

Dated: October 30, 2025

The Manager
BSE Limited
Corporate Relationship Department
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers
Dalal Street
Mumbai- 400001
Scrip Code: 540750

The Manager National Stock Exchange of India Ltd Listing Department Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1 G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex Bandra (E), Mumbai-400 051 Symbol: IEX

Sub: Investor Presentation Q2 FY'26.

Dear Sir / Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 30 read with Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find attached herewith Investor Presentation Q2 FY'26.

The above information will also be made available on the website of the Company: www.iexindia.com

You are requested to take the above information on record.

Thanking You.

Yours faithfully,

For Indian Energy Exchange Limited

Vineet Harlalka CFO, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer Membership No. ACS-16264

Encl: as above





Investor Presentation

Q2 FY'26



In this presentation:

Sector and Business Update

Customer Centricity and Technology

Financial Performance

Indian Gas Exchange

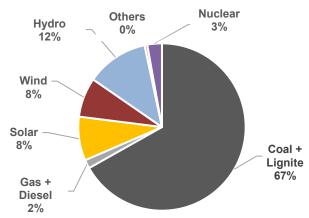
Power Sector Summary





Generation Mix

Indian Generation Mix: Apr-Sep FY'26



- Thermal generates ~70% of India's electricity
- Renewables contribute ~28% to generation



Transmission

World's Largest Network

- Inter-reg. trans. Cap.: 119 GW (FY'25); 168 GW (FY'32)
- 4.94 Lakh CKM of trans. Lines (FY'25); 6.48 Lakh CKM (FY'32)
- One Nation One Grid
- Green Corridor: RE rich states; projects for evacuation of RE into National grid
- 99.9% times no congestion

Distribution & Consumption



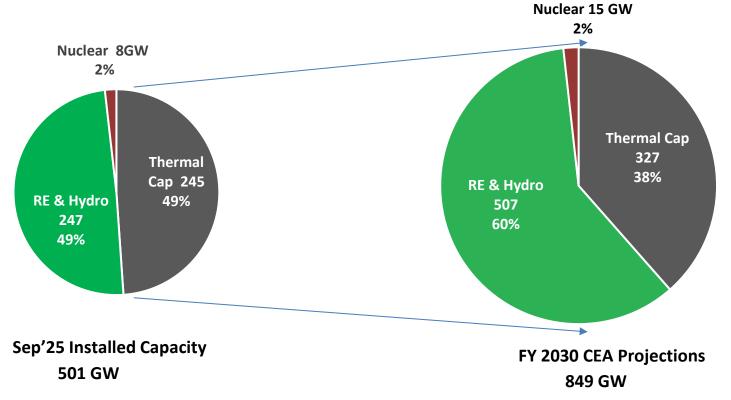
Reforms Underway

- Improving credit ratings of distribution companies
- Generators being paid on timely basis
- DISCOMS resorting to power procurement optimization

Source: CEA, NLDC, MoP

Energy Sector Transition





Source: CEA; MoP; RE also includes BESS

Renewables Are Leading Energy Sector Transition

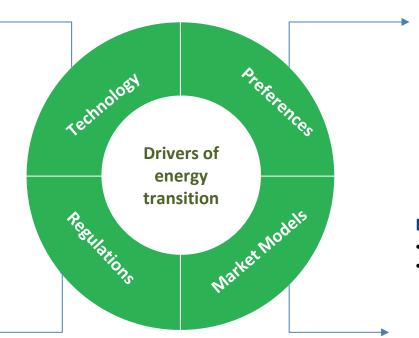


Technology Progress

- Low Carbon Technologies Wind, Solar, Hybrid
- Falling RE cost driving higher penetration
- Falling battery cost helping RE integration
- Advanced Analytics

Regulatory Framework

- Renewable Purchase Obligations (RPO)
- Renewable Consumption Obligations (RCO)
- Energy Efficiency Regulations
- Green Energy Open Access
- Carbon Credit Trading Scheme (CCTS)
- Electricity Derivatives



Changing Preferences

- Shift Towards RE and storage
- Electrification of economy EVs, roof top solar, cooking, railway traction, data centres
- Distributed Generation

New Market Models

- Energy as a service
- RE penetration driving new market design – BESS (Price Arbitrage);
 Firm and Dispatchable RE (FDRE),
 VPPAs, CfDs
- Generation moving closer to consumer (Prosumer), P2P Trading

IEX: India's Premier Technology-led Electricity Marketplace



- Nation wide, automated and transparent trading platform for physical delivery of electricity, renewables & certificates
- Commenced operations in 2008; CERC regulated
- ➤ Publicly listed company 2017 (NSE and BSE)
- > ISO 9001:2015, ISO 27001:2022, ISO 14001:2015
- ➤ State Advisory Committee Member of 13 SERCs
- Member holding Board seat in Association of Power Exchanges (APEX)
- ➤ Electricity Volume: H1 FY26: 67.6 BU (+15.5%); FY25: 121 BU (+18.7%)
- Renewable Energy Certificates: H1 FY'26: 97 Lakh (+15.2%); FY'25: 178 Lakh (+136%)

Robust Ecosystem

8,500+

Registered participants

5,700+

Commercial & Industries

2,500+

RE Generators & Obligated Entities

1,100+

Conventional Generators

75+

Discoms (All)

200+

ESCert Entities

20+

Cross Border Portfolios

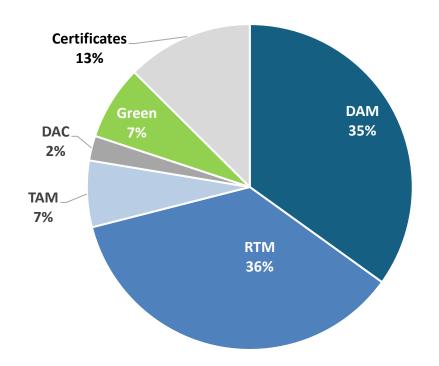
~30%

Volume Growth CAGR since 2008

IEX Product Mix



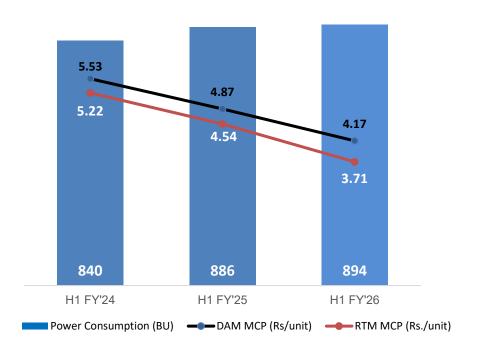
H1 FY'26 - Electricity Volumes: 67.6 BUs; Certificates: 96.9 Lakh



- RTM continues substantial growth of 40% YoY in H1 FY26; RTM share overtakes DAM first time ever.
- Collectives (DAM, RTM, G-DAM) at ~ 78% of volumes.

Stable Prices on IEX, Ample Sell Side Liquidity





Source: CEA, IEX

Growth Levers for IEX



(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

(6)

Increase in Power Consumption

New Products & Regulatory Developments

Re-designing electricity market

Energy Transition

Diversity in Demand/Supply Patterns

Ample Supply Side Availability

- High GDP growth will drive demand
- Electrification of economy – EVs, roof top solar, cooking, railway traction, data centres
- CEA Electricity Demand Projections

- TAM up to 11 months
- Green RTM
- Peak Power Contract
- LPSC Rules
- REC
- Optimization potential
- Trading of
 Carbon Credit
 Certificates

- Report on
 Development of
 Electricity Market –
 Roadmap for the
 future
- Electricity sector Moving Away from LT
- Optimal Capacity Mix next 5-10 Year
- Capacity Contracting

- Changing Energy Mix and RE Integration
- New market models

- Diurnal Variation
- Seasonal Variation
- Geographical Variation

- Adequate availability of fuels at reasonable prices
- New Capacity Addition – Conventional & RE

Growth Driver 1: Demand Increase



India placed as the most promising economy on the global map

Industrialization

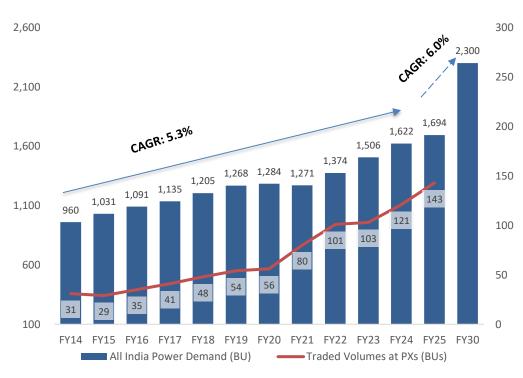
- ✓ High GDP growth of about 6-7% expected to drive electricity
- ✓ Core sector, traction, EV, Roof Top Solar, Data Centres to drive electricity consumption

> Consumer Demand Growth

- ✓ Last mile connectivity Power on 24x7 basis
- ✓ AC consumption to grow 9X by 2050 (IEA)

> Power Demand Projection

- ✓ FY 26 onwards CEA demand growth projections
- ✓ FY 2030 forecast demand ~2,300 BU
- ✓ Peak demand of 366 GW by 2032



CEA, CERC MMR FY25

Growth Driver 2: New Products & Regulatory Developments



11-Month Contract, Green RTM, Peak Power Contract

- > Trade up to 11 months shall help shift DEEP platform volume to Exchanges; Currently DEEP ~40 BU
- > Awaiting CERC approval on petition.
- > Petition in CERC for launching Green RTM heard, public comments closed. Final order reserved.
- > Additional market for RE developers, obligated customers to meet sustainability goals.
- > Petition filed with CERC for peak DAM and RTM segments to facilitate trading during high-demand hours.

LPSC Rules

- > As per LPSC Rules, generators are mandated to offer Un-requisitioned (URS) power on exchanges; State Govt owned generators also to offer URS power.
- ➤ Additional sell available in both RTM and DAM, expected to increase further.

Optimisation Potential

- > Opportunity for utilities/C&I to replace high variable cost power by Exchange procurement
- ➤ Additional buy particularly during solar hours.

REC Potential, VPPAs

- ➤ REC Fungibility: Single RECs market instead of Solar and Non-Solar segments
- > Stricter penalties by MoP, under Section 26(3) Energy Conservation Act for non-compliances
- > Floor price of REC eliminated and fortnightly trading of RECs enabled; REC Inventory ~3.4 crore certificates
- > Draft guidelines for Virtual Power Purchase Agreements (VPPAs). Recognize power exchanges as authorized platforms for sale of RE power under VPPAs in collective segment of exchanges.

Carbon Markets

➤ CERC issued draft regulations for trading of Carbon Credit Certificates for obligated and non-obligated entities through power exchanges. GEI targets notified for 271 obligated entities across sectors.

Growth Driver 3: Roadmap for Deepening Market



MoP Report of the Group on Development of Electricity Market in India, 2023

Short Term

(up to 1 year)

- Market based Ancillary Services
- Market based RE
- Resource Adequacy & integrated Resource Planning
- Implementation of ToD & Demand Response

Medium Term

(1 -2 years)

- Increase share of RE addition through Markets
- Utility Demand Response
- Short Term Capacity Contracts
- Market for Secondary Reserves

Long Term

(2 years and beyond)

- Overall interaction of Energy & Reserves
- Capacity contracts
- Demand Response

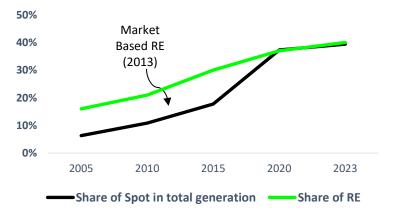


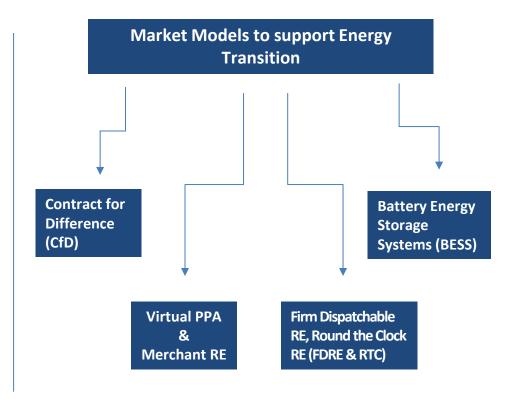


Growth Driver 4: Energy Transition

INDIAN ENERGY EXCHANGE
INNOVATION TECHNOLOGY FUTURE

- Future demand requirements will predominantly be met through RE sources.
- European experience of renewables shows adoption of market-based models increased RE penetration.
 - Capacity awarded through CfD auction in UK stands at 35 GW and Germany at 15 GW.
 - Market penetration accelerated after RE share crossed 20%.
 - India currently stands where Europe was in 2010 in terms of market & RE penetration.



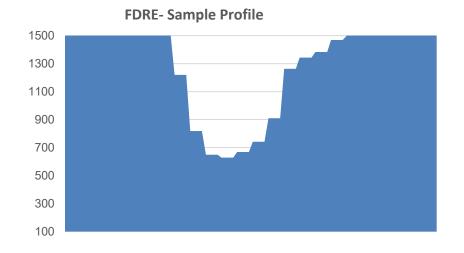


New Market Models: FDRE & RTC, BESS



Firm Dispatch RE & Round The Clock RE

- FDRE mandatorily includes ESS to provide dispatchable RE power such as assured peak power, load following etc.
- RTC is round the clock renewable supply complemented with supply from any other generation technology.
- Excess generation (~ 20%) from FDRE & RTC tenders to increase sell liquidity at Exchanges.



Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESS)

- As per CEA, BESS Storage of 47GW/236 GWh required by 2032.
- Charging (Non-Peak) and Discharging (Peak Hours) of BESS can be done through Exchanges.
- Other Developments:
 - VGF based BESS Tranche 1: 13,200 MWh; FY24 to FY27 Tranche 2: 30,000 MWh; FY25 onwards
 - Q2 FY'26: SJVN, KPTCL awarded BESS tender of 375 MW/1,500 MWh (2-Hour, 2 Cycle) at Rs.3.59 Lac/MW/Month and a 150MW/300 MWh (2-Hourr, 2 Cycle) at Rs.2.54/ Lac/MW/Month under VGF scheme.
- Reducing Battery Capex Costs:
 - In 2023 SECI had discovered a price of Rs 10.83 lacs/ MW/Month for a 500 MW tender.
 - In Oct 2025, RUVNL awarded a 1,000 MW/2,000 MWh
 BESS tender at Rs 1.78 Lacs/MW/Month.

Growth Driver 5: Diversity



Regional Diversity

Consumption:

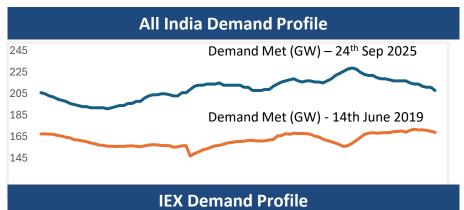
- North India has high demand in Summers/Paddy season
- Lift irrigation/Agricultural demand of Telangana between August to October.

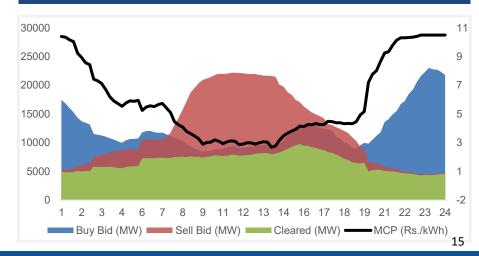
Generation:

- Wind power : WR, SR
- Solar power : SR, WR
- Hydro power : NR, NER
- Thermal power : ER, Central

Increased opportunity for Exchanges due to:

- Diversity in Power Consumption/Supply
- Increased demand during solar hours due to load shifting & TOD tariff





Growth Driver 6: Increasing Sell Side Liquidity



- Supply side constraints continued to ease through FY'24 and FY'25 due to various measures taken by MoP.
- Q2 FY'26 coal production at 203 MT, broadly similar to Q2 FY'25.
- Imported coal & gas prices down to reasonable levels PLFs improved significantly.
- Healthy coal stock at generating station Inventory at ~19 days.
- Shakti Policy 2017 replaced with new Shakti Policy. Coal linkages available under two windows Central and State Gencos at notified price and all Gencos at premium + notified price.
- The MoC has set a goal to produce 1.5 BT by FY 2030 to advance vision of Atma-Nirbhar Bharat.
- India plans ~45 new coal mines by 2030.
- Thermal Power Projects: 38 GW Projects under construction; ~13 GW to be commissioned; ~34 GW under planning and tendering stage.
- Upcoming capacities: 40-50 GW of RE capacity to be added every year. Part capacity expected to be Merchant.

Other Opportunities for Growth



Load Shifting to Solar Hrs

- Agri-load shifting & ToD tariff will shift demand to solar hours.
- Increase in cleared volumes during solar hours.

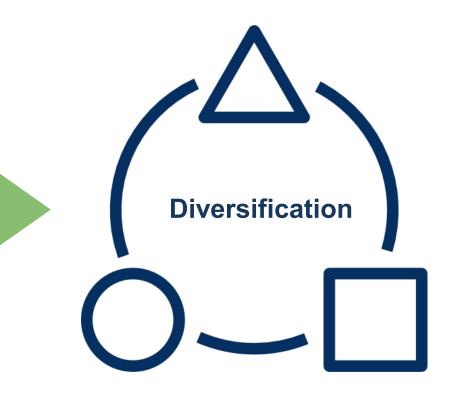
Capacity Market

- CEA issued final Guidelines for Resource Adequacy (RA) Planning Framework for Centre and States.
- Leads to capacity addition and more sell on Exchanges.
- Paves way for introduction of Short-Term Capacity contracts on Exchange.

Derivatives

- Electricity Derivatives started trading on MCX, NSE from July'25.
- IEX Day Ahead Market Price as underlying prices
- Will provide hedging options; certainty of price for market participants.





Diversification







Coal Exchange

- ✓ 1st Natural Gas trading exchange
- √ 45 registered Members and 200+ registered Clients
- ✓ Automated platform with cutting edge technology; Indigenous price benchmark
- ✓ ICX formed in December 2022 to facilitate voluntary carbon trade.
- ✓ India a seller of carbon credits (15-20% of the supply in the Global Voluntary Carbon Credit market), buyers are mostly MNC's and Corporates in the European market.
- ✓ Designated by I-Track Foundation as India's only issuer for International Renewable Energy Certificates (I-REC). Total of 82 lakh I-RECs issued in H1 FY'26.
- ✓ Part of Government's plan to set up India's first coal exchange by FY 2026-27.
- ✓ Exchange expected to work under supervision of Coal Controller Organisation.
- ✓ Closely working with the MoC and other stakeholders to explore this option.
- ✓ Coal Exchange discussion paper talks of Amending Mines and Minerals Development Regulations Act (MMDRA) to facilitate sale of surplus coal through coal exchange. Public comments on Coal Exchange closed.
- ✓ MMDRA Amendment Bill, 2025 passed by Parliament to create enabling provisions to set up minerals exchange.
- Ministry of Coal has issued draft rules for appointing Coal Controller as Regulator for Coal Exchange.

In Summary



Growth Levers for IEX:

- 1 Increase in Demand and Supply
- **2** Large Capacity Addition in RE and Storage and Declining Costs
- **3** Favorable Regulatory and Policy Framework for Market Development
- 4 Diversification



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Customer Centricity



- Capacity building workshops for all Discoms
- Promoting Open Access through State wise conferences and seminars
- Web Platform "EnergX"
 - Digital On-boarding
 - Financial Reconciliation
 - Web-based Bidding for all Products across Electricity and Certificate segments
 - Easy access to Trade and Obligation Reports
 - Analytics for effective Bidding decision making
 - Role based effective User Access Management
- Bidding APIs for all Products across Electricity and Certificate segments
- Back Office APIs for Trade and Obligation Reports

Technology Implementations



- Robust Business Continuity implementation with RTO (Recovery Time Objective) of 5 minutes and RPO (Recovery Point Objective) of near Zero
- Implementation of best-in-class Perimeter Firewall and Panorama solutions to enhance Security Infrastructure and Management
- Microservices Architecture implementation for our Exchange Platform
- Adoption of Artificial Intelligence (AI) based solutions for Application Development and for Technology Infrastructure and Security Monitoring



In this presentation:

Sector and Business Update

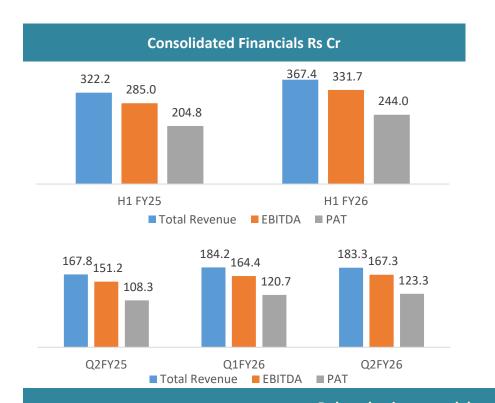
Customer Centricity and Technology

Financial Performance

Indian Gas Exchange

Robust Financial Performance of IEX





Breakup of standalone revenues (%)	Q2FY25	Q1FY25	Q2FY26
Transaction Fees	80%	74%	78%
Admission and Annual Fees	3%	3%	3%
Other Income	17%	23%	19%
Total	100%	100%	100%

Robust business model and financial strength

ESG Leadership in Power Exchanges



Environmental Leadership

- IEX, India's First Carbon Neutral Power Exchange since FY'22
- First to launch Green segment in India's power markets.
- ICX, India's sole issuer of International RECs (I-RECs)

Social Leadership

- Nearly INR 842 lakh spent as part of CSR initiative in healthcare, education and vocational skills, heritage restoration, and women empowerment.
 - Lives Impacted: Healthcare and Preventive Healthcare – 3,821
 - Lives Impacted: Education of Girl Child,
 Underprivileged 826.

Corporate Governance Leadership

- Governance Principles of Transparency, Equity, Accountability, Integrity and Social Duty ensure Zero penalties or adverse remarks from regulators.
- Morningstar Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating Score of 18.8 (Low Risk)
- CSRHub ESG Ranking of 83 (High)



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Gas Exchange: Overview

Physical Delivery based Gas Exchange

Operating under PNGRB's Gas Exchange Regulations, 2020

6 Regional Gas Hubs

Hubs & Delivery points

- 6 Regional Gas Hubs
- Multiple active delivery points within 4 regional hubs (Western, Southern, Eastern & Northern)

9 Contracts

Intraday | Day-Ahead | Daily | Weekly | Weekday | Fortnightly | Monthly

3 Months | 6 Months

Facilitates trade for:

RLNG

Domestic gas (with pricing freedom)

small-scale LNG (ssLNG)

Shareholders:





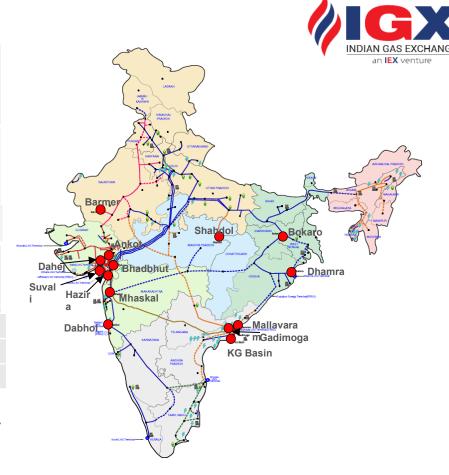












IGX Members and Clients



IGX has 45+ registered Members and 200+ registered Clients

Proprietary Member



Reliance

Industries Limited

Growth is Life



ऑयल इंडिया लिमिटेड

Oil India Limited

adani























Clients





























एनटीपीसी NTPC

विद्युत व्यापार Vidyut Vyapa

opai



HMEL

Energising a Brighter Tomorrow



NAYARA



GSECL

H Company Limited



IUBILANT



GSPC



Cgsm

InVenire Energy

IOAG







HISIL

APARO

G CO DLUCK









Deep Energy

Resources Limited















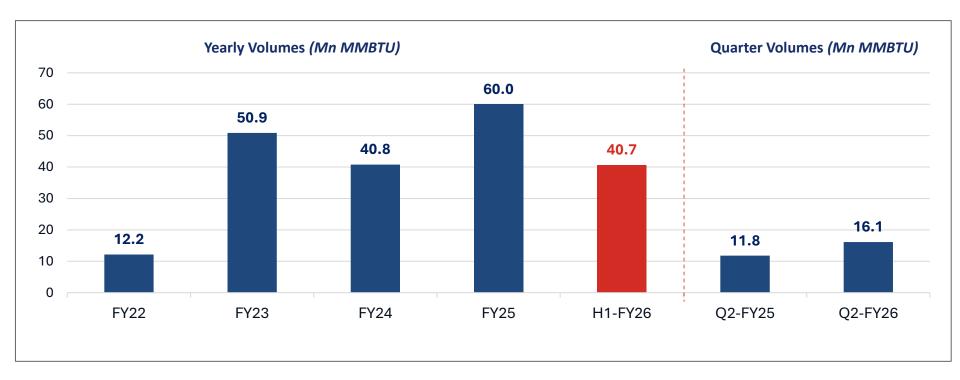






Business Performance Overview





Data till 30th Sept 2025

Future Plans

INDIAN GAS EXCHANGE an IEX venture

Balance of Month Contracts (BOM):

Awaiting approval from PNGRB for BOM Contract (Pipeline Natural Gas segment); PNGRB has already approved BOM contract for ssLNG segment.

New Delivery Point:

> Introduction of New delivery point, Palanpur, located at the Interconnection point of GIGL & GSPL

Strategic Collaborations:

- > CEGH-IGX MoU to enhance natural gas and renewable gases trading and hub-operations in India.
- MoU between IGX & HPCL for developing gas market (Chhara LNG Terminal).
- MoU between IGX & Crown LNG to enhance gas market in southern India (Kakinada LNG Terminal).
- MoU between IGX & PRISMA on Gas Market Cooperation to support transparent, efficient, and sustainable gas markets

CBG and Certificates Trading:

- MoPNG has prepared a draft of the scheme Renewable Gas Certificates for Compressed Biogas Regulations, 2025. The final notification is awaited.
- IGX can operationalize certificates trading and a separate green market for CBG.

Hydrogen Trading:

- MoU between EEX, IGX and GIZ to jointly develop hydrogen trading market in India.
- Signed MoUs with ACME Limited, GIFT City and GSPC Limited.

DGH E-Auctions

Selected as Empanelment Agency by DGH to carry out domestic gas auctions.

Growth Levers



Government's target for gas sector

- Increasing share of Natural Gas in energy basket from current ~6% to 15%.
- Development of National Gas Grid (One Nation One Gas Grid).
- CNG Gas stations from 7,000 to 17,500
- PNG connections from 13mn to 120 mn

Infrastructure Development

- LNG terminals capacity is expected to grow from current 52.7 MMTPA to 70+ MMTPA in 3 years.
- Transmission pipeline network is expected to grow from ~25,000 km to 35,000 km+ in coming years.
- CGDs: With completion of 12A CGD bidding round ~100% population and area (except islands) has been authorized.

Domestic Gas Production

- ONGC aims to ramp up gas production from the KG-D5 block from 2.7 MMSCMD to ~10 MMSCMD.
- RIL aims to increase production in KG-D6 Block from ~30 MMSCMD to ~34-35 MMSCMD.
- Fields expected to come online (DSF II, Daman Upside, KG basin, Kutch-Saurashtra Blocks, Mahanadi basin, CBM blocks).

Market Developments

- PNGRB's proposed UFT reforms of pipeline tariffs notified.
 Awaiting implementation
- Natural Gas under GST.
- Implementation of new Access Code Regulations and Incorporation of TSO.
- Mandates on ban on use of polluting fuels; carbon tax mechanisms to push use of clean fuels.
 - Starting FY26, mandatory blending of CBG at 1% —scaling up to 5% by FY29 will mainstream CBG into gas supply chain.
- Gas consumption expected to increase from present ~200 mmscmd to 400 mmscmd by 2030 providing significant growth opportunity for IGX.
- IGX share in the overall gas consumption expected to increase from present 2% to 4-5% by 2030 (\sim 250 Mn MMBTU; CAGR: \sim 36%)





Thank You

(C)

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