | 905531 | 19072052 | 100.0000 | 0.0001 |

ATTACHMENT - D

| | Shareholder's Name | | g at the beginnir As on 01/Apr/201 | | Shareho [/ | % change | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|---|---------------|--|---|---|
| SI No | | No. of Shares | % of total Shares of the Company | % of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares | No. of Shares | % of total Shares of the Company | % of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares | in share holding during the Year |
| 1 | SURESH CHAND BANSAL | 2013854 | 10.5592 | 0.0000 | 2013854 | 10.5592 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2 | MUKESH CHAND BANSAL | 1193374 | 6.2572 | 0.0000 | 1193374 | 6.2572 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 3 | VIKAS BANSAL | 953998 | 5.0021 | 0.0000 | 953998 | 5.0021 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 4 | MANAV BANSAL | 1258196 | 6.5971 | 0.0000 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 5 | GAUTAM BANSAL | 812856 | 4.2620 | 0.0000 | 812856 | 4.2620 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 6 | INDU BANSAL | 459518 | 2.4094 | 0.0000 | 459518 | 2.4094 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 7 | ARUNA BANSAL | 446753 | 2.3424 | 0.0000 | 446753 | 2.3424 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 8 | BHAWANI BANSAL | 124800 | 0.6544 | 0.0000 | 124800 | 0.6544 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 9 | RITU BANSAL | 300966 | 1.5780 | 0.0000 | 300966 | 1.5780 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 10 | SARIKA BANSAL | 11100 | 0.0582 | 0.0000 | 11100 | 0.0582 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 11 | ISHITA BANSAL | 30000 | 0.1573 | 0.0000 | 30000 | 0.1573 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 12 | SHAURYA BANSAL | 26550 | 0.1392 | 0.0000 | 26550 | 0.1392 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 13 | KIRTI BHAGCHANDKA | 205800 | 1.0791 | 0.0000 | 205800 | 1.0791 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 14 | B.L.BANSAL - HUF | 169800 | 0.8903 | 0.0000 | 169800 | 0.8903 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 15 | SURESH CHAND BANSAL - HUF | 381551 | 2.0006 | 0.0000 | 381551 | 2.0006 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 16 | MUKESH CHAND BANSAL - HUF | 152292 | 0.7985 | 0.0000 | 152292 | 0.7985 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 17 | GOURI DUTTA BANSAL | 9042 | 0.0474 | 0.0000 | 9042 | 0.0474 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 18 | D P AGARWALLA | 42 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 42 | 0.0002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 19 | CONCAST STEELS AND ALLOYS LIMITED | 2129754 | 11.1669 | 0.0000 | 2129754 | 11.1669 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 20 | CENTURY VISION PVT. LTD. | 1060938 | 5.5628 | 0.0000 | 1060938 | 5.5628 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 21 | MANVIK ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED | 754920 | 3.9583 | 0.0000 | 754920 | 3.9583 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 22 | TIRUMALA HOLDINGS PRIVATE LIMITED | 559596 | 2.9341 | 0.0000 | 559596 | 2.9341 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 23 | EMERALD SUPPLIERS PRIVATE LIMITED | 142200 | 0.7456 | 0.0000 | 142200 | 0.7456 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| | TOTAL | 13197900 | 69.2002 | 0.0000 | 13197900 | 69.2002 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |



ATTACHMENT - E

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

| | | | g at the beginning [01/ of the year [31/Mar/20] | Cumulative Shareho | |
|----------|---------------------|---------------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| SI No | Name | No. of shares | % of total shares of the company | No. of shares | % of total shares of the company |
| 1 | SURESH CHAND BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 2013854 | 10.5592 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 2013854 | 10.5592 | 2013854 | 10.5592 |
| 2 | MUKESH CHAND BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 1193374 | 6.2572 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 1193374 | 6.2572 | 1193374 | 6.2572 |
| 3 | VIKAS BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 953998 | 5.0021 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 953998 | 5.0021 | 953998 | 5.0021 |
| 4 | MANAV BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | 1258196 | 6.5971 |
| 5 | GAUTAM BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 812856 | 4.2620 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 812856 | 4.2620 | 812856 | 4.2620 |
| 6 | INDU BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 459518 | 2.4094 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 459518 | 2.4094 | 459518 | 2.4094 |
| 7 | ARUNA BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 446753 | 2.3424 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 446753 | 2.3424 | 446753 | 2.3424 |
| 8 | BHAWANI BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 124800 | 0.6544 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 124800 | 0.6544 | 124800 | 0.6544 |
| 9 | RITU BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 300966 | 1.5780 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 300966 | 1.5780 | 300966 | 1.5780 |
| 10 | SARIKA BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 11100 | 0.0582 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 11100 | 0.0582 | 11100 | 0.0582 |
| 11 | ISHITA BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 30000 | 0.1573 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 30000 | 0.1573 | 30000 | 0.1573 |

| 12 | SHAURYA BANSAL | | | | |
|----|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|
| | 4/1/2019 | 26550 | 0.1392 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 26550 | 0.1392 | 26550 | 0.1392 |
| | | | | | |
| 13 | KIRTI BHAGCHANDKA | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 205800 | 1.0791 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 205800 | 1.0791 | 205800 | 1.0791 |
| 14 | B.L.BANSAL - HUF | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 169800 | 0.8903 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 169800 | 0.8903 | 169800 | 0.8903 |
| 15 | SURESH CHAND BANSAL - HUF | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 381551 | 2.0006 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 381551 | 2.0006 | 381551 | 2.0006 |
| 16 | MUKESH CHAND BANSAL - HUF | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 152292 | 0.7985 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 152292 | 0.7985 | 152292 | 0.7985 |
| | | | | | |
| 17 | D P AGARWALLA | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 42 | 0.0002 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 42 | 0.0002 | 42 | 0.0002 |
| 18 | GOURI DUTTA BANSAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 9042 | 0.0474 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 9042 | 0.0474 | 9042 | 0.0474 |
| 19 | CONCAST STEELS AND ALLOYS LIMITED | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 2129754 | 11.1669 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 2129754 | 11.1669 | 2129754 | 11.1669 |
| | | | | | |
| 20 | CENTURY VISION PVT.LTD. | 100000 | 5.5620 | | |
| | 4/1/2019 3/31/2020 | 1060938 1060938 | 5.5628 5.5628 | 1060938 | 5.5628 |
| | 3/31/2020 | 1000938 | 5.3026 | 1000938 | 3.3026 |
| 21 | MANVIK ESTATES PRIVATE LIMITED | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 754920 | 3.9583 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 754920 | 3.9583 | 754920 | 3.9583 |
| 22 | TIDIIMALA HOLDINGS PRIVATE LIMITED | | | | |
| 22 | TIRUMALA HOLDINGS PRIVATE LIMITED | 550506 | 2.02.44 | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 559596 | 2.9341 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 559596 | 2.9341 | 559596 | 2.9341 |
| 23 | EMERALD SUPPLIERS PRIVATE LIMITED | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 142200 | 0.7456 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 142200 | 0.7456 | 142200 | 0.7456 |
| | = | 1 12200 | 5 150 | 2200 | 3.7 130 |



ATTACHMENT - F

iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

| | | | he beginning [01/ e year [31/Mar/20] | Cumulative Shareholding during the year [01/Apr/19 to 31/Mar/20] | | |
|---|--|---------------|---|--|----------------------------------|--|
| | Name | No. of shares | % of total shares of the company | No. of shares | % of total shares of the company | |
| 1 | JYOTIRMAY TRADING PRIVATE LIMITED | | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 2457678 | 12.8863 | | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 2457678 | 12.8863 | 2457678 | 12.8863 | |
| 2 | SUN STAR BUSINESS PVT LTD | | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 275802 | 1.4461 | | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 275802 | 1.4461 | 275802 | 1.4461 | |
| 3 | IDEAL GOODS AND SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED | | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 249000 | 1.3056 | | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 249000 | 1.3056 | 249000 | 1.3056 | |
| 4 | ESTELLE CONSULTANT PVT LTD | | | | | |
| 4 | | 171104 | 0.0076 | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 171184 | 0.8976 | 171104 | 0.0076 | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 171184 | 0.8976 | 171184 | 0.8976 | |
| 5 | VAISHALI RASAYANS PVT. LTD. | | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 238074 | 1.2483 | | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 238074 | 1.2483 | 238074 | 1.2483 | |
| 6 | KANTA AGARWAL # | | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 213786 | 1.1209 | | | |
| | 12/04/2019 - Transfer | -30000 | 0.1573 | 183786 | 0.9636 | |
| | 26/04/2019 - Transfer | -30000 | 0.1573 | 153786 | 0.8063 | |
| | 03/05/2019 - Transfer | -20000 | 0.1049 | 133786 | 0.7015 | |
| | 10/05/2019 - Transfer | -33786 | 0.1771 | 100000 | 0.5243 | |
| | 13/12/2019 - Transfer | -25000 | 0.1311 | 75000 | 0.3932 | |
| | 24/01/2020 - Transfer | -3921 | 0.0206 | 71079 | 0.3727 | |
| | 07/02/2020 - Transfer | -30000 | 0.1573 | 41079 | 0.2154 | |
| | 28/02/2020 - Transfer | -8465 | 0.0444 | 32614 | 0.1710 | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 32614 | 0.1710 | 32614 | 0.1710 | |
| 7 | BABBU COMMERCIALS PVT LTD | | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 171546 | 0.8995 | | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 171546 | 0.8995 | 171546 | 0.8995 | |
| 8 | ORTEM SECURITIES LIMITED | | | | | |
| 0 | | 135100 | 0.6550 | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 125100 | 0.6559 | 125200 | 0.6570 | |
| | 17/01/2020 - Transfer | 200 | 0.0010 | 125300 | 0.6570 | |
| | 24/01/2020 - Transfer | -200 | 0.0010 | 125100 | 0.6559 | |

| | 3/31/2020 | 125100 | 0.6559 | 125100 | 0.6559 |
|----|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | | | | |
| 9 | PRACHI JINDAL | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 97998 | 0.5138 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 97998 | 0.5138 | 97998 | 0.5138 |
| | | | | | |
| 10 | RITESH JINDAL * | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 87282 | 0.4576 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 87282 | 0.4576 | 87282 | 0.4576 |
| 11 | INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND AUTHORITY MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS | | | | |
| | 4/1/2019 | 286350 | 1.5014 | | |
| | 3/31/2020 | 286350 | 1.5014 | 286350 | 1.5014 |

^{*} Not in the list of Top 10 shareholders as on 01/04/2019 The same has been reflected above since the shareholder was one of the Top 10 shareholders as on 31/03/2020.

[#] Ceased to be in the list of Top 10 shareholders as on 31/03/2020. The same is reflected above since the shareholder was one of the Top 10 shareholders as on 01/04/2019.



ATTACHMENT - G

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

| | | | t the beginning year | Cumulative Shareholding during the year | | |
|---------|---|---------------|--|---|--|--|
| SI. No. | Name | No. of Shares | % of total Shares of the Company | No. of Shares | % of total Shares of the Company | |
| A. | DIRECTORS: | | | | | |
| 1 | Shri Suresh Chand Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 2395405 | 12.5598 | 2395405 | 12.5598 | |
| 2 | Shri Mukesh Chand Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 1345666 | 7.0557 | 1345666 | 7.0557 | |
| 3 | Shri Vikas Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 953998 | 5.0021 | 953998 | 5.0021 | |
| 4 | Shri Manav Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | |
| 5 | Shri Gautam Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 812856 | 4.2620 | 812856 | 4.2620 | |
| 6 | Shri Vijay Kumar Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| 7 | Shri Bhal Chandra Khaitan As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| 8 | Shri Bharat Kumar Nadhani As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| 9 | Shri Ravishankar Sridharan As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| 10 | Shri Srikumar Banerjee As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| 11 | Smt. Shyanthi Dasgupta As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| 12 | Shri Sudipto Jana As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| B. | KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP): | | | | | |
| 01 | Shri Mukesh Chand Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 1345666 | 7.0557 | 1345666 | 7.0557 | |
| 02 | Shri Manav Bansal As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | 1258196 | 6.5971 | |
| 03 | Shri Rabindra Kumar Sahoo As on 01.04.2019 & 31.03.2020 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |

ATTACHMENT - H

V. INDEBTNESS

Indebtedness of the company including interest outstanding or accrued but not due for payment

| | Secured Loans Excluding Deposits | Unsecured Loans | Deposits | Total Indebtness |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year i) Principal Amount as on 31.03.2019 ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not due as on 31.03.2019 | 922,422,144 0 0 | 231,900,000 54,193,048 0 | 0 0 0 | 1,154,322,144 54,193,048 |
| TOTAL (i+ii+iii) | 922,422,144 | 286,093,048 | 0 | 1,208,515,192 |
| Change in Indebtedness during the financial year * ADDITION REDUCTION Exchange Difference | 0 (294,818,007) 0 | (25,000,000) (3,123,741) 0 | 0 0 0 0 | (25,000,000) (297,941,748) 0 |
| Net Change | (294,818,007) | (28,123,741) | 0 | (322,941,748) |
| Indebtness at the end of the financial year i) Principal Amount as on 31.03.2020 ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not due as on 31.03.2020 | 627,604,137 0 0 | 206,900,000 51,069,307 0 | 0 0 0 | 834,504,137 51,069,307 0 |
| TOTAL (i+ii+iii) | 627,604,137 | 257,969,307 | 0 | 885,573,444 |

ATTACHMENT - I

(VI) DETAILS OF REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

| | | | Name | of MD / WTD | / MANAGE | R | |
|-----------|--|--|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| SI. No | Particulars of Remuneration | Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal (Executive Chairman) | Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal (Managing Director) | Mr. Vikas Bansal (Executive Director) | Mr. Manav Bansal (Whole- time Director & CFO) | Mr. Gautam Bansal (Whole Time Director) | Total Amount (Rs in Lakhs) |
| 1. | Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites uls 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 | 147.00 0.00 300.00 | 75.60 0.00 125.00 | 70.20 0.00 150.00 | 57.12 0.00 75.00 | 52.08 0.00 50.00 | 402.00 0.00 700.00 |
| 2 | Stock Option | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3. | Sweat Equity | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 4. | Commission - as % of profit - others | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 5. | Others, please specify | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Total (A) | 447.00 | 200.60 | 220.20 | 132.12 | 102.08 | 1102.00 |
| | Ceiling as per the Act | The remuneration is well within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. | | | | | |



ATTACHMENT - J

(VI) DETAILS OF REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

- B. Remuneration to other directors:
- 1. Independent Directors:

| Particulars of Remuneration | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| | Shri Bhal Chandra Khaitan | Shri Bharat Kumar Nadhani | Shri Ravishankar Sridharan | Shri Srikumar Banerjee | Shri Tapan Kumar Banerjee | Smt. Shyanthi Dasgupta | Shri Sudipto Jana | Total Amount `in Lakhs |
| Fee for attending board/committee meetings | 0.46 | 0.42 | 0.35 | 0.41 | 0.14 | 0.45 | 0.05 | 2.28 |
| Commission | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| • Others | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total (B)(1) | 0.46 | 0.42 | 0.35 | 0.41 | 0.14 | 0.45 | 0.05 | 2.28 |

2. Other Non-Executive Directors

| Particulars of Remuneration | Name of Director Shri Vijay Kumar Bansal | Total Amount (Rs. in Lakhs) |
|--|---|--------------------------------|
| • Fee for attending board committee meetings | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| • Commission | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| • Others | | |
| Total (B)(2) | 0.10 | 0.10 |

Total (B)=(B1)+(B2) = Rs2.38 Lakhs

ATTACHMENT - K

(VI) DETAILS OF REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

(iv) Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/WTD/ Manager:

| SI. No. | Particulars of Remuneration | Shri Mukesh Chand Bansal (MD/CEO) | Shri Manav Bansal (Whole time Director & Chief Financial Officer) | Shri Rabindra Kumar Sahoo (Company Secretary) | Total Amount (in Lakhs) |
|------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| 1. | Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites uls 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961 | 75.60 0.00 125.00 | 57.12 0.00 75.0 | 13.12 0.00 0.00 | 145.84 0.00 200.00 |
| 2. | Stock Option | - | - | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3. | Sweat Equity | - | - | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 4. | Commission - as % of profit - others | - | - | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 5. | Others, please specify | - | - | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Total | 200.60 | 132.12 | 13.12 | 345.84 |

Annexure - C to Director's Report

DETAILS PERTAINING TO REMUNERATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF **MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014**

i) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2019-20, the ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2019-20 and the comparison of remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) against the performance of the Company are as under:

| SI No. | Name of Director/ KMP and Designation | Remuneration of Director/ KMP for financial year 2019-20 (Rs. in Lakhs) | % increase in Remuneration in the financial year 2019-20 | Ratio of remuneration of each Director/ to median remuneration of employees |
|-----------|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | Shri Suresh Chand Bansal, Executive Chairman | 447.00 | 8.57 % | 248.33 : 1 |
| 2 | Shri Mukesh Chand Bansal, Managing Director | 200.60 | 10.40 % | 111.44 : 1 |
| 3 | Shri Vikas Bansal Executive Director | 220.20 | 26.19 % | 122.33 : 1 |
| 4 | Shri Manav Bansal Wholetime Director & CFO | 132.12 | 11.49 % | 73.40 : 1 |
| 5 | Shri Gautam Bansal Whole Time Director | 102.08 | 17.06 % | 56.71 : 1 |
| 7 | Shri Rabindra Kumar Sahoo, Company Secretary | 13.12 | 0.00 % | NA |

Note: No other Director other than the Managing Director, Executive Chairman, Executive Director, Whole time Directors received any remuneration other than sitting fees during the financial year 2019-20.

- ii) The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the financial year was Rs.1.80 lakhs,
- iii) In the financial year, there was an increase of 11.10 % in the median remuneration of employees;
- iv) There were 636 permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2020.
- v) Average percentage increase made in the salaries of the employees other than the managerial personnel in the financial year 2019-20 was 8.64 % whereas the increase in the managerial remuneration for the same financial year was 14.75%
- vi) It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid during the year ended 31st March, 2020 as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.



Statement pursuant to Rule 5(2) & 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014: List of Top 10 (Ten) Employees in terms of remuneration drawn:

| SI no | Name | Designation | Qualification | Date of Commencement of Employment | Age | Remuneration 2019-20 (Ammount in Rs) | Experience | Last employment held |
|-------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|-----|---|------------|--|
| Emplo | yed throughout the finar | ncial year | | | | | | |
| 1 | RABINDRA KUMAR SAHOO | Company Secretary | B.COM(H), M.COM. (Specialization in Finance), LLB, FCS | 22.12.2014 | 51 | 1,312,467 | 26 | AKC Steel Industries Limited |
| 2 | ACHHELAL YADAV | Foreman- Production | Diploma in Mechanical Engg | 01.02.2002 | 64 | 1,249,254 | 36 | - |
| 3 | PRASUN DAS | AGM-Accounts | B.COM(H), MBA (Finance, UK), CA Inter, CIMA (CBA) | 04.10.2010 | 54 | 1,141,142 | 29 | SHELL PLC, U.K INC |
| 4 | RAJENDRA YADAV | Foreman | Diploma in Mechanical Engg | 01.11.2007 | 55 | 1,119,084 | 33 | - |
| 5 | RAJESH PATODIA | AGM-Finance | Chartered Accountant | 01.11.2007 | 42 | 1,079,143 | 19 | Meghalaya Cement Limited |
| 6 | D VENKATESWARA RAO | AGM-Admin | MBA-HR | 01.04.2013 | 60 | 918,985 | 27 | Maa Mahamaya Industries Limited |
| 7 | UMA SHANKAR SINGH | Foreman | Diploma in Mechanical Engg | 01.12.1999 | 58 | 855,475 | 34 | - |
| 8 | RAJESH KUMAR SHARMA | Foreman | Diploma in Mechanical Engg | 25.04.2019 | 48 | 633,643 | 25 | |
| 9 | B JANARDANA RAO | DGM- Marketing | BE(Mechanical Engg), MBA (Marketing) | 18.04.2019 | 53 | 495,000 | 28 | Srinivasa Pangaramma Steel Industries Ltd |
| Emplo | yed for a part of the fina | ncial year | | | | | | |
| 10 | KANDAVEL THANIKACHALAM | GM-Works | BE(Mechanical Engg) | 09.09.2019 | 48 | 647,498 | 25 | Minimelt Engineers (India), Bangalore |

Annexure - D to Director's Report

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2020 [Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, **Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.** Lansdowne Towers, 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata - 700 020

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Beekay Steel Industries Ltd. (hereinafter called the Company') bearing CIN: L27106WB-1981PLC033490. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the M/s. Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.'s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Beekay Steel Industries Ltd. ('the Company') for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020, to the extent Acts / provisions of the Acts **applicable**, according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder:
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules

- and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'), to the extent applicable:-
- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998and
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vi) I further report that, having regards to compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test check basis and on representation made by the Company and its officers for compliances under other applicable Acts, laws and Regulations to the Company, the Company has complied with the laws applicable to the Company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:



- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above except that -

The Company has not consolidated the financials of its Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company viz. Beekay Utkal Steel Pvt. Ltd. incorporated on 31st December, 2019.

I further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review and the composition of Board of Directors of the Company is in conformity with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines except certain delays in compliance in other applicable laws to the Company.

I further report that during the audit period the Company has no other reportable specific events, actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the laws, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above.

Signature: sd/-

Name of Company Secretary in practice: Santosh Kumar Tibrewalla

FCS No.: 3811 C P No.: 3982

UDIN: F003811B000545761

Place: Kolkata Date: 03.08.2020

Annexure - E to Director's Report

Particulars pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014:

A) Conservation of Energy -

(i) Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy

The Company is committed to reduce energy consumption at its various plants. The company has been continually reducing energy consumption in various stages of manufacturing operations and kept priority for energy consumption.

- For reduction in operating cost and better fuel efficiency we have implementated Bosch make "Pulverizing & Feeding Equipment" in our various plants.
- We have invested in technology to monitor and control the power consumption of ACs and other related equipment, use of energy efficient light bulbs, using technology for switching off computer monitors etc to conserve energy.
- Energy meters installed at all locations to monitor/ control for power optimum utlisation
- · Auto control capacitor panels installed for maintaining power factor as per norms
- Installation of sky light sheet which enabled to switch off the lighting system during day time
- Installation of turbo vents to improve air circulation without electrical energy
- Rain water harvesting-all rain water collected and stored
- (ii) Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy

The Company is in the process of evaluating installation of Solar Power Plant of 10-20 MW. Power generated from this unit will be exchanged with the power consumed at our all units in Andhra Pradesh. As a measure of cost cutting the company has used furnace oil when the price of coal in the market was high and subsequently switched to coal when the price of oil was high which result to conservation of energy and proper utilization of resources.

(iii) Capital investment on energy conservation equipments

Not ascertainable.

B) Technology Absorption -

- (i) Efforts made towards technology absorption: Upgradation/modernization of the plants and best technologies is absorbed and adapted to Indian working conditions to increase mill productivity, improvement in yield and product quality.
- (ii) Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction Product development or import substitution: The Company is constantly endeavoring to bring about further development in the product.
- (iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)
- a) Details of technology imported [NA]
- b) Year of import [NA]
- c) Whether the technology been fully absorbed [NA]
- d) If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken Place, reasons thereof and [NA]
- (iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development

Expenses incurred are charged to respective heads are not allocated separately

C) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The Foreign exchange earned in terms of actual cash inflows during the year and the Foreign exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows is as follow -

| Total Foreign Exchange Used and Earned: | 2019-20 (Rs. in lakhs) | 2018-19 (Rs. in lakhs) |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Earned (F.O.B.) | 18492.02 | 13115.61 |
| Used | 825.50 | 59.66 |



Annexure - F to Director's Report

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures

Part A Subsidiaries:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations M/s. Beekay Utkal Steel Pvt. Ltd.- a wholly owned subsidiary, incorporated on 31.12.2019 is yet to commence its business.
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year Not Applicable

Part B Associates and Joint Ventures:

Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

| Name of Associates or Joint Ventures | Name 1 : Associate AKC Steel Industries Ltd |
|---|--|
| 1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date | 29.06.2020 |
| 2. Date on which the associate or joint venture was associated or acquired | 01.04.1998 |
| 3. Shares of Associate or Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end | 27.95% |
| No. | Equity – 11,60,000 of Rs. 10/- each |
| Amount of Investment in Associates or Joint Venture | Rs. 23,20,000/- |
| Extend of Holding (in percentage) | 27.95% - Equity |
| 4. Description of how there is significant influence | Holding more than 20% of total share capital pursuant to Section 2(6) of Companies Act, 2013 |
| 5. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated | N.A. |
| 6. Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet | Rs.8,86,90,868/- |
| 7. Profit for the year | Rs. 135.90 Lakhs |
| i. Considered in Consolidation | Yes |
| ii. Not Considered in Consolidation | N.A. |

Other information:

- 1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations Not Applicable
- 2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year Not Applicable

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors For Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No. 20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manay Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO

(DIN: 00103024)

Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo **Company Secretary**

Annual Report 2019-20 | 33

Annexures to Director's Report

Business Responsibility Report

As per regulation 32(2)(f) of SEBI (LODR) regulations, 2015 **SECTION A: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY**

| 1 | Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company | L27109WB1981PLC033490 |
|----|--|---|
| 2 | Name of the Company | BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LTD |
| 3 | Registered address | Lansdowne Towers, 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata-700020 |
| 4 | Website | www.beekaysteel.com |
| 5 | E-mail id | contact@beekaysteel.com |
| 6 | Financial Year reported | 2019-2020 |
| 7 | Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code-wise) | 27104 / Manufacturing & Trading of Iron & Steel Products |
| 8 | Three key products/services manufactured (As in balance sheet) | (1) TMT Bars (2) Structurals & Sections (3) Job Work Services |
| 9 | Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company | |
| | (a) Number of International Locations (Provide details of major 5) | There is no International Location for operation |
| | (b) Number of National Locations | Beekay has its registered office in Kolkata. It has manufacturing facilities at 7 locations in India . There are 5 branches across the country. |
| 10 | 1. Markets served by the Company – Local/State/National/International | Beekay opetates across India and also exports its products to Singapore, Indonesia, Mexico, UAE, Qatar, Bangaledesh, Sri Lanka, Australia, USA, Netherlands, Myanmar, Bahrain and Saudi Arabia. |

SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY

| SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. Paid up Capital (INR) | Rs. 19.07 Crores | | | |
| 2. Total Turnover (INR) | Rs. 811.97 Crores | | | |
| 3. Total profit after taxes (INR) | Rs. 78.15 Crores | | | |
| 4. Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax (%) | 2.06% of Profit after tax for FY 2019-20 | | | |
| 5. List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred:- | The major areas as listed under Schedule -VII to the Companies Act, 2013 where CSR activities has been incurred: | | | |
| | * Education- Promoting education, including special education and financial support for establishment of School building, accomodation and school auditorium | | | |
| | * Health Care - Eradicating hunger, poverty; promoting health care including preventing health care and sanitation, disaster response, maintenance of hospitals etc | | | |
| | * Rural Development & Social Uplifting-Rural development and uplifting of social environment including services for local poor people | | | |
| | * Environmental Sustainability & Animal Welfare- Ensuring environmental sustainability , animal welfare and protection | | | |



SECTION C: OTHER DETAILS

| 1. Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company/ Companies? | As on 31st March 2020 , BSIL has one wholly owned subsidiary company |
|--|--|
| 2. Do the Subsidiary Company/ Companies participate in the BR Initiatives of the parent company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary company(s) | No |
| 3. Do any other entity/ entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity/entities? [Less than 30%, 30-60%, More than 60%] | No |
| SECTION D: BR INFORMATION | |
| (a) Details of the Director/Director responsible for implementation of the BR policy/policies | The following executive directors in the Board of Directors are responsible for implementation of BR policies. |
| | DIN Number: 00103024 |
| | Name: Mr. Manav Bansal |
| | Designation: Wholetime Director & CFO |
| | DIN Number: 00103065 |
| | Name: Mr. Vikas Bansal |
| | Designation: Executive Director |
| | DIN Number: 00103098 |
| | Name: Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal |
| | Designation: Managing Director |
| (b) Details of the BR head | DIN: 00103024 |
| | Name: Mr. Manav Bansal |
| | Designation - Wholetime Director & CFO |
| | Telphone No 033-40604444 |
| | Email:- manavb@beekaysteel.com |

2. Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy/policies (Reply in Y/N)

The National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business released by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has adopted nine areas of Business Responsibility. These are as follows:

| P1 | Business should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability |
|----|--|
| | |
| P2 | Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle |
| Р3 | Businesses should promote the well-being of all employees |
| P4 | Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalised |
| P5 | Businesses should respect and promote human rights |
| P6 | Business should respect, protect and make efforts to restore the environment |
| P7 | Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner |
| P8 | Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development |
| P9 | Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner |

| Pri | nciple Wise Policies | P1 | P2 | Р3 | P4 | P5 | P6 | P7 | P8 | P9 |
|-----|--|---|----|----|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | Do you have a policy/ policies for? | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ | Υ | Y |
| 2 | Has the policy being formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders? | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 3 | Does the policy conform to any national/ international standards? If yes, specify. (The policies are based on NVG, in addition to conformance to the spirit of international standards like ISO 9000, ISO 14000, OHSAS 18000 | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| | | The spirit and intent conforms to the Beekay Steel Code of Conduct. In addition they reflect the purpose and intent of the QMS(Quality Management System) international standards such as ISO 9001 :15000. The QMS is the aggregate of all the processes, resources, assets, and cultural values that support the goal of customer satisfaction and organizational efficiency | | | ls such as ISO | | | | | |
| 4 | Has the policy being approved by the Board? Is yes, has it been signed by MD/ owner/ CEO/ appropriate Board Director? | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 5 | Does the company have a specified committee of the Board/ Director/ Official to oversee the implementation of the policy? | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |
| 6 | Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online? | https://www.beekaysteel.com | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders? | The policies have been communicated to BSIL's key internal stakeholders. The BR policies are communicated through this report. Besides, the Company continues to explore other formal channels to communicate more with relevant stakeholders. | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Does the company have in-house structure to implement the policy/ policies. | Yes, the BR Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for the implementation of BSIL's policies. | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy/ policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy/ policies? | Yes, any grievance or feedback related to the policies can be sent to contact@beekaysteel.com. of the Board of Directors is responsible for addressing stakeholder concerns related to BR policies. | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Has the company carried out independent audit/ evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency? | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N | N |

3. Governance related to Business Responsibility

- (a) Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO to assess the BR performance:
 - The overall BR performance of the Company is reviewed by BR head annually while varied aspects of BR performance of each department /unit are assessed by the respective department/ unit heads on regularly basis
- (b) Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?
 - This is the first time that the Business Responsibility Report is applicable to Beekay Steel as per the SEBI LODR. The Company will upload annually on its website at www.beekaysteel.com.

SECTION E: PRINCIPLE-WISE PERFORMANCE

Principle 1: Business should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability

1. Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corrup-

tion cover only the company? Yes/ No. Does it extend to the Group/Joint Ventures/ Suppliers/Contractors/NGOs /Others?

- · Yes. The Code of Conduct of Beekay Steel (available on www.beekaysteel.com) serves as the ethical roadmap for all stakeholders including outside agencies, i.e. suppliers and they are expected to adopt the said Code of Conduct of Beekay Steel.
- 2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
 - There are no stakeholder's complaints received by the Company during the year.

Principle 2. Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.

1. List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and/or opportunities.



- (a) High strength steel: Automotive high strength steel grades maintain the safety standards of vehicles whilst improving fuel efficiency, through light weighting etc.
- (b) TMT Bars-
- (c) Squares/Angles etc.
- 2. For each such product, provide the following details in respect of resource use (energy, water, raw material etc.) per unit of product (optional):
- (a) Reduction during sourcing/production/ distribution achieved since the previous year throughout the value chain? (b) Reduction during usage by consumers (energy, water) has been achieved since the previous year?
 - Emphasis is laid by the Company on researching, developing and producing new technology. It closely works with its suppliers and vendors to reduce any hazardous environmental impacts in the sourcing stage.
- 3. Does the company have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)?
 - (a) If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
 - No
- 4. Has the company taken any steps to procure goods and services from local & small producers, including communities surrounding their place of work?
- (a) If yes, what steps have been taken to improve their capacity and capability of local and small vendors?
- We procure much of our machinery, spare-parts, consumables and packing materials from medium and small scale manufacturers, suppliers locally and outside of the manufacturing states wherever possible.
- 5. Does the company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes what is the percentage of recycling of products and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, >10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
 - No

Principle 3. Businesses should promote the well-being of all employees

- 1. Please indicate the Total number of employees- 636
- 2. Please indicate the Total number of employees hired on temporary/contractual/casual basis- 582
- 3. Please indicate the Number of permanent women employees - 9 (Nine)

- 4. Please indicate the Number of permanent employees with disabilities – 4 (Four)
- 5. Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management - N0
- 6. What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association?- N.A.
- 7. Please indicate the Number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment in the last financial year and pending, as on the end of the financial year.- NIL

| SI. No. | Category | No. of complaints filed during the financial year | No. of complaints pending as on end of the financial year |
|------------|---|---|---|
| 1 | Child labour/forced labour/involuntary labour | Nil | Nil |
| 2 | Sexual harassment | Nil | Nil |
| 3 | Discriminatory employment | Nil | Nil |

8. What percentage of your under mentioned employees were given safety & skill up- gradation training in the last year?

20 % of employees were trained on skill upgradation training (Technical & managerial together) and 25 % trained on safety.

Principle 4. Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive towards all stakeholders.

- 1. Has the company mapped its internal and external stakeholders? Yes/No- YES
- 2. Out of the above, has the company identified the disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalized stakeholders. YES
- 3. Are there any special initiatives taken by the company to engage with the disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
 - The Company's Steel works are located in areas dominated by disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized communities with poor socio-economic indicators. Beekay Steel's structured and planned affirmative action strategies are focused on education, employability, employment and entrepreneurship. Also, the emphasis on ethnicity exhibits our commitment to sustain the culture of communities we

Principle 5. Businesses should respect and promote human rights

1. Does the policy of the company on human rights cover only

the company or extend to the Group / Joint Ventures/ Suppliers/ Contractors/NGOs/Others?

- The Company is an ardent believer in human rights which is evident from the organizational culture which depicts integrity and respect for human rights. The Company is committed to respect and protect human rights of all individuals and it strives to serve all individuals with honesty, just management and fairness.
- 2. How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management?
 - No stakeholder complaints were received in Financial Year 2019-20.

Principle 6. Business should respect, protect and make efforts to restore the environment

- 1. Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the company or extends to the Group / Joint Ventures/ Suppliers/ Contractors/ NGOs/ others.
 - The Environmental Policy of Beekay Steel covers all manufacturing and own employees and contractors of the Company. The policy document is available at the Company website at www.beekaysteel.com
- 2. Does the company have strategies/initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc.
 - NO
- 3. Does the company identify and assess potential environmental risks? Y/N
 - · Yes. Risk mitigation strategies and emergency measures are reviewed every year. The Company organizes multiple workshops.
- 4. Does the company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so. Also, if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed?
 - NO
- 5. Has the company undertaken any other initiatives on clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy, etc. Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.
 - NO
- 6. Are the Emissions/Waste generated by the company within the permissible limits given by CPCB/SPCB for the financial year being reported?

- · YFS.
- 7. Number of show cause/ legal notices received from CPCB/ SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of Financial Year.

Principle 7. Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner

1. Is your company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, Name only those major ones that your business deals with:

YES, Beekay Steel is a part of:

- (a) Confederation of Indian Industry (CII)
- (b) Merchant Chamber of Commerce (MCC)
- (c) Bharat Chamber of Commerce & Industry (BCCI)
- (d) Indian Steel Association
- (e) Engineering Export Promotion Council of India (EEPC In-
- 2. Have you advocated/lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/ No; if yes specify the broad areas (drop box: Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others):-

Yes. The broad areas were:

- Governance and Administration
- Economic Reforms
- Development Policies
- Sustainable Business Principles

Principle 8 - Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development

1. Does the company have specified programmes/initiatives/ projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof.

Beekay Steel focuses on responsible business practices with community-based involvement. The core areas for Beekay Steel are sustainable livelihood pertains to skill development and training for employment, education and health care, all of which constitute the Human Development.

2. Are the programmes/projects undertaken through inhouse team/own foundation/external NGO/government structures/any other organization?



Beekay Steel collaborates with State Govts. and Implementing Agencies etc. and in-house team to implement community initiatives in the areas of Promoting Education, Skill Development and Literacy Programmes, Promoting Health Care, Water &, Sanitation, Social Upliftment, Environmental Sustainability and Animal Welfare and environment. The entire scope of CSR activities are implemented through the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and implementing agencies i.e.Friends of Tribal's Society & Paschim Bangiya Marawari Sammelan, Vivekananda Vidyavikash Parishad, The Akshaya Patra Foundation, Maharaja Agrasain Foundadtion, Haryana Shiksha Kendra & Purvanchal Kalyan Ashram, Direct to Tata Medical Center & Shree Visunanand Hospital, Nitya Annadhanam Pathakham and Rajasthan Yuvak Sangha.

3. Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative?

Yes. The impact assessment is done through: Aspiration Surveys: Conducted among communities residing in operational areas of Beekay Steel in Vizag and Jamshedpur.

4. What is your Company's direct contribution to community development projects - Amount in INR and the details of the projects undertaken?

Beekay Steel's direct contribution to community development as a part of Corporate Social Responsibility is Rs. 210.01 Lakhs for the FY 2019-20 which is 2.00% of the Company's PAT. This amount was spent under the broad categories of:

- a) Promoting Health Care
- b) Drinking Water and Sanitation
- c) Promoting Education.
- d) Skill Development & Literacy Programmes
- e) Employability Livelihood
- f) Social Upliftment
- g) Animal Welfare
- 5. Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is successfully adopted by the community? Please explain in 50 words, or so.

Yes. Most of our programmes are participatory in nature and

focus on development and capacity building. For instance, the promotion of Education and skill development which will empower the community / the people to adopt the method of livelihood, the way of living.

Principle 9 - Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

1. What percentage of customer complaints/consumer cases are pending as on the end of financial year.

No complaints were lodged in Financial Year 2019-20.

2. Does the company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? No

Beekay Steel has established its brand identities for source authentication. Information goes beyond the needs specified by statutory standards. For example:-

- a) On Beekay Turbo TMT Bars, besides the Logo & ISI marks, the thickness and GSM (zinc coating) are also embossed.
- 3. Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/or anti-competitive behaviour during the last five years and pending as on end of financial year. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.
 - There is no case against Beekay Steel during last five years, relating to unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/or anti-competitive behavior.
- 4. Did your company carry out any consumer survey/ consumer satisfaction trends?

Yes. Beekay Steel carries out Consumer survey as well as consumer satisfaction trends to know about the quality of its product and demand in the market.

Management Discussion and Analysis Report

Indian Economic Overview

As the world's third largest economy in purchasing parity terms, India aspires to better the lives of all its citizens and become a high-middle income country by 2030. The Indian economy grew at 4.2 per cent in 2019-20, lower than the 6.1 per cent figure registered in 2018-19, as the Covid-19 pandemic adversely impacted economic activity in the last month of the fiscal year, especially manufacturing and construction. The Reserve Bank of India's monetary policy committee refrained from providing any growth projections for the first time in its history, citing the huge uncertainties around the pandemic and its impact on various sectors.

Central Statistics Office showed that while agriculture grew at 4 per cent, manufacturing growth was stagnant at 0.03 per cent during the year. Growth in private final consumption expenditure decelerated to 5.3 per cent from 7.2 per cent a year ago, while government final consumption expenditure grew at 11.8 per cent as against 10.1 per cent the previous year. Gross fixed capital formation — a key measure of investment demand in the economy — contracted by 2.8 per cent in 2019-20. Exports and imports also contracted by 3.6 per cent and 6.8 per cent respectively. Nominal GDP growth for the full year also slowed to 7.2 per cent to Rs 203 lakh crore in the fiscal, as against 11 per cent growth the previous year. These are the first set of GDP numbers showing the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic and the nationwide lockdown. which came into effect from 25 March. Economists expect a massive contraction in the first guarter of 2020-21 due to the two-month lockdown, which is likely to pull down the full-year growth to a 5-7 per cent contraction. Manufacturing and construction, considered to be labour-intensive, were both impacted by the pandemic and lockdown, contracting by 1.4 per cent and 2.2 per cent respectively. The growth in 'Trade, Hotels, Transport, Communication and Services related to Broadcasting' also decelerated to 2.6 per cent in the fourth guarter from 6.9 per cent the previous year, with tourism being one of the worst-hit sectors due to the pandemic. Financial, Real Estate & Professional Services also grew at only 2.4 per cent as against 8.7 per cent earlier. During Q4-FY20 & Q1-2020-21 also witnessed lower economic activity due to the restrictions and lockdowns, owing to Covid-19 pandemic, which typically tends to be a month which sees increased output with businesses trying to meet targets before the end

of the financial year. Overall, the pace of growth across key sectors, private consumption and investment saw a sharp decline during the quarter and was a drag on growth for the full year.

The Indian economy witnessed series of challenges given the decline in overall investments, private consumption and regulatory uncertainty. To counter these challenges, the Central Government announced a series of structural reforms. The Prime Minister of India, Mr.Narendra Modi announced various economic packages comprising mainly credit support measures to different sectors, having a cumulative worth of around Rs 20 lakh crore (US\$ 283.73 billion) and being almost 10 per cent of India's GDP.

Key Government Initiatives:

Some of the recent initiatives and developments undertaken by the Government are listed below:

- **Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Package** (PMGK) was introduced in April 2020 to provide relief to underprivileged and help them fight the battle against COVID-19. The budget allocated to the scheme was Rs 1.70 lakh crore (US\$ 24.12 billion).
- India is expected to attract investment of around US\$ 100 billion in developing the oil and gas infrastructure during 2019-23.
- The Government of India is going to increase public health spending to 2.5 per cent of the GDP by 2025.
- For implementation of Agriculture Export Policy, Government approved an outlay Rs 206.8 crore (US\$ 29.59 million) for 2019, aimed at doubling farmers income by 2022.
- Under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Urban), Government has sanctioned more than 96.50 lakh houses under PMAY(U) and approved 606 proposals for the construction of 3,31,075 houses with an overall investment of Rs 15,125 crore (US\$ 2.16 billion).
- **Pradhan Mantri Karam Yogi Maandhan Scheme** (350 crore allocated for FY 2019-20 for 2% interest subvention (on fresh or incremental loans) to all GST-registered MSMEs, under the Interest Subvention Scheme for MSMEs.)
- Making Digital India reach every sector of the economy.



- Payment platform for MSMEs to be created to enable filing of bills and payment thereof, to eliminate delays in government payments
- · High Level Empowered Committee (HLEC) recommendations to be implemented (for UDAY Yojana, power sector tariff, reform measures to promote rental housing
- Measures to enhance the sources of capital for infrastructure financing (Credit Guarantee Enhancement Corporation to be set up in 2019-2020
- · Social stock exchange (listing of social and voluntary organizations
- Measures to make India a more attractive FDI destination
- · Massive push given to all forms of physical connectivity through (PradhanMantri Gram SadakYojana., Bhartamala and Sagarmala projects, JalMarg Vikas and UDAN Schemes, Rs. 50 lakh crore investment needed in Railway Infrastructure during 2018-2030
- Measures to make India a more attractive FDI destination
- Tax Simplification and Ease of living making compliance easier by leveraging technology, Reduction in Direct Taxes for Companies and Direct tax benefits

Indian Steel Industry Overview India's steel industry: Journey so far

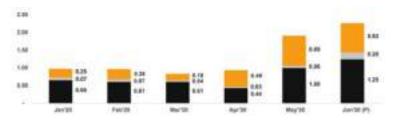
- 1875 Bengal Iron and Steel Company in Barakar
- 1907 Establishment of Tata Iron & Steel Company (TISCO)
- 1937 Establishment of Steel Corporation of Bengal
- 1962 Completion of Durgapur, Bhilai and Rourkela steel plants
- 1954 Set-up of Hindustan Steel Pvt. Ltd
- 1973 New model for managing the steel industry presented to the Parliament; set-up of SAIL
- 1991 Government of India liberalizes the steel sector by removing iron and steel industries from the reserve list
- 2005 India becomes one of the top 10 steel producers in the world
- 2018 India becomes the world's second largest producer of crude steel

Export-Import Scenario of Steel

In the month of April, when the country was in a complete lockdown mode, exports accounted for an all-time high of 28 per cent of finished steel production in the country. While Europe remains one of the major destinations for shipments out of India - it had a share of close to 20 per cent in FY

20 other markets like the UAE, Vietnam and China together contributed 64 per cent to the total finished steel exports in April. Given that the lockdown in India continued domestic steel demand is likely to remain shallow in the first half of FY21.

Mills have been gung-ho on overseas sales since the lockdown had begun in the third week of March and exports of finished flats, finished longs and semis had seen a sharp upswing from April till June. However, analysts SteelMint spoke to feel that the party for July till September can, if not exactly be rocking, enter a subdued phase. The main reason behind this could be the fact that domestic demand is trudging back. Usually, July-September is a period when mills get active on the exports front because the monsoon sets in and the domestic market becomes sluggish.



Government initiatives

• ChintanShivir – Collaborative platform to identify key thrust areas for the industry

The Indian steel sector is a diverse and vibrant ecosystem comprising of a multitude of stakeholders across the value chain. Each stakeholder brings valuable inputs to the sector based on their rich experience. In order to leverage these experiences and ensure efficient operationalization of the envisioned initiatives, the Ministry regularly facilitates interaction with the various stakeholders. Along these lines, the ChintanShivir was organized on 23rd September 2019, as a collaborative platform to bring together all stakeholders of the Indian steel industry to address challenges, identify opportunities and arrive at tangible outcomes to steer the Indian steel industry on the path of sustainable growth. Over 900 stakeholders were part of this event. Over the course of the deliberations, 32 major challenges were identified. Additionally, 40 major suggestions were captured and 17 initiatives of the Ministry of Steel were discussed by the gathered participants.

• Make in Steel – Accelerating demand for steel: Committee of Secretaries note on increasing steel usage in construction and infrastructure

India's annual per capital steel consumption is 74 kg and is one-third the global average (224.5kg). India currently utilizes less steel intensive construction methodologies for buildings, roads and bridges and hence does not fully utilize the numerous benefits of steel intensive construction. A transition to steel intensive construction will also support India's rise to a \$5 trillion economy by 2024-25. The Ministry of Steel held 50+ consultations with government agencies and private players to identify the various advantages of steel intensive construction and the measures required to bring about the transition

Make in India: Boost domestic manufacturing through the **Domestically Manufactured Iron & Steel Products Policy** (DMI& SP)

Ministry of Steel has recently amended the Domestically Manufactured Iron & Steel Products Policy (DMI& SP) in order to increase domestic sourcing of iron & steel products by Central Government agencies. Through this DMI & SP policy, Steel imports worth more than Rs. 15,000 cr. have so far been avoided

Promotion of availability of quality steel

To promote quality steel production by the steel industry, Ministry of Steel has made adoption of BIS Standards mandatory through regulations known as Quality Control Order. The Quality Control Order facilitates supply of quality steel for critical end-use applications such as infrastructure, construction, housing, engineering sector etc. and also the public at large. The Quality Control Order prohibits import, sale and distribution of substandard steel and steel products. Ministry of Steel is the leading Ministry with maximum coverage of products under the BIS certifications marks scheme. Ministry of Steel has notified the Steel Quality Control Order 2019 on 22nd July 2019 to include 13 additional steel products standards to take the overall steel products standards covered under Quality Control Order to 66.

Financial Performance

• The Standalone Gross Revenue from operations of the Com-

| SWOT analysis | SWOT analysis | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Strengths | Weaknesses | Opportunities | Threats | | | |
| Abundant availability of iron ore and coal | Unscientific mining and production | Unexplored rural market to boost consumption | Majors customers like automotive, construction, appliances and machinery industries are negatively affected by the general economic downturn | | | |
| Low labour costs | Low productivity and energy inefficiencies | Growing domestic demand and growing demands in export | Technological obsolescence | | | |
| Abundant manpower | Inadequate infrastructure | New industrial policy for private investment | China is a net of exporter in steel with offering low prices | | | |
| Mature production base and supporting government policy | Regulatory hurdles | Government thrust on infrastructure development | Industry by nature is capital intensive and requires high capital | | | |

pany was went down by 15.83% to Rs. 811.97 Crores in FY 2019-20

- EBIDTA stood at Rs. 125.94 Crores compared to Rs. 182.30 Crores in the previous year
- Interest cost decreased to Rs. 10.22 Crores from 15.77 Crores in the previous year
- The net profit stood at Rs. 78.14 Crores comparing to Rs. 98.26 Crores in the previous year
- EPS of the Company for the FY 2019-20 stood at Rs. 40.78 as against Rs. 37.12 for the FY 2018-19

Expansion of capacity to meet domestic demand

The Company commissioned 2nd unit in Special Steel unit at Visakhapatnam with funding of Rs. 22 Crores with an annual capacity of 50,000 metric ton to cater to the demand in the automobile, engineering and railways segment. By the virtue of addressing product mix in the basket, your company will strengthen its customer's engagement that will translate into higher revenue visibility.

We have debottlenecked and modernized the Jamshedpur unit TMT manufacturing facility, effectively increasing annual output by 35000 metric ton. Further the Company has imported Tungsten Carbide rolls to speed up the manufacturing facility in the rolling mills for extended life in applications with high quality of products.

During the year under review, the Company has incorporated a 'Wholly Owned Subsidiary' company namely 'Beekay Utkal Steel Private Limited' which proposes to acquire 65 acres of industrial land at Kalingnagar Industrial Park in the district of Jajpur, Odisha. The Govt. of Odisha has given its nod to allot the required land to set up steel industry. This green field expansion has been initiated to set up a steel billet manufacturing-cum-rolling to meet domestic demand of the product in the state and also to generate employment opportunities in the state.

Experienced Management Team

The Company's Top and Senior Management are well and professionally qualified having rich exposure and experience in steel manufacturing arena. The managements endeavorto create a strong brand image by quality products. Overall, the strategies formulated by its management have played a key role in the Company's performance.

Health & Safety

The Company believes in creating a Safety culture among all employees through ethics, principles and effective management practices. A robust management system framework and a sound safety governance structure drive our health and safety measures.

Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of risks viz. eco-



nomic risk, funding risk, credit risk, liquidity risk etc. The Company's Management is mainly focusing to minimize potential adverse effects of various risks on its financial performance as well as the risks associated to its business. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Economic Risk – The slowdown in the economy, continuing lockdown due to COVID-19 pandemic following sluggish demand is affecting the steel industry. The Company is exercising due diligence, keeping an eye on your investments and paying attention to changes in government policy and business practices, as well as your own spending habits can minimize exposure to economic risk.

Credit Risk-The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer. Credit risk is the risk of financial loss of the Company; if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and it arises principally form the Company receivables from customers. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk with any counterparty.

Funding Risk-One of the challenges that organize face is the funding and the budgeting of risk management. The risk associated with the impact on a project's cash flow from higher funding costs or lack of availability of funds. The Company may not be able to fund capex in a cost-effective manner. The Company optimized its debt-equity ratio to 0.06 in 2019-20 from 0.08 in 2018-19; interest cover was a robust at 12.32 as on March 31, 2020. Timely debt repayment and moderate gearing helped mobilize additional debt at a cost- effective rate.

Liquidity risk - Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Market Risk-The ability of management to identify, measure, monitor, and control exposure to market risk given the institution's size, complexity, and risk profile. Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair value or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments, receivables, payables and borrowings.

Currency volatility risk- Beekay Steel protected receivables through timely and effective hedging. Minimizing the impact of currency volatility is a vital aspect of financial risk management. Understanding the risk, establishing the proper policy and accounting treatments, and applying the right hedges for your business are keys to a successful currency risk management program.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has put in place a proper and adequate system of internal controls, to ensure the safeguarding of assets and their usage, maintenance of proper records, adequacy and reliability of operational information is commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The internal control is supplemented by an extensive audit by internal and external audit teams and periodic review by the top management, Audit Committee and Board of Directors. Internal audit department evaluates legal and compliance issues and supports in assessment of Internal Control Systems and identification of other important issues as a powerful tool for risk control and governance.

HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Beekay Steel believes and continues to be a people focused organization continuously building cordial relationship in all activities. The Company continues to use innovative methods to embed behaviors led by value in the organization.

During the year, the Company maintained and enjoyed harmonious industrial relations at all levels. The enthusiasm and unstinting efforts of the employees have enabled your company to remain at the forefront of the industry.

The Company has been proactive in providing its work-force with a of challenges and opportunities, learning platforms and leading positions, safe workplace along with professional attitude, goals and personal development

The organization has a mechanism to provide employees with feedback on a continuous basis. Based on the organization's strategic plan, HR planning processes map the capacity of the organization. The knowledge, skills and abilities of the employees are identified.

Cautionary Statement

The statements envisaged in this report are forward looking statements which reflect management's current expectations and are inherently uncertain. Actual results could differ materially for a variety of reasons, including, among others, economy of the country, political uncertainty, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, changes in global economic conditions etc. The Company assumes no responsibility to amend, modify or revise any such statements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by law.

Report on Corporate Governance

The Directors present the Company's Report on Corporate Governance pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Corporate Governance principles are based on the philosophy of accountability, integrity, transparency and value creation. Your Company, to achieve sustainable growth and value enhancement, has committed for a highest standard of ethics that leads to better Corporate Governance principles. Your Company is in compliance with the the Provisions stipulated under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), as applicable, with regard to corporate governance.

The report containing the details of Corporate Governance systems, processes and compliance at **Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.**

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance depends on Corporate Principles and Practices adopted by the Company in its day to day business activities whose ultimatum is to increase the long term value of the shareholders. Your Company ensures better standard of Corporate Governance guidelines to protect the rights of shareholders and timely disclosure of adequate and accurate information regarding our financials and performance of the Company. The core philosophy of your Company is to create and enhance shareholders' value while being a responsible corporate citizen.

It is imperative that your Company is committed to maintain a highest standard of Corporate Governance practices with all the stakeholders such as shareholders, employees, customers, business partners and continues to follow the principles of Corporate Governance, by adopting fair, transparent and ethical governance practices. Corporate governance practice is the formation and improvement of long-term sustainable value for all stakeholders through accountability, transparency and ethically driven business process. The Company is committed to attain the highest standards of Corporate Governance viz to protect the rights of its shareholders, to achieve long term growth, to enhance shareholders value and also value of other stakeholders. It is also imperative that the Company discloses information timely, adequatly and ac-

curatly.

The Board of Directors of the Company has adopted strategy on board effectiveness and good ethical standards to govern the Company and deliberately creates a culture of leadership to provide a long-term vision to improve the quality of governance.

The Company Secretary plays a key role in ensuring that the Board (including committees thereof) procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the Directors and senior management for effective decision-making at the meetings. The Company Secretary is in charge to assist and advise the Board in the conduct of affairs of the Company, to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and Secretarial Standards, to provide guidance to directors and to facilitate convening of meetings. He interfaces between the management and regulatory authorities for governance matters.

Code of Conduct:

Your Company has framed Code of Conduct for the Directors (including Non-Executive and Independent Directors) and Senior Management Personnel and other Executives and Employees of the Company. The Directors and Senior Management Personnels have affirmed compliance of the said Code of Conduct as on 31st March, 2020. The Code is displayed on the Company's website: www.beekaysteel.com.

In accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, the Board of Directors of the Company has adopted the revised Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and the Code of Corporate Disclosure Practices ('Insider Trading Code').and entrusted the Audit Committee to monitor the compliance of the code.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors of the Company comprises professionals drawn from diverse field. They bring with them wide range of skills and experience to the Board which enhance the quality of the Board's decision making process. The Board is at the core of our corporate governance practice and oversees and ensures that the Management serves and protects the long-term interests of all our stakeholders. The Board of Directors along with its Committees provides leadership and guidance to the Management and directs and supervises the



performance of the Company, thereby enhancing stakeholder value.

SIZE OF THE BOARD AS ON 31ST MARCH 2020

The policy of the Company is to have a perfect combination of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors for proper functioning of governance and management.

The Board of Directors of the Company as on 31st March, 2020 comprised of 12 (Twelve) Directors having optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive Directors and are in accordance with the Corporate Governance Practices.

The details of the total strength of the Board are as follows:-

| SI. No. | Name | Designation | Category (Whole-time / Non-executive / Independent) |
|------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Suresh Chand Bansal | Executive Chairman (EC) | Wholetime |
| 2 | Mukesh Chand Bansal | Managing Director (MD) | Wholetime |
| 3 | Vikas Bansal | Executive Director (ED) | Wholetime |
| 4 | Manav Bansal | Wholetine Director & CFO (WTD & CFO) | Wholetime |
| 5 | Gautam Bansal | Wholetine Director (WTD) | Wholetime |
| 6 | Vijay Kumar Bansal | Director | Non-Executive |
| 7 | Bhal Chandra Khaitan | Director | Independent |
| 8 | Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | Director | Independent |
| 9 | Ravishankar Sridharan | Director | Independent |
| 10 | Srikumar Banerjee | Director | Independent |
| 11 | Tapan Kumar Banerjee** | Director | Independent |
| 12 | Shyanthi Dasgupta | Director | Independent |
| 13 | Sudipto Jana*** | Director | Independent |

^{*}Appointed as an ID w.e.f. 29.04.2019

None of the Directors on the Board holds directorships in more than ten public companies.

Further, none of them is a Member of more than ten committees or Chairman of more than five Committees across all public companies in which he/she is a director. None of our Directors serve as Director in more than eight listed companies, as IDs in more than seven listed companies and none

of the EDs serve as IDs on any listed company. Independent Directors are non-executive directors as defined under Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations read with Section 149(6) of the Act along with rules framed thereunder. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of Listing Regulations, they have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties. The necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions have been made by the Directors.

The Directors of the Company are appointed by the shareholders at General Meetings. 1/3rd of such Directors are liable to retire by rotation, if eligible, generally offer themselves for re-election, in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and that of the Articles of Association of the Company.

The Executive Directors on the Board serve in accordance with the terms of their contracts of service with the Company.

a) Composition and Category of Directors

The composition of Board of the Company is in conformity of Corporate Governance Code. All Directors possess relevant qualifications and experience in different fields with wide range of skills and expertise including general Corporate Management, Finance, Accounting, Banking, Insurance, Operation and other allied fields which enable them to efficiently and effectively contribute their knowledge in the decision making process of the Company in the capacity as Directors. The Chairman is executive and a Promoter of the Company. There are 6 (Six) Independent Directors in the Company, which is in compliance with the stipulated one half of the total number of Directors. All Independent Directors are persons of eminence and bring a wide range of expertise and experience to the Board thereby ensuring the best interest of stakeholders and the Company. All Independent Directors meet with the criteria of independence as prescribed under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015.

The Board has carried out performance evaluation of Independent Directors and recommended to continue the term of their appointment.

All the five executive Directors are related to each other and no other Director is related to any other Director on the Board in terms of the definition of "relative" as defined in Section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013.

^{**} Ceased to be a Director of the Company w.e.f. 30.06.2019 (sudden death)

^{***} Appointed as an ID w.e.f. 30.09.2019

The details of composition of the Board as at 31.03.2020 are given as under:

| Name of Directors | DIN | Designation | Category | Relationship with other Directors |
|-------------------------|----------|-------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Suresh Chand Bansal | 00103134 | EC | | Brother of Mukesh Chand Bansal & Father of Vikas Bansal & Manav Bansal |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | 00103098 | MD | | Brother of Suresh Chand Bansal & Father of Gautam Bansal |
| Vikas Bansal | 00103065 | ED | Promoters – Executive Directors | Son of Suresh Chand Bansal & Brother of Manav Bansal |
| Manav Bansal | 00103024 | WTD & CFO | | Son of Suresh Chand Bansal & Brother of Vikas Bansal |
| Gautam Bansal | 00102987 | WTD | | Son of Mukesh Chand Bansal |
| Vijay Kumar Bansal | 03120944 | Director | NED | |
| Bhal Chandra Khaitan | 00343007 | Director | Independent | |
| Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | 01842863 | Director | Independent | |
| Ravishankar Sridharan | 03120944 | Director | Independent | Not volated to any one Divertor |
| Srikumar Banerjee | 03504452 | Director | Independent | Not related to any one Director |
| Tapan Kumar Banerjee ** | 07108739 | Director | Independent | |
| Shyanthi Dasgupta | 07139909 | Director | Independent | |
| Sudipto Jana*** | 07066362 | Director | Independent | |

^{*}Appointed as an ID w.e.f. 29.04.2019,

The Independent Directors meet all the criteria's as provided in the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015. The appointment letters issued to every Independent Directors sets out their roles, responsibilities, fiduciary duties in the Company and the expectation of the Board from them along with other terms of their appointment. They have taken active part at the Board and Committee Meetings by providing valuable guidance to the Management on various aspects of business, policy direction, governance, compliance etc. and play critical role on strategic issues, which enhances the transparency and add value in the decision making process of the Board of Directors.

Selection of New Directors and Board Membership Criteria

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') works with the Board to determine the appropriate qualifications, positive attributes, characteristics, skills and experience required for the appointment of Directors in the Board as a whole and its individual members with the objective of having a Board with diverse backgrounds and experience in various fields including business, government, education and social service.

b) Attendance of each Director at the Board meetings and the last Annual General Meeting(AGM) held on 21-09-2019 and Number of other Directorships and Membership/ Chairmanship of Committee of each Director in various Companies are mentioned in this report and also mentioned in the Notice of AGM.

c) Number of Board Meetings held and dates on which held

The Board meets at least once a quarter to review the quarterly financial results and other items on the agenda of the meeting. Additional meetings are held, whenever necessary. Committees of the Board of Directors usually meet in the same day before the Board meeting, or whenever the need arises for transacting business. The recommendations of the Committees are placed before the Board for necessary approval and noting.

During the Financial Year 2019-20, 7 (Seven) Board Meetings were held on 29.04.2019, 29.05.2019, 12.08.2019, 30.09.2019,13.11.2019, 21.01.2020 & 13.02.2020. The maximum gap between two Board Meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days in terms of Regulation 17(2) of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Standards and the provision of the Companies Act, 2013.

^{**} Ceased to be a Director of the Company w.e.f. 30.06.2019 (sudden death,

^{***} Appointed as an ID w.e.f. 30.09.2019.



(i) Attendance details of Directors for the year ended March 31, 2020 are given below:

| Name of the Director | Category | No. of Board Meetings held | No. of Meetings Attended | Attendance percentage (%) |
|-------------------------|----------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Suresh Chand Bansal | EC | 7 | 7 | 100 |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | MD | 7 | 6 | 85 |
| Vikas Bansal | ED | 7 | 7 | 100 |
| Manav Bansal | WTD | 7 | 6 | 85 |
| Gautam Bansal | WTD | 7 | 6 | 85 |
| Vijay Kumar Bansal | NED | 7 | 2 | 30 |
| Bhal Chandra Khaitan | ID | 7 | 6 | 85 |
| Ravishankar Sridharan | ID | 7 | 5 | 70 |
| Srikumar Banerjee | ID | 7 | 5 | 70 |
| Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | ID | 7 | 6 | 85 |
| Tapan Kumar Banerjee ** | ID | 7 | 2 | 30 |
| Shyanthi Dasgupta | ID | 7 | 7 | 100 |
| Sudipto Jana*** | ID | 7 | 1 | 15 |

^{*} Appointed as an ID w.e.f. 29.04.2019,

Expertise & Skills of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company are required to uphold ethical standards of integrity and probity and are required to have expertise, experience and core knowledge in the sectors relevant for the growth of the Company.

The Board members of the Company are holding such skills,

expertise and competencies that allow them to make effective contribution to the Board and its Committees.

The Board has identified the following skills/expertise/ competencies fundamental for the effective functioning of the Company which are currently available with the Board:

| Finance | Leadership in Corporate/ business finance is an important and inevitable function and efficient financial management is crucial for success and sustenance. It results in proficiency in financial management, procurement and utilisation of funds and controlling the financial activities and management of financial resources of the Company. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Strategy & Planning | Appreciation of long-term trends, strategic choices and experience in guiding and leading management teams to make decisions in uncertain environments. |
| Global Business | Understanding, of global business dynamics, across various geographical markets with an understanding of industry verticals, regulatory jurisdictions, economic conditions, cultures and a broad perspective on global market opportunities. |
| Leadership | Leadership experience leads to maximize efficiency and to achieve Company goals by understanding the opportunities and threats, processes, strategic planning and risk management and discussing the financial performance and long-term growth. |
| Procurement, Sales & Marketing | Experience in procurement of raw materials, production aspects, marketing technical aspect of production, quality control, purchase management and developing strategies to grow sales and market share, build brand awareness and enhance Company reputation. |
| Governance | Experience in developing governance practices, serving the best interests of all stakeholders, maintaining board and management accountability, building long-term effective stakeholder engagements, driving corporate ethics and values and observing appropriate governance practices. |
| Administration | Leadership in administration of a Company, results in long-term growth by planning, organising, directing and controlling the operations, creating rules and regulations and making decisions towards achieving a common goal or objective of the Company. |

^{**} Ceased to be a Director of the Company w.e.f. 30.06.2019 (sudden death) ,

^{***} Appointed as an ID w.e.f. 30.09.2019.

EC-Executive Chairman, MD-Managing Director, ED-Executive Director, WTD-Wholetime Director, NED – Non-Executive Director; ID – Independent Director.

d) Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings & Procedures

The Board of Directors of the Company oversees the overall functioning of the Company. The Executive Chairman, Managing Director and other Executive Directors are entrusted with wide range of functions from Finance, Accounting, Operation, Marketing & Administration and duly assisted by the Company Secretary including Senior Managerial Personnel in overseeing the functional matters of the Company.

The Board of Directors has constituted Five Standing Committees, the position of the Committees as on 31.03.2020 are given hereunder:-

| 1. Audit Committee | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------|--|--|
| Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan | Independent Director | Chairman | | |
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | Executive Chairman | Member | | |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | Independent Director | Member | | |

| 2. Stakeholders Relationship Committee:- | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee * Independent Director Chairman | | | | |
| Mr. Manav Bansal | Wholetime director & CFO | Member | | |
| Mrs. Shyanthi Dasgupta | Independent Woman Director | Member | | |
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | Independent Director | Chairman | | |

^{*} Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee ceased to be a member of the Committee w.e.f. 30.06.2019 (sudden death) and Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani appointed as a member in his place to the said Committee w.e.f. 12.08.2019.

| 3. Nomination & Remuneration Committee:- | | | |
|--|----------------------|----------|--|
| Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan | Independent Director | Chairman | |
| Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee * | Independent Director | Member | |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | Independent Director | Member | |
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | Independent Director | Member | |

^{*}Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee ceased to be a member of the Committee w.e.f. 30.06.2019 (sudden death) and Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani appointed as a member in his place to the said Committee w.e.f. 12.08.2019.

| 4. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee :- | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------|--|--|
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | Executive Chairman | Chairman | | |
| Mr. Manav Bansal | Wholetime Director | Member | | |
| Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan | Independent Director | Member | | |

| 5. Share Transfer Committee :- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------|--|--|
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | Executive Chairman | Chairman | | |
| Mr. Vikas Bansal | Executive Director | Member | | |
| Mr. Gautam Bansal | Wholetime Director | Member | | |

Dates for the Board Meetings in the ensuing quarter are decided well in advance and communicated to the Directors alongwith the agenda items and necessary documents & information were provided to all Directors beforehand to make able the Board of Directors to take proper decision. The Wholetime Director & CFO, Mr. Manav Bansal makes presentation on the financial results as well as the future course of action of the Company. The Board provides and evaluates the strategic direction of the Company, management policies and their effectiveness and ensures that the long-term interests of the stakeholders are being served. After Board Meetings, the decision of the Board of Directors duly communicated to the

concerned departments & officials for implementation etc.

The meetings are usually held at the Company's Registered Office at "Lansdowne Towers", 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata – 700 020. The Board is also provided with Audit Committee observations on the Internal audit findings and matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company Secretary records the minutes of the proceedings of each Board and Committee meetings. The final



minutes are entered in the Minutes Book within 30 days from conclusion of the meeting and are signed by the Chairman of the meeting/ Chairman of the next meeting. While preparing the Agenda, Notes on Agenda, Minutes etc. of the meeting(s), adequate care is taken to ensure adherence to all applicable laws and regulations including the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Rules made thereunder, Secretarial Standards and compliance thereof.

A strategy meet of the Board of Directors is generally held at appropriate intervals to formulate, evaluate and approve the business strategy of the Company. The Functional Heads give a brief presentation to the Board covering their respective areas of responsibility. The meeting focuses on strategic goals, financial management policies, management assurances and control aspects and the growth plan of the Company and compliance management.

e) Separate Meeting of Independent Directors:

The Independent Directors of the Company meet once in a year without the presence of Executive and Non-Executive Directors or management personnel. This meeting is conducted in an informal and flexible manner to enable the Independent Directors to discuss matters pertaining to the affairs of the Company and put forth their views to the Chairman and Managing Director. The Independent Directors of the Company meet once in a year formally through a Meeting called Independent Directors Meeting.

During the year under review all the Independent Directors met on 13th February, 2020, inter alia, to discuss:

- Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole:
- Review the performance of the Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors; and
- Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

Attendance of the Independent Directors at this meeting are as follows:-

| Name | No. of Meetings Held / No. of Meetings Attended |
|---------------------------|--|
| No. of Meetings attended | |
| Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan | 1/1 |
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani | 1/1 |
| Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan | 1/1 |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | 1/1 |
| Mrs. Shyanthi Dasgupta | 1/1 |
| Mr. Sudipto Jana | 1/1 |

f) Familiarization program for Directors including Independent Directors

The Company pursuant to the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015, has taken initiatives to familiarize its Independent Directors (IDs) with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, nature of the industry in which the company operates, business model of the company, etc., through various programs posted on the website of the Company: www.beekaysteel.com.

All new Directors (including Independent Directors) inducted to the Board are given a formal orientation. The familiarization programme for our Directors is customised to suit their individual interests and area of expertise. The Directors are encouraged to visit the plant and raw material locations of the Company and interact with members of Senior Management as part of the induction programme. The Senior Management make presentations giving an overview of the Company's strategy, operations, products, markets, group structure and subsidiaries, Board constitution and guidelines, matters reserved for the Board and the major risks and risk management strategy. This enables the Directors to get a deep understanding of the Company, its people, values and culture and facilitates their active participation in overseeing the performance of the Management.

The Independent Directors of the Company met once on 13th February, 2020 without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of management to review the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole, to review the performance of the Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of Executive

Directors and Non-Executive Directors, assessment of flow of information between the management of the Company & the Board of Directors effective performance of duties.

An ongoing familiarization programmee with respect to the business/ working of the Company for all Directors is a major contributor for meaningful Board level deliberations and sound business decisions.

By way of the familiarization programme undertaken by the Company, the Directors are shared with the nature of the industry in which the Company is presently functioning, the functioning of various business units, the Company's market share, the CSR activities which will be pursued by the Company and other relevant information pertaining to the Company's business.

The familiarization programme of the Company for its Independent Directors has been disclosed on the Company's website: www.beekaysteel.com.

The Board has carried out performance evaluation of Inde-

pendent Directors and recommended to continue the term of their appointment.

The Directors of the Company are made aware of the Company's operation, their role, responsibilities and liabilities. At the time of appointment the Company communicates to the Directors their role, responsibilities and liabilities. The Company holds regular Board & Committee Meetings at its Registered Office to discuss and decide upon the various strategic and operational matters and Directors have an opportunity to interact with the Senior Company personnel. In addition to the above the Directors have full access to all the information's within the Company.

The performance of the Chairperson of the Company, taking into account the views of executive Directors and non-executive Directors and the Independent Directors also reviewed the quality, content and timeliness of the flow of information between the Management and the Board and its Committees which is necessary to effectively and reasonably perform and discharge their duties.

g) Details of Directors seeking appointment / re-appointment:

The Details of Directors seeking appointment / re-appointment and the disclosure of relationships between directors inter se as required under SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 and as per Secretarial Standard 2 as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India is given in annexure to the notice which forms part of this Report.

The disclosure of relationships between directors inter se as required under SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015 and as per Secretarial Standard 2 as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India are forms part of this report.

h) Whistle Blower/ Vigil Mechanism Policy:

As per the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015 the Company had established a mechanism for employees to report concerns for unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud, or violation of the code of conduct or ethics. It also provides for adequate safeguards against the victimization of employees who avail the said mechanism. This policy also allows the direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is committed to ensure the flawless work environment by providing a platform to report any suspected or confirmed incident of fraud/ misconduct.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee:

The primary objective of the Audit Committee is to monitor and provide an effective supervision of the Management's financial reporting process, to ensure accurate and timely disclosures, with the highest levels of transparency, integrity and quality of financial reporting. Audit Committee of the Board comprises three Directors. The Members possess adequate knowledge of Accounts, Audit, Finance, etc. The composition of the Audit Committee meets the requirements as per Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per Regulation 18 (1) of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015.

The Committee oversees the work carried out in the financial reporting process by the Management, the internal auditor, the statutory auditor and the cost auditor and notes the processes and safeguards employed by each of them. The Audit Committee is empowered to investigate any activities within its terms of reference, seek information from employees, obtain outside legal or other professional advice or secure attendance of outside experts of relevant field as and when necessitated. The Audit Committee also reviews such matters as referred to it by the Board.

Four (4) meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 on 29th May 2019, 12th August 2019, 13th November 2019 and 13th February 2020, as against the minimum requirement of four meetings.

The composition and attendance details of the Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2020 are given hereunder:

| Name of the Members | Category/ Designation | No. of Meetings held | No. of Meetings Attended | Attendance (%) |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan | ID / Chairman | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | EC / Member | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | ID / Member | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| EC-Executive Chairm | an, ID – Independ | ent Directo | r. | |

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee. The internal auditor reports functionally to the Audit Committee. The Executive Directors and Senior Management of the Company also attend the meetings as invitees whenever required to address concerns raised by the Committee Members.

The terms of reference of Audit Committee are as per Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per SEBI LODR Regulation, 2015.

The Committee oversees the work carried out in the financial reporting process by the Management, the internal auditor, the statutory auditor and the cost auditor and notes the processes and safeguards employed by each of them. The Committee further



Terms of reference:

The present terms of reference / scope and function of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- 1. Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible:
- 2. Recommendation to the Board for appointment, re-appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company;
- 3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- 4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
 - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
 - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
 - e. Compliance with respect to accounting standards, listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions
 - g. Qualifications in the draft audit report
- 5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- 6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this
- 7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 8. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties;

- 9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 10. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
- 11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 12. Reviewing, with the management, external and internal auditors, the adequacy of internal control systems;
- 13. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit:
- 14. To review reports of Internal Auditors & discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on:
- 15. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board:
- 16. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 17. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 18. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
- 19. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate:
- 20. Examining the financial statement and the auditor's report thereon;
- 21. Monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters;
- 22. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee;
- 23. To review -
 - Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
 - Statement of significant related party transactions, submitted by management;

- Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the Statutory Auditors;
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Internal Auditor
- · Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses, etc.
- Secretarial audit report relating to suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of compliance of any legislation

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The terms of reference and constitution of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') are strictly in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to Regulation 19 and Part D of Schedule II of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015 and amendments thereto. The purpose of the NRC is to oversee the Company's nomination process, assisting the Board of Directors for identifying persons qualified to serve Board Members. The Committee has formulated the Criteria for Evaluation of the Board and non-independent directors for the purpose of review of their performance at a separate meeting of the Independent Directors. The Committee's responsibilities includes framing of specific remuneration package of Executive Directors and commission / sitting fees for Non-Executive Directors etc. and approval of remuneration to the managerial personnel as per the Company's policy on the same.

- a. The terms of reference of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee are as follows:
- i. To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in the Senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board their appointment, terms of appointment and/ or removal:
- ii. To formulating a criteria for determining the qualification, positive attitudes, independence of a Director and evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
- iii. To evaluate every Directors performance;
- iv. To recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial persons and other employees;
- v. To ensure that the level of composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the Company successfully;
- vi. To ensure that the relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets the appropriate performance benchmarks:
- vii. To ensure that the remuneration to directors, key manage-

rial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals;

- viii. To devise a policy on Board diversity.
- ix. To carry out any other function as is mandated by the Board of Directors of our Company or prescribed by the Listing Agreement, as amended, from time to time.
- x. To invite any employee or such document as it may deem fit for exercising of its functions
- xi. To obtain such outside or professional advice as it may consider necessary to carry out its duties.
- b. The composition of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee as at March 31st, 2020:

Three (3) meetings of the NRC were held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 on 29th April, 2019, 12th August, 2019 & 30th September, 2019. The composition and attendance details of the Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2020 are given hereunder:

The Board decided and fixes the powers and roles of the Com-

| Name of the Members | Category/ Designation | No. of Meetings held | No. of Meetings Attended | Attendance (%) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan | ID / Chairman | 3 | 3 | 100 |
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | ID / Member | 3 | 2 | 100 |
| Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee* | ID / Member | 3 | 1 | 33.33 |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | ID / Member | 3 | 3 | 100 |

ID - Independent Director.

*Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee ceased to be a member of the Committee w.e.f. 12th August, 2019 and Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani appointed as a member in his place to the said Committee.

mittee from time to time. Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo, Com-2pany Secretary is acting as Secretary of the Committee.

The Company follows the policy to fix remuneration of Managing Director & Whole Time Directors by taking into account the financial position of the Company, trend in the Industry, qualification, experience, past performance and past remuneration of the respective Directors in the manner to strike a balance between the interest of the Company and the Shareholders.

c. Performance Evaluation:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015, a Board Evaluation Policy has



been framed and approved by the NRC and by the Board. The Board carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the Independent Directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of the Committees of the Board. The performance evaluation of all the Directors was carried out by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors.

The Executive Directors (EDs) compensation is based on the appraisal system wherein their individual goals are linked to the organizational goals. EDs are paid compensation as per the agreements entered into between them and the Company, subject to the approval of the Board and of the members in General Meeting and such other approvals, as may be necessary. The present remuneration structure of EDs comprises of salary, perquisites, allowances and contribution to PF etc. alongwith performance bonus. The Non-Executive Directors are paid compensation by way of sitting fees. The sitting fees payable to the Non-Executive Directors is based on the number of meetings of the Board & other Committees of the Board attended by them.

Policy for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board:

The following criteria may assist in determining how effective the performances of the Directors have been:

- · Leadership & Managerial abilities.
- Contribution to the corporate objectives & plans.
- · Communication of expectations & concerns clearly with subordinates.
- Obtaining adequate, relevant & timely information from external sources.
- Review & approval of strategic & operational plans of the Company, its objectives and budgets.
- Regular monitoring of corporate results against projection.
- · Identification, monitoring & mitigation of significant corporate risks.
- Assessment of policies, structures & procedures followed in the Company and their significant contribution to the same.
- Direct, monitor & evaluate KMPs, senior officials.
- Regularity in attending meetings of the Company and inputs therein.
- Review & Maintenance of corporation's ethical conduct.

- Ability to work effectively with rest of the Board of Directors.
- · Commitment to the promotion of equal opportunities, health and safety in the workplace.

Remuneration to Directors:

(a) Remuneration Policy /Criteria

i. Executive Directors: The Company follows the policy to fix remuneration to Managing / Whole Time Directors by taking into account the financial position of the Company, trend in the Industry, qualification, experience, past performance and past remuneration of the respective Directors in the manner to strike a balance between the interest of the Company and the Shareholders

ii. Non-Executive Directors: The Non-executive Directors (including Independent Directors) are paid sitting fees on uniform basis.

The Non-Executive Directors are remunerated by way of sitting fees. The sitting fees payable to the Non-Executive Directors is based on the number of meetings of the Board & other Committees of the Board attended by them. Directors of the Company were paid a sitting fee as under during the Financial Year 2019-20 for each meeting of the Board and Committees attended by them

iii. KMPs & Senior Management Personnel: The motto of determining policy for payment of remuneration to the KMPs and Senior Management Personnel are to motivate and retain them for longer term for the better perspective and growth of the Company. The criteria also oversee the industry trend, quality and experience of the personnel. These factors not only contribute to the Company but make their job satisfaction.

(b) Remuneration & Sitting Fees:

The Non-Executive Directors are remunerated by way of sitting fees. The sitting fees payable to the Non-Executive Directors is based on the number of meetings of the Board & other Committees of the Board attended by them. Directors of the Company were paid a sitting fee as under during the Financial Year 2019-20 for each meeting of the Board and Committees attended by them:

| Board | Rs. 5,000/- |
|---|-------------|
| Audit Committee | |
| Nomination & Remuneration Committee | |
| Stakeholders Relationship Committee | Rs. 2,000/- |
| Corporate Social Responsibility Committee |] |
| Separate Meeting of the Independent Directors | |

The details of remuneration paid /payable to the Executive Directors & Wholetime Directors and Sitting Fees paid/ payable to Non-Executive Directors as at 31.03.2020 are given hereunder-

| Name of Directors | Remunerat | ion Paid/Paya | Service Terms | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Salary (Rs.) | Bonus | Benefits (Rs.) | Sitting Fees (Rs.) | Pay Scale per Month (Rs.) | Revised/ Effective From |
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | 14700000 | 30000000 | - | - | 1225000 | 01-04-2019 |
| Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal | 7560000 | 12500000 | - | - | 630000 | 01-04-2019 |
| Mr. Vikas Bansal | 7020000 | 15000000 | - | - | 585000 | 01-04-2019 |
| Mr. Manav Bansal | 5712000 | 7500000 | - | - | 476000 | 01-04-2019 |
| Mr. Gautam Bansal | 5208000 | 5000000 | - | - | 434000 | 01-04-2019 |
| Mr. Bhal Chand Khaitan | | | | 46,000 | | |
| Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal | | | | 10,000 | | |
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani | | | | 42,000 | | |
| Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan | | | | 35,000 | | |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | | | | 41,000 | | |
| Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee | | | | 14,000 | | |
| Ms. Shyanthi Dasgupta | | | | 45,000 | | |
| Mr. Sudipto Jana | - | - | - | 5,000 | | |

- 1. The Directors were paid sitting fees as per the Policy of the Company.
- 2. The Company has not entered into any other pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Non-Executive Directors.
- 3. The Notice period and severance fees are not applicable to the Executive Director of the Company.

Shares and convertible instruments are held by Non-executive Directors

The shareholdings of Non-Executive Directors are given hereunder:-

| Name of Directors | No. of Shares held as on 31-03-2020 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Mr. Bhal Chandra Khaitan | Nil |
| Mr. Vijay Kumar Bansal | Nil |
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani | Nil |
| Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan | Nil |
| Mr. Srikumar Banerjee | Nil |
| Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee | Nil |
| Ms. Shyanthi Dasgupta | Nil |

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The terms of reference and constitution of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to Regulation 20 and Part D of Schedule II of SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015.

The main tasks of Stakeholders Relationship Committee (SRC) considers and resolves the shareholders' and investors grievances like transfer / transmission of Shares, dematerialisation & rematerialisation of shares, non-receipt of dividends/ interests, issue of new/duplicate certificates, non-receipt of Dividend, Balance Sheet and such other grievances as may be raised by the security holders from time to time. The Company has registered with SCORES of SEBI for Redressal of Investors' Grievances on-line.

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are as follows:

- 1) To review the reports submitted by the Registrars and Share Transfer Agents of the Company at Half yearly intervals.
- 2) To interact periodically and as & when required with the Registrars and Share Transfer Agents to ascertain and look into the quality of the Company's Shareholders/ Investors grievance redressal system and to review the report on the functioning of the said Investor grievances redressal system.
- 3) To consider and resolve the grievances of the security holders of the company.



- 4) To periodically report to the Board about serious concerns if any.
- 5) To follow-up on the implementation of suggestions for improvement.
- 6) Service standards adopted by the Company in respect of services rendered by our Registrars & Transfer Agent.
- 7) Measures and initiatives taken for reducing quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend/ annual report/notices and other information by Shareholders.

Four (4) meetings of the SRC were held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 on 29th May 2019, 12th August 2019, 13th November 2019 and 13th February 2020. The composition and attendance details of the Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2020 are given hereunder:

| Name of the Members | Category/ Designation | No. of Meetings held | No. of Meetings Attended | Attendance (%) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani * | ID / Chairman | 4 | 3 | 75 |
| Mr. Manav Bansal | WTD/ Member | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee* | ID / Chairman | 4 | 1 | 25 |
| Mrs. Shayanthi Dasgupta | ID / Member | 4 | 4 | 100 |

ID - Independent Director. WTD_Wholetime Director

*Mr. Tapan Kumar Banerjee ceased to be a member of the Committee w.e.f. 30.06.2019 and Mr. Bharat Kumar Nadhani appointed as a member in his place to the said Committee w.e.f. 12th August, 2019.

Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo, Company Secretary of the Company is acting as Secretary of the Committee. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for complying with the requirements of SEBI Regulations and the Listing Agreement as entered with the Stock Exchanges in India and amended from time to time. His address and contact details are as given below:

Address: Lansdowne Towers, 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata-700020 Phone: 033-4060 4444, Fax: 033-2283 3322

Email: contact@beekaysteel.com / rksahoo@beekaysteel.com

Investor Grievance Redressal/ Shareholders' Complaints

The numbers of shareholders'/investors' complaints received, resolved/ replied and pending during the year under review are as under:

| Nature of complaints | Received | Resolved/ Replied | Pending |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------------|---------|
| Non-receipt of share certificates | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Non-receipt of dividend | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Non-receipt of annual reports | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Others | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Total | Nil | Nil | Nil |

No request for Share transfer remains pending for registration for more than 15 days except on technical difficulty on the instrument of transfer/transmission. No complaint / query is received by the Company during the financial year and no complaint is pending as on 31st March, 2020.

Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') Complaints Redress System ("SCORES"):

As per the SEBI directive, the investors desirous of making complaints pertaining to the listed Companies has to be made electronically and sent through SCORES and the Companies or their appointed Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (R&TA/STA) are required to view the pending complaints and submit 'Action Taken Report' ('ATRs') along with necessary documents electronically in SCORES. Further, there is no need to file any physical ATRs with SEBI. The Company is already registered under SCORES to efficiently and effectively redress the investors/shareholders complaints in time.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

The purpose of our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee is to formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy, which shall design the initiatives to be undertaken by the Company, recommend the amount of expenditure to incur CSR activities and to monitor from time to time the CSR activities and Policy of the Company. The CSR Committee is responsible for compliance of its scope mentioned in its term of reference in relation to CSR affairs and ensure orderly and efficient execution of the CSR project, programs or activities and issue necessary direction pertaining to it. The CSR Committee comprises of two executive Directors & One Independent Non-executive Director viz. Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal, Mr. Manav Bansal and Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan. Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal is the Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo is the Secretary of the Committee.

The CSR policy is available on our website at www.beekaysteel.com

The terms of reference and constitution of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee are in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

The broad terms of reference of CSR committee are as follows:

- Formulate and recommend to the board, a corporate social responsibility (CSR) policy which shall indicate a list of CSR projects or programs which a Company plans to undertake falling within the purview of the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, any other related provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under and as may be amended;
- Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities within the purview of the Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, as may be amended;
- Monitor the implementation of CSR policy of the Company from time to time;
- To institute a transparent monitoring mechanism for implementation of the CSR Projects or programs or activities under taken by the Company.
- Oversee the Company's conduct with regard to its corporate and societal obligations and its reputation as a responsible corporate citizen; and
- Oversee activities impacting the quality of life of various stakeholders.
- To carry out such other functions as may from time to time, be authorized by the Board and/or required by any Statutory Authority, by the way of amendment and/or otherwise, as the case maybe, to be attended by this Committee.

Four (4) meetings of the CSR Committee were held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 on 29th May 2019, 12th August 2019, 13th November 2019 and 13th February 2020. The composition and attendance details of the Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2020 are given hereunder:

| Name of the Members | Category/ Designation | No. of Meetings held | No. of Meetings Attended | Attendance (%) |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | EC / Chairman | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| Mr. Manav Bansal | WTD/ Member | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| Mr. Ravishankar Sridharan* | ID / Member | 4 | 4 | 100 |

SHARE TRANSFER COMMITTEE

The Board has also modified the scope of the Committee to align it with the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015 and in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The functions of the Committee include approval of share transfers, transmissions, IEPF transfer of shares taking actions and any other matter(s) out of and incidental to these functions and such other acts assigned by the Board.

The Share Transfer Committee (STC) comprises of 3 Directors all of whom are Executive Directors. Six (6) meetings of the STC were held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 on 06.06.2019, 08.07.2019, 04.09.2019, 11.11.2019, 31.01.2020 & 13.02.2020. The composition and attendance details of the Committee for the year ended 31st March, 2020 are given hereunder:

| Name of the Members | Category/ Designation | No. of Meetings held | No. of Meetings Attended | Attendance (%) |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal | EC / Chairman | 6 | 6 | 100 |
| Mr. Vikas Bansal | ED / Member | 6 | 6 | 100 |
| Mr. Gautam Bansal | WTD/ Member | 6 | 6 | 100 |

Generally, the meetings of the Committee are held whenever necessary for transfer / transmission of shares, issue of duplicate share certificates, change of name/status, transposition of names, sub-division/ consolidation of share certificates, de-materialisation/re-materialisation of shares, etc. Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo, Company Secretary of the Company is acting as Secretary of the Committee.

As at 31st March, 2020, 18166521 nos. of equity shares constitutes 95.25 % (previous year 18097119 nos. of equity shares - 94.89 %) of the Company's equity shares are held in dematerialized form.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

i. General Meetings:

a) Annual General Meetings (A.G.M.):

Date, Location and time of Annual General Meeting held in last three years:

| Financial Year | Type of Meeting | Date & Time of Meeting | Venue of Meeting | If Special Resolution(s) Passed |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 2018-19 | 38th A.G.M. | 21-09-2019 at 2.30 P.M. | 'ROTARY SADAN' , S.S. Hall, 94/2, Chowringhee Road, Kolkata – 700 020 | Yes |
| 2017-18 | 37th A.G.M. | 28-09-2018 at 2.30 P.M. | 'ROTARY SADAN' , S.S. Hall, 94/2, Chowringhee Road, Kolkata – 700 020 | Yes |
| 2016-17 | 36th A.G.M. | 15-09-2017 at 10.30 A.M. | 'EEPC India Conference Room', EEPCINDIA, Vanijya Bhavan, ITFC Building, Ground Floor, 1/1, Wood Street, Kolkata: 700 016. | Yes |



b) Extraordinary general meeting:

No extraordinary general meeting of the members was held during the years 2017-18, 2018-19 & 2019- 20. No Special Resolution was passed through Postal Ballot Meeting during the financial year 2019-20. 10 (TEN) Special Resolutions were passed by the Company during the last three AGMs.

No special resolution proposed to be transacted at the ensuing Annual General Meeting is required to be passed by Postal Ballot in terms of Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder in view of the amendment made in Section 110 by Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 which inter-alia provides that 'any item proposed to be transacted by Postal Ballot may be transacted at the general meeting by a Company provided that the Company is providing facility of e-voting to its members under section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013'.

In compliance with section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 Members of the Company were provided with the facility to cast their vote electronically through the e-voting services provided by CDSL, on all resolutions set forth in the Notice of 38th Annual General Meeting. Members were also given options to cast their vote physically in that Annual General Meeting.

DISCLOSURES

i) Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions i.e. transactions of the Company of material nature, with its promoters, Directors or the management, their subsidiaries or relatives, etc. that may have potential conflict with the interests of listed entity at large:

All material transactions entered into with related parties as defined under the Act and SEBI LODR Regulations 2015 during the financial year were in the ordinary course of business. No related party transactions of materially significant nature were entered into by the Company with its promoters, the Directors or the management, their subsidiaries or relatives, etc. which could conflict with the interests of the Company.

None of the transactions with any of the related parties were in conflict with the interest of the Company.

ii) Details of non-compliance by the Listed Entity, penalties, strictures imposed on the Listed Entity by Stock Exchange(s) or Securities and Exchange Board of India or any Statutory Authority, on any matter related to the capital markets, during the last three years:

The Company has complied with various rules and regulations prescribed by the Stock Exchange, Securities and Exchange Board of India or any other Statutory Authority on any matter related to the capital markets during last three years. No penalty or strictures have been imposed by them on the Company during last three years.

- iii) The Company has adopted the Whistle Blower Policy/ Vigil Mechanism Policy in line with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 22 of the SEBI LODR Regulations, 2015, which is a mandatory requirement, to safeguard against victimization & unfair treatment of employees. Employees and directors to report concerns about unethical behavior to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. No person has been denied access to the chairman of the audit committee. The Whistle Blower Policy/ Vigil Mechanism has also been put up on the website of the Company.
- iv) Risk Management: The Company has identified risk involved in respect to its products, quality, cost, location and finance. It has also adopted the procedures / policies to minimize the risk and the same are reviewed and revised as per the needs to minimize and control the risk. The report is also placed before the Board of Directors of the Company.
- v) Reconciliation of share capital audit

A qualified Practicing Company Secretary has carried out a share capital audit to reconcile the total admitted equity share capital with the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed equity share capital. The audit report confirms that the total issued / paid-up capital is in agreement with the total number of shares in physical form and the total number of dematerialised shares held with NSDL and CDSL. The report in compliance with regulation 55A of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996 was placed in the Board Meeting held subsequent to the report. The Audit Report is disseminated to the Stock Exchange on quarterly basis.

Policy for determining 'material' Subsidiary The Company does not have any material non-listed Indian Subsidiary as defined in Regulations 16 and 24 of SEBI (LODR), Regulations, 2015. The Company has one associate Company in terms of the provision of Section 2(26) of the Companies Act, 2013.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

The quarterly, half yearly & yearly results of the Company are also published in the prescribed format within 48 hours of the conclusion of the meetings of the Board in both English and Bengali Newspapers.

The unaudited/audited quarterly & half yearly financial results as approved by the Board of Director at its meeting are furnished to the Stock Exchanges where the Company's shares are listed within the prescribed time-frame of the close of every quarter together with limited review report and yearly audited results alongwith Auditors Report as provided by the Auditors in compliance with the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and are published in leading newspapers in India which include Financial Express & Business Standard and in leading regional/vernacular languages in Bengali within 48 hours of conclusion of Board Meeting. The results are also displayed on the Company's website "www.beekaysteel.com".

Website: The Company's web site is www.beekaysteel.com where the quarterly / annual results and other statutory & non-statutory information are displayed.

No presentation has been made to Institutional Investors or Analysts.

GENERAL INFORMATIONS FOR MEMBERS:

a. Annual General Meeting: Date: 29-09-2020

Day: Tuesday.

Time: 11.30A. M.

Venue: Deemed to be the registered office of the Company.

b. Dividend payment

: A dividend of Re.1.00/- (10%) has been recommended by the Board of Directors for approval of the Members for the Financial Year ended on 31-03-2020.

DETAILS OF UNCLAIMED & UNPAID DIVIDEND

The last dates for claiming of unpaid and unclaimed dividend lying in the Unpaid Dividend Account for the respective years are as follows:

| Year | AGM Date | Last Date for Claiming of Dividend | Due Date for Transfer to IEPF | Amount as on 31.03.2020 (Rs.) |
|---------|------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2014-15 | 26.09.2015 | 25.09.2022 | 03.12.2022 | 7,02,024 |
| 2015-16 | 17.09.2016 | 16.09.2023 | 24.11.2023 | 4,46,771 |
| 2016-17 | 15.09.2017 | 14.09.2024 | 22.11.2024 | 4,29,822 |
| 2017-18 | 28.09.2018 | 27.09.2025 | 05.12.2025 | 1,81,670 |
| 2018-19 | 21.09.2019 | 20.09.2026 | 29.11.2026 | 3,25,062 |

FILING OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND WITH MINISTRY: As per the Investor Education & Protection Fund (IEPF) Rules, 2012, the detailed list of shareholders in respect of unpaid and unclaimed dividend are filed with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") every year within the due time period. The same has also been updated in the website of the Company for your reference.

c. Date of Book Closure

22.09.2020 to 29.09.2020 (Both days inclusive) - For AGM & payment of Dividend

d. Financial Year & Calendar

| Financial Year 2020-21 | April-March |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Unaudited Results for the quarter ending 30th June, 2020 | By middle of August, 2020 |
| Unaudited Results for the quarter ending 30th Sept., 2020 | By middle of November, 2020 |
| Unaudited Results for the quarter ending 31st Dec., 2020 | By middle of February, 2021 |
| Audited Annual Accounts for 2020-21 | By end of May, 2021 |
| Annual General Meeting for the year Ending 31st March, 2021 | Middle of Sept, 2021 |

e. Listing:

Equity Shares of your Company are listed with the BSE Ltd. No listing fees are due as on date to BSE Limited.

The shares of the Company have been delisted voluntarily from the Calcutta Stock Exchange Ltd. under the SEBI Delisting Regulation, 2009 with effect from 1st April, 2016. Vide SEBI exit notice to U.P. Stock Exchange, Kanpur on June, 2015, the U.P. Stock Exchange, Kanpur has stopped its operation as a Stock Exchange. The names and address of the Stock Exchange and the Company's Stock Code is given below.

--The BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400001.(Stock Code 539018).

f. Market price Data:

The equity shares of the Company were listed with BSE Ltd. on 25.03.2015 under direct listing route. Monthly High/Low price during the last Financial Year 2019- 20 at the BSE Ltd.

| Month | Share Price (Rs.) | | Month | Share Price (Rs.) | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|--------|
| Month | High | Low | Wonth | High | Low |
| April, 2019 | 354.00 | 315.00 | October, 2019 | 299.95 | 241.10 |
| May, 2019 | 320.00 | 270.00 | November, 2019 | 275.00 | 230.00 |
| June, 2019 | 305.00 | 255.00 | December, 2019 | 269.90 | 193.10 |
| July, 2019 | 292.00 | 202.20 | January, 2020 | 364.95 | 260.00 |
| August, 2019 | 259.90 | 200.00 | February, 2020 | 320.00 | 235.05 |
| September, 2019 | 319.80 | 217.60 | March, 2020 | 276.00 | 142.00 |



g. Performance in comparison

| Share price performance in comparison to BSE Sensex for the financial year 2019-20. | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Month | BSE SENSEX (Closing) | Monthly Closing Price at BSE | | |
| April 2019 | 39,031.55 | 321.60 | | |
| May 2019 | 39,714.20 | 295.00 | | |
| June 2019 | 39,394.64 | 272.15 | | |
| July 2019 | 37,481.12 | 235.00 | | |
| August 2019 | 37,332.79 | 225.65 | | |
| September 2019 | 38,667.33 | 289.75 | | |
| October 2019 | 40,129.05 | 261.05 | | |
| November 2019 | 40,793.81 | 235.10 | | |
| December 2019 | 41,253.74 | 260.30 | | |
| January 2020 | 40,723.49 | 299.90 | | |
| February 2020 | 38,297.29 | 267.55 | | |
| March 2020 | 29,468.49 | 164.35 | | |

depicting liquidity of the Equity Shares is given hereunder:

h. Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:

M/s. Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd., 23, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 5th Floor, Kolkata – 700 001. Phone Nos. 91-33-2243-5029/ 2248-2248 Fax No. 91-33-2248-4787, E-Mail – mdpldc@yahoo.com

Website: www.mdpl.in

Contact Person:- Mr. Rajagopal./Mr. Choubey/Mr. Patra

i. Shares Transfer System:

Share Transfer process is delegated to the Registrars and

Share Transfer Agents. The Shares Transfer Committee is empowered to approve the Share transfers. Transfer Committee Meeting is held as and when required.

The Share Transfers, transmission, issue of duplicate certificate etc. are endorsed by Directors / Executives / Officers as may be authorised by the Transfer Committee. Requests for transfers received from members and miscellaneous correspondence are processed/resolved by the Registrars within stipulated time.

j. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31st March, 2020

| Share Limit No | otional Value of (Rs.) | No of Live Accounts | Percentage to Live Accounts | Total No. of Shares | Percentage of Total Shares |
|----------------|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| From | То | | | | |
| 1 | 5000 | 1395 | 71.4652 | 158254 | 0.8298 |
| 5001 | 10000 | 205 | 10.5020 | 148297 | 0.7776 |
| 10001 | 20000 | 178 | 9.1189 | 243434 | 1.2764 |
| 20001 | 30000 | 45 | 2.3053 | 113971 | 0.5976 |
| 30001 | 40000 | 24 | 1.2295 | 82869 | 0.4345 |
| 40001 | 50000 | 16 | 0.8197 | 72379 | 0.3795 |
| 50001 | 100000 | 27 | 1.3832 | 187530 | 0.9833 |
| 100001 | Above | 62 | 3.1762 | 18065318 | 94.7214 |
| Gra | and Total | 1952 | 100.0000 | 19072052 | 100.0000 |

| k. Share Holding Pattern as on 31st March, 2020: | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|--|
| Category | No. of Shares | Percentage of Holding | |
| Promoters & Associates | 13197900 | 69.2002 | |
| Mutual Funds & UTI | 0 | 0 | |
| Banks, Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies (Central/ State Govt, Institutions, Govt. Institutions) | 0 | 0 | |
| Fils | 0 | 0 | |
| Private Corporate Bodies | 4085174 | 21.4197 | |
| Indian Public | 1393068 | 8.0116 | |
| NRIs / OCBs | 109560 | 0.5745 | |
| Investor Education & Protection Fund Authority, Ministry of Corporate Affairs | 286350 | 1.5014 | |
| Total | 19072052 | 100.00 | |

I. Dematerialisation of Shares: 1,81,66,521 numbers of equity shares constitutes 95.25 % (previous year- 1,80,97,119 nos. of equity shares i.e., 94.89 %) of the total paid-up equity share capital are held in dematerialized form with Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL) and National Securities Depository Ltd. as on 31-03-2020. The Company's ISIN No. is INE213D01015.

As such, there is no impact on Equity of the Company.

n. Commodity Price Risk/ Hedging activities: No commodity price risks on the hedging activities

m. Outstanding Instruments:

The Company has not issued any GDRs / ADRs / Warrants or any convertible Instrument.

o. Plant Locations

| Locations | Name & Address of the Manufacturing Units | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Jamshedpur(Jharkhand) Beekay Steel Industries Ltd. Large Scale Sector, Adityapur Industrial Area, Gamharia, Seraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand – 832 108 | | | |
| Beekay Steel Industries Ltd. 10, Chengalpet (Tamilnadu) Kumarawadi Village, Madhuranthagam Taluk, Kancheepuram, Chengalpet: 603 107 | | | |
| | Radice Ispat India, Vizag Plot No.194, Survey No.272, Vellanki Village, Anandapuram Mandal, Bheemlipatnam, Visakhapatnam: 531 163 | | |
| | Beekay Structural Steels, Plot No. 19-21 & 24-26, Block-E, Autonagar, Visakhapatnam: 530 012 | | |
| Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh) | Venkatesh Steel & Alloys, Plot No.28, Block-E, Autonagar, Visakhapatnam: 5300012. | | |
| | Beekay Special Steels Survey No.231/3,4,7, Vellanki Village, Anandapuram Mondal, Visakhapatnam: 531153 | | |
| | Beekay Structural Steels (TMT Division), Plot No. 67B/68B, Industrial Park, APIIC, Bonangi Village, Parwada, Visakhapatnam – 531 021, Andhra Pradesh | | |
| Howrah (West Bengal) | Beekay Steel Industries Ltd. 286, 287, G.T. Road, Salkia, Howrah 711 106 | | |

p. Address for Correspondence: Beekay Steel Industries Ltd., '

Lansdowne Tower', 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata 700 020. Phone Nos. (033) 30514444, Fax No: (033) 2283 3322, e-mail:contact@beekaysteel.com

q. Compliance Officer:

Mr. Rabindra Kumar Sahoo, Company Secretary, Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.

'Lansdowne Towers' 4th Floor, 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata: 700 020, Phone Nos. (033) 4060 4444, Fax No: (033) 2283 3322 E-mail: rksahoo@beekaysteel.com



OTHER DISCLOSURES:

i) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of non-mandatory requirements of the Corporate Governance:

The Company has complied with all the applicable mandatory requirements of the applicable Regulations of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and has adopted the following non-mandatory requirements of the aforesaid clause:

Reporting of Internal Auditor: The Internal Auditors reports directly to the Audit Committee.

The Company has taken cognizance of other non-mandatory requirements as set out in applicable Regulations of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and shall consider adopting the same at an appropriate time.

ii) Web link where policy on dealing with related party transactions:

Policy on dealing with related party transaction is displayed at the website of the Company www.beekaysteel.com

iii) Disclosures of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities:

There is no commodity price risk and commodity hedging activities

iv) Accounting Treatment in preparation of financial statement:

The Company has followed the guidelines of accounting standards as prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India in preparation of financial statement.

v) CEO/ CFO certification:

The CEO/CFO certification as required under Regulation 17(8) of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed hereto which forms part of this report.

vi) Management Discussion and Analysis Report:

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report as required under Regulation 34(2)(e) of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is annexed hereto which forms part of this report.

vii) Business Responsibility Report:

The Business Responsibility Report as required under regulation 34(2)(f) of SEBI (LODR) regulations, 2015 is annexed hereto which forms part of this report.

viii) Certificate from Company Secretary in practice:

As required under the provisions of Schedule V of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a certificate from a Company Secretary in Practice have been received stating that none of the Directors on the board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Board/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

DISCLOSURE OF NON-COMPLIANCE OF ANY REQUIRE-MENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF SUB-PA-RAS AS DETAILED ABOVE, WITH REASONS THEREOF:

There is no non -compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report of sub-paras as detailed above, thus no explanations need to be given.

DISCLOSURE OF THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE DISCRETION-ARY REQUIREMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN PART E OF SCHED-**ULE II HAVE BEEN ADOPTED**

- a. Office to Non-executive Chairperson: Since the Company is headed by Executive Chairman, maintenance of separate office is not required.
- b. Your Company is under process of updating its system for sending a half-yearly declaration of financial performance including summary of the significant events in last six months to each household of shareholders.
- c. The financial statement of your Company is continued to be with unmodified audit opinion.
- d. Separate posts of Chairperson & CEO: The Company has appointed separate persons as Chairperson and Managing Director or CEO. Presently Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal is the Chairperson (Executive Chairman) of the Company and Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal is the Managing Director and CEO of the Company.
- e. The Internal Auditors reports directly to the Audit Committee.

DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO DEMAT SUSPENSE ACCOUNT/ UNCLAIMED SUSPENSE ACCOUNT

As on 31st March, 2020, there are no outstanding shares of the Company lying in the demat suspense/ unclaimed suspense account.

DISCLOSURES OF THE COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE **GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN REGULATION** 17 to 27 AND CLAUSES (b) TO (i) OF SUB – REGULATION (2) OF REGULATION 46 OF SEBI LODR REGULATIONS, 2015

The Company has complied with the requirements of aforesaid Regulations.

Annexure to the Directors' Report

Certification by Managing Director (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company The Board of Directors,

Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.,

'Lansdowne Tower', 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Kolkata - 700 020.

Dear Sirs,

In terms of Regulations 17 (8) of SEBI (LODR), Regulation, 2015, we, Mukesh Chand Bansal, Managing Director (CEO) and Manay Bansal, Wholetime Director & CFO, Certify that:

- 1. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statements for the financial year 2019-20 and to our best of knowledge, belief and information -
- i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statement that might be misleading;
- ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. To the best of knowledge, belief and information, no transaction entered into by the Company during the financial year 2019-20 are fraudulent, illegal, or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.

- 3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which we are aware and we have taken and propose to take requisite steps to rectify the deficiencies, if any.
- 4. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
- i) significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the financial year;
- ii) significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
- iii) that we have not come across any instances of significant fraud and the involvement therein of the management or an employee having significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.

Sd/-**Mukesh Chand Bansal** Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Sd/-(Manav Bansal) (Wholetime Director & CFO) (DIN:00103024)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th August, 2020



Annexure to the Directors' Report

Declaration for Compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company as per Regulations 26(3) of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

We, Mukesh Chand Bansal, Managing Director and Mr. Manav Bansal, Wholetime Director & CFO of Beekay Steel Industries Limited declare that as of 31st March, 2020 all the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company.

For Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.

Mukesh Chand Bansal

Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Sd/-

(Manav Bansal)

(Wholetime Director & CFO) (DIN:00103024)

Place: Kolkata Date: 29th August, 2020

Annexure to the Directors' Report

Certificate of Compliance of Corporate Governance as required under Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule v of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirememnts) Regulations, 2015

To The Members of M/s. Beekay Steel Industries Ltd.

I have examined the Compliance of Corporate Governance by M/S. Beekay Steel Industries Limited for the financial year 2019-20, as stipulated in the applicable Regulations of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Listing Agreement entered into by the said Company with Stock Exchange.

The Compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is responsibility of the Management. My examination was limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of the Corporate Governances. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanation given to me, I certify that the Company has generally complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in applicable Regulations of Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Signature: Sd/-

Name: Santosh Kumar Tibrewalla

Membership No: 3811

C.P. No.: 3982

UDIN: F003811B000631306

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th August, 2020

Standalone Financial Statements



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Beekay Steel Industries Limited. Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS Financial Statement of BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss(including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Standalone state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the Standalone profit, Standalone total comprehensive income, Standalone changes in equity and its Standalone cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone financial statements of the current period. These

matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone **Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone **Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- · Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would



reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of the Cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) "With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure A'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of

- the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting."
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone financial statements.
- ii) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material forseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure B, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th day of June, 2020

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 **UDIN No. 20052138AAAAA**

Annexure - A to Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED as of 31st March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

2. Management's Responsibility for Internal **Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit

evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

6. Meaning of Internal Financial Controls **Over Financial Reporting**

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company.
- (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

7. Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over **Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of



collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

8. Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial

> For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No. 20052138AAAAAK8326

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th day of June, 2020

Annexure - B to Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED on the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020, we report that:

- (i) a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this program, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the year. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of accounts.
- (iii) There are Companies, firms, LLPs or other parties covered in the register to be maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company has not granted loan to such Companies, firms, LLPs or other parties.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and section 186 of the Companies Act,2013 in respect making investments as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from public

- within the meaning of sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- (vi) Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain Cost records as specified under section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. we have, however not, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- (vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Value Added Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were disputed amount payable in respect of Income Tax relating to F.Y. 2010-11 amounting Rs. 11,56,430/- and Rs. 2,67,322/- relating to F.Y 2013-14 which have remained outstanding as at 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable. However no undisputed dues is payable in respect of wealth-tax, sales-tax, value added tax, service tax, customs duty and excise duty which have remained outstanding as at 31.03.2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - c) According to the records of the Company, there are dues of sales tax, income tax, customs tax/wealth tax, value added tax, service tax, excise duty/ cess which have not been deposited on account of dispute.



| Nature of Dues | Period to which the matter pertains | Forum where disputes is pending | Amount Involved (`) |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Excise Duty | 1998-1999 | Hon'ble High Court, Kolkata | 831,204 |
| Do | 1997-1998 | Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appeallate Tribunal, Kolkata. | 106,707,795 |
| Do | 2009-2013 | Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appeallate Tribunal, Kolkata. | 45,651,910 |
| Do | 2015-2017 | Commissioner of Central Excise(Appeals), Hyderabad | 1,023,322 |
| Do | 2009-2014 | Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appeallate Tribunal, Hyderabad. | 8,978,682 |
| Do | 2012-2015 | Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appeallate Tribunal, Hyderabad. | 1,727,151 |
| Do | 2012-2016 | Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appeallate Tribunal, Chennai | 1,568,208 |
| Sales Tax | 2010-2011 | West Bengal Taxation Tribunal & Appellate Board | 1,061,100 |
| Do | 2013-2014 | The Appellate Deputy Commissioner, Vijayawada | 466,714 |
| Do | 2013-2015 | Andhra Pradesh Value Added Tax Appellate Tribunal, Visakhapatnam | 10,403,520 |
| Do | 2011-2017 | The Appellate Deputy Commissioner(CT), South Chennai | 683,450 |
| Income Tax | 2011-2012 | The Commissioner of Income Tax(Appeal-11), Kolkata | 51,686,402 |
| Do | 2014-2015 | The Commissioner of Income Tax(Appeal-1), Kolkata | 633,508 |
| Do | 2015-2016 | The Commissioner of Income Tax(Appeal-1), Kolkata | 2,603,773 |

- (viii) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution or bank or Government as at the balance sheet date.
- (ix) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, Carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officiers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such cases by the Management.
- (xi) The Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requiste approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly,

- paragraph 3(xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the order are not applicable to the company.

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No. 20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069 Date: 29th day of June, 2020

Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

| | | Amount (In Rs) | Amount (In Rs) |
|--|--------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Note | As at 31 March, 2020 | As at 31 March, 2019 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| (1) Non-current assets | | | |
| (a) Property, plant and equipment | 4A | 2,126,243,918 | 2,079,106,333 |
| (b) Capital work-in-progress | 4B | 209,528,628 | 234,150,045 |
| (c) Financial assets | | | |
| (i) Investments | 5(i) | 2,320,001 | 2,320,001 |
| (ii) Other financial assets | 6 | 19,761,233 | 14,618,229 |
| (d) Other non-current assets | 7 | 157,391,184 | 146,507,753 |
| Total Non-current assets | | 2,515,244,964 | 2,476,702,361 |
| (2) Current assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 8 | 2,191,414,349 | 2,140,743,426 |
| (b) Financial assets | | | |
| (i) Investments | 5(ii) | 350,191,728 | - |
| (ii) Trade receivables | 9 | 966,381,089 | 1,176,952,659 |
| (iii) Cash and cash equivalents | 10 | 45,073,081 | 27,687,997 |
| (iv) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | 11 | 9,077,213 | 23,328,688 |
| (v) Other financial assets | 12 | 7,265,956 | 6,514,436 |
| (c) Current Tax Asset(Net) | 13 | 55,688,775 | - |
| (d) Other current assets | 14 | 264,178,599 | 271,744,702 |
| Total Current assets | | 3,889,270,790 | 3,646,971,908 |
| | | | · · · |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 6,404,515,753 | 6,123,674,271 |
| | | | |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity share capital | 15 | 190,909,270 | 190,909,270 |
| (b) Other equity | 16 | 4,505,625,144 | 3,773,844,078 |
| Total Equity | | 4,696,534,414 | 3,964,753,348 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| (1) Non-current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 17(i) | 264,223,999 | 297,425,775 |
| (b) Provisions | 18(i) | 18,244,792 | 9,172,701 |
| (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 19 | 225,931,101 | 333,027,444 |
| (d) Other non-current liabilities | 20 | 128,127,431 | 132,825,016 |
| Total Non-current liabilities | | 636,527,323 | 772,450,936 |
| (2) Current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 17(ii) | 612,909,933 | 904,132,261 |
| (ii) Trade payables | 21 | | |
| - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises | | 1,059,319 | 1,299,438 |
| - Total Outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small | | | |
| Enterprises | | 257,541,584 | 359,922,645 |
| (iii) Other financial liabilities | 22 | 32,639,621 | 35,724,171 |
| (b) Other current liabilities | 23 | 166,770,453 | 75,494,169 |
| (c) Provisions | 18(ii) | 533,107 | 613,407 |
| (d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) | 24 | - | 9,283,896 |
| Total Current liabilities | | 1,071,454,016 | 1,386,469,987 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 6,404,515,753 | 6,123,674,271 |

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manay Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO Company Secretary

(DIN: 00103024)

Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2020

| | | | Amoun | t (In Rs) |
|------|--|------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Note | Year ended 31 March, 2020 | Year ended 31 March, 2019 |
| I | Revenue from operations | 25 | 8,119,728,608 | 9,647,640,467 |
| II | Other income | 26 | 16,641,842 | 24,962,969 |
| III | Total income (I + II) | | 8,136,370,450 | 9,672,603,436 |
| IV | Expenses | | | |
| | Cost of materials consumed | 27 | 4,841,266,494 | 5,759,546,348 |
| | Purchase of stock-in-trade | | 285,310,883 | 280,740,671 |
| | Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress | 28 | (338,321,634) | (157,593,527) |
| | Employee benefits expense | 29 | 287,109,530 | 247,806,730 |
| | Finance costs | 30 | 102,259,275 | 157,744,576 |
| | Depreciation and amortisation expense | 4A | 230,564,801 | 163,710,491 |
| | Other expenses | 31 | 1,801,625,108 | 1,719,074,627 |
| | Total expenses (IV) | | 7,209,814,457 | 8,171,029,916 |
| ٧ | Profit/ (loss) before tax (III-IV) | | 926,555,993 | 1,501,573,520 |
| VI | Tax expense: | | | |
| | Current tax | | 251,000,000 | 511,000,000 |
| | Deferred tax | | (105,847,563) | 7,969,299 |
| VII | Profit / (loss) for the year (V-VI) | | 781,403,556 | 982,604,221 |
| | Other comprehensive income | | | |
| | A. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| | (a) Remeasurements of defined benefit liability/ (asset) | | (4,961,786) | 1,085,144 |
| | (b) Income taxes relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | 1,248,782 | (379,193) |
| | Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | (3,713,004) | 705,951 |
| | B. Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - |
| | Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | - | - |
| VIII | Other comprehensive income | | (3,713,004) | 705,951 |
| IX. | Total comprehensive income for the year (VII+VIII) | | 777,690,552 | 983,310,172 |
| X. | Earnings per equity share | | | |
| | [Face value of equity share Rs. 10 each (previous year Rs. 10 each)] | | | |
| | - Basic | | 40.97 | 51.52 |
| | - Diluted | | 40.97 | 51.52 |

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No. 20052138AAAAAJ8521 Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Manav Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO Company Secretary

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo

(DIN: 00103024)

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2020

| Do. | Alandana | Year ended 31 I | March,2020 | Year ended 3 | 1 March,2019 |
|-----|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Pai | ticulars | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) |
| A. | Cash flow from operating activities | | 926,555,993 | | 1,501,573,520 |
| | Net Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax | | | | |
| | Adjustments for: | | | | |
| | Depreciation and amortisation | 230,564,801 | | 163,710,491 | |
| | Dividend Received | (1,345,713) | | - | |
| | Sundry Balance W/Back | (385,833) | | (936,408) | |
| | Foreign Currency Exchange Fluctuation Gain | (26,127,597) | | (4,905,943) | |
| | (Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed assets | (198,854) | | 3,640,087 | |
| | Bad Debt & Sundry Balance Written Off | 783,701 | | 1,453,027 | |
| | Finance costs | 102,259,275 | | 157,744,576 | |
| | | | 305,549,780 | | 320,705,830 |
| | Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes | | 1,232,105,773 | | 1,822,279,350 |
| | Changes in working capital: | | | | |
| | Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: | | | | |
| | Inventories | (50,670,923) | | (416,417,616) | |
| | Trade receivables | 210,571,570 | | 139,729,315 | |
| | Financial and Other Assets | 5,039,623 | | 295,543,940 | |
| | | 2,000,000 | | | |
| | Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities: | | | | |
| | Trade payables | (102,621,180) | | (293,746) | |
| | Borrowings | (291,222,328) | | (564,607,357) | |
| | Financial and Other Liabilities | 83,494,149 | | (212,677,610) | |
| | Provisions | 4,030,005 | | 2,308,545 | |
| | | | (141,379,085) | | (756,414,529) |
| | Cash generated from operations | | 1,090,726,688 | | 1,065,864,821 |
| | Net income tax (paid) / refunds | | (288,697,214) | | (510,904,777) |
| | Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A) | | 802,029,474 | | 554,960,044 |
| B. | Cash flow from investing activities | | | | |
| | Capital expenditure on fixed assets | | (253,408,125) | | (357,045,596) |
| | Purchase of Current Investment | | (350,191,728) | | - |
| | Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | | 325,995 | | 2,089,971 |
| | Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B) | | (603,273,858) | | (354,955,625) |
| c. | Cash flow from financing activities | | | | |
| | Repayment of Non Current borrowings | (33,201,776) | | (10,327,538) | |
| | Dividend Paid (Including Dividend Tax) | (45,909,481) | | (22,954,673) | |
| | Unpaid Dividend Transferred to Investor Protection Fund | - | | (259,857) | |
| | Finance cost | (102,259,275) | | (157,744,576) | |
| | Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C) | | (181,370,532) | | (191,286,644) |
| | Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) | | 17,385,084 | | 8,717,775 |
| | Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 27,687,997 | | 18,970,222 |
| | Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | | 45,073,081 | | 27,687,997 |

Notes:

- 1. Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Figures in brackets indicate cash outflows.

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No. 20052138AAAAAJ8521 Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manav Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO (DIN: 00103024) Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Company Secretary

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

| A. Equity share capital | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Number | Amount |
| Balance as at 1st April 2019 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 |
| Changes in equity share capital during 2019-20 | - | - |
| Balance as at 31 March 2020 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 |

| Particulars | | | Reserves and surpl | us | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Capital reserve | Share Premium | Capital Redemption Reserve | General Reserve | Retained earnings | Total |
| Balance as at 1st April 2019 | 30,142,208 | 328,846,550 | 30,000,000 | 483,433,983 | 2,901,421,337 | 3,773,844,078 |
| Profit or Loss | | | | | 781,403,556 | 781,403,556 |
| Other comprehensive income (net of tax) | | | | | (3,713,004) | (3,713,004) |
| Dividend | | | | | (38,144,104) | (38,144,104) |
| Income tax on dividend paid | | | | | (7,765,377) | (7,765,377) |
| Other adjustments | - | | | | - | - |
| Transfer from retained earnings | | | | | | - |
| Balance at 31 March 2020 | 30,142,208 | 328,846,550 | 30,000,000 | 483,433,983 | 3,633,202,409 | 4,505,625,144 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the standalone financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Mukesh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manay Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO (DIN: 00103024)

Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Company Secretary

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

1. COMPANY INFORMATION

"Beekay Steel Industries Limited (""the Company"") is a listed company incorporated in India on 28th March, 1981 having its registered office at 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Lansdowne Towers, 4 Floor, Kolkata-700020. The Company is principally engaged in the business of manufacturing of Hot Rolled Steel Sections, Bright Bars, Structural Items and TMT Bars.

The Companys' equity shares are listed on the BSE Limited(nation-wide trading terminal) under direct listing route. the trading of shares have started w.e.f, 25th March, 2015."

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION. MEASUREMENT AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation and Measurement a) Compliance with Ind AS

"These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

b) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('Rs') which is Company's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Company is also Indian Rupees ('Rs').

c) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention on the accrual basis, except for the following items:

- (i) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value;
- (ii) Employee's defined benefit plan as per actuarial valuation. Fair value is the price that would be received on the

sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In determining the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date."

d) Use of estimates and judgements

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively."

e) Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments."

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices(unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data(unobservable inputs).



When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

2.2 Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty: Key assumptions-

(i) Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment:

The Company uses its technical expertise along with historical and industry trends for determining the economic life of an asset/component of an asset. The useful lives are reviewed by management periodically and revised, if appropriate. In case of a revision, the unamortised depreciable amount is charged over the remaining useful life of the assets.

(ii) Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using certain valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

(iii) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan includes gratuity and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations using projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iv) Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies:

The certain key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources. Provision is towards known contractual obligation, litigation cases and pending assessments in respect of taxes, duties and other levies, if any, in respect of which management believes that there are present obligations and the settlement of such obligations are expected to result in outflow of resources, to the extent provided for.

(v) Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19(COVID-19):

The COVID-19 pandemic is an evolving human tragedy declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation with adverse impact on economy and business. Supply chain disruptions in India as a result of the outbreak started with restrcitions on movement of goods, closure of borders etc., in several states followed by a nationwide lockdown from 25th March 2020 announced by the Indian Government, to stem the spread of COVID-19. Due to this the operations in all our manufacturing plants were affected.

In light of these circumstances, the Company has made initial assessment of the likely adverse impact on economic environment in general and operational and financial risk on account of COVID-19. In developing the assumpations realting to the possible future uncertainties in the economic conditions becuase of this pandemic, the Company has used internal and external information such as our current contract terms, future volume estimates from the business etc. The Company is engaged in the business of Iron & Steel which are connected with activities fundamental to Indian Economy. The management believes that there may not be any significant impact of COVID-19 on financial poistion and performance of the Company and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

3. Statement of Significant accounting policies a) Operating Cycle

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents.

b) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

i. Financial Assets **Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Trade receivables are initially measured at transaction price. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets

are classified in three categories:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The effective interest rate (EIR) amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss."

Financial assets at Fair value through other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI)."

Financial assets at Fair value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL) A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss."

Investment in Associates

Investment in Associates is shown at cost. Where the carrying amount of an investment in greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount and the difference is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss. On disposal of investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Other equity investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with

value changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109.

ii. Financial liability

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus any transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities except financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which are intially measured at fair value.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in following categories:

- Financial liabilities through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities through FVTPL

A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments."

Derecognition

A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

iii. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right



to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of those qualifying property, plant and equipment, which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are capitalised.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate components of property, plant and equipment."

Assets retired from active use and held for disposal are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realisable value and shown under 'Other current assets'.

A fixed asset is eliminated from the financial statements on disposal or when no further benefit is expected from its use and disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre - operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work - in - Progress."

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. Ongoing repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

iii. Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation for the year is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation on fixed assets are provided on straight line method over the useful lives of assets, at the rates and in the manner specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Leasehold land (includes development cost) is amortised on a straight line basis over the period of respective lease, except land acquired on perpetual lease.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted as appropriate."

d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Estimated useful life of the Computer Software is 5

e) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a weighted average basis. Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

f) Impairment

i. Impairment of financial instruments: financial assets

Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss."

ii. Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest Company of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount."

g) Employee Benefits

i). Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

ii). Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

iii). Defined benefit plans

The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time ofresignation. The gratuity is paid @15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated by Actuaries using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income."

h) Provisions (other than for employee benefits)

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost."

i) Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue from the sale of goods and services are recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the amount due, associated costs or the possible return of goods."

Other operating revenue-Export Incentives

Export Incentives under various schemes are accounted in the year of export.

j) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment that transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets held under leases that do not transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (i.e. operating leases) are not recognised in the Company's Balance Sheet. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with general inflation.

k) Recognition of dividend income, interest income or

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date on which the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Interest income or expense is recognised using the effective interest method."

I) Segment reporting

The Company is dealing in one segment only i.e. Rolling of



Iron & Steel and hence separate segment is not given in accordance with Ind AS-108 "Operating Segments" notified pursuant to Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015.

m) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognized in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in OCI.

i). Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

ii). Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period."

n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in con-

nection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Where there is an unrealised exchange loss which is treated as an adjustment to interest and subsequently there is a realised or unrealised gain in respect of the settlement or translation of the same borrowing, the gain to the extent of the loss previously recognised as an adjustment is recognised as an adjustment to interest."

o) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

p) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notifications which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

Note: 4A FIXED ASSETS

| | | | GROSS BLOCK | CK | | | DEPRECIATION | ATION | | NET BLOCK | OCK |
|------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Pa | Particulars | As on 01.04.2019 | Additions during the Year | Sold/ Discarded or Adjustments | As on 31.03.2020 | Upto 01.04.2019 | For the Year | Adjustment /Sold/ Discarded | As on 31.03.2020 | As on 31.03.2020 | As on 31.03.2019 |
| 4 A | Property, plant & equipment :- | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Land | 144,897,195 | 223,852 | 1 | 145,121,047 | - | - | | - | 145,121,047 | 144,897,195 |
| | Leasehold Land | 7,337,847 | - | 1 | 7,337,847 | 570,000 | 1 | | 270,000 | 6,767,847 | 6,767,847 |
| | Shed & Building | 712,523,527 | 40,331,902 | 1 | 752,855,429 | 178,541,325 | 20,046,829 | | 198,588,154 | 554,267,275 | 533,982,202 |
| | Flats | 13,634,068 | 6,149,800 | ı | 19,783,868 | 2,638,265 | 366,441 | | 3,004,706 | 16,779,162 | 10,995,803 |
| | Leasehold Flats | 554,810 | - | 1 | 554,810 | 140,278 | - | | 140,278 | 414,532 | 414,532 |
| | Office Premises | 30,502,147 | ı | 1 | 30,502,147 | 5,890,814 | 472,581 | | 6,363,395 | 24,138,752 | 24,611,333 |
| | Plant & Machineries | 1,956,302,331 | 128,205,553 | ı | 2,084,507,884 | 810,702,428 | 98,059,710 | | 908,762,138 | 1,175,745,746 | 1,145,599,903 |
| | Electrical Installation | 146,686,012 | 23,642,553 | 1 | 170,328,565 | 63,999,277 | 10,851,213 | | 74,850,490 | 95,478,075 | 82,686,735 |
| | Laboratory Equipments | 8,151,710 | 1 | ı | 8,151,710 | 4,581,783 | 1 | | 4,581,783 | 3,569,927 | 3,569,927 |
| | Rolls | 553,476,150 | 66,409,664 | ı | 619,885,814 | 475,226,970 | 92,380,109 | | 567,607,079 | 52,278,735 | 78,249,180 |
| | Furniture & Fixtures | 29,828,277 | 1,191,666 | 1 | 31,019,943 | 23,437,596 | 1,917,316 | | 25,354,912 | 5,665,031 | 6,390,681 |
| | Computer | 23,402,884 | 3,558,442 | 1 | 26,961,326 | 19,943,651 | 1,446,656 | | 21,390,307 | 5,571,019 | 3,459,233 |
| | Office Equipments | 6,242,916 | 859,911 | 1 | 7,102,827 | 4,876,264 | 472,989 | | 5,349,253 | 1,753,574 | 1,366,652 |
| | Air Conditioner & Others | 9,962,870 | 120,329 | ı | 10,083,199 | 6,157,892 | 672,864 | | 6,830,756 | 3,252,443 | 3,804,978 |
| | Motor Vehicles | 56,558,147 | 7,335,871 | 989,387 | 62,904,631 | 24,248,010 | 4,017,116 | 801,247 | 27,463,879 | 35,440,752 | 32,310,137 |
| | Total - Fixed Assets | 3,700,060,890 | 278,029,543 | 989,387 | 3,977,101,047 | 1,620,954,557 230,703,824 | 230,703,824 | 801,247 | 1,850,857,134 | 2,126,243,918 2,079,106,333 | 2,079,106,333 |
| | Previous Year | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Fixed Assets | 3,331,204,740 | 376,358,625 | 7,502,475 | 3,700,060,890 | 1,460,075,734 | 163,772,693 | 2,893,871 | 1,620,954,556 | 2,079,106,333 | ı |
| | (i) Certain property, plant and equipment are pledged against borrowings, the details relating to which has been described in Note 16 pertaining to borrowings. | ment are pledged against bor | rowings, the de | tails relating to w | hich has been desc | ribed in Note 16 pe | rtaining to bor | owings. | | | |
| | NOTE: 4B Capital Work -in- Progress | SS | | | | | | | | | |
| 4B | Capital Work in Progress | 234,150,045 | 24,443,309 | 49,064,727 | 209,528,628 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 209,528,628 | 234,150,045 |
| | Previous Year | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Capital Work In Progress | 253,463,074 | 242,137,567 | 261,450,596 | 234,150,045 | ı | | 1 | 1 | 234,150,045 | ı |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Amount in Rs. | Amount in Rs. |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Note 5(i). Non-Current Investments | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| to the second to French to the second to | | |
| Investments in Equity Instruments | | |
| In Associates (carrying amount determined using the equity method of accounting)" | | |
| Quoted: | | |
| 11,60,000 (31st March 2019: 11,60,000) Equity Shares Rs. 10/- each fully paid up in A K C Steel Industries Limited | 2,320,000 | 2,320,000 |
| | | |
| In Others (at fair value through other comprehensive income) | | |
| Quoted: | | |
| 800 (31st March 2019: 800) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up in Super Forging & Steels Limited | 1 | |
| | | |
| (A) | 2,320,001 | 2,320,00 |
| Aggregate Market value of quoted investments | 2,320,001 | 2,320,00 |

| Note 5(ii). Current Investments | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Investments in Mutual Funds (at fair value through Profit & Loss) | | |
| Quoted: | | |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Low Duration Fund -Growth- Regular Plan - 55,000.665 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,100,000 | - |
| Axis Ultra Short Term Fund Growth - 2,354,337.160 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,000,000 | - |
| ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund Growth - 1,301,839.238 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,000,000 | - |
| HDFC Low Duration Fund Growth - 628,486.529 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,000,000 | - |
| ICICI Prudential Credit Risk Fund Growth - 4,825,097.679 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 100,477,357 | - |
| HDFC Credit Risk Fund Growth - 6,276,874.236 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 100,000,000 | - |
| Franklin India Short Term Income Plan - Growth - 10,873.925 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 43,739,371 | - |
| Franklin India Index Fund Nifty Plan - 72,623.12 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 5,000,000 | - |
| Franklin India Short Term Income Plan - Retail Plan - Segregated Portfolio -3 -(9.5% Yes Bank Ltd CO 23DEC21) - Growth - 12,212.704 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 875,000 | - |
| (B) | 350,191,728 | - |
| Aggregate book value of quoted investments | 350,191,728 | - |
| Aggregate market value of quoted investments | 361,945,940 | - |

| Note 6. Other non-current financial assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Deposits with remaining maturity of more than 12 months* | 19,761,233 | 14,618,229 |
| | 19,761,233 | 14,618,229 |
| * Pledged with the banks against various credit facilities availed by the company (Refer note 16). | | |

| Note 7. Other non-current assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| (Unsecured, considered good) | | |
| Capital advances | 55,973,282 | 60,759,189 |
| Advances other than capital advances | | |
| - Security and other deposits | 91,874,153 | 75,485,667 |
| - Other advances (including advances with statutory authorities) | 9,543,749 | 10,262,897 |
| | 157,391,184 | 146,507,753 |

| Note 8. Inventories | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| (Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value) | | |
| Raw materials | 881,984,389 | 1,180,587,355 |
| Finished goods | 1,093,972,754 | 720,477,552 |
| Stock-in-trade (goods acquired for trading) | 45,859,799 | 40,585,142 |
| Scrap and cuttings | 84,430,409 | 123,751,205 |
| Stores and spares | 85,166,999 | 75,342,172 |
| | 2,191,414,349 | 2,140,743,426 |

- (i) The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in Note 3(e).
- (ii) Inventories have been pledged as security against certain bank borrowings of the company as at 31 March, 2020 (Refer note 17).
- (iii) Cost of inventory recognised as an expense

| Note 9. Trade receivables | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Unsecured, Considered good | | |
| Over Six Months | 43,071,790 | 31,567,855 |
| Others | 923,309,299 | 1,145,384,804 |
| | 966,381,089 | 1,176,952,659 |
| Trade Receivables have been given as collateral towards borrowings (refer note 17). | | |

| Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents# | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Balances with banks | | |
| - In cash credit and current accounts | 19,277,038 | 8,704,031 |
| - Deposit with original maturity of less than three months account | 23,287,095 | 16,691,084 |
| Cheques, drafts on hand | 172,500 | 101,730 |
| Cash on hand | 2,336,448 | 2,191,152 |
| | 45,073,081 | 27,687,997 |

Cash and cash equivalents (other than cash on hand) are pledged against borrowings, the details relating to which have been described in Note 17 pertaining to borrowings.

| Note 11. Other bank balances * | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| Earmarked balances (on unclaimed dividend account) | 2,085,349 | 1,846,863 | | |
| In deposit account** | 6,991,864 | 21,481,825 | | |
| | 9,077,213 | 23,328,688 | | |
| *Other Bank balances are pledged against borrowings, the details relating to which have been described in Note 17 pertaining to borrowings. | | | | |
| **Represents deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months having remaining maturity of less than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date. | | | | |

| Note 12. Other current financial assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Advances to employees | 3,804,165 | 3,071,215 |
| Interest accrued on deposits | 3,461,791 | 3,443,221 |
| | 7,265,956 | 6,514,436 |

| Note 13. Current tax Asset (Net) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current tax (net of Payment) | 55,688,775 | - |
| | 55.688.775 | _ |

| Note 14. Other current assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Advances other than capital advances | | |
| - Advance to suppliers | 101,330,704 | 147,683,268 |
| - Export incentive receivable (including duty drawback) | 80,390,076 | 693,446 |
| - Other statutory advances | 68,513,235 | 114,976,651 |
| - Other advances (including prepaid expenses, other receivables etc.) | 13,944,584 | 8,391,337 |
| | 264,178,599 | 271,744,702 |

| Note 15. Equity share capital | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Authorised | | |
| 2,00,00,000 (March 31, 2019: 2,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each | 200,000,000 | 200,000,000 |
| 3,00,000 (March 31, 2019: 3,00,000) 15% Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each of 100/- each | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| | 230,000,000 | 230,000,000 |
| Issued & subscribed | | |
| 1,93,71,652 (March 31, 2019: 1,93,71,652) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each | 190,909,270 | 190,909,270 |
| Paid up Capital | | |
| 1,90,72,052 (March 31, 2019 1,90,72,052) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paod up | 190,720,520 | 190,720,520 |
| Add: Forfeited Shares | 188,750 | 188,750 |
| | 190,909,270 | 190,909,270 |

| Note -16 Other equit | ty | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Components | Note | 1 April 2019 | Movement during the year | 31 March 2020 | 1 April 2018 | Movement during the year | 31 March 2019 |
| Capital reserve | a | 30,142,208 | | 30,142,208 | 30,142,208 | - | 30,142,208 |
| Share premium | b | 328,846,550 | | 328,846,550 | 328,846,550 | | 328,846,550 |
| General reserve | d | 483,433,983 | | 483,433,983 | 483,433,983 | | 483,433,983 |
| Capital Redemption Reserve | е | 30,000,000 | | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | | 30,000,000 |
| Retained earnings | f | 2,901,421,337 | 731,781,071 | 3,633,202,403 | 1,941,065,838 | 960,355,499 | 2,901,421,337 |
| | | 3,773,844,078 | 731,781,071 | 4,505,625,144 | 2,813,488,579 | 960,355,499 | 3,773,844,078 |

The description, nature and purpose of each reserve within equity are as follows:

- (a) Capital Reserve: Capital reserve is utilised in accordance with provisions of the Act
- (b) Securities Premium Account: The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Share Premium.
- (c) General Reserve: The Company has transferred a potion of the net profit of the company before declaring dividend to general reserve persuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act 2013.
- (d) Capital Redemption Reserve: The Company has recognised Capital Redemption Reserve on redemption of Preference Shares from its retained earnings. The amount in Capital Redemption Reserve is equal to nominal amount of the Preference Shares redeemed.
- (e) Retained earnings: It comprise of accumulated profit/ (loss) of the Company. The movement is on account of follow-
- (i) Rs. 77,76,90,557 (31st March 2019: Rs. 99,16,43,496) was on account of profit/ (loss) incurred by the Company.
- (ii) Rs. 4,59,09,481 (31st March 2019: 2,29,54,673) was on account of dividend distribution (inclusive of dividend distribution tax).

| A. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------|------------|---------------|--|
| | 31 March | 2020 | 31 March | 31 March 2019 | |
| | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | |
| Balance as at the beginning of the year | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 | |
| Add: Issued during the year | - | - | - | - | |
| Balance as at the end of the year | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 | |

B. Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to Equity Shares

The Company has equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and in the event of liquidation, the shareholders of Equity shares of the company are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to their shareholding.

The Company has authorised Preference Share Capital which are non convertible redeemable of 100/- each. Such Shareholders have right to receive fixed preferential dividend. However no preferential shares are outstanding on the date of Balance Sheet.

| | | 31 March 2020 | | 31 March 2019 |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| Name of the Shareholder | Number | % of total shares in the class | Number | % of total shares in the class |
| Jyotirmoy Trading Pvt. Ltd. | 2,457,678 | 12.89% | 2,457,678 | 12.89% |
| Concast Steels & Alloys Ltd. | 2,129,754 | 11.17% | 2,129,754 | 11.17% |
| Suresh Chand Bansal | 2,013,854 | 10.56% | 2,013,854 | 10.56% |
| Manav Bansal | 1,258,196 | 6.60% | 1,258,196 | 6.60% |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | 1,193,374 | 6.26% | 1,193,374 | 6.26% |
| Century Vision Pvt. Ltd. | 1,060,938 | 5.56% | 1,060,938 | 5.56% |
| Vikas Bansal | 953,998 | 5.00% | 953,998 | 5.00% |

| Note 17. Borrowings | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 17(i) Non-current borrowings | | |
| Secured Term loans | | |
| From banks | | |
| - Bank of Baroda | 1,267,269 | 2,774,494 |
| - Yes Bank | 2,978,320 | 5,670,803 |
| - Kotak Mahindra Bank | 793,162 | 17,996 |
| - ICICI Bank | 1,053,414 | - |
| - HDFC Bank | 162,527 | 2,869,434 |
| (A) | 6,254,692 | 11,332,727 |
| Unsecured Loans | | |
| Bodies Corporate | 257,969,307 | 286,093,048 |
| (B) | 257,969,307 | 286,093,048 |
| (A+B) | 264,223,999 | 297,425,775 |

| Nature of Security | Terms of Repayment |
|---|---|
| 1. Term Loan from Bank of Baroda: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 12,67,269/-(31st March 2019 Rs. 27,74,494/-) is secured on Vehicle. | (i) Repayable in 10 months from April 2021 to Jan 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90% |
| 2. Term Loan from Yes Bank: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 29,78,320/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 56,70,803/-) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 12 months from April 2021 to March 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 9.05% (ii) Repayable in 11 months from April 2021 to Feb 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 9.05% (iii) Repayable in 10 months from April 2021 to Jan 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90% |
| 3. Term Loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 7,93,162/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 17,996/-) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 18 months from April 2021 to Sep' 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.70% |
| 4. Term Loan from ICICI Bank: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 10,53,414/-(31st March 2019 Rs. Nil) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 23 months from April 2021 to Feb'2023, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.70% |
| 5. Term Loan from HDFC Bank: Represents term loan mounting Rs. 1,62,527/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 28,69,434/-) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 2 months from April 2021 to May' 2021, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90%. (ii) Repayable in 5 months from April 2021 to Aug' 2021, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90% |

| Current Maturities of Non-Current Borrowings [disclosed under the head Other Financial Liabilities - Current (Refer note 22)] | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 | |
| HDFC Bank | 1,545,852 | 1,193,280 | |
| Bank of Baroda | 1,860,252 | 1,860,252 | |
| Yes Bank | 3,687,684 | 3,687,684 | |
| Kotak Mahindra | 663,860 | 215,940 | |
| ICICI Bank | 681,864 | - | |
| | 8,439,512 | 6,957,156 | |

| Note 17(ii) Current borrowings | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| Secured | | | |
| Working Capital Loans | | | |
| Allahabad bank | 96,728,755 | 228,075,326 | |
| State Bank of India | 376,729,272 | 498,418,308 | |
| Bank of Baroda | 127,342,012 | 100,248,481 | |
| Punjab National Bank | 12,391,250 | 48,480,126 | |
| Yes Bank | (281,356) | 18,856,931 | |
| State Bank of India (IBD) | - | 10,053,089 | |
| | 612,909,933 | 904,132,261 | |

Nature of security and other terms

Working Capital Loan are secured by first hypothecation on entire current assets of the Company including stocks, book debts and other Current Assets of all the units both present and future ranking pari-passu basis with working capital lending Banks under consortium and Personal guarantee of promoter directors and second charge on fixed assets (movable and immovable) of the Company.

Secured loan - terms of repayment

- 1. **Allahabad Bank:** Working capital loan amounting to Rs. 9,67,28,755/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 22,80,75,326/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.95%).
- 2. State Bank of India: Working capital loan amounting to Rs. 37,67,29,272/- (31st March 2019: Rs.49,84,18,308/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.95%).
- 3. Bank of Baroda: Working capital amounting to Rs. 12,73,42,012/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 10,02,48,481/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.85%).
- 4. Punjab National Bank: Working capital amounting to Rs. 1,23,91,250/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 4,84,80,126/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+1.00%).
- 5. Yes Bank: Working capital amounting to Rs. (-)2,81,356/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 1,88,56,931/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.40%)
- 6. **State Bank of India (IBD):** Amounting to Rs. Nil (31st March 2019: Rs. 1,00,53,089/-).

| Note 18. Provisions | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Note 18(i) Non-Current | | |
| Provisions for employee benefits | | |
| - Provision for leave encashment | 5,243,563 | 4,827,808 |
| - Provision for gratuity (refer note 34) | 13,001,229 | 4,344,893 |
| | 18,244,792 | 9,172,701 |
| | | |
| 18(ii) Current | | |
| Provisions for employee benefits | | |
| Provision for Leave Encashment | 533,107 | 613,407 |
| | 533,107 | 613,407 |

| Note 19. Income and Deferred Taxes (net) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---|---|
| Deferred Tax Liabilities (net) | | |
| Deferred tax liability | 231,771,732 | 335,853,560 |
| Less: Deferred tax asset | 5,840,631 | 2,826,116 |
| | 225,931,101 | 333,027,444 |
| | | |
| Income taxes | | |
| A. Amount recognised in profit or loss | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Current tax | | |
| Current period | 251,000,000 | 511,000,000 |
| | 251,000,000 | 511,000,000 |
| Deferred tax | | |
| Attributable to- | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | (105,847,563) | 7,969,299 |
| | (105,847,563) | 7,969,299 |
| Tax expense reported in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss [(A)+(B)] | 145,152,437 | 518,969,299 |
| | | |
| B. Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Deferred tax | | |
| On items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | |
| - Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | 1,248,782 | (379,193) |
| Income tax expense reported in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss | 1,248,782 | (379,193) |
| | | |
| C. Reconciliation of effective tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| | | |
| Profit/(Loss) before tax (a) | 926,555,993 | 1,501,573,520 |
| Income tax rate as applicable (b) | | 24.0440/ |
| | 25.168% | 34.944% |
| Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)] | 25.168% | 524,709,851 |
| Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)] | | |
| Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)] Permanent tax differences due to: | | |
| | | |
| Permanent tax differences due to: | 233,195,612 | 524,709,851 |
| Permanent tax differences due to: | 233,195,612 | 524,709,851 2,504,310 |
| Permanent tax differences due to: Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit | 233,195,612 | 524,709,851 2,504,310 |
| Permanent tax differences due to: Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Tax effect of: | 233,195,612 | 524,709,851 2,504,310 |
| Permanent tax differences due to: Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Tax effect of: Adjustments in prior year taxes | 233,195,612 2,129,345 235,324,957 | 524,709,851 2,504,310 527,214,161 |

Impact of tax rate change: The Company elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendement) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly the Company has re-measured Deferred Tax Assets basis the rate prescribed in the said section.

| D. Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Balance as on 1 April 2019 | (Charged) / credited to profit or loss | (Charged) / credited to OCI | "Balance as on 31 March 2020" |
| Property, plant and equipment | (335,853,560) | 104,081,828 | - | (231,771,732) |
| Provisions | 2,826,116 | 1,765,733 | 1,248,782 | 5,840,631 |
| Items allowed on payment basis | | - | - | |
| | (333,027,444) | 105,847,563 | 1,248,782 | (225,931,101) |

Note:

- (a) The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax aseets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.
- (b) During the year ended March 31, 2020 the Company has paid dividend to its shareholders. This has resulted in payment of Dividend Distribution Tax (DDT) to the taxation authorities. The Company believes that DDT represents additional payment to taxation authority on behalf of the shareholders. Hence, DDT paid is charged to equity.

| Note 20. Other non-current liabilities | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | | |
| Security and other deposits | 128,127,431 | 132,825,016 |
| | 128,127,431 | 132,825,016 |

| Note 21. Trade payables | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Dues to Micro And Small Enterprises (as per the intimation received from vendors) | | |
| a. Principal and interest amount remaining unpaid | 1,059,319 | 1,299,438 |
| b. Interest due thereon remaining unpaid | - | - |
| c. Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day | - | - |
| d. Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006 | - | - |
| e. Interest accrued and remaining unpaid | - | - |
| f. Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises | - | - |
| (A) | 1,059,319 | 1,299,438 |

Disclosures of payables to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006) is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts/interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the year or on balance brought forward from previous year.

| Dues to others | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Trade payables | | |
| - For goods | 16,398,993 | 51,312,529 |
| - For Stores | 106,708,628 | 148,069,898 |
| - For expenses | 134,433,963 | 160,540,218 |
| (B) | 257,541,584 | 359,922,645 |
| (A+B) | 258,600,903 | 361,222,083 |
| Trade payables are non interest bearing and are genereally settled with 30 to | 90 days' payment terms. | |

| Note 22. Other financial liabilities | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Current | | |
| Current maturities of finance lease obligations | 8,439,512 | 6,957,156 |
| Unpaid dividends | 2,085,349 | 1,846,863 |
| Creditors for project expenditure | 5,064,229 | 5,091,446 |
| Cheques overdrawn | 63,312 | 1,905,850 |
| Others* | 16,987,219 | 19,922,856 |
| | 32,639,621 | 35,724,171 |
| *Others includes bonus payable to employees etc | | |

| Note 23. Other current liabilities | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Advance received from customers | 43,656,544 | 31,331,978 |
| Other Creditors* | 82,831,371 | - |
| Statutory dues | 40,282,538 | 44,162,191 |
| | 166,770,453 | 75,494,169 |

*Includes Rs 8,28,31,371,on takeover the various branches of M/s Durable Ispat & Alloys Pvt Ltd as per agreement dated 29.01.2020 executed between the above Companies with a view to integration and enlarge customer base and to reach retail segment for Companies Product.

| Note 24. Current tax liabilities (Net) | - | 9,283,896 |
|--|---|-----------|
| Current tax (net of payment) | - | 9,283,896 |

| Note 25. Revenue from operations | Year ended 31 March 2020 " | Year ended 31 March 2019 " |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Sale of products & services | | |
| Sale of products | 5,961,501,976 | 7,682,533,102 |
| Sale of services | 1,585,675,256 | 1,382,573,938 |
| Total (a) | 7,547,177,232 | 9,065,107,040 |
| Other operating revenues | | |
| - Scrap and coal fines sales | 480,709,503 | 513,853,876 |
| - Export incentives | 31,265,525 | 24,753,992 |
| - Sale of MEIS License | 27,986,631 | 33,889,197 |
| - Handling Charges on Sales | 6,462,120 | 5,130,419 |
| - Foreign Exchange fluctuation Income | 26,127,597 | 4,905,943 |
| Total (b) | 572,551,376 | 582,533,427 |
| Total (a+b) | 8,119,728,608 | 9,647,640,467 |

| Note 26. Other income | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as FVTPL | | |
| | 10,915,919 | 7,853,703 |
| Other non-operating income | | |
| - Rent | 3,316,950 | 4,761,817 |
| - Dividend | 1,345,713 | - |
| - Profit on sale of fixed asset | 198,954 | 129,971 |
| - Miscellaneous income * | 864,306 | 12,217,478 |
| | 16,641,842 | 24,962,969 |
| *Miscellaneous income includes discount received, miscellaneous receipts, Sundry | balances and Provisions written back. | |

| Note 27. Cost of materials consumed | Year ended 31 March 2020 " | Year ended 31 March 2019" |
|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Inventory of raw materials at the beginning of the year (refer note 8) | 1,180,587,355 | 938,404,719 |
| Add: Purchases | 4,542,663,528 | 6,001,728,984 |
| | 5,723,250,883 | 6,940,133,703 |
| Less: Inventory of raw materials at the end of the year (refer note 8) | 881,984,389 | 1,180,587,355 |
| Cost of materials consumed | 4,841,266,494 | 5,759,546,348 |

| Note 28. Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Inventories at the beginning of the year (refer note 8) | | |
| Finished goods | 720,477,552 | 617,102,040 |
| Stock-in-Trade | 40,585,142 | 26,152,187 |
| Scrap, cuttings and coal fines | 124,938,133 | 85,153,073 |
| Total (A) | 886,000,827 | 728,407,300 |
| Inventories at the end of the year (refer note 8) | | |
| Finished goods | 1,093,972,754 | 720,477,552 |
| Stock-in-Trade | 45,859,799 | 40,585,142 |
| Scrap, cuttings and coal fines | 84,489,908 | 124,938,133 |
| Total (B) | 1,224,322,461 | 886,000,827 |
| (A-B) | (338,321,634) | (157,593,527) |

| Note 29. Employee benefits expense | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Salaries and wages (including managerial remuneration) | 251,604,084 | 215,551,719 |
| Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 34) | 20,052,179 | 17,529,154 |
| Staff welfare expenses | 15,453,267 | 14,725,857 |
| | 287,109,530 | 247,806,730 |

| Note 30. Finance costs | 31 March 2020 | 31 Ma rch 2019 |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| Interest expense: | | |
| - on finance libilities measured at amortized cost | 68,155,235 | 121,105,550 |
| - on finance lease | 1,307,484 | 793,092 |
| - others | 25,497,441 | 27,359,937 |
| Other borrowing costs | 7,299,115 | 8,485,997 |
| | 102,259,275 | 157,744,576 |

| Note 31. Other expenses | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Manufacturing expenses: | 31 Walti 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Rolling charges & material cutting charges | 179,551,459 | 181,933,535 |
| Stores and spare parts consumed | 195,261,087 | 117,134,060 |
| Furnace oil consumed | 285,797,280 | 387,001,810 |
| Oxygen and gas consumed | 5,179,615 | 4,908,191 |
| Coal consumed | 263,962,194 | 224,174,584 |
| Electricity charges | 406,029,814 | 390,849,126 |
| PGP operation charges | 13,122,549 | 11,726,408 |
| Processing charges | 2,324,812 | 3,247,368 |
| Repair and maintenance: | _,, | -, , |
| - Plant and machinery and electrical | 12,078,077 | 6,856,521 |
| - Shed and building | 3,882,131 | 3,833,348 |
| Freight, carraige and octroi charges | 126,161,810 | 108,028,591 |
| Machinery hire charges | 9,021,062 | 8,256,837 |
| Testing, effluent and inspection charges | 351,929 | 540,259 |
| A | 1,502,723,819 | 1,448,490,638 |
| Establishment expenses | 1,000,000 | 1,112,120,120 |
| Electricity expenses | 2,226,690 | 2,127,816 |
| Insurance charges | 5,125,235 | 3,355,279 |
| Repair and maintenance-others | 12,156,354 | 11,486,220 |
| Rent paid | 16,632,847 | 13,095,744 |
| License, rates and taxes | 7,023,473 | 7,010,299 |
| Legal and professional charges | 14,331,804 | 9,603,534 |
| Security service charges | 11,642,398 | 9,822,728 |
| Bad debt written off | 783,701 | 16,938,766 |
| Computer maintenance expenses | 849,793 | 1,077,708 |
| Printing and stationary | 1,068,185 | 1,344,736 |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets | 298 | 3,770,058 |
| Loss on Sale of Mutual Fund | 93,701 | - |
| Travelling and conveyance expenses | 10,973,085 | 11,564,634 |
| Vehicle maintenance | 5,391,387 | 5,468,734 |
| Telephone, Mobile & Internet Expenses | 2,924,981 | 3,018,792 |
| Corporate social responsibility | 15,620,526 | 12,779,639 |
| Payment to Auditors: | | , , |
| - Audit fees | 570,000 | 570,000 |
| - Tax audit | - | 55,000 |
| - Reimbursement of expenses | 212,203 | 141,584 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 13,744,793 | 18,927,459 |
| В | 121,371,454 | 132,158,730 |
| Selling and Distribution Expenses: | | |
| Advertisement expenses | 6,998,161 | 11,346,615 |
| Commission on sales | 12,975,101 | 12,738,484 |
| Sales promotion expenses | 6,716,867 | 7,227,392 |
| Freight on export | 92,597,207 | 50,912,009 |
| Freight, carriage and octroi charges | 54,616,424 | 47,163,579 |
| Other selling and distribution expenses | 3,626,075 | 9,037,180 |
| | 177,529,835 | 138,425,259 |
| C | 1,801,625,108 | 1 710 074 627 |
| Total (A+B+C) | 1,601,025,108 | 1,719,074,627 |

Note 32. Earnings/ (loss) per share (EPS)

The calculations of profit attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for purposes of basic earnings per share calculation are as follows:

| (i) Profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders (basic and diluted) | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Profit/ (loss) for the year, attributable to the equity holders | 781,403,556 | 982,604,221 |
| (ii) Weighted average number of equity shares (basic and diluted) | | |
| At the beginning of the year | 19,072,052 | 19,072,052 |
| Impact of new issue of equity shares | - | - |
| Weighted average number of equity shares (basic and diluted) for the year | 19,072,052 | 19,072,052 |
| Basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per share [(i)/ (ii)] | 40.97 | 51.52 |

| Note 33. Contingent liability and commitments (Ind AS 37) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| (to the extent not provided for) | | |
| a) Claim against the Company not acknowledged as debt | | |
| (i) Excise /Service Tax matters in dispute/under appeal | 166,488,272 | 165,868,995 |
| (ii) Sales Tax/VAT matters in dispute/under appeal | 12,614,784 | 14,383,341 |
| (iii) Income Tax matters in dispute/under appeal | 54,923,683 | 100,885,365 |
| b) Capital and other commitments | | |
| (i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) | 5,263,580 | 7,896,789 |
| c) Guarantee outstanding | | |
| Bank guarantee issued on behalf of the Company to secure the financial assistance and business contract | 413,091,000 | 435,039,000 |

| Note 34. Assets and Liabilities relating to employee benefits (Ind AS 19) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Statement of Assets and Liabilities for defined benefit obligation | | |
| Net defined benefit asset - Gratuity Plan | 11,580,953 | 13,940,269 |
| Net defined benefit obligation - Gratuity Plan | (24,582,182) | (18,285,162) |
| Total employee benefit liabilities | (13,001,229) | (4,344,893) |
| Non-current Non-current | (13,001,229) | (4,344,893) |
| Current | - | - |
| Defined contribution | | |
| Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognized as expense for the period is as under: | | |
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Employer's Contribution to Provident and Other Funds | 20,052,179 | 17,529,154 |

Defined benefits - Gratuity

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme for its employees in India is a defined benefit plan (funded).

The Company provides for gratuity from employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/ termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a funded plan and the company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The Company does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimation of expected gratuity payments.

These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks, such as currency risk, interest risk and market (investment)

The Company expects to pay Rs 40,09,788 /- in contribution to its defined benefit plans during the year 2020-21

Inherent risk

The plan is defined benefit in nature which is sponsored by the Company. In particular, this exposes the Company, to actuarial risk such as adverse salary growth, change in demographic experience, inadequate return on underlying plan assets. This may result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature, the plan is not subject to longevity risk.

The following tables analyse present value of defined benefit obligations, expense recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, actuarial assumptions and other information.

| Reconciliation of the net defined benefit (asset)/ liability: | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| (i) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (a) Balance at the beginning of the year | 18,285,162 | 17,069,305 |
| (b) Current service cost | 2,150,555 | 2,326,017 |
| (c) Past service cost - plan amendments | - | - |
| (d) Interest cost | 1,329,035 | 1,264,203 |
| (e) Acquistion (credit)/cost | 1,213,784 | - |
| (f) Actuarial (gains)/ losses recognised in other comprehensive income | | |
| - financial assumptions | 2,311,413 | 194,235 |
| - experience adjustment | 887,940 | (1,266,441) |
| (g) Benefits paid | (1,595,707) | (1,302,157) |
| Balance at the end of the year | 24,582,182 | 18,285,162 |
| , | | |
| (ii) Reconciliation of present value of plan assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (a) Balance at the beginning of the year | 13,940,269 | 14,187,206 |
| (b) Interest income | 998,824 | 1,042,282 |
| (c) Actual return on plan asset less interest on plan asset | (1,762,433) | 12,938 |
| (d) Contributions by the employer | - | - |
| (e) Benefits paid | (1,595,707) | (1,302,157) |
| Balance at the end of the year | 11,580,953 | 13,940,269 |
| · | | |
| (iii) Net asset/ (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | (24,582,182) | (18,285,162) |
| Fair value of plan assets | 11,580,953 | 13,940,269 |
| Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet | (13,001,229) | (4,344,893) |
| <u> </u> | | |
| (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Current service cost | 2,150,555 | 2,326,017 |
| Past service cost - plan amendments | - | - |
| Interest cost | 330,211 | 221,921 |
| Expected return on plan assets | - | - |
| Amount charged to Profit or Loss | 2,480,766 | 2,547,938 |
| | | |
| (v) Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (a) Actuarial loss/ (gain) arising on defined benefit obligation from | | |
| - demographic assumptions | - | - |
| - financial assumptions | 2,311,413 | 194,235 |
| - experience adjustment | 887,940 | (1,266,441) |
| (b) Actual return on plan asset less interest on plan asset | 1,762,433 | (12,938) |
| Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | 4,961,786 | (1,085,144) |
| | | |
| (vi) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Within the next 12 months | 1,820,695 | 2,087,552 |
| Between 1 and 5 years | 5,879,528 | 4,853,074 |
| Between 5 and 10 years | 11,952,678 | 10,899,175 |
| More than 10 years | 70,373,841 | 7,384,000 |
| | | |
| (vi) Sensitivity analysis | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Defined benefit obligation on discount rate plus 100 basis points | 2,835,432 | 1,794,181 |
| Defined benefit obligation on salary growth rate plus 100 basis points | 3,416,437 | 2,143,329 |
| Defined benefit obligation on discount rate minus 100 basis points | 3,458,406 | 2,151,801 |
| Defined benefit obligation on salary growth rate minus 100 basis points | 2,855,141 | 1,819,143 |

| (vii) Actuarial assumptions | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages) | | |
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Discount rate | 6.80% | 7.60% |
| Expected rate of salary increase | 7.00% | 7.00% |
| Retirement age (years) | 58 | 58 |
| Attrition rate based on different age group of employees | | |
| - 20 to 25 years | 0.50% | 0.50% |
| - 25 to 30 years | 0.30% | 0.30% |
| - 30 to 35 years | 0.20% | 0.20% |
| - 35 to 50 years | 0.10% | 0.10% |
| - 50 to 55 years | 0.20% | 0.20% |
| - 55 to 60 years | 0.30% | 0.30% |
| Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the published rates under Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08). | | |
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (viii) Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation | 13 years | 12 years |

Note 35 Related Party Disclosures under Ind AS 24

1. Relationship:-

(A) List of related parties where control exists

| Particulars | Related Parties | Country of Incorporation |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Associate | A K C Steel Industries Limited | India |

| (B) List of other related parties | | |
|---|--|--|
| Name of the related parties | Relationship | |
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal, Executive Chairman | Key Management Personnel(KMP) | |
| Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal, Managing Director | Key Management Personnel(KMP) | |
| Mr. Vikas Bansal, Executive Director | Key Management Personnel(KMP) | |
| Mr. Manav Bansal, Whole time Director & CFO | Key Management Personnel(KMP) | |
| Mr. Gautam Bansal, Whole time Director | Key Management Personnel(KMP) | |
| Mrs. Indu Bansal | Relative of KMPs (wife of Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal) | |
| Mrs. Aruna Bansal | Relative of KMPs (wife of Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal) | |

(C) Other related parties over which Key Management Personnel to its relatives have its interest **Associate Company**

B.P.Spring & Engineering Co (Pvt) Ltd Century Vision Private Ltd **Emerald Suppliers Private Ltd** Beekay Associates Pvt Ltd Metropolis Estates Pvt Ltd Pleasant Holdings Pvt Ltd

Associate Enterprises

B.L.Bansal & Sons (HUF) Thirupathy Bright Industries

2. The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business:

| Name of Related Party | Nature of Transactions | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | | 31/3/2020 | 31/3/2019 | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited | Purchase of Goods | - | 24,996,525 | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited | Sale of Goods | 244,926 | 322,794 | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries | Purchase of Goods | 7,171,478 | 3,860,747 | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries | Sale of Goods | 31,713,616 | 5,683,702 | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited | Rent & Electricity | 12,438,058 | 12,278,719 | |
| Emerald suppliers Private Limited | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 3,884,244 | 356,196 | |
| Beekay Associates Pvt Ltd | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 157,662 | 200,532 | |
| Metropolis Estates Pvt Ltd | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 166,903 | 178,052 | |
| Pleasant Holdings Pvt Ltd | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 175,554 | 280,289 | |
| B.L.Bansal & Sons (HUF) | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 27,000 | 36,000 | |
| Gautam Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 314,177 | 466,774 | |
| Aruna Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 402,000 | 402,000 | |
| Indu Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 240,000 | 240,000 | |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 135,000 | 180,000 | |
| Manav Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 135,000 | 180,000 | |
| Vikas Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 162,000 | 162,000 | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited | Machining Charges | 7,981,002 | 10,209,518 | |
| Century Vision Private Limited | Interest on Unsecured Loan | 1,127,732 | 1,284,862 | |
| Suresh Chand Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 44,700,000 | 41,170,000 | |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 20,060,000 | 18,170,000 | |
| Vikas Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 22,020,000 | 17,450,000 | |
| Manav Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 13,212,000 | 11,850,000 | |
| Gautam Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 10,208,000 | 8,720,000 | |

| 3. Balances with related parties referred in 1 above, in ordinary course of business: | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Balance Outstanding at the end of the year: | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | | |
| | 31/3/2020 | 31/3/2019 | | |
| Nature of Transactions | | | | |
| Purchase of Goods | | | | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited (Dr. Balance) | 1,681,408 | 19,710,257 | | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries(Dr Balance) | 171,478 | - | | |
| Sale of Goods | | | | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited (Dr. Balance) | | - | | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries(Dr Balance) | 4,944,044 | 6,287,665 | | |
| Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | | | | |
| AKC Steel Industries Limited (Cr. Balance) | 2,783,606 | 4,676,108 | | |
| Beekay Associates Private Limited (Cr. Balance) | 7,966 | 34,469 | | |
| Pleasant Holdings Pvt Ltd (Cr. Balance) | 10,151 | 36,798 | | |
| Metropolis Estates Pvt Ltd (Cr. Balance) | 12,777 | 40,166 | | |
| Emerald Suppliers Private Limited(Cr. Balance) | - | 83,049 | | |
| B.L.Bansal & Sons(HUF)(Cr. Balance) | - | 9,000 | | |
| Gautam Bansal (Cr. Balance) | - | 107,236 | | |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal (Cr. Balance) | - | 40,500 | | |
| Manav Bansal(Cr. Balance) | | 40,500 | | |
| Aruna Bansal (Cr. Balance) | 40,500 | 54,000 | | |
| Indu Bansal (Cr. Balance) | - | 54,000 | | |
| Vikas Bansal (Cr. Balance) | 40,500 | - | | |
| Other Income(Rent & Electricity) | | | | |
| B.P.Spring & Engg Co (Pvt) Limited(Dr. Balance) | 72,101 | 72,101 | | |
| Emerald Suppliers Private Limited(Dr. Balance) | 100,000 | 100,000 | | |
| Interest on unsecured loan | | | | |
| Century Vision Private Limited(Cr. Balance) | 1,014,959 | 1,156,375 | | |
| Remuneration | | | | |
| Suresh Chand Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 3,530,743 | 21,008,181 | | |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 3,272,085 | 7,596,781 | | |
| Vikas Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 337,623 | 7,457,172 | | |
| Manav Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 279,112 | 4,820,852 | | |
| Gautam Bansal (Cr. Balance) | 256,566 | 3,390,634 | | |

| Compensation of Key Management Personnel of the Company | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Key management personnel compensation comprised the following: | | |
| Nature of transaction | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
| Short-term employee benefits | 110,200,000 | 97,360,000 |
| Other long-term benefits (Refer Note below) | * | * |
| Total Compensation paid to key management personnel | 110,200,000 | 97,360,000 |

^{*} As the future liability for gratuity and compensated encashment is provided on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole, the amount pertaining to the key management personnel is not ascertainable and, therefore, not included above.

All decisions relating to the remuneration of the directors are taken by the board of directors of the Company, in accordance with shareholder approval, wherever necessary.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The purchase from related party are made in the ordinary course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

Note 36 Accounting classifications and fair values (Ind AS 107)

36.1 Fair values vs carrying amounts

The following table shows fair values of financial assets and liabilities, including their levels in financial hierarchy, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position. The table does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying aamount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

| | | | As at 31st Ma | rch 2020 | As at 31st Ma | arch 2019 |
|----|--|----------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|
| | | Note No. | Carrying amount | Fair value | Carrying amount | Fair value |
| | | | | Level 3 | | Level 3 |
| A. | Financial assets: | | | | | |
| a) | Measured at amortised c | Measured at amortised cost | | | | |
| | Trade receivables | 9 | 966,381,089 | - | 1,176,952,659 | - |
| | Cash and cash equivalents | 10 | 45,073,081 | - | 27,687,997 | - |
| | Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | 11 | 9,077,213 | - | 23,328,688 | - |
| | Other financial assets | 6,12 | 27,027,189 | - | 21,132,665 | - |
| b) | Measured at fair value through profit or loss | | | | | |
| | Investments | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | |
| B. | Financial liabilities: | | | | | |
| a) | Measured at amortised cost | | | | | |
| | Borrowings | 16 | 877,133,932 | - | 1,201,558,036 | - |
| | Trade payables | 20 | 258,600,903 | - | 361,222,083 | - |
| | Other financial liabilities | 21 | 32,639,621 | - | 35,724,171 | - |

36.2 Fair value measurement

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchange in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in forced or liquidation sale.

The Company has established the following fair value hierarchy that categories the value into 3 levels. The inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial instruments are:

Level 1: The hierarchy uses quoted (adjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value of all bonds which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price or dealer quotations as at the reporting date.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example traded bonds, over the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The management assessed that trade receivables, cash and cash equivalent, other bank balances, trade payable and other financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of there instruments.

The fair value of the financial instruments is determined using net asset value at the respective reporting date

36.2 Fair value measurement

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchange in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in forced or liquidation sale.

The Company has established the following fair value hierarchy that categories the value into 3 levels. The inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial instruments are:

Level 1: The hierarchy uses quoted (adjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value of all bonds which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price or dealer quotations as at the reporting date.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example traded bonds, over the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. The management assessed that trade receivables, cash and cash equivalent, other bank balances, trade payable and other financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of there instruments. The fair value of the financial instruments is determined using net asset value at the respective reporting date.

36.3 Financial risk management

- (1) The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:
 - (i) Credit risk
 - (ii) Liquidity risk
 - (iii) Market risk

Risk management framework

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, investments and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's primary risk management focus is to minimise potential adverse effects of market risk on its financial performance. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer and the concentration of risk from the top few customers. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss of the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally form the Company receivables from customers and loans. Credit arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing/investing activities, including deposits with bank. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk with any counterparty. The carrying amount of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

Notes on standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

Trade receivable

The risk management committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Company's review includes external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and in some cases bank references.

Exposure to credit risks

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry. Details of concentration percentage of revenue generated from top customer and top five customers are stated below:

| Particulars | Year ended 31 March 2020 | | | nded h 2019" |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------|-----------------|
| | % | Amount | % | Amount |
| Revenue from top customer | 13.55% | 1,100,066,521 | 11.39% | 1,098,863,321 |
| Revenue from top five customers | 41.44% | 3,365,051,488 | 43.82% | 4,227,212,331 |

Trade receivables are primarily unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and by continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. As per simplified approach, the Company makes provision of expected credit loss on trade receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default payments and makes appropriate provisions at each reporting date whenever is for longer period and involves higher risk.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company's finance team is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, Processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments

| 31 March 2020 | Less than 1 year | 1-5 years | > 5 years | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Borrowings | 612,909,933 | 264,223,999 | - | 877,133,932 |
| Trade payables | 258,600,903 | - | - | 258,600,903 |
| Other financial liabilities | 32,639,621 | - | - | 32,639,621 |
| | | | | |
| 31 March 2019 | Less than 1 year | 1-5 years | > 5 years | Total |
| Borrowings | 904,132,261 | 297,425,775 | | 1,201,558,036 |
| Trade payables | 361,222,083 | - | - | 361,222,083 |
| Other financial liabilities | 35,724,171 | - | - | 35,724,171 |

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair value or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates and other market changes that effect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments, receivables, payables and borrowings.

Notes on standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates related primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates. The Company constantly monitors the credit markets and rebalances its financing strategies to achieve an optimal maturity profile and financing cost.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| Particulars | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fixed rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | 50,040,192 | 52,791,138 |
| Financial liabilities | (272,663,511) | (304,382,931) |
| | (222,623,319) | (251,591,793) |
| Variable rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | - | - |
| Financial liabilities | (604,470,421) | (897,175,105) |
| | (604,470,421) | (897,175,105) |

Sensitivity analysis

Fixed rate instruments that are carried at amortised cost are not subject to interest rate risk for the purpose of sensitive analysis.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in variable rate instruments at the reporting dates would have increased or decreased profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

| Particulars | Profit | or loss | Equity, net of tax | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | Strengthening | Weakening | Strengthening | Weakening | |
| 31 March 2020 | | | | | |
| Variable rate instruments | (6,044,704) | 6,044,704 | (4,523,373) | 4,523,373 | |
| Cash flow sensitivity (net) | (6,044,704) | 6,044,704 | (4,523,373) | 4,523,373 | |
| 31 March 2019 | | | | | |
| Variable rate instruments | (8,971,751) | 8,971,751 | (5,836,662) | 5,836,662 | |
| Cash flow sensitivity (net) | (8,971,751) | 8,971,751 | (5,836,662) | 5,836,662 | |

(b) Equity price risk

The Company is not exposed to equity risks arising from equity investments. Equity investments are held for stratergic rather than trading purposes. The Company does not actively trade these investments.

(c) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk impact related to fair value or future cash flows of an exposure in foreign currency, which fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to import of raw materials and spare parts, capital expenditure, exports of finished goods. The currency in which these transaction are primarily denominated as USD.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions. The Company follows established risk management policies and standard operating procedures.

Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency are at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| Particulars | In original currency (USD) | In Rupees |
|--|----------------------------|------------|
| 31 March 2020 | | |
| Trade receivables | 141,535 | 10,181,694 |
| Net exposure in respect of recognised financial assets and liabilities | 141,535 | 10,181,694 |
| | | |
| Particulars | In original currency (USD) | In Rupees |
| 31 March 2019 | | |
| Trade receivables | 700,782 | 48,233,912 |
| Net exposure in respect of recognised financial assets and liabilities | 700,782 | 48,233,912 |

Notes on standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the USD and JPY against Indian rupee at 31 March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected equity and profit or loss by the amount shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

| Particulars | Profit or lo | oss | Equity, net of tax | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Strengthening | Weakening | Strengthening | Weakening |
| 31 March 2020 | | | | |
| USD (5% Movement) | 509,085 | (509,085) | 380,958 | (380,958) |
| 31 March 2019 | | | | |
| USD (5% Movement) | 2,411,696 | (2,411,696) | 1,568,953 | (1,568,953) |

Note 37 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain furture development of the business. The management monitors the return on capital, as well as the level of dividends to equity shareholders.

The Company's objective when managing capital are to: (a) to maximise shareholders value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and (b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital and other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders.

The Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt less investments divided by total equity.

| Particulars | | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| Total debt (Bank and other borrowings) | А | 877,133,932 | 1,201,558,036 |
| Equity | В | 4,696,534,414 | 3,964,753,348 |
| Liquid investments including bank deposits | С | 45,073,081 | 27,687,997 |
| Debt to Equity (A / B) | | 0.19 | 0.30 |
| Debt to Equity (net) [(A-C) / B] | | 0.18 | 0.30 |

In addition the Company has financial covenants realting to the banking facilities that it has taken from all the lenders like interest service coverage ratio, Debt to EBITDA, current ratio etc. which is maintained by the Company.

Note 38 Leases: Company as lessee

The Company has entered into agreements in the nature of lease/leave and license agreement with different lessors/licensors for the purpose of establishment of office premises/residential accommodations etc. These are generally in the nature of operating lease/leave and license. Period of agreements are generally up to three years amd renewable at the option of the lessee.

Lease rentals charged to revenue (included under the head Other Expenses in Note 31) for right to use the following assets are:

| | For the year ended 31 March | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------|
| Particulars | 2020 | 2019 |
| Office premises, residential flats, plant and equipment etc. | 16,632,847 | 13,095,744 |

| 38.1 Details of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure: | Ammount in Lacs | | |
|---|--|--------|--|
| Particulars | Year ended 31st March 2020 Year ended 31st March | | |
| Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act | 210.01 | 129.66 | |
| Amount spent during the year on: | | | |
| (i) Construction/Acquisition of an assets | - | - | |
| (ii) on purpose other than above(i) | 160.90 | 128.36 | |
| Total | 160.90 | 128.36 | |

Note 39 Events occurred after the Balance Sheet date

The Board of Dierctors has recommended Equity Dividends of Rs. 1/- per Share (Previous year Rs. 2/-) for the financial year 2019-20

Note 40 The Financial statements were authorized for issue by the Directors on 29th June, 2020

Consolidated Financial Statements

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Beekay Steel Industries Limited. Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Ind As Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statement of BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss(including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Consolidated state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the Consolidated profit, Consolidated total comprehensive income, Consolidated changes in equity and its Consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period. These

matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon

Our opinion on the Consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated **Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- · Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, has adequate

internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair resentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of the Cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2020 from being appointed as a director in

terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

- f) "With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure A'. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting."
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Consolidated financial statements.
- ii) The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material forseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including deriv-
- iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

Annexure - A to Independent Auditor's Report

1. Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) Of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of BEEKAY STEEL INDUSTRIES LIMITED as of 31st March, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

2. Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial **Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls

system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

4. Meaning of Internal Financial Controls **Over Financial Reporting**

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company.
- (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

5. Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over **Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

6. Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an

adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For LIHALA & CO Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

Amount (In Rs)

| | Note | As at 31 March, 2020 | As at 31 March, 2019 |
|--|--------|----------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| (1) Non-current assets | | | |
| (a) Property, plant and equipment | 4A | 2,126,243,913 | 2,079,106,334 |
| (b) Capital work-in-progress | 4B | 209,528,628 | 234,150,046 |
| (c) Financial assets | | | |
| (i) Investments | 5(i) | 19,230,601 | 15,432,181 |
| (ii) Other financial assets | 6 | 19,761,233 | 14,618,229 |
| (d) Other non-current assets | 7 | 157,391,184 | 146,507,753 |
| Total Non-current assets | | 2,532,155,559 | 2,489,814,543 |
| (2) Current assets | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 8 | 2,191,414,349 | 2,140,743,426 |
| (b) Financial assets | | | |
| (i) Investments | 5(ii) | 350,191,728 | - |
| (ii) Trade receivables | 9 | 966,381,089 | 1,176,952,659 |
| (iii) Cash and cash equivalents | 10 | 45,073,081 | 27,687,997 |
| (iv) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | 11 | 9,077,213 | 23,328,688 |
| (v) Other financial assets | 12 | 7,265,956 | 6,514,436 |
| (c) Current Tax Asset (Net) | 13 | 55,688,775 | - |
| (d) Other current assets | 14 | 264,178,599 | 271,744,702 |
| Total Current assets | | 3,889,270,790 | 3,646,971,908 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 6,421,426,349 | 6,136,786,451 |
| | | | |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| (a) Equity share capital | 15 | 190,909,270 | 190,909,270 |
| (b) Other equity | 16 | 4,522,535,740 | 3,786,956,258 |
| Total Equity | | 4,713,445,010 | 3,977,865,528 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| (1) Non-current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 17(i) | 264,223,999 | 297,425,775 |
| (b) Provisions | 18(i) | 18,244,792 | 9,172,701 |
| (c) Deferred tax liabilities (net) | 19 | 225,931,101 | 333,027,444 |
| (d) Other non-current liabilities | 20 | 128,127,431 | 132,825,016 |
| Total Non-current liabilities | | 636,527,323 | 772,450,936 |
| (2) Current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 17(ii) | 612,909,933 | 904,132,261 |
| (ii) Trade payables | 21 | | |
| - Total Outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises | | 1,059,319 | 1,299,438 |
| - Total Outstanding dues of Creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises | | 257,541,584 | 359,922,645 |
| (iii) Other financial liabilities | 22 | 32,639,621 | 35,724,171 |
| (b) Other current liabilities | 23 | 166,770,453 | 75,494,169 |
| (c) Provisions | 18(ii) | 533,107 | 613,407 |
| (d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net) | 24 | _ | 9,283,896 |
| Total Current liabilities | | 1,071,454,016 | 1,386,469,987 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 6,421,426,349 | 6,136,786,451 |

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants**

Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Manav Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO (DIN: 00103024)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Company Secretary

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2020

Amount (In Rs)

| | | Note | Year ended 31 March, 2020 | Year ended 31 March, 2019 |
|------|--|------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| I | Revenue from operations | 25 | 8,119,728,608 | 9,647,640,467 |
| II | Other income | 26 | 16,641,842 | 24,962,969 |
| Ш | Total income (I + II) | | 8,136,370,450 | 9,672,603,436 |
| IV | Expenses | | | |
| | Cost of materials consumed | 27 | 4,841,266,494 | 5,759,546,348 |
| | Purchase of stock-in-trade | | 285,310,883 | 280,740,671 |
| | Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress | 28 | (338,321,634) | (157,593,527) |
| | Employee benefits expense | 29 | 287,109,530 | 247,806,730 |
| | Finance costs | 30 | 102,259,275 | 157,744,576 |
| | Depreciation and amortisation expense | 4A | 230,564,801 | 163,710,491 |
| | Other expenses | 31 | 1,801,625,108 | 1,719,074,627 |
| | Total expenses (IV) | | 7,209,814,457 | 8,171,029,916 |
| v | Profit/ (loss) before tax (III-IV) | | 926,555,993 | 1,501,573,520 |
| VI | Tax expense: | | 920,333,993 | 1,501,573,520 |
| V1 | Current tax | | 251,000,000 | 511,000,000 |
| | Deferred tax | | (105,847,563) | 7,969,299 |
| VII | Profit / (loss) for the year (V-VI) | | 781,403,556 | 982,604,221 |
| VIII | · | | 3,798,420 | 8,333,324 |
| IX | Total Profit / (loss) for the year (VII + VIII) | | 785,201,976 | 990,937,545 |
| Х | Other comprehensive income | | 1 33,231,513 | 222,222,232 |
| | A. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| | (a) Remeasurements of defined benefit liability/ (asset) | | (4,961,786) | 1,085,144 |
| | (b) Income taxes relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | 1,248,782 | (379,193) |
| | Net other comprehensive income not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | (3,713,004) | 705,951 |
| | B. Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - |
| | Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | - | - |
| ΧI | Other comprehensive income | | (3,713,004) | 705,951 |
| | Total comprehensive income for the year (IX+X) | | 781,488,972 | 991,643,496 |
| XI1. | [Face value of equity share Rs. 10 each (previous year Rs. 10 each)] | | 41.17 | 51.96 |
| | - Basic - Diluted | | 41.17 | 51.96 |

Significant accounting policies 3

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manay Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO Company Secretary (DIN: 00103024)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo

Mukesh Chand Bansal

Managing Director

(DIN: 00103098)

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2020

Amount (In Rs)

| Particulars | Year ended 3 | 1 March,2020 | Year ended 3 | 1 March,2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | | 930,354,413 | | 1,509,906,844 |
| Net Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax | | | | |
| Adjustments for: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 230,564,801 | | 163,710,491 | |
| Dividend Received | (1,345,713) | | - | |
| Sundry Balance W/Back | (385,833) | | (936,408) | |
| Foreign Currency Exchange Fluctuation Gain | (26,127,597) | | (4,905,943) | |
| (Profit)/Loss on sale of Fixed assets | (198,854) | | 3,640,087 | |
| Bad Debt & Sundry Balance Written Off | 783,701 | | 1,453,027 | |
| Finance costs | 102,259,275 | | 157,744,576 | |
| | | 305,549,780 | | 320,705,830 |
| Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes | | 1,235,904,193 | | 1,830,612,674 |
| Changes in working capital: | | | | |
| Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets: | | | | |
| Inventories | (50,670,923) | | (416,417,616) | |
| Trade receivables | 210,571,570 | | 139,729,315 | |
| Financial and Other Assets | 5,039,623 | | 295,543,940 | |
| | | | | |
| Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities: | | | | |
| Trade payables | (102,621,180) | | (293,746) | |
| Borrowings | (291,222,328) | | (564,607,357) | |
| Financial and Other Liabilities | 83,494,149 | | (212,677,610) | |
| Provisions | 4,030,005 | | 2,308,545 | |
| | | (141,379,085) | | (756,414,529) |
| Cash generated from operations | | 1,094,525,108 | | 1,074,198,145 |
| Net income tax (paid) / refunds | | (288,697,214) | | (510,904,777) |
| Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A) | | 805,827,894 | | 563,293,368 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | | | |
| Capital expenditure on fixed assets | | (253,408,125) | | (357,045,596) |
| B. Change in Value of Investment | | (3,798,420) | | (8,333,324) |
| Purchase of Current Investment | | (350,191,728) | | - |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed assets | | 325,995 | | 2,089,971 |
| Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B) | | (607,072,278) | | (363,288,949) |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | | | |
| Repayment of Non Current borrowings | (33,201,776) | | (10,327,538) | |
| Dividend Paid (Including Dividend Tax) | (45,909,481) | | (22,954,673) | |
| Unpaid Dividend Transferred to Investor Protection Fund | - | | (259,857) | |
| C. Finance cost | (102,259,275) | | (157,744,576) | |
| Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C) | | (181,370,532) | | (191,286,644) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) | | 17,385,084 | | 8,717,775 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 27,687,997 | | 18,970,222 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | | 45,073,081 | | 27,687,997 |

Notes:

- 1. Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Figures in brackets indicate cash outflows.

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manav Bansal Fullt ime Director & CFO

(DIN: 00103024)

Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Company Secretary

Consildated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2020

Amount (In Rs)

| A. Equity share capital | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Number | Amount |
| Balance as at 1st April 2019 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 |
| Changes in equity share capital during 2019-20 | - | - |
| Balance as at 31 March 2020 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 |

| B. Other equity | B. Other equity | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Dautianlana | | | Reserves and surplus | | | Total | | |
| Particulars | Capital reserve | Share Premium | Capital Redemption Reserve | General Reserve | Retained earnings | IOLAI | | |
| Balance as at 1st April 2019 | 30,142,208 | 328,846,550 | 30,000,000 | 483,433,983 | 2,914,533,517 | 3,786,956,258 | | |
| Profit or Loss | - | - | - | - | 785,201,976 | 785,201,976 | | |
| Other comprehensive income (net of tax) | - | - | - | - | (3,713,004) | (3,713,004) | | |
| Dividend | - | - | - | - | (38,144,104) | (38,144,104) | | |
| Income tax on dividend paid | - | - | - | - | (7,765,377) | (7,765,377) | | |
| Balance at 31 March 2020 | 30,142,208 | 328,846,550 | 30,000,000 | 483,433,983 | 3,650,112,999 | 4,522,535,740 | | |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For LIHALA & CO **Chartered Accountants** Firm's Registration Number.315052E

Rajesh Lihala (Partner) Membership No. 052138 UDIN No.20052138AAAAAJ8521

Place: 11, Crooked Lane, Kolkata - 700 069

Date: 29th June 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors sd/-

Suresh Chand Bansal Executive Chairman (DIN: 00103134)

Manav Bansal

(DIN: 00103024)

Mukesh Chand Bansal Managing Director (DIN: 00103098)

Rabindra Kumar Sahoo Fullt ime Director & CFO Company Secretary

1. Reporting entity

"Beekay Steel Industries Limited (the Company) is a listed company incorporated in India on 28th March, 1981 having its registered office at 2/1A, Sarat Bose Road, Lansdowne Towers, 4 Floor, Kolkata-700020. The Company is principally engaged in the business of manufacturing of Hot Rolled Steel Sections, Bright Bars, Structural Items and TMT Bars.

The Companys' equity shares are listed on the BSE Limited (nation-wide trading terminal) under direct listing route. the trading of shares have started w.e.f, 25th March, 2015."

2. Significant Accounting Policies followed by the Company

a) Compliance with Ind AS

"These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter."

The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

b) Basis of consolidation

(i) Business combination

"Business combinations are accounted for using Ind AS 103, Business Combinations. Ind AS 103 requires the identifiable intangible assets and contingent consideration to be fair valued in order to ascertain the net fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. Significant estimates are required to be made in determining the value of contingent consideration and intangible assets."

(ii) Investment in associates

"An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with Ind AS 105 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate."

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

"After application of the equity method of accounting, the Group determines whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the net investment in an associate and that event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows from the net investment that can be reliably estimated. If there exists such an objective evidence of impairment, then it is necessary to recognise impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group."

c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('Rs') which is Company's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Company is also Indian Rupees ('Rs').

d) Basis of measurement

"The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention on the accrual basis, except for the following items:

- (i) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value:
- (ii) Employee's defined benefit plan as per actuarial valuation.

Fair value is the price that would be received on the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In determining the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date."

e) Use of estimates and judgements

"In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively."

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty: Key assumptions-

(i) Useful lives of Property, plant and equipment:

The Company uses its technical expertise along with historical and industry trends for determining the economic life of an asset/component of an asset. The useful lives are reviewed by management periodically and revised, if appropriate. In case of a revision, the unamortised depreciable amount is charged over the remaining useful life of the assets.

(ii) Fair value measurement of financial instruments:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using certain valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

(iii) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan includes gratuity and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations using projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iv) Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies:

The certain key assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow of resources. Provision is towards known contractual obligation, litigation cases and pending assessments in respect of taxes, duties and other levies, if any, in respect of which management believes that there are present obligations and the settlement of such obligations are expected to result in outflow of resources, to the extent provided for.

f) Measurement of fair values

"A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values.

The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments."

"Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows."

Level 1: quoted prices(unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data(unobservable inputs).

"When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the

Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred."

3. Statement of Significant accounting policies a) Operating Cycle

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents.

b) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

i. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Trade receivables are initially measured at transaction price. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent measurement

"For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets."

Financial assets at amortised cost

"A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The effective interest rate (EIR) amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss."

Financial assets at Fair value through other Comprehensive Income FVTOCI)

"A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI)."

Financial assets at Fair value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)

"A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss."

Other equity investments

All other equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except for those equity investments for which the Company has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109.

ii. Financial liability

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus any transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities except financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which are intially measured at fair value.

Subsequent measurement

"For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in following categories:

- Financial liabilities through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Financial liabilities at amortised cost"

Financial liabilities through FVTPL

A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

"Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments."

Derecognition

A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

iii. Offsetting of financial instruments

"Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously."

c) Property, Plant and Equipment i. Recognition and measurement

"Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of those qualifying property, plant and equipment, which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are capitalised.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate components of property, plant and equipment."

"Assets retired from active use and held for disposal are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realisable value and shown under 'Other current assets'.

A fixed asset is eliminated from the financial statements on

disposal or when no further benefit is expected from its use and disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre - operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work - in - Progress."

ii. Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. Ongoing repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

iii. Depreciation and amortisation

"Depreciation and amortisation for the year is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation on fixed assets are provided on straight line method over the useful lives of assets, at the rates and in the manner specified in Part C of Schedule II of the Act. Freehold land is not depreciated. Leasehold land (includes development cost) is amortised on a straight line basis over the period of respective lease, except land acquired on perpetual lease.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted as appropriate."

d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Estimated useful life of the Computer Software is 5 years.

e) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a weighted average basis. Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress include all costs of purchases, conversion costs and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

f) Impairment

i. Impairment of financial instruments: financial assets

"Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financials assets in FVTPL category.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss."

ii. Impairment of non-financial assets

"The Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest Company of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount."

g) Employee Benefits

i. Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

ii. Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company makes specified monthly

contributions towards Provident Fund. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

iii. Defined benefit plans

"The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation. The gratuity is paid @15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated by Actuaries using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income."

h) Provisions (other than for employee benefits)

"Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost."

i) Revenue Recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

"Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue from the sale of goods and services are recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the amount due, associated costs or the possible return of goods."

Other operating revenue-Export Incentives

Export Incentives under various schemes are accounted in the year of export.

j) Leases

"Leases of property, plant and equipment that transfer to the

Company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The minimum lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Assets held under leases that do not transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (i.e. operating leases) are not recognised in the Company's Balance Sheet. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with general inflation."

k) Recognition of dividend income, interest income or expense

"Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date on which the Company's right to receive payment is estab-

Interest income or expense is recognised using the effective interest method."

I) Segment reporting

The Company is dealing in one segment only i.e. Rolling of Iron & Steel and hence separate segment is not given in accordance with Ind AS-108 "Operating Segments" notified pursuant to Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015.

m) Income tax

"Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognized in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in OCI."

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

ii. Deferred tax

"Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences be-

tween the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period."

n) Borrowing costs

"Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of an asset which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Where there is an unrealised exchange loss which is treated as an adjustment to interest and subsequently there is a realised or unrealised gain in respect of the settlement or translation of the same borrowing, the gain to the extent of the loss previously recognised as an adjustment is recognised as an adjustment to interest."

o) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

p) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notifications which would have been applicable from April 1,

NOTE: 4A FIXED ASSETS

| | | GROSS BLOCK | ВГОСК | | | DEPRE | DEPRECIATION | | NET B | NET BLOCK |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Particulars | As on 01.04.2019 | Additions during the Year | Sold/ Discarded or Adjustments | As on 31.03.2020 | Upto 01.04.2019 | For the Year | Adjustment / Sold/ Discarded | As on 31.03.2020 | As on 31.03.2020 As on 31.03.2019 | As on 31.03.2019 |
| 4A Property, plant & equipment :- | equipment :- | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | 144,897,195 | 223,852 | 1 | 145,121,047 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 145,121,047 | 144,897,195 |
| Leasehold Land | 7,337,847 | ı | 1 | 7,337,847 | 270,000 | , | | 570,000 | 6,767,847 | 6,767,847 |
| Shed & Building | 712,523,527 | 40,331,902 | 1 | 752,855,429 | 178,541,325 | 20,046,829 | | 198,588,154 | 554,267,274 | 533,982,201 |
| Flats | 13,634,068 | 6,149,800 | 1 | 19,783,868 | 2,638,265 | 366,441 | | 3,004,706 | 16,779,162 | 10,995,803 |
| Leasehold Flats | 554,810 | ı | 1 | 554,810 | 140,278 | | | 140,278 | 414,532 | 414,532 |
| Office Premises | 30,502,147 | ı | 1 | 30,502,147 | 5,890,814 | 472,581 | | 6,363,395 | 24,138,752 | 24,611,333 |
| Plant & Machineries | 1,956,302,331 | 128,205,553 | 1 | 2,084,507,884 | 810,702,428 | 98,059,710 | | 908,762,138 | 1,175,745,746 | 1,145,599,903 |
| Electrical Installation | on 146,686,012 | 23,642,553 | | 170,328,565 | 63,999,277 | 10,851,213 | | 74,850,490 | 95,478,075 | 82,686,735 |
| Laboratory Equipments | 8,151,710 | 1 | | 8,151,710 | 4,581,783 | , | | 4,581,783 | 3,569,927 | 3,569,927 |
| Rolls | 553,476,150 | 66,409,664 | 1 | 619,885,814 | 475,226,970 | 92,380,109 | | 567,607,079 | 52,278,735 | 78,249,180 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | s 29,828,277 | 1,191,666 | ı | 31,019,943 | 23,437,596 | 1,917,316 | | 25,354,912 | 5,665,031 | 6,390,681 |
| Computer | 23,402,884 | 3,558,442 | 1 | 26,961,326 | 19,943,651 | 1,446,656 | | 21,390,307 | 5,571,019 | 3,459,233 |
| Office Equipments | 6,242,916 | 859,911 | 1 | 7,102,827 | 4,876,264 | 472,989 | | 5,349,253 | 1,753,574 | 1,366,652 |
| Air Conditioner & Others | 9,962,870 | 120,329 | , | 10,083,199 | 6,157,892 | 672,864 | | 6,830,756 | 3,252,443 | 3,804,978 |
| Motor Vehicles | 56,558,147 | 7,335,871 | 989,387 | 62,904,631 | 24,248,010 | 4,017,116 | 801,247 | 27,463,879 | 35,440,752 | 32,310,137 |
| Total - Fixed Assets | ts 3,700,060,890 | 278,029,543 | 989,387 | 3,977,101,046 | 1,620,954,556 | 230,703,824 | 801,247 | 1,850,857,134 | 2,126,243,913 | 2,079,106,334 |
| Previous Year | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed Assets | 3,331,204,740 | 376,358,625 | 7,502,475 | 3,700,060,890 | 1,460,075,734 | 163,772,693 | 2,893,871 | 1,620,954,557 | 2,079,106,334 | 1 |
| (i) Certain propert | (i) Certain property, plant and equipment are pledged against borrowi | nt are pledged aga | inst borrowings, th | ne details relating | ngs, the details relating to which has been described in Note 16 pertaining to borrowings. | described in No | e 16 pertaining to | borrowings. | | |
| NOTE: 4B Capital | NOTE: 4B Capital Work -in- Progress | | | | | | | | | |
| 4B Capital Work in Progress | 234,150,045 | 24,443,309 | 49,064,727 | 209,528,627 | 1 | | 1 | | 209,528,628 | 234,150,046 |
| Previous Year | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Work In Progress | 253,463,074 | 242,137,567 | 261,450,596 | 234,150,045 | 1 | | 1 | • | 234,150,046 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes on consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Continued)

Amount (In Rs)

| | Amount in Rs. | Amount in Rs. |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Note 5(i). Non-Current Investments | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
| Investments in Equity Instruments | | |
| "In Associates (carrying amount determined using the equity method of accounting)" | | |
| Quoted: | | |
| 11,60,000 (31st March 2019: 11,60,000) Equity Shares Rs. 10/- each fully paid up in A K C Steel Industries Limited | 2,320,000 | 2,320,000 |
| Add: Share of profit/ (loss) | 16,910,600 | 13,112,180 |
| | 19,230,600 | 15,432,180 |
| In Others (at fair value through other comprehensive income) | | |
| Quoted: | | |
| 800 (31st March 2019: 800) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up in Super Forging & Steels Limited | 1 | 1 |
| (A) | 19,230,601 | 15,432,181 |
| Aggregate Market value of quoted investments | 19,230,601 | 15,432,181 |

| Note 5(ii). Current Investments | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Investments in Mutual Funds (at fair value through Profit & Loss) | | | | |
| Quoted: | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 | | |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Low Duration Fund -Growth- Regular Plan - 55,000.665 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,100,000 | - | | |
| Axis Ultra Short Term Fund Growth - 2,354,337.160 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,000,000 | - | | |
| ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund Growth - 1,301,839.238 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,000,000 | - | | |
| HDFC Low Duration Fund Growth - 628,486.529 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 25,000,000 | - | | |
| ICICI Prudential Credit Risk Fund Growth - 4,825,097.679 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 100,477,357 | - | | |
| HDFC Credit Risk Fund Growth - 6,276,874.236 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 100,000,000 | - | | |
| Franklin India Short Term Income Plan - Growth - 10,873.925 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 43,739,371 | - | | |
| Franklin India Index Fund Nifty Plan - 72,623.12 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 5,000,000 | - | | |
| Franklin India Short Term Income Plan - Retail Plan - Segregated Portfolio -3 -(9.5% Yes Bank Ltd CO 23DEC21) - Growth - 12,212.704 Units (31st March 2019: Nil) | 875,000 | - | | |
| (B) | 350,191,728 | - | | |
| Aggregate book value of quoted investments | 350,191,728 | - | | |
| Aggregate market value of quoted investments | 361,945,940 | - | | |
| | | | | |

| Note 6. Other non-current financial assets | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Deposits with remaining maturity of more than 12 months* | 19,761,233 | 14,618,229 |
| | 19,761,233 | 14,618,229 |

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Pledged with the banks against various credit facilities availed by the company (Refer note 17).

| Note 7. Other non-current assets | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| (Unsecured, considered good) | | |
| Capital advances | 55,973,282 | 60,759,189 |
| Advances other than capital advances | | |
| - Security and other deposits | 91,874,153 | 75,485,667 |
| - Other advances (including advances with statutory authorities) | 9,543,749 | 10,262,897 |
| | 157,391,184 | 146,507,753 |

Amount (In Rs)

| Note 8. Inventories | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| (Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value) | | |
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Raw materials | 881,984,389 | 1,180,587,355 |
| Finished goods | 1,093,972,754 | 720,477,552 |
| Stock-in-trade (goods acquired for trading) | 45,859,799 | 40,585,142 |
| Scrap and cuttings | 84,430,409 | 123,751,205 |
| Stores and spares | 85,166,999 | 75,342,172 |
| | 2,191,414,349 | 2,140,743,426 |

- (i) The mode of valuation of inventories has been stated in Note 3(e).
- (ii) Inventories have been pledged as security against certain bank borrowings of the company as at 31 March 2020 (Refer note 17).
- (iii) Cost of inventory recognised as an expense

| Note 9. Trade receivables | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Unsecured, Considered good | | |
| Over Six Months | 43,071,790 | 31,567,855 |
| Others | 923,309,299 | 1,145,384,804 |
| | 966,381,089 | 1,176,952,659 |

Trade Receivables have been given as collateral towards borrowings (refer note 17).

| Note 10. Cash and cash equivalents# | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Balances with banks | | |
| - In cash credit and current accounts | 19,277,038 | 8,704,031 |
| - Deposit with original maturity of less than three months account | 23,287,095 | 16,691,084 |
| Cheques, drafts on hand | 172,500 | 101,730 |
| Cash on hand | 2,336,448 | 2,191,152 |
| | 45,073,081 | 27,687,997 |

Cash and cash equivalents (other than cash on hand) are pledged against borrowings, the details relating to which have been described in Note 17 pertaining to borrowings.

| Note 11. Other bank balances * | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Earmarked balances (on unclaimed dividend account) | 2,085,349 | 1,846,863 |
| In deposit account** | 6,991,864 | 21,481,825 |
| | 9,077,213 | 23,328,688 |

- * Other Bank balances are pledged against borrowings, the details relating to which have been described in Note 17 pertaining to borrowings.
- ** Represents deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months having remaining maturity of less than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date.

| Note 12. Other current financial assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Advances to employees | 3,804,165 | 3,071,215 |
| Interest accrued on deposits | 3,461,791 | 3,443,221 |
| | 7,265,956 | 6,514,436 |

| Note 13. Current tax Asset (Net) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Current tax (net of Payment) | 55,688,775 | - |
| | 55,688,775 | - |

| Note 14. Other current assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Advances other than capital advances | | |
| - Advance to suppliers | 101,330,704 | 147,683,268 |
| - Export incentive receivable (including duty drawback) | 80,390,076 | 693,446 |
| - Other statutory advances | 68,513,235 | 114,976,651 |
| - Other advances (including prepaid expenses, other receivables etc.) | 13,944,584 | 8,391,337 |
| | 264,178,599 | 271,744,702 |

Amount (In Rs)

| Note 15. Equity share capital | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Authorised | | |
| 2,00,00,000 (March 31, 2019: 2,00,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each | 200,000,000 | 200,000,000 |
| 3,00,000 (March 31, 2019: 3,00,000) 15% Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each of 100/- each | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 |
| | 230,000,000 | 230,000,000 |
| Issued & subscribed | | |
| 1,93,71,652 (March 31, 2019: 1,93,71,652) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each | 190,909,270 | 190,909,270 |
| Paid up Capital | | |
| 1,90,72,052 (March 31, 2019: 1,90,72,052) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up | 190,720,520 | 190,720,520 |
| Add: Forfeited Shares | 188,750 | 188,750 |
| | 190,909,270 | 190,909,270 |

| A. Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| | 31 March 2020 31 March 2019 | | | |
| | Number | Amount | Number | Amount |
| Balance as at the beginning of the year | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 |
| Add: Issued during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at the end of the year | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 | 19,072,052 | 190,720,520 |

B. Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to Equity Shares

The Company has equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and in the event of liquidation, the shareholders of Equity shares of the company are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to their shareholding.

The Company has authorised Preference Share Capital which are non convertible redeemable of 100/- each. Such Shareholders have right to receive fixed preferential dividend. However no preferential shares are outstanding on the date of Balance Sheet.

| | 3. | 31 March 2020 | | March 2019 |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| Name of the Shareholder | Number | % of total shares in the class | Number | % of total shares in the class |
| Jyotirmoy Trading Pvt. Ltd. | 2,457,678 | 12.89% | 2,457,678 | 12.89% |
| Concast Steels & Alloys Ltd. | 2,129,754 | 11.17% | 2,129,754 | 11.17% |
| Suresh Chand Bansal | 2,013,854 | 10.56% | 2,013,854 | 10.56% |
| Manav Bansal | 1,258,196 | 6.60% | 1,258,196 | 6.60% |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | 1,193,374 | 6.26% | 1,193,374 | 6.26% |
| Century Vision Pvt. Ltd. | 1,060,938 | 5.56% | 1,060,938 | 5.56% |
| Vikas Bansal | 953,998 | 5.00% | 953,998 | 5.00% |

| Note 16: Other Equalty | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Components | Note | 1 April 2019 | Movement during the year | 31st March, 2020 | 1 April 2018 | Movement during the year | 31st March, 2019 |
| Capital reserve | a | 30,142,208 | | 30,142,208 | 30,142,208 | - | 30,142,208 |
| Share premium | b | 328,846,550 | | 328,846,550 | 328,846,550 | | 328,846,550 |
| General reserve | d | 483,433,983 | | 483,433,983 | 483,433,983 | | 483,433,983 |
| Capital Redemption Reserve | е | 30,000,000 | | 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 | | 30,000,000 |
| Retained earnings | f | 2,914,533,517 | 735,579,491 | 3,650,112,999 | 1,945,844,694 | 968,688,823 | 2,914,533,517 |
| | | 3,786,956,258 | 735,579,491 | 4,522,535,740 | 2,818,267,435 | 968,688,823 | 3,786,956,258 |

The description, nature and purpose of each reserve within equity are as follows:

- (a) Capital Reserve: Capital reserve is utilised in accordance with provisions of the Act
- (b) **Securities Premium Account:** The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Share Premium.

- (c) General Reserve: The Company has transferred a potion of the net profit of the company before declaring dividend to general reserve persuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act 2013.
- (d) Capital Redemption Reserve: The Company has recognised Capital Redemption Reserve on redemption of Preference Shares from its retained earnings. The amount in Capital Redemption Reserve is equal to nominal amount of the Preference Shares redeemed.
- (e) Retained earnings: It comprise of accumulated profit/ (loss) of the Company. The movement is on account of follow-
- (i) Rs. 78,14,88,543 (31st March, 2019: Rs. 99,16,43,496) was on account of profit/ (loss) incurred by the Company.
- (ii) Rs. 4,59,09,481 (31st March, 2019: 2,29,54,673) was on account of dividend distribution (inclusive of dividend distribution tax).

| Note 17. Borrowings | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 17(i). Non-current borrowings | | |
| Secured Term loans | | |
| From banks | | |
| - Bank of Baroda | 1,267,269 | 2,774,494 |
| - Yes Bank | 2,978,320 | 5,670,803 |
| - Kotak Mahindra Bank | 793,162 | 17,996 |
| - ICICI Bank | 1,053,414 | - |
| - HDFC Bank | 162,527 | 2,869,434 |
| (A) | 6,254,692 | 11,332,727 |
| Unsecured Loans | | |
| Bodies Corporate | 257,969,307 | 286,093,048 |
| (B) | 257,969,307 | 286,093,048 |
| (A+B) | 264,223,999 | 297,425,775 |

| Nature of Security and Terms of Payments for Long Term Borrowings | |
|---|---|
| Nature of Security | Terms of Repayment |
| 1. Term Loan from Bank of Baroda: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 12,67,269/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 27,74,494/-) is secured on Vehicle. | (i) Repayable in 10 months from April 2021 to Jan 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90% |
| 2. Term Loan from Yes Bank: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 29,78,320/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 56,70,803/-) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 12 months from April 2021 to March 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 9.05% (ii) Repayable in 11 months from April 2021 to Feb 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 9.05% (iii) Repayable in 10 months from April 2021 to Jan 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90% |
| 3. Term Loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 7,93,162/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 17,996/-) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 18 months from April 2021 to Sep' 2022, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.70% |
| 4. Term Loan from ICICI Bank: Represents term loan amounting Rs. 10,53,414/- (31st March 2019 Rs. Nil) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 23 months from April 2021 to Feb'2023, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.70% |
| 5. Term Loan from HDFC Bank: Represents term loan mounting Rs. 1,62,527/- (31st March 2019 Rs. 28,69,434/-) is secured on vehicles. | (i) Repayable in 2 months from April 2021 to May' 2021, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90%. (ii) Repayable in 5 months from April 2021 to Aug '2021, Interest is payable at the rate of 8.90% |

Amount (In Rs)

| Current Maturities of Non-Current Borrowings [disclosed under the head Other Financial Liabilities - Current (Refer note 21)] | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 | |
| HDFC Bank | 1,545,852 | 1,193,280 | |
| Bank of Baroda | 1,860,252 | 1,860,252 | |
| Yes Bank | 3,687,684 | 3,687,684 | |
| Kotak Mahindra | 663,860 | 215,940 | |
| ICICI Bank | 681,864 | - | |
| | 8,439,512 | 6,957,156 | |

| Note 17(ii). Current borrowings | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Secured | | |
| Working Capital Loans | | |
| Allahabad bank | 96,728,755 | 228,075,326 |
| State Bank of India | 376,729,272 | 498,418,308 |
| Bank of Baroda | 127,342,012 | 100,248,481 |
| Punjab National Bank | 12,391,250 | 48,480,126 |
| Yes Bank | (281,356) | 18,856,931 |
| State Bank of India (IBD) | - | 10,053,089 |
| | 612,909,933 | 904,132,261 |

Nature of security and other terms

Working Capital Loan are secured by first hypothecation on entire current assets of the Company including stocks, book debts and other Current Assets of all the units both present and future ranking pari-passu basis with working capital lending Banks under consortium and Personal guarantee of promoter directors and second charge on fixed assets (movable and immovable) of the Company."

Secured loan - terms of repayment

- **1. Allahabad Bank:** Working capital loan amounting to Rs. 9,67,28,755/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 22,80,75,326/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.95%).
- **2. State Bank of India:** Working capital loan amounting to Rs. 37,67,29,272/- (31st March 2019: Rs.49,84,18,308/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.95%).
- **3. Bank of Baroda:** Working capital amounting to Rs. 12,73,42,012/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 10,02,48,481/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.85%).
- **4. Punjab National Bank:** Working capital amounting to Rs. 1,23,91,250/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 4,84,80,126/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+1.00%).
- **5. Yes Bank:** Working capital amounting to Rs. (-)2,81,356/- (31st March 2019: Rs. 1,88,56,931/-). Interest is payable at the rate of (MCLR+0.40%)
- 6. State Bank of India (IBD): Amounting to Rs. Nil (31st March 2019: Rs. 1,00,53,089/-).

| Note 18. Provisions | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| 18(i). Non-Current | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Provisions for employee benefits | | · |
| - Provision for leave encashment | 5,243,563 | 4,827,808 |
| - Provision for gratuity (refer note 34) | 13,001,229 | 4,344,893 |
| | 18,244,792 | 9,172,701 |
| 18(ii). Current | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Provisions for employee benefits | | |
| Provision for Leave Encashment | 533,107 | 613,407 |
| | 533,107 | 613,407 |

| Note 19. Income and Deferred Taxes (net) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Deferred Tax Liabilities (net) | | |
| Deferred tax liability | 231,771,732 | 335,853,560 |
| Less: Deferred tax asset | 5,840,631 | 2,826,116 |
| | 225,931,101 | 333,027,444 |

| Income Tax | | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| A. Amount recognised in profit or loss | | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Current tax | | | |
| Current period | | 251,000,000 | 511,000,000 |
| | Α | 251,000,000 | 511,000,000 |
| Deferred tax | | | |
| Attributable to- | | | |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | | (105,847,563) | 7,969,299 |
| | В | (105,847,563) | 7,969,299 |
| Tax expense reported in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss [(A)+(B)] | | 145,152,437 | 518,969,299 |

| B. Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Deferred tax | | |
| On items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | |
| - Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | 1,248,782 | (379,193) |
| Income tax expense reported in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss | 1,248,782 | (379,193) |

| C. Reconciliation of effective tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2020 | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Profit/(Loss) before tax (a) | 926,555,993 | 1,501,573,520 |
| Income tax rate as applicable (b) | 25.168% | 34.944% |
| Calculated taxes based on above, without any adjustments for deductions [(a) x (b)] | 233,195,612 | 524,709,851 |
| Permanent tax differences due to: | | |
| Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit | 2,129,345 | 2,504,310 |
| | 235,324,957 | 527,214,161 |
| Tax effect of: | | |
| Adjustments in prior year taxes | - | - |
| Tax allowances and concession | (250,443) | (499,191) |
| Others | 10,683,014 | (7,745,671) |
| | 245,757,528 | 518,969,299 |

Impact of tax rate change: The Company elected to exercise the option permitted under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendement) Ordinance, 2019. Accordingly the Company has re-measured Deferred Tax Assets basis the rate prescribed in the said section.

| D. Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Balance as on 1 April 2019 | (Charged) / credited to profit or loss | (Charged) / credited to OCI | "Balance as on 31 March 2020" |
| Property, plant and equipment | (335,853,560) | 104,081,828 | - | (231,771,732) |
| Provisions | 2,826,116 | 1,765,733 | 1,248,782 | 5,840,631 |
| Items allowed on payment basis | - | - | - | |
| | (333,027,444) | 105,847,563 | 1,248,782 | (225,931,101) |

- (a) The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax aseets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.
- (b) During the year ended March 31, 2020 the Company has paid dividend to its shareholders. This has resulted in payment of Dividend Distribution Tax (DDT) to the taxation authorities. The Company believes that DDT represents additional payment to taxation authority on behalf of the shareholders. Hence, DDT paid is charged to equity.

| Note 20. Other non-current liabilities | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Security and other deposits | 128,127,431 | 132,825,016 |
| | 128,127,431 | 132,825,016 |

| Note 21. Trade payables | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Dues to Micro And Small Enterprises (as per the intimation received from vendors) | | |
| a. Principal and interest amount remaining unpaid | 1,059,319 | 1,299,438 |
| b. Interest due thereon remaining unpaid | - | - |
| c. Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day | - | - |
| d. Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Act, 2006 | - | - |
| e. Interest accrued and remaining unpaid | - | - |
| f. Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises | - | - |
| (A) | 1,059,319 | 1,299,438 |

Disclosures of payables to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006) is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts/interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the year or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the year or on balance brought forward from previous year.

| Dues to others | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Trade payables | | |
| - For goods | 16,398,993 | 51,312,529 |
| - For Stores | 106,708,628 | 148,069,898 |
| - For expenses | 134,433,963 | 160,540,218 |
| (B) | 257,541,584 | 359,922,645 |
| (A+B) | 258,600,903 | 361,222,083 |
| Trade payables are non interest bearing and are genereally settled with 30 to 90 days' payment terms. | | |

| Note 22. Other financial liabilities | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Current | | |
| Current maturities of finance lease obligations | 8,439,512 | 6,957,156 |
| Unpaid dividends | 2,085,349 | 1,846,863 |
| Creditors for project expenditure | 5,064,229 | 5,091,446 |
| Cheques overdrawn | 63,312 | 1,905,850 |
| Others* | 16,987,219 | 19,922,856 |
| *Others includes bonus payable to employees etc | 32,639,621 | 35,724,171 |

| Note 23. Other current liabilities | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Advance received from customers | 43,656,544 | 31,331,978 |
| Other Creditors* | 82,831,371 | - |
| Statutory dues | 40,282,538 | 44,162,191 |
| | 166,770,453 | 75,494,169 |

^{*} Includes Rs 8,28,31,371,on takeover the various branches of M/s Durable Ispat & Alloys Pvt Ltd as per agreement dated 29.01.2020 executed between the above Companies with a view to integration and enlarge customer base and to reach retail segment for Companies Product.

| Note 24. Current tax liabilities (Net) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Current tax (net of payment) | - | 9,283,896 |
| | - | 9,283,896 |

| Note 25. Revenue from operations | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sale of products & services | | |
| Sale of products | 5,961,501,976 | 7,682,533,102 |
| Sale of services | 1,585,675,256 | 1,382,573,938 |
| Total (a) | 7,547,177,232 | 9,065,107,040 |
| Other operating revenues | | |
| - Scrap and coal fines sales | 480,709,503 | 513,853,876 |
| - Export incentives | 31,265,525 | 24,753,992 |
| - Sale of MEIS License | 27,986,631 | 33,889,197 |
| - Handling Charges on Sales | 6,462,120 | 5,130,419 |
| - Foreign Exchange fluctuation Income | 26,127,597 | 4,905,943 |
| Total (b) | 572,551,376 | 582,533,427 |
| Total (a+b) | 8,119,728,608 | 9,647,640,467 |

| Note 26. Other income | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as FVTPL | | |
| - Deposits with banks | 10,915,920 | 7,853,703 |
| Other non-operating income | | |
| - Rent | 3,316,950 | 4,761,817 |
| - Dividend | 1,345,713 | |
| - Profit on sale of fixed asset | 198,954 | 129,971 |
| - Miscellaneous income * | 864,306 | 12,217,478 |
| | 16,641,842 | 24,962,969 |

 $^{{\}rm *Miscellaneous\:income\:includes\:discount\:received, miscellaneous\:receipts,} Sundry\:balances\:and\:Provisions\:written\:back.$

| Note 27. Cost of materials consumed | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Inventory of raw materials at the beginning of the year (refer note 8) | 1,180,587,355 | 938,404,719 |
| Add: Purchases | 4,542,663,528 | 6,001,728,984 |
| | 5,723,250,883 | 6,940,133,703 |
| Less: Inventory of raw materials at the end of the year (refer note 8) | 881,984,389 | 1,180,587,355 |
| Cost of materials consumed | 4,841,266,494 | 5,759,546,348 |

| Note 28. Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Inventories at the beginning of the year (refer note 8) | | |
| Finished goods | 720,477,552 | 617,102,040 |
| Stock-in-Trade | 40,585,142 | 26,152,187 |
| Scrap, cuttings and coal fines | 124,938,133 | 85,153,073 |
| Total (A) | 886,000,827 | 728,407,300 |
| Inventories at the end of the year (refer note 8) | | |
| Finished goods | 1,093,972,754 | 720,477,552 |
| Stock-in-Trade | 45,859,799 | 40,585,142 |
| Scrap, cuttings and coal fines | 84,489,908 | 124,938,133 |
| Total (B) | 1,224,322,461 | 886,000,827 |
| (A-B) | (338,321,634) | (157,593,527) |

| Note 29. Employee benefits expense | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Salaries and wages (including managerial remuneration) | 251,604,084 | 215,551,719 |
| Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 34) | 20,052,179 | 17,529,154 |
| Staff welfare expenses | 15,453,267 | 14,725,857 |
| | 287,109,530 | 247,806,730 |

| Note 30. Finance costs | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Interest expense: | | |
| - on finance libilities measured at amortized cost | 68,155,235 | 121,105,550 |
| - on finance lease | 1,307,484 | 793,092 |
| - others | 25,497,441 | 27,359,937 |
| Other borrowing costs | 7,299,115 | 8,485,997 |
| | 102,259,275 | 157,744,576 |

| Note 31. Other expenses | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| Manufacturing expenses: | | |
| Rolling charges & material cutting charges | 179,551,459 | 181,933,535 |
| Stores and spare parts consumed | 195,261,087 | 117,134,060 |
| Furnace oil consumed | 285,797,280 | 387,001,810 |
| Oxygen and gas consumed | 5,179,615 | 4,908,191 |
| Coal consumed | 263,962,194 | |
| Electricity charges | 406,029,814 | 390,849,126 |
| PGP operation charges | 13,122,549 | 11,726,408 |
| Processing charges | 2,324,812 | 3,247,368 |
| Repair and maintenance: | _,-= -, | -,, |
| - Plant and machinery and electrical | 12,078,077 | 6,856,521 |
| - Shed and building | 3,882,131 | 3,833,348 |
| Freight, carraige and octroi charges | 126,161,810 | 108,028,591 |
| Machinery hire charges | 9,021,062 | 8,256,837 |
| Testing, effluent and inspection charges | 351,929 | 540,259 |
| A | 1,502,723,819 | , |
| Establishment expenses | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 1,110,120,000 |
| Electricity expenses | 2,226,690 | 2,127,816 |
| Insurance charges | 5,125,235 | 3,355,279 |
| Repair and maintenance-others | 12,156,354 | |
| Rent paid | 16,632,847 | 13,095,744 |
| License, rates and taxes | 7,023,473 | 7,010,299 |
| Legal and professional charges | 14,331,804 | 9,603,534 |
| Security service charges | 11,642,398 | 9,822,728 |
| Bad debt written off | 783,701 | 16,938,766 |
| Computer maintenance expenses | 849,793 | 1,077,708 |
| Printing and stationary | 1,068,185 | 1,344,736 |
| Loss on sale of fixed assets | 298 | 3,770,058 |
| Loss on Sale of Mutual Fund | 93,701 | - |
| Travelling and conveyance expenses | 10,973,085 | 11,564,634 |
| Vehicle maintenance | 5,391,387 | 5,468,734 |
| Telephone, Mobile & Internet Expenses | 2,924,981 | 3,018,792 |
| Corporate social responsibility | 15,620,526 | 12,779,639 |
| Payment to Auditors: | | |
| - Audit fees | 570,000 | 570,000 |
| - Tax audit | - | 55,000 |
| - Reimbursement of expenses | 212,203 | 141,584 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 13,744,793 | 18,927,459 |
| В | 121,371,454 | 132,158,730 |
| Selling and Distribution Expenses: | | |
| Advertisement expenses | 6,998,161 | 11,346,615 |
| Commission on sales | 12,975,101 | 12,738,484 |
| Sales promotion expenses | 6,716,867 | 7,227,392 |
| Freight on export | 92,597,207 | 50,912,009 |
| Freight, carriage and octroi charges | 54,616,424 | |
| Other selling and distribution expenses | 3,626,075 | 9,037,180 |
| С | 177,529,836 | 138,425,259 |
| Total (A+B+C) | 1,801,625,108 | 1,719,074,627 |

Note 32 Earnings/ (loss) per share (EPS)

The calculations of profit attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for purposes of basic earnings per share calculation are as follows:

| (i) Profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders (basic and diluted) | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
| Profit/ (loss) for the year, attributable to the equity holders | 785,201,976 | 990,937,545 |
| (ii) Weighted average number of equity shares (basic and diluted) | | |
| At the beginning of the year | 19,072,052 | 19,072,052 |
| Impact of new issue of equity shares | - | - |
| Weighted average number of equity shares (basic and diluted) for the year | 19,072,052 | 19,072,052 |
| Basic and diluted earnings/ (loss) per share [(i)/ (ii)] | 41.17 | 51.96 |

| Note 33. Contingent liability and commitments (Ind AS 37) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| (to the extent not provided for) | | |
| a) Claim against the Company not acknowledged as debt | | |
| (i) Excise /Service Tax matters in dispute/under appeal | 166,488,272 | 165,868,995 |
| (ii) Sales Tax/VAT matters in dispute/under appeal | 12,614,784 | 14,383,341 |
| (iii) Income Tax matters in dispute/under appeal | 54,923,683 | 100,885,365 |
| b) Capital and other commitments | | |
| (i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) | 5,263,580 | 7,896,789 |
| c) Guarantee outstanding | | |
| Bank guarantee issued on behalf of the Company to secure the financial assistance and business contract | 413,091,000 | 435,039,000 |

| Note 34. Assets and Liabilities relating to employee benefits (Ind AS 19) | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Statement of Assets and Liabilities for defined benefit obligation | | |
| Net defined benefit asset - Gratuity Plan | 11,580,953 | 13,940,269 |
| Net defined benefit obligation - Gratuity Plan | (24,582,182) | (18,285,162) |
| Total employee benefit liabilities | (13,001,229) | (4,344,893) |
| Non-current | (13,001,229) | (4,344,893) |
| Current | - | - |
| Defined contribution | | |
| Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognized as expense for the period is as under: | | |
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Employer's Contribution to Provident and Other Funds | 20,052,179 | 17,529,154 |

Defined benefits - Gratuity

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme for its employees in India is a defined benefit plan (funded).

The Company provides for gratuity from employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/ termination is the employees last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a funded plan and the company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The Company does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimation of expected gratuity payments.

These defined benefit plans expose the Company to actuarial risks, such as currency risk, interest risk and market (investment) risk.

The Company expects to pay Rs 40,09,788 /- in contribution to its defined benefit plans during the year 2020-21

Inherent risk

The plan is defined benefit in nature which is sponsored by the Company. In particular, this exposes the Company, to actuarial risk such as adverse salary growth, change in demographic experience, inadequate return on underlying plan assets. This may result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature, the plan is not subject to longevity risk.

The following tables analyse present value of defined benefit obligations, expense recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, actuarial assumptions and other information.

Reconciliation of the net defined benefit (asset)/ liability:

| (i) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---|--|
| | | |
| (a) Balance at the beginning of the year | 18,285,162 | 17,069,305 |
| (b) Current service cost | 2,150,555 | 2,326,017 |
| (c) Past service cost - plan amendments | - | - |
| (d) Interest cost | 1,329,035 | 1,264,203 |
| (e) Acquisition(credit)/cost | 1,213,784 | |
| (f) Actuarial (gains)/ losses recognised in other comprehensive income | | |
| - financial assumptions | 2,311,413 | 194,235 |
| - experience adjustment | 887,940 | (1,266,441) |
| (g) Benefits paid | (1,595,707) | (1,302,157) |
| Balance at the end of the year | 24,582,182 | 18,285,162 |
| | | |
| (ii) Reconciliation of present value of plan assets | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (a) Palance at the hearinging of the year | 13.040.260 | 14 197 206 |
| (a) Balance at the beginning of the year | 13,940,269 | 14,187,206 |
| (b) Interest income | 998,824 | 1,042,282 |
| (c) Actual return on plan asset less interest on plan asset | (1,762,433) | 12,938 |
| (d) Contributions by the employer | (1.505.707) | (1 202 157) |
| (e) Benefits paid | (1,595,707) | (1,302,157) |
| Balance at the end of the year | 11,580,953 | 13,940,269 |
| | | |
| (iii) Net asset/ (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (iii) Net asset/ (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| (iii) Net asset/ (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2020 (24,582,182) | 31 March 2019 (18,285,162) |
| | | (18,285,162) |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | (24,582,182) | (18,285,162) |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 - 221,921 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amount charged to Profit or Loss | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 - 221,921 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 - 2,480,766 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 - 221,921 - 2,547,938 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amount charged to Profit or Loss | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 - 2,480,766 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 221,921 2,547,938 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amount charged to Profit or Loss (v) Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 - 2,480,766 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 - 221,921 - 2,547,938 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amount charged to Profit or Loss (v) Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 - 2,480,766 31 March 2020 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amount charged to Profit or Loss (v) Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (a) Actuarial loss/ (gain) arising on defined benefit obligation from - demographic assumptions | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 - 2,480,766 31 March 2020 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 - 221,921 - 2,547,938 31 March 2019 - 194,235 |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Net defined benefit obligations in the Balance Sheet (iv) Expense recognised in Profit or Loss Current service cost Past service cost - plan amendments Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Amount charged to Profit or Loss (v) Remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (a) Actuarial loss/ (gain) arising on defined benefit obligation from - demographic assumptions - financial assumptions | (24,582,182) 11,580,953 (13,001,229) 31 March 2020 2,150,555 - 330,211 - 2,480,766 31 March 2020 - 2,311,413 | (18,285,162) 13,940,269 (4,344,893) 31 March 2019 2,326,017 - 221,921 - 2,547,938 31 March 2019 |

| (vi) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|--|-------------------|
| | | |
| Within the next 12 months | 1,820,695 | 2,087,552 |
| Between 1 and 5 years | 5,879,528 | 4,853,074 |
| Between 5 and 10 years | 11,952,678 | 10,899,175 |
| More than 10 years | 70,373,841 | 7,384,000 |
| (vi) Sensitivity analysis | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Defined benefit obligation on discount rate plus 100 basis points | 2,835,432 | 1,794,181 |
| Defined benefit obligation on salary growth rate plus 100 basis points | 3,416,437 | 2,143,329 |
| Defined benefit obligation on discount rate minus 100 basis points | 3,458,406 | 2,151,801 |
| Defined benefit obligation on salary growth rate minus 100 basis points | 2,855,141 | 1,819,143 |
| (vii) Actuarial assumptions | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages) | | |
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Discount rate | 7.60% | 7.60% |
| Expected rate of salary increase | 7.00% | 7.00% |
| Retirement age (years) | 58 | 58 |
| Attrition rate based on different age group of employees | | |
| - 20 to 25 years | 0.50% | 0.50% |
| - 25 to 30 years | 0.30% | 0.30% |
| - 30 to 35 years | 0.20% | 0.20% |
| - 35 to 50 years | 0.10% | 0.10% |
| - 50 to 55 years | 0.20% | 0.20% |
| - 55 to 60 years | 0.30% | 0.30% |
| Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set in accordance with the publish | ned rates under Indian Assured Lives Mor | tality (2006-08). |
| (viii) Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| | 13 years | 12 years |

Note 35 Related Party Disclosures under Ind AS 24

1. Relationship:-

(A) List of related parties where control exists

| Particulars | Related Parties | Country of Incorporation |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Associate | A K C Steel Industries Limited | India |

(B) List of other related parties

| Name of the related parties | Relationship |
|---|--|
| Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal, Executive Chairman | Key Management Personnel(KMP) |
| Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal, Managing Director | Key Management Personnel(KMP) |
| Mr. Vikas Bansal, Executive Director | Key Management Personnel(KMP) |
| Mr. Manav Bansal, Whole time Director & CFO | Key Management Personnel(KMP) |
| Mr. Gautam Bansal, Whole time Director | Key Management Personnel(KMP) |
| Mrs. Indu Bansal | Relative of KMPs (wife of Mr. Suresh Chand Bansal) |
| Mrs. Aruna Bansal | Relative of KMPs (wife of Mr. Mukesh Chand Bansal) |

(C) Other related parties over which Key Management Personnel to its relatives have its interest

Associate Company

B.P.Spring & Engineering Co (Pvt) Ltd Century Vision Private Ltd Emerald Suppliers Private Ltd

Beekay Associates Pvt Ltd Metropolis Estates Pvt Ltd Pleasant Holdings Pvt Ltd

Associate Enterprises

B.L.Bansal & Sons (HUF) Thirupathy Bright Industries

| 2. The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business: | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| Name of Related Party | Nature of Transactions | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) | | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries | Purchase of Goods | 7,171,478 | 3,860,747 | | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries | Sale of Goods | 31,713,616 | 5,683,702 | | |
| Emerald suppliers Private Limited | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 3,884,244 | 356,196 | | |
| Beekay Associates Pvt Ltd | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 157,662 | 200,532 | | |
| Metropolis Estates Pvt Ltd | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 166,903 | 178,052 | | |
| Pleasant Holdings Pvt Ltd | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 175,554 | 280,289 | | |
| B.L.Bansal & Sons (HUF) | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 27,000 | 36,000 | | |
| Gautam Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 314,177 | 466,774 | | |
| Aruna Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 402,000 | 402,000 | | |
| Indu Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 240,000 | 240,000 | | |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 135,000 | 180,000 | | |
| Manav Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 135,000 | 180,000 | | |
| Vikas Bansal | Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | 162,000 | 162,000 | | |
| Century Vision Private Limited | Interest on Unsecured Loan | 1,127,732 | 1,284,862 | | |
| Suresh Chand Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 44,700,000 | 41,170,000 | | |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 20,060,000 | 18,170,000 | | |
| Vikas Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 22,020,000 | 17,450,000 | | |
| Manav Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 13,212,000 | 11,850,000 | | |
| Gautam Bansal | Managerial Remuneration | 10,208,000 | 8,720,000 | | |

| Balance Outstanding at the end of the year: | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
| Nature of Transactions | | |
| Purchase of Goods | | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries(Dr Balance) | 171,478 | |
| Sale of Goods | | |
| Thirupathy Bright Industries(Dr Balance) | 4,944,044 | 6,287,665 |
| Rent, Electricity & Maintenance | | |
| Beekay Associates Private Limited (Cr. Balance) | 7,966 | 34,469 |
| Pleasant Holdings Pvt Ltd (Cr. Balance) | 10,151 | 36,798 |
| Metropolis Estates Pvt Ltd (Cr. Balance) | 12,777 | 40,166 |
| Emerald Suppliers Private Limited(Cr. Balance) | - | 83,049 |
| B.L.Bansal & Sons(HUF)(Cr. Balance) | - | 9,000 |
| Gautam Bansal (Cr. Balance) | - | 107,236 |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal (Cr. Balance) | - | 40,500 |
| Manav Bansal(Cr. Balance) | | 40,500 |
| Aruna Bansal (Cr. Balance) | 40,500 | 54,000 |
| Indu Bansal (Cr. Balance) | - | 54,000 |
| Vikas Bansal (Cr. Balance) | 40,500 | |
| Other Income(Rent & Electricity) | | |
| B.P.Spring & Engg Co (Pvt) Limited(Dr. Balance) | 72,101 | 72,101 |
| Emerald Suppliers Private Limited(Dr. Balance) | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Interest on unsecured loan | | |
| Century Vision Private Limited(Cr. Balance) | 1,014,959 | 1,156,375 |
| Remuneration | | |
| Suresh Chand Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 3,530,743 | 21,008,181 |
| Mukesh Chand Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 3,272,085 | 7,596,781 |
| Vikas Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 337,623 | 7,457,172 |
| Manav Bansal(Cr. Balance) | 279,112 | 4,820,852 |
| Gautam Bansal (Cr. Balance) | 256,566 | 3,390,634 |

Compensation of Key Management Personnel of the Company

Key management personnel compensation comprised the following:

| Nature of transaction | Year ended 31 March 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Short-term employee benefits | 110,200,000 | 97,360,000 |
| Other long-term benefits (Refer Note below) | * | * |
| Total Compensation paid to key management personnel | 110,200,000 | 97,360,000 |

^{*} As the future liability for gratuity and compensated encashment is provided on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole, the amount pertaining to the key management personnel is not ascertainable and, therefore, not included above.

All decisions relating to the remuneration of the directors are taken by the board of directors of the Company, in accordance with shareholder approval, wherever necessary.

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The purchase from related party are made in the ordinary course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.

Accounting Classifications and fair values (Ind AS107) Note 35.1 Fair values vs carrying amounts

The following table shows fair values of financial assets and liabilities, including their levels in financial hierarchy, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position. The table does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying aamount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

| | | As at 31st March | | As at 31st Mar | ch 2019 |
|--|----------|------------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| | Note No | Carrying | Fair value | Carrying | Fair value |
| | Note No. | amount | Level 3 | amount | Level 3 |
| A. Financial assets: | | | | | |
| a) Measured at amortised cost | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 9 | 966,381,089 | - | 1,176,952,659 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 10 | 45,073,081 | - | 27,687,997 | |
| Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents | 11 | 9,077,213 | - | 23,328,688 | |
| Other financial assets | 6,12 | 27,027,189 | - | 21,132,665 | |
| b). Measured at fair value through profit or loss | | | | | |
| Investments | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| B. Financial liabilities: | | | | | |
| a) Measured at amortised cost | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 16 | 877,133,932 | - | 1,201,558,036 | |
| Trade payables | 20 | 258,600,903 | - | 361,222,083 | |
| Other financial liabilities | 21 | 32,639,621 | - | 35,724,171 | |

Note 35.2 Fair value measurement

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchange in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in forced or liquidation sale.

The Company has established the following fair value hierarchy that categories the value into 3 levels. The inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial instruments are:

Level 1: The hierarchy uses quoted (adjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value of all bonds which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price or dealer quotations as at the reporting date.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example traded bonds, over the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on company specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The management assessed that trade receivables, cash and cash equivalent, other bank balances, trade payable and other financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of there instruments.

The fair value of the financial instruments is determined using net asset value at the respective reporting date.

Note 35.3 Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- (i) Credit risk
- (ii) Liquidity risk
- (iii) Market risk

Risk management framework

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, investments and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's primary risk management focus is to minimise potential adverse effects of market risk on its financial performance. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer and the concentration of risk from the top few customers. The Company's risk management assessment and policies and processes are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor such risks and compliance with the same. Risk assessment and management policies and processes are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss of the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally form the Company receivables from customers and loans. Credit arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing/investing activities, including deposits with bank. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk with any counterparty. The carrying amount of financial assets represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

Trade receivable

The risk management committee has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Company's review includes external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and in some cases bank references.

Exposure to credit risks

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry. Details of concentration percentage of revenue generated from top customer and top five customers are stated below:

| Particulars | | r ended arch 2020 | Year ended 31 March 2019" | |
|---------------------------------|--------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| | % | Amount % | | Amount |
| Revenue from top customer | 13.55% | 1,100,066,521 | 11.39% | 1,098,863,321 |
| Revenue from top five customers | 41.44% | 3,365,051,488 | 43.82% | 4,227,212,331 |

Trade receivables are primarily unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and by continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. As per simplified approach, the Company makes provision of expected credit loss on trade receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default payments and makes appropriate provisions at each reporting date whenever is for longer period and involves higher risk.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable price. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities to meet obligations when due. The Company's finance team is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, Processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Exposure to liquidity risk

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments

| 31 March 2020 | Less than 1 year | 1-5 years | > 5 years | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|
| Borrowings | 612,909,933 | 264,223,999 | - | 877,133,932 |
| Trade payables | 258,600,903 | - | - | 258,600,903 |
| Other financial liabilities | 32,639,621 | - | - | 32,639,621 |
| 31 March 2019 | Less than 1 year | 1-5 years | > 5 years | Total |
| Borrowings | 904,132,261 | 297,425,775 | | 1,201,558,036 |
| Trade payables | 361,222,083 | - | - | 361,222,083 |
| Other financial liabilities | 35,724,171 | - | - | 35,724,171 |

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair value or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates and other market changes that effect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments, receivables, payables and borrowings.

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates related primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates. The Company constantly monitors the credit markets and rebalances its financing strategies to achieve an optimal maturity profile and financing cost.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| Particulars | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fixed rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | 50,040,192 | 52,791,138 |
| Financial liabilities | (272,663,511) | (304,382,931) |
| | (222,623,319) | (251,591,793) |
| Variable rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | - | - |
| Financial liabilities | (604,470,421) | (897,175,105) |
| | (604,470,421) | (897,175,105) |

Sensitivity analysis

Fixed rate instruments that are carried at amortised cost are not subject to interest rate risk for the purpose of sensitive analysis.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in variable rate instruments at the reporting dates would have increased or decreased profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

| Particulars | ticulars Profit or loss | | | t of tax |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| | Strengthening | Strengthening Weakening | | Weakening |
| 31 March 2020 | | | | |
| Variable rate instruments | (6,044,704) | 6,044,704 | (4,523,373) | 4,523,373 |
| Cash flow sensitivity (net) | (6,044,704) | 6,044,704 | (4,523,373) | 4,523,373 |
| 31 March 2019 | | | | |
| Variable rate instruments | (8,971,751) | 8,971,751 | (5,836,662) | 5,836,662 |
| Cash flow sensitivity (net) | (8,971,751) | 8,971,751 | (5,836,662) | 5,836,662 |

(b) Equity price risk

The Company is not exposed to equity risks arising from equity investments. Equity investments are held for stratergic rather than trading purposes. The Company does not actively trade these investments.

Foreign currency risk is the risk impact related to fair value or future cash flows of an exposure in foreign currency, which fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to import of raw materials and spare parts, capital expenditure, exports of finished goods. The currency in which these transaction are primarily denominated as USD.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions. The Company follows established risk management policies and standard operating procedures.

Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency are at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| Particulars | In original currency (USD) | In Rupees |
|--|----------------------------|------------|
| 31 March 2020 | | |
| Trade receivables | 141,535 | 10,181,694 |
| Net exposure in respect of recognised financial assets and liabilities | 141,535 | 10,181,694 |

| Particulars | In original currency (USD) | In Rupees |
|--|----------------------------|------------|
| 31 March 2019 | | |
| Trade receivables | 700,782 | 48,233,912 |
| Net exposure in respect of recognised financial assets and liabilities | 700,782 | 48,233,912 |

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the USD and JPY against Indian rupee at 31 March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency and affected equity and profit or loss by the amount shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

| Particulars | Profit or loss | | Equity, net of tax | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| | Strengthening | Weakening | Strengthening | Weakening | |
| 31 March 2020 | | | | | |
| USD (5% Movement) | 509,085 | (509,085) | 380,958 | (380,958) | |
| | | | | | |
| 31 March 2019 | | | | | |
| USD (5% Movement) | 2,411,696 | (2,411,696) | 1,568,953 | (1,568,953) | |

Note 36. Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain furture development of the business. The management monitors the return on capital, as well as the level of dividends to equity shareholders.

The Company's objective when managing capital are to: (a) to maximise shareholders value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and (b) maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital and other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders.

The Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt less investments divided by total equity.

| Particulars | | 31 March 2020 | 31 March 2019 |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| Total debt (Bank and other borrowings) | А | 877,133,932 | 1,201,558,036 |
| Equity | В | 4,713,445,010 | 3,977,865,528 |
| Liquid investments including bank deposits | C | 45,073,081 | 27,687,997 |
| Debt to Equity (A / B) | | 0.19 | 0.30 |
| Debt to Equity (net) [(A-C) / B] | | 0.18 | 0.30 |

In addition the Company has financial covenants realting to the banking facilities that it has taken from all the lenders like interest service coverage ratio, Debt to EBITDA, current ratio etc. which is maintained by the Company.

Note 37. Leases: Company as lessee

The Company has entered into agreements in the nature of lease/leave and license agreement with different lessors/licensors for the purpose of establishment of office premises/residential accommodations etc. These are generally in the nature of operating lease/leave and license. Period of agreements are generally up to three years amd renewable at the option of the lessee.

Lease rentals charged to revenue (included under the head Other Expenses in Note 31) for right to use the following assets are:

| Particulars | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Office premises, residential flats, plant and equipment etc. | 16,632,847 | 13,095,744 |

Note 38. Details of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure:

Ammount in lacks

| Particulars | 31st March, 2020 | 31st March, 2019 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act | 210.01 | 129.66 |
| Amount spent during the year on: | | |
| (i) Construction/Acquisition of an assets | - | - |
| (ii) on purpose other than above(i) | 160.90 | 128.36 |
| Total | 160.90 | 128.36 |

Note 39. Events occurred after the Balance Sheet date

The Board of Dierctors has recommended Equity Dividends of Rs. 1/- per Share (Previous year Rs. 2/-) for the financial year 2019-20

Note 40. The Financial statements were authorized for issue by the Directors on 29th June, 2020

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